

PASSIVE COMPONENTS

DATA HANDBOOK

Electrolytic Capacitors
Solid and Non-Solid

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Philips Components



PHILIPS

**ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS
SOLID AND NON-SOLID**

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS


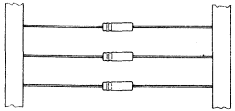

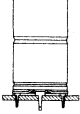


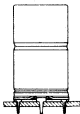


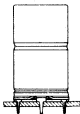





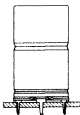
SOLID AND NON-SOLID

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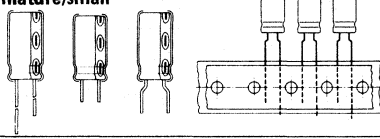
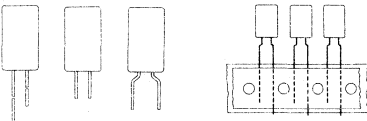
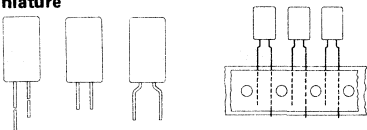
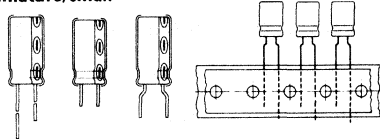


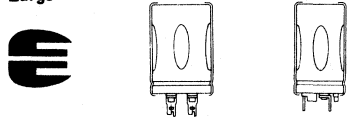
SELECTION GUIDE

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

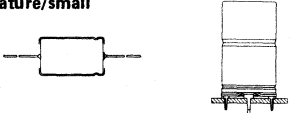
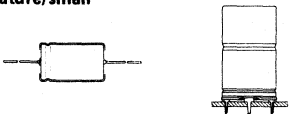
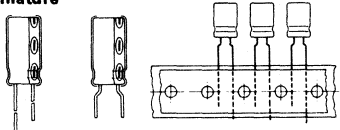
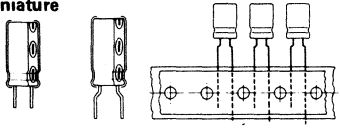
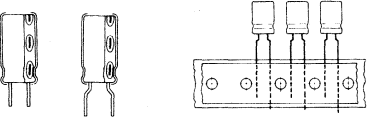
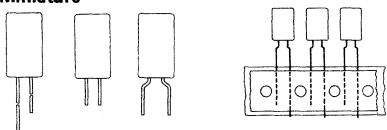
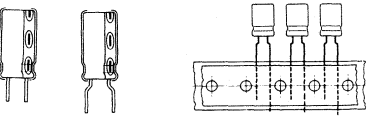
| type | series number 2222 . . . | applications, features | nominal capacitance μF | rated voltage (U_R) V | page |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Surface mounted | | | | | |
|  | 085 | general | 0.1 to 22 | 6.3 to 63 | 329 |
| Ultra miniature | | | | | |
|  | 117 | general | 0.1 to 22 | 6.3 to 63 | 407 |
| Miniature/small | | | | | |
|    | 021 | long-life general industrial high CV/volume | 0.22 to 15 000 | 6.3 to 100 | 65 |
| Miniature/small | | | | | |
|    | 030 031 032 033 | long-life general | 0.33 to 15 000 | 6.3 to 100 | 101 |
|    | 041 042 043 | | | | |
| Miniature | | | | | |
|  | 065 | long-life general industrial low leakage | 0.33 to 68 | 6.3 to 25 | 315 |
| Miniature/small | | | | | |
|   | 108 | long-life industrial low CV/volume | 2.2 to 2 200 | 6.3 to 100 | 353 |
| Miniature/small | | | | | |
|   | 132 133 | long-life industrial standard | 1 to 4 700 | 10 to 350 | 507 |

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NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS (continued)


| type | series number 2222... | applications, features | nominal capacitance μF | rated voltage (U_R) V | page |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|------|
| Miniature/small  | 044 | long-life general industrial standard | 1 to 68 | 160 to 385 | 219 |
| Miniature  | 013 | long-life general industrial low leakage | 0.15 to 220 | 10 to 50 | 45 |
| Miniature  | 116 | long-life industrial high CV/volume 105 °C | 0.47 to 470 | 6.3 to 50 | 391 |
| Miniature/small  | 135 | industrial low impedance high ripple 105 °C | 22 to 10 000 | 6.3 to 100 | 533 |
| Large  | 054 055 | long-life industrial snap-in | 47 to 33 000 | 10 to 385 | 291 |
| Large  | 051 053 | long-life industrial high CV/volume solder pins | 68 to 150 000 | 10 to 385 | 255 |
| Large  | 050 052 | long-life industrial standard solder tags/pins | 47 to 68 000 | 10 to 385 | 231 |

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS (continued)

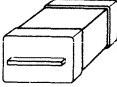
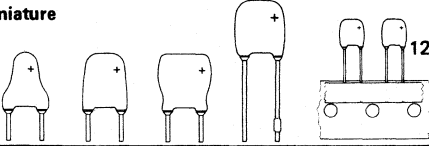
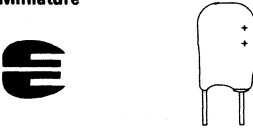
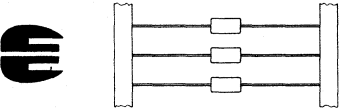


| type | series number 2222 . . . | applications, features | nominal capacitance μF | rated voltage (U_R) V | page |
|---|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|------|
| <p>Miniature/small</p>  | 118 | industrial military high CV/volume 125 °C | 1 to 15 000 | 6.3 to 200 | 421 |
| <p>Miniature/small</p>  | 119 | industrial military low impedance high ripple 125 °C | 1 to 4 700 | 10 to 63 | 463 |
| <p>Miniature</p>  | 134 | general low profile 5 mm | 0.1 to 100 | 6.3 to 50 | 525 |
| <p>Miniature</p>  | 097 | general | 0.1 to 220 | 6.3 to 63 | 345 |
| <p>Miniature/small</p>  | 037 | general high CV/volume | 0.10 to 10 000 | 6.3 to 100 | 181 |
| <p>Miniature</p>  | 036 | long-life general industrial high CV/volume | 0.15 to 470 | 6.3 to 63 | 163 |
| <p>Miniature/small</p>  | 035 | general standard | 0.10 to 4 700 | 6.3 to 100 | 145 |

SELECTION GUIDE

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS (continued)

| type | series number 2222 . . . | applications, features | nominal capacitance μF | rated voltage (U_R) V | page |
|---|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|------|
| Large | | | | | |
|  | 114 115 | long life industrial screw terminals | 150 to 220 000 | 10 to 385 | 367 |

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

| type | series number 2222 . . . | applications, features | nominal capacitance μF | rated voltage (U_R) V | page |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Surface mounted | | | | | |
|  | 127 | general industrial | 0.1 to 68 | 4 to 25 | 665 |
| Miniature | | | | | |
|  | 128 | general industrial low profile | 0.1 to 68 | 6.3 to 40 | 701 |
| Miniature | | | | | |
|  | 122 | general industrial standard | 0.1 to 68 | 6.3 to 40 | 569 |
| Miniature | | | | | |
|  | 125 | general industrial high CV/volume | 0.22 to 68 | 4 to 35 | 651 |
| Small | | | | | |
|  | 123 | industrial military high CV/volume | 2.2 to 2 200 | 4 to 40 | 597 |
| Small | | | | | |
|  | 121 | industrial military standard | 2.2 to 330 | 6.3 to 50 | 547 |

INTRODUCTION

ELECTROLYTIC
CAPACITORS

INTRODUCTION

1. GENERAL

Solid and non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors are most commonly used in such circuit functions as filtering, coupling, smoothing and by-passing, and for energy storage, or wherever there is a need for capacitive reactance.

These functions are often applied under specific circumstances and the requirements specified by users have grown steadily. The outcome has been a wide range of solid and non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor programmes to cover the different applications, for example:

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| General purpose | radio, television, and general/industrial applications. |
| Professional/industrial | long life and high reliability – telecommunications equipment, electronic data processing. high temperature – motor cars. small size – hybrid circuits, paging systems. low equivalent series resistance at high frequency – switched-mode power supplies. |

All information given in sections 2 to 8 of this Introduction are of a general nature and are only intended for providing an understanding of the basic principles of solid and non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

For specific engineering data, reference should be made to the relevant applicable data sheets contained within this handbook.

2. PRINCIPLES

The essential property of a capacitor is to store electrical charge. The amount of electrical charge (Q) in the capacitor (C) is proportional to the applied voltage (U). The relationship of these parameters is:

$$Q = C \cdot U$$

where Q = charge in coulombs (C)
C = capacitance in farads (F)
U = voltage in volts (V)

The value of capacitance is directly proportional to the (anode) surface area and inversely proportional to the thickness of the dielectric layer, thus:

$$C = \epsilon_r \cdot \epsilon_0 \cdot \frac{A}{d}$$

where ϵ_0 = absolute permittivity ($8,85 \times 10^{-12}$ F/m)
 ϵ_r = relative dielectric constant (dimensionless)
A = surface area (m^2)
d = thickness of dielectric (oxide) layer (m)

The dielectric layer consists of aluminium oxide (Al_2O_3) which is formed by an electrochemical oxidizing process of aluminium. This layer withstands extremely high electrical field strength. During the electrochemical forming process the dielectric layer is exposed to the physical limit of electrical field strength mentioned above. The thickness of the layer is determined by a voltage U_F , the so-called forming voltage. To avoid changing the thickness of the layer during normal use the operating voltage should always be lower than the forming voltage.

For general purpose non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, the value of U_R/U_F is about 0,8 (U_R being the rated voltage). Types for professional and industrial applications are sometimes rated to 0,6. Solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors are rated to approximately 0,25 due to various reasons.

The relative dielectric constant of Al_2O_3 is approximately 8 (dimensionless), its electrical field strength amounts to $7 \cdot 10^8$ V/m.

3. DESCRIPTION

The dielectric layer is electrically contacted on one side by its base metal (aluminium) and on the other side by a conductor, being an electrolyte in the case of a non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor and a solid semiconductor in the case of a solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor. The metal contact electrode is called the anode. To obtain high capacitance values per unit volume the surface of the anode is artificially enlarged by etching processes.

Non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

The containing electrode opposite to the anode is an ionic conductor in the case of a non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor. Because of this ionic conduction the potential of the anode should never be lower than the potential of the electrolyte: if the potential of the anode is lower than that of the electrolyte, positive hydrogen ions will move through the dielectric layer to the anode metal where they are discharged.

The hydrogen gas so formed blows up the dielectric layer, causing a high leakage current or even a short circuit. In the case of the anode being at a positive potential with respect to the electrolyte (this is the case of normal use) the oxidizing ions are driven towards the dielectric layer.

These oxidizing ions are not able to pass through the dielectric layer at field strengths lower than the physical limit ($7 \cdot 10^8$ V/m). In the case of a defect in the dielectric layer the limiting field strength might be reached even during normal use. In that case the oxidizing ions will pass through the defect to the anode metal where new oxide is formed, which repairs the defect.

It is necessary to make electrical contact to the electrolyte from outside. This is usually done by inserting an etched aluminium electrode into the electrolyte. This electrode, called the cathode, is always covered by a relatively thin oxide layer. To avoid direct mechanical contact between the oxide layers of cathode and anode (which would cause mechanical damage of the dielectric) a soft spacer of porous paper is used which also serves as a sponge for the electrolyte.

The total thickness of the system described is only a fraction of a millimetre. Therefore, during manufacture, long strips of the described system are wound into cylindrical bodies and encased. Fig. 1 shows a cross-section of a typical design.

Solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

In a solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor the containing electrode opposite to the anode is formed by manganese dioxide (MnO_2), a semiconductor, and called the cathode. Therefore, in principle, the potential of the anode with respect to the cathode is allowed to be positive as well as negative. However, due to the absence of oxidizing ions, no self-repairing effect of the dielectric layer by the leakage current is obtained. In practice it is advisable to maintain the anode potential positive with respect to the cathode, because no solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor is absolutely free of moisture, so ionic reactions could take place.

Via the system manganese dioxide-aluminium foil-case-tinned leads, the cathode is electrically connected with the outside in our 121, 123 and 125 series of solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors (Fig. 1). A glass fibre spacer is used to avoid direct mechanical contact between anode layer and the aluminium contact foil.

In the 128 series of solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, the cathode is connected to the outside via the system manganese dioxide - graphite - silver - tin solder - tinned leads (Fig. 2).

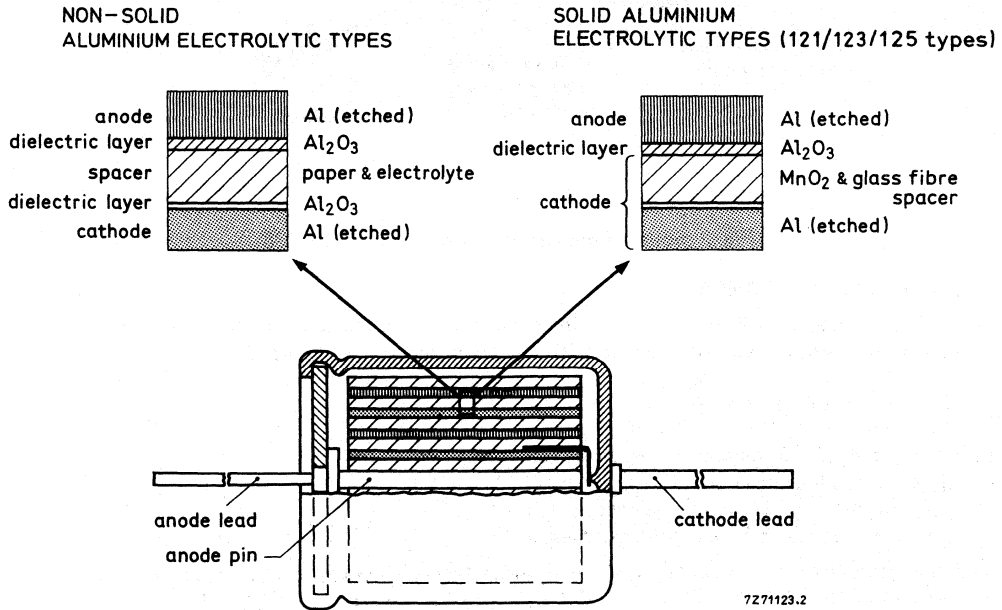


Fig. 1 Capacitor construction.

NOTE:

Standard MIL-C-62 for dry electrolytics is based on a now obsolete construction and does not apply to solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

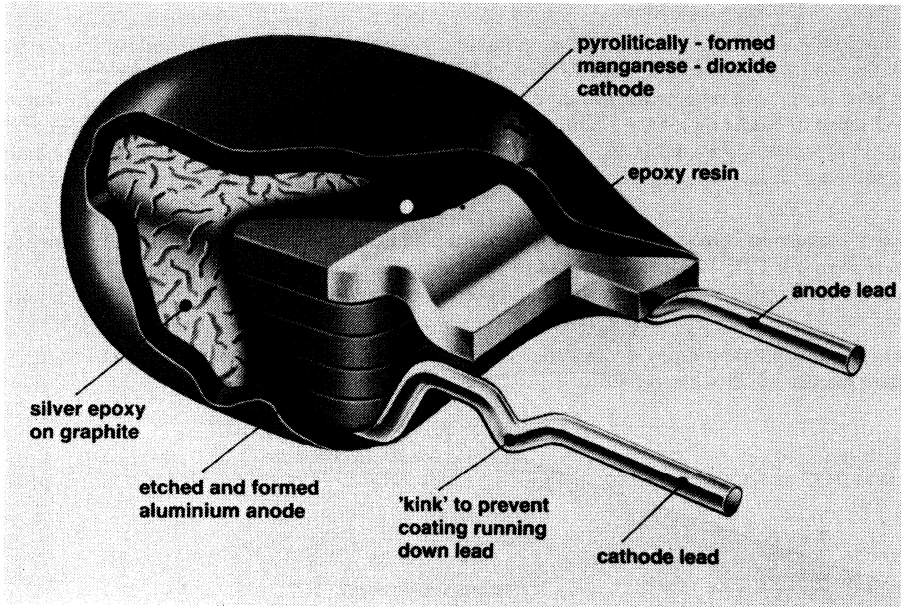


Fig. 2 Solid aluminium electrolytic type 2222 128.

4. ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE

The electrical impedance (Z) of a capacitor in its reference plane (being the connecting points on a printed-wiring board) consists of a real part (R) and an imaginary part ($j. X$), thus:

$$Z = R + j. X \text{ and } \tan \delta = \frac{R}{X}$$

where R = the equivalent series resistance (ESR) (Ω)
 $j. X$ = the imaginary part of the series impedance (Ω)
 Z = the complex series impedance (Ω)
 $\tan \delta$ = dissipation factor (dimensionless)

The actual values of R and X depend upon two parameters: the frequency (f) and the temperature (T) as shown in Figs 3 to 6.

It is usual to express X in terms of C_s (equivalent series capacitance) and ω :

$$X = - \frac{1}{\omega C_s} \quad \omega = 2. \pi. f, \text{ frequency } (f) \text{ in Hz.}$$

At high frequencies (> 100 kHz) an inductive part contributes to the impedance, changing X into $X = j\omega L$, where L = inductance in H.

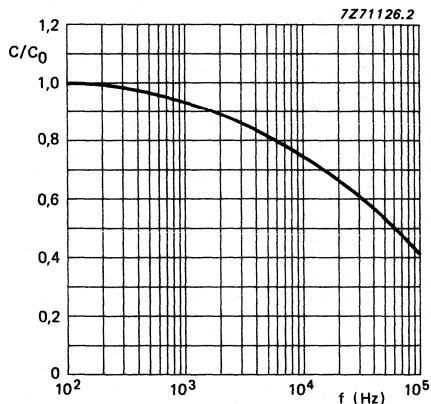


Fig. 3 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency. C_0 = capacitance at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

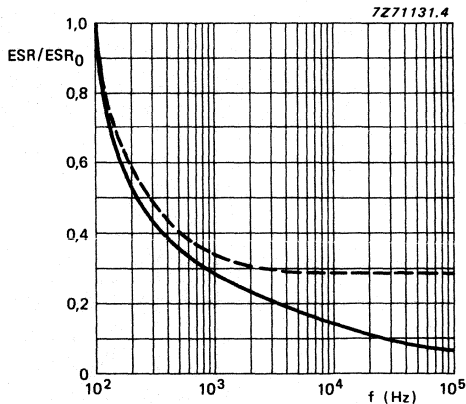


Fig. 4 Typical multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency; ESR_0 = ESR at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

--- non-solid types
 — solid types

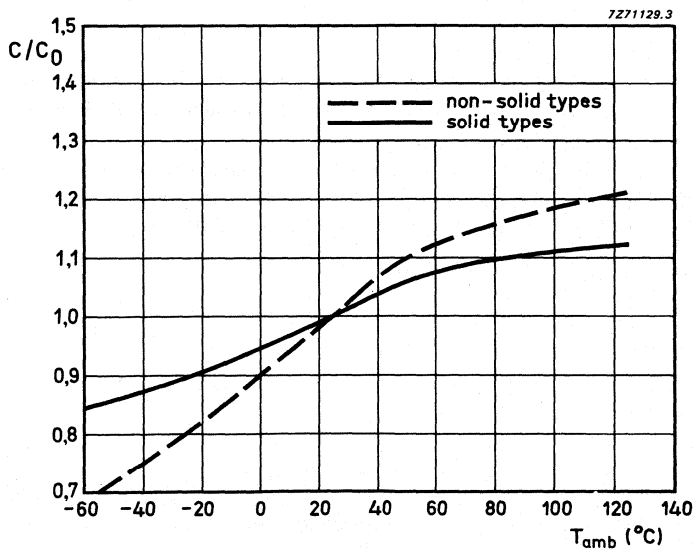


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

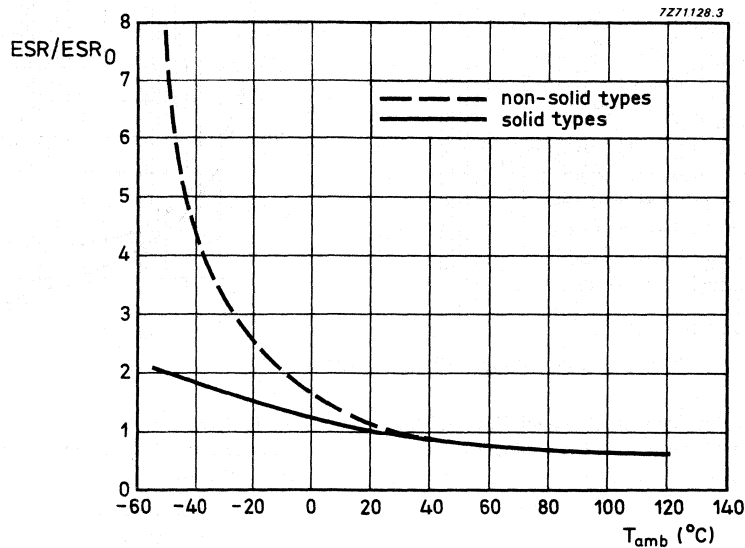


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature. $ESR_0 = ESR$ at 100 Hz. at 25 °C.

5. RIPPLE CURRENT

In various applications a considerable amount of ripple current (I_R) passes through the capacitor. Due to the equivalent series resistance (R) power (P) is dissipated in the device: P (watt) = $I_R^2 \cdot R$.

The power causes an increase in temperature of the capacitor core. In the data sheets the maximum permissible ripple current (I_{Rmax}) is generally specified in such a way that it causes an equilibrium temperature difference (ΔT) between core and upper category temperature of approximately 10 °C. A ripple current I_A different from I_{Rmax} causes a temperature difference.

$$\Delta T = \left(\frac{I_A}{I_{Rmax}} \right)^2 \times 10 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C},$$

so the actual core temperature

$$T_{core} = T_{amb} + \left(\frac{I_A}{I_{Rmax}} \right)^2 \times 10 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}.$$

Temperature equilibrium is reached when the power (P) passes through the case surface into the ambient. From this it is clear that the maximum permissible ripple current depends on the maximum permissible temperature of the capacitor, equivalent series resistance, case size and ambient temperature (T_{amb}).

In the data sheets the maximum permissible ripple current is specified under certain conditions,

$$I_R = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}} = \sqrt{\frac{\alpha \cdot S (T_C - T_{amb})}{R}}$$

where:

- I_R = ripple current (A)
- R = equivalent series resistance (Ω)
- P = heat dissipation (W)
- α = heat transfer coefficient ($W/m^2 \text{ } ^\circ C$)
- S = heat transfer surface area (m^2)
- T_C = temperature of case surface ($^\circ C$)
- T_{amb} = ambient temperature ($^\circ C$).

6. DC LEAKAGE CURRENT

In normal use a small amount of direct current passes through the capacitor. This current is called the DC leakage current (I) and depends on the applied voltage and temperature. The dependency of I/I_0 (I_0 being the DC leakage current at voltage U_R and $25 \text{ } ^\circ C$) on temperature, is shown in Fig. 7 for a non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor and a solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor.

The dependency of I/I_0 as a function of U_R is shown in Fig. 8 for a non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor, and for a solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor, U being the working voltage.

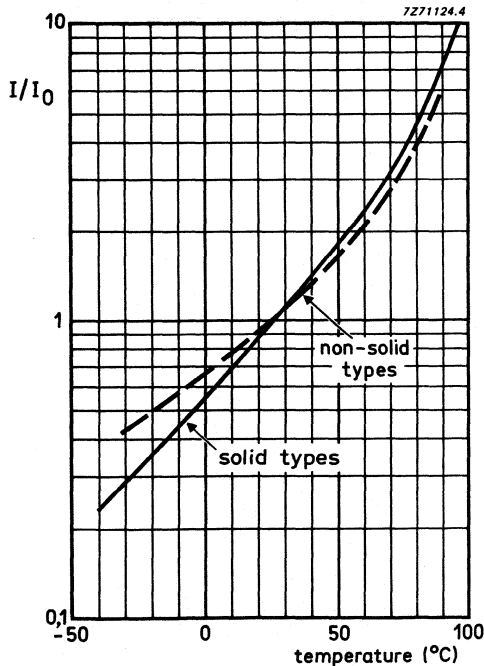


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of temperature; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$.

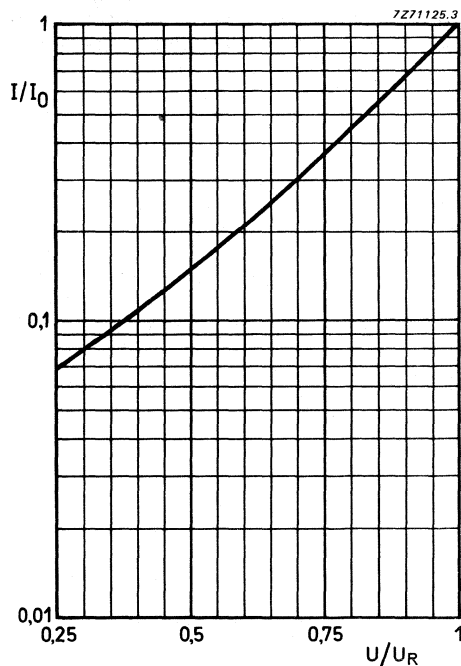


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U_R ; I_0 = DC leakage current at U_R at a discrete constant temperature within category temperature range and U = working voltage.

7. LIFE TIME

Non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

The phenomena which determine the life of a non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor are, amongst others, changes of the following parameters exceeding the specified limits:

- capacitance
- dissipation factor
- impedance
- DC leakage current

Most of them are directly or indirectly caused by a failure mechanism occurring in the electrolyte (drying out, chemical reactions).

Two types of electrolyte can be distinguished:

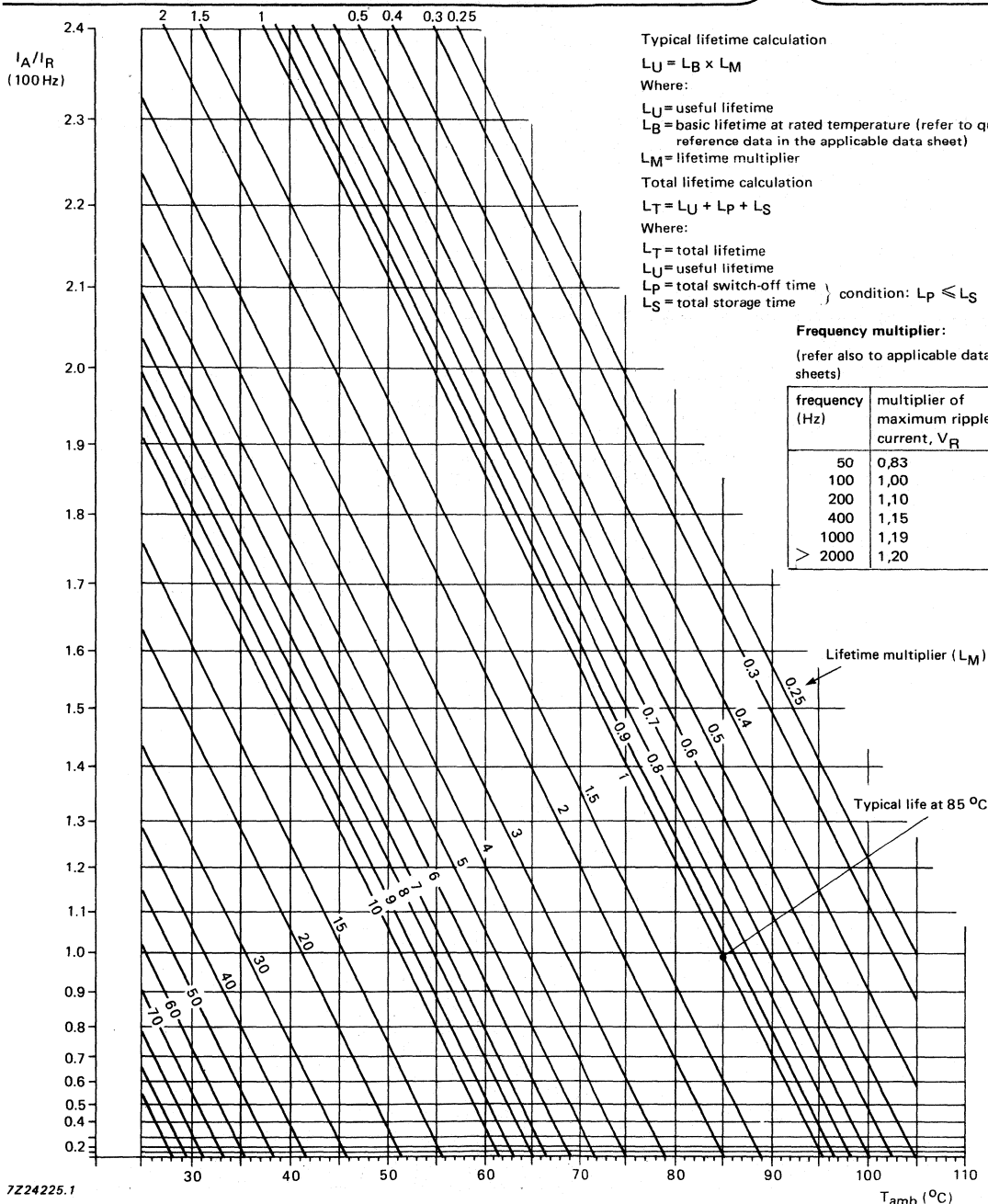
- a. Glycol-electrolyte which is somewhat aggressive to the dielectric layer at higher temperatures. This liquid has a relatively high specific resistance and high temperature coefficient.
- b. electrolytes based upon for example DiMethyl Acetamide, require very good sealing (due to high diffusiveness of the volatile solvent). This liquid has a relatively low specific resistance and a low temperature coefficient, and can generally be used over a wider temperature range than the glycol type of electrolyte.

In general, the life time of a non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitor can be increased by a factor of 2 when the temperature drops by approximately 10 °C. The graphs shown in Figs 9, 10 and 11 show the relationship between ripple current, frequency and ambient temperature, and are applicable to non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

NOTE

Some solvents for cleaning printed-circuit boards after soldering may adversely affect electrolytic capacitors. Please contact local sales office for suitable cleaning agents.

Some embedding resins or foams may also have a negative influence on electrolytic capacitors. Care should be taken when using materials containing halogens.

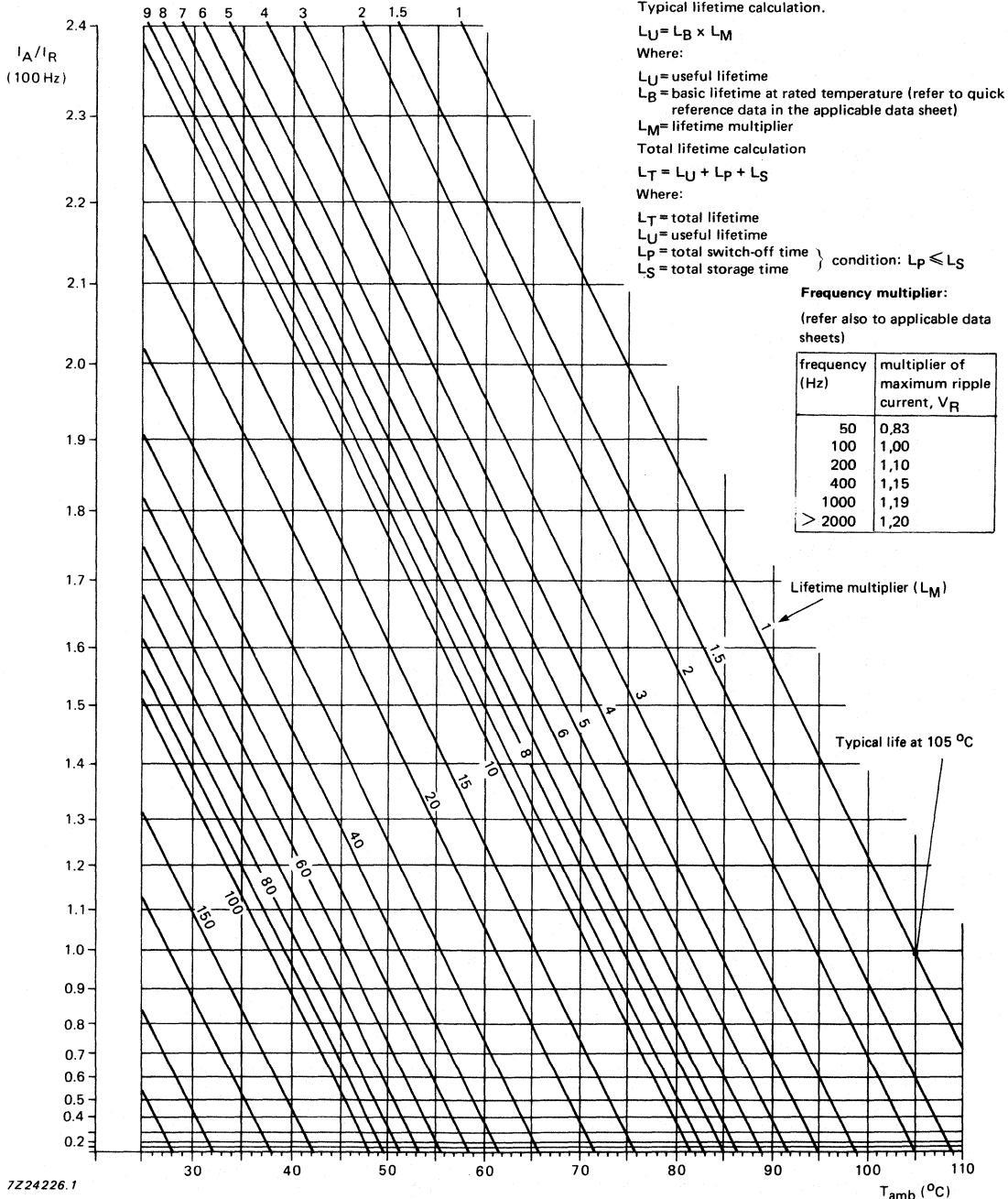


7Z24225.1

Fig. 9 Life expectancy of non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors as a function of ripple current load (I_A/I_R) and ambient temperature at 85 °C; I_A = actual ripple current at 100 Hz; I_R = rated ripple current at upper category temperature (100 Hz) as specified in the applicable data sheet.

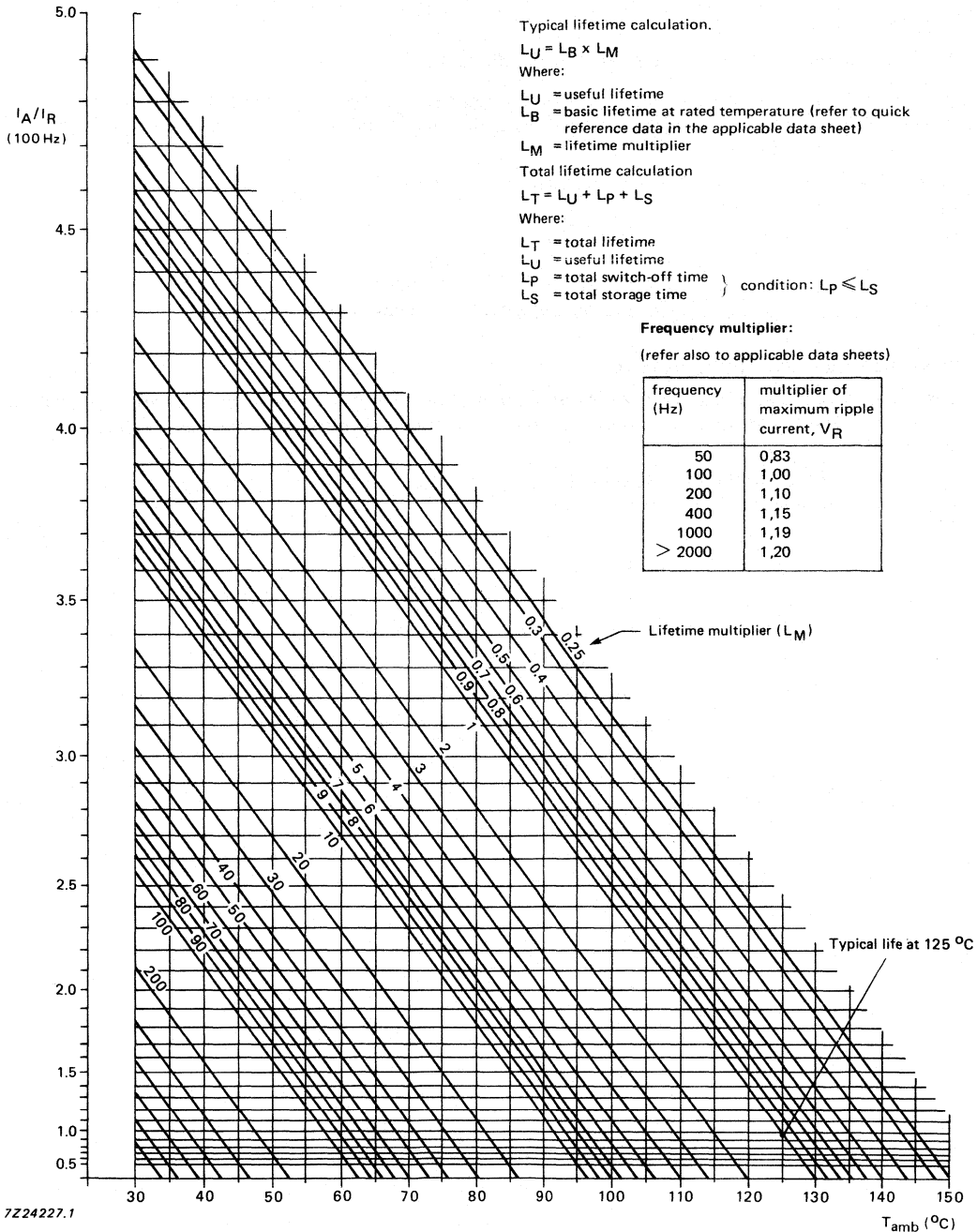
Note: Extension to 105 °C is only possible if specified in the relevant data sheet under OPERATIONAL DATA.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID



7Z24226.1

Fig. 10 Life expectancy of non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors as a function of ripple current load (I_A/I_R) and ambient temperature at 105 °C.
 I_A = actual ripple current at 100 Hz; I_R = rated ripple current at upper category temperature (100 Hz) as specified in the applicable data sheet.



7Z24227.1

Fig. 11 Life expectancy of non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors as a function of ripple current load (I_A/I_R) and ambient temperature at 125 °C.
 I_A = actual ripple current at 100 Hz; I_R = rated ripple current at upper category temperature (100 Hz) as specified in the applicable data sheet.

7. LIFE TIME (continued)

Non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors (continued)

By using the capacitor at a voltage lower than the rated voltage, the DC leakage current decreases, which means that the process of forming hydrogen gas at the cathode takes place at a lower rate. This also improves the life time of the capacitor.

The typical life time at U_R , as given in the data sheets, is the time during which the number of inoperatives is $\leq 1\%$.

Criteria for an inoperative are: $\Delta C/C \geq 50\%$;

impedance $\geq 3 \times$ stated limit;

$\tan \delta$ (and ESR) $\geq 3 \times$ stated limit;

DC leakage current $\geq 3 \times$ stated limit.

Solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

The end of life is determined by gradual degradation of the dielectric oxide layer, resulting in an increase of leakage current. The life time can be increased by derating the voltage and, to a less extent, the temperature.

Due to the fact that no liquid electrolyte is used in solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors the associated failure mechanism does not occur.

8. RELIABILITY

In life testing, reliability can be determined by means of a failure rate (F.R.), which is expressed as:

$$\text{Failure rate (F.R.)} = \frac{\text{number of failures during test}}{\text{number of components tested} \times \text{test duration}}$$

Two types of failures can be found:

- catastrophic failures: short circuits, open circuits.
- degradation failures: parameter drifts outside the specification limits.

With non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, degradation failures mostly occur due to a number of factors, for example:

- aggressiveness of the electrolyte
- diffusion of the electrolyte
- material impurities.

The failure rate of solid aluminium electrolytic and tantalum electrolytic capacitors is determined by short circuits or open circuits, due to breakdown of the dielectric layer. The electron current does not constitute a repair action in this oxide layer.

The failure rate in solid tantalum electrolytic capacitors is mostly influenced by a field-crystallization process. The F.R. can be improved by lowering the temperature and applied voltage or placing a series resistor in the circuitry.

The phenomenon of the formation of a low resistance aluminium oxide does not exist in solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, therefore they have greater reliability than solid tantalum electrolytic types. Under the most severe conditions (maximum category temperature, rated voltage), the catastrophic failure rates (with a 60% confidence level) are:

- non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors 10^{-6} /hours
- solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors 10^{-7} /hours

Analysis of failure in the field (under normal operating conditions) shows a far better F.R.: $\approx 10^{-9}$ /hours for solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

9. TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

The description of tests and requirements given in the following tables is valid for the complete range of non-solid and solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors. Specific tests applicable only to a certain type of capacitor are not included in these tables; those tests are given in the data sheet of the relevant type.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

In the description of the procedure and the requirements of the tests, in some case distinction has to be made for the different types of non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors with respect to their size or with respect to their application fields. In the table this distinction is indicated in the columns 'type' with the indication for size:

- m for miniature types,
- s for small types,
- l for large types,
- lt for large types with screw terminals,

or with the indication for application fields:

- 1 for long-life grade types,
- 2 for general-purpose grade types.

If no indication is given in these columns, reference is made to all types.

Table 1 Tests and requirements - non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.4 | Ua | Tensile strength of terminations | m | Loading force 10 N for 10 s. | m | No visible damage. |
| | | | s | | | |
| | l | Loading force 20 N for 10 s. | l | | | |
| - | Ub | Bending of terminations | m | Loading force 5 N, two consecutive bends. | m | No visible damage |
| - | Uc | Torsion of terminations | m | Two successive rotations of 180° in opposite direction, 5 s per rotation. | m | No visible damage. |
| - | Ud | Torque on nut (stud) | lt | Torque of 1,76 Nm gradually applied. | lt | No visible damage. |
| 4.5 | Tb (method 1A) | Resistance to soldering heat | m | Solder bath: 260 °C, 10 s, for capacitors with printed-wiring pins. | m | No visible damage, marking legible, ΔC/C ≤ 5%. |
| | Tb (method 1B) | | | | | |
| | | | l | | l | |

Table 1 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.6 | Ta | Solderability | msl | Solder bath: 235 °C, 2 s for capacitors with printed-wiring pins, 270 °C, 2 s for capacitors with solder leads or tags, immersed up to 2 mm from the body. Activated flux: 600/0.2% Cl | msl | No visible damage, marking legible, good tinning. |
| 4.7 | Na | Rapid change of temperature | | 5 cycles of 3 hours at upper and lower category temperature. | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte. |
| 4.8 | Fc | Vibration | 1 | 10 to 500 Hz, 0,75 mm or 10g (whichever is less), 3 directions, 2 hours per direction.* | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, marking legible; |
| | | | 2 | 10 to 55 Hz, 0,75 mm or 10g (whichever is less), 3 directions, 2 hours per direction.* | | $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement. |
| 4.9 | Eb | Bump | 1 | 40g, 2 directions, 4000 bumps total. | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte; $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement. |
| | | | 2 | 40g, 2 directions, 1000 bumps total. | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte. |
| | | Dry heat | Ba | 16 hours at upper category temperature, no voltage applied. | | |
| | | Damp heat, cyclic | Db | 1 cycle of 24 hours at 55 ± 2 °C, RH 95 to 100%, no voltage applied. | | |
| | | Cold | Aa | 2 hours at lower category temperature, no voltage applied. | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte. |
| 4.11 | | Low air pressure | M | 5 minutes at 15 to 35 °C, at atmospheric pressure of 85 mbar, last minute UR applied. | | No visible damage, no evidence of breakdown or flashover. |
| | | | Db | 5 cycles of 24 hours at 55 ± 2 °C, RH 95 to 100%, no voltage applied. | | |

* Small capacitors, style 2 only.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 1 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| | Qc | Sealing | | 1 minute in water at upper category temperature + 5 °C. | | No continuous chain of bubbles. |
| | | | | Final measurement | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, marking legible; DC leakage current \leq stated limit; $\tan \delta \leq 1,2 \times$ stated limit; $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$. |
| 4.12 | Ca | Damp heat, steady state | | 56 days at 40 °C, RH 90 to 95%; no voltage applied; | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, marking legible; DC leakage current \leq stated limit, $\tan \delta \leq 1,2 \times$ stated limit, insulation resistance $> 100 \text{ M}\Omega$, no breakdown or flashover below 1000 V. |
| | | | | | 1 | $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$. |
| | | | | | 2 | $\Delta C/C \leq 20\%$. |

Table 1 (continued)

| sub clause | IEC 384-4 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.13 | — | Endurance | 1 | ** hours at upper category temperature, U_R applied. | 1 | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, marking legible; DC leakage current \leq stated limit, insulation resistance $> 100 M\Omega$, no breakdown or flashover below 1000 V. $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$ and $\leq -30\%$ for $U_R \leq 6,3 V$, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$ for $6,3 V < U_R \leq 160 V$, $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$ for $U_R > 160 V$; $\tan \delta \leq 1,3$ x stated limit, impedance at 1 kHz or 10 kHz ≤ 2 x stated limit.* |
| 4.14 | — | Surge | 2 | ** hours at upper category temperature, U_R applied | 2 | $\Delta C/C \leq 25\%$ and $\leq -40\%$ for $U_R \leq 6,3 V$, $\Delta C/C \leq 30\%$ for $6,3 V < U_R \leq 160 V$, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$ for $U_R > 160 V$; $\tan \delta \leq 1,5$ x stated limit or min. 0,40 (whichever is greater), impedance at 1 kHz or 10 kHz ≤ 3 x stated limit.* |
| | | | 1 | From source of $1,15 \times U_R$ for $U_R \leq 315 V$ or $1,1 \times U_R > 315 V$, $RC = 0,1 \pm 0,05 s$, 1000 cycles of 30 s on, 330 s off. | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte; DC leakage current \leq stated limit, $\tan \delta \leq$ stated limit, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$. |
| 4.15 | — | Reverse voltage | 2 | At upper category temperature. | | |
| | | | 1 | At 25 °C. | | |
| 4.16 | — | Pressure relief | 1 | 1 V in reverse polarity followed by U_R in forward polarity, both for 125 hours at upper category temperature. | | DC leakage current \leq stated limit, $\tan \delta \leq$ stated limit, $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$. |
| | | | It | DC voltage applied in reverse direction producing a current of 1 to 10 A. | It | Pressure relief opens prior to danger of explosion or fire. |

* If stated in the detailed specification.

** For test duration, refer to the relevant data sheet in this handbook.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 1 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 | | IEC 68-2 | | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|------------|-------------|----------|--|---|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|---|
| sub clause | test method | type | description | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.17 | Ba | | * hours at upper category temperature | Storage at upper category temperature | | | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte; DC leakage current $\leq 2 \times$ stated limit; $\tan \delta \leq 1,2 \times$ stated limit; $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$. |
| 4.18 | Ab | | 72 hours at a temperature of 15 °C below the lower category temperature. | Storage at low temperature | | | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte; DC leakage current \leq stated limit; $\tan \delta \leq$ stated limit; $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$. |
| 4.19 | | | Step 1: reference measurement at 20 °C of capacitance, impedance at 100 Hz and $\tan \delta$. | Characteristics at high and low temperature | | | | |
| | Aa | | Step 2: measurement at lower category temperature. | | | | | Impedance at 100 Hz $\leq 7 \times$ value of step 1 for $U_R \leq 6,3 \text{ V}$ or $U_R > 160 \text{ V}$, $\leq 5 \times$ value of step 1 for $6,3 < U_R \leq 16 \text{ V}$, $\leq 4 \times$ value of step 1 for $16 < U_R \leq 160 \text{ V}$. |
| | Ba | | Step 3: Measurement at upper category temperature. | | | | | DC leakage current $\leq 5 \times$ stated limit at 85 °C, $\leq 3 \times$ stated limit at 70 °C. |

* For test duration, refer to the relevant data sheet in this handbook.

Table 1 (continued)

| IEC 384—4 sub clause | IEC 68—2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------|---|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.20 | | Charge and discharge | | For $U_R \leq 160$ V: 10^6 cycles of 0,5 s charge to U_R ($RC = 0,1$ s) and 0,5 s discharge ($RC = 0,1$ s). For $U_R > 160$ V: under consideration. | | No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$. |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 2 Solvent resistance tests*

| IEC 653 clause | IEC 68-2-45 test method | conditions | requirements |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| | Xa | <p>immersion time of samples: 5 minutes at ambient temperature, at boiling temperature, in vapour of boiling solvent, and ultrasonic (40 kHz), using the following solvents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – deionised water (50 ± 5 °C) – calgonite solution, 20 grams/litre 70 ± 5 °C, dishwasher detergent – mixtures of 1.1.2 - trichloro - 1.2.2 - trifluoro - ethane (fluorocarbon 113), and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 propanol (isopropanol) 25% : 75% Arklone K**, up to the ratio 35% : 65% – ethanol 4,5% : 95,5% Arklone A** or Freon TE*** – methanol and nitromethane 5,7% : 0,3% : 94% Freon TMS*** – Arklone A-M (Arklone P/Fluorocarbon 113) 94,15% W/W <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ethylalcohol 3,7% W/W Methylacetate 2,1% W/W Stabiliser 0,05% W/W – Arklone F (Fluorocarbon 113) 95,6% W/W <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ethylalcohol 4,0% W/W Stabiliser 0,07% W/W Special additives 0,30% W/W | <p>visual appearance not affected</p> <p>Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents</p> |

* For all solvents not mentioned in Table 2, please contact the local sales engineer.

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Solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

In the description of the procedure and requirements of the tests, distinction has to be made for the types 2222 121, 122, 123, 125 and 128. In the tables, this distinction is made by indication of the relevant programme numbers in the 'type' column. If no indication is given, the requirements are applicable to all types. Reference should be made to the notes at the bottom of this page if applicable. For 127 tests and requirements, refer to Table 4.

Table 3 Tests and requirements — solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors

| sub clause | IEC 384-4 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.4 | Robustness of terminations Ua Ub Uc | tensile strength of terminations | | loading force: 10 N for 10 s | | no visible damage |
| | | bending of terminations | | loading force: 5 N, two consecutive bends | | no visible damage |
| | | torsion of terminations | 121/123/125 | two successive rotations of 180° in opposite directions, 5 s duration per rotation | | no visible damage |
| 4.5 | Tb method 1A | resistance to soldering heat | 122/128 | solder bath: 260 °C for 10 s, radial version | | no visible damage markings legible |
| | Tb method 1B | | 121/123/125 | solder bath: 350 °C for 3.5 s, axial version | | $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement |
| 4.6 | Ta method 1 | solderability | | solder bath: 235 °C for 2 s, immersed up to 2 mm from the body, activated flux 600 (0.2% Cl.) | | no visible damage marking legible $\geq 95\%$ tinning |
| 4.7 | Na | rapid change of temperature | | 5 cycles of 30 minutes at lower and upper category temperature | | no visible damage DC leakage current (notes 1 and 7), $\tan \delta$ and HF impedance \leq stated limit |
| 4.8 | Fc | vibration | | 10 to 500 Hz, 0.75 mm or 10 g (whichever is less severe), in 3 directions, 2 hours per direction | | no visible damage markings legible $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement |
| | | | 123 (note 3) | 10 to 2000 Hz, 1.5 mm or 20 g (whichever is less severe), in 3 directions, 2 hours per direction | 123 (note 3) | no visible damage markings legible $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement |

Notes to Table 3

- 1) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 5 minutes
- 2) 25 V for 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 122) and 30 V for 35 V and 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 128)
- 3) Style B, long-life, high vibration/shock grade
- 4) 40 V for 50 V versions (capacitor type 2222 121)
- 5) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 1 minute
- 6) For capacitors type 2222 122, 40 V version, < 8 times the stated limit
- 7) For capacitors type 2222 121/123/125, leakage current after 5 minutes.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 3 (continued)

| sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | | | | |
|------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | | | type | description | type | description | | | |
| 4.9 | Eb | bump | | 40 g, 2 directions 4000 bumps total | | no visible damage $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement | | | |
| 4.10 | Ea | shock | 123 (note 3) | acceleration: 29400 m/s or 3000 g duration of pulse: 0.2 ms total number of shocks: 18 | 123 (note 3) | no visible damage $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement | | | |
| 4.11 | | | | Climatic sequence | Ba | dry heat | 16 hours at upper category temperature, no voltage applied | | |
| | | | | | Db | damp heat, cyclic | 1 cycle between 55 °C and 25 °C, 24 hours duration, 95-100% RH, no voltage applied | | |
| | | | | | Aa | cold | 2 hours at lower category temperature, no voltage applied | | |
| | | | | | M | low air pressure | 5 minutes at 25 + 10 °C atmospheric pressure: 8.5 kPa, UR applied during last minute of test | | no breakdown, flashover, or harmful deformation of case |
| | | | | | Db | damp heat, cyclic | 5 cycles between 55 °C and 25 °C, 95-100% RH, no voltage applied | | |
| | | | | | final measurements | no visible damage, markings legible DC leakage current (notes 1 and 7) \leq stated limit tan δ and HF impedance \leq 1.2 times stated limit | | | |
| | | | | | | 121/123 | $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement | | |
| | | | | | | 122/125/128 | $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$ with respect to initial measurement | | |

Notes to Table 3

- 1) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 5 minutes
- 2) 25 V for 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 122) and 30 V for 35 V and 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 128)
- 3) Style B, long-life, high vibration/shock grade
- 4) 40 V for 50 V versions (capacitor type 2222 121)
- 5) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 1 minute
- 6) For capacitors type 2222 122 40 V version < 8 times the stated limit

Table 3 (continued)

| sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|---|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.12 | Ca | damp heat, steady state | | 56 days at 40 °C, 90-95% RH, no voltage applied | | no visible damage markings legible DC leakage current (notes 1 and 7) \leq stated limit. Tan δ and HF impedance both \leq 1.2 stated limit |
| | | | | | 121/123/125 | insulation resistance \geq 100 M Ω no breakdown or flashover at 1000 V |
| | | | | | 121/123 | $\Delta C/C \leq$ 5% with respect to initial measurement |
| | | | | | 122/125/128 | $\Delta C/C \leq$ 10% with respect to initial measurement |
| 4.13 | | endurance | 122 | 5000 hours at 125 °C, UR (note 2) applied 8000 hours at 85 °C, UR | | no visible damage markings legible DC leakage current \leq stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq$ 10% with respect to initial measurement tan δ and HF impedance both \leq 1.2 times the stated limit |
| | | | | | 121/123 | 8000 hours at 125 °C, UR (note 4) applied |
| | | | | | 125 | 2000 hours at 125 °C, UR applied |
| | | | | | 128 | 2000 hours at 125 °C, UR (note 2) 5000 hours at 85 °C, UR |
| | | | | | 121/123 | 2000 hours at 155 °C, maximum 0.63 UR applied |
| | | endurance (additional) | 121/123 | | 121/123/125 | insulation resistance \geq 100 M Ω no breakdown or flashover at 1000 V DC leakage current \leq stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq$ 20% with respect to initial measurement tan $\delta \leq$ 1.5 times stated limit HF impedance \leq 2.5 times stated limit |

Notes to Table 3

- 1) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 5 minutes
- 2) 25 V for 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 122) and 30 V for 35 V and 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 128)
- 3) Style B, long-life, high vibration/shock grade
- 4) 40 V for 50 V versions (capacitor type 2222 121)
- 5) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 1 minute
- 6) For capacitors type 2222 122, 40 V version, $<$ 8 times the stated limit
- 7) For capacitors type 2222 121/123/125, leakage current after 5 minutes.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 3 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| | | | type | description | type | description |
| 4.14 | | surge | | applied voltage source of 1.15 U _R (note 2) at 125 °C 1000 cycles, 30 s on, 330 s off | 121/123 | DC leakage current ≤ stated limit tan δ ≤ stated limit |
| | | | | | 122/125/128 | ΔC/C ≤ 5% with respect to initial measurement |
| | | | | | 122/125/128 | ΔC/C ≤ 10% with respect to initial measurement |
| 4.15 | | reverse voltage | | 0.15 U _R (notes 2 and 4) in reverse polarity at 125 °C, for 125 hours, followed by U _R (notes 2 and 4) in forward polarity at 125 °C for 125 hours | DC leakage current ≤ stated limit ΔC/C ≤ 10% with respect to initial measurement tan δ and HF impedance both ≤ stated limit | |
| | | | | 0.30 U _R (note 2) in reverse polarity at 125 °C for 125 hours, followed by U _R (note 2) in forward polarity at 125 °C for 125 hours | DC leakage current ≤ stated limit ΔC/C ≤ 10% with respect to initial measurement tan δ and HF impedance both ≤ stated limit | |
| | | | | 0.30 U _R in reverse polarity at 85 °C for 125 hours, followed by U _R in forward polarity at 85 °C for 125 hours | DC leakage current (note 1) ≤ stated limit ΔC/C ≤ 10% with respect to initial measurement tan δ and HF impedance both ≤ stated limit | |
| 4.17 | Ba | storage at upper category temperature | | 96 ± 4 hours at upper category temperature | no visible damage DC leakage current ≤ stated limit ΔC/C ≤ 5% with respect to initial measurement | |
| | | | | 121/123/125 | ΔC/C ≤ 10% with respect to initial measurement | |
| | | | | 122/128 | DC leakage current (note 1) ≤ stated limit | |

Notes to Table 3

- 1) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 5 minutes
- 2) 25 V for 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 122) and 30 V for 35 V and 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 128)
- 3) Style B, long-life, high vibration/shock grade
- 4) 40 V for 50 V versions (capacitor type 2222 121)
- 5) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 1 minute
- 6) For capacitors type 2222 122, 40 V version, < 8 times the stated limit
- 7) For capacitors type 2222 121/123/125, leakage current after 5 minutes.

Table 3 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|--------------|-------------|--|
| | | | type | description | type | description | |
| 4.19 | | characteristics at high and low temperature | | step 1: reference measurement at 20 °C, of capacitance, tan δ and impedance at 100 Hz | | | $\Delta C/C \leq 20\%$ with respect to value in step 1 impedance ratio (100 Hz): ≤ 2 times the value of step 1 tan $\delta \leq 2$ times the stated limit |
| | | | | step 2: measurement at -55 °C, capacitance, tan δ , and impedance at 100 Hz | | | |
| | | | | step 3: measurement at 125 °C, capacitance, DC leakage current (notes 2 and 4), tan δ and impedance at 100 Hz | | | |
| 4.20 | | charge and discharge | | 10 ⁶ cycles charging to U_R for 0.5 s, and then discharging for 0.5 s | | | DC leakage current (notes 1 and 6) ≤ 15 times the stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq 20\%$ of the value measured in step 1 tan $\delta \leq$ stated limit no visible damage $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ with respect to initial measurement |

Notes to Table 3

- 1) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 5 minutes
- 2) 25 V for 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 122) and 30 V for 35 V and 40 V versions (capacitor type 2222 128)
- 3) Style B, long-life, high vibration/shock grade
- 4) 40 V for 50 V versions (capacitor type 2222 121)
- 5) For capacitors type 2222 122, the 15 s value of leakage current measured after 1 minute
- 6) For capacitors type 2222 122, 40 V version, < 8 times the stated limit
- 7) For capacitors type 2222 121/123/125, leakage current after 5 minutes.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 4 Tests and requirements — solid aluminium capacitors, 127 series (SMD)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) | | requirements |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | description | | |
| 4.3 | | mounting | preheating at 100 °C for 15 minutes immersion in tin bath at 250 °C, soldering time, 5 s | | no visible damage DC leakage current, $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ (I.M.) tan δ and HF impedance \leq stated limit |
| 4.6 | | resistance to soldering heat | total immersion for 10 s, bath temperature 260 °C | | no visible damage, markings legible $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ of initial measurement tan δ and HF impedance \leq stated limit |
| 4.7 | | solderability | immersion for 2 s, bath temperature 235 °C flux 600 including 0.2% chloride | | visual examination in accordance with IEC 4.7.2 |
| 4.8 | | adhesion | force 5 N for 10 ± 1 s | | no visible damage |
| 4.9 | | bend strength of end face plating | product mounted on 90 mm printboard bending on radius 340 mm (mounting on convex side) | | no intermittent contact during the bending operation $\Delta C/C$ and HF impedance drift $\leq 5\%$ of initial measurement (board in bent position) no visible damage |
| 4.10 | Na | rapid change of temperature | 5 cycles, 30 minutes at -55 °C, followed by 30 minutes at $+125$ °C recovery period 16 hours | | DC leakage current (note 1), capacitance, tan δ , and HF impedance \leq stated limit |
| | Fc | vibration (additional) | 10 to 500 Hz, 0.75 mm or 10 g, (whichever is less severe), 3 directions, 2 hours per direction | | no visible damage, markings legible $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ of initial measurement |
| | Eb | bump (additional) | 40 g, 2 directions, 4000 bumps total | | no visible damage, markings legible $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ of initial measurement |
| 4.11 | Ba | dry heat | 16 hours at upper category temperature, no voltage applied | | no visible damage, markings legible $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ of initial measurement |
| | Db | damp heat, cyclic | 1 cycle between 55 °C and 25 °C, 24 hours duration, 95 - 100% RH, no voltage applied | | |

Table 4 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) description | requirements description |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|
| 4.12 | Aa | cold | 2 hours at lower category temperature no voltage applied | |
| | Db | damp heat, cyclic | 5 cycles between 55 °C and 25 °C 24 hours duration, 95 - 100% RH, no voltage applied | no visible damage, markings legible DC leakage current (note 1) \geq stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ tan δ and HF impedance both ≤ 1.2 times stated limit |
| | | final measurements | | no visible damage, markings legible DC leakage current (note 1) \leq stated limit tan δ and HF impedance both ≤ 1.2 times stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$ of initial measurement |
| 4.13 | Ca | damp heat, steady state | 56 days at 40 °C, 90 - 95% RH, no voltage applied | reference values |
| Notes to Table 4 | | characteristics at high and low temperature | step 1: reference measurement of capacitance, tan δ and impedance at 20 °C, 100 Hz step 2: measurement at -55 °C of capacitance, tan δ , and impedance at 100 Hz step 3: measurement at 125 °C of leakage current, capacitance and tan δ | $\Delta C/C \leq 20\%$ with respect to value measured in step 1 impedance ratio (100 Hz) ≤ 2 times value measured in step 1 tan $\delta \leq 2$ times stated limit |
| | | | | DC leakage current (note 2) ≤ 15 times stated limit $\Delta C/C < 20\%$ of the value measurement in step 1 tan $\delta \leq$ stated limit |
| | | | | |

Notes to Table 4

1. The 15 s value of DC leakage current measured after 5 minutes.
2. The 15 s value of DC leakage current measured after 1 minute.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SOLID AND NON-SOLID

Table 4 (continued)

| IEC 384-4 sub clause | IEC 68-2 test method | name of test | procedure (quick reference) description | requirements description |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|---|
| 4.15 | | endurance | 2000 hours at 125 °C, U_R applied | no visible damage, markings legible DC leakage current \leq stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$ tan δ and HF impedance ≤ 1.2 times the stated limit |
| 4.16 | | endurance (additional) reverse voltage | 5000 hours at 85 °C, U_R applied 0.15 U_R in reverse polarity at 125 °C for 125 hours, followed by U_R in forward polarity at 125 °C 125 hours | $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$ DC leakage current \leq stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$ tan δ and HF impedance both \leq stated limit |
| 4.17 | Ba | storage at high temperature long storage ≥ 1 year | 96 ± 4 hours at 125 °C at ambient temperature | no visible damage DC leakage current (note 1) \leq stated limit $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$ tan δ and HF impedance \leq stated limit DC leakage current (note 1) \leq stated limit |

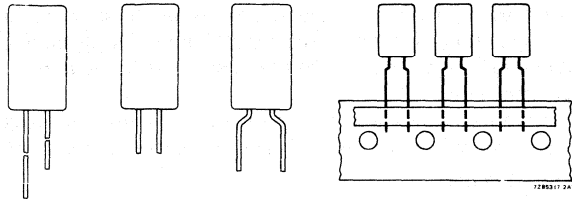
Note to Table 4

1. The 15 s value of DC leakage current measured after 5 minutes.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Low-leakage version of 2222 036 series
- Miniature type
- Single ended
- Long life
- General and industrial applications
- Alternative for tantalum capacitors



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,15 to 220 μ F | |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%*$ | |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 10 to 50 V | ← |
| Leakage current after 2 minutes for 10, 16 and 25 V | 0,002 CU or 0,7 μ A | ← |
| for 35 and 50 V | 0,002 CU + 1 μ A | ← |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C | ← |
| Endurance test | 2000 hours at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| Shelf life at 0 V | 500 hours at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade DIN 41332/DIN 41259 | |
| Climatic category | | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 | ← |
| DIN 40040 | GPF | ← |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{nom} \cdot U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 |
| 0,15 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 0,22 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 0,33 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 0,47 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 0,68 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 1 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 1,5 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 2,2 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 3,3 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 4,7 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 6,8 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 10 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 15 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 22 | | | 11 | | 11 |
| 33 | | 11 | 13 | 11 | 13 |
| 47 | 11 | | 13 | | 13 |
| 68 | 11 | | 13 | | 13 |
| 100 | | 13 | | 13 | |
| 150 | 13 | | | | |
| 220 | 13 | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 11 | $\varnothing 5 \times 11$ |
| 13 | $\varnothing 8,2 \times 11$ |

* $\pm 10\%$ to special order.

APPLICATION

These capacitors are suited for those applications where a low leakage current is required. In many cases they are a cost-effective substitute for tantalum capacitors.

The capacitors are mainly used for high impedance coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits, and in industrial applications, such as measuring and regulating circuits.

Other applications are in timing and delay circuits with large time constants. The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidised aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is in an all-insulated aluminium case.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The capacitor is available in 6 styles:

- style 1: long leads; in boxes;
- style 2: straight short leads; non preferred, in boxes;
- style 3: bent short leads (case size 11 only); non preferred, in boxes;
- style 4: long leads; on tape on reel, positive leading;
- style 5: long leads; on tape in ammunition pack;
- style 6: long leads; on tape on reel, negative leading.

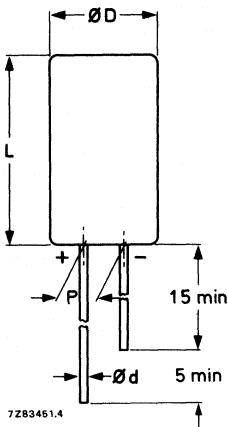


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions d, D, L and P.

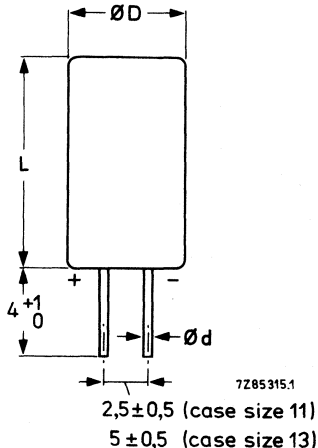


Fig. 2 Style 2; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions d, D and L.

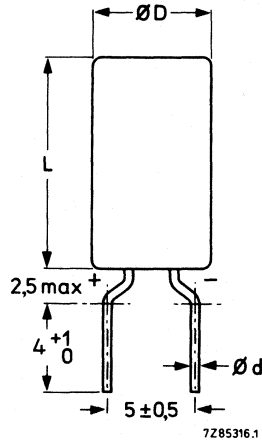
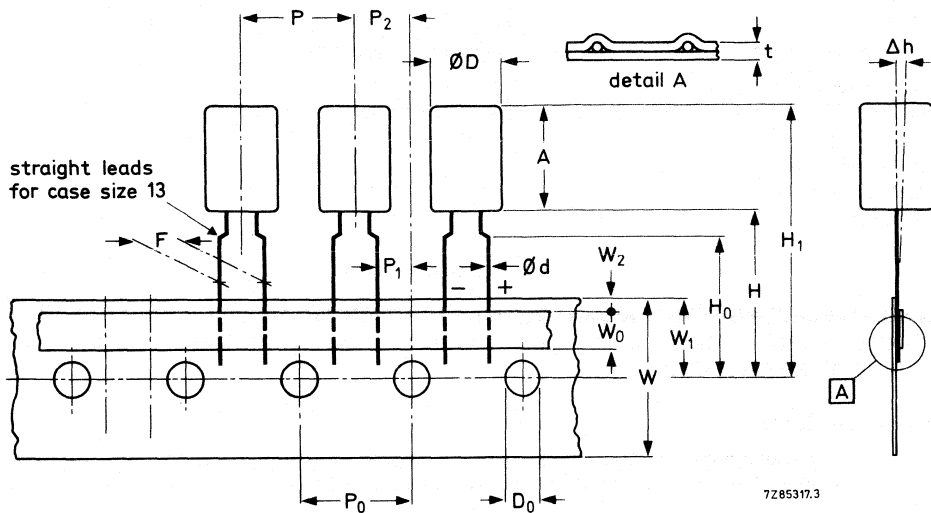


Fig. 3 Style 3; case size 11 only; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions d, D and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|------------------|------------------|-----|--------------------|
| | d | D _{max} | L _{max} | P | |
| 11 | 0,5 | 5,5 | 12,0 | 2,5 | 0,4 |
| 13 | 0,6 | 8,7 | 12,0 | 5,0 | 1,1 |



→ direction of tape transport (positive leading)

Fig. 4 Styles 4, 5 and 6; see Table 4 for dimensions. For style 6 the tape transport is in opposite direction (negative leading).

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|------|------------|
| | | 11 | 13 | |
| Body diameter | D | 5,5 | 8,7 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 12,0 | 12,0 | maximum |
| Lead-wire diameter | d | 0,5 | 0,6 | ± 0,05 |
| Pitch of component | P | 12,7 | 12,7 | ± 1,0 |
| Feed-hole pitch | P ₀ | 12,7 | 12,7 | ± 0,2** |
| Hole centre to lead | P ₁ | 3,85 | 3,85 | ± 0,5 |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P ₂ | 6,35 | 6,35 | ± 0,7 |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5,0* | 5,0 | + 0,6/-0 ← |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | ± 1,0 |
| Tape width | W | 18,0 | 18,0 | ± 0,5 |
| Hold-down tape width | W ₀ | 6,0 | 6,0 | minimum |
| Hole position | W ₁ | 9,0 | 9,0 | ± 0,5 |
| Hold-down tape position | W ₂ | 2,5 | 2,5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,0 | 18,0 | + 1,5/-0 |
| Lead-wire clinch height | H ₀ | 16,0 | — | ± 0,5 |
| Component height | H ₁ | 32,0 | 32,0 | maximum |
| Feed-hole diameter | D ₀ | 4,0 | 4,0 | ± 0,2 |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | 0,9 | maximum |

* 2,5 mm on request for case size 11

** Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

→ **Marking**

The capacitors are marked with the following minimum information:

- nominal capacitance;
- code letter for tolerance on nominal capacitance, in accordance with IEC62;
- rated voltage;
- polarity identification.
- group number (013);
- date code in accordance with IEC 62.

WARNING

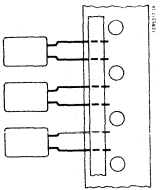
NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| UR | catalogue number 2222 013 followed by | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | nominal cap. value | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{amb} = 85^\circ C$ | max. DC leakage current at UR after 2 minutes | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size* | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel** style 4 | in ammopack style 5 | on reel▲ style 6 |
| 10 | 47 | 55 | 1,0 | 0,16 | 6,8 | 2,8 | 11 | 54479 | 84479 | 64479 | 24479 | 34479 | 44479 |
| | 68 | 70 | 1,4 | 0,16 | 4,7 | 2,5 | 11 | 54689 | 84689 | 64689 | 24689 | 34689 | 44689 |
| | 150 | 130 | 3,0 | 0,16 | 2,1 | 1,0 | 13 | 54151 | 64151 | | 24151 | 34151 | 44151 |
| | 220 | 160 | 4,4 | 0,16 | 1,5 | 0,9 | 13 | 54221 | 64221 | | 24221 | 34221 | 44221 |
| 16 | 33 | 50 | 1,1 | 0,13 | 7,8 | 2,8 | 11 | 55339 | 85339 | 65339 | 25339 | 35339 | 45339 |
| | 100 | 120 | 3,2 | 0,13 | 2,6 | 1,0 | 13 | 55101 | 65101 | | 25101 | 35101 | 45101 |
| 25 | 0,15 | 5,0 | 0,7 | 0,08 | 1000 | 270 | 11 | 56157 | 86157 | 66157 | 26157 | 36157 | 46157 |
| | 0,22 | 6,5 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 540 | 180 | 11 | 56227 | 86227 | 66227 | 26227 | 36227 | 46227 |
| | 0,33 | 8,0 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 360 | 120 | 11 | 56337 | 86337 | 66337 | 26337 | 36337 | 46337 |
| | 0,47 | 9,5 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 250 | 85 | 11 | 56477 | 86477 | 66477 | 26477 | 36477 | 46477 |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 180 | 59 | 11 | 56687 | 86687 | 66687 | 26687 | 36687 | 46687 |
| | 1,0 | 14 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 120 | 40 | 11 | 56108 | 86108 | 66108 | 26108 | 36108 | 46108 |
| | 1,5 | 17 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 80 | 27 | 11 | 56158 | 86158 | 66158 | 26158 | 36158 | 46158 |
| | 2,2 | 20 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 54 | 18 | 11 | 56228 | 86228 | 66228 | 26228 | 36228 | 46228 |
| | 3,3 | 25 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 36 | 12 | 11 | 56338 | 86338 | 66338 | 26338 | 36338 | 46338 |
| | 4,7 | 30 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 25 | 8,5 | 11 | 56478 | 86478 | 66478 | 26478 | 36478 | 46478 |
| | 6,8 | 36 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 18 | 5,9 | 11 | 56688 | 86688 | 66688 | 26688 | 36688 | 46688 |
| | 10 | 43 | 0,7 | 0,06 | 12 | 4,0 | 11 | 56109 | 86109 | 66109 | 26109 | 36109 | 46109 |
| | 15 | 46 | 0,8 | 0,08 | 10 | 3,0 | 11 | 56159 | 86159 | 66159 | 26159 | 36159 | 46159 |
| | 22 | 56 | 1,1 | 0,08 | 7,2 | 2,7 | 11 | 56229 | 86229 | 66229 | 26229 | 36229 | 46229 |
| | 33 | 105 | 1,7 | 0,06 | 3,6 | 1,4 | 13 | 56339 | 66339 | | 26339 | 36339 | 46339 |
| | 47 | 110 | 2,4 | 0,08 | 3,4 | 1,3 | 13 | 56479 | 66479 | | 26479 | 36479 | 46479 |
| | 68 | 130 | 3,4 | 0,08 | 2,3 | 1,2 | 13 | 56689 | 66689 | | 26689 | 36689 | 46689 |



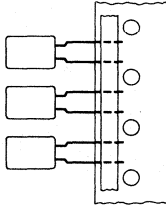
* Case size 11: $\phi 5$ mm x 11 mm; case size 13: $\phi 8,2$ mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

** Positive leading.

▲ Negative leading.

Table 5 Electrical data (continued)

| UR | nominal cap. value | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$ | max. DC leakage current at UR after 2 minutes | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size* | catalogue number 2222 013 followed by | | | | | |
|----|--------------------|--|---|--------------------|----------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel** style 4 | in ammpack style 5 | on reel▲ style 6 |
| 35 | 33 | 50 | 3,3 | 0,13 | 7,8 | 2,8 | 11 | 50339 | 80339 | 60339 | 20339 | 30339 | 40339 |
| | 100 | 120 | 8,0 | 0,13 | 2,6 | 1,0 | 13 | 50101 | 60101 | | 20101 | 30101 | 40101 |
| 50 | 0,15 | 5,0 | 1,0 | 0,08 | 1000 | 270 | 11 | 51157 | 81157 | 61157 | 21157 | 31157 | 41157 |
| | 0,22 | 6,5 | 1,0 | 0,06 | 540 | 180 | 11 | 51227 | 81227 | 61227 | 21227 | 31227 | 41227 |
| | 0,33 | 8,0 | 1,0 | 0,06 | 360 | 120 | 11 | 51337 | 81337 | 61337 | 21337 | 31337 | 41337 |
| | 0,47 | 9,5 | 1,1 | 0,06 | 250 | 85 | 11 | 51477 | 81477 | 61477 | 21477 | 31477 | 41477 |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 1,1 | 0,06 | 180 | 59 | 11 | 51687 | 81687 | 61687 | 21687 | 31687 | 41687 |
| | 1,0 | 14 | 1,1 | 0,06 | 120 | 40 | 11 | 51108 | 81108 | 61108 | 21108 | 31108 | 41108 |
| | 1,5 | 17 | 1,2 | 0,06 | 80 | 27 | 11 | 51158 | 81158 | 61158 | 21158 | 31158 | 41158 |
| | 2,2 | 20 | 1,2 | 0,06 | 54 | 18 | 11 | 51228 | 81228 | 61228 | 21228 | 31228 | 41228 |
| | 3,3 | 25 | 1,3 | 0,06 | 36 | 12 | 11 | 51338 | 81338 | 61338 | 21338 | 31338 | 41338 |
| | 4,7 | 30 | 1,5 | 0,06 | 25 | 8,5 | 11 | 51478 | 81478 | 61478 | 21478 | 31478 | 41478 |
| | 6,8 | 36 | 1,7 | 0,06 | 18 | 5,9 | 11 | 51688 | 81688 | 61688 | 21688 | 31688 | 41688 |
| | 10 | 43 | 2,0 | 0,06 | 12 | 4,0 | 11 | 51109 | 81109 | 61109 | 21109 | 31109 | 41109 |
| 15 | 46 | 2,5 | 0,08 | 10 | 3,0 | 11 | 51159 | 81159 | 61159 | 21159 | 31159 | 41159 | |
| 22 | 56 | 3,2 | 0,08 | 7,2 | 2,7 | 11 | 51229 | 81229 | 61229 | 21229 | 31229 | 41229 | |
| 33 | 105 | 4,3 | 0,06 | 3,6 | 1,4 | 13 | 51339 | 81339 | 61339 | 21339 | 31339 | 41339 | |
| 47 | 110 | 5,7 | 0,08 | 3,4 | 1,3 | 13 | 51479 | 81479 | 61479 | 21479 | 31479 | 41479 | |
| 68 | 130 | 7,8 | 0,08 | 2,3 | 1,2 | 13 | 51689 | 81689 | 61689 | 21689 | 31689 | 41689 | |



* Case size 11: ϕ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: ϕ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

** Positive leading.

▲ Negative leading

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

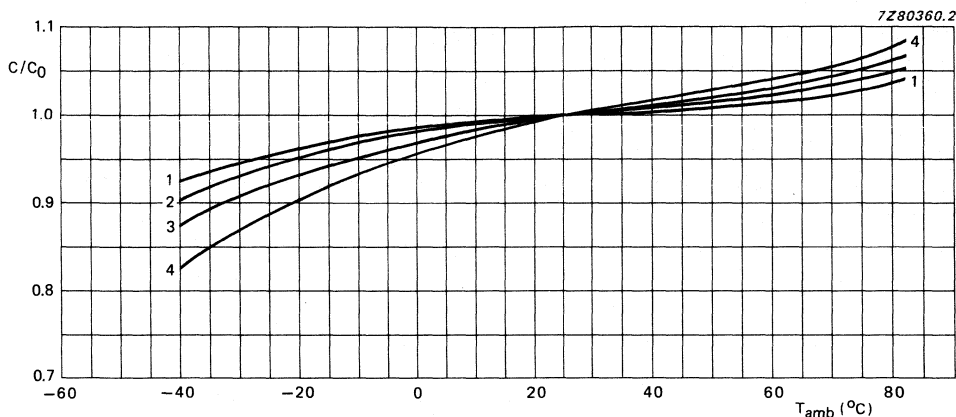


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 25/50 V, 0,15 to 2,2 μF ; curve 2 = 25/50 V, 3,3 to 6,8 μF ; curve 3 = 25/50 V, 10 to 68 μF ; curve 4 = 10/16/35 V.

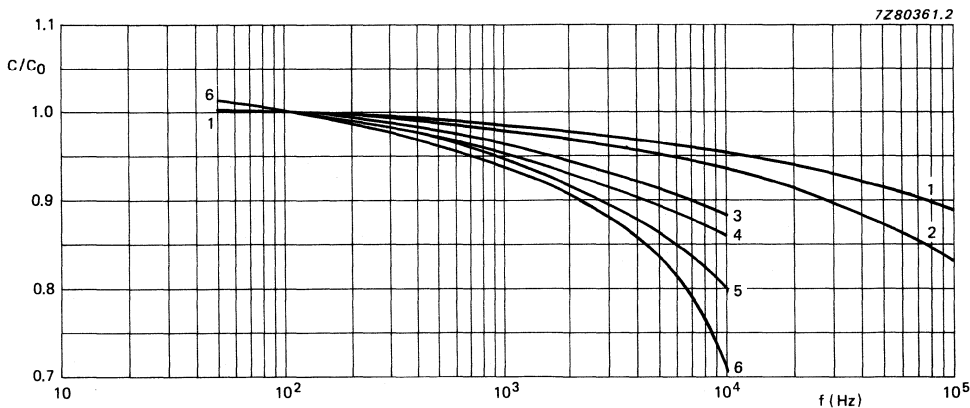


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 25/50 V, 0,15 to 2,2 μF ; curve 2 = 25/50 V, 3,3 to 6,8 μF ; curve 3 = 25/50 V, 10/15 μF ; curve 4 = 25/50 V, 22 to 68 μF ; curve 5 = 16/35 V; curve 6 = 10 V.

**Voltage**

| | |
|---|--|
| Maximum permissible voltage at $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (core temperature \blacktriangle) | $1,3 \times U_R$ |
| Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met: | |
| (a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage | $1,3 \times U_R$ |
| (b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied | 2 V |
| (c) momentary value of applied voltage | between $1,3 \times U_R$ and -2 V |
| Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods | $1,3 \times U_R$ |
| Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods | 2 V |

Ripple current**

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | see Table 5 |
|--|-------------|

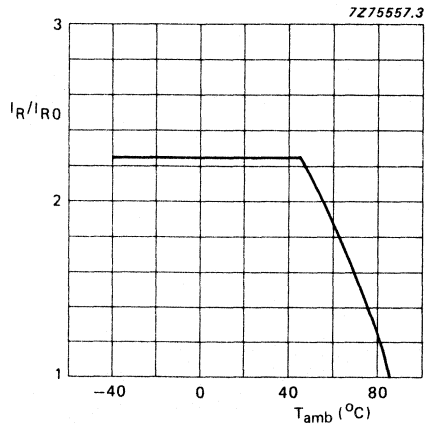


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

- \blacktriangle See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".
- * Specified ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.
- ** Specified ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

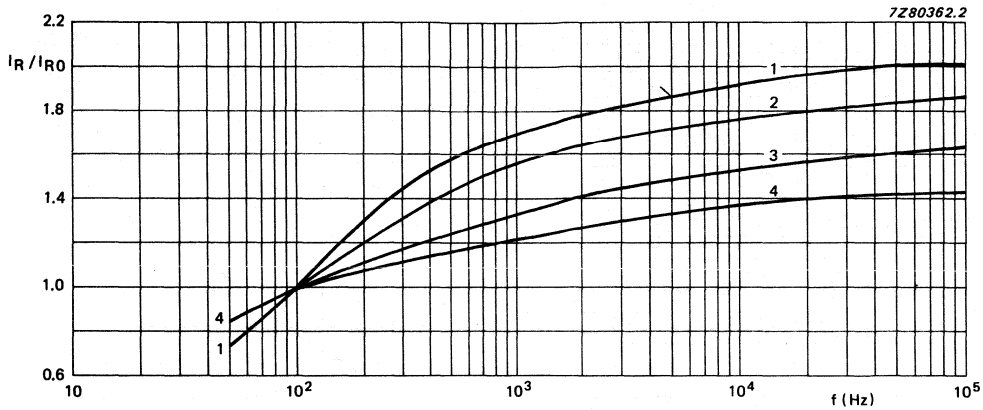


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 25/50 V, 0,15 to 2,2 μ F; curve 2 = 25/50 V, 3,3 to 6,8 μ F, curve 3 = 25/50 V, 10 to 68 μ F; curve 4 = 10 V, 16 V, 35 V.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents. The following requirements must then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

There is no limit on the charge or discharge rate. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and requirements.)

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 2 minutes after application

of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20$ °C

for 10 V, 16 V, 25 V

for 35 V, 50 V

see Table 5

(0,002 CU or 0,7 μ A, whichever is greater)

(0,002 CU + 1 μ A)

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature (> 40 °C) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

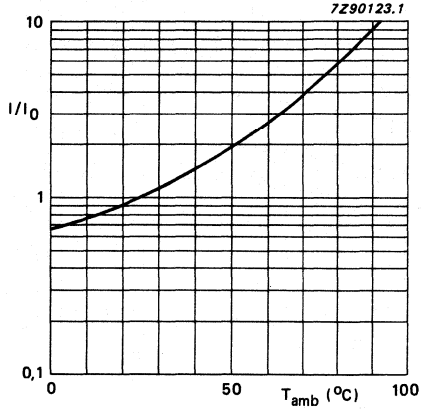


Fig. 9 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 °C and U_R .

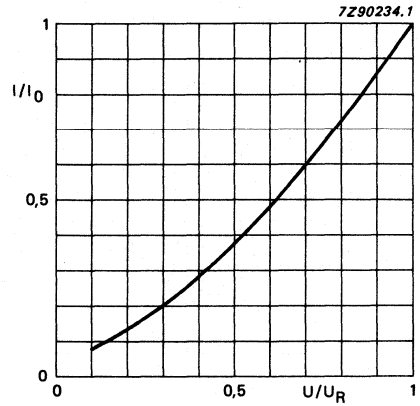


Fig. 10 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R ; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 °C and U_R .

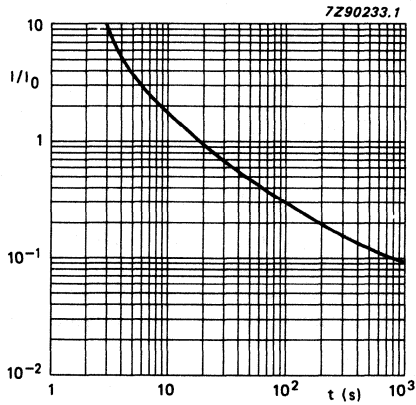


Fig. 11 Multiplier of typical DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of time; I_0 is DC leakage current value as specified in Table 5.

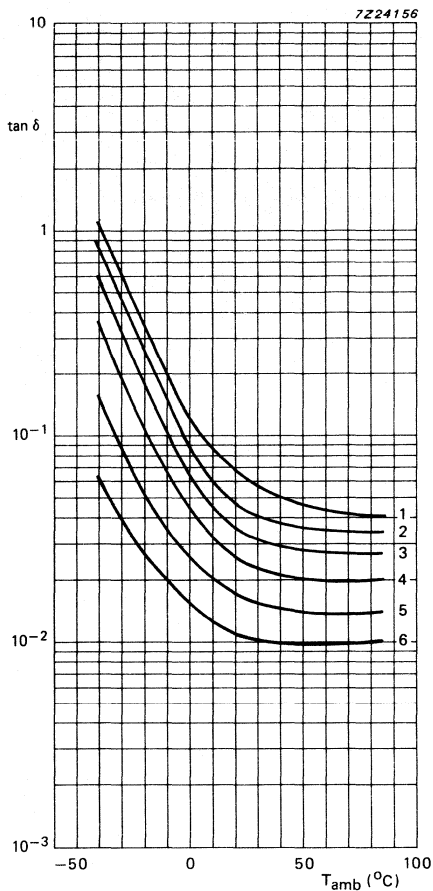
Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

Fig. 12 Typical tan δ at 100 Hz as a function of ambient temperature.

- Curve 1 = 10 V
- curve 2 = 16/35 V
- curve 3 = 25/50 V, 22 to 68 μF
- curve 4 = 25/50 V, 10/15 μF
- curve 5 = 25/50 V, 3,3 to 6,8 μF
- curve 6 = 25/50 V, 0,15 to 2,2 μF .



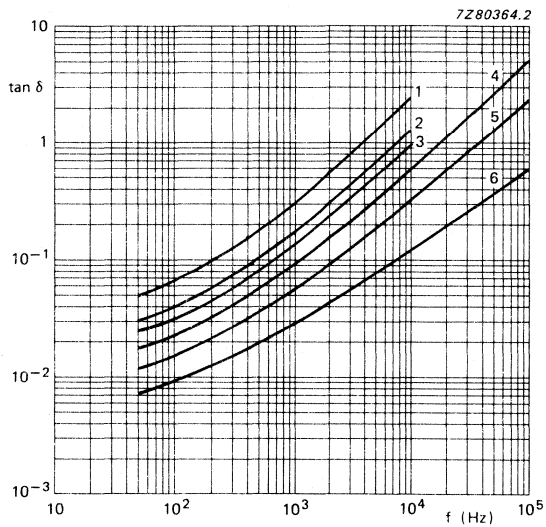


Fig. 13 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Curve 1 = 10 V
 curve 2 = 16/35 V
 curve 3 = 25/50 V, 22 to 68 μF
 curve 4 = 25/50 V, 10/15 μF
 curve 5 = 25/50 V, 3,3 to 6,8 μF
 curve 6 = 25/50 V, 0,15 to 2,2 μF

→ **Equivalent series resistance (ESR)**

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$,
 measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

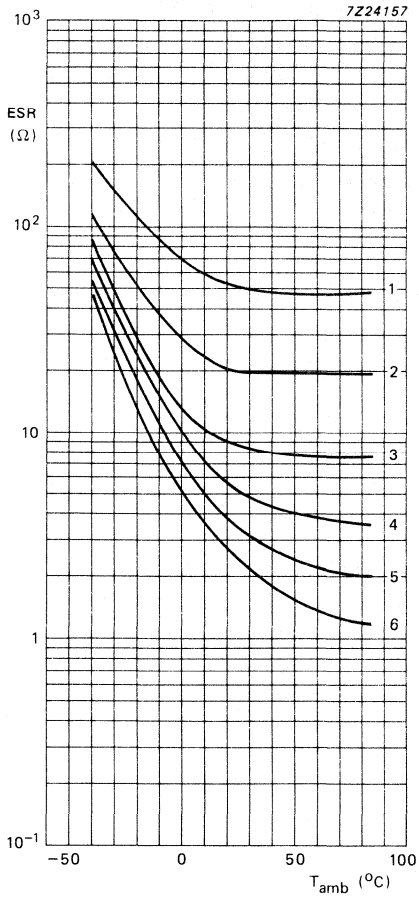


Fig. 14 Typical ESR at 100 Hz as a function of temperature; case size 11.

- Curve 1 = 0,47 μ F
- curve 2 = 1,0 μ F
- curve 3 = 4,7 μ F
- curve 4 = 10 μ F
- curve 5 = 22 μ F
- curve 6 = 47 μ F

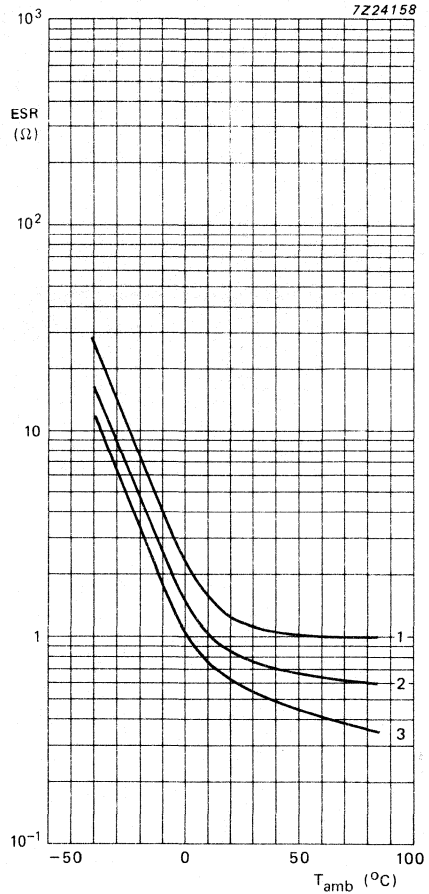


Fig. 15 Typical ESR at 100 Hz as a function of temperature; case size 13.

- Curve 1 = 47 μ F
- curve 2 = 100 μ F
- curve 3 = 220 μ F

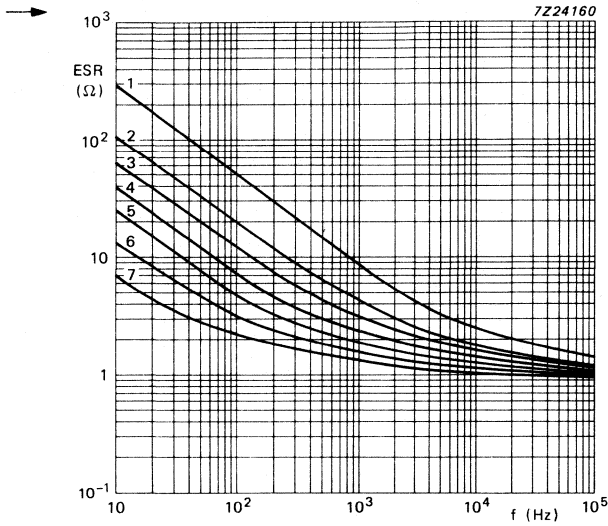


Fig. 16 Typical ESR at 20 °C as a function of frequency; case size 11.

- Curve 1 = 0,47 μF
- curve 2 = 1 μF
- curve 3 = 2,2 μF
- curve 4 = 4,7 μF
- curve 5 = 10 μF
- curve 6 = 22 μF
- curve 7 = 47 μF

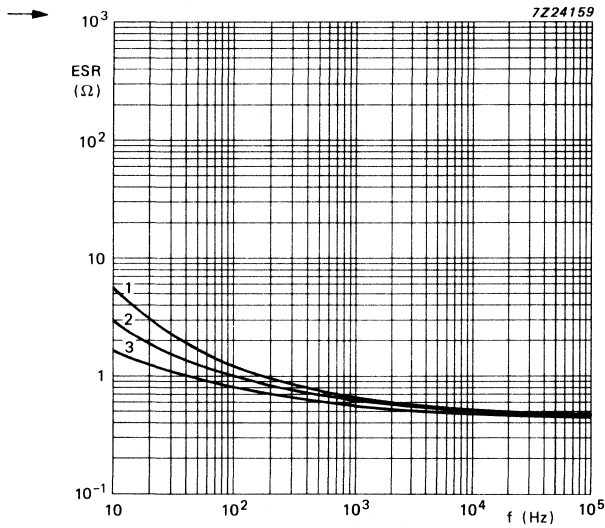


Fig. 17 Typical ESR at 20 °C as a function of frequency; case size 13.

- Curve 1 = 47 μF
- curve 2 = 100 μF
- curve 3 = 220 μF

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case size 11

typ. 13 nH

Case size 13

typ. 16 nH

Impedance (Z)Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$ and 10 kHz

see Table 5

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ °C}$ and -40 °C
and 10 kHz, measured by a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ °C}$
and $+20\text{ °C}$ at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ and $+20\text{ °C}$ at 100 Hz
measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

→ Table 6 Maximum impedance and impedance ratio values

| U _R | nominal cap. value | case size* | maximum impedance at 10 kHz | | maximum impedance ratio at U _R and 100 Hz | | |
|----------------|--------------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| | | | T _{amb} = -25 °C | T _{amb} = -40 °C | Z at -25 °C Z at +20 °C | Z at -40 °C Z at +20 °C | |
| V | μF | | Ω | Ω | | | |
| 10 | 47 | 11 | 15 | 53 | 3 | 5 | |
| | 68 | 11 | 13 | 47 | 3 | 5 | |
| | 150 | 13 | 5,9 | 17 | 3 | 5 | |
| | 220 | 13 | 5,2 | 15 | 3 | 5 | |
| 16 | 33 | 11 | 14 | 52 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 100 | 13 | 5,5 | 17 | 2 | 4 | |
| 25 | 0,15 | 11 | 870 | 2670 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,22 | 11 | 591 | 1820 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,33 | 11 | 394 | 1210 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,47 | 11 | 227 | 851 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 191 | 588 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 1,0 | 11 | 130 | 400 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 1,5 | 11 | 87 | 267 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 2,2 | 11 | 59 | 182 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 3,3 | 11 | 39 | 121 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 27 | 85 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 6,8 | 11 | 19 | 75 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 10 | 11 | 17 | 65 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 15 | 11 | 16 | 60 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 22 | 11 | 15 | 56 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 33 | 13 | 7,0 | 18 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 47 | 13 | 6,5 | 17 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 68 | 13 | 6,0 | 17 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 35 | 33 | 11 | 14 | 52 | 2 | 4 |
| | | 100 | 13 | 5,5 | 17 | 2 | 4 |
| 50 | 0,15 | 11 | 870 | 2670 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,22 | 11 | 591 | 1820 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,33 | 11 | 394 | 1210 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,47 | 11 | 227 | 851 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 191 | 588 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 1,0 | 11 | 130 | 400 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 1,5 | 11 | 87 | 267 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 2,2 | 11 | 59 | 182 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 3,3 | 11 | 39 | 121 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 27 | 85 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 6,8 | 11 | 19 | 75 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 10 | 11 | 17 | 65 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 15 | 11 | 16 | 60 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 22 | 11 | 15 | 56 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 33 | 13 | 7,0 | 18 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 47 | 13 | 6,5 | 17 | 2 | 4 | |
| | 68 | 13 | 6,0 | 17 | 2 | 4 | |

* Case size 11: φ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: φ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

Fig. 18 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature; case size 11.

- Curve 1 = 0,47 μF
- curve 2 = 1 μF
- curve 3 = 2,2 μF
- curve 4 = 4,7 μF
- curve 5 = 10 μF
- curve 6 = 22 μF
- curve 7 = 47 μF
- curve 8 = 68 μF

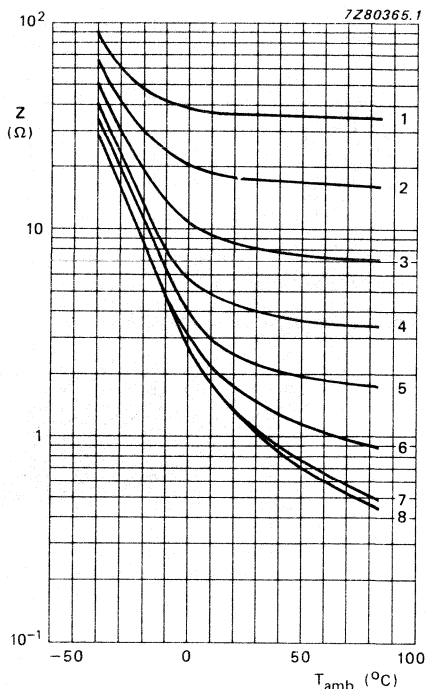
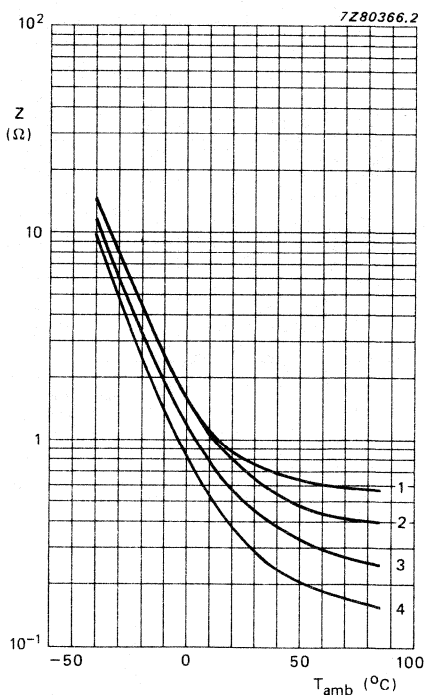


Fig. 19 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature; case size 13.

- Curve 1 = 33 μF
- curve 2 = 47 μF
- curve 3 = 100 μF
- curve 4 = 220 μF



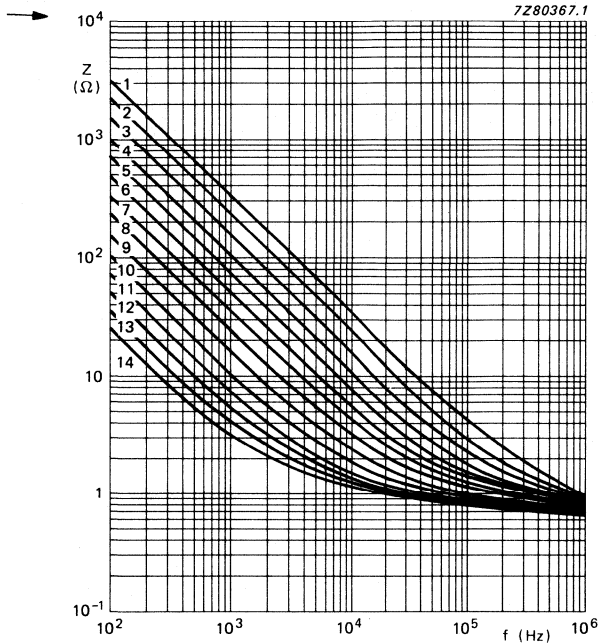


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 11.

- Curve 1 = $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 2 = $0,68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 3 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 4 = $1,5\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 5 = $2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 6 = $3,3\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 7 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 8 = $6,8\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 9 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 10 = $15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 11 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 12 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 13 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 14 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

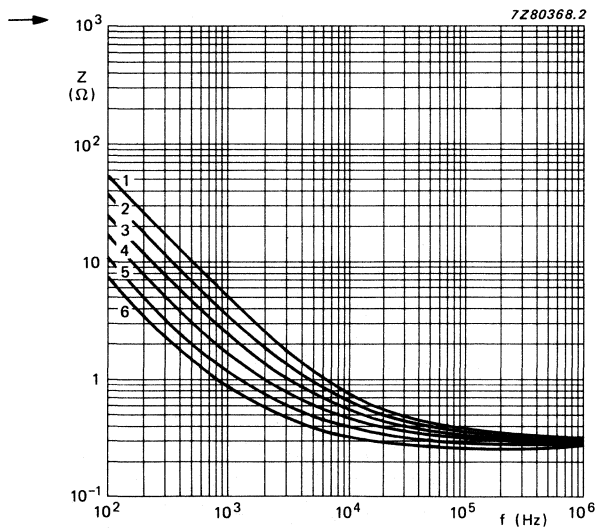


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 13.

- Curve 1 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 2 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 3 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 4 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 5 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 6 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$.

OPERATIONAL DATA

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Category temperature range | -40 to + 85 °C |
| Typical life time | |
| at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ | 70 000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 3 000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 500 hours |

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1, 2 and 3 are supplied in boxes.
 Capacitors of styles 4 and 6 are supplied on tape on reel.
 Capacitors of style 5 are supplied in ammunition packing.
 The packing quantities per type and style are shown in Table 7.

Table 7 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | styles 4 and 6 per reel (min.) | style 5 per ammunition pack |
| 11 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 13 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 1000 |

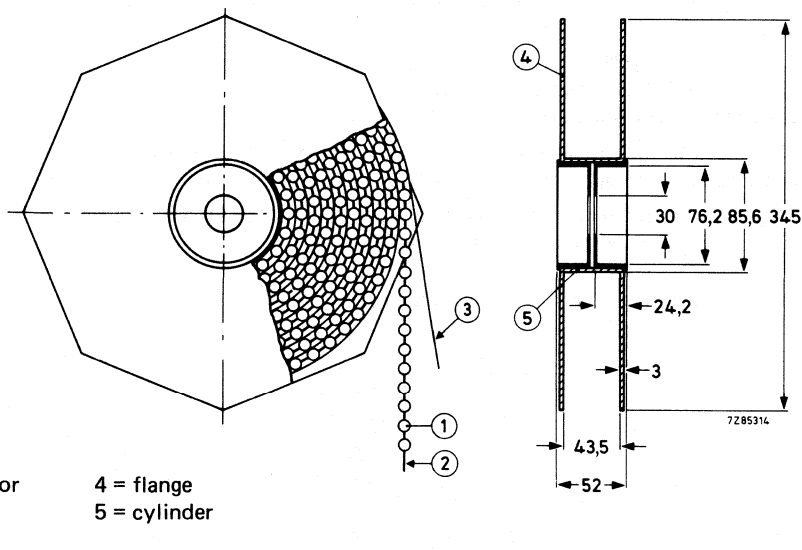


Fig. 22 Capacitors (styles 4 and 6) on tape on reel.

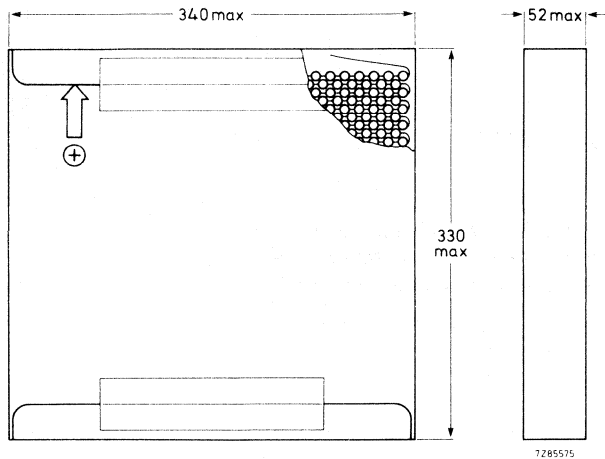


Fig. 23 Capacitors (style 5) on tape in ammunition pack.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, under Table 1, Tests and requirements — non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

In addition, the capacitors shall meet the following requirements:

Following the endurance test (2000 hours at 85 °C), the capacitors shall meet the following specification:

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| $\Delta C/C$ | $\leq \pm 15\%$ |
| $\tan \delta$ | $\leq 130\%$ of specified value |
| DC leakage current | \leq specified value |

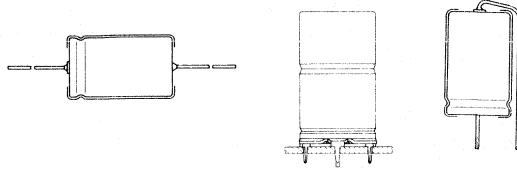
After the shelf life test of 500 hours at 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after the endurance except for leakage current = $\leq 200\%$ of the specified value.

The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for a minimum of 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements are taken.

Note: Capacitors 2222 013 are miniature, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads and single ended
- Very high CU-product per unit volume
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series): | 0,22 to 15 000 μ F |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance: | \pm 20% |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series): | 6,3 to 100 V |
| Category temperature range: | -55 to + 85 $^{\circ}$ C |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| case sizes 2 to 7: | |
| $U_R = 6,3$ V to 25 V | 1000 hours |
| $U_R = 40$ V to 100 V | 2000 hours |
| case sizes 00 to 05: | |
| $U_R = 10$ V to 63 V | 5000 hours |
| $U_R = 100$ V | 5000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}$ C: | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications | |
| case sizes 2 to 7: | IEC384-4, G.P. grade, DIN41332, type II |
| case sizes 00 to 05: | IEC384-4, L.L.grade, DIN 41316 |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC68: | 55/085/56 |
| DIN 40040: | FPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 1 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 2,2 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 4,7 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 10 | | | | | | 2 | 3 |
| 15 | | | | | | 2 | 4/5a |
| 22 | | | | | 2 | 3 | 4/5a |
| 33 | | | | | | 3 | 4 |
| 47 | | | | 2 | 3 | 4/5a | 5 |
| 68 | | | 2 | | | 5/5a | 6 |
| 100 | | 2 | | 3 | 4/5a | 5 | 7/00 |
| 150 | | | 3 | 4/5a | 5 | 6 | 01 |
| 220 | | 3 | 5a | 4 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 |
| 330 | | 5a | 4 | 5 | 7 | 01 | 02 |
| 470 | 5a | 4 | 5 | 6 | 00 | 01 | 03 |
| 680 | | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 02 | 04 |
| 1000 | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 01 | 03 | 05 |
| 1500 | | 7/00 | 01 | 01 | 02 | 04 | |
| 2200 | 7 | 01 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 05 | |
| 3300 | | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | | |
| 4700 | | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | |
| 6800 | | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | |
| 10 000 | | 04 | 05 | | | | |
| 15 000 | | 05 | | | | | |

Table 2 Case size dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) | |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 2 | \varnothing 4,5 x 10 | miniature |
| 3 | \varnothing 6 x 10 | |
| 5a | \varnothing 8 x 11 | |
| 4 | \varnothing 6,5 x 18 | |
| 5 | \varnothing 8 x 18 | |
| 6 | \varnothing 10 x 18 | |
| 7 | \varnothing 10 x 25 | |
| 00 | \varnothing 10 x 30 | small |
| 01 | \varnothing 12,5 x 30 | |
| 02 | \varnothing 15 x 30 | |
| 03 | \varnothing 18 x 30 | |
| 04 | \varnothing 18 x 40 | |
| 05 | \varnothing 21 x 40 | |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have extremely high CU-product per unit volume, which make them very suitable for applications where high requirements are imposed on size and mass, e.g. portable and mobile equipment. They are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and video circuits, and in other applications such as measuring, regulating, timing and delay circuits. The bandoliered version is suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitors are in an aluminium case.

The capacitors are available in 4 styles, all with soldered-copper terminations.

Style 1: axial leads; case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve; all case sizes; case sizes 2 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers.

Style 2: single ended; with mounting ring with printed-wiring pins; especially for use in applications with severe shocks and vibrations; case sizes 02 to 05; cases are not insulated.

→ Style 3: single ended; case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve; case sizes 2 to 7 and 00 to 03.

→ Style 4: single ended with self-locking lead; case sizes 00 to 03.

→ Note: for case sizes 04/05, the stated maximum length may be exceeded by 0,7 mm.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

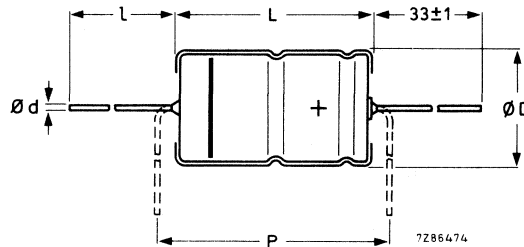


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions.

Table 3 Physical dimensions, style 1

| case size | ød | l | style 1 | | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|-----|--------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | | | øD _{nom} | L _{nom} | øD _{max} | L _{max} | P _{min} | |
| 2 | 0,6 | * | 4,5 | 10,0 | 5,0 | 10,5 | 15 | 0,50 |
| 3 | 0,6 | * | 6,0 | 10,0 | 6,3 | 10,5 | 15 | 0,70 |
| 5a | 0,6 | * | 8,0 | 11,0 | 8,5 | 11,5 | 15 | 1,1 |
| 4 | 0,8 | * | 6,5 | 18,0 | 6,9 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,3 |
| 5 | 0,8 | * | 8,0 | 18,0 | 8,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,7 |
| 6 | 0,8 | * | 10,0 | 18,0 | 10,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 2,5 |
| 7 | 0,8 | * | 10,0 | 25,0 | 10,5 | 25,0 | 30 | 3,3 |
| 00 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 10,0 | 30,0 | 10,5 | 30,5 | 35 | 4 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 12,5 | 30,0 | 13,0 | 30,5 | 35 | 6,3 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 15,0 | 30,0 | 15,5 | 30,5 | 35 | 8,2 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 18,0 | 30,0 | 18,5 | 30,5 | 35 | 10,9 |
| 04 | 0,8 | 34 ± 1 | 18,0 | 40,0 | 18,5 | 41,5 | 45 | 14 |
| 05 | 0,8 | 34 ± 1 | 21,0 | 40,0 | 21,5 | 41,5 | 45 | 19 |

* Case sizes 2 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels (see PACKING).

Table 4 Physical dimensions, style 2

| case size | style 2 | | | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------|--------------------|
| | ϕd_1 | ϕd_2 | ϕD_1 | $\phi D_{2_{max}}$ | D3 | L | |
| 02 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 15,0 | 17,5 | 16,5 ± 0,2 | 31 ± 1 | 8,6 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 31 ± 1 | 11,5 |
| 04 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 42 ± 1 | 14,5 |
| 05 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 21,0 | 22,5 | 21,5 ± 0,2 | 42 ± 1 | 19,7 |

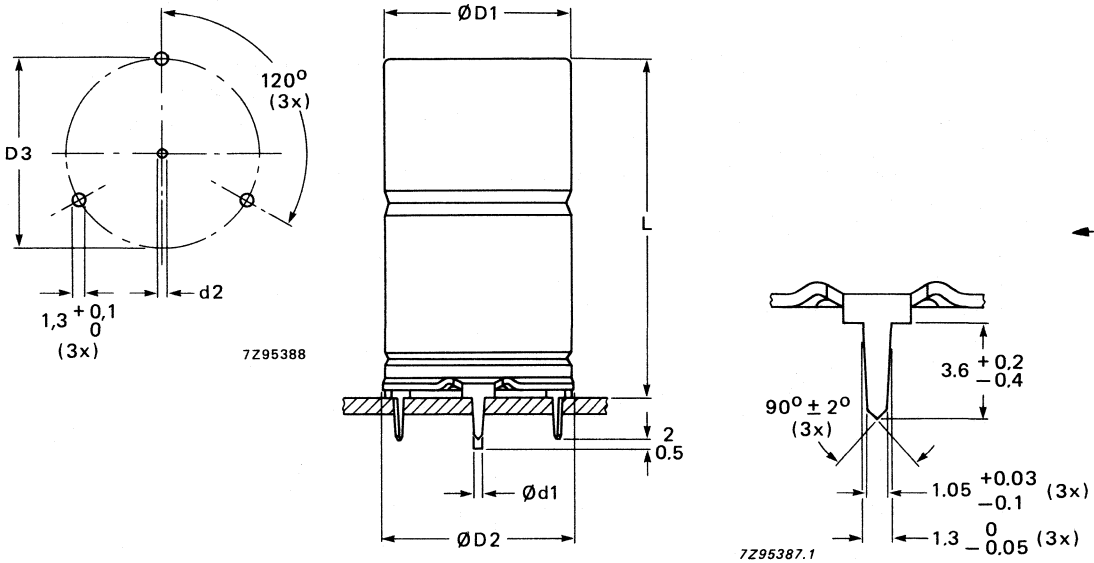


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 4 for dimensions.

Table 5 Physical dimensions, style 3

| case size | style 3 | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | |
| 2 | 0,6 | 5,0 | 12,5 | 2,5- 5 | 0,40 |
| 3 | 0,6 | 6,3 | 12,5 | 3,5- 7,5 | 0,55 |
| 5a | 0,6 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 5 -10 | 1,0 |
| 4 | 0,8 | 6,9 | 21,5 | 5 -10 | 1,2 |
| 5 | 0,8 | 8,5 | 21,5 | 5 -10 | 1,6 |
| 6 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 21,5 | 7,5-12,5 | 2,3 |
| 7 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 28,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 3,1 |
| 00 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 34,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 3,8 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 13,0 | 34,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 6,1 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 15,5 | 34,0 | 10,0-15,0 | 8,0 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 18,5 | 34,0 | 10,0-15,0 | |

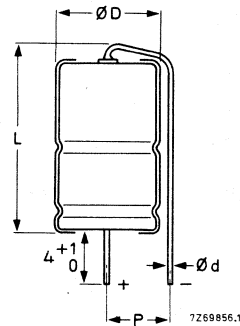


Fig. 3 Style 3; see Table 5 for dimensions.

→ **Table 6** Physical dimensions, style 4

| case size | style 4 | | | P |
|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | |
| 00 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 34,0 | 7,5–12,5 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 13,0 | 34,0 | 7,5–12,5 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 15,5 | 34,0 | 10,0–15,0 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 18,5 | 34,0 | 10,0–15,0 |

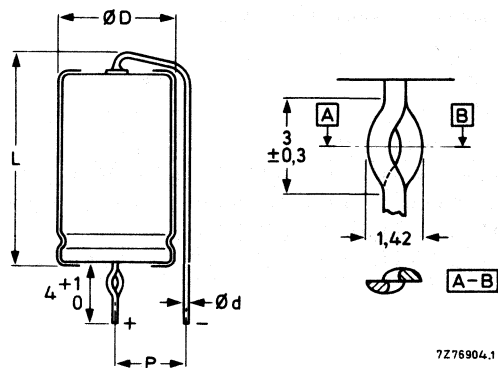


Fig. 4 Style 4; see Table 6 for dimensions.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- tolerance on nominal capacitance;
- rated voltage;
- group number (021);
- code for factory of origin;
- name of manufacturer;
- date code in accordance with IEC 62;
- band to identify the negative terminal;
- + signs to identify the positive terminal (not for case sizes 2, 3 and 5a).

Mounting

The capacitors are suitable for mounting on printed-wiring boards; the required hole diameters are shown in Table 7.

→ **Table 7** Hole diameters for mounting capacitors

| style | lead/pin diameter | required hole diameter |
|---------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1 and 3 | 0,6 mm lead | 0,8 + 0,1 mm |
| | 0,8 mm lead | 1,0 + 0,1 mm |
| 2 | 0,8 mm anode pin | 1,0 + 0,1 mm |
| | 1,0 mm anode pin | 1,3 + 0,1 mm |
| | cathode pins | 1,3 + 0,1 mm |
| 4 | anode pin | 1,3 + 0,1 mm |
| | 0,8 mm cathode lead | 1,0 + 0,1 mm |

Minimum atmospheric pressure

Case sizes 00 to 05

8,5 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 8 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 8 Electrical data

| U _R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 021 followed by |
|----------------|-----------|---|--|------------|----------|------------------|-------|-----------|---|
| | μF | | | | | mA | μA | | |
| 6,3 | 470 | 180 | 22 | 0,25 | 1,05 | 0,64 | | 5a | . 3471 |
| | 1000 | 310 | 42 | 0,25 | 0,5 | 0,30 | | 5 | . 3102 |
| | 2200 | 530 | 87 | 0,29 | 0,26 | 0,16 | | 7 | ** |
| 10 | 100 | 65 | 10 | 0,20 | 3,2 | 2,0 | | 2 | . 4101 |
| | 220 | 110 | 17 | 0,20 | 1,5 | 0,91 | | 3 | . 4221 |
| | 330 | 165 | 24 | 0,20 | 1,0 | 0,61 | | 5a | . 4331 |
| | 470 | 210 | 32 | 0,20 | 0,68 | 0,43 | | 4 | . 4471 |
| | 680 | 285 | 45 | 0,20 | 0,47 | 0,29 | | 5 | . 4681 |
| | 1000 | 400 | 64 | 0,20 | 0,32 | 0,20 | | 6 | . 4102 |
| | 1500 | 530 | 94 | 0,23 | 0,25 | 0,18 | | 7 | ** |
| | 1500 | 570 | 94 | 0,23 | 0,245 | 0,18 | 0,30 | 00 | . 4152 |
| | 2200 | 740 | 136 | 0,25 | 0,177 | 0,095 | 0,20 | 01 | . 4222 |
| | 3300 | 920 | 202 | 0,27 | 0,128 | 0,095 | 0,14 | 01 | . 4332 |
| | 4700 | 1150 | 286 | 0,29 | 0,100 | 0,07 | 0,096 | 02 | . 4472 |
| 6800 | 1460 | 412 | 0,34 | 0,079 | 0,065 | 0,066 | 03 | . 4682 | |
| 10000 | 1840 | 604 | 0,40 | 0,064 | 0,04 | 0,045 | 04 | . 4103 | |
| 15000 | 2200 | 904 | 0,50 | 0,054 | 0,035 | 0,040 | 05 | . 4153 | |
| 16 | 68 | 60 | 11 | 0,16 | 3,8 | 2,4 | | 2 | . 5689 |
| | 150 | 100 | 18 | 0,16 | 1,7 | 1,1 | | 3 | . 5151 |
| | 220 | 150 | 25 | 0,16 | 1,2 | 0,73 | | 5a | . 5221 |
| | 330 | 200 | 36 | 0,16 | 0,77 | 0,48 | | 4 | . 5331 |
| | 470 | 265 | 49 | 0,16 | 0,55 | 0,34 | | 5 | . 5471 |
| | 680 | 365 | 69 | 0,16 | 0,38 | 0,24 | | 6 | . 5681 |
| | 1000 | 510 | 100 | 0,16 | 0,26 | 0,18 | | 7 | ** |
| | 1000 | 530 | 100 | 0,16 | 0,260 | 0,175 | | 00 | . 5102 |
| | 1500 | 680 | 148 | 0,19 | 0,205 | 0,095 | 0,267 | 01 | . 5152 |
| | 2200 | 880 | 216 | 0,21 | 0,150 | 0,095 | 0,182 | 01 | . 5222 |
| | 3300 | 1120 | 321 | 0,23 | 0,111 | 0,07 | 0,121 | 02 | . 5332 |
| 4700 | 1390 | 455 | 0,25 | 0,087 | 0,065 | 0,085 | 03 | . 5472 | |
| 6800 | 1760 | 656 | 0,30 | 0,070 | 0,04 | 0,060 | 04 | . 5682 | |
| 10000 | 2100 | 964 | 0,36 | 0,058 | 0,035 | 0,042 | 05 | . 5103 | |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:

- 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 2, 3 and 4)
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a, 5, 6 and 7) } case sizes 2 to 7
 4 for style 2; case sizes 02 to 05;
 8 for style 3; case sizes 2 to 03;
 7 for style 4; case sizes 00 to 03.

** See Table 9.

Table 8 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 021 followed by | |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|--|------------|---------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|---|--------|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 1 kHz | | | |
| 25 | 47 | 50 | 11 | 0,14 | 4,8 | 2,6 | | 2 | . 6479 | |
| | 100 | 90 | 19 | 0,14 | 2,3 | 1,2 | | 3 | . 6101 | |
| | 150 | 135 | 27 | 0,14 | 1,5 | 0,80 | | 5a | ** | |
| | 150 | 145 | 27 | 0,14 | 1,5 | 0,80 | | 4 | . 6151 | |
| | 220 | 170 | 37 | 0,14 | 1,0 | 0,55 | | 4 | . 6221 | |
| | 330 | 240 | 54 | 0,14 | 0,68 | 0,36 | | 5 | . 6331 | |
| | 470 | 325 | 75 | 0,14 | 0,48 | 0,26 | | 6 | . 6471 | |
| | 680 | 450 | 106 | 0,14 | 0,33 | 0,18 | | 7 | ** | |
| | 680 | 480 | 106 | 0,14 | 0,323 | 0,175 | | 00 | . 6681 | |
| | 1000 | 630 | 154 | 0,14 | 0,220 | 0,095 | | 01 | . 6102 | |
| | 1500 | 780 | 229 | 0,17 | 0,179 | 0,095 | 0,20 | 01 | . 6152 | |
| | 2200 | 1020 | 334 | 0,19 | 0,132 | 0,07 | 0,136 | 02 | . 6222 | |
| | 3300 | 1240 | 499 | 0,21 | 0,099 | 0,065 | 0,091 | 03 | . 6332 | |
| | 4700 | 1650 | 709 | 0,23 | 0,079 | 0,04 | 0,064 | 04 | . 6472 | |
| | 6800 | 2000 | 1024 | 0,28 | 0,064 | 0,035 | 0,044 | 05 | . 6682 | |
| | 40 | 22 | 40 | 9 | 0,11 | 8,0 | 3,2 | | 2 | . 7229 |
| | | 47 | 70 | 15 | 0,11 | 3,8 | 1,5 | | 3 | . 7479 |
| 100 | | 120 | 28 | 0,11 | 1,8 | 0,70 | | 5a | ** | |
| 100 | | 130 | 28 | 0,11 | 1,8 | 0,70 | | 4 | . 7101 | |
| 150 | | 180 | 40 | 0,11 | 1,1 | 0,47 | | 5 | . 7151 | |
| 220 | | 250 | 57 | 0,11 | 0,8 | 0,32 | | 6 | . 7221 | |
| 330 | | 350 | 83 | 0,11 | 0,53 | 0,21 | | 7 | . 7331 | |
| 470 | | 440 | 117 | 0,12 | 0,404 | 0,175 | | 00 | . 7471 | |
| 680 | | 580 | 167 | 0,12 | 0,297 | 0,095 | | 01 | . 7681 | |
| 1000 | | 730 | 244 | 0,12 | 0,190 | 0,095 | | 01 | . 7102 | |
| 1500 | | 815 | 364 | 0,15 | 0,159 | 0,07 | 0,160 | 02 | . 7152 | |
| 2200 | | 1170 | 532 | 0,17 | 0,118 | 0,065 | 0,110 | 03 | . 7222 | |
| 3300 | | 1500 | 796 | 0,19 | 0,090 | 0,04 | 0,073 | 04 | . 7332 | |
| 4700 | 1815 | 1132 | 0,21 | 0,072 | 0,035 | 0,051 | 05 | . 7472 | | |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 2, 3 and 4)
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a, 5, 6 and 7) } case sizes 2 to 7
 4 for style 2; case sizes 02 to 05;
 8 for style 3; case sizes 2 to 03;
 7 for style 4; case sizes 00 to 03.

** See Table 9.

Table 8 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 021 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|--|------------|---------------|------------------|----------|-----------|---|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 1 kHz | | |
| 63 | 0,22 | 5 | 4,1 | 0,09 | 650 | 250 | | 2 | . 8227 |
| | 0,33 | 5 | 4,1 | 0,09 | 440 | 170 | | 2 | . 8337 |
| | 0,47 | 8 | 4,2 | 0,09 | 310 | 120 | | 2 | . 8477 |
| | 0,68 | 10 | 4,3 | 0,09 | 210 | 81 | | 2 | . 8687 |
| | 1 | 12 | 4,4 | 0,09 | 150 | 55 | | 2 | . 8108 |
| | 1,5 | 12 | 4,6 | 0,09 | 100 | 37 | | 2 | . 8158 |
| | 2,2 | 21 | 4,8 | 0,09 | 65 | 25 | | 2 | . 8228 |
| | 3,3 | 25 | 5,2 | 0,09 | 44 | 17 | | 2 | . 8338 |
| | 4,7 | 31 | 5,8 | 0,09 | 31 | 12 | | 2 | . 8478 |
| | 6,8 | 31 | 6,6 | 0,09 | 21 | 8,1 | | 2 | . 8688 |
| | 10 | 35 | 7,8 | 0,08 | 13 | 5,5 | | 2 | . 8109 |
| | 15 | 40 | 9,5 | 0,08 | 8,5 | 3,7 | | 2 | . 8159 |
| | 22 | 55 | 12 | 0,08 | 5,8 | 2,5 | | 3 | . 8229 |
| | 33 | 65 | 16 | 0,08 | 3,9 | 1,7 | | 3 | . 8339 |
| | 47 | 100 | 22 | 0,08 | 2,7 | 1,2 | | 5a | ** |
| | 47 | 105 | 22 | 0,08 | 2,7 | 1,2 | | 4 | . 8479 |
| | 68 | 120 | 30 | 0,08 | 1,9 | 0,81 | | 5a | ** |
| | 68 | 125 | 30 | 0,08 | 1,9 | 0,81 | | 4 | . 8689 |
| | 100 | 175 | 42 | 0,08 | 1,3 | 0,55 | | 5 | . 8101 |
| | 150 | 245 | 61 | 0,08 | 0,85 | 0,37 | | 6 | . 8151 |
| | 220 | 350 | 88 | 0,08 | 0,60 | 0,25 | | 7 | ** |
| | 220 | 350 | 88 | 0,08 | 0,614 | 0,20 | | 00 | . 8221 |
| | 330 | 480 | 129 | 0,08 | 0,409 | 0,14 | | 01 | . 8331 |
| | 470 | 570 | 182 | 0,08 | 0,287 | 0,10 | | 01 | . 8471 |
| | 680 | 770 | 261 | 0,08 | 0,199 | 0,080 | | 02 | . 8681 |
| | 1000 | 1035 | 382 | 0,08 | 0,135 | 0,065 | | 03 | . 8102 |
| 1500 | 1330 | 571 | 0,11 | 0,122 | 0,04 | 0,143 | 04 | . 8152 | |
| 2200 | 1740 | 836 | 0,13 | 0,099 | 0,035 | 0,098 | 05 | . 8222 | |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:

1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;

2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 2, 3 and 4)

3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a, 5, 6 and 7) | case sizes 2 to 7

4 for style 2; case sizes 02 to 05;

8 for style 3; case sizes 2 to 03;

7 for style 4; case sizes 00 to 03.

** See Table 9.

Table 8 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 021 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|--|------------|---------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|---|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 1 kHz | | |
| 100 | 1 | 14 | 4,6 | 0,08 | 130 | 90 | | 2 | . 9108 |
| | 2,2 | 20 | 5,3 | 0,08 | 58 | 41 | | 2 | . 9228 |
| | 4,7 | 21 | 7 | 0,08 | 27 | 19 | | 2 | . 9478 |
| | 6,8 | 25 | 8 | 0,08 | 19 | 13 | | 2 | . 9688 |
| | 10 | 45 | 10 | 0,08 | 13 | 9 | | 3 | . 9109 |
| | 15 | 55 | 13 | 0,08 | 8,5 | 6 | | 5a | ** |
| | 15 | 60 | 13 | 0,08 | 8,5 | 6 | | 4 | . 9159 |
| | 22 | 67 | 17 | 0,08 | 5,8 | 4,1 | | 5a | ** |
| | 22 | 72 | 17 | 0,08 | 5,8 | 4,1 | | 4 | . 9229 |
| | 33 | 90 | 24 | 0,08 | 3,9 | 2,7 | | 4 | . 9339 |
| | 47 | 120 | 32 | 0,08 | 2,7 | 1,9 | | 5 | . 9479 |
| | 68 | 165 | 45 | 0,08 | 1,9 | 1,3 | | 6 | . 9689 |
| | 100 | 230 | 64 | 0,08 | 1,3 | 0,9 | | 7 | ** |
| | 100 | 262 | 64 | 0,07 | 1,150 | 1,0 | | 00 | . 9101 |
| | 150 | 415 | 94 | 0,07 | 0,645 | 0,61 | | 01 | . 9151 |
| | 220 | 454 | 136 | 0,08 | 0,610 | 0,56 | | 01 | . 9221 |
| | 330 | 544 | 202 | 0,09 | 0,420 | 0,40 | | 02 | . 9331 |
| | 470 | 695 | 286 | 0,09 | 0,310 | 0,29 | | 03 | . 9471 |
| | 680 | 971 | 412 | 0,09 | 0,195 | 0,18 | | 04 | . 9681 |
| | 1000 | 1161 | 604 | 0,10 | 0,160 | 0,15 | | 05 | . 9102 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 2, 3 and 4) |
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a, 6 and 7) | case sizes 2 to 7
 4 for style 2; case sizes 02 to 05;
 8 for style 3; case sizes 2 to 03.
 7 for style 4; case sizes 00 to 03.

** See Table 9.

Table 9 Alternative case size information

| UR V | nom. cap. μF | case size | catalogue number | | |
|---------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | style 1 on reel | style 1 in box | style 3 |
| → 6,3 | 2200 | 7 | 2222 021 90588 | 2222 021 90589 | 2222 021 90591 |
| 10 | 1500 | 7 | 90524 | 90525 | 90526 |
| 16 | 1000 | 7 | 90517 | 90518 | 90519 |
| 25 | 150 | 5a | 90534 | 90535 | 90536 |
| | 680 | 7 | 90527 | 90528 | 90529 |
| 40 | 100 | 5a | 90537 | 90538 | 90539 |
| 63 | 47 | 5a | 90541 | 90542 | 90543 |
| | 68 | 5a | 90544 | 90545 | 90546 |
| | 220 | 7 | 90511 | 90512 | 90513 |
| 100 | 15 | 5a | 90547 | 90548 | 90549 |
| | 22 | 5a | 90551 | 90552 | 90553 |
| | 100 | 7 | 90531 | 90532 | 90533 |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 8

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

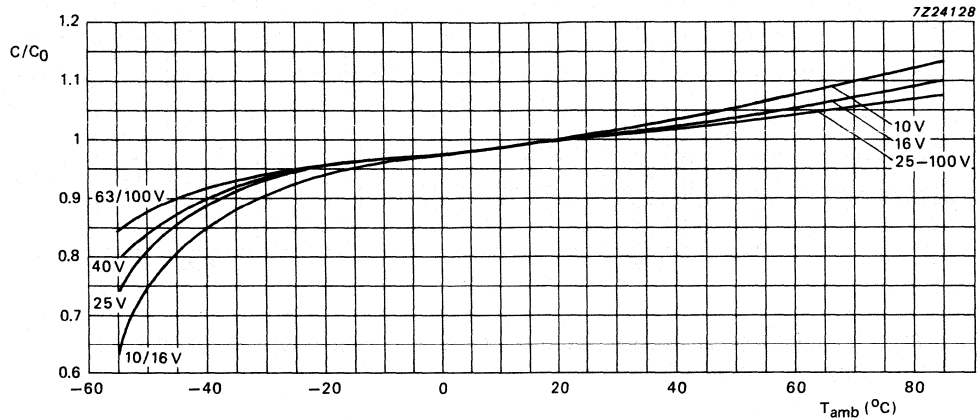


Fig. 5 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 2 to 7; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

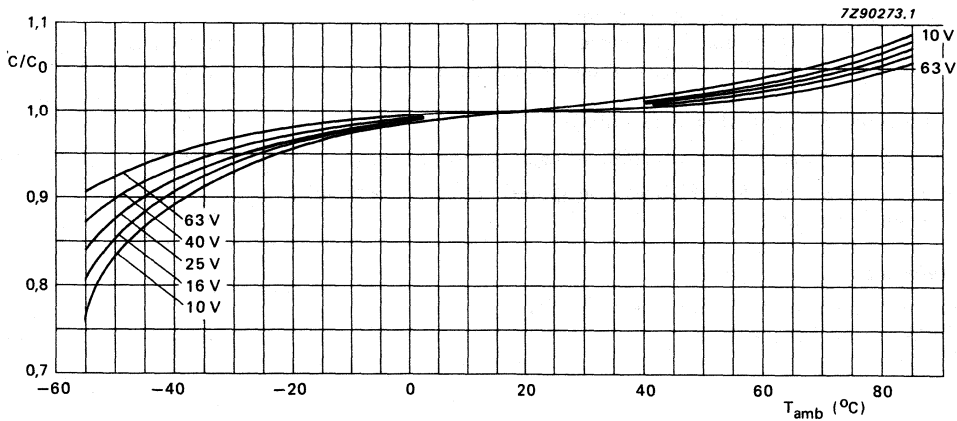


Fig. 6 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 00 to 05; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

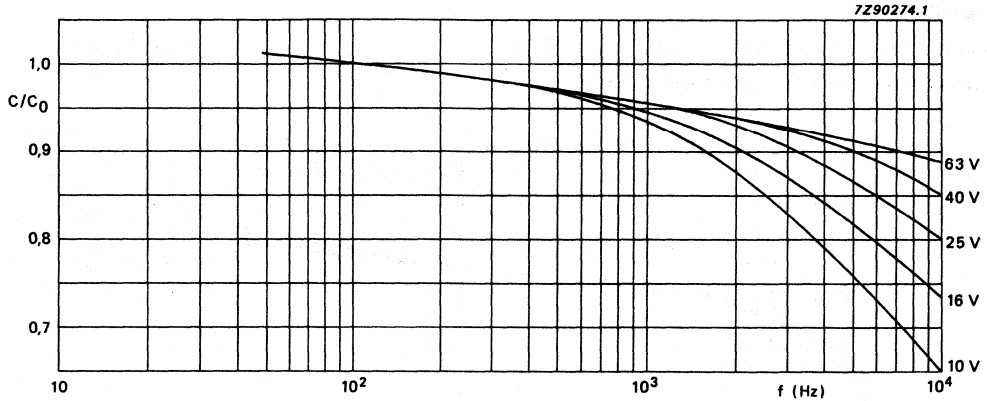


Fig. 7 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; case sizes 2 to 05; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C; 100 Hz.

Voltage



Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied

c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

| core temperature ▲ | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| 2 V | 1 V |
| between U_R and | |
| -2 V | -1 V |
| $1,2 U_R$ | $1,15 \times U_R$ |
| 2 V | 1 V |

see Table 8

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

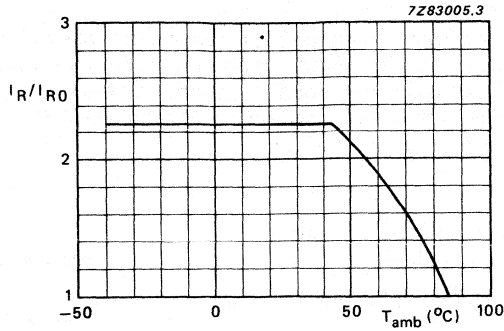


Fig. 8 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

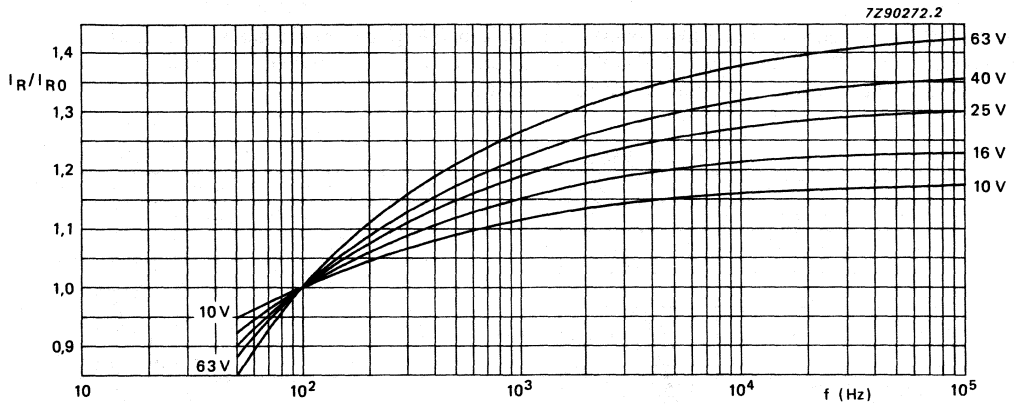


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; case sizes 2 to 05; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 8 (0,006 CU + 4 μA)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , case sizes 2 to 7 at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

approx. 0,1 x values stated in Table 8

case sizes 00 to 05 at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

approx. 0,01 x values stated in Table 8

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

\leq values stated in Table 8

If the DC leakage current is too high, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$), application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 8.

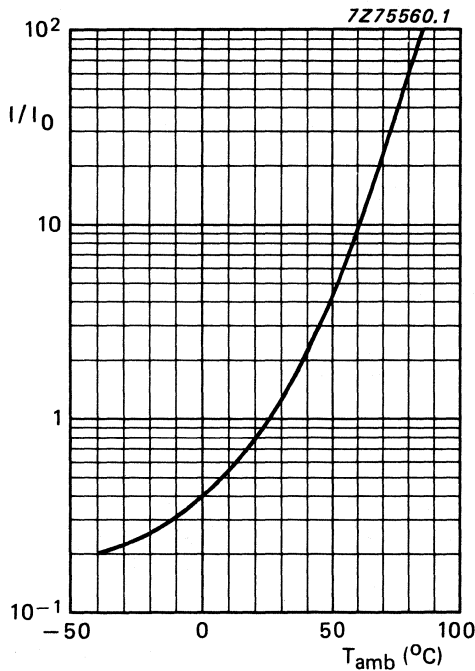


Fig. 10 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 00 to 05; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and U_R .

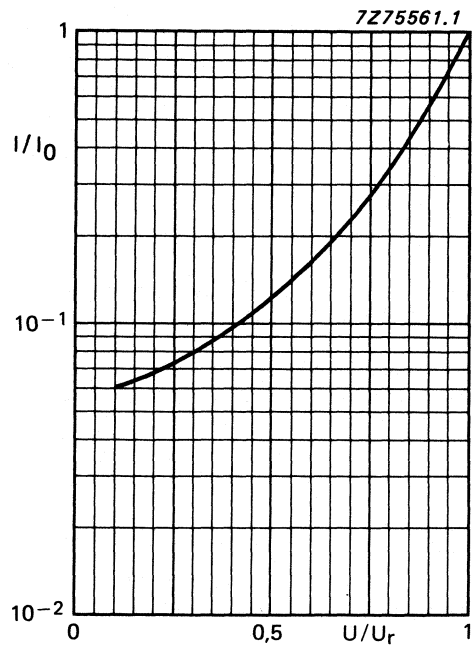


Fig. 11 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R ; case sizes 00 to 05; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and U_R .

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by means of a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 8

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured
by means of a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 8

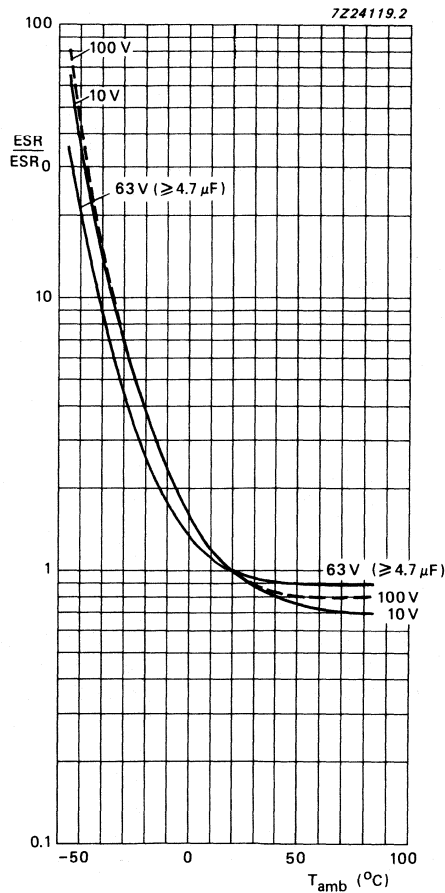


Fig. 12 Multiplier of ESR ($\frac{ESR}{ESR_0}$) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 2 to 7; ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

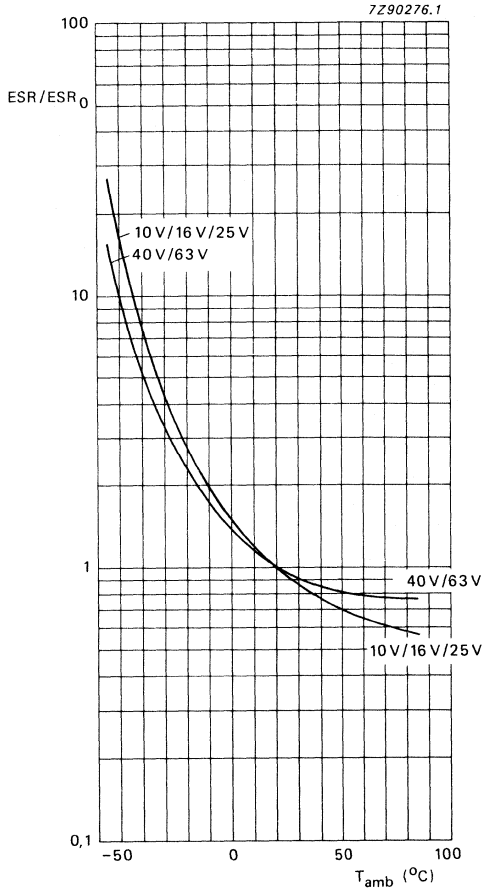


Fig. 13 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 00, 01 and 02; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

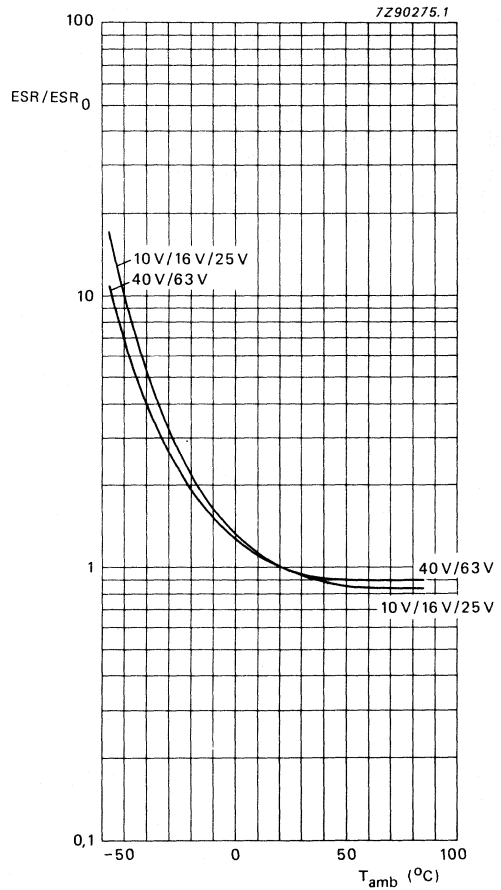


Fig. 14 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 03, 04 and 05; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

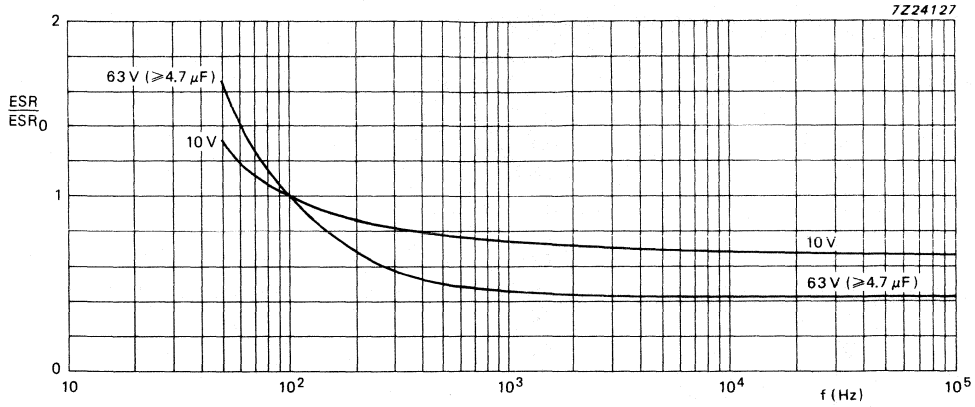


Fig. 15 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR₀) as a function of frequency, case sizes 2 to 7; ESR₀ = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

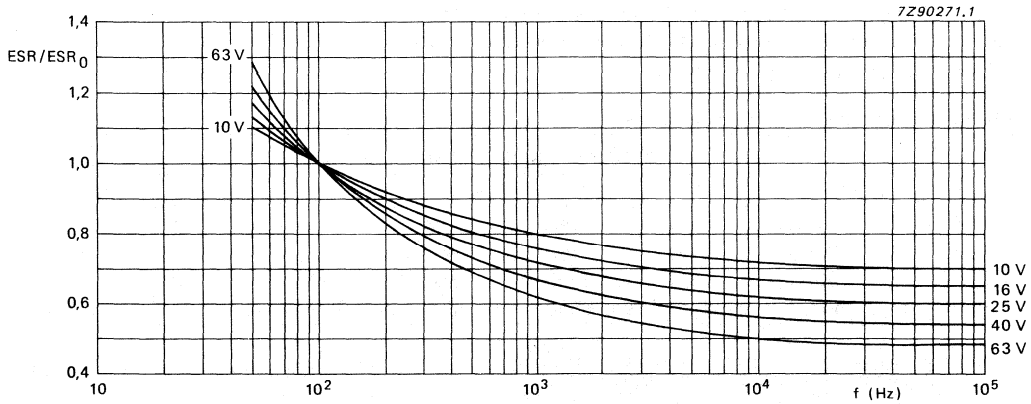


Fig. 16 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR₀) as a function of frequency; case sizes 00 to 05; ESR₀ = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

→ Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Table 10 Equivalent series inductance, typical values

| case size | 2222 021 1 2 3 | 2222 021 4 | 2222 021 7 8 |
|-----------|----------------------|------------|-----------------|
| 2 | 10 nH | | 11,5 nH |
| 3 | 22 | | 23,5 |
| 5a | 85 | | 87 |
| 4 | 25 | | 28 |
| 5 | 40 | | 43 |
| 6 | 61 | | 64 |
| 7 | 38 | | 42 |
| 00 | 38 | | 46 |
| 01 | 46 | | 54 |
| 02 | 48 | 39 nH | 56 |
| 03 | 50 | 39 | 60 |
| 04 | 54 | 39 | |
| 05 | 59 | 39 | |

Impedance

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 1 kHz or 10 kHz, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$, at 10 kHz; case sizes 2 to 7

see Table 8
see Table 11

Table 11 Impedance x capacitance values

| T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom} (\Omega \mu\text{F})$ at U_R ; at 10 kHz | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| + 20 °C | ≤ 300 | ≤ 200 | ≤ 160 | ≤ 120 | ≤ 70 | ≤ 55 | ≤ 90 |
| -25 °C | ≤ 2000 | ≤ 1200 | ≤ 750 | ≤ 560 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 180 | ≤ 600 |
| -40 °C | ≤ 5500 | ≤ 3200 | ≤ 2000 | ≤ 1500 | ≤ 900 | ≤ 500 | ≤ 1600 |
| -55 °C | typ. 15 000 | typ. 9000 | typ. 6500 | typ. 5000 | typ. 3000 | typ. 1500 | typ. 5000 |

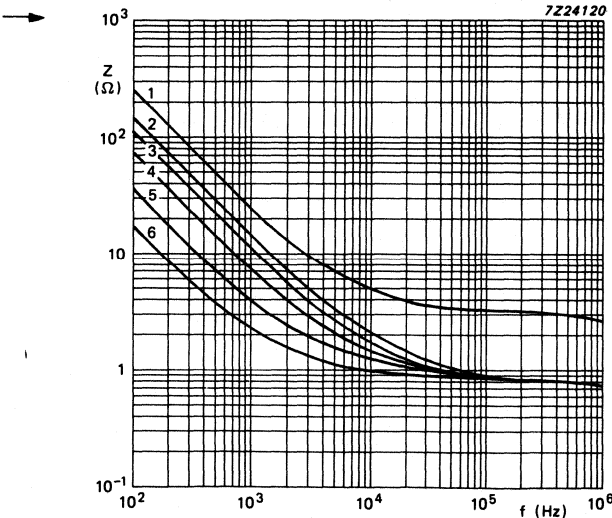


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2

- Curve 1 = 6,8 μF , 100 V
- curve 2 = 10 μF , 63 V
- curve 3 = 15 μF , 63 V
- curve 4 = 22 μF , 40 V
- curve 5 = 47 μF , 25 V
- curve 6 = 100 μF , 10 V

Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 3

- Curve 1 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V
- curve 2 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V
- curve 3 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V
- curve 4 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V
- curve 5 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V
- curve 6 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V

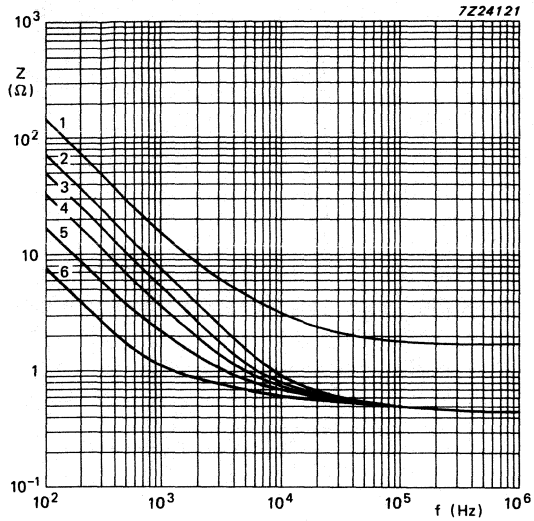
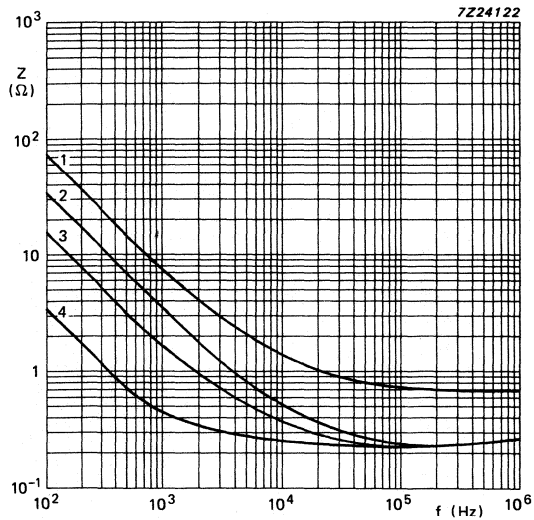


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 4

- Curve 1 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V
- curve 2 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V
- curve 3 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V
- curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V



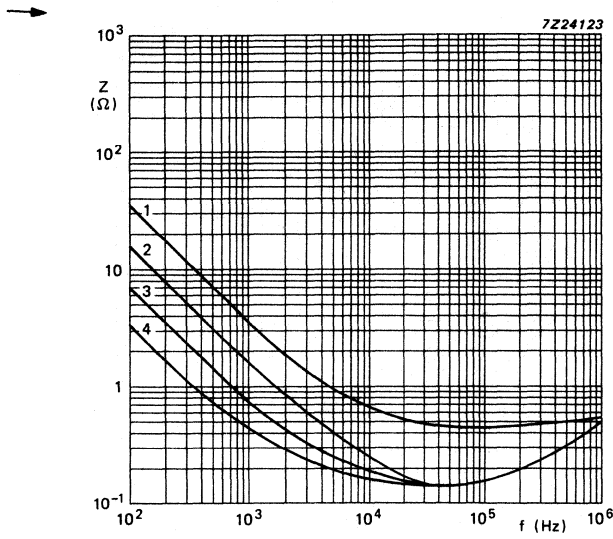


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 5

- Curve 1 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V
- curve 2 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V
- curve 3 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V
- curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V

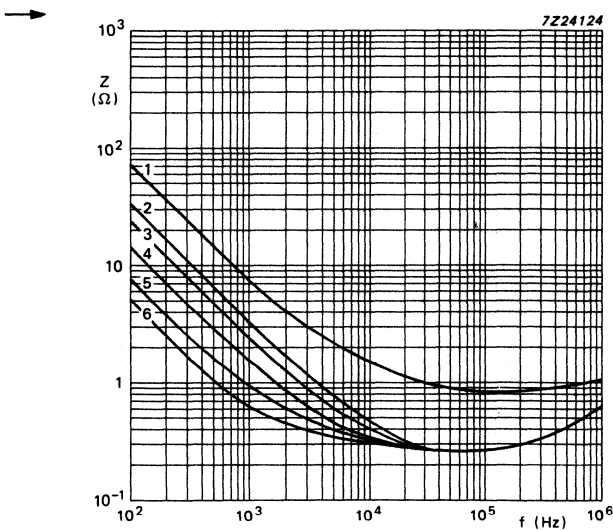


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 5a

- Curve 1 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V
- curve 2 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V
- curve 3 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V
- curve 4 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V
- curve 5 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V
- curve 6 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V

Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 6

- Curve 1 = 220 μF , 40 V
- curve 2 = 470 μF , 25 V
- curve 3 = 1000 μF , 10 V.

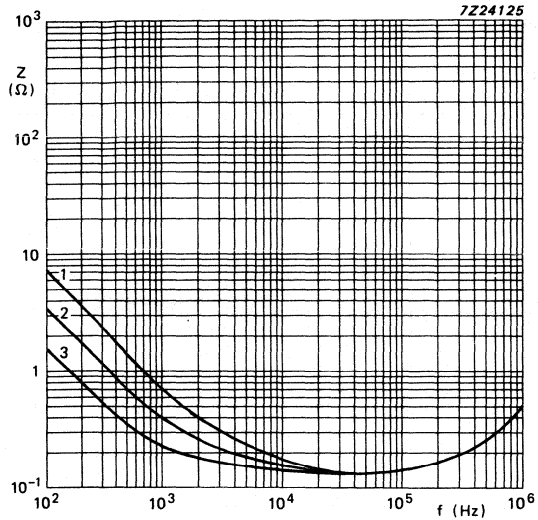
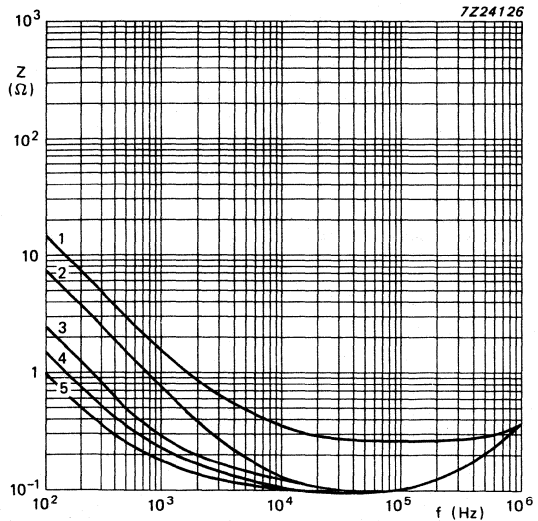


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 7

- Curve 1 = 100 μF , 100 V
- curve 2 = 220 μF , 63 V
- curve 3 = 680 μF , 25 V
- curve 4 = 1000 μF , 16 V
- curve 5 = 1500 μF , 10 V.



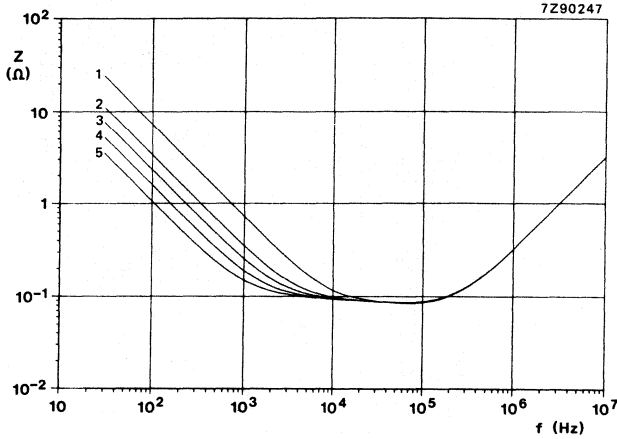


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

- Curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
- curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
- curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
- curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
- curve 5 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

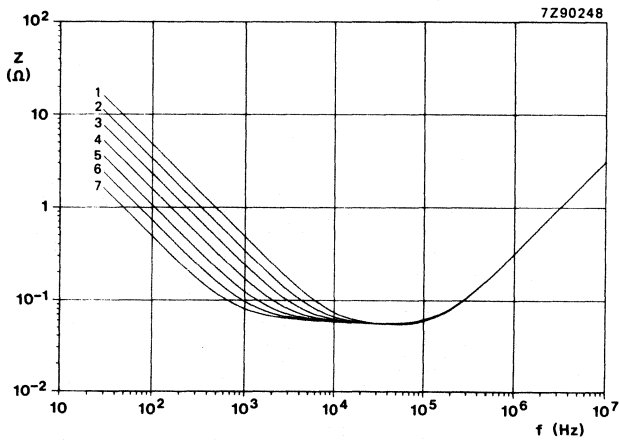


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

- Curve 1 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
- curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
- curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
- curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V and 40 V;
- curve 5 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V and 25 V;
- curve 6 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V and 16 V;
- curve 7 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

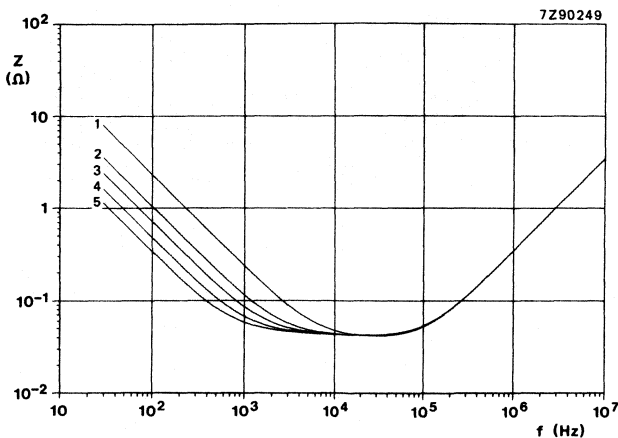


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

- Curve 1 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
- curve 2 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
- curve 3 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
- curve 4 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
- curve 5 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

Curve 1 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

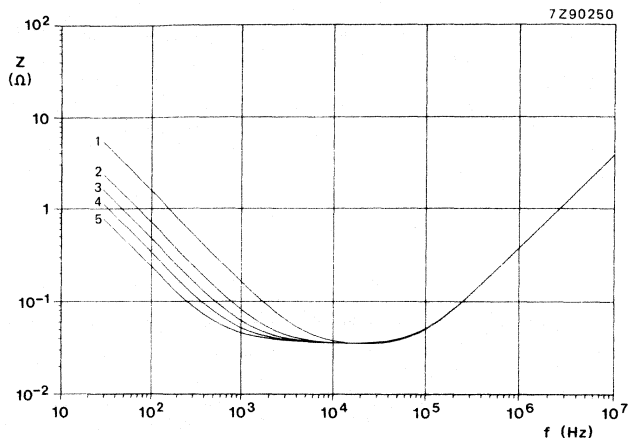


Fig. 28 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

Curve 1 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

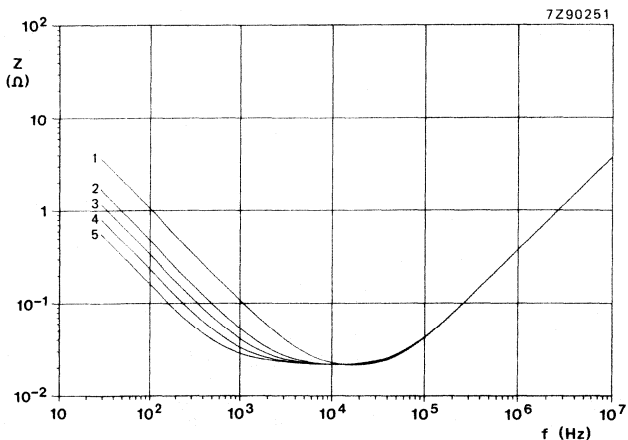
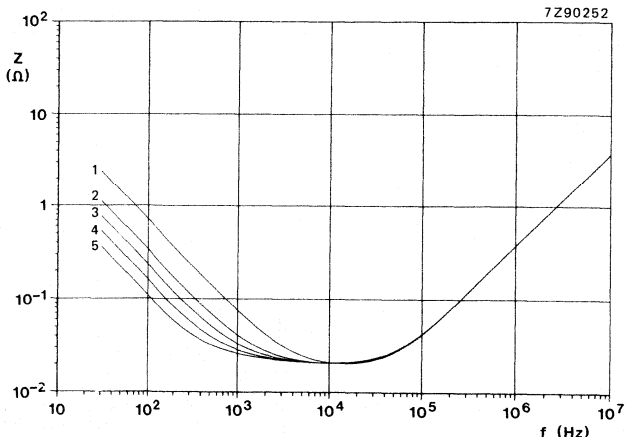


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

Curve 1 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $15\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.



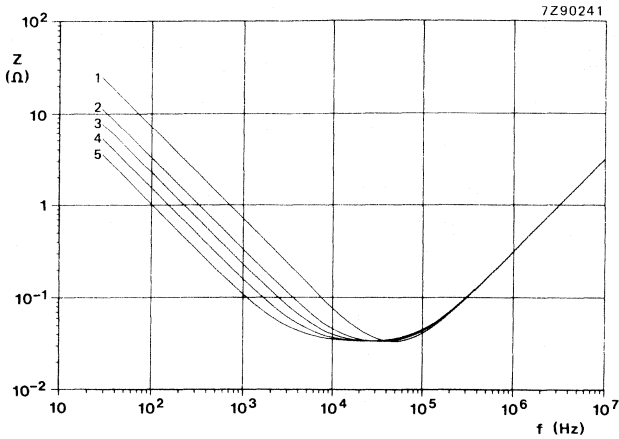


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$, case size 00.

Curve 1 = $220 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470 \mu F$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $680 \mu F$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $1000 \mu F$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $1500 \mu F$, 10 V.

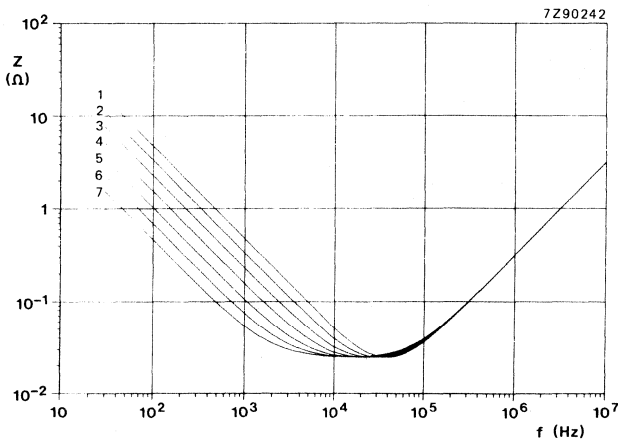


Fig. 31 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$, case size 01.

Curve 1 = $330 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 3 = $680 \mu F$, 40 V;
 curve 4 = $1000 \mu F$, 25 V and 40 V;
 curve 5 = $1500 \mu F$, 16 V and 25 V;
 curve 6 = $2200 \mu F$, 10 V and 16 V;
 curve 7 = $3300 \mu F$, 10 V.

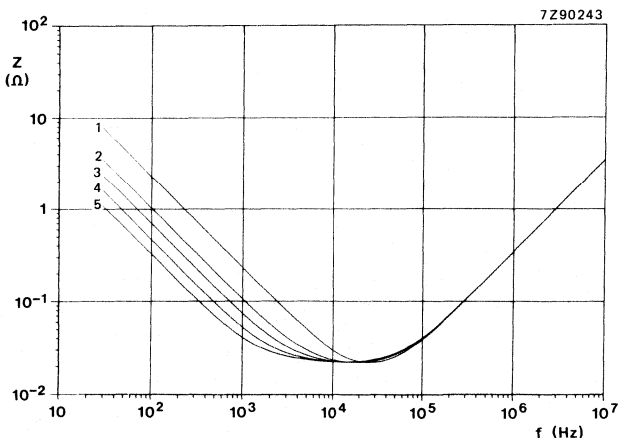


Fig. 32 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 85^{\circ}C$, case size 02.

Curve 1 = $680 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $1500 \mu F$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $2200 \mu F$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $3300 \mu F$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $4700 \mu F$, 10 V.

Fig. 33 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

Curve 1 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

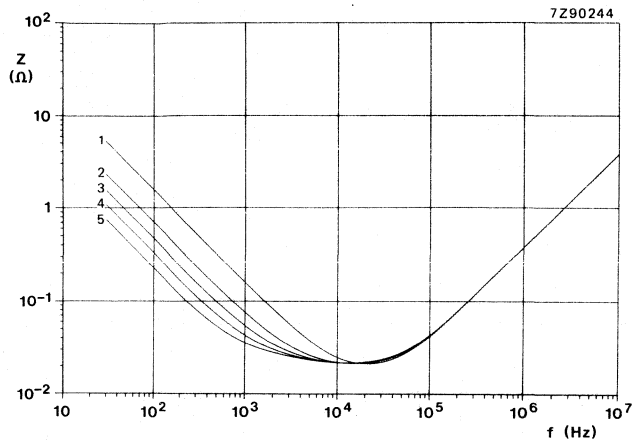


Fig. 34 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

Curve 1 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

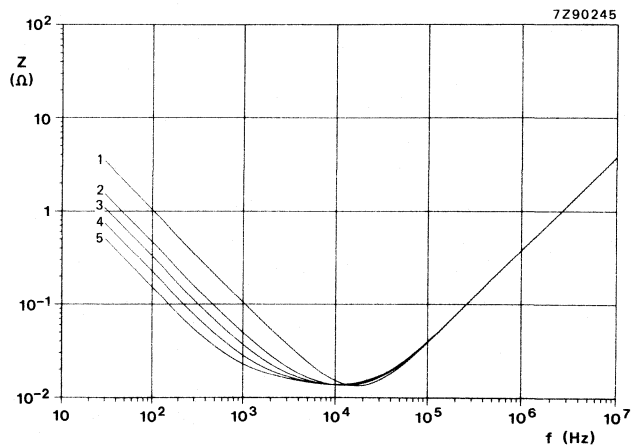
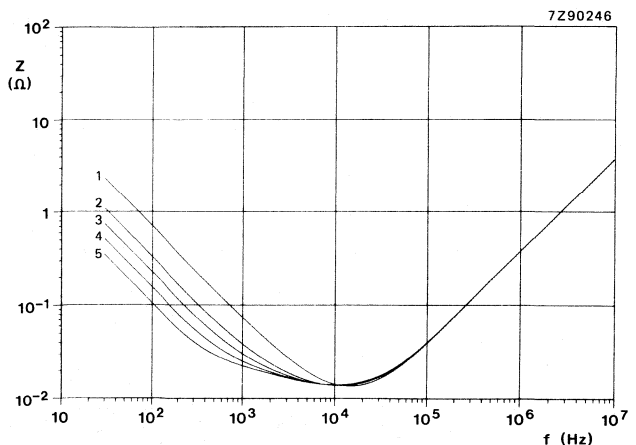


Fig. 35 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

Curve 1 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $15\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.



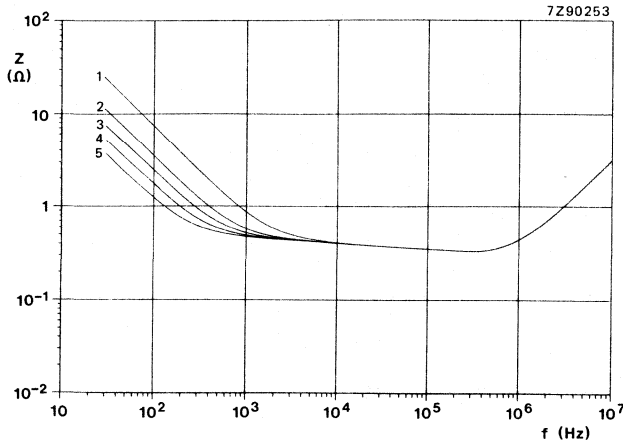


Fig. 36 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

Curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

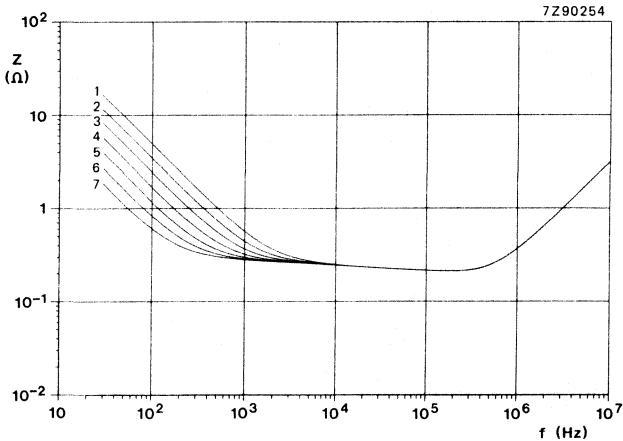


Fig. 37 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

Curve 1 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V and 40 V;
 curve 5 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V and 25 V;
 curve 6 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V and 16 V;
 curve 7 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

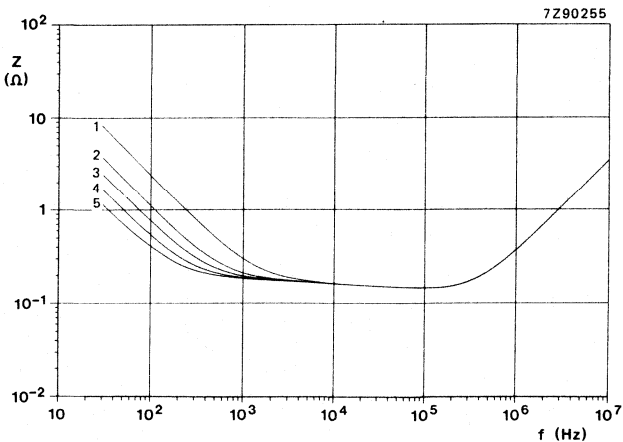


Fig. 38 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

Curve 1 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

Fig. 39 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

Curve 1 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

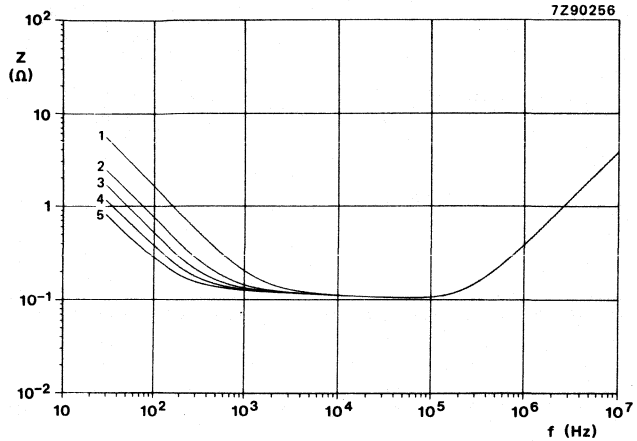


Fig. 40 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

Curve 1 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

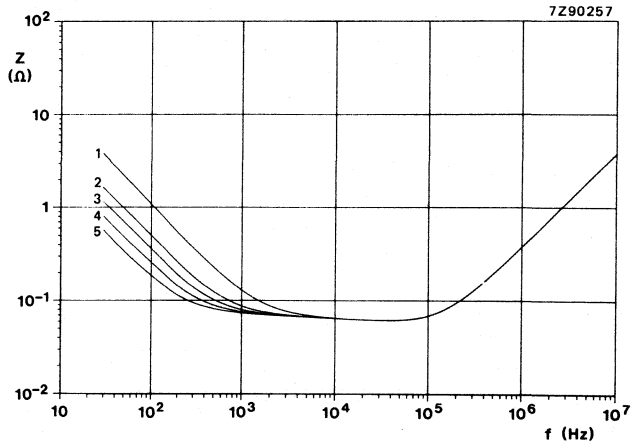
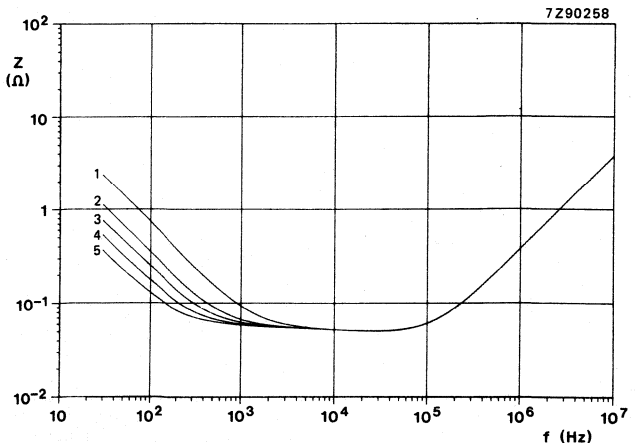


Fig. 41 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

Curve 1 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $15\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.



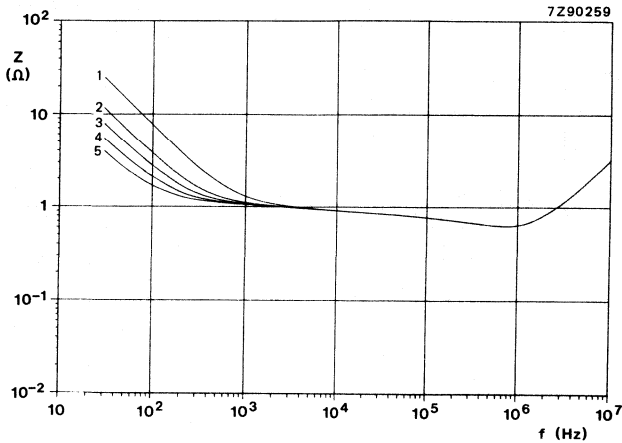


Fig. 42 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

Curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

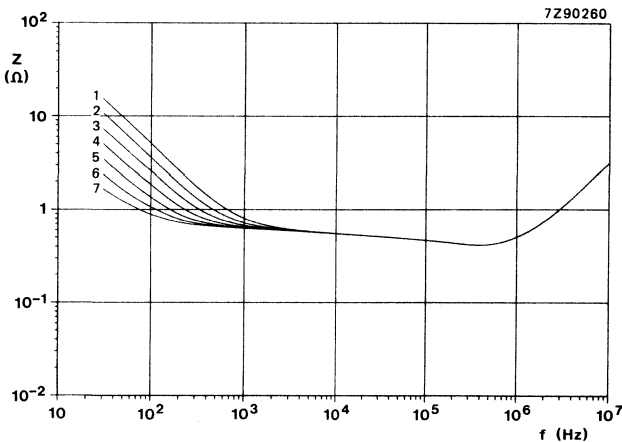


Fig. 43 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

Curve 1 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V and 40 V;
 curve 5 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V and 25 V;
 curve 6 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V and 16 V;
 curve 7 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

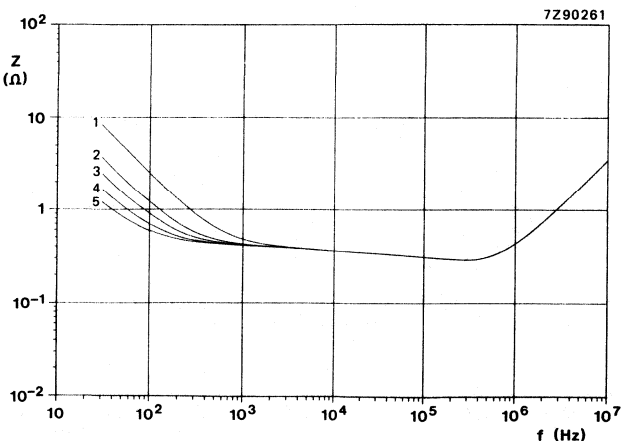


Fig. 44 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

Curve 1 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

Fig. 45 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

Curve 1 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

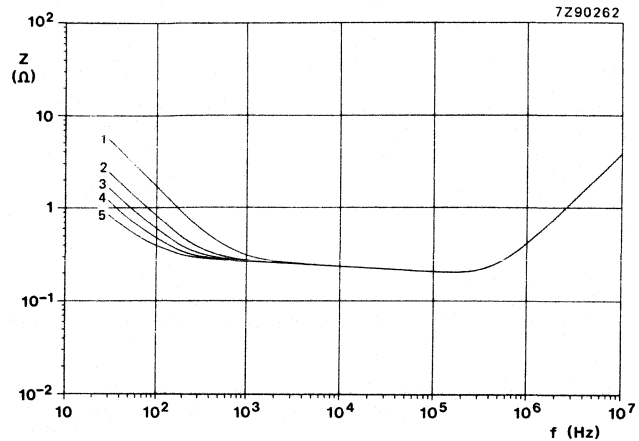


Fig. 46 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

Curve 1 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

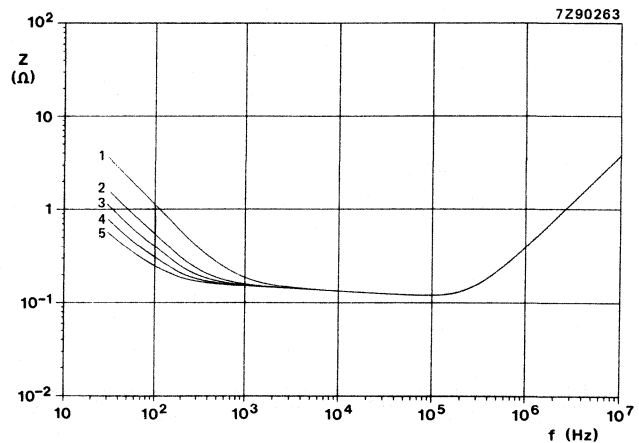
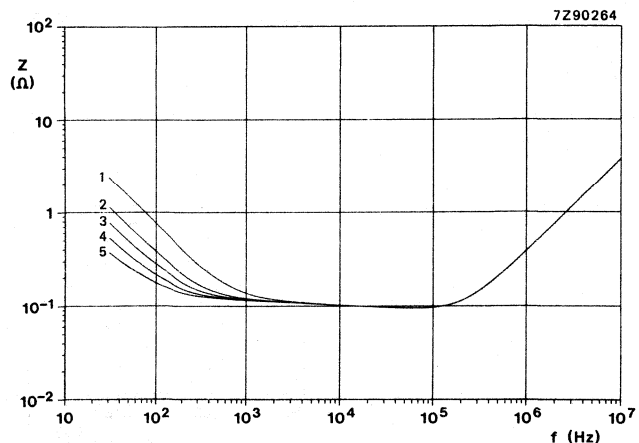


Fig. 47 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

Curve 1 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $15\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.



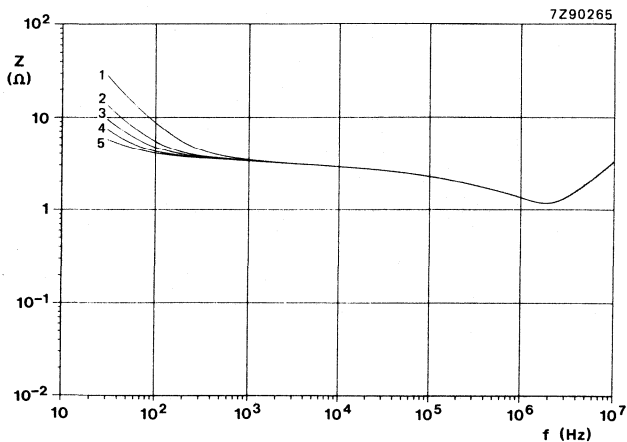


Fig. 48 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$, case size 00.

Curve 1 = $220 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470 \mu F$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $680 \mu F$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $1000 \mu F$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $1500 \mu F$, 10 V.

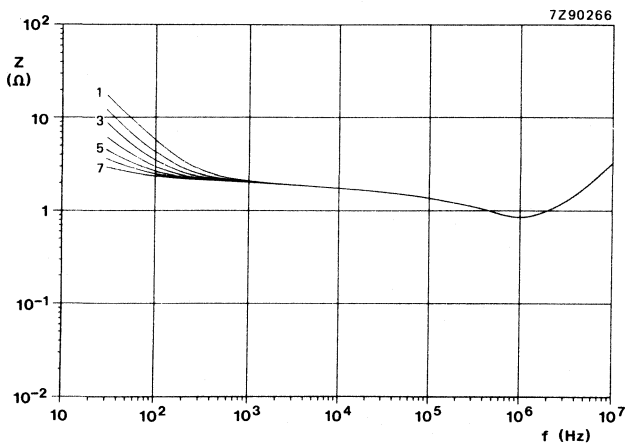


Fig. 49 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$, case size 01.

Curve 1 = $330 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $470 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 3 = $680 \mu F$, 40 V;
 curve 4 = $1000 \mu F$, 25 V and 40 V;
 curve 5 = $1500 \mu F$, 16 V and 25 V;
 curve 6 = $2200 \mu F$, 10 V and 16 V;
 curve 7 = $3300 \mu F$, 10 V.

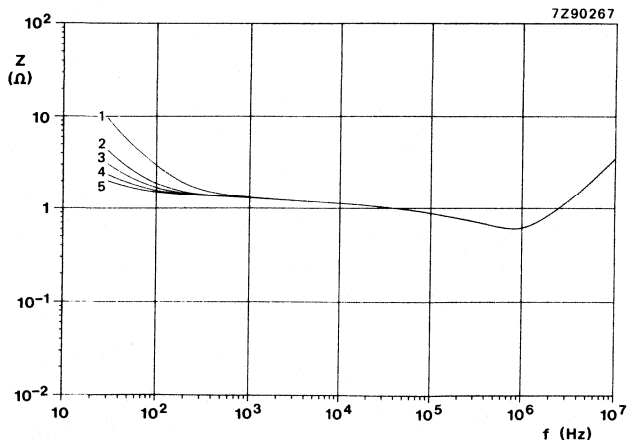


Fig. 50 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}C$, case size 02.

Curve 1 = $680 \mu F$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $1500 \mu F$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $2200 \mu F$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $3300 \mu F$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $4700 \mu F$, 10 V.

Fig. 51 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

Curve 1 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $3300\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $4700\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $6800\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

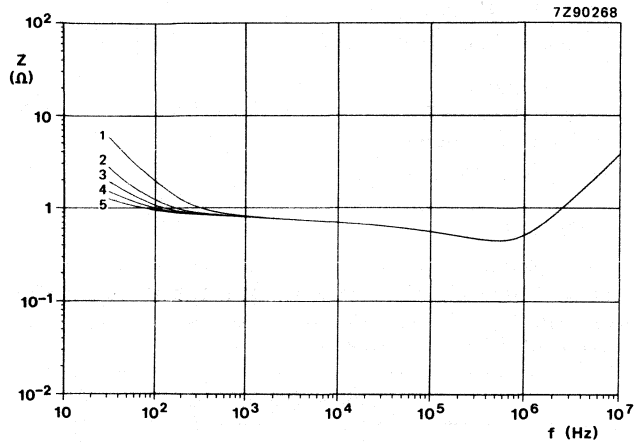


Fig. 52 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

Curve 1 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $3300\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $4700\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $6800\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $10\ 000\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

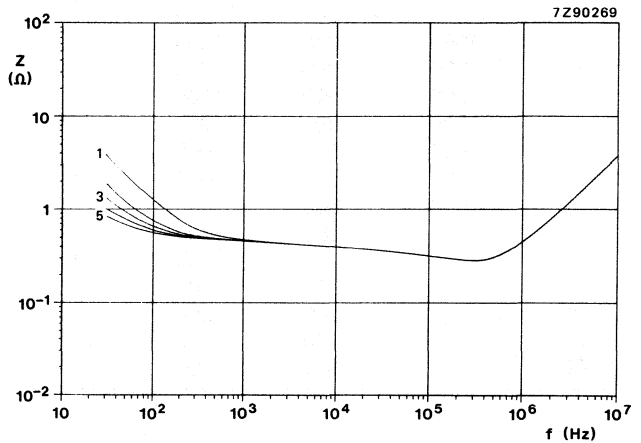
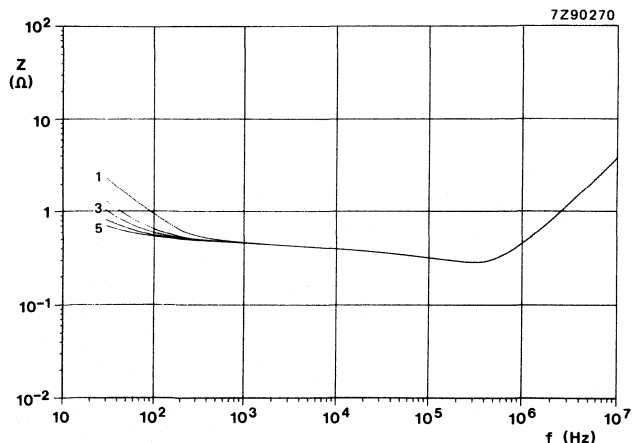


Fig. 53 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

Curve 1 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $4700\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 3 = $6800\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 4 = $10\ 000\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 5 = $15\ 000\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V.



OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-55 to + 85 °C

Typical life time

| | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|

→ case sizes 2 to 7

2500 hours

60 000 hours

→ case sizes 00 to 05

7000 hours

> 100 000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

PACKING

All capacitors are supplied in boxes, except case sizes 2 to 7 of style 1, which are on bandoliers in boxes or on reels. The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 12.

Table 12 Packing information

| case size | number of capacitors | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| | style 1 per reel | style 1 per box | styles 2, 3 and 4 per box |
| 2 | 3000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 3 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 5a | 500 | 500 | 1000 |
| 4 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 5 | 500 | 500 | 1000 |
| 6 | 500 | 500 | 1000 |
| 7 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| 00 | | 200 | 200 |
| 01 | | 200 | 200 |
| 02 | | 200 | 200 |
| 03 | | 200 | 200 |
| 04 | | 100 | 100 |
| 05 | | 100 | 100 |

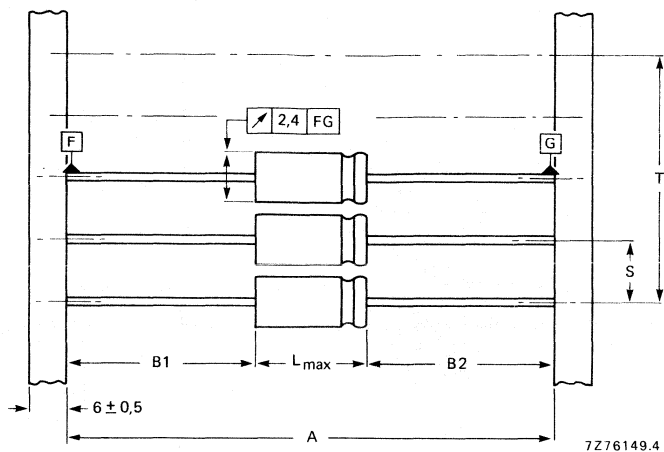


Fig. 54 Style 1 capacitors (case sizes 2 to 7) on bandoliers: the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 13 for dimensions A, S, T and L_{max} . $|B1-B2| = \text{max. } 1,4 \text{ mm}$.

Table 13 Bandolier dimensions

Dimensions in mm

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{max} |
|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | $n < 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| 2 | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $5 \pm 0,4$ | $5 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $5 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 10,5 |
| 3 | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 10,5 |
| 5a | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 11,5 |
| 4 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 5 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 6 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 7 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 25,0 |

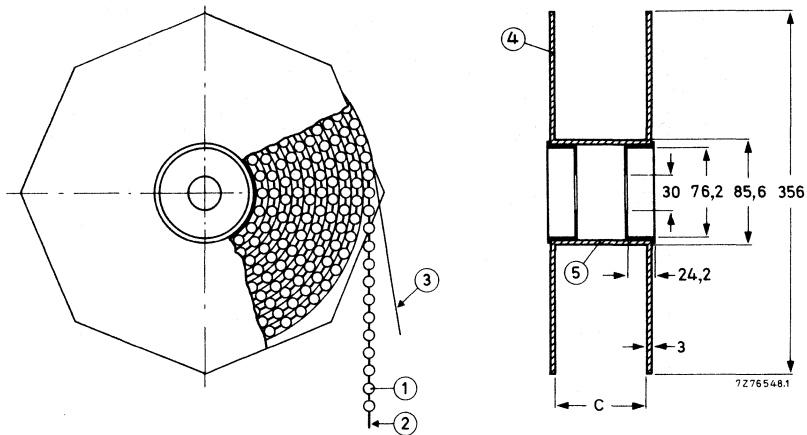


Fig. 55 Style 1 capacitors (case sizes 2 to 7) on bandoliers on reel; dimensions C is 83,5 mm for case sizes 2, 3 and 5a, and 88,5 mm for case sizes 4, 5, 6 and 7; the overall width of the reel is 94,5 mm and 99,5 mm respectively.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1 = capacitor | 4 = flange |
| 2 = bandolier | 5 = cylinder |
| 3 = paper | |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

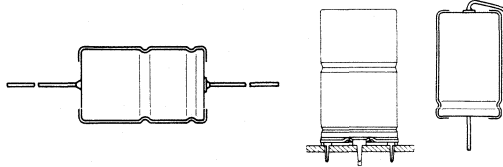
After the *shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for DC leakage current (case size 2 to 7); $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note:

Capacitors 2222 021 are miniature types, general purpose grade, and small types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads or single ended
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | $U_R(V)$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|------|-----|-----|--|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 160 | 250 | 350 | 385 | |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | 2 | 2 | | | | 4 | |
| 1,5 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| 2,2 | | | | | 1 | 2 | 2 | | 4 | | 5 | |
| 3,3 | | | | 1 | | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| 4,7 | | | 1 | | | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | |
| 6,8 | | 1 | | | 2 | 2 | 3 | | | 00 | 00 | |
| 10 | 1 | | | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4/5a | 5 | 7/00 | 01 | 01 | |
| 15 | | | 2 | | 2 | 3 | | | 01 | 01 | 02 | |
| 22 | | 2 | | 2 | 3 | 4/5a | 5 | 7/00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | |
| 33 | 2 | | 2 | | 3 | | 6 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | |
| 47 | | 2 | | 3 | 4/5a | 5 | 7 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 04 | |
| 68 | 2 | | 3 | | | 6 | 00 | 02 | 04 | 05 | 05 | |
| 100 | | 3 | | 4/5a | 5 | 7 | 01 | 03 | 05 | | | |
| 150 | 3 | | 4/5a | 5 | 6 | 00 | 02 | 04 | | | | |
| 220 | | 4/5a | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 03 | 05 | | | | |
| 330 | | 5 | 6 | 7 | 01 | 02 | 04 | | | | | |
| 470 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 05 | | | | | |
| 680 | 6 | 7 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 05 | | | | | |
| 1 000 | 7 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 05 | | | | | | |
| 1 500 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | | | | |
| 2 200 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | | | | | |
| 3 300 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | | | | | | |
| 4 700 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 800 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 000 | 05 | 05 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 000 | 05 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2222 030; 031; 032; 033 see pages 101 to 143 | | | | | | | | 2222 041; 042; 043 see pages 199 to 217 | | | | |

Miniature types

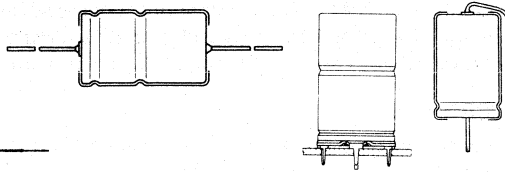
| case size | nominal dimensions mm | series number |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | ∅ 3,3 x 11 | 030 |
| 2 | ∅ 4,5 x 10 | |
| 3 | ∅ 6 x 10 | |
| 5a | ∅ 8 x 11 | |
| 4 | ∅ 6,5 x 18 | 031 |
| 5 | ∅ 8 x 18 | |
| 6 | ∅ 10 x 18 | |
| 7 | ∅ 10 x 25 | |
| | | 041 |

Small types

| case size | nominal dimensions mm | series number |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 00 | ∅ 10 x 30 | 032 |
| 01 | ∅ 12,5 x 30 | |
| 02 | ∅ 15 x 30 | |
| 03 | ∅ 18 x 30 | 042 |
| 04 | ∅ 18 x 40 | |
| 05 | ∅ 21 x 40 | |

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads and single ended
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range
 (E6 series): 0,33 to 15 000 μF

Tolerance on nominal capacitance: -10 to +50%

Rated voltage range, U_R
 (R5 series): 6,3 to 100 V

Category temperature range:
 case sizes 1 to 7 -55 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
 case sizes 00 to 05 -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
 case size 1: 1000 hours
 case sizes 2 to 7: 2000 hours
 case sizes 00 to 05: 5000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V; 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$: 500 hours

Basic specifications:
 IEC 384-4, long-life grade*
 DIN 41316 (6,3 to 63 V versions)
 DIN 41332 (100 V version)

Climatic category
 IEC 68, case sizes 1 to 7: 55/085/56
 case sizes 00 to 05: 40/085/56
 DIN 40040, case sizes 1 to 7: FPF
 case sizes 00 to 05: GPF

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}} \cdot U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 1 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | 2 | |
| 2,2 | | | | | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 3,3 | | | | 1 | | 2 | 2 |
| 4,7 | | | 1 | | | 2 | 3 |
| 6,8 | | 1 | | | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 10 | 1 | | | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4/5a |
| 15 | | | 2 | | 2 | 3 | |
| 22 | | 2 | | 2 | 3 | 4/5a | 5 |
| 33 | 2 | | 2 | | 3 | | 6 |
| 47 | | 2 | | 3 | 4/5a | 5 | 7 |
| 68 | 2 | | 3 | | | 6 | 00 |
| 100 | | 3 | | 4/5a | 5 | 7 | 01 |
| 150 | 3 | | 4/5a | 5 | 6 | 00 | 02 |
| 220 | | 4/5a | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 03 |
| 330 | | 5 | 6 | 7 | 01 | 02 | 04 |
| 470 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 05 |
| 680 | 6 | 7 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 05 |
| 1 000 | 7 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 05 | |
| 1 500 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | |
| 2 200 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | |
| 3 300 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | |
| 4 700 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | | |
| 6 800 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | | | |
| 10 000 | 05 | 05 | | | | | |
| 15 000 | 05 | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) | series number | |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1 | \varnothing 3,3 x 11 | 030 | miniature |
| 2 | \varnothing 4,5 x 10 | | |
| 3 | \varnothing 6 x 10 | | |
| 5a | \varnothing 8 x 11 | | |
| 4 | \varnothing 6,5 x 18 | | |
| 5 | \varnothing 8 x 18 | | |
| 6 | \varnothing 10 x 18 | | |
| 7 | \varnothing 10 x 25 | 032 | small |
| 00 | \varnothing 10 x 30 | | |
| 01 | \varnothing 12,5 x 30 | | |
| 02 | \varnothing 15 x 30 | | |
| 03 | \varnothing 18 x 30 | | |
| 04 | \varnothing 18 x 40 | 033 | small |
| 05 | \varnothing 21 x 40 | | |

* Not applicable to case size 1, which is general-purpose grade.

2222 030
 2222 031
 2222 032
 2222 033

APPLICATION

These capacitors with high CU-product per unit volume are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits, and in industrial applications, such as measuring and regulating circuits. Other applications are in timing and delay circuits. The taped versions are suitable for use with automatic insertion and cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched an oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitors are fitted in aluminium cases.

The capacitors are available in 3 styles, all with soldered-copper leads.

Style 1: axial leads; all case sizes; case sizes 1 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers; case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve.

Style 2: single ended; with mounting ring with printed-wiring pins; especially for use in applications with severe shocks and vibrations; case sizes 02 to 05; non-insulated case.

Style 3: single ended; case sizes 1 to 7 and 00 to 07; case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve.

→ Note : for case sizes 04/05, the stated maximum length may be exceeded by 0,7 mm.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

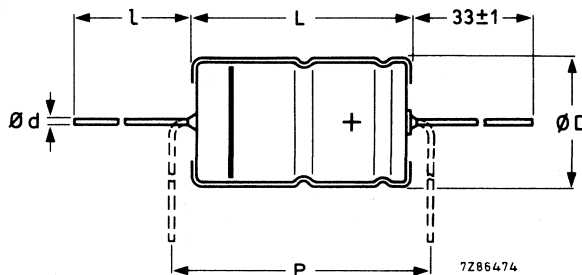


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L, l and P.

Table 3 Physical dimensions, style 1

| case size | ϕd | l | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1 | 0,6 | * | 3,3 | 11,0 | 3,5 | 12,0 | 15 | 0,35 |
| 2 | 0,6 | * | 4,5 | 10,0 | 5,0 | 10,5 | 15 | 0,50 |
| 3 | 0,6 | * | 6,0 | 10,0 | 6,3 | 10,5 | 15 | 0,70 |
| 5a | 0,6 | * | 8,0 | 11,0 | 8,5 | 11,5 | 15 | 1,1 |
| 4 | 0,8 | * | 6,5 | 18,0 | 6,9 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,3 |
| 5 | 0,8 | * | 8,0 | 18,0 | 8,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,7 |
| 6 | 0,8 | * | 10,0 | 18,0 | 10,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 2,5 |
| 7 | 0,8 | * | 10,0 | 25,0 | 10,5 | 25,0 | 30 | 3,3 |
| 00 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 10,0 | 30,0 | 10,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 4 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 12,5 | 30,0 | 13,0 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 6,3 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 15,0 | 30,0 | 15,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 8,2 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 55 ± 1 | 18,0 | 30,0 | 18,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 10,9 |
| 04 | 0,8 | 34 ± 1 | 18,0 | 40,0 | 18,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 14 |
| 05 | 0,8 | 34 ± 1 | 21,0 | 40,0 | 21,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 19 |

* Case sizes 1 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels (see PACKING).

Table 4 Physical dimensions, style 2

| case size | ϕd_1 | d_2 | $\phi D1$ | $\phi D2_{max}$ | D3 | L | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|------------|--------|--------------------|
| 02 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 15,0 | 17,5 | 16,5 ± 0,2 | 31 ± 1 | 8,6 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 31 ± 1 | 11,5 |
| 04 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 42 ± 1 | 14,5 |
| 05 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 21,0 | 22,5 | 21,5 ± 0,2 | 42 ± 1 | 19,7 |

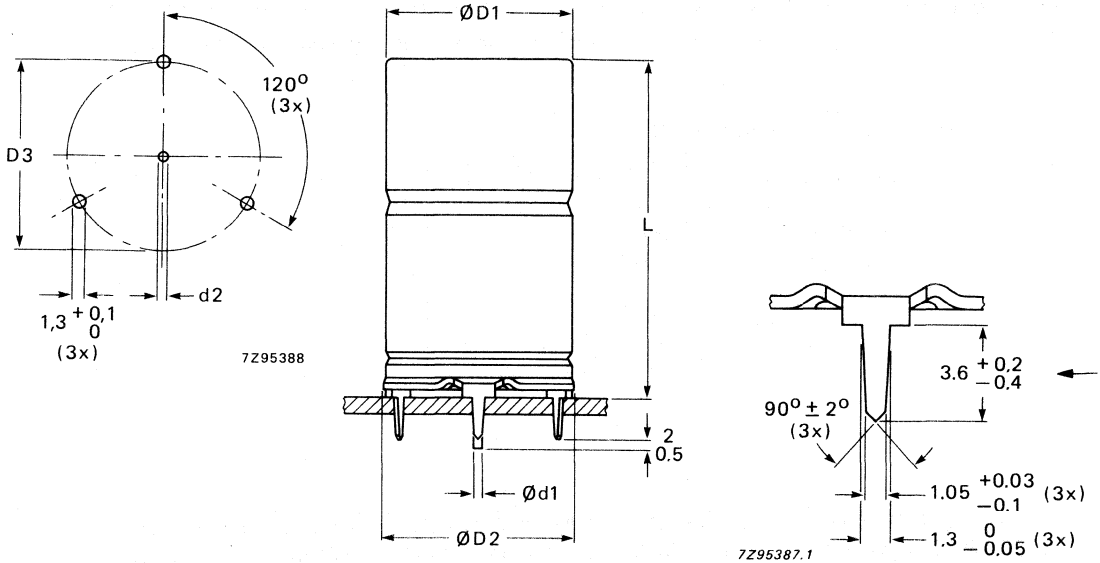


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 4 for dimensions ϕd_1 , d_2 , $\phi D1$, $\phi D2$, D3 and L.

Table 5 Physical dimensions, style 3

| case size | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1 | 0,6 | 3,5 | 14,0 | 2,5- 5 | 0,25 |
| 2 | 0,6 | 5,0 | 12,5 | 2,5- 5 | 0,40 |
| 3 | 0,6 | 6,3 | 12,5 | 3,5- 7,5 | 0,55 |
| 5a | 0,6 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 5 -10 | 1,0 |
| 4 | 0,8 | 6,9 | 21,5 | 5 -10 | 1,2 |
| 5 | 0,8 | 8,5 | 21,5 | 5 -10 | 1,6 |
| 6 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 21,5 | 7,5-12,5 | 2,3 |
| 7 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 28,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 3,1 |
| 00 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 34,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 3,8 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 13,0 | 34,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 6,1 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 15,5 | 34,0 | 10,0-15,0 | 8,0 |

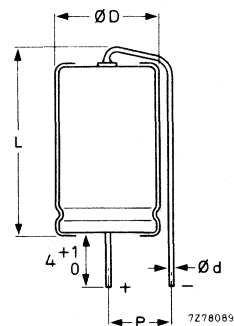


Fig. 3 Style 3 see Table 5 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

2222 030
2222 031
2222 032
2222 033

Marking

The capacitors are marked with:

- nominal capacitance;
- tolerance on nominal capacitance (not for case size 1);
- rated voltage;
- group number; code of origin;
- name of manufacturer;
- date code in accordance with IEC 62;
- band to identify the negative terminal;
- + signs to identify the positive terminal (not for case sizes 1 to 5a).

Mounting

The capacitors are suitable for mounting on printed-wiring boards; the required hole diameters are shown in Table 6.

Table 6 Diameter of mounting holes

| style | lead/pin diameter | required hole diameter |
|---------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1 and 3 | 0,6 mm lead | 0,8 + 0,1 mm |
| | 0,8 mm lead | 1,0 + 0,1 mm |
| 2 | 0,8 mm anode pin | 1 + 0,1 mm |
| | 1,0 mm anode pin | 1,3 + 0,1 mm |
| | cathode pins | 1,3 + 0,1 mm |

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 7 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 7 Electrical data

| U _R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance | | case size | catalogue number * 2222 followed by |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | Ω | | | |
| V | μF | mA | μA | | Ω | at 10 kHz | at 1 kHz | | |
| 6,3 | 10 | 14 | 5 | 0,30 | 47,8 | 20 | | 1 | 030 .3109 |
| 6,3 | 33 | 42 | 11 | 0,25 | 12,1 | 6,1 | | 2 | 030 .3339 |
| 6,3 | 68 | 53 | 22 | 0,25 | 5,86 | 2,9 | | 2 | 030 .3689 |
| 6,3 | 150 | 87 | 10 | 0,25 | 2,66 | 1,3 | | 3 | 030 .3151 |
| 6,3 | 470 | 220 | 22 | 0,25 | 0,85 | 0,43 | | 5 | 031 .3471 |
| 6,3 | 680 | 350 | 30 | 0,25 | 0,59 | 0,29 | | 6 | 031 .3681 |
| 6,3 | 1000 | 480 | 42 | 0,25 | 0,40 | 0,20 | | 7 | 031 .3102 |
| 6,3 | 1500 | 450 | 61 | 0,28 | 0,30 | | 0,23 | 00 | 032 .3152 |
| 6,3 | 2200 | 610 | 88 | 0,29 | 0,21 | | 0,16 | 01 | 032 .3222 |
| 6,3 | 3300 | 790 | 129 | 0,32 | 0,15 | | 0,11 | 02 | 032 .3332 |
| 6,3 | 4700 | 1000 | 182 | 0,34 | 0,12 | | 0,07 | 03 | 032 .3472 |
| 6,3 | 6800 | 1280 | 261 | 0,39 | 0,09 | | 0,05 | 04 | 033 .3682 |
| 6,3 | 10000 | 1570 | 382 | 0,45 | 0,07 | | 0,05 | 05 | 033 .3103 |
| 6,3 | 15000 | 1600 | 571 | 0,67 | 0,07 | | 0,05 | 05 | 033 .3153 |
| 10 | 6,8 | 14 | 5 | 0,25 | 58,6 | 24 | | 1 | 030 .4688 |
| 10 | 22 | 42 | 11 | 0,20 | 14,5 | 7,3 | | 2 | 030 .4229 |
| 10 | 47 | 53 | 24 | 0,20 | 6,78 | 3,4 | | 2 | 030 .4479 |
| 10 | 100 | 87 | 10 | 0,20 | 3,19 | 1,6 | | 3 | 030 .4101 |
| 10 | 220 | 150 | 18 | 0,20 | 1,45 | 0,73 | | 5a | 030 .4221 |
| 10 | 220 | 150 | 18 | 0,20 | 1,45 | 0,73 | | 4 | 031 .4221 |
| 10 | 330 | 220 | 24 | 0,20 | 0,97 | 0,48 | | 5 | 031 .4331 |
| 10 | 470 | 350 | 33 | 0,20 | 0,68 | 0,34 | | 6 | 031 .4471 |
| 10 | 680 | 480 | 45 | 0,20 | 0,47 | 0,24 | | 7 | 031 .4681 |
| 10 | 1000 | 430 | 64 | 0,20 | 0,32 | 0,20 | | 00 | 032 .4102 |
| 10 | 1500 | 570 | 94 | 0,23 | 0,25 | | 0,20 | 01 | 032 .4152 |
| 10 | 2200 | 740 | 136 | 0,24 | 0,18 | | 0,14 | 02 | 032 .4222 |
| 10 | 3300 | 950 | 202 | 0,27 | 0,13 | | 0,09 | 03 | 032 .4332 |
| 10 | 4700 | 1220 | 286 | 0,29 | 0,10 | | 0,06 | 04 | 033 .4472 |
| 10 | 6800 | 1500 | 412 | 0,34 | 0,08 | | 0,04 | 05 | 033 .4682 |
| 10 | 10000 | 1520 | 604 | 0,49 | 0,08 | | 0,05 | 05 | 033 .4103 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 1 to 4)
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a to 7) } case sizes 1 to 7
 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05;
 8 for style 3, case sizes 1 to 02.

2222 030
 2222 031
 2222 032
 2222 033

Table 7 (continued)

| U _R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance | | case size | catalogue number * 2222 followed by |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | Ω | | | |
| V | μF | mA | μA | | Ω | at 10 kHz | at 1 kHz | | |
| 16 | 4,7 | 14 | 5 | 0,20 | 67,8 | 26 | | 1 | 030 .5478 |
| 16 | 15 | 42 | 12 | 0,16 | 17,0 | 8 | | 2 | 030 .5159 |
| 16 | 33 | 53 | 27 | 0,16 | 7,72 | 3,6 | | 2 | 030 .5339 |
| 16 | 68 | 87 | 11 | 0,16 | 3,75 | 1,8 | | 3 | 030 .5689 |
| 16 | 150 | 150 | 19 | 0,16 | 1,70 | 0,80 | | 5a | 030 .5151 |
| 16 | 150 | 150 | 19 | 0,16 | 1,70 | 0,80 | | 4 | 031 .5151 |
| 16 | 220 | 220 | 26 | 0,16 | 1,16 | 0,55 | | 5 | 031 .5221 |
| 16 | 330 | 350 | 36 | 0,16 | 0,78 | 0,36 | | 6 | 031 .5331 |
| 16 | 470 | 480 | 49 | 0,16 | 0,55 | 0,26 | | 7 | 031 .5471 |
| 16 | 680 | 400 | 70 | 0,16 | 0,38 | 0,18 | | 00 | 032 .5681 |
| 16 | 1000 | 550 | 100 | 0,16 | 0,26 | 0,12 | | 01 | 032 .5102 |
| 16 | 1500 | 680 | 148 | 0,19 | 0,21 | | 0,17 | 02 | 032 .5152 |
| 16 | 2200 | 880 | 216 | 0,20 | 0,15 | | 0,13 | 03 | 032 .5222 |
| 16 | 3300 | 1160 | 321 | 0,23 | 0,11 | | 0,08 | 04 | 033 .5332 |
| 16 | 4700 | 1430 | 455 | 0,25 | 0,09 | | 0,06 | 05 | 033 .5472 |
| 16 | 6800 | 1460 | 657 | 0,36 | 0,08 | | 0,06 | 05 | 033 .5682 |
| 25 | 3,3 | 13 | 5 | 0,18 | 86,9 | 27 | | 1 | 030 .6338 |
| 25 | 10 | 36 | 13 | 0,14 | 22,3 | 9 | | 2 | 030 .6109 |
| 25 | 22 | 43 | 28 | 0,14 | 10,2 | 4,1 | | 2 | 030 .6229 |
| 25 | 47 | 83 | 12 | 0,14 | 4,80 | 1,9 | | 3 | 030 .6479 |
| 25 | 100 | 120 | 19 | 0,14 | 2,23 | 0,90 | | 5a | 030 .6101 |
| 25 | 100 | 120 | 19 | 0,14 | 2,23 | 0,90 | | 4 | 031 .6101 |
| 25 | 150 | 190 | 27 | 0,14 | 1,49 | 0,60 | | 5 | 031 .6151 |
| 25 | 220 | 280 | 37 | 0,14 | 1,02 | 0,41 | | 6 | 031 .6221 |
| 25 | 330 | 350 | 54 | 0,14 | 0,68 | 0,27 | | 7 | 031 .6331 |
| 25 | 470 | 360 | 75 | 0,14 | 0,47 | 0,19 | | 00 | 032 .6471 |
| 25 | 680 | 500 | 106 | 0,14 | 0,32 | 0,13 | | 01 | 032 .6681 |
| 25 | 1000 | 660 | 154 | 0,14 | 0,22 | 0,09 | | 02 | 032 .6102 |
| 25 | 1500 | 810 | 229 | 0,17 | 0,18 | | 0,15 | 03 | 032 .6152 |
| 25 | 2200 | 1060 | 334 | 0,18 | 0,13 | | 0,10 | 04 | 033 .6222 |
| 25 | 3300 | 1340 | 499 | 0,21 | 0,10 | | 0,07 | 05 | 033 .6332 |
| 25 | 4700 | 1370 | 709 | 0,28 | 0,10 | | 0,06 | 05 | 033 .6472 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:

- 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 - 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 1 to 4)
 - 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a to 7)
 - 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05;
 - 8 for style 3, case sizes 1 to 02.
- } case sizes 1 to 7

Table 7 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number * 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|------------|---------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 1 kHz | | |
| 40 | 2,2 | 13 | 5 | 0,15 | 109 | 32 | | 1 | 030 .7228 |
| 40 | 6,8 | 36 | 14 | 0,11 | 25,8 | 10 | | 2 | 030 .7688 |
| 40 | 10 | 38 | 20 | 0,11 | 17,6 | 7 | | 2 | 030 .7109 |
| 40 | 15 | 43 | 30 | 0,11 | 11,7 | 4,7 | | 2 | 030 .7159 |
| 40 | 22 | 61 | 9 | 0,11 | 8,0 | 3,2 | | 3 | 030 .7229 |
| 40 | 33 | 83 | 12 | 0,11 | 5,31 | 2,1 | | 3 | 030 .7339 |
| 40 | 47 | 120 | 16 | 0,11 | 3,73 | 1,5 | | 5a | 030 .7479 |
| 40 | 47 | 120 | 16 | 0,11 | 3,73 | 1,5 | | 4 | 031 .7479 |
| 40 | 100 | 190 | 28 | 0,11 | 1,75 | 0,70 | | 5 | 031 .7101 |
| 40 | 150 | 280 | 40 | 0,11 | 1,17 | 0,47 | | 6 | 031 .7151 |
| 40 | 220 | 430 | 57 | 0,11 | 0,80 | 0,32 | | 7 | 031 .7221 |
| 40 | 220 | 260 | 57 | 0,12 | 0,86 | 0,32 | | 00 | 032 .7221 |
| 40 | 330 | 370 | 84 | 0,12 | 0,58 | 0,21 | | 01 | 032 .7331 |
| 40 | 470 | 440 | 117 | 0,12 | 0,40 | 0,15 | | 01 | 032 .7471 |
| 40 | 680 | 580 | 167 | 0,12 | 0,28 | 0,10 | | 02 | 032 .7681 |
| 40 | 1000 | 780 | 244 | 0,12 | 0,19 | 0,07 | | 03 | 032 .7102 |
| 40 | 1500 | 970 | 364 | 0,15 | 0,16 | | 0,13 | 04 | 033 .7152 |
| 40 | 2200 | 1220 | 532 | 0,16 | 0,12 | | 0,09 | 05 | 033 .7222 |
| 40 | 3300 | 1284 | 796 | 0,24 | 0,11 | | 0,07 | 05 | 033 .7332 |
| 63 | 0,33 | 5 | 5 | 0,09 | 435 | 167 | | 2 | 030 .8337 |
| 63 | 0,47 | 8 | 5 | 0,09 | 305 | 117 | | 2 | 030 .8477 |
| 63 | 0,68 | 10 | 5 | 0,09 | 211 | 81 | | 2 | 030 .8687 |
| 63 | 1,0 | 12 | 5 | 0,09 | 143 | 55 | | 2 | 030 .8108 |
| 63 | 1,5 | 12 | 5 | 0,09 | 95,6 | 37 | | 2 | 030 .8158 |
| 63 | 2,2 | 21 | 7 | 0,09 | 65,2 | 25 | | 2 | 030 .8228 |
| 63 | 3,3 | 25 | 11 | 0,09 | 46,5 | 17 | | 2 | 030 .8338 |
| 63 | 4,7 | 31 | 15 | 0,09 | 30,5 | 12 | | 2 | 030 .8478 |
| 63 | 6,8 | 35 | 22 | 0,09 | 21,1 | 8,1 | | 2 | 030 .8688 |
| 63 | 10 | 51 | 7 | 0,08 | 12,8 | 5,5 | | 3 | 030 .8109 |
| 63 | 15 | 61 | 10 | 0,08 | 8,5 | 3,7 | | 3 | 030 .8159 |
| 63 | 22 | 90 | 13 | 0,08 | 5,79 | 2,5 | | 5a | 030 .8229 |
| 63 | 22 | 90 | 13 | 0,08 | 5,79 | 2,5 | | 4 | 031 .8229 |
| 63 | 47 | 120 | 22 | 0,08 | 2,71 | 1,2 | | 5 | 031 .8479 |
| 63 | 68 | 200 | 30 | 0,08 | 1,88 | 0,81 | | 6 | 031 .8689 |
| 63 | 100 | 260 | 42 | 0,08 | 1,28 | 0,55 | | 7 | 031 .8101 |
| 63 | 150 | 260 | 61 | 0,08 | 0,90 | 0,37 | | 00 | 032 .8151 |
| 63 | 220 | 350 | 88 | 0,08 | 0,61 | 0,25 | | 01 | 032 .8221 |
| 63 | 330 | 480 | 129 | 0,08 | 0,41 | 0,17 | | 02 | 032 .8331 |
| 63 | 470 | 570 | 182 | 0,08 | 0,29 | 0,15 | | 02 | 032 .8471 |
| 63 | 680 | 770 | 261 | 0,08 | 0,20 | 0,08 | | 03 | 032 .8681 |
| 63 | 1000 | 1140 | 382 | 0,08 | 0,14 | 0,06 | | 05 | 033 .8102 |
| 63 | 1500 | 1110 | 571 | 0,12 | 0,15 | | 0,15 | 05 | 033 .8152 |

* See footnote on the opposite page.

2222 030
 2222 031
 2222 032
 2222 033

| U _R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|------------|----------|----------------|----|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | V | | | | | μF | mA | | |
| 100 | 0,47 | 9 | 5 | 0,08 | 271 | 96 | | 2 | 030 .9477 |
| 100 | 1,0 | 14 | 5 | 0,08 | 128 | 45 | | 2 | 030 .9108 |
| 100 | 2,2 | 25 | 11 | 0,08 | 57,9 | 21 | | 2 | 030 .9228 |
| 100 | 3,3 | 35 | 17 | 0,08 | 38,6 | 14 | | 2 | 030 .9338 |
| 100 | 4,7 | 38 | 22 | 0,07 | 23,7 | 9,6 | | 3 | 030 .9478 |
| 100 | 6,8 | 61 | 34 | 0,07 | 16,4 | 6,6 | | 3 | 030 .9688 |
| 100 | 10 | 90 | 50 | 0,07 | 11,2 | 4,5 | | 5a | 030 .9109 |
| 100 | 10 | 90 | 50 | 0,07 | 11,2 | 4,5 | | 4 | 031 .9109 |
| 100 | 22 | 120 | 80 | 0,07 | 5,07 | 2,1 | | 5 | 031 .9229 |
| 100 | 33 | 200 | 119 | 0,07 | 3,38 | 1,4 | | 6 | 031 .9339 |
| 100 | 47 | 260 | 33 | 0,07 | 2,37 | 0,96 | | 7 | 031 .9479 |
| 100 | 68 | 130 | 45 | 0,15 | 3,53 | 2,0 | | 00 | 032 .9689 |
| 100 | 100 | 190 | 64 | 0,15 | 2,40 | 1,2 | | 01 | 032 .9101 |
| 100 | 150 | 250 | 94 | 0,15 | 1,60 | 0,85 | | 02 | 032 .9151 |
| 100 | 220 | 330 | 136 | 0,15 | 1,09 | 0,60 | | 03 | 032 .9221 |
| 100 | 330 | 460 | 202 | 0,15 | 0,73 | 0,50 | | 04 | 033 .9331 |
| 100 | 470 | 600 | 286 | 0,15 | 0,51 | 0,35 | | 05 | 033 .9471 |
| 100 | 680 | 650 | 412 | 0,15 | 0,42 | 0,35 | | 05 | 033 .9681 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:

1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;

2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case sizes 1 to 4)

3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5a to 7)

} case sizes 1 to 7

4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05;

8 for style 3, case sizes 1 to 02.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 7

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

-10 to +50%

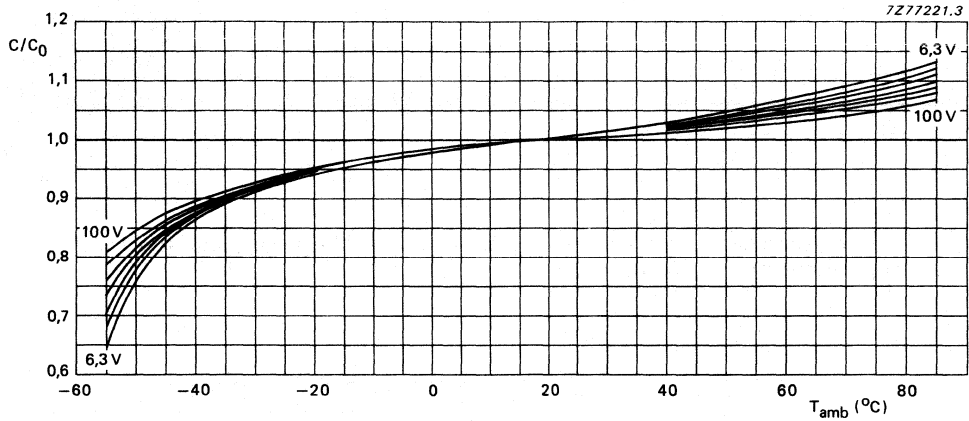


Fig. 4 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 1 to 7; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

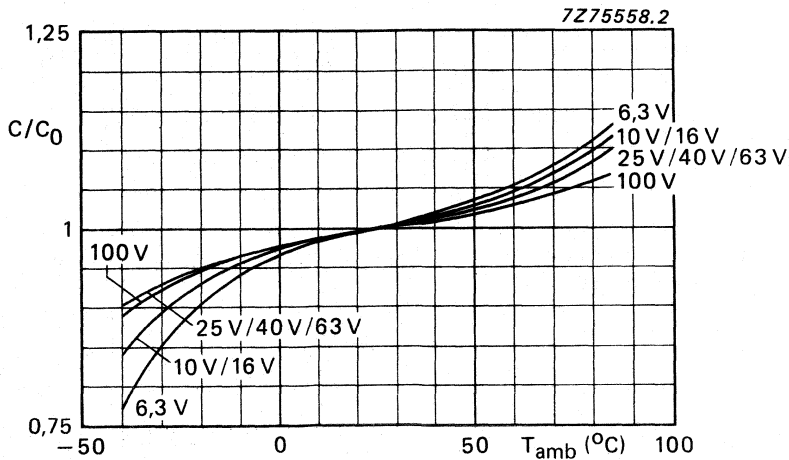


Fig. 5 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 00 to 05; C_0 = capacitance at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

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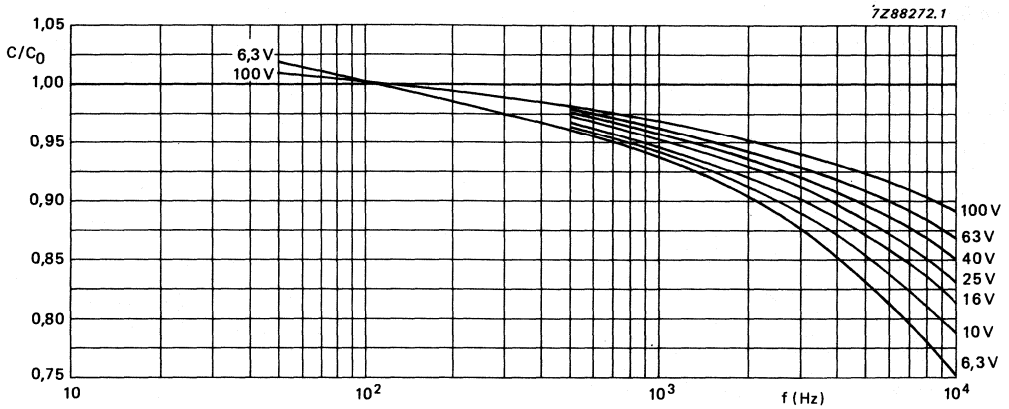


Fig. 6 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; case sizes 1 to 7; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

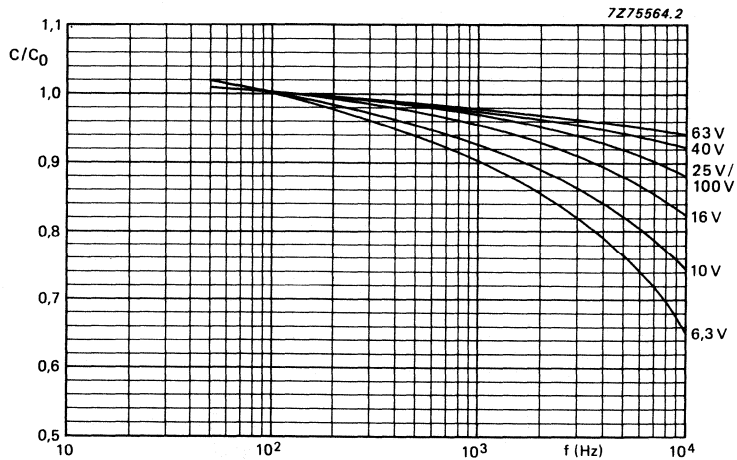


Fig. 7 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; case sizes 00 to 05; C_0 = capacitance at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
- c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods

| core temperature [▲] | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| < 60 °C | 60 to 95 °C |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| 1 V between U_R and $-1 V$ | |
| $1,15 \times U_R$ | |
| 1 V | |

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at
 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85 \text{ °C}$
 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 40 \text{ °C}$

see Table 7
 2,24 x values stated in Table 7

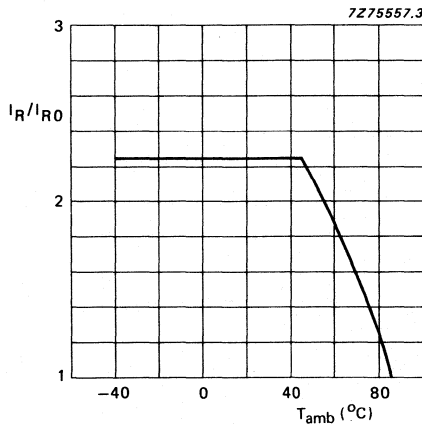


Fig. 8 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

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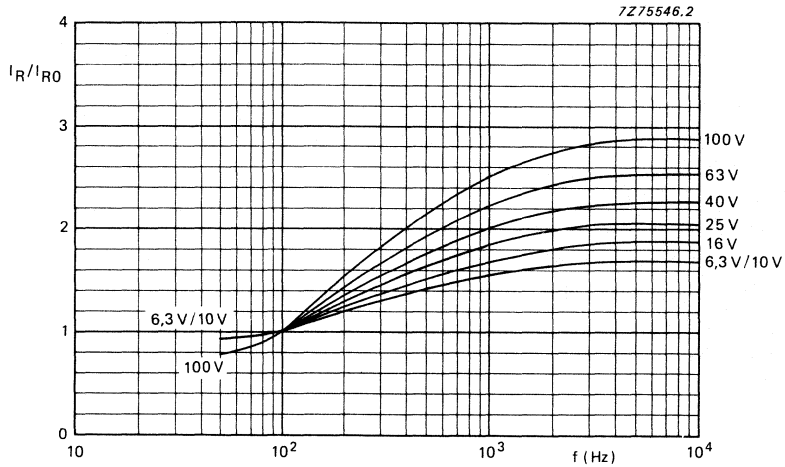


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency, **case sizes 1 to 7**; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

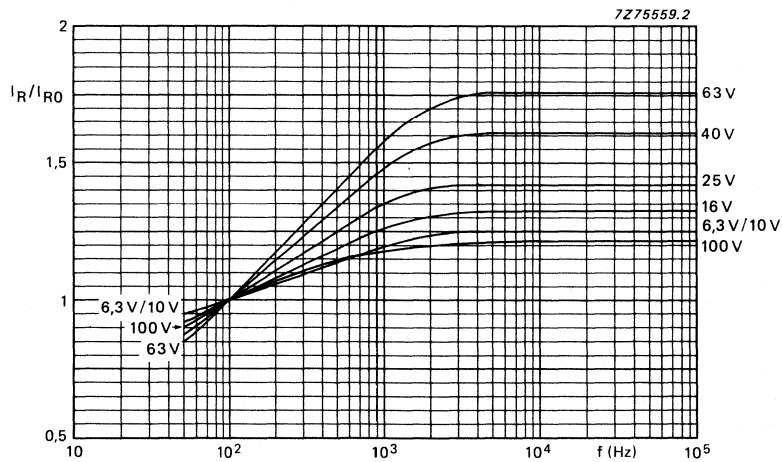


Fig. 10 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency, **case sizes 00 to 03**; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

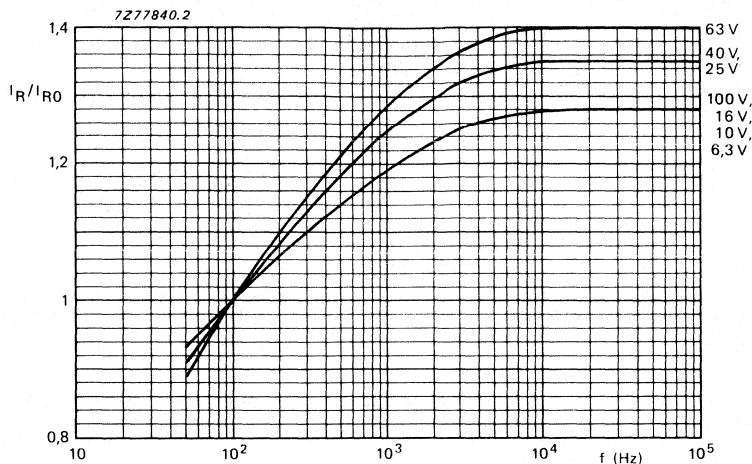


Fig. 11 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency, case sizes 04 to 05; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

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DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.
 case sizes 1 and 2

see Table 7 (0,05 CU or 5 μA , whichever is greater)

case sizes 3 to 7 and 00 to 05

see Table 7 (0,006 CU + 4 μA for CU > 1000 μC ; 0,01 CU or 1 μA , whichever is greater for CU \leq 1000 μC)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, case sizes 1 to 7
 at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, case sizes 00 to 05
 at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,1 x values of Table 7
 approx. 0,01 x values of Table 7
 \leq values of Table 7

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 7.

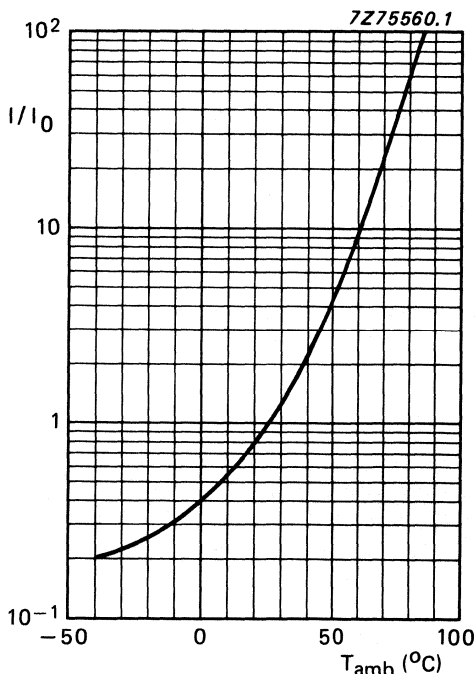


Fig. 12 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; **case sizes 00 to 05**; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ and U_R .

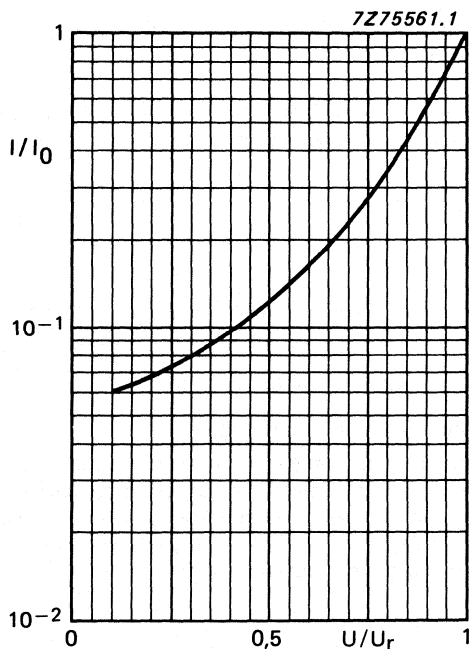


Fig. 13 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R , **case sizes 00 to 05**; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ and U_R .

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 measured by means of a four-terminal
 circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 7

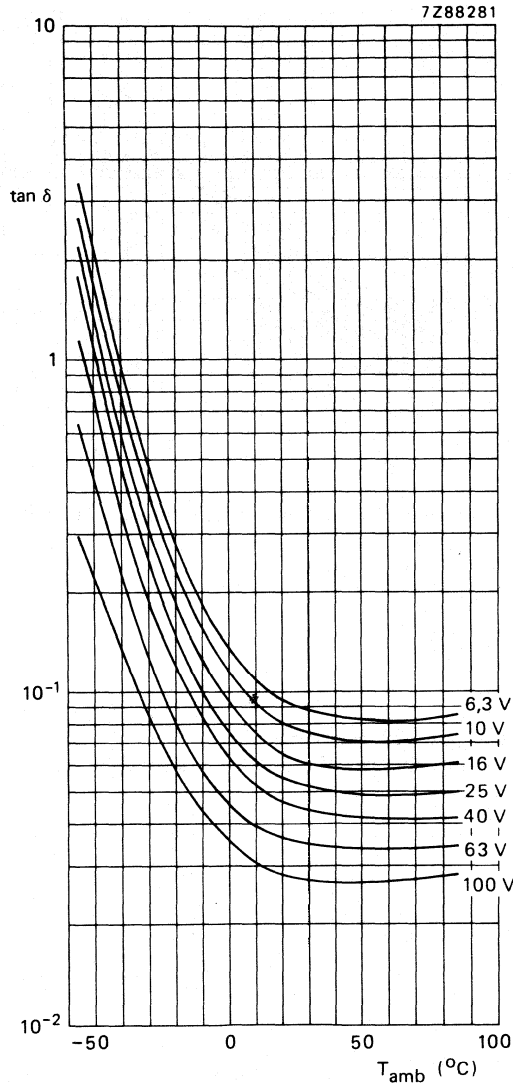


Fig. 14 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz; case sizes 1 to 7.

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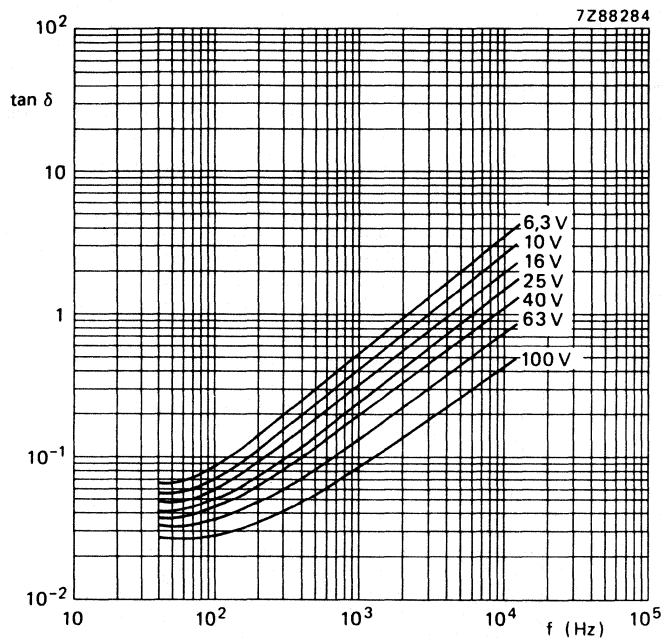


Fig. 15 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at 25 °C, case sizes 1 to 7.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, measured
by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson Circuit)
($ESR = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

see Table 7

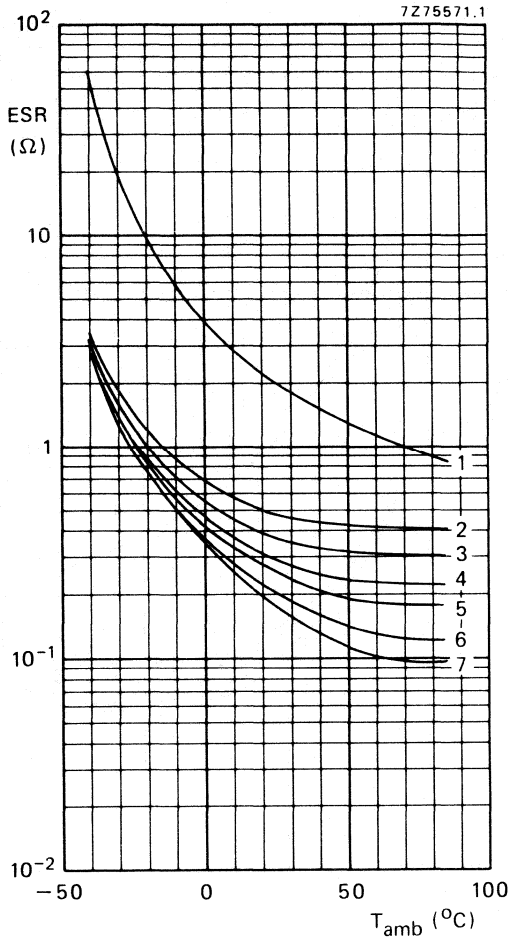


Fig. 16 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Case size 00:

- curve 1 = 68 μF , 100 V;
- curve 2 = 150 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 220 μF , 40 V;
- curve 4 = 470 μF , 25 V;
- curve 5 = 680 μF , 16 V;
- curve 6 = 1000 μF , 10 V;
- curve 7 = 1500 μF , 6,3 V.

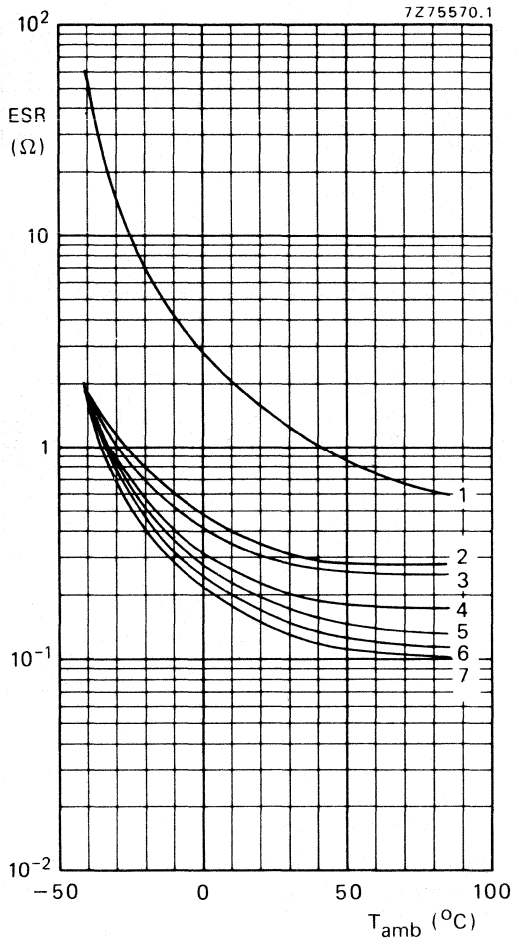


Fig. 17 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Case size 01:

- curve 1 = 100 μF , 100 V;
- curve 2 = 220 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 330 μF , 40 V;
- curve 4 = 470 μF , 40 V;
- curve 5 = 680 μF , 25 V;
- curve 6 = 1000 μF , 16 V;
- curve 7 = 1500 μF , 10 V and 2200 μF , 6,3 V.

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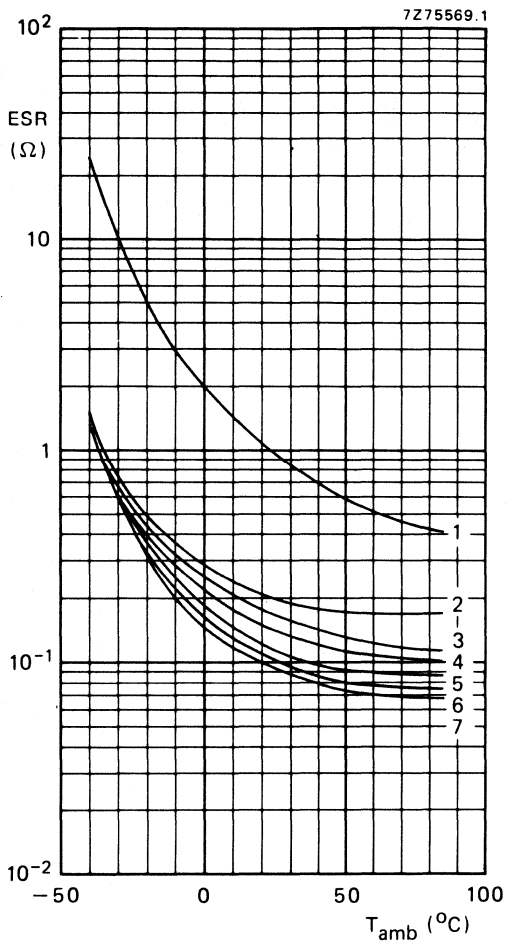


Fig. 18 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Case size 02:

- curve 1 = 150 μF , 100 V;
- curve 2 = 330 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 470 μF , 63 V;
- curve 4 = 680 μF , 40 V;
- curve 5 = 1000 μF , 25 V;
- curve 6 = 1500 μF , 16 V;
- curve 7 = 2200 μF , 10 V and 3300 μF , 6,3 V.

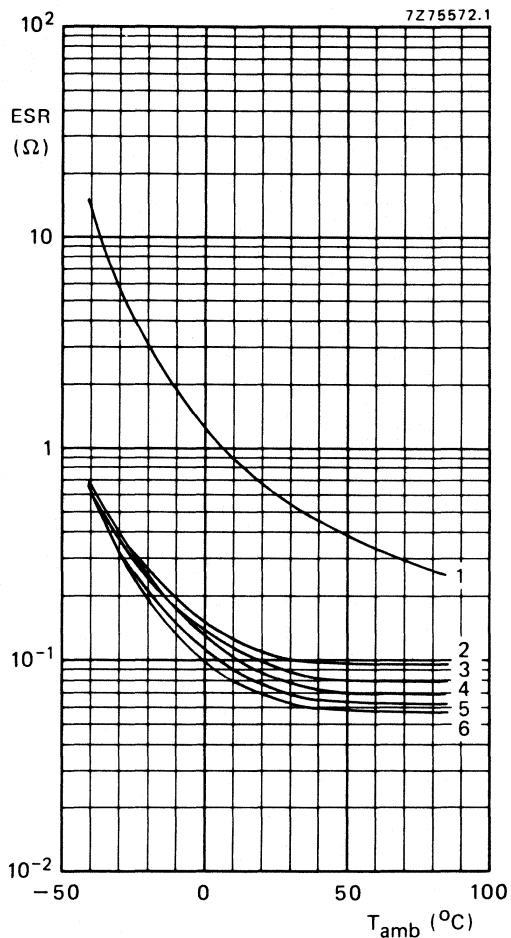


Fig. 19 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Case size 03:

- curve 1 = 220 μF , 100 V;
- curve 2 = 680 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 1000 μF , 40 V;
- curve 4 = 1500 μF , 25 V;
- curve 5 = 2200 μF , 16 V;
- curve 6 = 3300 μF , 10 V and 4700 μF , 6,3 V.

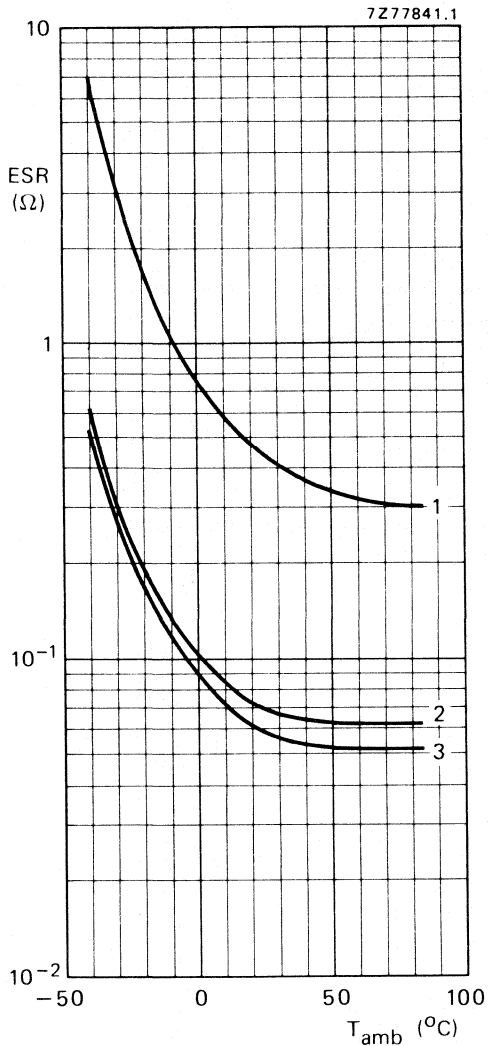


Fig. 20 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Case size 04:

curve 1 = 330 μF , 100 V;
curve 2 = 1500 μF , 40 V and 2200 μF , 25 V;
curve 3 = 3300 μF , 16 V, 4700 μF , 10 V and 6800 μF , 6,3 V.

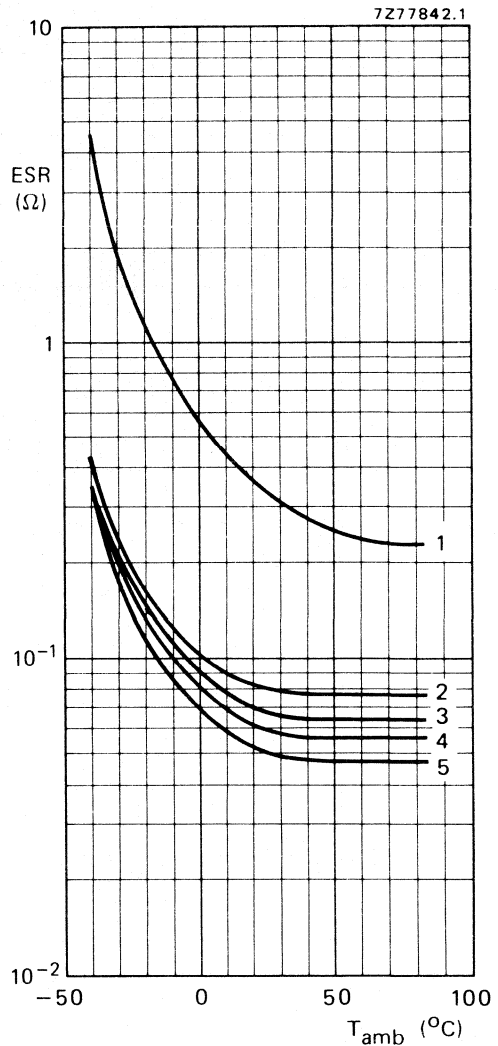


Fig. 21 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

case size 05:

curve 1 = 470 μF , 100 V and 680 μF , 100 V;
curve 2 = 1000 μF , 63 V;
curve 3 = 1500 μF , 63 V;
curve 4 = 2200 μF , 40 V and 3300 μF , 25 V;
curve 5 = 4700 μF , 16 V, 6800 μF , 10 V, 10 000 μF , 6,3 V and 15 000 μF , 6,3 V.

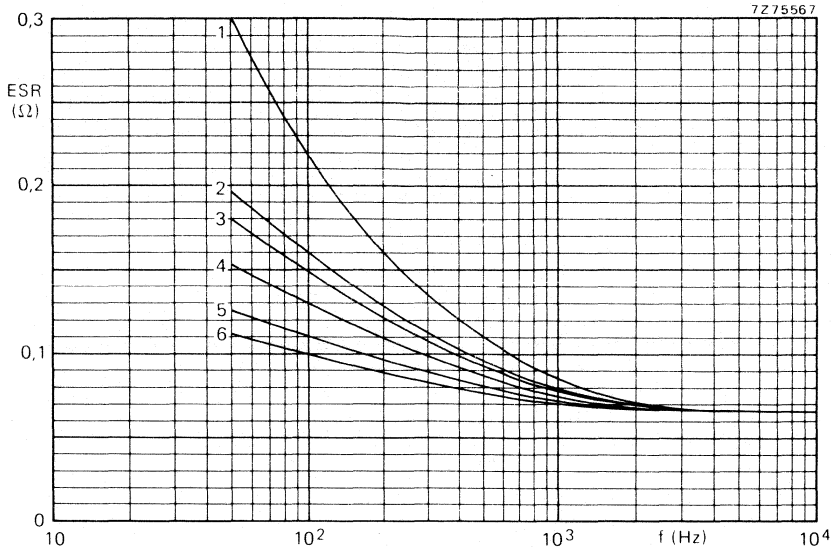


Fig. 24 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C. 6,3 to 63 V versions, **case size 02**:

- | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 330 μ F, 63 V; | curve 3 = 680 μ F, 40 V; | curve 5 = 1500 μ F, 16 V; |
| curve 2 = 470 μ F, 63 V; | curve 4 = 1000 μ F, 25 V; | curve 6 = 2200 μ F, 10 V; |
| | | and 3300 μ F, 6,3 V. |

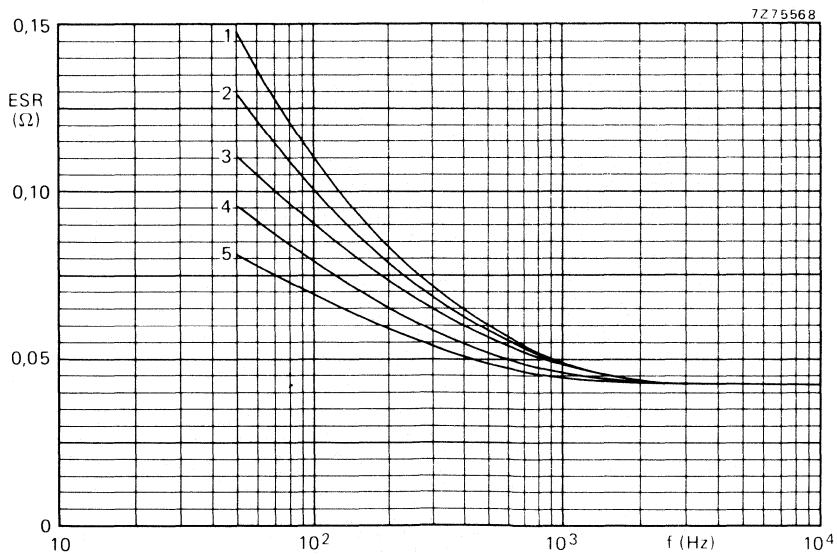


Fig. 25 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C. 6,3 to 63 V versions, **case size 03**:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 680 μ F, 63 V; | curve 3 = 1500 μ F, 25 V; | curve 5 = 3300 μ F, 10 V; |
| curve 2 = 1000 μ F, 40 V; | curve 4 = 2200 μ F, 16 V; | and 4700 μ F, 6,3 V. |

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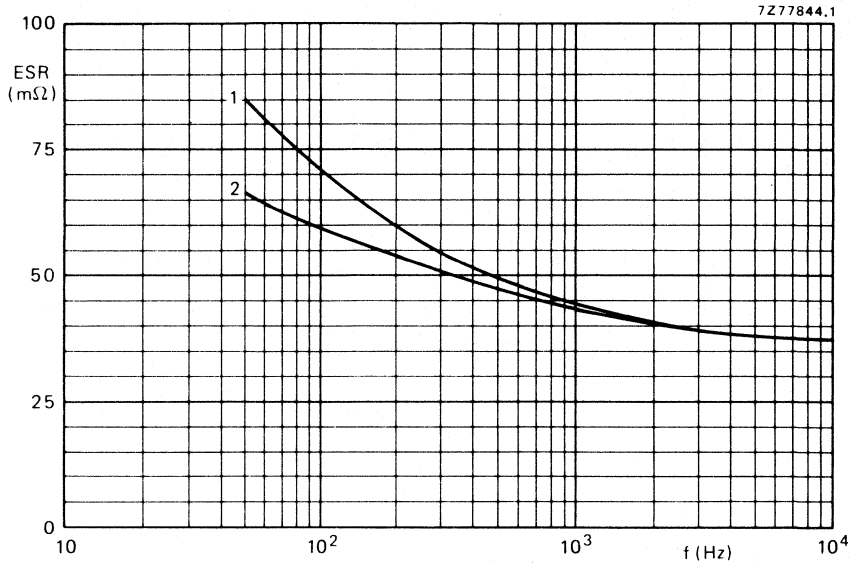


Fig. 26 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C. **Case size 04:** curve 1 = 1500 μF , 40 V and 2200 μF , 25 V; curve 2 = 3300 μF , 16 V, 4700 μF , 10 V and 6800 μF , 6,3 V.

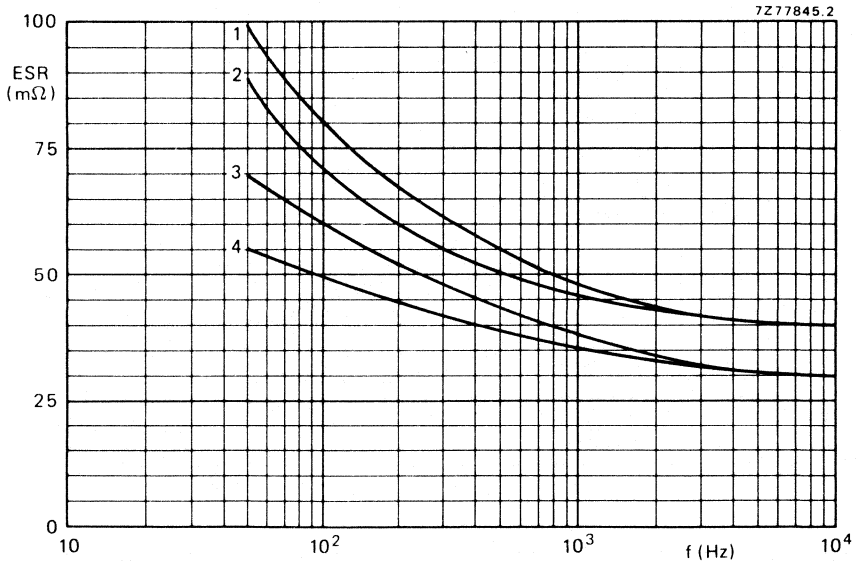


Fig. 27 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C. **Case size 05:** curve 1 = 1000 μF , 63 V; curve 2 = 1500 μF , 63 V; curve 3 = 2200 μF , 40 V and 3300 μF , 25 V; curve 4 = 4700 μF , 16 V, 6800 μF , 10 V, 10 000 μF and 15 000 μF , 6,3 V.

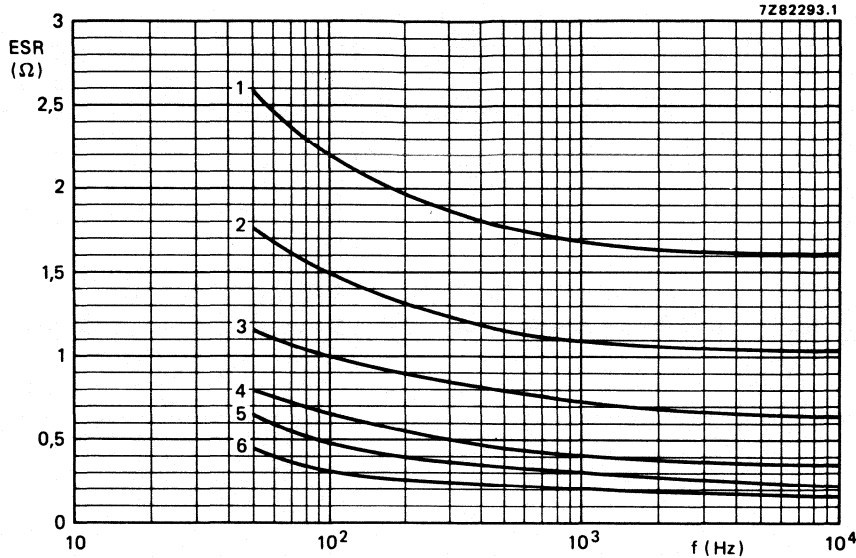


Fig. 28 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C; 100 V version:
 curve 1 = 68 μ F, case size 00;
 curve 2 = 100 μ F, case size 01;
 curve 3 = 150 μ F, case size 02;
 curve 4 = 220 μ F, case size 03;
 curve 5 = 330 μ F, case size 04;
 curve 6 = 470 μ F and 680 μ F, case size 05.

Impedance (Z)

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$ and 1 kHz or 10 kHz, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 7

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$, at 10 kHz

see Table 8

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$, at 1 kHz

see Table 9

Table 8 Impedance and capacitance values at 10 kHz

| T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom}$ ($\Omega \mu$ F) at U_R ; at 10 kHz | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| + 20 °C | ≤ 200 | ≤ 160 | ≤ 120 | ≤ 90 | ≤ 70 | ≤ 55 | ≤ 45 |
| -25 °C | ≤ 1200 | ≤ 750 | ≤ 560 | ≤ 400 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 180 | ≤ 130 |
| -40 °C | ≤ 3200 | ≤ 2000 | ≤ 1500 | ≤ 1100 | ≤ 900 | ≤ 500 | ≤ 350 |
| -55 °C* | typ. 6500 | typ. 5000 | typ. 3300 | typ. 2400 | typ. 1500 | typ. 850 | typ. 500 |

Table 9 Impedance and capacitance values at 1 kHz

| T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom}$ ($\Omega \mu$ F) at U_R ; at 1 kHz | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| + 20 °C | ≤ 350 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 250 | ≤ 220 | ≤ 200 | ≤ 180 | ≤ 175 |
| -25 °C | ≤ 1700 | ≤ 1100 | ≤ 800 | ≤ 570 | ≤ 430 | ≤ 330 | ≤ 300 |
| -40 °C | ≤ 4500 | ≤ 2800 | ≤ 2000 | ≤ 1400 | ≤ 1100 | ≤ 800 | $\leq -$ |

* For case sizes 1 to 7 only.

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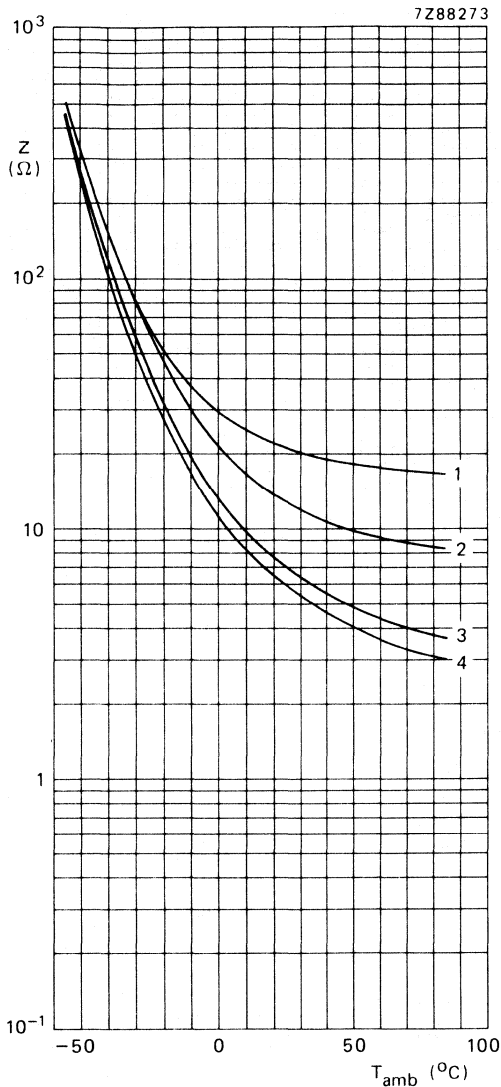


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 1:

- curve 1 = 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 2 = 2,2 μF , 40 V;
- curve 3 = 4,7 μF , 16 V;
- curve 4 = 10 μF , 6,3 V.

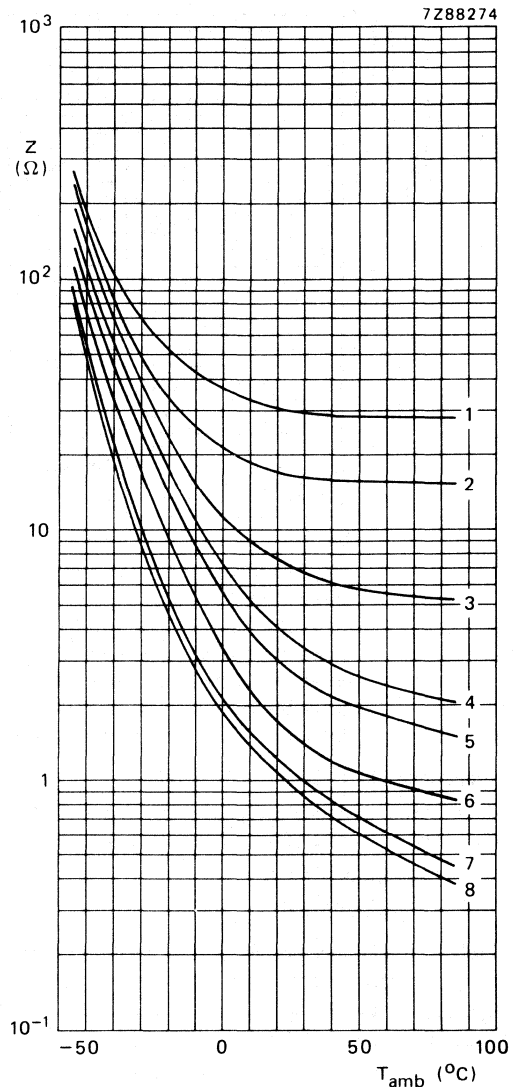


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 2:

- curve 1 = 0,47 μF , 63 V;
- curve 2 = 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 3,3 μF , 63 V;
- curve 4 = 6,8 μF , 63 V;
- curve 5 = 10 μF , 25 V;
- curve 6 = 22 μF , 25 V;
- curve 7 = 47 μF , 10 V;
- curve 8 = 68 μF , 6,3 V.

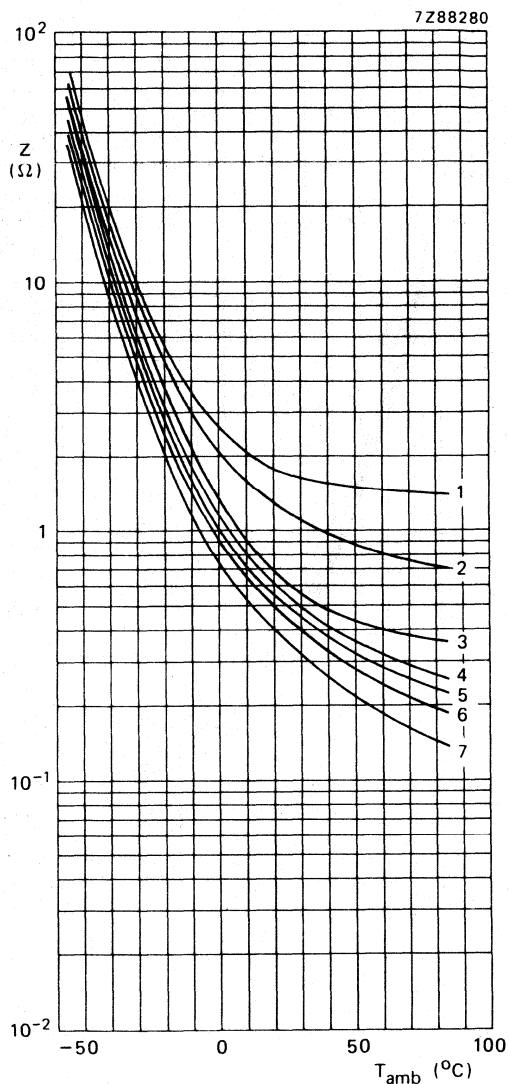


Fig. 31 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; **case size 3:**

- curve 1 = 4,7 μ F, 100 V;
- curve 2 = 10 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 3 = 22 μ F, 40 V;
- curve 4 = 47 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 5 = 68 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 6 = 100 μ F, 10 V;
- curve 7 = 150 μ F, 6,3 V.

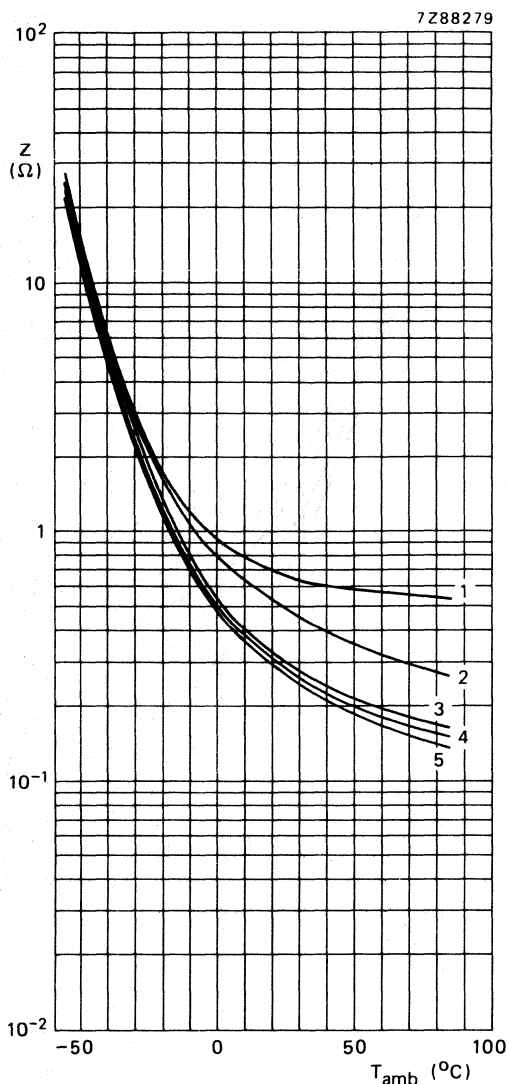


Fig. 32 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; **case size 5a:**

- curve 1 = 22 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 2 = 47 μ F, 40 V;
- curve 3 = 100 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 4 = 150 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 5 = 220 μ F, 10 V.

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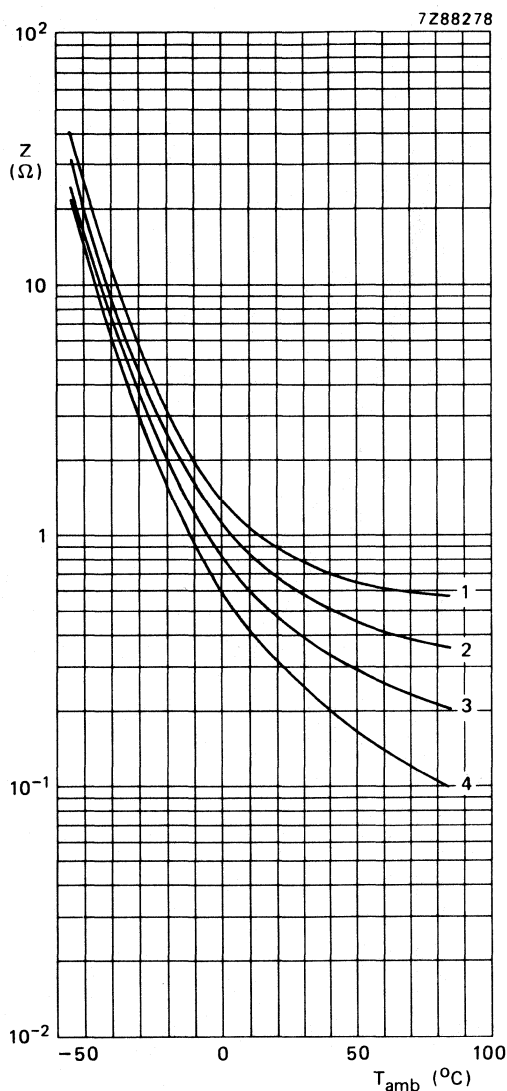


Fig. 33 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 4:

curve 1 = 22 μF , 63 V;
curve 2 = 47 μF , 40 V;
curve 3 = 100 μF , 25 V;
curve 4 = 220 μF , 10 V.

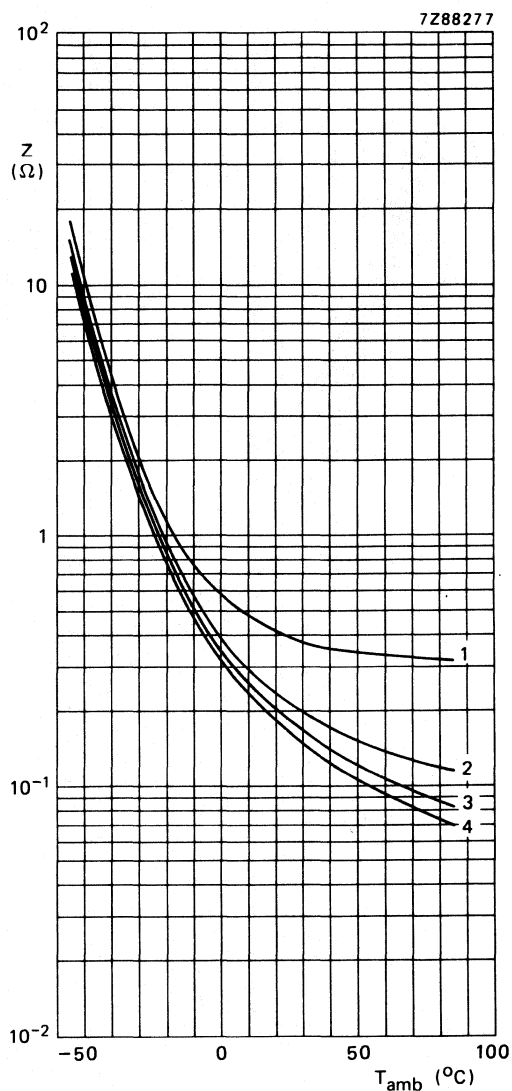


Fig. 34 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 5:

curve 1 = 47 μF , 63 V;
curve 2 = 150 μF , 25 V;
curve 3 = 330 μF , 10 V;
curve 4 = 470 μF , 6,3 V.

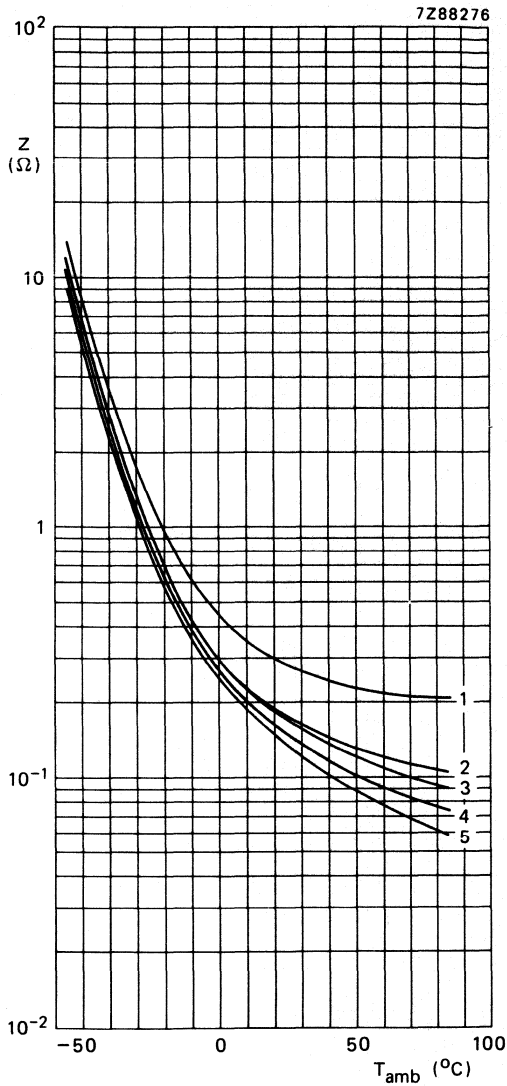


Fig. 35 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 6:

- curve 1 = 68 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 2 = 150 μ F, 40 V;
- curve 3 = 220 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 4 = 330 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 5 = 680 μ F, 6,3 V.

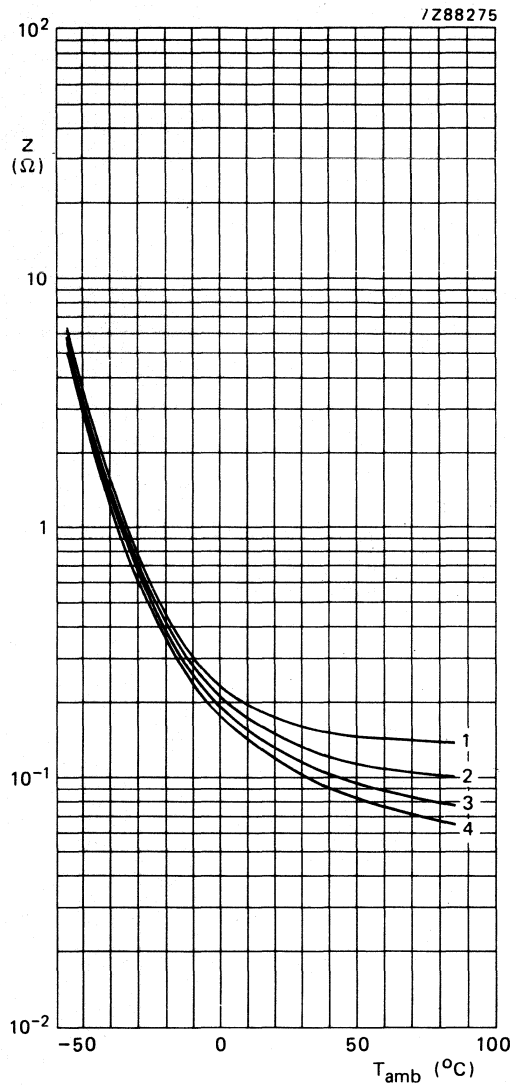


Fig. 36 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 7:

- curve 1 = 100 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 2 = 220 μ F, 40 V;
- curve 3 = 470 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 4 = 1000 μ F, 6,3 V.

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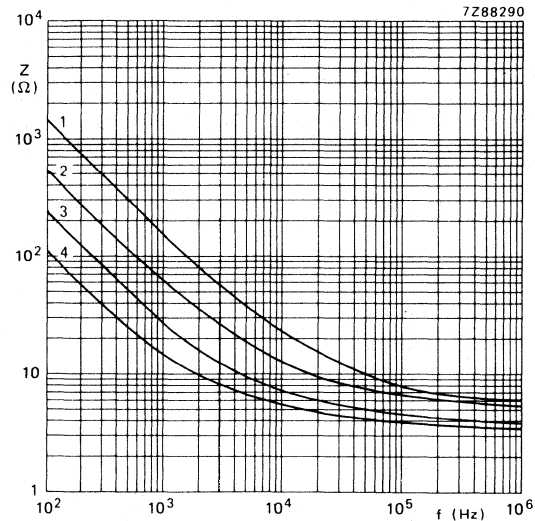


Fig. 37 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1:
 curve 1 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 3 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 4 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

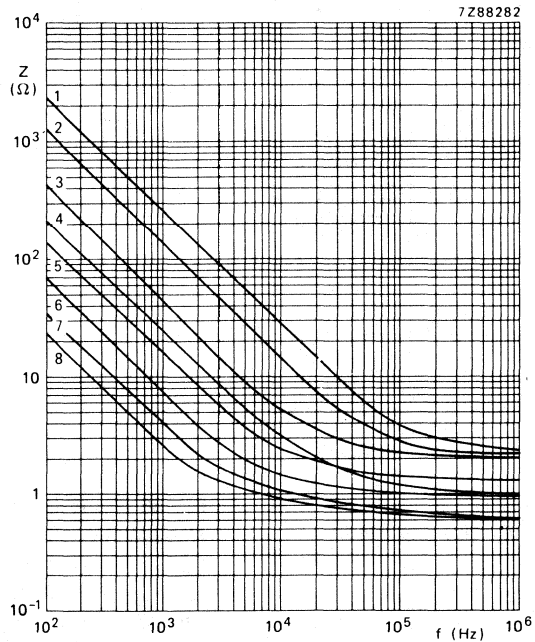


Fig. 38 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2:
 curve 1 = $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 5 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 2 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V/100 V; curve 6 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 3 = $3,3\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V/100 V; curve 7 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 4 = $6,8\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 8 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

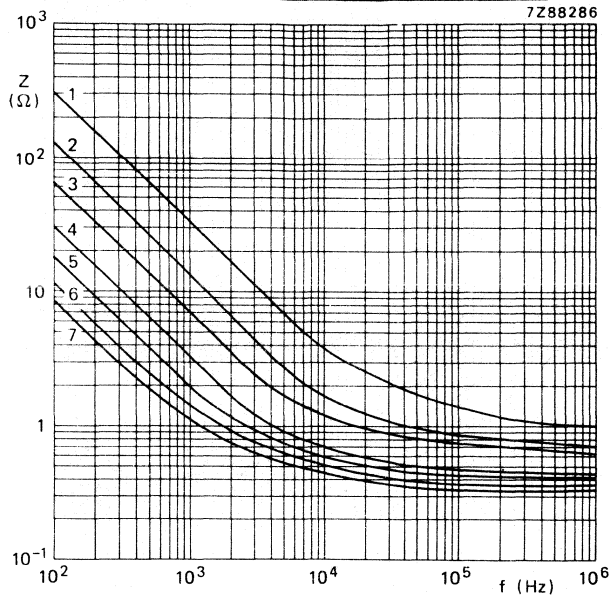


Fig. 39 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 3:
 curve 1 = $4,7\ \mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 5 = $68\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $10\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 6 = $100\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 3 = $22\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 7 = $150\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V;
 curve 4 = $47\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;

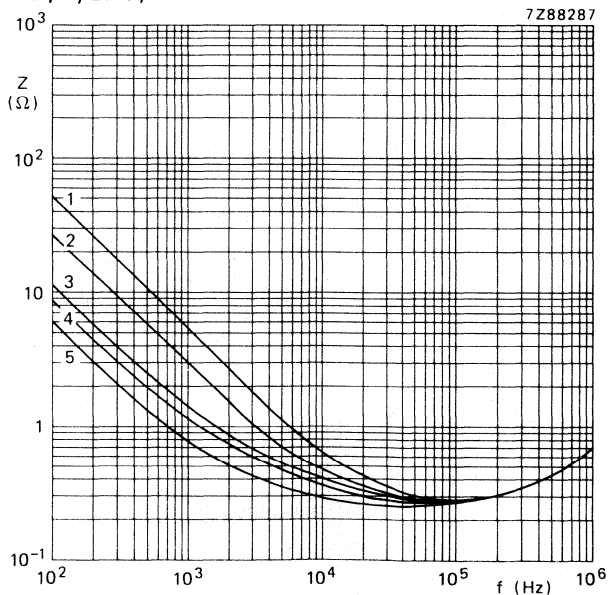


Fig. 40 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 5a:
 curve 1 = $22\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 4 = $150\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $47\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 5 = $220\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 3 = $100\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;

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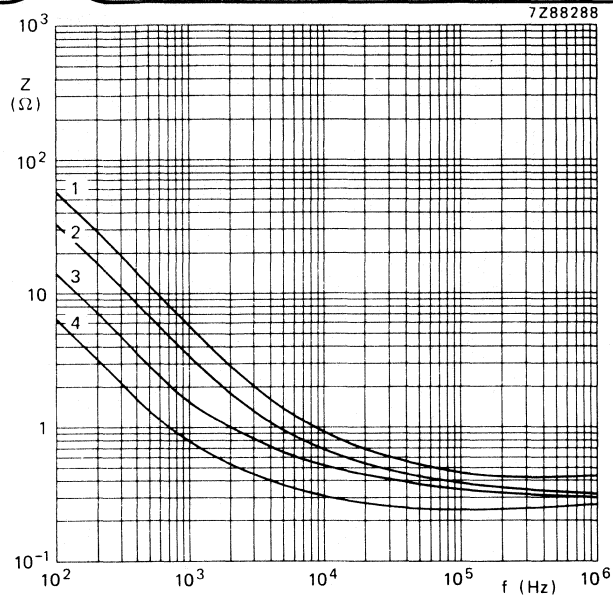


Fig. 41 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 4**:
curve 1 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 3 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
curve 2 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 4 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

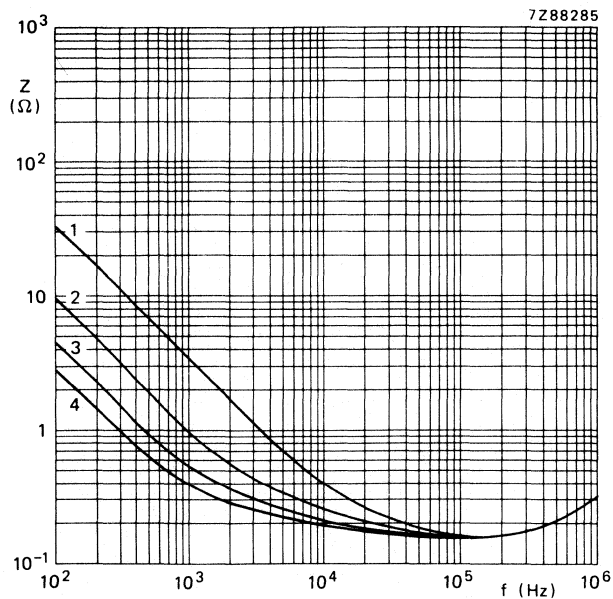


Fig. 42 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 5**:
curve 1 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 3 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V; curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6.3 V.

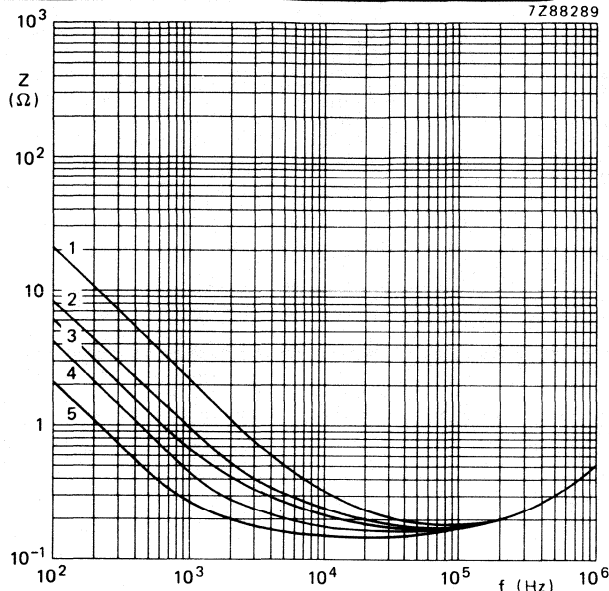


Fig. 43 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 6:
 curve 1 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 4 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 5 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V;
 curve 3 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;

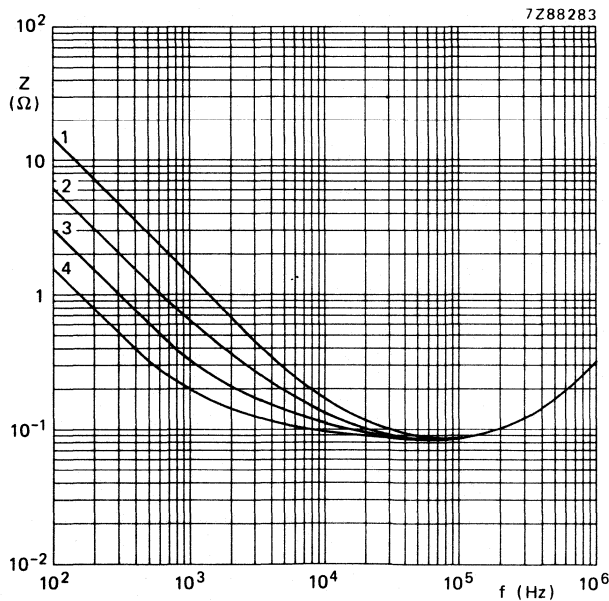


Fig. 44 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 7:
 curve 1 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 3 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

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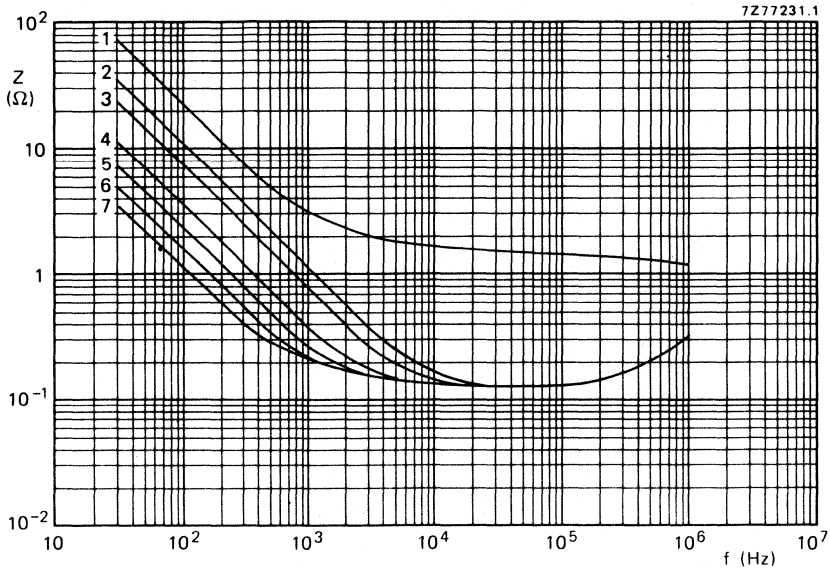


Fig. 45 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C. **Case size 00:**
 curve 1 = 68 μ F, 100 V; curve 4 = 470 μ F, 25 V; curve 6 = 1000 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 2 = 150 μ F, 63 V; curve 5 = 680 μ F, 16 V; curve 7 = 1500 μ F, 6,3 V;
 curve 3 = 220 μ F, 40 V;

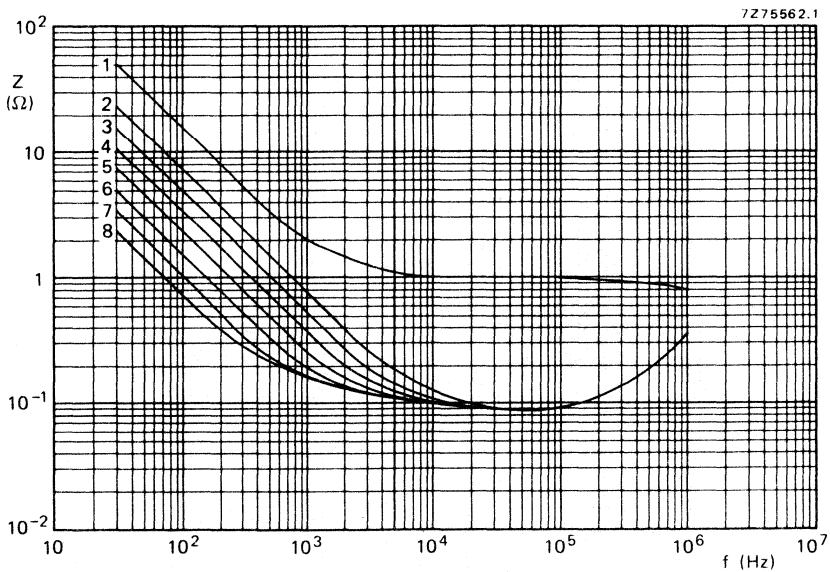


Fig. 46 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C. **Case size 01:**
 curve 1 = 100 μ F, 100 V; curve 4 = 470 μ F, 40 V; curve 6 = 1000 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 2 = 220 μ F, 63 V; curve 5 = 680 μ F, 25 V; curve 7 = 1500 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 3 = 330 μ F, 40 V; curve 8 = 2200 μ F, 6,3 V.

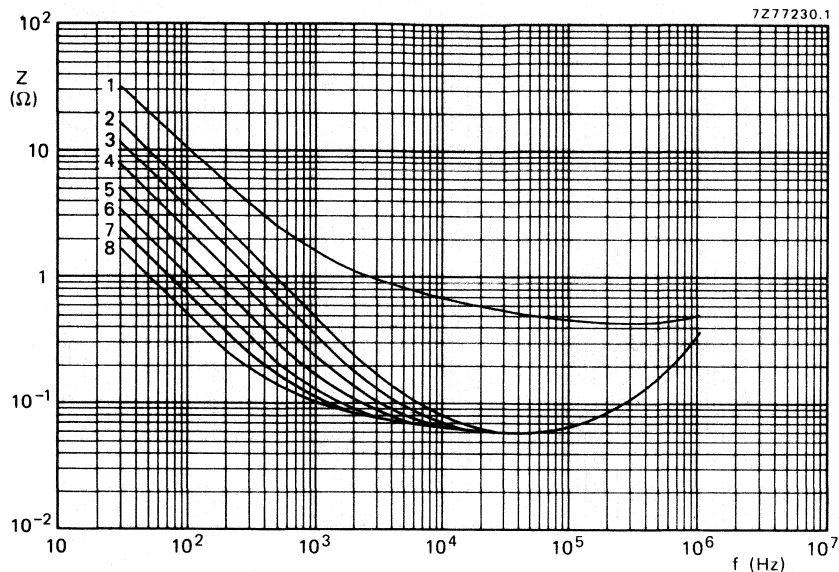


Fig. 47 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C. **Case size 02:**

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 150 μ F, 100 V; | curve 4 = 680 μ F, 40 V; | curve 6 = 1500 μ F, 16 V; |
| curve 2 = 330 μ F, 63 V; | curve 5 = 1000 μ F, 25 V; | curve 7 = 2200 μ F, 10 V; |
| curve 3 = 470 μ F, 63 V; | | curve 8 = 3300 μ F, 6,3 V. |

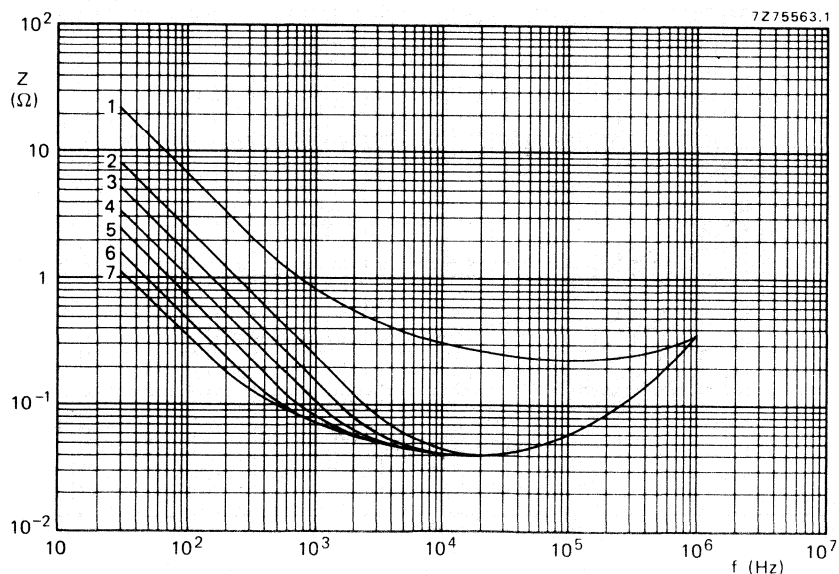


Fig. 48 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C. **Case size 03:**

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 220 μ F, 100 V; | curve 4 = 1500 μ F, 25 V; | curve 6 = 3300 μ F, 10 V; |
| curve 2 = 680 μ F, 63 V; | curve 5 = 2200 μ F, 16 V; | curve 7 = 4700 μ F, 6,3 V. |
| curve 3 = 1000 μ F, 40 V; | | |

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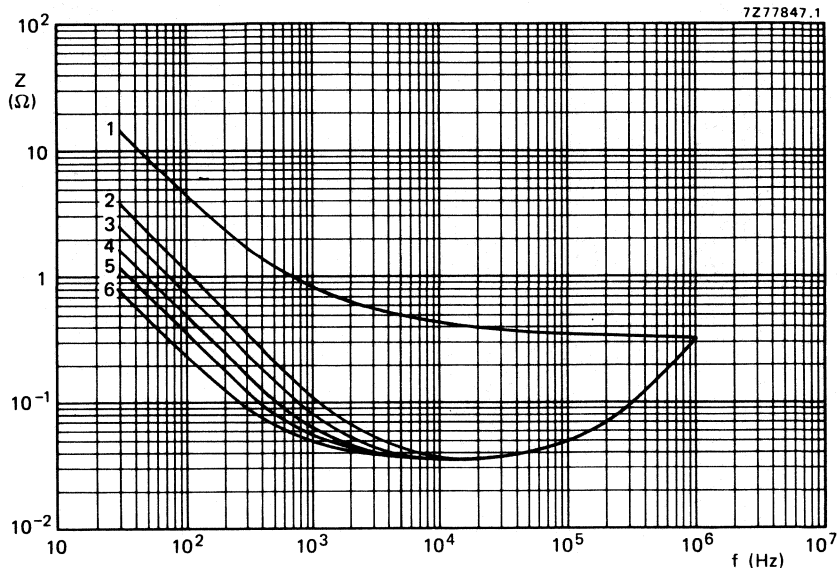


Fig. 49 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C. **Case size 04:**
 curve 1 = 330 μ F, 100 V; curve 3 = 2200 μ F, 25 V; curve 5 = 4700 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 2 = 1500 μ F, 40 V; curve 4 = 3300 μ F, 16 V; curve 6 = 6800 μ F, 6,3 V.

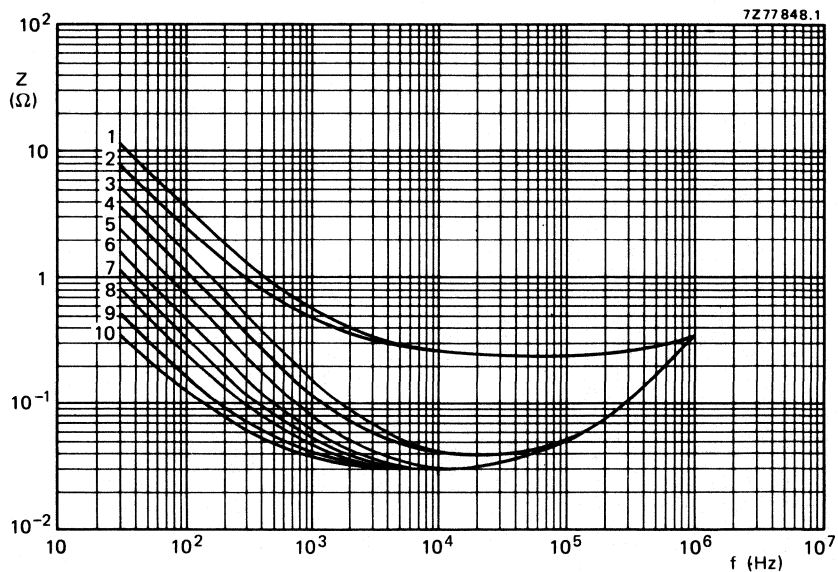


Fig. 50 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C. **Case size 05:**
 curve 1 = 470 μ F, 100 V; curve 4 = 1500 μ F, 63 V; curve 7 = 4700 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 2 = 680 μ F, 100 V; curve 5 = 2200 μ F, 40 V; curve 8 = 6800 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 3 = 1000 μ F, 63 V; curve 6 = 3300 μ F, 25 V; curve 9 = 10 000 μ F, 6,3 V;
 curve 10 = 15 000 μ F, 6,3 V.

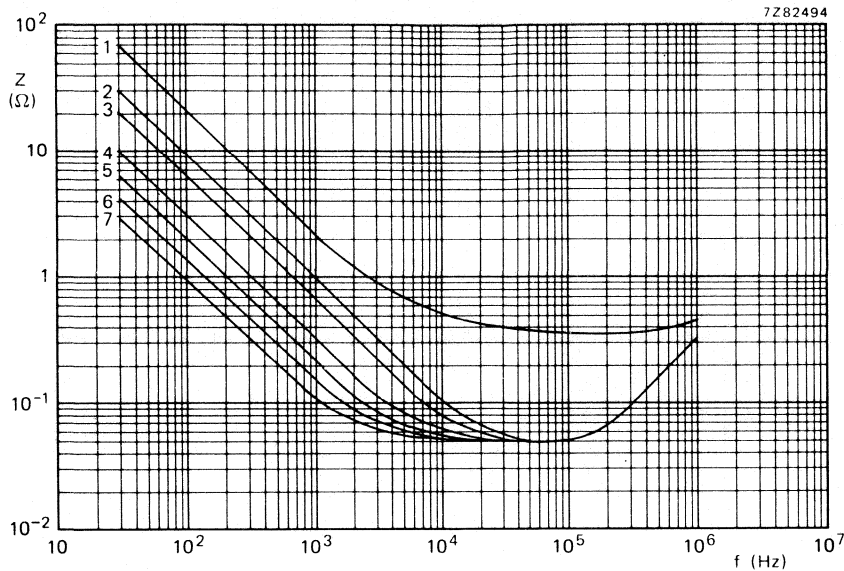


Fig. 51 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C. **Case size 00:**

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 68 μ F, 100 V; | curve 4 = 470 μ F, 25 V; | curve 6 = 1000 μ F, 10 V; |
| curve 2 = 150 μ F, 63 V; | curve 5 = 680 μ F, 16 V; | curve 7 = 1500 μ F, 6,3 V. |
| curve 3 = 220 μ F, 40 V; | | |

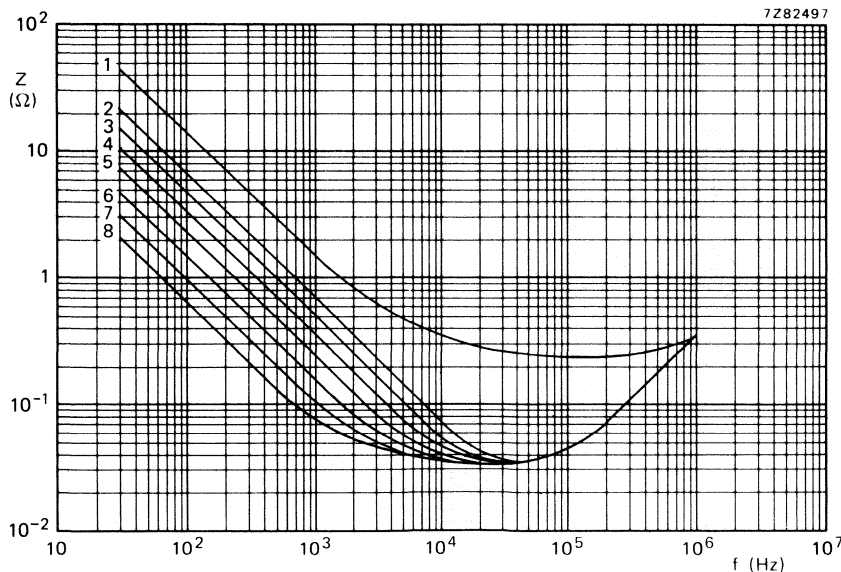


Fig. 52 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C. **Case size 01:**

| | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 100 μ F, 100 V; | curve 4 = 470 μ F, 40 V; | curve 6 = 1000 μ F, 16 V; |
| curve 2 = 220 μ F, 63 V; | curve 5 = 680 μ F, 25 V; | curve 7 = 1500 μ F, 10 V; |
| curve 3 = 330 μ F, 40 V; | | curve 8 = 2200 μ F, 6,3 V. |

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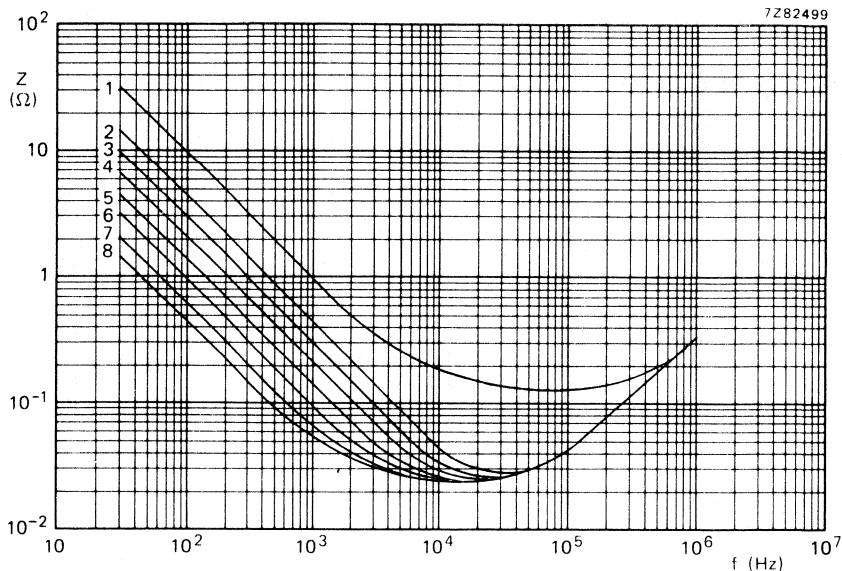


Fig. 53 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C. **Case size 02:**
 curve 1 = 150 μ F, 100 V; curve 4 = 680 μ F, 40 V; curve 6 = 1500 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 2 = 330 μ F, 63 V; curve 5 = 1000 μ F, 25 V; curve 7 = 2200 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 3 = 470 μ F, 63 V; curve 8 = 3300 μ F, 6,3 V.

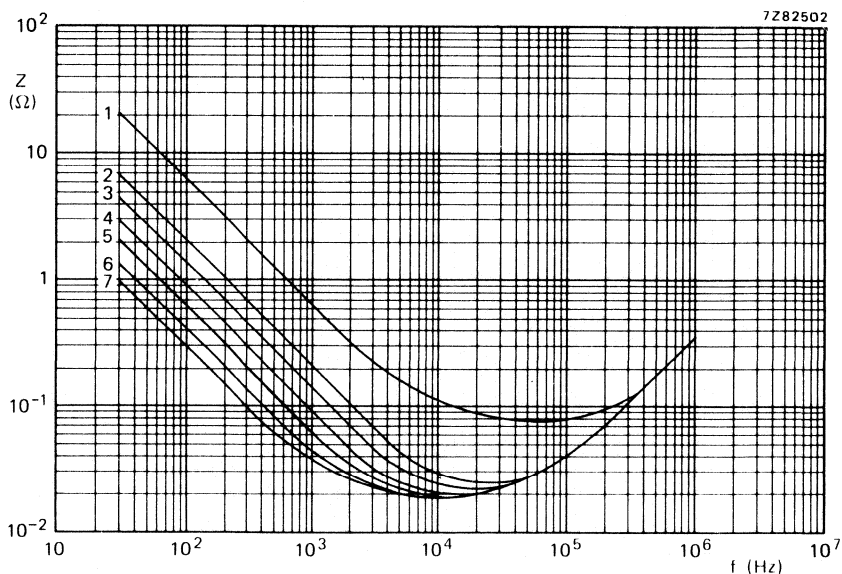


Fig. 54 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C. **Case size 03:**
 curve 1 = 220 μ F, 100 V; curve 4 = 1500 μ F, 25 V; curve 6 = 3300 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 2 = 680 μ F, 63 V; curve 5 = 2200 μ F, 16 V; curve 7 = 4700 μ F, 6,3 V.
 curve 3 = 1000 μ F, 40 V;

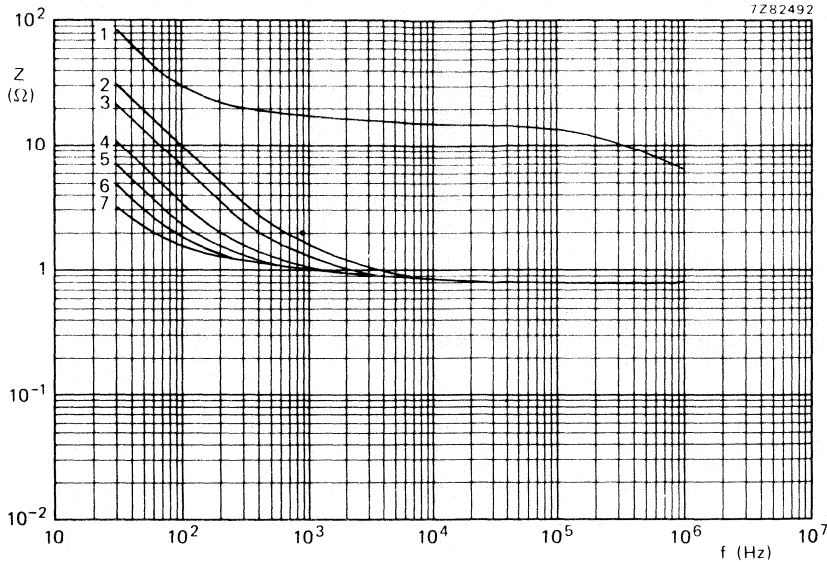


Fig. 55 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C . **Case size 00:**
 curve 1 = $68\ \mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 4 = $470\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V; curve 6 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 2 = $150\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 5 = $680\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V; curve 7 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V;
 curve 3 = $220\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;

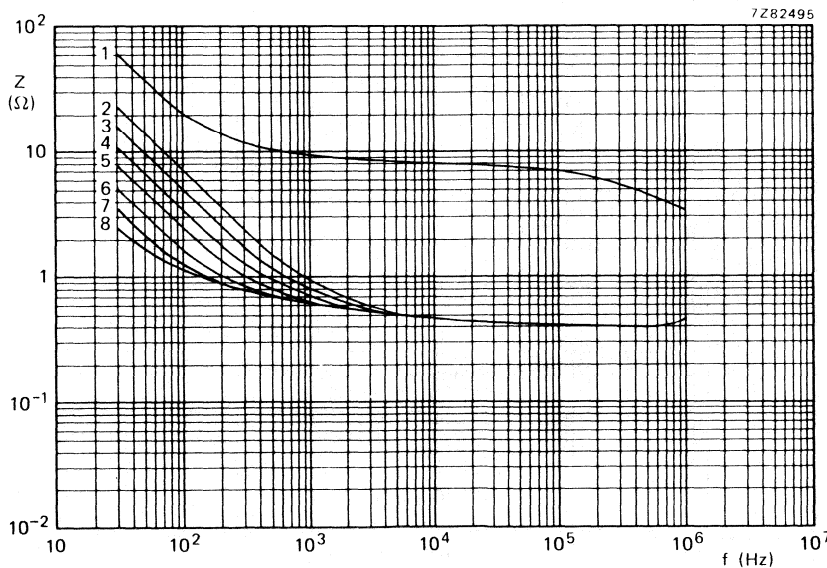


Fig. 56 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C . **Case size 01:**
 curve 1 = $100\ \mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 4 = $470\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 6 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $220\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 5 = $680\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V; curve 7 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 3 = $330\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 8 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

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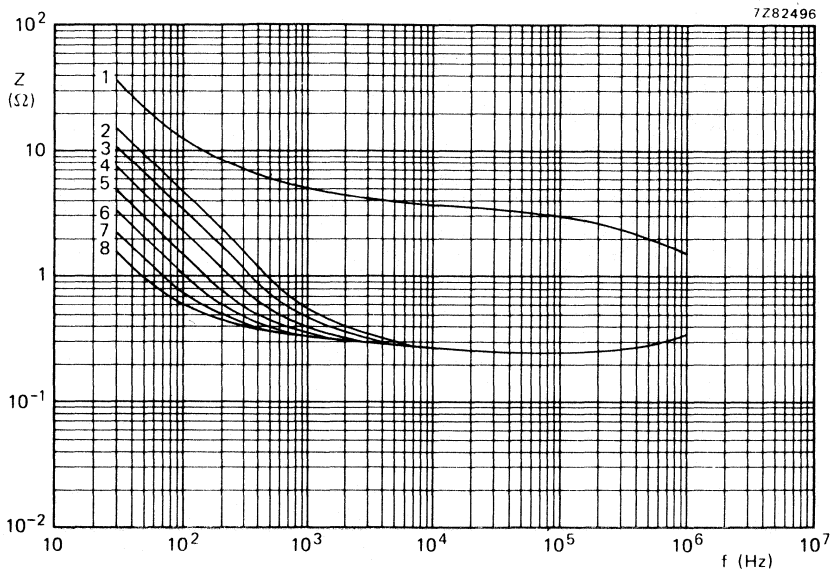


Fig. 57 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C . **Case size 02:**
 curve 1 = $150\ \mu\text{F}$, $100\ \text{V}$; curve 4 = $680\ \mu\text{F}$, $40\ \text{V}$; curve 6 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, $16\ \text{V}$;
 curve 2 = $330\ \mu\text{F}$, $63\ \text{V}$; curve 5 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, $25\ \text{V}$; curve 7 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, $10\ \text{V}$;
 curve 3 = $470\ \mu\text{F}$, $63\ \text{V}$; curve 8 = $3300\ \mu\text{F}$, $6,3\ \text{V}$.

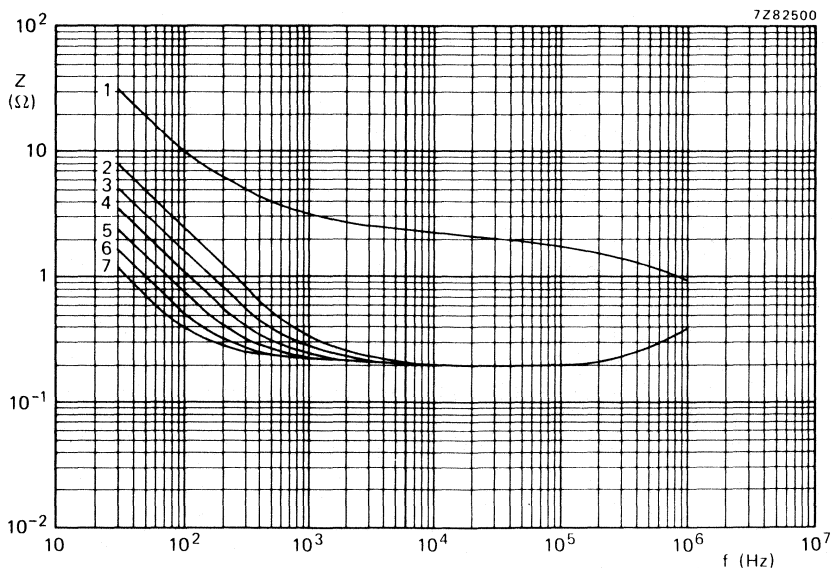


Fig. 58 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C . **Case size 03:**
 curve 1 = $220\ \mu\text{F}$, $100\ \text{V}$; curve 4 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, $25\ \text{V}$; curve 6 = $3300\ \mu\text{F}$, $10\ \text{V}$;
 curve 2 = $680\ \mu\text{F}$, $63\ \text{V}$; curve 5 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, $16\ \text{V}$; curve 7 = $4700\ \mu\text{F}$, $6,3\ \text{V}$.
 curve 3 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, $40\ \text{V}$;

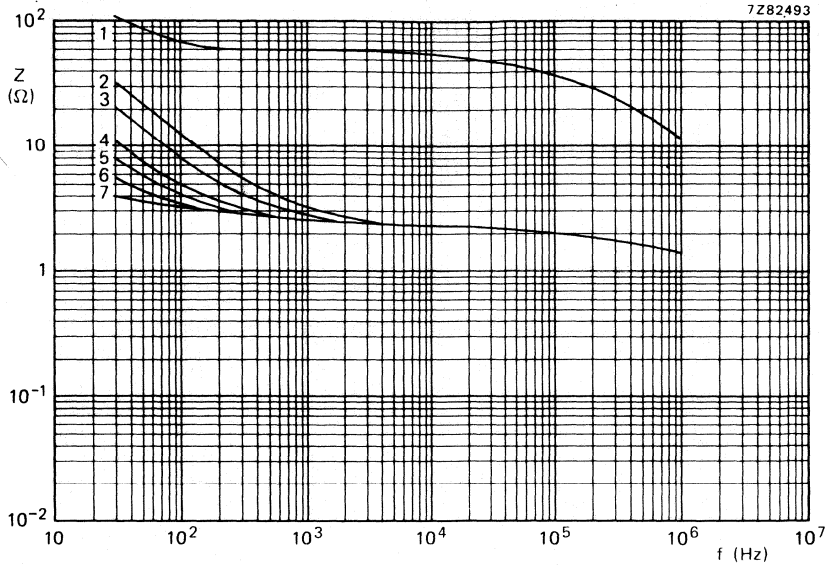


Fig. 59 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Case size 00:

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| curve 1 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V; | curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V; | curve 6 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V; |
| curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; | curve 5 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V; | curve 7 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V. |
| curve 3 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; | | |

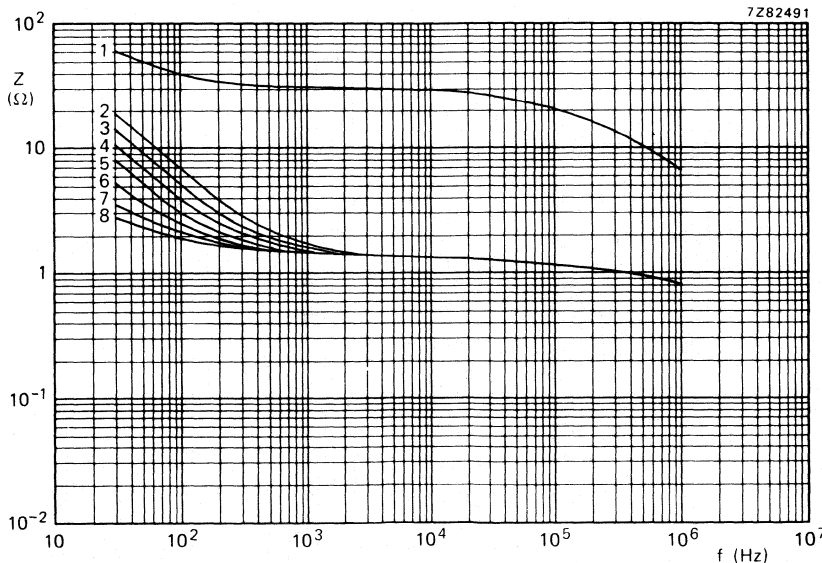


Fig. 60 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Case size 01:

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| curve 1 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V; | curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; | curve 6 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V; |
| curve 2 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V; | curve 5 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V; | curve 7 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V; |
| curve 3 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; | | curve 8 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V. |

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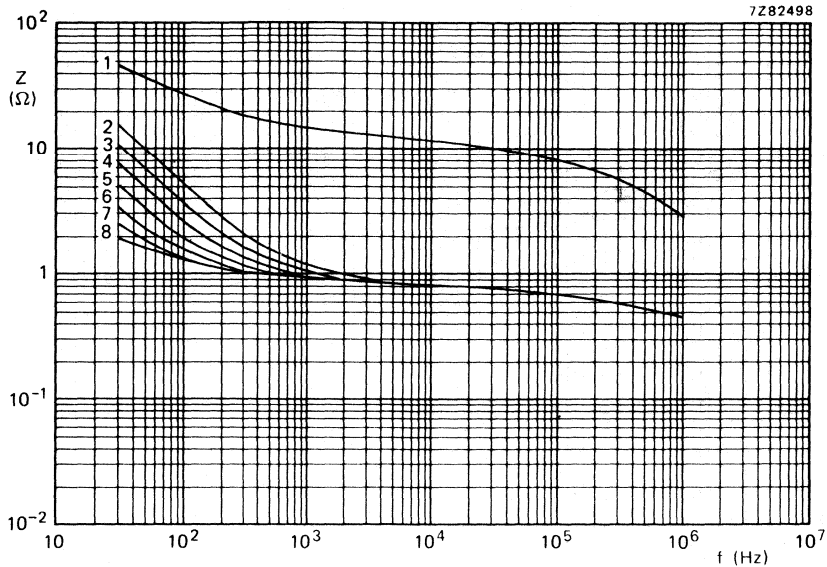


Fig. 61 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C . **Case size 02:**
 curve 1 = $150\ \mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 4 = $680\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 6 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $330\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 5 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V; curve 7 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 3 = $470\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 8 = $3300\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

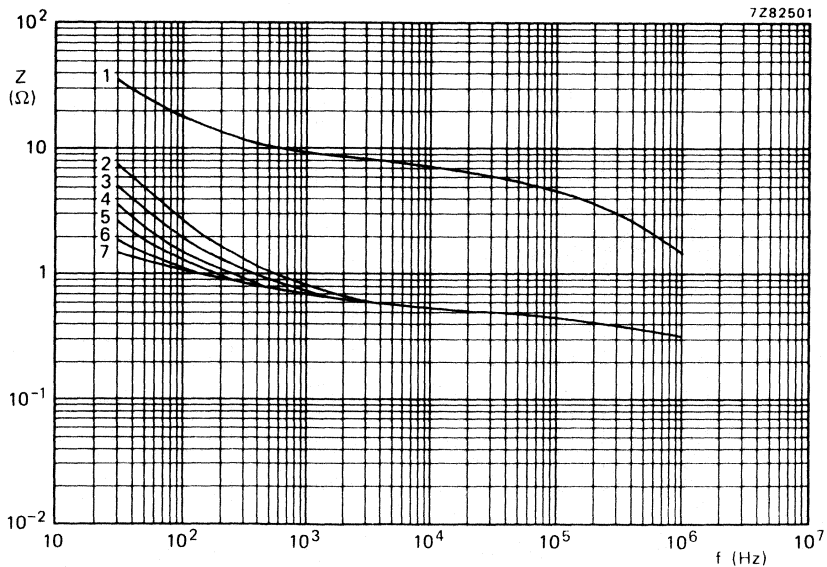


Fig. 62 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C . **Case size 03:**
 curve 1 = $220\ \mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 4 = $1500\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V; curve 6 = $3300\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 2 = $680\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V; curve 5 = $2200\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V; curve 7 = $4700\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.
 curve 3 = $1000\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

| | | |
|--------------------------|------|-------|
| Case size 1 | typ. | 15 nH |
| Case size 2 | typ. | 17 nH |
| Case sizes 3 and 4 | typ. | 30 nH |
| Case size 5a | typ. | 85 nH |
| Case size 5 | typ. | 50 nH |
| Case sizes 6 and 7 | typ. | 65 nH |
| Case sizes 00 and 01 | typ. | 50 nH |
| Case size 02 | typ. | 55 nH |
| Case sizes 03, 04 and 05 | typ. | 60 nH |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

| | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| case sizes 1 to 7 | -55 to +85 °C |
| case sizes 00 to 05 | -40 to +85 °C |

Typical life time

| | $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| case size 1 | 1500 hours | 35 000 hours |
| case sizes 2 to 7 | 3000 hours | 70 000 hours |
| case sizes 00 to 05 | 7000 hours | > 200 000 hours ← |

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

PACKING

All capacitors are supplied in boxes, except case sizes 1 to 7 of style 1, which are on bandoliers in boxes or on reels. The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 10.

Table 10 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | style 1 on bandoliers per reel | style 1 on bandoliers per box | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box |
| 1 | 4000 | 1000 | | | 1000 |
| 2 | 3000 | 1000 | | | 1000 |
| 3 | 1000 | 1000 | | | 1000 |
| 5a | 500 | 500 | | | 1000 |
| 4 | 1000 | 1000 | | | 1000 |
| 5 | 500 | 500 | | | 1000 |
| 6 | 500 | 500 | | | 1000 |
| 7 | 500 | 500 | | | 500 |
| 00 | | | 200 | | 200 |
| 01 | | | 200 | | 200 |
| 02 | | | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| 03 | | | 200 | 200 | |
| 04 | | | 100 | 100 | |
| 05 | | | 100 | 100 | |

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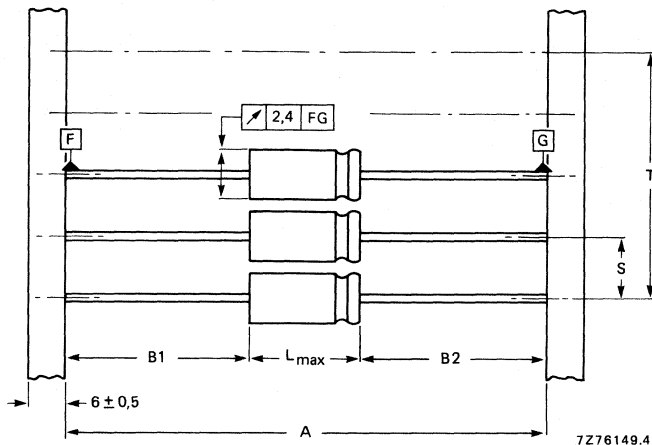


Fig. 63 Style 1 capacitors (case sizes 1 to 7) on bandoliers: the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 11 for dimensions A, S, T and L. $|B1 - B2| = \max. 1,4 \text{ mm}$.

Table 11 Dimensions of bandolier (dimensions in mm)

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L _{max} |
|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | | | n < 50 | 50 < n < 100 | |
| 1 | 63,5 ± 1,5 | 5 ± 0,4 | 5 (n-1) ± 2 | 5 (n-1) ± 4 | 12,0 |
| 2 | 63,5 ± 1,5 | 5 ± 0,4 | 5 (n-1) ± 2 | 5 (n-1) ± 4 | 10,5 |
| 3 | 63,5 ± 1,5 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 10,5 |
| 5a | 63,5 ± 1,5 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 11,5 |
| 4 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 18,5 |
| 5 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 18,5 |
| 6 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 15 (n-1) ± 2 | 15 (n-1) ± 4 | 18,5 |
| 7 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 15 (n-1) ± 2 | 15 (n-1) ± 4 | 25,0 |

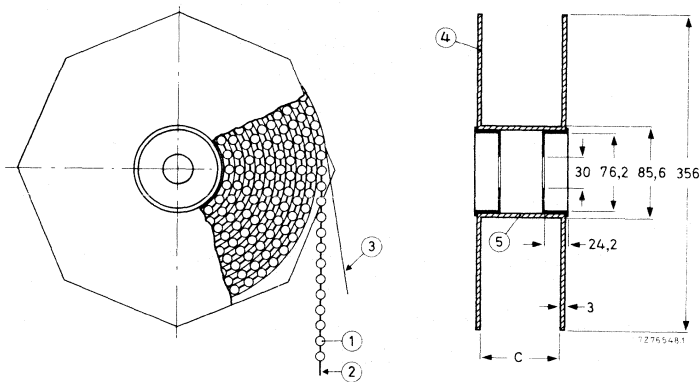


Fig. 64 Style 1 capacitors (case sizes 1 to 7) on bandoliers on reel; dimension C is 83,5 mm for case sizes 1, 2, 3 and 5a, and 88,5 mm for case sizes 4, 5, 6 and 7; the overall width of the reel is 94,5 mm and 99,5 mm respectively.

- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = bandolier
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition for **case sizes 1 to 7**.

After *endurance test, 2000 hours (1000 hours for case size 1), 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the following requirements:

- $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 15\%$, for $U_R = 10$ to 100 V;
- $\Delta C/C \leq + 15\%$, -25% for $U_R = 6,3$ V;
- $\tan \delta \leq 130\%$ of specified value;
- DC leakage current \leq specified value;
- impedance at 10 kHz $\leq 200\%$ of specified value.

For all case sizes:

After *shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note:

- Capacitors 2222 030, case size 1 are miniature types, general-purpose grade.
- Capacitors 2222 030 and 2222 031, case sizes 2 to 7, are miniature types, long-life grade.
- Capacitors 2222 032 and 2222 033 are small types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Single ended
- General applications

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series): 0,10 to 4700 μ F

Tolerance on nominal capacitance: $\pm 20\% *$

Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series): 6,3 to 100 V

Category temperature range: -40 to $+85$ $^{\circ}$ C

Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C: 1000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}$ C: 500 hours

Basic specifications:
IEC 384-4, G.P. grade
DIN 41332/DIN 41259

Climatic category:
IEC 68: 40/085/56
DIN 40040: GPF

* $\pm 10\%$ to special order.

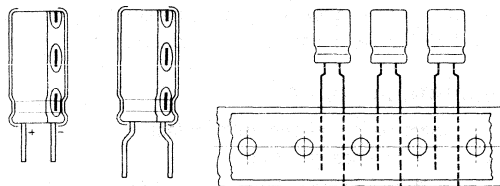


Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 100 |
| 0,10 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 0,15 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 0,22 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 0,47 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 4,7 | | | | | | | | 11 | 12 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | | | 11 | 12 |
| 10 | | | | | | | | 12 | 13 |
| 15 | | | | | | | | 12 | 13 |
| 22 | | | | | 11 | | | 12 | 14 |
| 33 | | | 11 | | | | | 12 | 15 |
| 47 | | 11 | | 12 | | | | 13 | 16 |
| 68 | | | 12 | | | | | 13 | 17 |
| 100 | | 12 | | 13 | 14 | | | 15 | 18 |
| 150 | 12 | | 13 | 14 | | | | 16 | 18 |
| 220 | | 13 | 14 | 15 | | | | 17 | 19 |
| 330 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | | | | 18 | 20 |
| 470 | | 15 | 16 | 17 | | | | 18 | 19 |
| 680 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | | | | 19 | 20 |
| 1000 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | | | 20 | |
| 1500 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | | | | | |
| 2200 | 18 | | 19 | 20 | | | | | |
| 3300 | 19 | | 20 | | | | | | |
| 4700 | 20 | | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 11 | ϕ 5 x 11 |
| 12 | ϕ 6,3 x 11 |
| 13 | ϕ 8 x 12 |
| 14 | ϕ 10 x 12 |
| 15 | ϕ 10 x 16 |
| 16 | ϕ 10 x 20 |
| 17 | ϕ 12,5 x 20 |
| 18 | ϕ 12,5 x 25 |
| 19 | ϕ 16 x 25 |
| 20 | ϕ 16 x 31 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors with high CU-product per unit volume are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits. Other applications are in timing and delay circuits. The taped versions are suitable for use with automatic insertion and cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is fitted in an insulated aluminium case.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The capacitor is available in 5 styles:

- style 1: long leads; in boxes;
- style 2: straight short leads; non preferred, in boxes;
- style 3: bent short leads , case sizes 11, 12 and 13 only; non preferred, in boxes;
- style 4: long leads; on tape on reel, positive leading; case sizes 11 to 13 only;
- style 5: long leads; on tape in ammunition pack; case sizes 11 to 13 only.

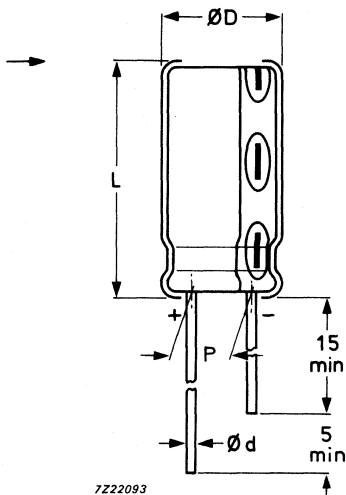


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

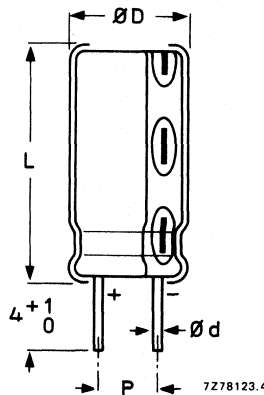


Fig. 2 Style 2; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

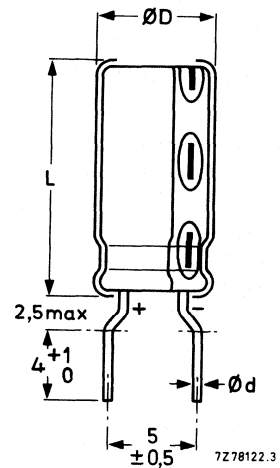
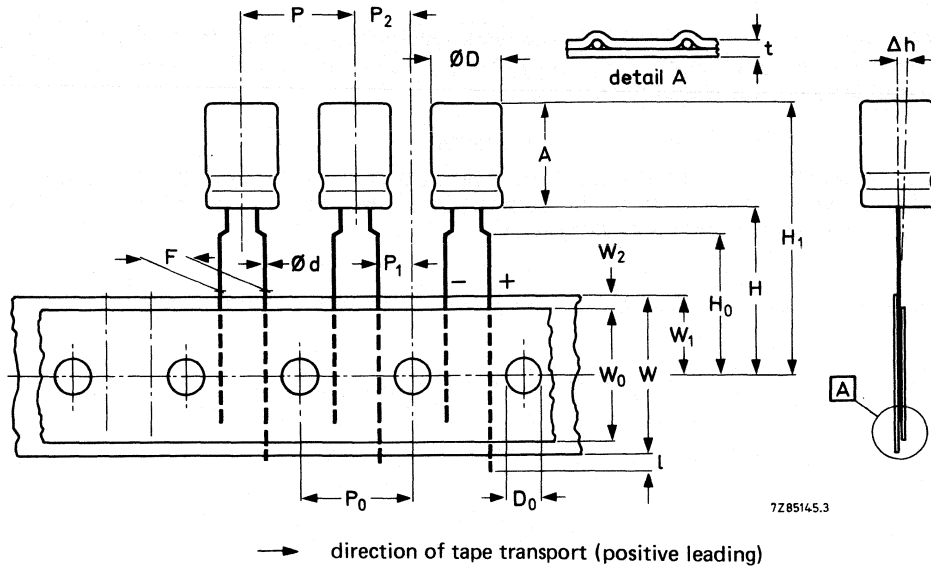


Fig. 3 Style 3, case sizes 11, 12 and 13; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass grams | |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----|------------|-----|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | | |
| 11 | 0,5 | 5,5 | 12,0 | 2,0 | ± 0,5 | 0,4 |
| 12 | 0,6 | 6,8 | 12,0 | 2,5 | | 0,6 |
| 13 | 0,6 | 8,5 | 12,5 | 3,5 | | 1,1 |
| 14 | 0,6 | 10,5 | 12,5 | 5,0 | | 1,6 |
| 15 | 0,6 | 10,5 | 17,0 | 5,0 | | 1,9 |

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass grams | |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----|------------|-----|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | | |
| 16 | 0,6 | 10,5 | 21,0 | 5,0 | ± 0,5 | 2,2 |
| 17 | 0,6 | 13,0 | 21,0 | 5,0 | | 4,0 |
| 18 | 0,6 | 13,0 | 26,0 | 5,0 | | 5,0 |
| 19 | 0,8 | 16,5 | 26,0 | 7,5 | | 8,0 |
| 20 | 0,8 | 16,5 | 32,0 | 7,5 | | 9,0 |



7Z85145.3

Fig. 4 Styles 4 and 5, case sizes 11 to 13; see Table 4 for dimensions. Negative-leading tapes are available to special order.

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|------|------|-------------|
| | | 11 | 12 | 13 | |
| Body diameter | D | 5,5 | 6,8 | 8,5 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 12,0 | 12,0 | 12,5 | maximum |
| Lead-wire diameter | d | 0,5 | 0,6 | 0,6 | ± 0,05 |
| Pitch of component | P | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | ± 1,0 |
| Feed-hole pitch | P ₀ | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | ± 0,2** |
| Hole centre to lead | P ₁ | 3,85 | 3,85 | 3,85 | ± 0,7 |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P ₂ | 6,35 | 6,35 | 6,35 | ± 1,0 |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5,0* | 5,0* | 5,0* | + 0,8/-0 |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 1,0 |
| Tape width | W | 18,0 | 18,0 | 18,0 | ± 0,5 |
| Hold-down tape width | W ₀ | 12,5 | 12,5 | 12,5 | minimum*** |
| Hole position | W ₁ | 9,0 | 9,0 | 9,0 | + 0,75/-0,5 |
| Hold-down tape position | W ₂ | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,0 | 18,0 | 18,0 | + 1,5/-0 |
| Lead-wire clinch height | H ₀ | 16,0 | 16,0 | 16,0 | ± 0,75 |
| Component height | H ₁ | 32,0 | 32,0 | 32,0 | maximum |
| Lead-wire protrusion | l | 2,0 | 2,0 | 2,0 | maximum |
| Feed-hole diameter | D ₀ | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | ± 0,3 |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | 0,9 | 0,9 | maximum |

* Available on request; F = 2,5 mm for case sizes 11 and 12, 3,5 mm for case size 13.

** Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

*** Other widths under consideration.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, rated voltage, a symbol to identify the negative terminal, group number (035), code for factory of origin, name of manufacturer and date code (year and month) in accordance with IEC 62.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 035 followed by | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------|---|--|--------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|-------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 | in ammpack style 5 | |
| 6,3 | 150 | 260 | 22 | 0,24 | 3,2 | 1,33 | 1,33 | 12 | 53151 | 83151 | 63151 | 23151 | 33151 | |
| | 330 | 320 | 45 | 0,24 | 1,4 | 0,61 | 0,61 | 13 | 53331 | 83331 | 63331 | 23331 | 33331 | |
| | 680 | 460 | 89 | 0,24 | 0,7 | 0,29 | 0,29 | 15 | 53681 | 63681 | | | | |
| | 1000 | 530 | 129 | 0,24 | 0,48 | 0,20 | 0,23 | 16 | 53102 | 63102 | | | | |
| | 1500 | 640 | 192 | 0,24 | 0,32 | 0,13 | 0,13 | 17 | 53152 | 63152 | | | | |
| | 2200 | 800 | 280 | 0,24 | 0,22 | 0,09 | 0,16 | 18 | 53222 | 63222 | | | | |
| | 3300 | 850 | 419 | 0,24 | 0,14 | 0,11 | 0,11 | 19 | 53332 | 63332 | | | | |
| | 4700 | 960 | 595 | 0,24 | 0,10 | 0,07 | 0,07 | 20 | 53472 | 63472 | | | | |
| | 10 | 47 | 100 | 12 | 0,20 | 8,5 | 3,40 | 3,40 | 11 | 54479 | 84479 | 64479 | 24479 | 34479 |
| | | 100 | 160 | 23 | 0,20 | 4,0 | 1,60 | 1,60 | 12 | 54101 | 84101 | 64101 | 24101 | 34101 |
| | | 220 | 250 | 47 | 0,20 | 1,8 | 0,73 | 0,73 | 13 | 54221 | 84221 | 64221 | 24221 | 34221 |
| | | 330 | 340 | 69 | 0,20 | 1,2 | 0,48 | 0,48 | 14 | 54331 | 64331 | | | |
| | | 470 | 400 | 97 | 0,20 | 0,85 | 0,34 | 0,34 | 15 | 54471 | 64471 | | | |
| | | 680 | 480 | 139 | 0,20 | 0,59 | 0,24 | 0,24 | 16 | 54681 | 64681 | | | |
| | 1000 | 580 | 203 | 0,20 | 0,40 | 0,16 | 0,16 | 17 | 54102 | 64102 | | | | |
| | 1500 | 720 | 303 | 0,20 | 0,27 | 0,11 | 0,2 | 18 | 54152 | 64152 | | | | |
| 16 | 33 | 90 | 14 | 0,16 | 9,6 | 3,64 | 3,64 | 11 | 55339 | 85339 | 65339 | 25339 | 35339 | |
| | 68 | 180 | 25 | 0,16 | 4,7 | 1,76 | 1,76 | 12 | 55689 | 85689 | 65689 | 25689 | 35689 | |
| | 150 | 270 | 51 | 0,16 | 2,1 | 0,80 | 0,80 | 13 | 55151 | 85151 | 65151 | 25151 | 35151 | |
| | 220 | 320 | 73 | 0,16 | 1,4 | 0,55 | 0,55 | 14 | 55221 | 65221 | | | | |
| | 330 | 405 | 109 | 0,16 | 0,96 | 0,36 | 0,36 | 15 | 55331 | 65331 | | | | |
| | 470 | 480 | 153 | 0,16 | 0,68 | 0,26 | 0,26 | 16 | 55471 | 65471 | | | | |
| | 680 | 590 | 221 | 0,16 | 0,47 | 0,18 | 0,18 | 17 | 55681 | 65681 | | | | |
| | 1000 | 700 | 323 | 0,16 | 0,32 | 0,12 | 0,12 | 18 | 55102 | 65102 | | | | |
| | 1500 | 820 | 483 | 0,16 | 0,21 | 0,08 | 0,17 | 19 | 55152 | 65152 | | | | |
| | 2200 | 1000 | 707 | 0,16 | 0,14 | 0,11 | 0,11 | 19 | 55222 | 65222 | | | | |
| 3300 | 1200 | 1059 | 0,16 | 0,10 | 0,08 | 0,08 | 20 | 55332 | 65332 | | | | | |

Table 5 (continued)

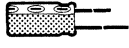
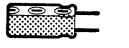

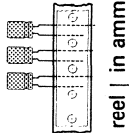
| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 035 followed by | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------|---|--|--------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---|---|---|---------|---------|---|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1  | style 2  | style 3  | on reel | | in ammopack style 5  |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | style 4 | style 4 | |
| 25 | 47 | 140 | 27 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 1,91 | 56479 | 86479 | 66479 | 26479 | 36479 | | | |
| | 100 | 230 | 53 | 0,14 | 2,8 | 0,90 | 56101 | 86101 | 66101 | 26101 | 36101 | | | |
| | 150 | 330 | 78 | 0,14 | 1,9 | 0,60 | 56151 | 86151 | | | | | | |
| | 220 | 400 | 113 | 0,14 | 1,3 | 0,41 | 56221 | 66221 | | | | | | |
| | 330 | 500 | 168 | 0,14 | 0,84 | 0,27 | 56331 | 66331 | | | | | | |
| | 470 | 600 | 238 | 0,14 | 0,59 | 0,19 | 56471 | 66471 | | | | | | |
| | 680 | 710 | 343 | 0,14 | 0,41 | 0,13 | 56681 | 66681 | | | | | | |
| | 1000 | 850 | 503 | 0,14 | 0,28 | 0,09 | 56102 | 66102 | | | | | | |
| | 1500 | 1000 | 753 | 0,14 | 0,19 | 0,06 | 56152 | 66152 | | | | | | |
| | 2200 | 1200 | 1103 | 0,14 | 0,13 | 0,10 | 56222 | 66222 | | | | | | |
| | 35 | 22 | 90 | 18 | 0,12 | 11 | 3,41 | 90003 | 90004 | 90005 | 90034 | 90085 | | |
| | | 100 | 280 | 73 | 0,12 | 2,4 | 0,75 | 90059 | 90081 | | | | | |
| 1000 | | 1050 | 703 | 0,12 | 0,24 | 0,08 | 90006 | 90007 | | | | | | |
| 40 | 15 | 70 | 15 | 0,12 | 16 | 4,67 | 57159 | 87159 | 67159 | 27159 | 37159 | | | |
| | 22 | 90 | 21 | 0,12 | 11 | 3,18 | 57229 | 87229 | 67229 | 27229 | 37229 | | | |
| | 33 | 140 | 29 | 0,12 | 7,2 | 2,12 | 57339 | 87339 | 67339 | 27339 | 37339 | | | |
| | 68 | 200 | 57 | 0,12 | 3,5 | 1,03 | 57689 | 87689 | 67689 | 27689 | 37689 | | | |
| | 150 | 320 | 123 | 0,12 | 1,6 | 0,47 | 57151 | 67151 | | | | | | |
| | 220 | 470 | 179 | 0,12 | 1,1 | 0,32 | 57221 | 67221 | | | | | | |
| | 330 | 590 | 267 | 0,12 | 0,72 | 0,21 | 57331 | 67331 | | | | | | |
| | 470 | 800 | 379 | 0,12 | 0,51 | 0,15 | 57471 | 67471 | | | | | | |
| | 680 | 960 | 547 | 0,12 | 0,35 | 0,10 | 57681 | 67681 | | | | | | |
| | 50 | 10 | 60 | 13 | 0,10 | 20 | 6,00 | 90008 | 90009 | 90011 | 90035 | 90087 | | |
| | | 22 | 100 | 25 | 0,10 | 9,0 | 2,73 | 90012 | 90013 | 90014 | 90036 | 90088 | | |
| | | 47 | 180 | 50 | 0,10 | 4,2 | 1,28 | 90015 | 90016 | 90033 | 90037 | 90038 | | |
| 68 | | 260 | 71 | 0,10 | 2,9 | 0,88 | 90017 | 90018 | | | | | | |
| 100 | | 320 | 103 | 0,10 | 2,0 | 0,60 | 90019 | 90021 | | | | | | |
| 150 | | 410 | 153 | 0,10 | 1,3 | 0,40 | 90022 | 90023 | | | | | | |
| 50 | 220 | 500 | 223 | 0,10 | 0,9 | 0,27 | 90024 | 90025 | | | | | | |
| | 330 | 650 | 333 | 0,10 | 0,6 | 0,18 | 90026 | 90027 | | | | | | |
| | 680 | 980 | 683 | 0,10 | 0,29 | 0,09 | 90028 | 90029 | | | | | | |
| | 1000 | 1100 | 1003 | 0,10 | 0,20 | 0,06 | 90031 | 90032 | | | | | | |

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max $\tan \delta$ | max ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 035 followed by | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|--|-------------------|------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 | in ammpack style 5 |
| 63 | 0,10 | 3,5 | 3 | 0,08 | 1600 | 550 | 11 | 58107 | 88107 | 68107 | 28107 | 38107 | |
| | 0,15 | 4,5 | 3 | 0,08 | 1100 | 367 | 11 | 58157 | 88157 | 68157 | 28157 | 38157 | |
| | 0,22 | 6 | 3 | 0,08 | 720 | 250 | 11 | 58227 | 88227 | 68227 | 28227 | 38227 | |
| | 0,33 | 7 | 3 | 0,08 | 480 | 167 | 11 | 58337 | 88337 | 68337 | 28337 | 38337 | |
| | 0,47 | 8 | 4 | 0,08 | 340 | 117 | 11 | 58477 | 88477 | 68477 | 28477 | 38477 | |
| | 0,68 | 10 | 4 | 0,08 | 230 | 81 | 11 | 58687 | 88687 | 68687 | 28687 | 38687 | |
| | 1,0 | 12 | 4 | 0,08 | 160 | 55,0 | 11 | 58108 | 88108 | 68108 | 28108 | 38108 | |
| | 1,5 | 16 | 5 | 0,08 | 110 | 36,7 | 11 | 58158 | 88158 | 68158 | 28158 | 38158 | |
| | 2,2 | 22 | 6 | 0,08 | 72 | 25,0 | 11 | 58228 | 88228 | 68228 | 28228 | 38228 | |
| | 3,3 | 32 | 7 | 0,08 | 48 | 16,7 | 11 | 58338 | 88338 | 68338 | 28338 | 38338 | |
| | 4,7 | 40 | 9 | 0,08 | 34 | 11,7 | 11 | 58478 | 88478 | 68478 | 28478 | 38478 | |
| | 6,8 | 55 | 12 | 0,08 | 23 | 8,09 | 11 | 58688 | 88688 | 68688 | 28688 | 38688 | |
| | 10 | 70 | 16 | 0,08 | 16 | 5,50 | 12 | 58109 | 88109 | 68109 | 28109 | 38109 | |
| | 15 | 98 | 22 | 0,08 | 11 | 3,67 | 12 | 58159 | 88159 | 68159 | 28159 | 38159 | |
| | 22 | 120 | 31 | 0,08 | 7,2 | 2,50 | 13 | 58229 | 88229 | 68229 | 28229 | 38229 | |
| | 33 | 160 | 45 | 0,08 | 4,8 | 1,67 | 13 | 58339 | 88339 | 68339 | 28339 | 38339 | |
| | 47 | 200 | 62 | 0,08 | 3,4 | 1,17 | 14 | 58479 | 88479 | 68479 | 28479 | 38479 | |
| | 68 | 280 | 89 | 0,08 | 2,3 | 0,81 | 15 | 58689 | 88689 | 68689 | 28689 | 38689 | |
| | 100 | 360 | 129 | 0,08 | 1,6 | 0,55 | 16 | 58101 | 88101 | 68101 | 28101 | 38101 | |
| | 150 | 480 | 192 | 0,08 | 1,1 | 0,37 | 17 | 58151 | 88151 | 68151 | 28151 | 38151 | |
| | 220 | 600 | 280 | 0,08 | 0,72 | 0,25 | 18 | 58221 | 88221 | 68221 | 28221 | 38221 | |
| | 330 | 750 | 419 | 0,08 | 0,48 | 0,17 | 19 | 58331 | 88331 | 68331 | 28331 | 38331 | |
| | 470 | 900 | 595 | 0,08 | 0,34 | 0,12 | 19 | 58471 | 88471 | 68471 | 28471 | 38471 | |
| | 680 | 1040 | 860 | 0,08 | 0,23 | 0,08 | 20 | 58681 | 88681 | 68681 | 28681 | 38681 | |

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 035 followed by | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|---|--|--------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 | in ammpack style 5 |
| 100 | 0,22 | 10 | 3 | 0,07 | 630 | 205 | 11 | 59227 | 89227 | 69227 | 29227 | 39227 | |
| | 0,47 | 12 | 4 | 0,07 | 300 | 95,7 | 11 | 59477 | 89477 | 69477 | 29477 | 39477 | |
| | 1,0 | 15 | 5 | 0,07 | 140 | 45,0 | 11 | 59108 | 89108 | 69108 | 29108 | 39108 | |
| | 1,5 | 20 | 6 | 0,07 | 93 | 30,0 | 11 | 59158 | 89158 | 69158 | 29158 | 39158 | |
| | 2,2 | 27 | 7 | 0,07 | 63 | 20,5 | 11 | 59228 | 89228 | 69228 | 29228 | 39228 | |
| | 3,3 | 35 | 10 | 0,07 | 42 | 13,6 | 11 | 59338 | 89338 | 69338 | 29338 | 39338 | |
| | 4,7 | 45 | 12 | 0,07 | 30 | 9,57 | 12 | 59478 | 89478 | 69478 | 29478 | 39478 | |
| | 6,8 | 59 | 17 | 0,07 | 20 | 6,62 | 12 | 59688 | 89688 | 69688 | 29688 | 39688 | |
| | 10 | 80 | 23 | 0,07 | 14 | 4,50 | 13 | 59109 | 89109 | 69109 | 29109 | 39109 | |
| | 15 | 105 | 33 | 0,07 | 9,3 | 3,00 | 13 | 59159 | 89159 | 69159 | 29159 | 39159 | |
| | 22 | 140 | 47 | 0,07 | 6,3 | 2,05 | 14 | 59229 | 89229 | 69229 | | | |
| | 33 | 180 | 69 | 0,07 | 4,2 | 1,36 | 15 | 59339 | 89339 | 69339 | | | |
| | 47 | 240 | 97 | 0,07 | 3,0 | 0,96 | 16 | 59479 | 89479 | 69479 | | | |
| | 68 | 340 | 139 | 0,07 | 2,0 | 0,66 | 17 | 59689 | 89689 | 69689 | | | |
| | 100 | 440 | 203 | 0,07 | 1,4 | 0,45 | 18 | 59101 | 89101 | 69101 | | | |
| | 150 | 630 | 303 | 0,07 | 0,93 | 0,30 | 18 | 59151 | 89151 | 69151 | | | |
| | 220 | 800 | 443 | 0,07 | 0,63 | 0,20 | 19 | 59221 | 89221 | 69221 | | | |
| | 330 | 900 | 663 | 0,07 | 0,42 | 0,14 | 20 | 59331 | 89331 | 69331 | | | |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

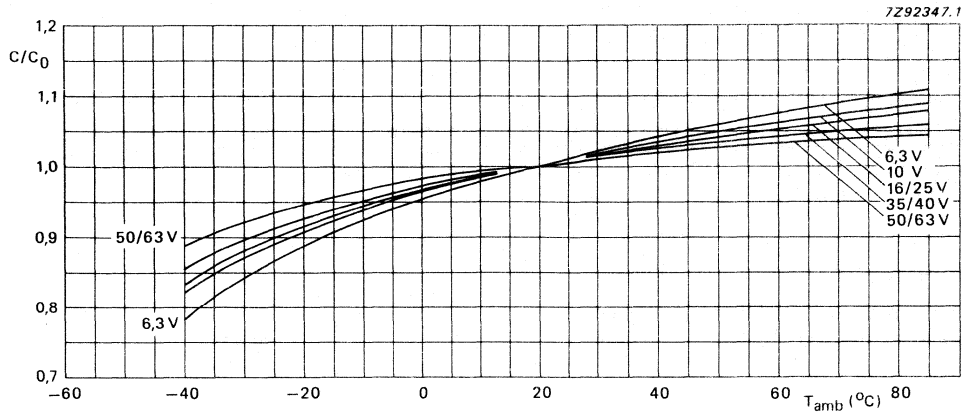


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

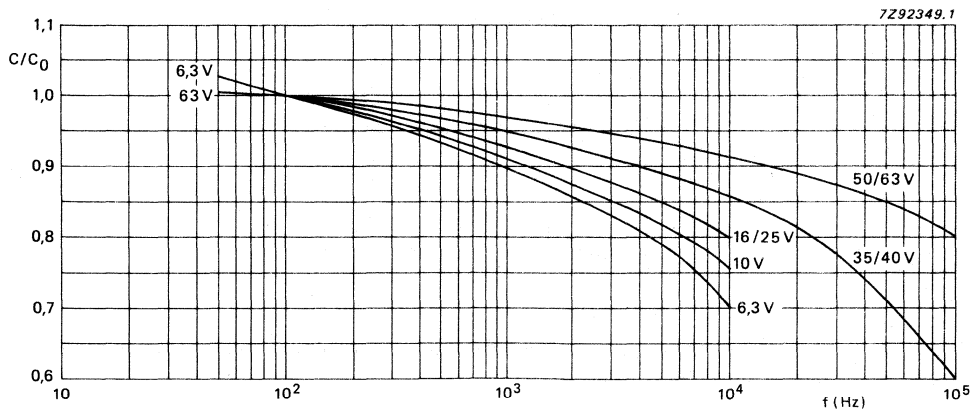


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage



Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
- c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

| core temperature ▲ | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| $1,15 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $1,15 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| 2 V between U_R and -2 V | |
| $1,15 \times U_R$ | |
| 2 V | |

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85$ °C

see Table 5

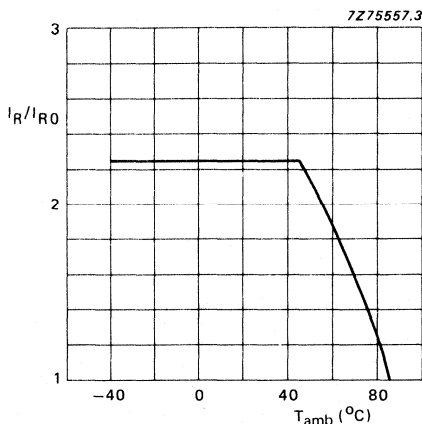


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

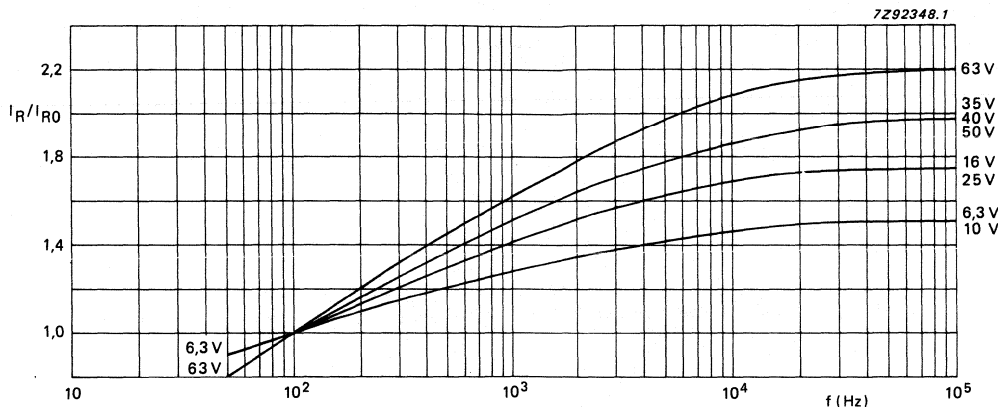


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C; 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and requirements.)

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

see Table 5 (0,02 CU + 3 μ A)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

approx. 0,1 x value stated in Table 5
 \leq value stated in Table 5

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ °C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

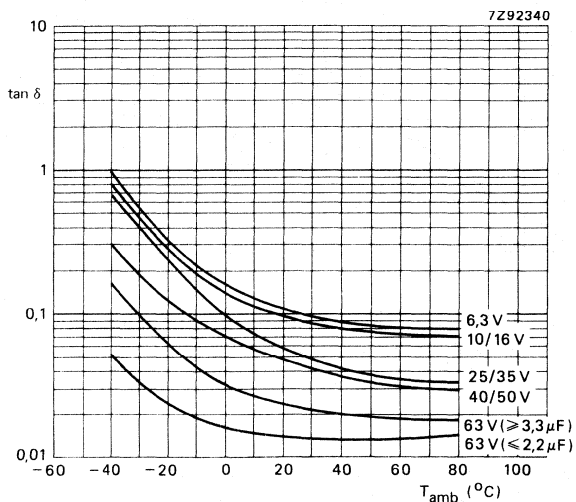


Fig. 9 Typical $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz as a function of ambient temperature.

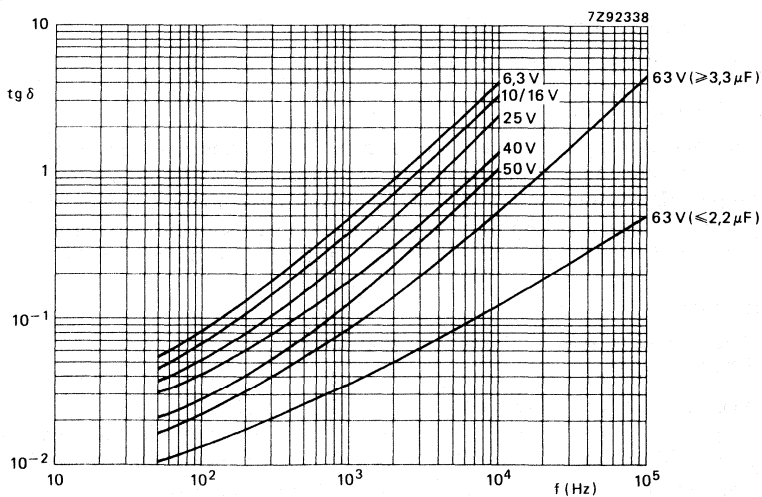


Fig. 10 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum $\tan \delta$ and C at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$,
measured using a four terminal (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case sizes 11, 12, 13

typ. 13 nH

Case sizes 14, 15, 16

typ. 16 nH

Case sizes 17, 18, 19, 20

typ. 18 nH

Impedance (Z)

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and 10 kHz and
1 kHz ($C_{nom} > 1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ only).
measured by means of a four-terminal
circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$

see Table 6

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
and $+20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, and at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$,
at 100 Hz measured by means of a four-terminal
circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 7

Table 6 $Z \times C_{nom}$ values

| | T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom} (\Omega \mu\text{F}) \text{ at } U_R$ | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 35 V | 40 V | 50 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| $C_{nom} > 1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, measured at 1 kHz | +20 °C | 350 | 300 | 250 | 220 | — | 200 | — | 180 | 175 |
| | -25 °C | 1700 | 1100 | 800 | 570 | — | 430 | — | 330 | 300 |
| | -40 °C | 4500 | 2800 | 2000 | 1400 | — | 1100 | — | 800 | 700 |
| $C_{nom} \leq 1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, measured at 10 kHz | +20 °C | 200 | 160 | 120 | 90 | 75 | 70 | 60 | 55 | 45 |
| | -25 °C | 1200 | 750 | 560 | 400 | 330 | 300 | 220 | 180 | 130 |
| | -40 °C | 3200 | 2000 | 1500 | 1100 | 950 | 900 | 700 | 500 | 350 |

Table 7 Maximum impedance ratio values

| | maximum impedance ratio at U_R and 100 Hz | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 35 V | 40 V | 50 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| $\frac{Z \text{ at } -25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}}{Z \text{ at } +20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}}$ | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| $\frac{Z \text{ at } -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}}{Z \text{ at } +20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}}$ | 7 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

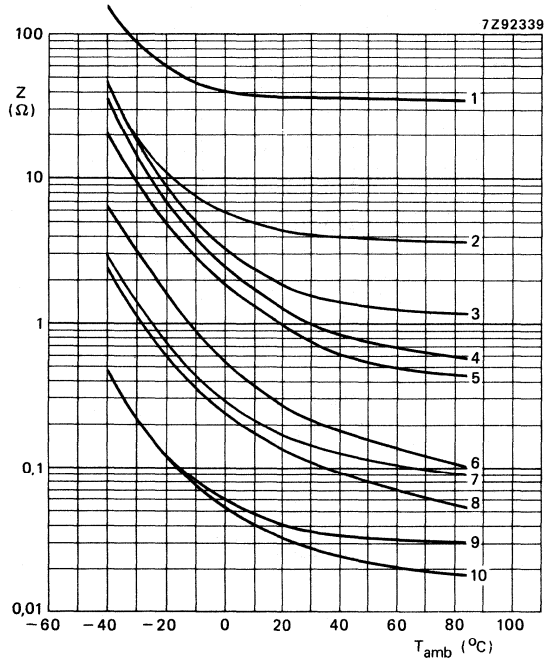


Fig. 11 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature.

- Curve 1 = 0,47 μF ; 63 V;
- curve 2 = 4,7 μF ; 63 V;
- curve 3 = 15 μF ; 40 V;
- curve 4 = 47 μF ; 10 V;
- curve 5 = 47 μF ; 25 V;
- curve 6 = 330 μF ; 6,3 V;
- curve 7 = 150 μF ; 6,3 V;
- curve 8 = 680 μF ; 6,3 V;
- curve 9 = 680 μF ; 50 V;
- curve 10 = 4700 μF ; 6,3 V.

Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- Curve 1 = $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; $6,3\text{ V}$;
- curve 2 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 63 V ;
- curve 3 = $15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 40 V ;
- curve 4 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 10 V ;
- curve 5 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 25 V ;
- curve 6 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 63 V ;
- curve 7 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; $6,3\text{ V}$.

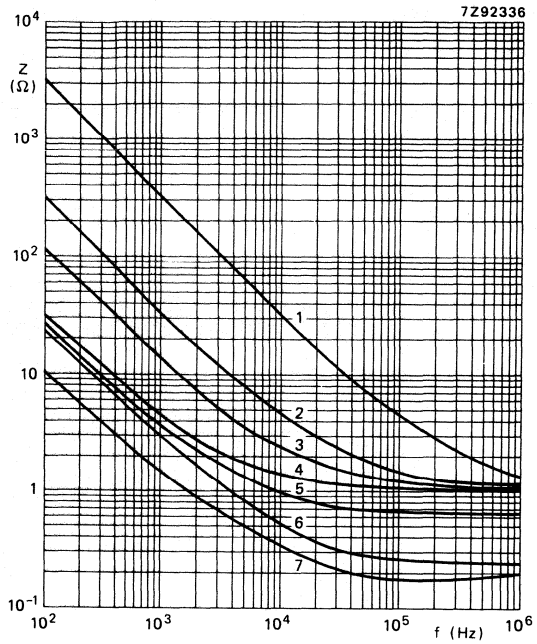
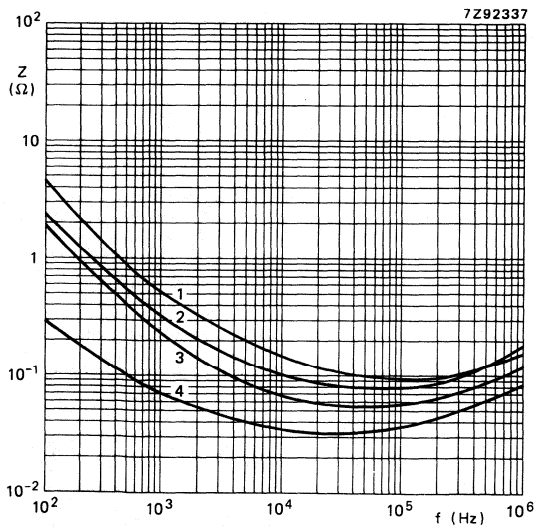


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

- Curve 1 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 63 V ;
- curve 2 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; $6,3\text{ V}$;
- curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; 50 V ;
- curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$; $6,3\text{ V}$.



OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-40 to +85 °C

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

50 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

2000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 95\text{ °C}$

1000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 105\text{ °C}$

500 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1, 2 and 3 are supplied in boxes, those of styles 4 and 5 on tape on reel and in ammunition pack respectively. The numbers per box, per reel and per ammunition pack are given in Table 8.

Table 8 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | style 4 per reel | style 5 per ammunition pack |
| 11 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 12 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 13 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 1000 |
| 14 | 1000 | 1000 | | | |
| 15 | 500 | 500 | | | |
| 16 | 500 | 500 | | | |
| 17 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 18 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 19 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 20 | 200 | 200 | | | |

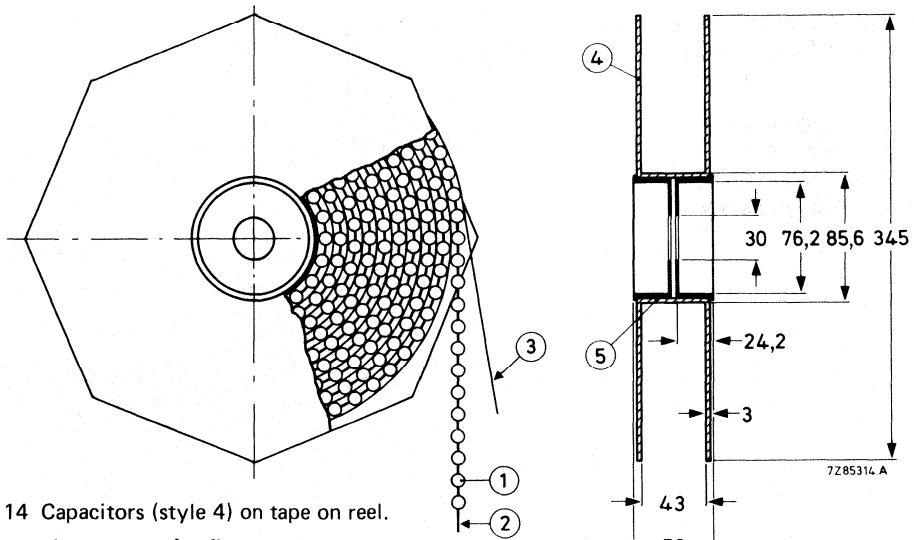


Fig. 14 Capacitors (style 4) on tape on reel.

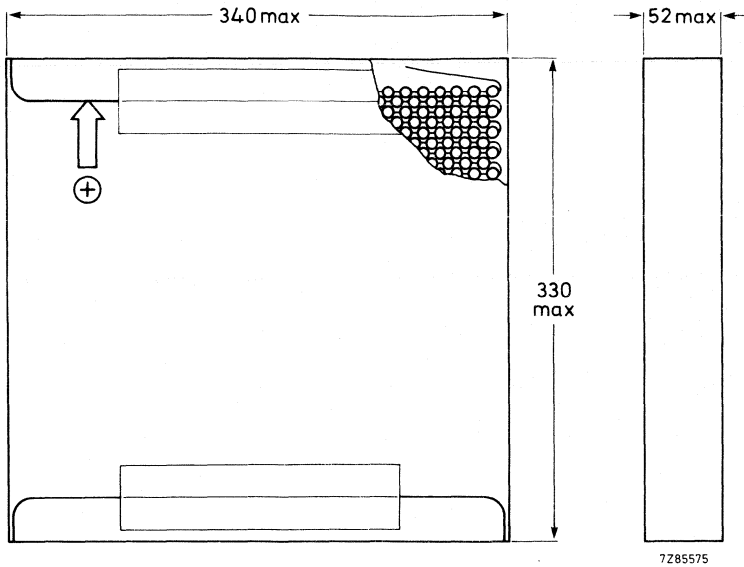
1 = capacitor

4 = flange

2 = tape

5 = cylinder

3 = paper



TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

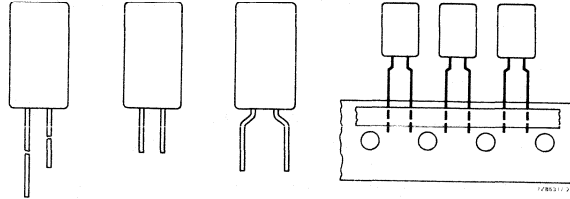
After shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for DC leakage current of the 100 V range: ≤ 200% of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for a minimum of 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements are made.

Note: Capacitors 2222 035 are miniature and small types, general-purpose grade.

For low-leakage version, see 2222 013; for high-temperature version, see 2222 116.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature type
- Single ended
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,15 to 470 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ * |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 63 V |
| Category temperature range | -55 to $+85$ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 2000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade DIN41332/DIN41259 |
| Climatic category | 55/085/56 |
| IEC 68 | FPF |
| DIN40040 | |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 40 | 50 | 63 |
| 0,15 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 4,7 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 10 | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 15 | | | | | | 11 | | |
| 22 | | | | | 11 | | | 11 |
| 33 | | | 11 | | | | 11 | 13 |
| 47 | | 11 | | | 11 | | 13 | 13 |
| 68 | | 11 | | 11 | | 13 | | 13 |
| 100 | 11 | | 11 | 13 | | | 13 | |
| 150 | | 11 | 13 | | 13 | | | |
| 220 | | 13 | 13 | 13 | | | | |
| 330 | 13 | | 13 | | | | | |
| 470 | | 13 | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 11 | $\phi 5 \times 11$ |
| 13 | $\phi 8,2 \times 11$ |

* $\pm 10\%$ to special order.

APPLICATION

These capacitors with extremely high CV product to volume ratio are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits, and in industrial applications, such as measuring and regulating circuits. Other applications are timing and delay circuits. The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidised aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is in an all-insulated aluminium case.

MECHANICAL DATA

The capacitor is available in 5 styles:

- style 1: long leads; in boxes;
- style 2: straight short leads; non preferred, in boxes;
- style 3: bent short leads (case size 11 only); non preferred, in boxes;
- style 4: long leads; on tape on reel, positive leading;
- style 5: long leads; on tape in ammunition pack.

Dimensions in mm

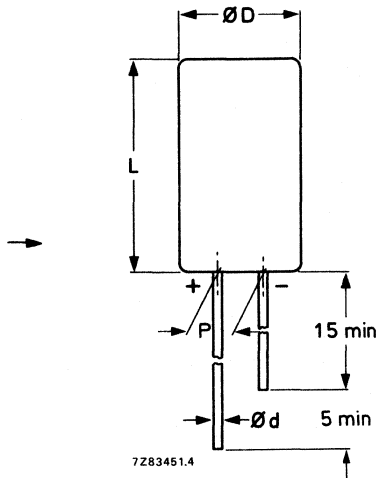


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

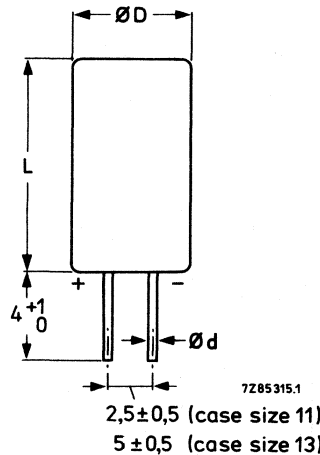


Fig. 2 Style 2; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L.

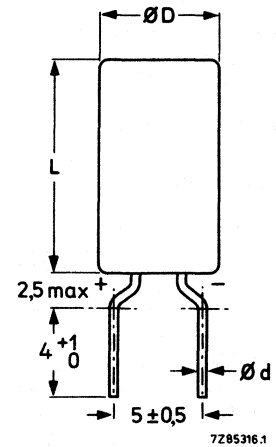
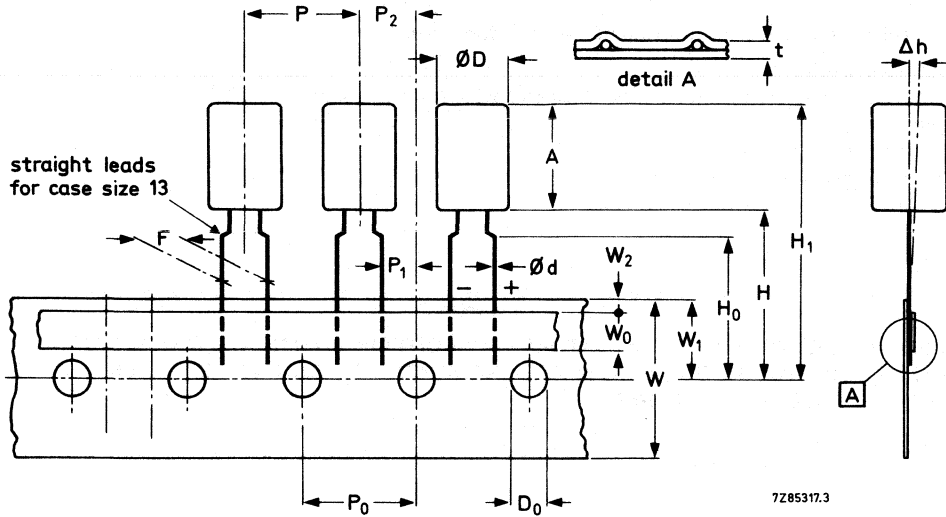


Fig. 3 Style 3; case size 11 only; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | $P \pm 0,5$ | |
| 11 | 0,5 | 5,5 | 12,0 | 2,5 | 0,4 |
| 13 | 0,6 | 8,7 | 12,0 | 5,0 | 1,1 |



→ direction of tape transport (positive leading)

Fig. 4 Styles 4 and 5; see Table 4 for dimensions. Negative-leading tapes are available to special order.

Table 4 Tape dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|----------------|
| | | 11 | 13 | |
| Body diameter | ϕD | 5,5 | 8,7 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 12,0 | 12,0 | maximum |
| Lead-wire diameter | ϕd | 0,5 | 0,6 | $\pm 0,05$ |
| Pitch of component | P | 12,7 | 12,7 | $\pm 1,0$ |
| Feed-hole pitch | P_0 | 12,7 | 12,7 | $\pm 0,2^{**}$ |
| Hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3,85 | 3,85 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6,35 | 6,35 | $\pm 0,7$ |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5,0* | 5,0 | $+ 0,6/-0$ |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | $\pm 1,0$ |
| Tape width | W | 18,0 | 18,0 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Hold-down tape width | W_0 | 6,0 | 6,0 | minimum |
| Hole position | W_1 | 9,0 | 9,0 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Hold-down tape position | W_2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,0 | 18,0 | $+ 1,5/-0$ |
| Lead-wire clinch height | H_0 | 16,0 | — | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Component height | H_1 | 32,0 | 32,0 | maximum |
| Feed-hole diameter | D_0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | $\pm 0,2$ |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | 0,9 | maximum |

* $F = 2,5$ mm on request for case size 11.

** Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors contain the following minimum information:

- nominal capacitance
- code letter for tolerance on nominal capacitance, in accordance with IEC 62
- rated voltage
- polarity identification
- group number (036)
- date code in accordance with IEC 62

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at ambient temperatures of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| UR | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size* | catalogue number 2222 036 followed by | | | | |
|-----|-----------|---|--|------------|----------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|
| V | µF | mA | µA | | Ω | Ω | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 | in ammpack style 5 |
| 6,3 | 100 | 80 | 7 | 0,20 | 4 | 1,7 | 11 | 53101 | 83101 | 63101 | 23101 | 33101 |
| | 330 | 180 | 16 | 0,20 | 1,2 | 0,52 | 13 | 53331 | 63331 | | 23331 | 33331 |
| 10 | 47 | 60 | 6 | 0,16 | 6,8 | 2,8 | 11 | 54479 | 84479 | 64479 | 24479 | 34479 |
| | 68 | 70 | 7 | 0,16 | 4,7 | 1,9 | 11 | 54689 | 84689 | 64689 | 24689 | 34689 |
| | 150 | 95 | 12 | 0,20 | 2,7 | 1,3 | 11 | 54151 | 84151 | 64151 | 24151 | 34151 |
| | 220 | 170 | 17 | 0,16 | 1,5 | 0,59 | 13 | 54221 | 64221 | | 24221 | 34221 |
| | 470 | 230 | 31 | 0,20 | 0,85 | 0,43 | 13 | 54471 | 64471 | | 24471 | 34471 |
| 16 | 33 | 55 | 7 | 0,14 | 8,4 | 2,7 | 11 | 55339 | 85339 | 65339 | 25339 | 35339 |
| | 100 | 90 | 13 | 0,16 | 3,2 | 1,6 | 11 | 55101 | 85101 | 65101 | 25101 | 35101 |
| | 150 | 150 | 18 | 0,14 | 1,9 | 0,6 | 13 | 55151 | 65151 | | 25151 | 35151 |
| | 220 | 180 | 24 | 0,14 | 1,3 | 0,55 | 13 | 55221 | 65221 | | 25221 | 35221 |
| 25 | 330 | 210 | 35 | 0,16 | 1 | 0,48 | 13 | 55331 | 65331 | | 25331 | 35331 |
| | 68 | 80 | 13 | 0,14 | 4,1 | 1,8 | 11 | 56689 | 86689 | 66689 | 26689 | 36689 |
| 35 | 100 | 130 | 18 | 0,12 | 2,4 | 0,7 | 13 | 56101 | 66101 | | 26101 | 36101 |
| | 220 | 180 | 36 | 0,14 | 1,3 | 0,55 | 13 | 56221 | 66221 | | 26221 | 36221 |
| 40 | 22 | 50 | 8 | 0,10 | 9 | 2,7 | 11 | 90001 | 90002 | 90003 | 90016 | 90027 |
| | 47 | 70 | 13 | 0,12 | 5,1 | 1,9 | 11 | 90094 | 90095 | 90096 | 90097 | 90098 |
| | 150 | 160 | 35 | 0,12 | 1,6 | 0,6 | 13 | 90099 | 90101 | | 90102 | 90103 |
| 50 | 15 | 45 | 7 | 0,10 | 13 | 3,7 | 11 | 57159 | 87159 | 67159 | 27159 | 37159 |
| | 68 | 120 | 20 | 0,10 | 2,9 | 0,81 | 13 | 57689 | 67689 | | 27689 | 37689 |
| 50 | 10 | 40 | 6 | 0,08 | 16 | 4,5 | 11 | 90004 | 90005 | 90006 | 90017 | 90028 |
| | 33 | 65 | 13 | 0,10 | 6 | 2,1 | 11 | 90104 | 90105 | 90106 | 90107 | 90108 |
| | 47 | 110 | 18 | 0,08 | 3,4 | 0,96 | 13 | 90011 | 90012 | | 90019 | 90031 |
| 100 | 150 | 150 | 33 | 0,10 | 2 | 0,7 | 13 | 90109 | 90111 | | 90112 | 90113 |

* Case size 11: φ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: φ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

Table 5 (continued)

| U _R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size* | catalogue number 2222 036 followed by | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|---|--|------------|----------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|
| V | μF | mA | μA | | Ω | Ω | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 | in ammpack style 5 |
| 63 | 0,15 | 5 | 4 | 0,08 | 1000 | 267 | 11 | 58157 | 88157 | 68157 | 28157 | 38157 |
| | 0,22 | 6,5 | 4 | 0,06 | 540 | 182 | 11 | 58227 | 88227 | 68227 | 28227 | 38227 |
| | 0,33 | 8 | 4 | 0,06 | 360 | 121 | 11 | 58337 | 88337 | 68337 | 28337 | 38337 |
| | 0,47 | 9,5 | 4 | 0,06 | 250 | 85 | 11 | 58477 | 88477 | 68477 | 28477 | 38477 |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 4 | 0,06 | 180 | 58 | 11 | 58687 | 88687 | 68687 | 28687 | 38687 |
| | 1,0 | 13,5 | 4 | 0,06 | 120 | 40 | 11 | 58108 | 88108 | 68108 | 28108 | 38108 |
| | 1,5 | 16,5 | 4 | 0,06 | 80 | 27 | 11 | 58158 | 88158 | 68158 | 28158 | 38158 |
| | 2,2 | 20 | 4 | 0,06 | 54 | 18 | 11 | 58228 | 88228 | 68228 | 28228 | 38228 |
| | 3,3 | 25 | 5 | 0,06 | 36 | 12 | 11 | 58338 | 88338 | 68338 | 28338 | 38338 |
| | 4,7 | 30 | 5 | 0,06 | 25 | 8,5 | 11 | 58478 | 88478 | 68478 | 28478 | 38478 |
| | 6,8 | 40 | 6 | 0,06 | 18 | 5,9 | 11 | 58688 | 88688 | 68688 | 28688 | 38688 |
| | 10 | 45 | 7 | 0,06 | 12 | 4,0 | 11 | 58109 | 88109 | 68109 | 28109 | 38109 |
| | 22 | 55 | 11 | 0,08 | 7,2 | 2,7 | 11 | 58229 | 88229 | 68229 | 28229 | 38229 |
| | 33 | 110 | 16 | 0,06 | 3,6 | 1,2 | 13 | 58339 | 88339 | 68339 | 28339 | 38339 |
| | 47 | 120 | 21 | 0,07 | 3,0 | 1,0 | 13 | 58479 | 88479 | 68479 | 28479 | 38479 |
| | 68 | 140 | 29 | 0,08 | 2,3 | 0,88 | 13 | 58689 | 88689 | 68689 | 28689 | 38689 |

* Case size 11: φ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: φ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

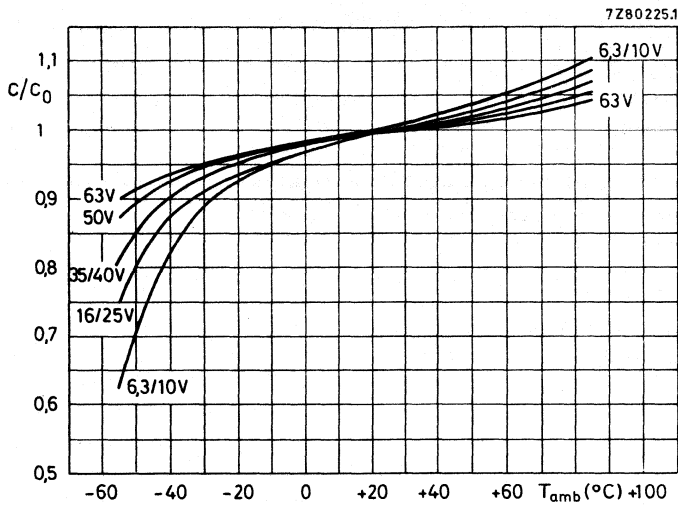


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

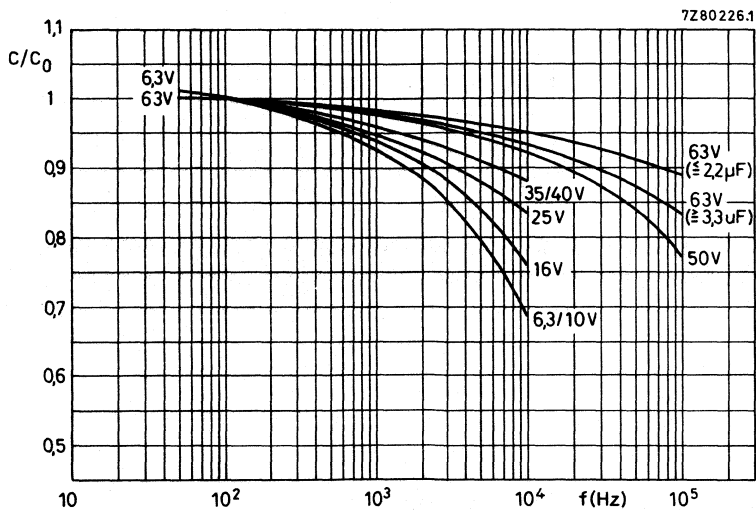


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

Voltage



Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- (a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- (b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
- (c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods



Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

| core temperature [▲] | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| 1,15 × U _R | U _R |
| 1,15 × U _R | U _R |
| 2 V | 1 V |
| between U _R and | |
| -2 V | -1 V |
| 1,2 × U _R | 1,15 × U _R |
| 2 V | 1 V |

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 85 °C

see Table 5

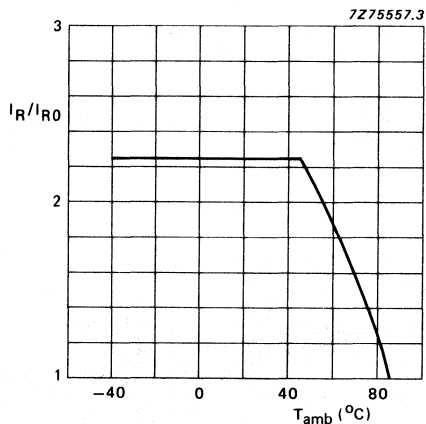


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Specified ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Specified ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

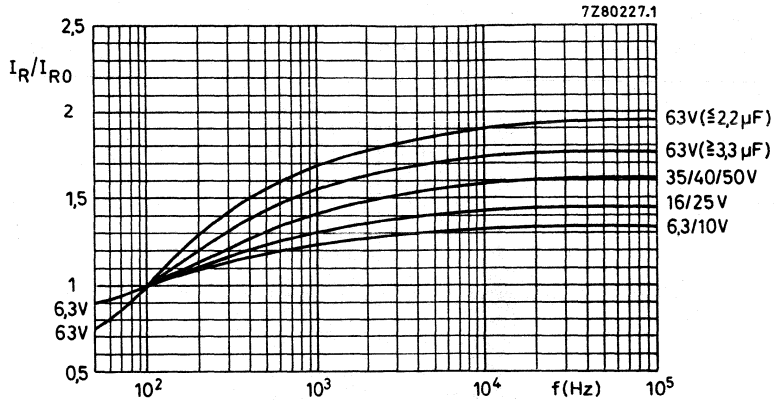


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency;
 I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents. The following requirements must then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

- $I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature
- I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency
- $\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency

Charge and discharge current

There is no limit on the charge or discharge rate. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and requirements.)

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application
of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

see Table 5 (0,006 CU + 3 µA)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

approx. 0,1 x value stated in Table 5
 \leq value stated in Table 5

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ °C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$,
 measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

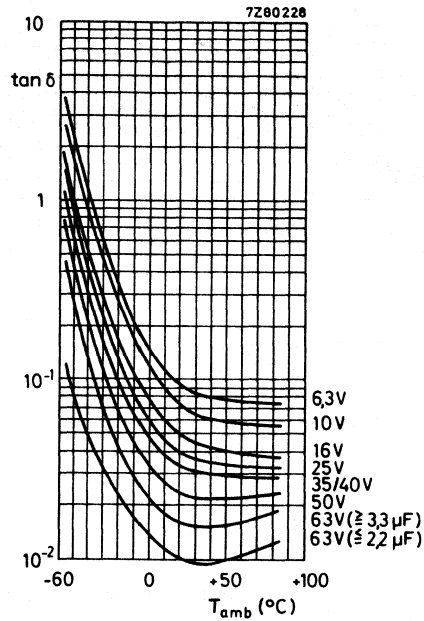


Fig. 9 Typical $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz as a function of ambient temperature.

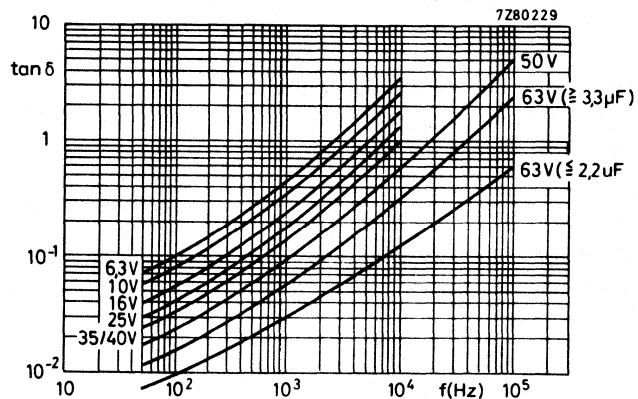


Fig. 10 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured using a four terminal (Thomson)
circuit

see Table 5

Fig. 11 Typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature;
 ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.
Curve 1 = 63 V ($\geq 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)
curve 2 = 6,3 V

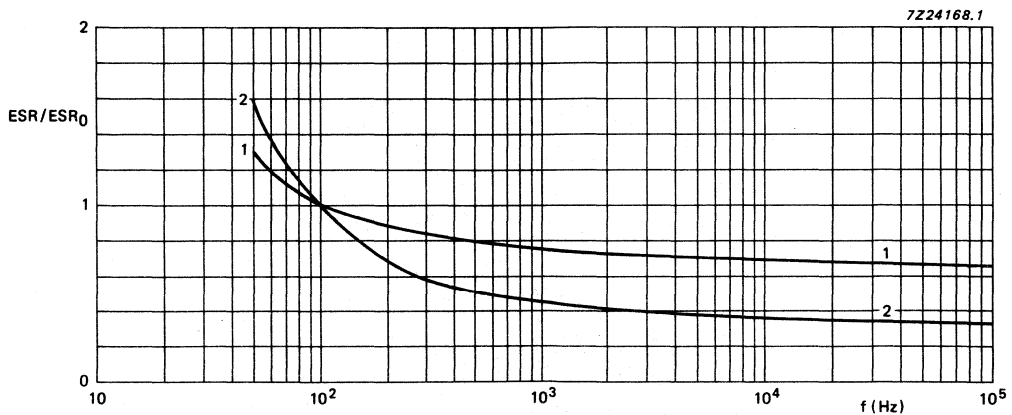
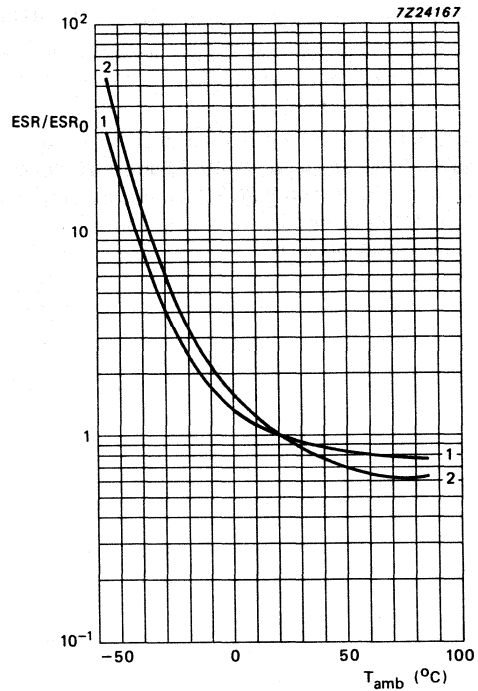


Fig. 12 Typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency
 ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.
Curve 1 = 6,3 V ; curve 2 = 63V ($\geq 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$).

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case size 11

typ. 13 nH

Case size 13

typ. 16 nH

Impedance (Z)Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 10 kHz

see Table 5

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
and 10 kHz, measured by a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, and at
 $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, at 100 Hz measured by
a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

Table 6 Maximum impedance and impedance ratio values at low temperature

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | case size* | max. impedance at 10 kHz | | maximum impedance ratio at U _R and 100 Hz | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | T _{amb} = -25 °C Ω | T _{amb} = -40 °C Ω | Z at -25 °C Z at +20 °C | Z at -40 °C Z at +20 °C | Z at -55 °C Z at +20 °C |
| 6,3 | 100 | 11 | 9,0 | 25,0 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| | 330 | 13 | 2,7 | 7,6 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 10 | 47 | 11 | 11,9 | 31,9 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| | 68 | 11 | 8,2 | 22,1 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| | 150 | 11 | 8,0 | 21,3 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| | 220 | 13 | 2,6 | 6,8 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| | 470 | 13 | 2,6 | 6,8 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| 16 | 33 | 11 | 12,1 | 33,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| | 100 | 11 | 7,5 | 20,0 | 1,5 | 2 | 6 |
| | 150 | 13 | 2,7 | 7,3 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| | 220 | 13 | 2,5 | 6,8 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| | 330 | 13 | 2,3 | 6,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 6 |
| 25 | 68 | 11 | 8,2 | 22,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| | 100 | 13 | 3,0 | 9,0 | 1,5 | 2 | 4 |
| | 220 | 13 | 2,6 | 6,8 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| 35 | 22 | 11 | 11,4 | 34,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 4 |
| | 47 | 11 | 8,5 | 23,4 | 1,5 | 2 | 4 |
| | 150 | 13 | 2,7 | 7,3 | 1,5 | 2 | 4 |
| 40 | 15 | 11 | 14,7 | 46,7 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 68 | 13 | 3,2 | 10,3 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| 50 | 10 | 11 | 16,0 | 58,0 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 33 | 11 | 9,1 | 27,3 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 47 | 13 | 3,4 | 12,3 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 100 | 13 | 3,0 | 9,0 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| 63 | 0,15 | 11 | 867 | 2670 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 0,22 | 11 | 591 | 1818 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 0,33 | 11 | 394 | 1212 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 0,47 | 11 | 277 | 851 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 191 | 588 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 1,0 | 11 | 130 | 400 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 1,5 | 11 | 86,7 | 267 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 2,2 | 11 | 59,1 | 182 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 3,3 | 11 | 39,4 | 121 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 27,2 | 85,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 6,8 | 11 | 19,1 | 58,8 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 10 | 11 | 13,0 | 40,0 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 22 | 11 | 10,0 | 31,8 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 33 | 13 | 3,9 | 12,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 47 | 13 | 3,5 | 11,2 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| 68 | 13 | 3,2 | 10,3 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 | |

* Case size 11: φ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: φ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

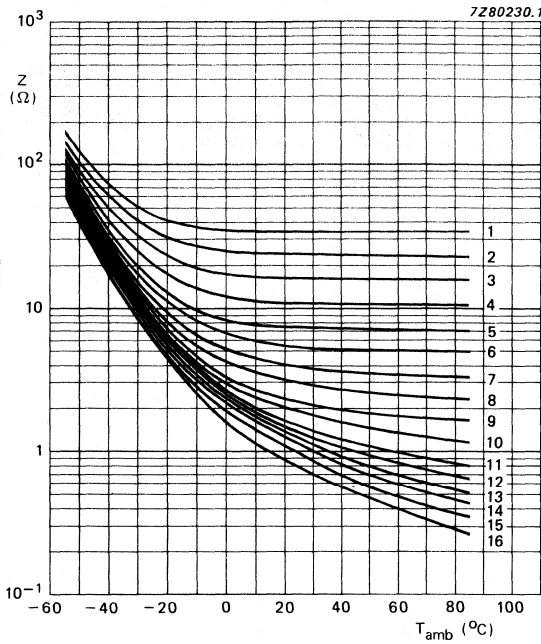


Fig. 13 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature, case size 11.

- Curve 1 = 0,47 μ F
- curve 2 = 0,68 μ F
- curve 3 = 1 μ F
- curve 4 = 1,5 μ F
- curve 5 = 2,2 μ F
- curve 6 = 3,3 μ F
- curve 7 = 4,7 μ F
- curve 8 = 6,8 μ F
- curve 9 = 10 μ F
- curve 10 = 15 μ F
- curve 11 = 22 μ F
- curve 12 = 33 μ F
- curve 13 = 47 μ F
- curve 14 = 68 μ F
- curve 15 = 100 μ F
- curve 16 = 150 μ F

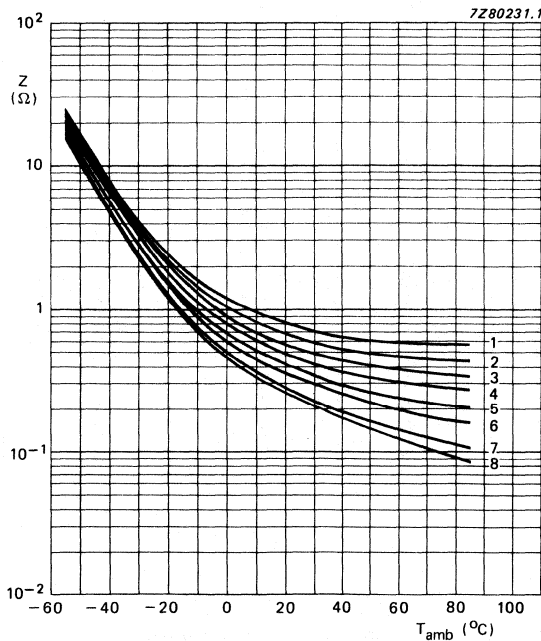


Fig. 14 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature, case size 13.

- Curve 1 = 33 μ F
- curve 2 = 47 μ F
- curve 3 = 68 μ F
- curve 4 = 100 μ F
- curve 5 = 150 μ F
- curve 6 = 220 μ F
- curve 7 = 330 μ F
- curve 8 = 470 μ F

Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 11.

- Curve 1 = 0,47 μF
- curve 2 = 0,68 μF
- curve 3 = 1 μF
- curve 4 = 1,5 μF
- curve 5 = 2,2 μF
- curve 6 = 3,3 μF
- curve 7 = 4,7 μF
- curve 8 = 6,8 μF
- curve 9 = 10 μF
- curve 10 = 15 μF
- curve 11 = 22 μF
- curve 12 = 33 μF
- curve 13 = 47 μF
- curve 14 = 68 μF
- curve 15 = 100 μF
- curve 16 = 150 μF

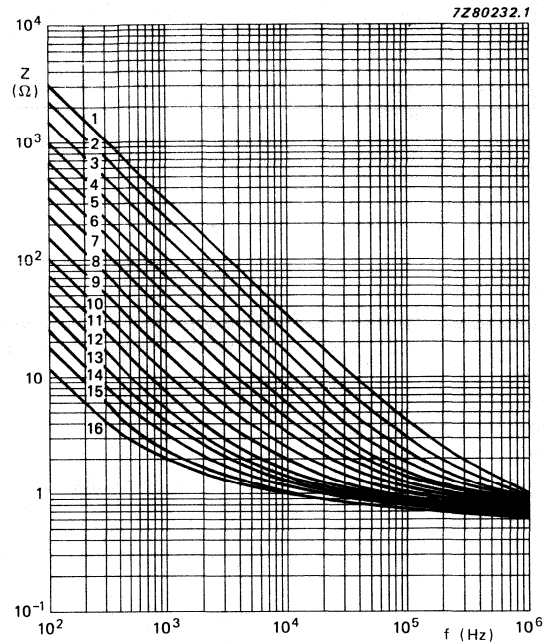
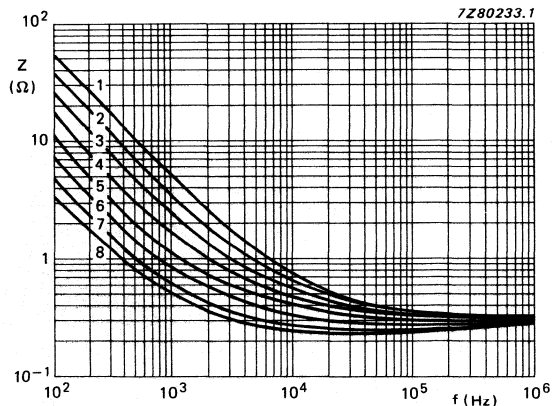


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 13.

- Curve 1 = 33 μF
- curve 2 = 47 μF
- curve 3 = 68 μF
- curve 4 = 100 μF
- curve 5 = 150 μF
- curve 6 = 220 μF
- curve 7 = 330 μF
- curve 8 = 470 μF



OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-55 to + 85 °C

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

70 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

3000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 95\text{ °C}$

1500 hours

at $T_{amb} = 105\text{ °C}$

750 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1, 2 and 3 are supplied in boxes, those of styles 4 and 5 on tape on reel and in ammunition pack respectively. The numbers per box, per reel and per ammunition pack are given in Table 7.

Table 7 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | style 4 per reel (minimum) | style 5 per ammunition pack |
| 11 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 13 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 1000 |

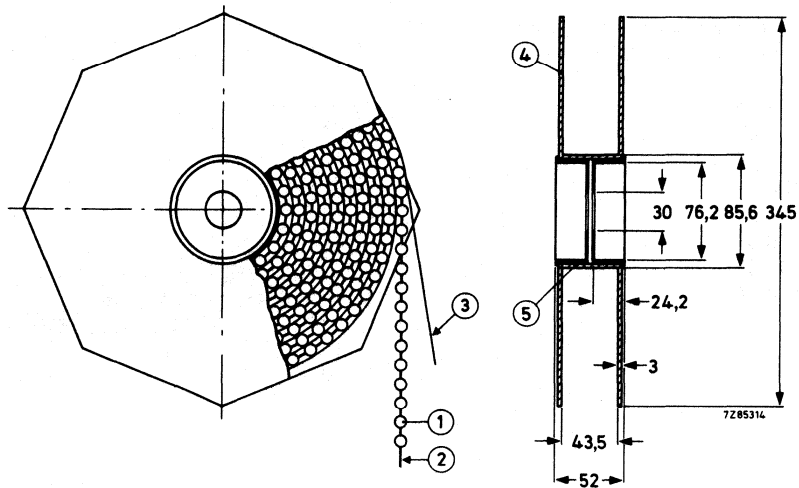


Fig. 17 Capacitors (style 4) on tape on reel.

1 = capacitor

4 = flange

2 = tape

5 = cylinder

3 = paper

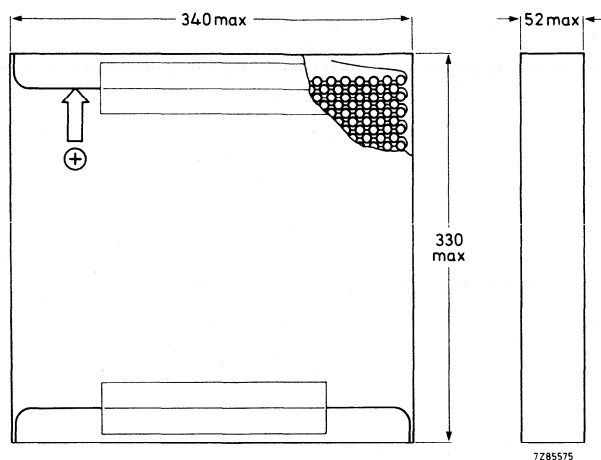


Fig. 18 Capacitors (style 5) on tape in ammunition pack.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After *endurance test*, 2000 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the following requirements:

$\Delta C/C \leq \pm 15\%$, for $U_R = 10$ to 63 V,

$\Delta C/C \leq \pm 15\%$, -25% for $U_R = 6,3$ V;

$\tan \delta \leq 130\%$ of specified value;

DC leakage current \leq specified value.

After *shelf life test*, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum of 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note: Capacitors 2222 036 are miniature, long-life grade.

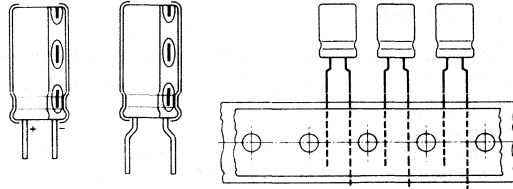
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 037

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Single ended
- Very high CU-product per unit volume
- General applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,10 to 10 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%^{**}$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 100 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to $+85$ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | |
| $U_R = 6,3$ to 16 V | 1000 hours *** |
| $U_R = 25$ to 100 V | 2000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications | |
| IEC 384-4, G.P. grade | |
| DIN 41332/DIN 41259 | |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|-----|------|----|----|------|-----|-----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 100 |
| 0,10 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 0,15 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 0,22 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 0,47 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | | | 11 | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 4,7 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | | | 11 | 11 |
| 10 | | | | | | | 11 | 11 | 12 |
| 15 | | | | | | 11 | 11 | 11 | 13 |
| 22 | | | | | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12* | 13 |
| 33 | | | 11 | | 11 | 12 | 12 | 13* | 14 |
| 47 | | 11 | | 11 | | 12 | 13* | 13 | 15 |
| 68 | 11 | | 11 | 12 | | 13 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 100 | | 11 | 12 | 13* | | 13 | (13) | 14 | 16 |
| 150 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | | 14 | | 15 | 17 |
| 220 | 12 | 13* | 13 | (13) | 14 | | 15 | 16 | 18 |
| 330 | 13 | 13 | 14* | (14) | 15 | 16 | (16) | 17 | 19 |
| 470 | 13 | (13) | 14 | (15) | 16 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 20 |
| 680 | | | 14 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 19 | |
| 1000 | | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 20 | |
| 1500 | 16 | | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | | | |
| 2200 | 17 | (17) | 18 | 19 | 20 | | | | |
| 3300 | (17) | 18 | 19 | 20 | | | | | |
| 4700 | | | 19 | 20 | | | | | |
| 6800 | 19 | 20 | | | | | | | |
| 10 000 | 20 | | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| 11 | $\varnothing 5 \times 11$ |
| 12 | $\varnothing 6,3 \times 11$ |
| 13 | $\varnothing 8 \times 12$ |
| 14 | $\varnothing 10 \times 12$ |
| 15 | $\varnothing 10 \times 16$ |
| 16 | $\varnothing 10 \times 20$ |
| 17 | $\varnothing 12,5 \times 20$ |
| 18 | $\varnothing 12,5 \times 25$ |
| 19 | $\varnothing 16 \times 25$ |
| 20 | $\varnothing 16 \times 31$ |

- * size reduction by 1 step under consideration
- ** $\pm 10\%$ to special order
- *** 2000 hours under development
- () under consideration

APPLICATION

These capacitors with very high CU-product per unit volume are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits.

Other applications are in timing and delay circuits. The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitors are in an insulated aluminium case.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The capacitor is available in 6 styles:

style 1: long leads; in boxes;

style 2: straight short leads; non preferred, in boxes;

style 3: bent short leads, case sizes 11, 12 and 13 only; non preferred, in boxes;

style 4: long leads; on tape on reel, positive leading; case sizes 11 to 13 only;

style 5: long leads; on tape in ammunition pack; case sizes 11 to 13 only;

style 6: long leads; on tape on reel, negative leading; case sizes 11 to 13 only.

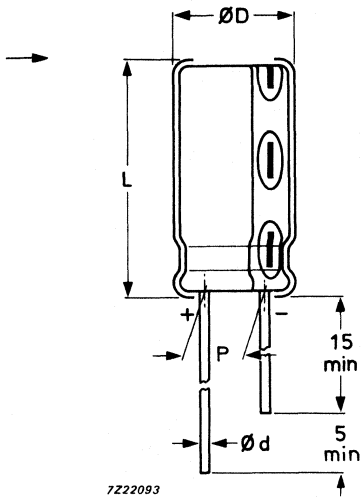


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P. ϕD , L and P.

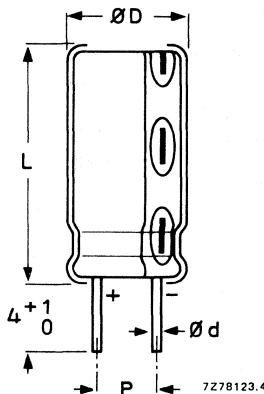


Fig. 2 Style 2; non preferred. see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

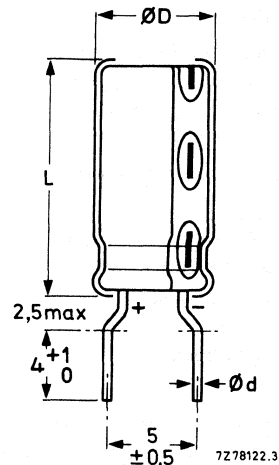
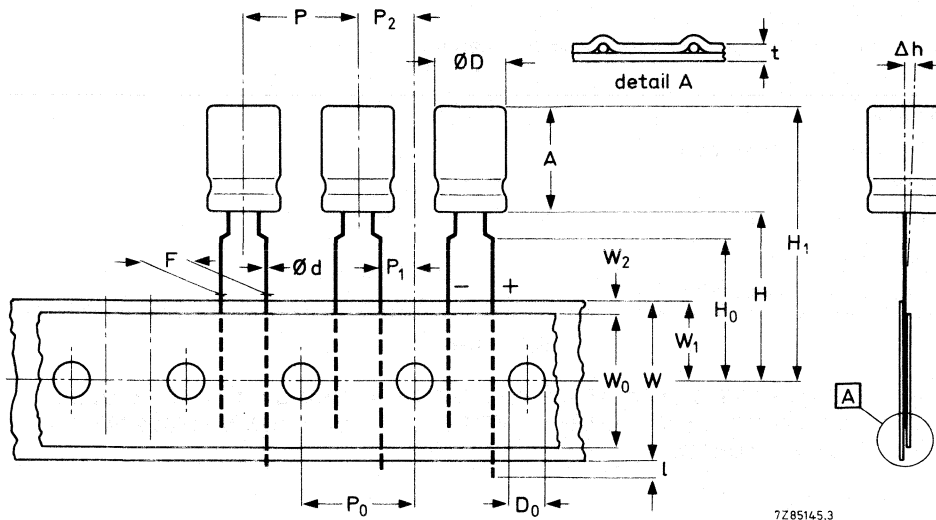


Fig. 3 Style 3, case sizes 11, 12 and 13; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass grams |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----|------------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | |
| 11 | 0,5 | 5,5 | 12,0 | 2,0 | ± 0,5 |
| 12 | 0,6 | 6,8 | 12,0 | 2,5 | |
| 13 | 0,6 | 8,5 | 12,5 | 3,5 | |
| 14 | 0,6 | 10,5 | 12,5 | 5,0 | |
| 15 | 0,6 | 10,5 | 17,0 | 5,0 | |

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass grams |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----|------------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | |
| 16 | 0,6 | 10,5 | 21,0 | 5,0 | ± 0,5 |
| 17 | 0,6 | 13,0 | 21,0 | 5,0 | |
| 18 | 0,6 | 13,0 | 26,0 | 5,0 | |
| 19 | 0,8 | 16,5 | 26,0 | 7,5 | |
| 20 | 0,8 | 16,5 | 32,0 | 7,5 | |



7Z85145.3

→ direction of tape transport (positive leading)

Fig. 4 Styles 4, 5 and 6, case sizes 11 to 13; see Table 4 for dimensions. For style 6 the tape transport is in opposite direction (negative leading).

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|------|------|-------------|
| | | 11 | 12 | 13 | |
| Body diameter | D | 5,5 | 6,8 | 8,5 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 12,0 | 12,0 | 12,5 | maximum |
| Lead-wire diameter | d | 0,5 | 0,6 | 0,6 | ± 0,05 |
| Pitch of component | P | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | ± 1,0 |
| Feed-hole pitch | P ₀ | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | ± 0,2** |
| Hole centre to lead | P ₁ | 3,85 | 3,85 | 3,85 | ± 0,7 |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P ₂ | 6,35 | 6,35 | 6,35 | ± 1,0 |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5,0* | 5,0* | 5,0* | + 0,8/-0 |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 1,0 |
| Tape width | W | 18,0 | 18,0 | 18,0 | ± 0,5 |
| Hold-down tape width | W ₀ | 12,5 | 12,5 | 12,5 | minimum*** |
| Hole position | W ₁ | 9,0 | 9,0 | 9,0 | + 0,75/-0,5 |
| Hold-down tape position | W ₂ | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,0 | 18,0 | 18,0 | + 1,5/-0 |
| Lead-wire clinch height | H ₀ | 16,0 | 16,0 | 16,0 | ± 0,75 |
| Component height | H ₁ | 32,0 | 32,0 | 32,0 | maximum |
| Lead-wire protrusion | l | 2,0 | 2,0 | 2,0 | maximum |
| Feed-hole diameter | D ₀ | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | ± 0,3 |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | 0,9 | 0,9 | maximum |

* available on request: F = 2,5 mm for case sizes 11 and 12
F = 3,5 mm for case size 13

** cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches

*** other widths under consideration

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- rated voltage
- negative terminal identification
- group number (037)
- code indicating factory of origin
- name of manufacturer
- date code, in accordance with IEC 62

WARNING

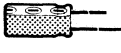
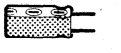

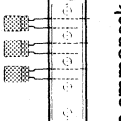

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 5 Electrical data

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at T _{amb} = 20 °C | | case size | catalogue number 2222 037 followed by | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------|---|--|------------|---------------|---|-----------|-----------|---|---|---|---|---------------------|---|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | |  |  |  |  | |  |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | on reel** style 4 | in ammopack style 5 | |
| 6,3 | 68 | 80 | 7,3 | 0,24 | 7,0 | 8,8 | | 11 | 53689 | 83689 | 63689 | 23689 | 33689 | 43689 |
| | 150 | 130 | 12 | 0,24 | 3,2 | 4,0 | | 12 | 53151 | 83151 | 63151 | 23151 | 33151 | 43151 |
| | 220 | 170 | 17 | 0,24 | 2,2 | 2,7 | | 12 | 53221 | 83221 | 63221 | 23221 | 33221 | 43221 |
| | 330 | 240 | 24 | 0,24 | 1,4 | 1,8 | | 13 | 53331 | 83331 | 63331 | 23331 | 33331 | 43331 |
| | 470 | 300 | 33 | 0,24 | 1,0 | 1,3 | | 13 | 53471 | 83471 | 63471 | 23471 | 33471 | 43471 |
| | 1 500 | 670 | 98 | 0,25 | 0,33 | 0,44 | | 16 | 53152 | 63152 | | | | |
| | 2 200 | 890 | 140 | 0,26 | 0,24 | 0,31 | | 17 | 53222 | 63222 | | | | |
| | 6 800 | 1550 | 430 | 0,35 | 0,10 | 0,12 | | 19 | 53682 | 63682 | | | | |
| | 10 000 | 1750 | 630 | 0,42 | 0,08 | 0,10 | | 20 | 53103 | 63103 | | | | |
| | 10 | 47 | 75 | 7,7 | 0,20 | 8,5 | 9,6 | | 11 | 54479 | 84479 | 64479 | 24479 | 34479 |
| 100 | | 110 | 13 | 0,20 | 4,0 | 4,5 | | 11 | 54101 | 84101 | 64101 | 24101 | 34101 | 44101 |
| 150 | | 140 | 18 | 0,20 | 2,7 | 3,0 | | 12 | 54151 | 84151 | 64151 | 24151 | 34151 | 44151 |
| 220 | | 210 | 25 | 0,20 | 1,8 | 2,0 | | 13* | 54221 | 84221 | 64221 | 24221 | 34221 | 44221 |
| 330 | | 270 | 36 | 0,20 | 1,2 | 1,4 | | 13 | 54331 | 84331 | 64331 | 24331 | 34331 | 44331 |
| 680 | | 420 | 71 | 0,20 | 0,59 | 0,66 | | 14 | 54681 | 64681 | | | | |
| 1 000 | | 630 | 100 | 0,20 | 0,40 | 0,45 | | 15 | 54102 | 64102 | | | | |
| 3 300 | | 1250 | 330 | 0,24 | 0,14 | 0,18 | | 18 | 54332 | 64332 | | | | |
| 4 700 | | 1450 | 470 | 0,28 | 0,12 | 0,13 | | 19 | 54472 | 64472 | | | | |
| 6 800 | | 1700 | 680 | 0,32 | 0,09 | 0,10 | | 20 | 54682 | 64682 | | | | |

* size reduction by 1 step under consideration

** positive leading

*** negative leading

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 037 followed by | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|--|--------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | style 4 | in ammopack style 5 | on reel*** style 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V | μF | mA | μA | | Ω | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | style 4 | in ammopack style 5 | on reel*** style 6 |
| 16 | 33 | 70 | 8,3 | 0,16 | 9,6 | | 9,7 | 11 | 55339 | 85339 | 65339 | 25339 | 35339 | 45339 |
| | 68 | 100 | 14 | 0,16 | 4,7 | | 4,7 | 11 | 55689 | 85689 | 65689 | 25689 | 35689 | 45689 |
| | 100 | 140 | 19 | 0,16 | 3,2 | | 3,2 | 12 | 55101 | 85101 | 65101 | 25101 | 35101 | 45101 |
| | 150 | 200 | 27 | 0,16 | 2,1 | | 2,1 | 13 | 55151 | 85151 | 65151 | 25151 | 35151 | 45151 |
| | 220 | 240 | 38 | 0,16 | 1,4 | | 1,5 | 13 | 55221 | 85221 | 65221 | 25221 | 35221 | 45221 |
| | 330 | 330 | 56 | 0,16 | 0,96 | | 0,97 | 14* | 55331 | 85331 | 65331 | 25331 | 35331 | 45331 |
| | 470 | 420 | 78 | 0,16 | 0,68 | | 0,68 | 14 | 55471 | 85471 | 65471 | 25471 | 35471 | 45471 |
| | 680 | 520 | 110 | 0,16 | 0,47 | | 0,47 | 15 | 55681 | 85681 | 65681 | 25681 | 35681 | 45681 |
| | 1000 | 740 | 160 | 0,16 | 0,32 | | 0,32 | 16 | 55102 | 85102 | 65102 | 25102 | 35102 | 45102 |
| | 1500 | 900 | 240 | 0,17 | 0,23 | | 0,21 | 17 | 55152 | 85152 | 65152 | 25152 | 35152 | 45152 |
| | 2200 | 1150 | 360 | 0,18 | 0,16 | | 0,15 | 18 | 55222 | 85222 | 65222 | 25222 | 35222 | 45222 |
| | 3300 | 1400 | 530 | 0,20 | 0,12 | | 0,15 | 19 | 55332 | 85332 | 65332 | 25332 | 35332 | 45332 |
| | 4700 | 1650 | 760 | 0,24 | 0,10 | | 0,11 | 20 | 55472 | 85472 | 65472 | 25472 | 35472 | 45472 |
| 25 | 47 | 90 | 15 | 0,14 | 5,9 | | 4,7 | 11 | 56479 | 86479 | 66479 | 26479 | 36479 | 46479 |
| | 68 | 110 | 20 | 0,14 | 4,1 | | 3,2 | 12 | 56689 | 86689 | 66689 | 26689 | 36689 | 46689 |
| | 100 | 170 | 28 | 0,14 | 2,8 | | 2,2 | 13* | 56101 | 86101 | 66101 | 26101 | 36101 | 46101 |
| | 150 | 200 | 41 | 0,14 | 1,9 | | 1,5 | 13 | 56151 | 86151 | 66151 | 26151 | 36151 | 46151 |
| | 1000 | 890 | 250 | 0,14 | 0,28 | | 0,22 | 17 | 56102 | 86102 | 66102 | 26102 | 36102 | 46102 |
| | 1500 | 1000 | 380 | 0,15 | 0,20 | | 0,24 | 18 | 56152 | 86152 | 66152 | 26152 | 36152 | 46152 |
| | 2200 | 1300 | 550 | 0,16 | 0,14 | | 0,17 | 19 | 56222 | 86222 | 66222 | 26222 | 36222 | 46222 |
| | 3300 | 1500 | 830 | 0,18 | 0,11 | | 0,12 | 20 | 56332 | 86332 | 66332 | 26332 | 36332 | 46332 |

* size reduction by 1 step under consideration
 ** positive leading
 *** negative leading

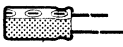
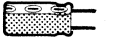



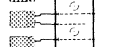
DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 037 followed by | | | | | |
|------|----------------------------|--|--|--------------------|----------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | style 4 | in ammopack style 5 | on reel** style 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 22 | 65 | 11 | 0,12 | 11 | 6,8 | 11 | 50229 | 80229 | 60229 | 20229 | 30229 | 40229 | |
| | 33 | 80 | 15 | 0,12 | 7,2 | 4,5 | 11 | 50339 | 80339 | 60339 | 20339 | 30339 | 40339 | |
| | 220 | 330 | 80 | 0,12 | 1,1 | 0,68 | 14 | 50221 | 60221 | | | | | |
| | 330 | 450 | 120 | 0,12 | 0,72 | 0,45 | 15 | 50331 | 60331 | | | | | |
| | 470 | 550 | 170 | 0,12 | 0,51 | 0,32 | 16 | 50471 | 60471 | | | | | |
| | 680 | 740 | 240 | 0,12 | 0,35 | 0,22 | 17 | 50681 | 60681 | | | | | |
| | 1000 | 990 | 250 | 0,12 | 0,24 | 0,15 | 18 | 50102 | 60102 | | | | | |
| | 1500 | 1150 | 530 | 0,13 | 0,17 | 0,21 | 19 | 50152 | 60152 | | | | | |
| | 2200 | 1400 | 770 | 0,14 | 0,13 | 0,14 | 20 | 50222 | 60222 | | | | | |
| | 40 | 15 | 55 | 9 | 0,12 | 16 | 8,7 | 11 | 57159 | 87159 | 67159 | 27159 | 37159 | 47159 |
| 22 | | 70 | 12 | 0,12 | 11 | 5,9 | 11 | 57229 | 87229 | 67229 | 27229 | 37229 | 47229 | |
| 33 | | 90 | 16 | 0,12 | 7,2 | 3,9 | 12 | 57339 | 87339 | 67339 | 27339 | 37339 | 47339 | |
| 47 | | 110 | 22 | 0,12 | 5,1 | 2,8 | 12 | 57479 | 87479 | 67479 | 27479 | 37479 | 47479 | |
| 68 | | 150 | 30 | 0,12 | 3,5 | 1,9 | 13 | 57689 | 87689 | 67689 | 27689 | 37689 | 47689 | |
| 100 | | 190 | 43 | 0,12 | 2,4 | 1,3 | 13 | 57101 | 87101 | 67101 | 27101 | 37101 | 47101 | |
| 150 | | 250 | 63 | 0,12 | 1,6 | 0,87 | 14 | 57151 | 67151 | | | | | |
| 330 | | 500 | 140 | 0,12 | 0,72 | 0,39 | 16 | 57331 | 67331 | | | | | |
| 470 | | 650 | 190 | 0,12 | 0,51 | 0,28 | 17 | 57471 | 67471 | | | | | |
| 680 | | 810 | 280 | 0,12 | 0,35 | 0,19 | 18 | 57681 | 67681 | | | | | |
| 1000 | 1050 | 400 | 0,12 | 0,24 | 0,13 | 19 | 57102 | 67102 | | | | | | |
| 1500 | 1100 | 600 | 0,13 | 0,17 | 0,18 | 20 | 57152 | 67152 | | | | | | |

* positive leading
** negative leading

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 037 followed by | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | style 4 | in ammopack style 5 | on reel*** style 6 |
| V | 50 | 47 81 100 140 160 220 470 680 1000 | 8 14 20 27 37 110 240 340 500 | 0,10 0,10 0,10 0,10 0,10 0,10 0,10 0,10 0,10 | 20 9 6 4,2 2,9 0,90 0,42 0,29 0,20 | 9,5 4,3 2,9 2,0 1,4 0,43 0,20 0,14 0,10 | 11 12* 12 13* 13 15 17 18 19 |    |    | 51109 51229 51339 51479 51689 51221 51471 51681 51102 | 81109 81229 81339 81479 81689 61109 61229 61339 61479 61689 | 21109 21229 21339 21479 21689 | 31109 31229 31339 31479 31689 | 41109 41229 41339 41479 41689 |

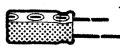
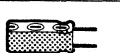

* size reduction by 1 step under consideration

** positive leading

*** negative leading

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ | | case size | catalogue number 2222 037 followed by | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|--|--------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---|---|---|-------------|---------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | |  |  |  | in ammopack | | on reel*** style 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | style 1 | style 2 | |
| 63 | 0,10 | 5 | 3,1 | 0,09 | 1800 | 800 | 11 | 58107 | 88107 | 68107 | 28107 | 38107 | 48107 | |
| | 0,15 | 6 | 3,1 | 0,09 | 1200 | 530 | 11 | 58157 | 88157 | 68157 | 28157 | 38157 | 48157 | |
| | 0,22 | 8 | 3,1 | 0,09 | 810 | 360 | 11 | 58227 | 88227 | 68227 | 28227 | 38227 | 48227 | |
| | 0,33 | 10 | 3,2 | 0,09 | 540 | 240 | 11 | 58337 | 88337 | 68337 | 28337 | 38337 | 48337 | |
| | 0,47 | 11 | 3,3 | 0,09 | 380 | 170 | 11 | 58477 | 88477 | 68477 | 28477 | 38477 | 48477 | |
| | 0,68 | 13 | 3,4 | 0,09 | 260 | 120 | 11 | 58687 | 88687 | 68687 | 28687 | 38687 | 48687 | |
| | 1,0 | 16 | 3,6 | 0,09 | 180 | 80 | 11 | 58108 | 88108 | 68108 | 28108 | 38108 | 48108 | |
| | 1,5 | 19 | 3,9 | 0,09 | 120 | 53 | 11 | 58158 | 88158 | 68158 | 28158 | 38158 | 48158 | |
| | 2,2 | 23 | 4,4 | 0,09 | 81 | 36 | 11 | 58228 | 88228 | 68228 | 28228 | 38228 | 48228 | |
| | 3,3 | 29 | 5,1 | 0,09 | 54 | 24 | 11 | 58338 | 88338 | 68338 | 28338 | 38338 | 48338 | |
| | 4,7 | 35 | 6,0 | 0,09 | 38 | 17 | 11 | 58478 | 88478 | 68478 | 28478 | 38478 | 48478 | |
| | 6,8 | 41 | 7,3 | 0,09 | 26 | 12 | 11 | 58688 | 88688 | 68688 | 28688 | 38688 | 48688 | |
| | 10 | 50 | 9,3 | 0,09 | 18 | 8,0 | 11 | 58109 | 88109 | 68109 | 28109 | 38109 | 48109 | |
| | 15 | 61 | 12 | 0,09 | 12 | 5,3 | 11 | 58159 | 88159 | 68159 | 28159 | 38159 | 48159 | |
| | 22 | 85 | 17 | 0,09 | 8,1 | 3,6 | 12 | 58229 | 88229 | 68229 | 28229 | 38229 | 48229 | |
| | 33 | 120 | 24 | 0,09 | 5,4 | 2,4 | 13* | 58339 | 88339 | 68339 | 28339 | 38339 | 48339 | |
| | 47 | 150 | 33 | 0,09 | 3,8 | 1,7 | 13 | 58479 | 88479 | 68479 | 28479 | 38479 | 48479 | |
| | 68 | 200 | 46 | 0,09 | 2,6 | 1,2 | 14 | 58689 | 88689 | 68689 | 28689 | 38689 | 48689 | |
| | 100 | 260 | 66 | 0,09 | 1,8 | 0,80 | 14 | 58101 | 68101 | | | | | |
| | 150 | 320 | 98 | 0,09 | 1,2 | 0,53 | 15 | 58151 | 68151 | | | | | |
| | 220 | 460 | 140 | 0,09 | 0,81 | 0,36 | 16 | 58221 | 68221 | | | | | |
| | 330 | 600 | 210 | 0,09 | 0,54 | 0,24 | 17 | 58331 | 68331 | | | | | |
| | 470 | 830 | 300 | 0,09 | 0,38 | 0,17 | 18 | 58471 | 68471 | | | | | |
| | 680 | 1000 | 430 | 0,09 | 0,26 | 0,12 | 19 | 58681 | 68681 | | | | | |
| | 1000 | 1250 | 630 | 0,09 | 0,18 | 0,08 | 20 | 58102 | 68102 | | | | | |

* size reduction by 1 step under consideration

** positive leading

*** negative leading

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance (Ω) at T _{amb} = 20 °C | | case size | catalogue number 2222 037 followed by | | | | | | |
|----|-----------|---|--|------------|----------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | at 1 kHz | at 10 kHz | | st | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel* style 4 | in ammpack style 5 | on reel** style 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V | 100 | 8 | 3,2 | 0,07 | 630 | 270 | 11 | 59227 | 89227 | 69227 | 29227 | 39227 | 49227 | | |
| | 0,47 | 12 | 3,5 | 0,07 | 300 | 130 | 11 | 59477 | 89477 | 69477 | 29477 | 39477 | 49477 | | |
| | 1,0 | 18 | 4 | 0,07 | 140 | 60 | 11 | 59108 | 89108 | 69108 | 29108 | 39108 | 49108 | | |
| | 1,5 | 22 | 4,5 | 0,07 | 93 | 40 | 11 | 59158 | 89158 | 69158 | 29158 | 39158 | 49158 | | |
| | 2,2 | 27 | 5,2 | 0,07 | 63 | 27 | 11 | 59228 | 89228 | 69228 | 29228 | 39228 | 49228 | | |
| | 3,3 | 33 | 6,3 | 0,07 | 42 | 18 | 11 | 59338 | 89338 | 69338 | 29338 | 39338 | 49338 | | |
| | 4,7 | 39 | 7,7 | 0,07 | 30 | 13 | 11 | 59478 | 89478 | 69478 | 29478 | 39478 | 49478 | | |
| | 6,8 | 47 | 9,8 | 0,07 | 20 | 8,8 | 11 | 59688 | 89688 | 69688 | 29688 | 39688 | 49688 | | |
| | 10 | 62 | 13 | 0,07 | 14 | 6,0 | 12 | 59109 | 89109 | 69109 | 29109 | 39109 | 49109 | | |
| | 15 | 91 | 18 | 0,07 | 9,3 | 4,0 | 13 | 59159 | 89159 | 69159 | 29159 | 39159 | 49159 | | |
| | 22 | 115 | 25 | 0,07 | 6,3 | 2,7 | 13 | 59229 | 89229 | 69229 | 29229 | 39229 | 49229 | | |
| | 33 | 160 | 36 | 0,07 | 4,2 | 1,8 | 14 | 59339 | 89339 | 69339 | | | | | |
| | 47 | 210 | 50 | 0,07 | 3,0 | 1,3 | 15 | 59479 | 89479 | 69479 | | | | | |
| | 68 | 250 | 71 | 0,07 | 2,0 | 0,88 | 15 | 59689 | 89689 | 69689 | | | | | |
| | 100 | 350 | 100 | 0,07 | 1,4 | 0,60 | 16 | 59101 | 89101 | 69101 | | | | | |
| | 150 | 460 | 150 | 0,07 | 0,93 | 0,40 | 17 | 59151 | 89151 | 69151 | | | | | |
| | 220 | 580 | 220 | 0,07 | 0,63 | 0,27 | 18 | 59221 | 89221 | 69221 | | | | | |
| | 330 | 710 | 330 | 0,07 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 19 | 59331 | 89331 | 69331 | | | | | |
| | 470 | 900 | 470 | 0,07 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 20 | 59471 | 89471 | 69471 | | | | | |

* positive leading
 ** negative leading

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

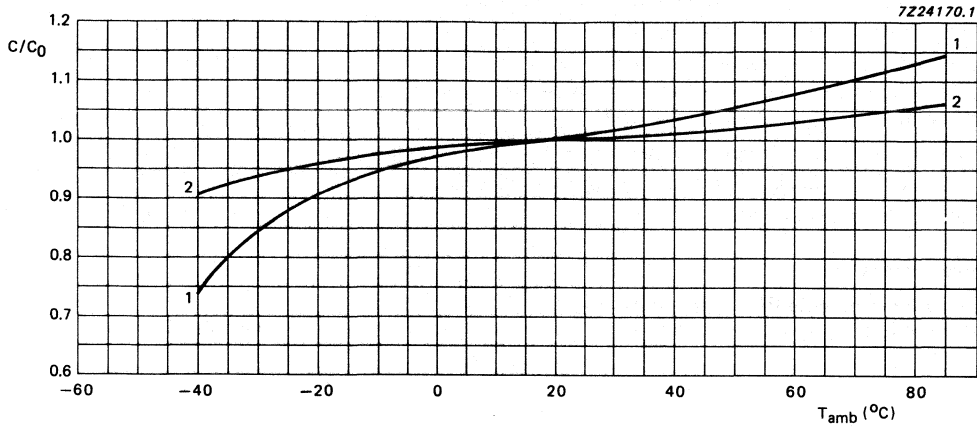


Fig. 5 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 6,3 V
curve 2 = 100 V

DEVELOPMENT DATA

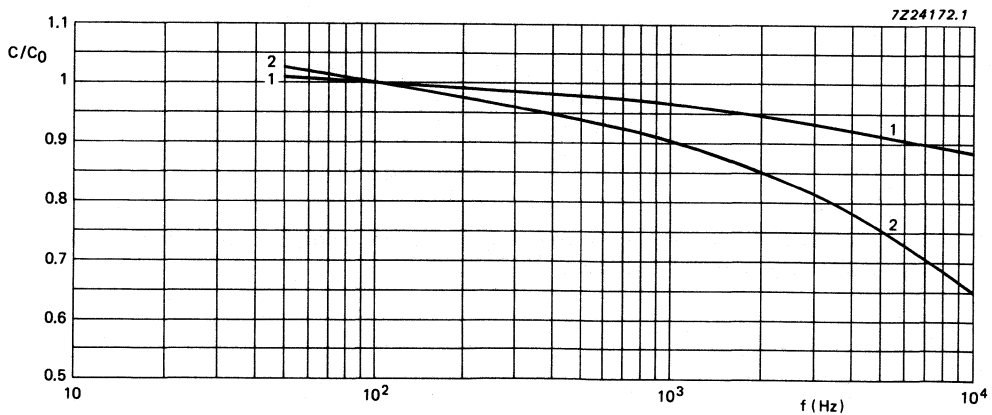


Fig. 6 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 100 V
curve 2 = 6,3 V

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
- c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

Ripple current **

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

| core temperature ▲ | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| 1,15 x U _R | U _R |
| 1,15 x U _R | U _R |
| | 1 V |
| | between U _R and -1 V |
| | 1,15 x U _R |
| | 1 V |

see Table 5

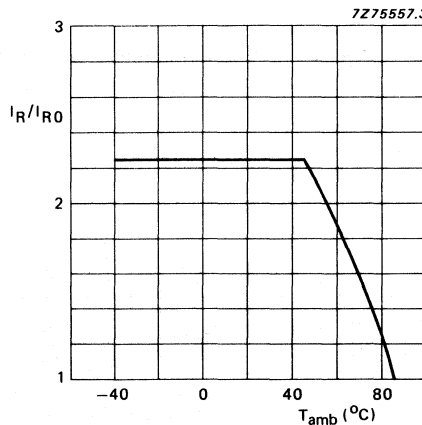


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

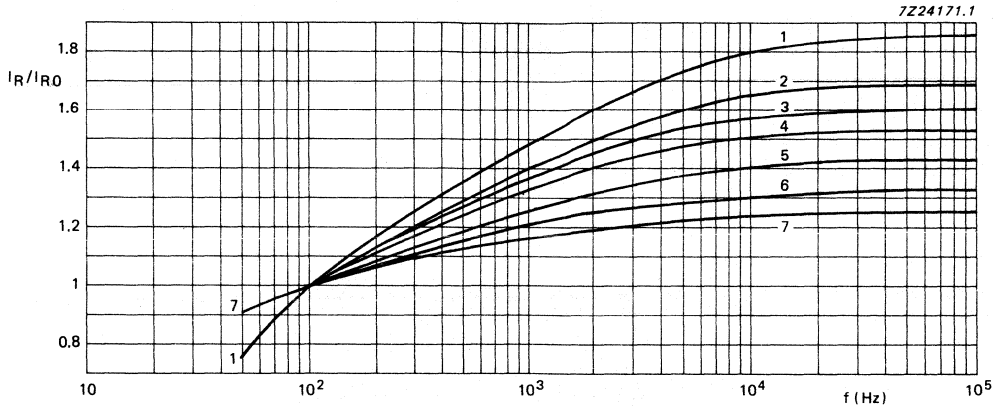


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 63/100 V, ($\leq 2,2 \mu\text{F}$)
 curve 2 = 100 V ($\geq 3,3 \mu\text{F}$)
 curve 3 = 63 V ($\geq 3,3 \mu\text{F}$)
 curve 4 = 50 V

curve 5 = 35/40 V
 curve 6 = 16/25 V
 curve 7 = 6,3/10 V

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{n r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and requirements).

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,01 CU + 3 μA)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,
 at $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,1 x value stated in Table 5
 \leq value stated in Table 5

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

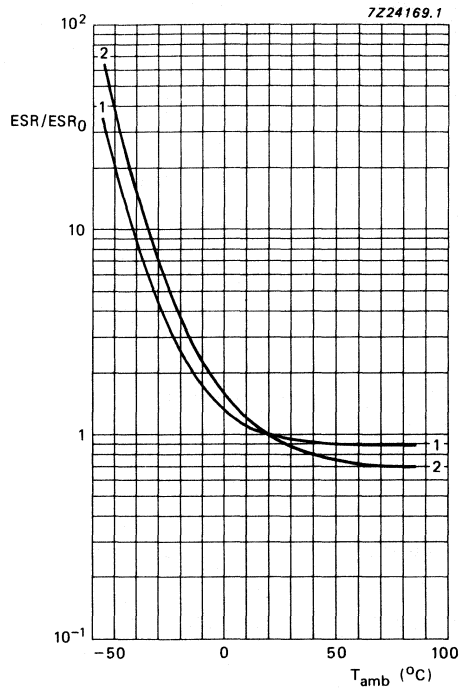


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature; ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 63 V ($\geq 4,7 \mu\text{F}$)

curve 2 = 10 V

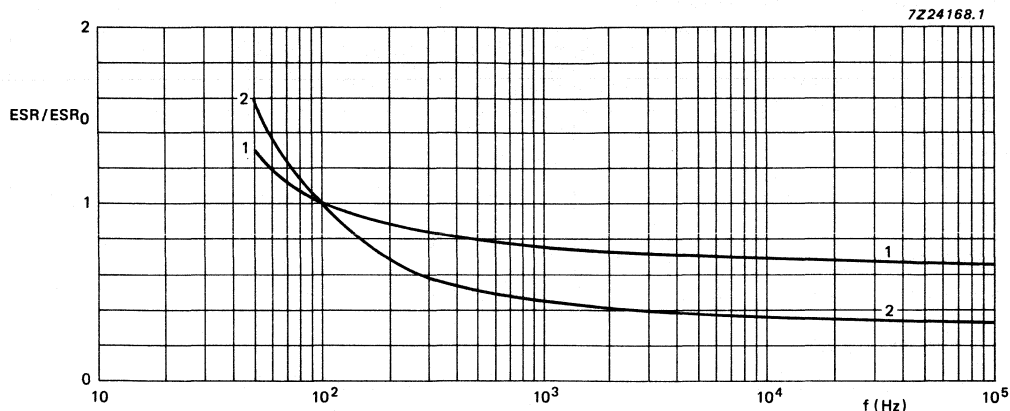


Fig. 10 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 6,3 V
 curve 2 = 63 V ($\geq 4,7 \mu F$)

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case sizes 11, 12, 13

typ. 13 nH

Case sizes 14, 15, 16

typ. 16 nH

Case sizes 17, 18, 19, 20

typ. 18 nH

Impedance (Z)

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and 10 kHz and 1 kHz ($C_{nom} > 1000 \mu F$ only), measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$

see Table 6

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $+20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, and at $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $+20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, at 100 Hz measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 7

Table 6 $Z \times C_{nom}$ values

| | T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom} (\Omega \mu F)$ at U_R | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 35 V | 40 V | 50 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| $C_{nom} > 1000 \mu F$, measured at 1 kHz* | +20 °C | 650 | 530 | 430 | 350 | 300 | 270 | 260 | 250 | 240 |
| | -25 °C | 5500 | 4000 | 2700 | 1700 | 1200 | 1000 | 700 | 550 | 500 |
| $C_{nom} \leq 1000 \mu F$, measured at 10 kHz | +20 °C | 600 | 450 | 320 | 220 | 150 | 130 | 95 | 80 | 60 |
| | -25 °C | 5500 | 4000 | 2700 | 1700 | 1200 | 950 | 650 | 500 | 450 |

* Values shall be increased by 5% per 1000 μF .

Table 7 Maximum impedance ratio values

| | maximum impedance ratio at U_R and 100 Hz | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 35 V | 40 V | 50 V | 63 V | 100 V |
| Z at $-25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Z at $+20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Z at $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Z at $+20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

 -40 to $+85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Typical life time

at $T_{\text{amb}} = 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{\text{amb}} = 95\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{\text{amb}} = 105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

 $U_R = 25$ to 100 V | $U_R = 6,3$ to 16 V

| | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 70 000 hours | 35 000 hours |
| 3000 hours | 1500 hours |
| 1500 hours | 750 hours |
| 750 hours | 400 hours |

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

500 hours | 500 hours

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1, 2 and 3 are supplied in boxes, those of styles 4, 6 and 5 on tape on reel and in ammunition pack respectively. The numbers per box, per reel and per ammunition pack are given in Table 8.

Table 8 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | styles 4 and 6 per reel | style 5 per ammunition pack |
| 11 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 12 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 13 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 1000 |
| 14 | 1000 | 1000 | | | |
| 15 | 500 | 500 | | | |
| 16 | 500 | 500 | | | |
| 17 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 18 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 19 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 20 | 200 | 200 | | | |

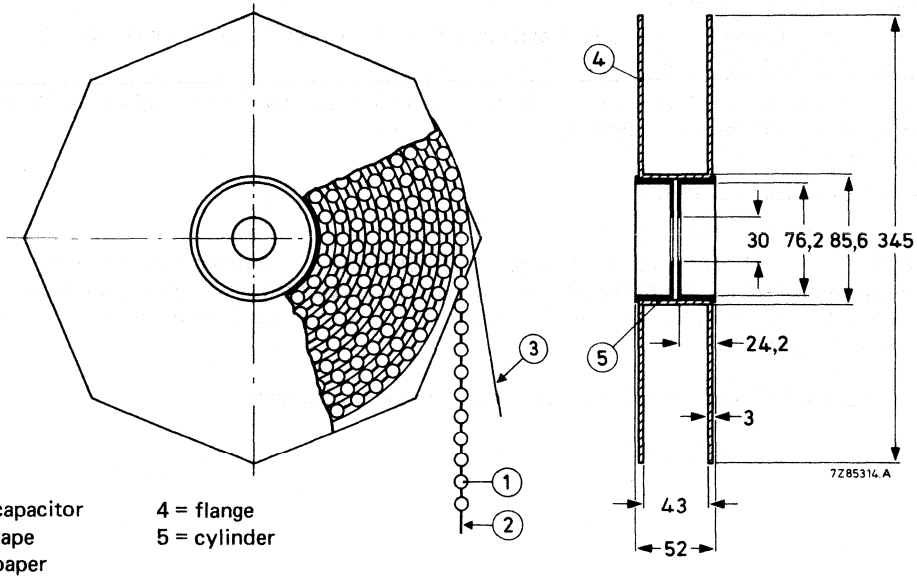


Fig. 11 Capacitors (styles 4 or 6) on tape on reel.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

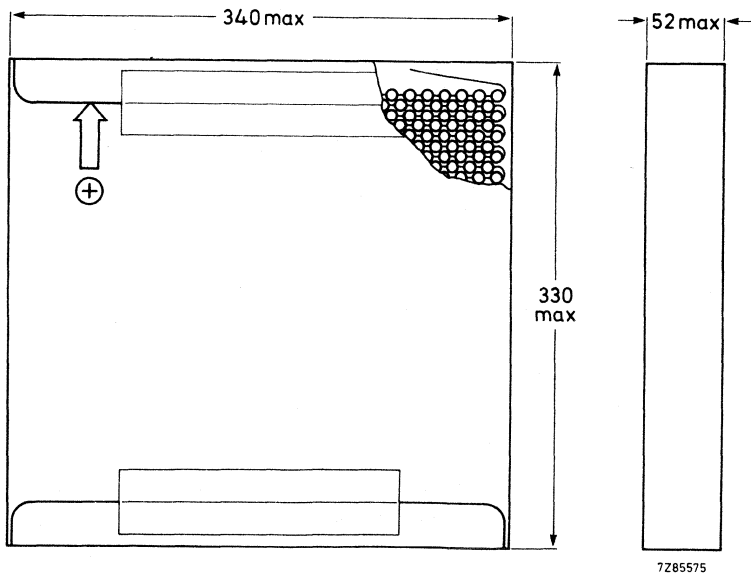


Fig. 12 Capacitors (style 5) on tape in ammunition pack.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After endurance test, 1000 hours ($U_R = 6,3$ to 16 V) or 2000 hours ($U_R = 25$ to 100 V), 85°C , the capacitors meet the following requirements:

$$\Delta C/C \leq \pm 20\%,$$

$$\tan \delta \leq 1,5 \times \text{specified value},$$

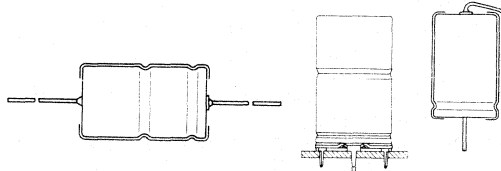
$$\text{DC leakage current} \leq \text{specified value}.$$

After shelf life test, 500 hours, 85°C , the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for leakage current of the 100 V range: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note: Capacitors 2222 037 are miniature and small, general-purpose grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads and single ended
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range | 1 to 220 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +50% |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 160 to 385 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | |
| case sizes 4 to 7 | 2000 hours |
| case sizes 00 to 05 | 5000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, type 1, long-life grade DIN 41240 |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| | 160 | 250 | 350 | 385 |
| 1 | | | | 4 |
| 2,2 | | 4 | | 5 |
| 4,7 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 6,8 | | | 00 | 00 |
| 10 | 5 | 00/7 | 01 | 01 |
| 15 | | 01 | 01 | 02 |
| 22 | 00/7 | 01 | 02 | 03 |
| 33 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 |
| 47 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 04 |
| 68 | 02 | 04 | 05 | 05 |
| 100 | 03 | 05 | | |
| 150 | 04 | | | |
| 220 | 05 | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) | series number | |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 4 | \varnothing 6,5 x 18 | 041 | miniature |
| 5 | \varnothing 8 x 18 | | |
| 6 | \varnothing 10 x 18 | | |
| 7 | \varnothing 10 x 25 | | |
| 00 | \varnothing 10 x 30 | 042 | small |
| 01 | \varnothing 12,5 x 30 | | |
| 02 | \varnothing 15 x 30 | | |
| 03 | \varnothing 18 x 30 | | |
| 04 | \varnothing 18 x 40 | 043 | |
| 05 | \varnothing 21 x 40 | | |

2222 041
 2222 042
 2222 043

APPLICATION

For smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in circuits where a high voltage is required. The bandoliered version is suitable for use with automatic insertion and cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is in an aluminium case.

The capacitors available in 3 styles, all with soldered-copper leads.

Style 1: axial leads; all case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers, case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve.

Style 2: singled ended; with mounting ring with printed-wiring pins; especially for use in applications with severe shocks and vibrations; case sizes 02 to 05, non-insulated case.

Style 3: singled ended; case sizes 4 to 7 and 00 to 02, case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve.

→ Note: for case sizes 04/05, the stated maximum length may be exceeded by 0,7 mm.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

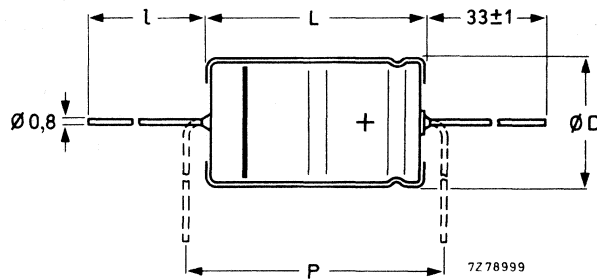


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions ϕD , L, l and P.

Table 3 Physical dimensions, style 1

| case size | l | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|--------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 4 | * | 6,5 | 18,0 | 6,9 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,3 |
| 5 | * | 8,0 | 18,0 | 8,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,7 |
| 6 | * | 10,0 | 18,0 | 10,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 2,5 |
| 7 | * | 10,0 | 25,0 | 10,5 | 25,0 | 30 | 3,3 |
| 00 | 55 ± 1 | 10,0 | 30,0 | 10,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 4,0 |
| 01 | 55 ± 1 | 12,5 | 30,0 | 13,0 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 6,3 |
| 02 | 55 ± 1 | 15,0 | 30,0 | 15,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 8,2 |
| 03 | 55 ± 1 | 18,0 | 30,0 | 18,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 10,9 |
| 04 | 34 ± 1 | 18,0 | 40,0 | 18,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 14 |
| 05 | 34 ± 1 | 21,0 | 40,0 | 21,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 19 |

* Case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels (see PACKING).

Table 4 Physical dimensions, style 2

| case size | ϕd_1 | d_2 | ϕD_1 | ϕD_{2max} | D3 | L | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------|--------------------|
| 02 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 15,0 | 17,5 | 16,5 ± 0,2 | 31 ± 1 | 8,6 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 31 ± 1 | 11,5 |
| 04 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 42 ± 1 | 14,5 |
| 05 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 21,0 | 22,5 | 21,5 ± 0,2 | 42 ± 1 | 19,7 |

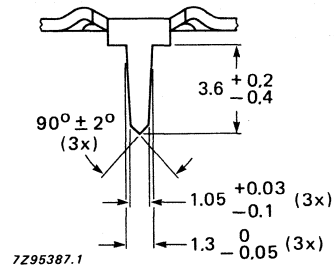
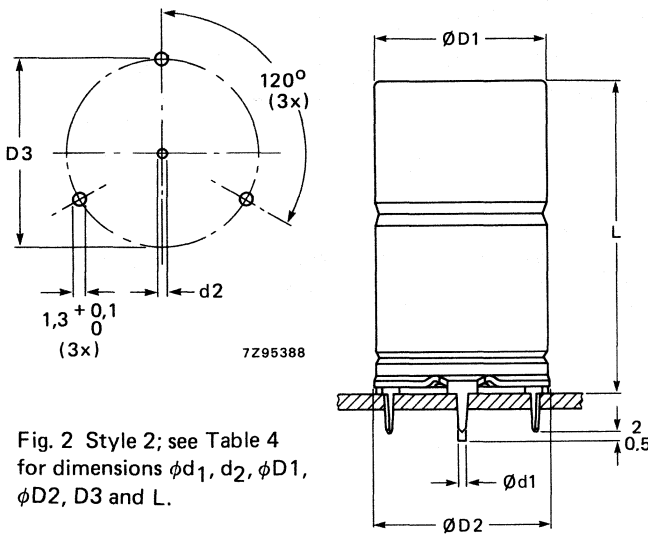


Table 5 Physical dimensions, style 3

| case size | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 4 | 0,8 | 6,9 | 21,5 | 5 -10 | 1,2 |
| 5 | 0,8 | 8,5 | 21,5 | 5 -10 | 1,6 |
| 6 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 21,5 | 7,5-12,5 | 2,3 |
| 7 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 28,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 3,1 |
| 00 | 0,8 | 10,5 | 34,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 3,8 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 13,0 | 34,0 | 7,5-12,5 | 6,1 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 15,5 | 34,0 | 10,0-15,0 | 8,0 |

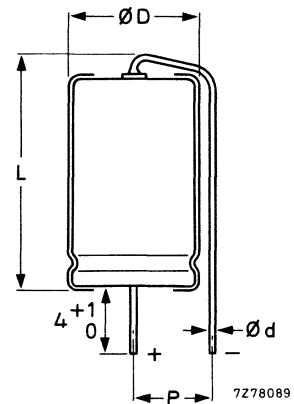


Fig. 3 Style 3 see Table 5 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

2222 041
2222 042
2222 043

Marking

The capacitors are marked with:
nominal capacitance;
tolerance on nominal capacitance;
rated voltage;
group number; code of origin;
name of manufacturer;
date code in accordance with IEC 62;
band to identify the negative terminal;
+ signs to identify the positive terminal.

Mounting

The diameter of the holes in the printed-wiring board for styles 1 and 3 is $1 + 0,1$ mm.
The hole diameter for style 2 is $1,3 + 0,1$ mm, except the anode pin of case sizes 02 and 03 is $1 + 0,1$ mm.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 6 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 6 Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | typ. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|---|------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| 160 | 4,7 | 36 | 38 | 0,15 | 38 | 26 | 4 | 041 .1478 |
| | 10 | 59 | 68 | 0,15 | 18 | 12 | 5 | 041 .1109 |
| | 22 | 106 | 126 | 0,15 | 7,2 | 5,5 | 7 | 041 .1229 |
| | 22 | 106 | 42 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 1,3 | 00 | 042 .1229 |
| | 33 | 146 | 58 | 0,10 | 4,5 | 1,0 | 01 | 042 .1339 |
| | 47 | 194 | 78 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 0,66 | 02 | 042 .1479 |
| | 68 | 233 | 108 | 0,10 | 2,2 | 0,48 | 02 | 042 .1689 |
| | 100 | 313 | 154 | 0,10 | 1,5 | 0,37 | 03 | 042 .1101 |
| | 150 | 433 | 226 | 0,10 | 1,0 | 0,21 | 04 | 043 .1151 |
| | 220 | 571 | 327 | 0,10 | 0,7 | 0,18 | 05 | 043 .1221 |
| 250 | 2,2 | 25 | 28 | 0,10 | 80 | 35 | 4 | 041 .3228 |
| | 4,7 | 40 | 55 | 0,10 | 38 | 18 | 5 | 041 .3478 |
| | 10 | 72 | 95 | 0,10 | 16 | 7 | 7 | 041 .3109 |
| | 10 | 72 | 33 | 0,10 | 15 | 4,2 | 00 | 042 .3109 |
| | 15 | 100 | 44 | 0,10 | 10 | 2,8 | 01 | 042 .3159 |
| | 22 | 120 | 60 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 2,2 | 01 | 042 .3229 |
| | 33 | 162 | 84 | 0,10 | 4,5 | 1,4 | 02 | 042 .3339 |
| | 47 | 215 | 116 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 0,75 | 03 | 042 .3479 |
| | 68 | 291 | 163 | 0,10 | 2,2 | 0,4 | 04 | 043 .3689 |
| | 100 | 385 | 235 | 0,10 | 1,5 | 0,28 | 05 | 043 .3101 |
| 350 | 4,7 | 46 | 69 | 0,10 | 38 | 12 | 6 | 041 .5478 |
| | 6,8 | 60 | 32 | 0,10 | 22 | 5,0 | 00 | 042 .5688 |
| | 10 | 81 | 42 | 0,10 | 15 | 4,2 | 01 | 042 .5109 |
| | 15 | 100 | 57 | 0,10 | 10 | 2,8 | 01 | 042 .5159 |
| | 22 | 133 | 79 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 2,1 | 02 | 042 .5229 |
| | 33 | 162 | 114 | 0,10 | 4,5 | 0,9 | 03 | 042 .5339 |
| | 47 | 242 | 158 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 0,7 | 04 | 043 .5479 |
| | 68 | 317 | 224 | 0,10 | 2,2 | 0,4 | 05 | 043 .5689 |
| | 385 | 1 | 17 | 19 | 0,10 | 118 | 40 | 4 |
| 2,2 | | 28 | 42 | 0,10 | 80 | 20 | 5 | 041 .8228 |
| 4,7 | | 53 | 71 | 0,10 | 34 | 8 | 7 | 041 .8478 |
| 6,8 | | 60 | 34 | 0,10 | 22 | 5,0 | 00 | 042 .8688 |
| 10 | | 81 | 45 | 0,10 | 15 | 4,2 | 01 | 042 .8109 |
| 15 | | 110 | 62 | 0,10 | 10 | 2,3 | 02 | 042 .8159 |
| 22 | | 147 | 86 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 2,0 | 03 | 042 .8229 |
| 33 | | 203 | 124 | 0,10 | 4,5 | 0,8 | 04 | 043 .8339 |
| 47 | | 242 | 173 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 0,7 | 04 | 043 .8479 |
| 68 | | 317 | 246 | 0,10 | 2,2 | 0,4 | 05 | 043 .8689 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel (preferred for case size 4)
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box (preferred for case sizes 5 to 7) } case sizes 4 to 7
 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05;
 8 for style 3.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 6

-10 to +50%

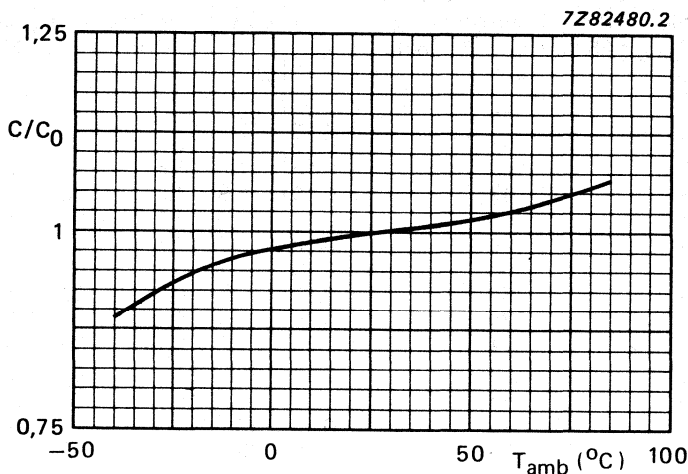


Fig. 4 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage at core temperature[▲]

< 60 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

60 to 95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

$1,1 \times U_R$

U_R

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage

b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied

c) momentary value of applied voltage

U_R

1 V

between U_R and -1 V

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

for $U_R = 160\text{ V}$ or 250 V

for $U_R = 350\text{ V}$ or 385 V

$1,15 \times U_R$

$1,1 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity

at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for short periods

1 V

[▲] See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

Ripple current*

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at
100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 6

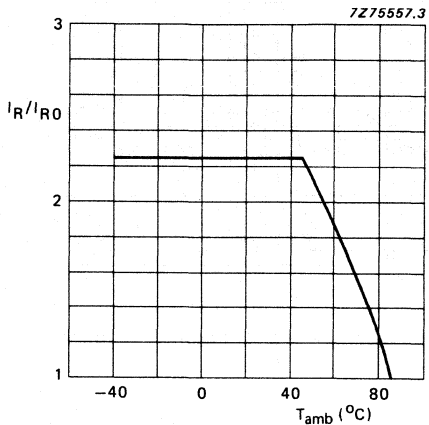


Fig. 5 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

* Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

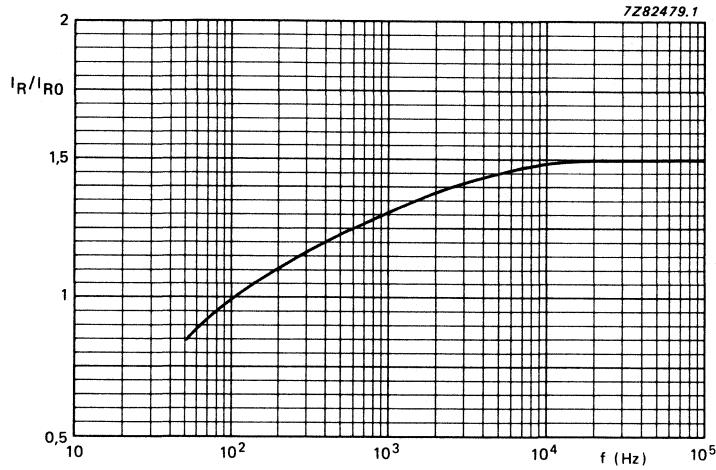


Fig. 6 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ case sizes 4 to 7

see Table 6 (0,05 CU or 5 μA , whichever is greater for $\text{CU} \leq 1000\text{ }\mu\text{C}$; 0,03 CU + 20 μA for $\text{CU} > 1000\text{ }\mu\text{C}$)
see Table 6 (0,009 CU + 10 μA)

case sizes 00 to 05

Maximum DC leakage current 5 minutes after application of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; all case sizes

0,01 CU or 1 μA (whichever is greater) for $\text{CU} \leq 1000\text{ }\mu\text{C}$; 0,006 CU + 4 μA for $\text{CU} > 1000\text{ }\mu\text{C}$

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 6.

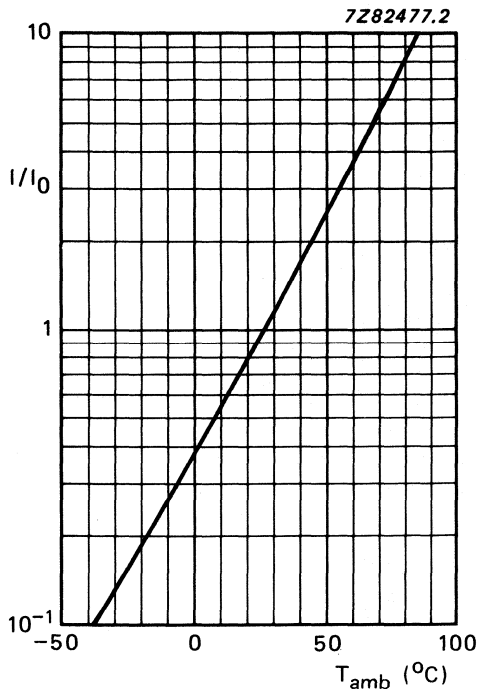


Fig. 7 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and U_R .

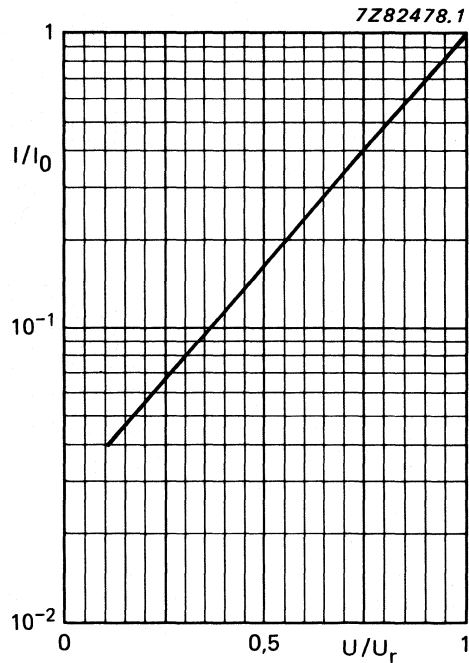


Fig. 8 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R ; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and U_R .

2222 041
2222 042
2222 043

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by means of a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured
by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

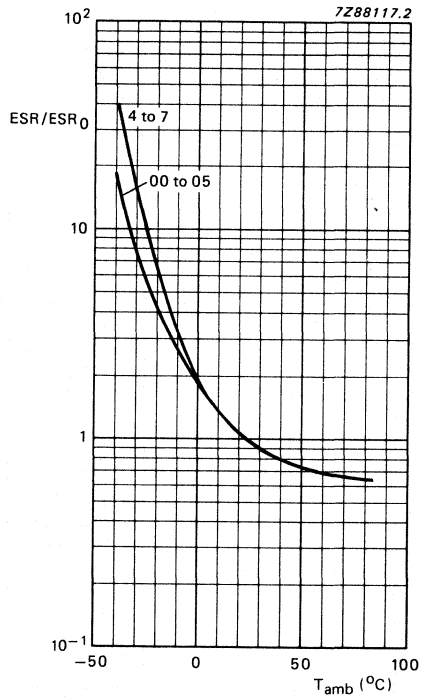


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0)
as a function of ambient temperature;
 $ESR_0 = \text{typ. ESR at } 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}, 100\text{ Hz.}$

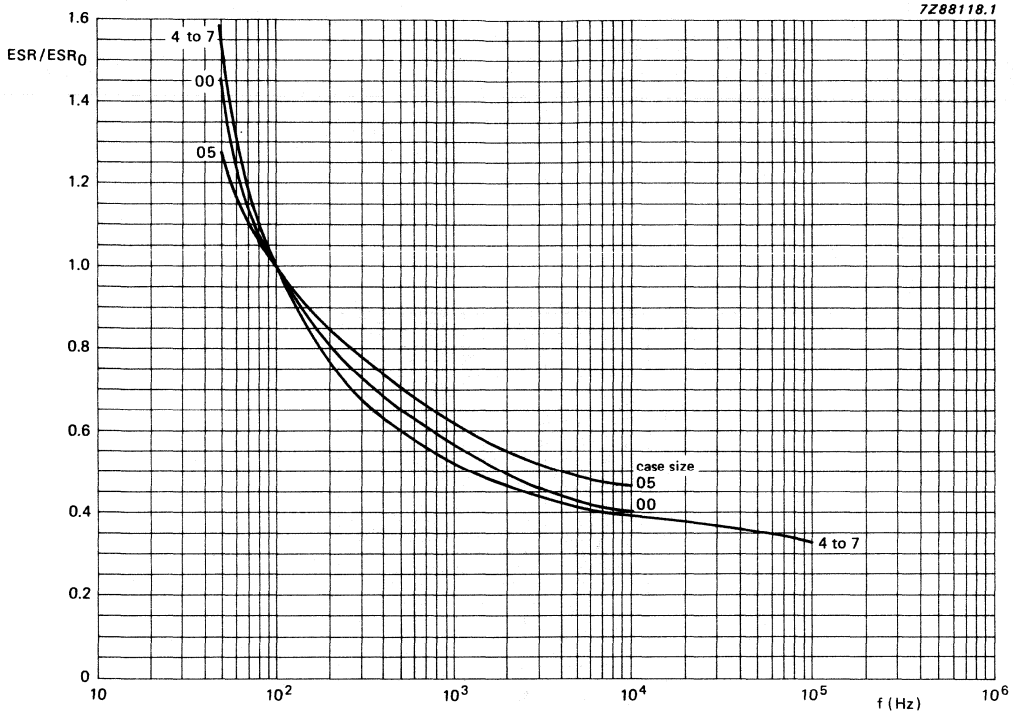


Fig. 10 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency; ESR_0 = typ. ESR at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

2222 041
2222 042
2222 043

Impedance

Typical impedance at 10 kHz, measured by a four terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

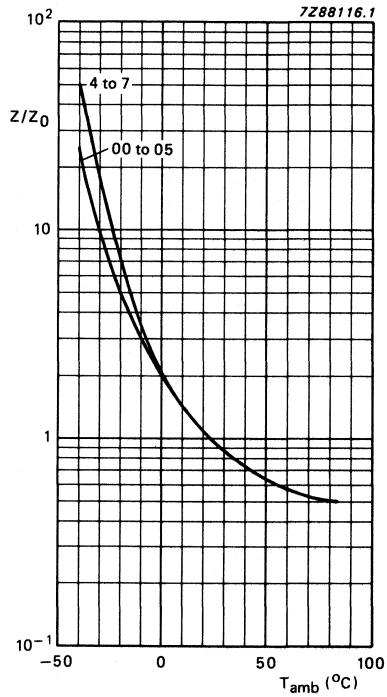


Fig. 11 Multiplier of impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of ambient temperature; Z_0 = typical impedance at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10 kHz (see Table 6).

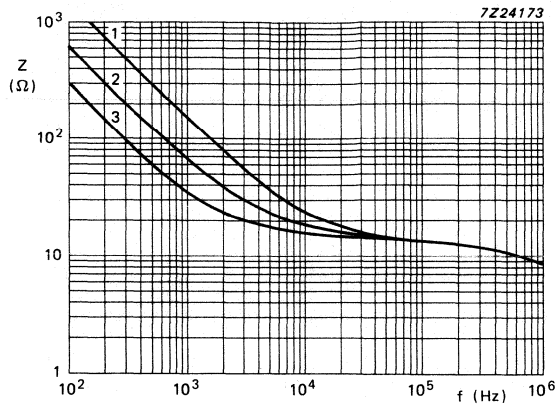


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 4.

Curve 1 = 1 μ F
curve 2 = 2,2 μ F
curve 3 = 4,7 μ F

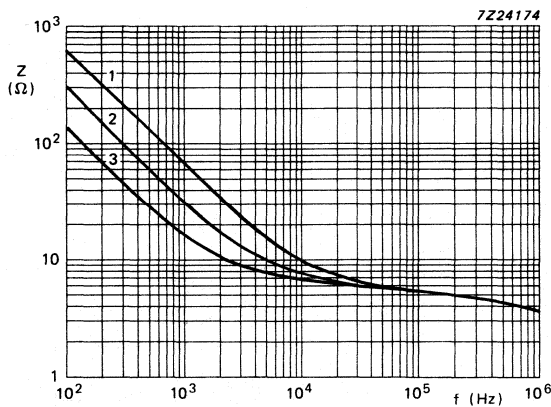


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 5.

Curve 1 = 2,2 μ F
curve 2 = 4,7 μ F
curve 3 = 10 μ F

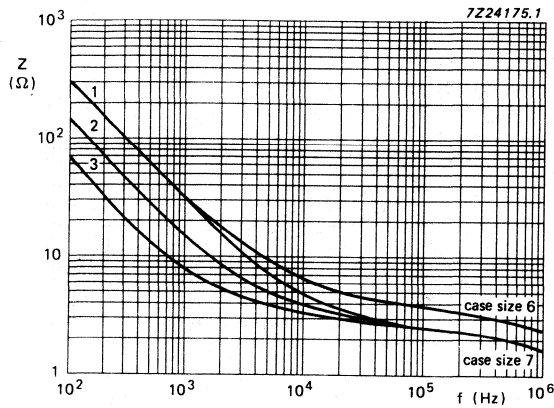


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case sizes 6 and 7.

Curve 1 = 4,7 μ F
 curve 2 = 10 μ F
 curve 3 = 22 μ F

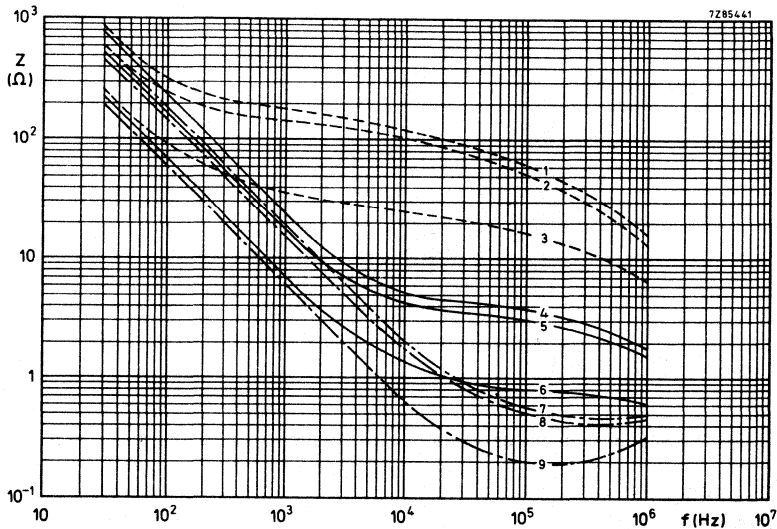


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at different temperatures. **Case size 00.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Curve 1 = 6,8 μ F, 350/385 V; -40 °C; | curve 6 = 22 μ F, 160 V; +20 °C; |
| curve 2 = 10 μ F, 250 V; -40 °C; | curve 7 = 6,8 μ F, 350/385 V; +85 °C; |
| curve 3 = 22 μ F, 160 V; -40 °C; | curve 8 = 10 μ F, 250 V; +85 °C; |
| curve 4 = 6,8 μ F, 350/385 V; +20 °C; | curve 9 = 22 μ F, 160 V; +85 °C. |
| curve 5 = 10 μ F, 250 V; +20 °C; | |

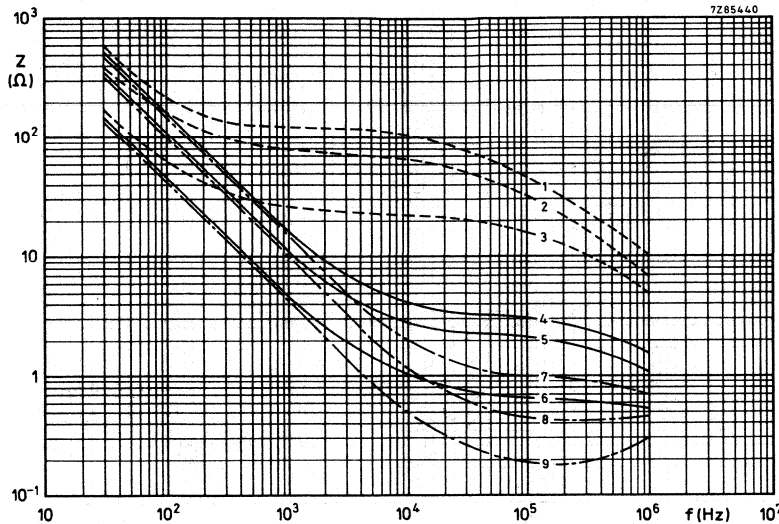


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at different temperatures. Case size 01.

- | | |
|---|---|
| Curve 1 = 10 μ F, 350/385 V; -40 °C; | curve 6 = 33 μ F, 160 V; + 20 °C; |
| curve 2 = 15 μ F, 250 V; -40 °C; | curve 7 = 10 μ F, 350/385 V; + 85 °C; |
| curve 3 = 33 μ F, 160 V; -40 °C; | curve 8 = 15 μ F, 250 V; + 85 °C; |
| curve 4 = 10 μ F, 350/385 V; + 20 °C; | curve 9 = 33 μ F, 160 V; + 85 °C. |
| curve 5 = 15 μ F, 250 V; + 20 °C; | |

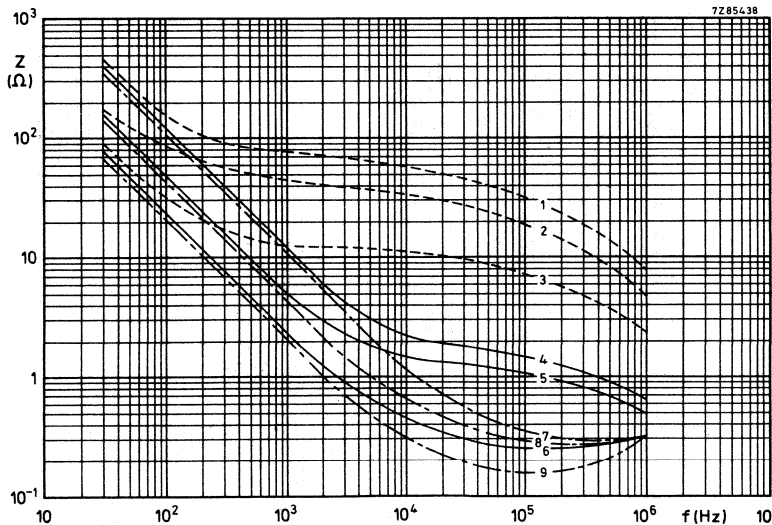


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at different temperatures. Case size 02.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Curve 1 = 15 μ F, 385 V; -40 °C; | curve 6 = 68 μ F, 160 V; + 20 °C; |
| curve 2 = 22 μ F, 350 V; -40 °C; | curve 7 = 15 μ F, 385 V; + 85 °C; |
| curve 3 = 68 μ F, 160 V; -40 °C; | curve 8 = 22 μ F, 350 V; + 85 °C; |
| curve 4 = 15 μ F, 385 V; + 20 °C; | curve 9 = 68 μ F, 160 V; + 85 °C. |
| curve 5 = 22 μ F, 350 V; + 20 °C; | |

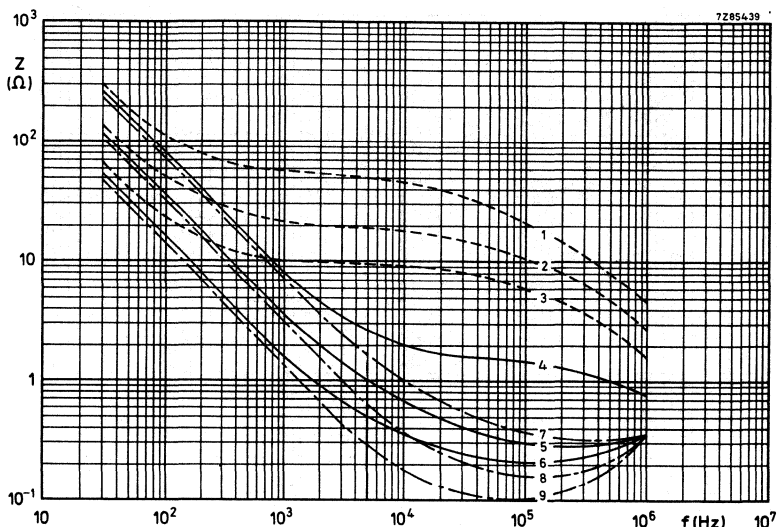


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at different temperatures. **Case size 03.**

Curve 1 = 22 μ F, 385 V; -40 °C;
 curve 2 = 47 μ F, 250 V; -40 °C;
 curve 3 = 100 μ F, 160 V; -40 °C;
 curve 4 = 22 μ F, 385 V; +20 °C;
 curve 5 = 47 μ F, 250 V; +20 °C;

curve 6 = 100 μ F, 160 V; +20 °C;
 curve 7 = 22 μ F, 385 V; +85 °C;
 curve 8 = 47 μ F, 250 V; +85 °C;
 curve 9 = 100 μ F, 160 V; +85 °C.

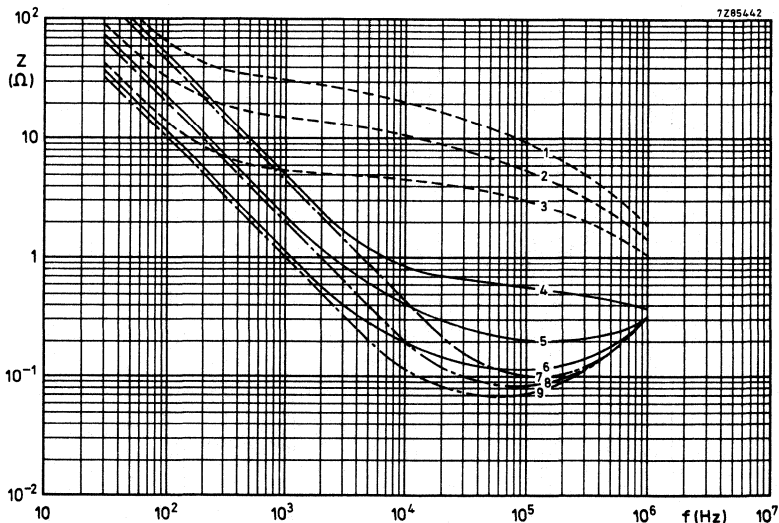


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at different temperatures. **Case size 04.**

Curve 1 = 33 μ F, 385 V; -40 °C;
 curve 2 = 68 μ F, 250 V; -40 °C;
 curve 3 = 150 μ F, 160 V; -40 °C;
 curve 4 = 33 μ F, 385 V; +20 °C;
 curve 5 = 68 μ F, 250 V; +20 °C;

curve 6 = 150 μ F, 160 V; +20 °C;
 curve 7 = 33 μ F, 385 V; +85 °C;
 curve 8 = 68 μ F, 250 V; +85 °C;
 curve 9 = 150 μ F, 160 V; +85 °C.

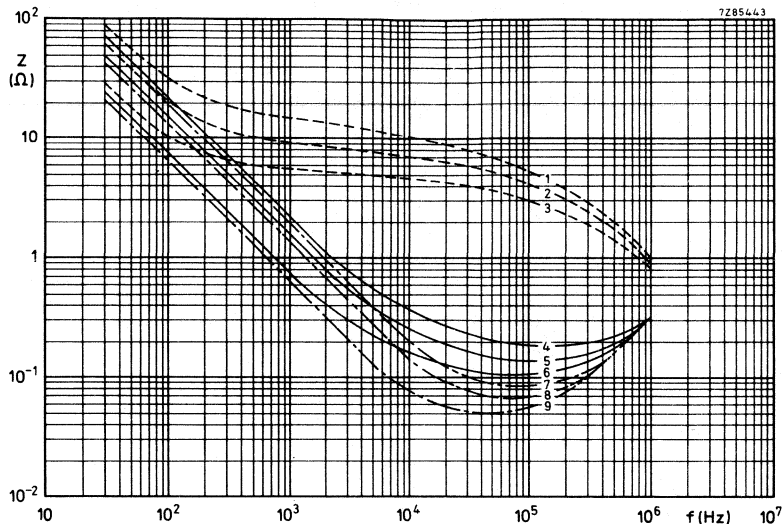


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at different temperatures. Case size 05.

Curve 1 = 68 μ F, 350/385 V; -40 °C;
 curve 2 = 100 μ F, 250 V; -40 °C;
 curve 3 = 220 μ F, 160 V; -40 °C;
 curve 4 = 68 μ F, 350/385 V; + 20 °C;
 curve 5 = 100 μ F, 250 V; + 20 °C;

curve 6 = 220 μ F, 160 V; + 20 °C;
 curve 7 = 68 μ F, 350/385 V; + 85 °C;
 curve 8 = 100 μ F, 250 V; + 85 °C;
 curve 9 = 220 μ F, 160 V; + 85 °C.

Inductance (ESL)

| | | |
|--------------------------|-------|------------------|
| Case size 4 | 30 nH | } typical values |
| Case size 5 | 50 nH | |
| Case sizes 6 and 7 | 65 nH | |
| Case sizes 00 and 01 | 50 nH | |
| Case size 02 | 55 nH | |
| Case sizes 03, 04 and 05 | 60 nH | |

OPERATIONAL DATA

| | | | |
|--|---|--------------|-----------------|
| Category temperature range | -40 to + 85 °C | | |
| Typical life time | $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ | | |
| | case sizes 4 to 7 | 5000 hours | > 100 000 hours |
| | case sizes 00 to 05 | 10 000 hours | > 200 000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 500 hours | | |

PACKING

All capacitors are supplied in boxes; case sizes 4 to 7 of style 1 are on bandoliers in boxes or on reels. The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 7.

2222 041
 2222 042
 2222 043

Table 7 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | style 1 per reel | style 1 per box | styles 2 and 3 per box |
| 4 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 5 | 500 | 500 | 1000 |
| 6 | 500 | 500 | 1000 |
| 7 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| 00 | | 200 | 200 |
| 01 | | 200 | 200 |
| 02 | | 200 | 200 |
| 03 | | 200 | 200 |
| 04 | | 100 | 100 |
| 05 | | 100 | 100 |

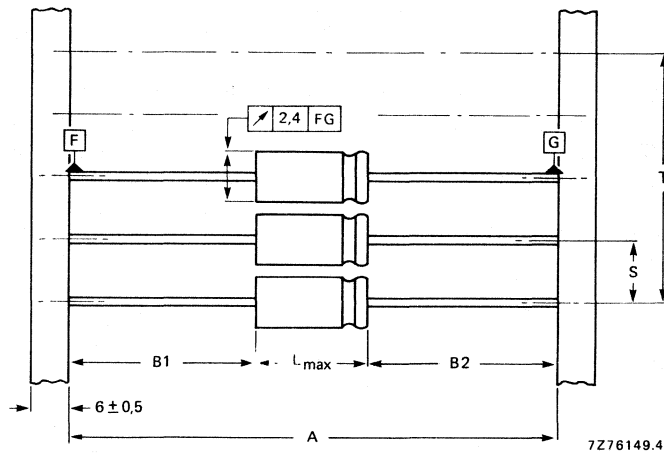


Fig. 21 Style 1 capacitors (case sizes 4 to 7) on bandoliers: the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 8 for dimensions A, S, T and L. $|B1 - B2| = \max. 1,4 \text{ mm}$.

Table 8 Dimensions of bandoliers

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{\max} |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| | | | $n < 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| 4 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 5 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 6 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 7 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 25,0 |

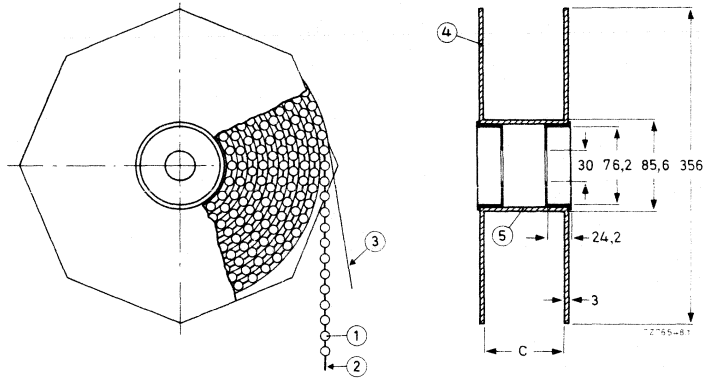


Fig. 22 Style 1 capacitors (case sizes 4 to 7) on bandoliers on reel; dimension C is 88,5 mm; the overall width of the reel is 99,5 mm.

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------------|
| 1 = capacitor | 3 = paper | 5 = cylinder |
| 2 = bandolier | 4 = flange | |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

After *shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for DC leakage current: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note: Capacitors 2222 041 are miniature types, long-life grade.
Capacitors 2222 042 and 2222 043 are small types, long-life grade.

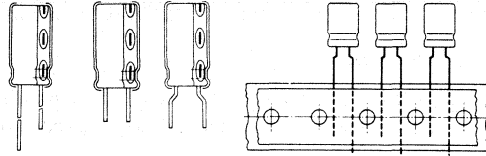
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 044

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Single ended
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series)

1 to 68 μF

Tolerance on nominal capacitance

$\pm 20\%$

Rated voltage range, U_R

160 to 385 V

Category temperature range

-25 to $+85$ $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

2000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

500 hours

Basic specifications

IEC 384-4, L.L. Grade

DIN 41240

Climatic category:

IEC 68

25/085/56

DIN 40040

HPF

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 160 | 200 | 250 | 350 | 385 |
| 1.0 | | | 13 | | 13 |
| 1.5 | | | 13 | | 14 |
| 2.2 | | | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 3.3 | | | 14 | | 15 |
| 4.7 | | 14 | 15 | 16 | 16 |
| 6.8 | | 15 | 16 | 17 | 17 |
| 10 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 18 |
| 15 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 22 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 33 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 20 | |
| 47 | 19 | 19 | 20 | | |
| 68 | 20 | 20 | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions mm |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| 13 | ϕ 8 x 12 |
| 14 | ϕ 10 x 12 |
| 15 | ϕ 10 x 16 |
| 16 | ϕ 10 x 20 |
| 17 | ϕ 12.5 x 20 |
| 18 | ϕ 12.5 x 25 |
| 19 | ϕ 16 x 25 |
| 20 | ϕ 16 x 31 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have a very high CU-product per volume, and are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications such as audio and television circuits. They are also used in industrial applications in circuits where high voltages are required.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor is manufactured from etched, oxidised foil electrodes, which are rolled up using a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is then fitted into an aluminium case covered with a blue plastic sleeve.

The capacitor is available in 3 styles:

Style 1: long leads, in boxes

Style 2: straight short leads (non preferred), in boxes

Style 3: short bent leads, in boxes; case size 13 only

MECHANICAL DATA

All dimensions in mm.

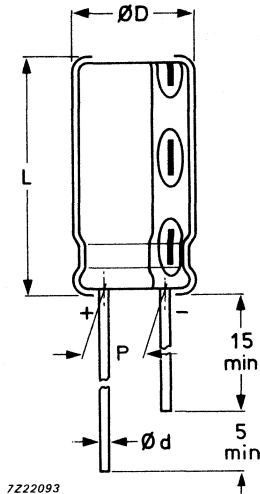


Fig. 1 Style 1.
See Table 3 for dimensions.

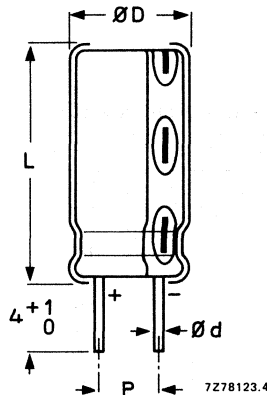


Fig. 2 Style 2.
Non preferred.
See table 3 for dimensions.

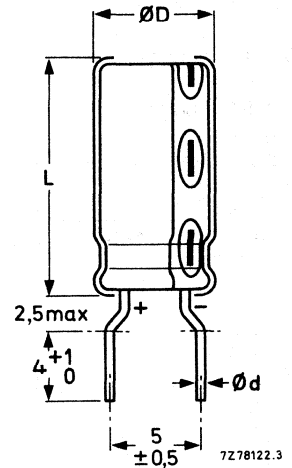
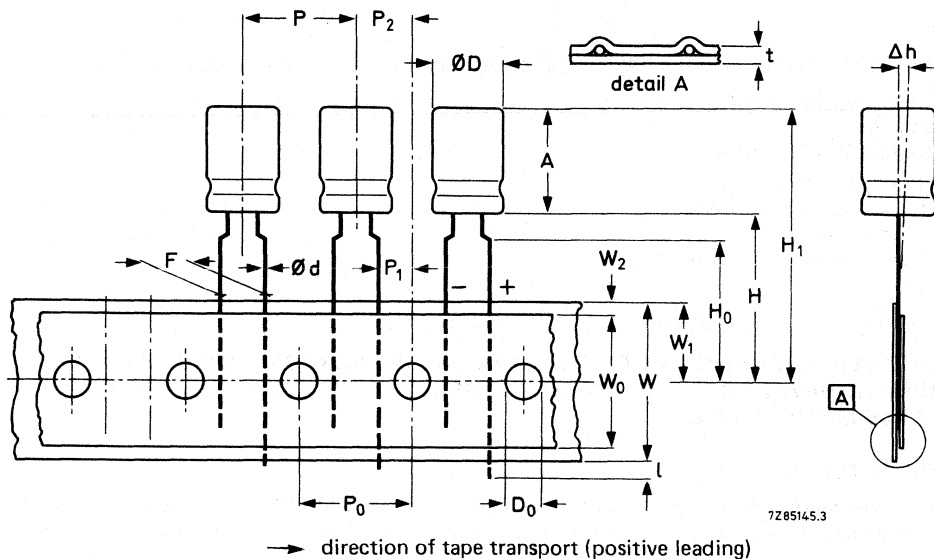


Fig. 3 Style 3,
non-preferred, case
size 13 only; see
Table 3 for dimensions.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | nominal dimensions | ϕ d | ϕ D _{max.} | L _{max.} | P \pm 0.5 | approx. mass grams |
| 13 | ϕ 8 x 12 | 0.6 | 8.5 | 13.0 | 3.5 | 1.1 |
| 14 | ϕ 10 x 12 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 13.0 | 5.0 | 1.6 |
| 15 | ϕ 10 x 16 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 17.0 | 5.0 | 1.9 |
| 16 | ϕ 10 x 20 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 21.0 | 5.0 | 2.2 |
| 17 | ϕ 12.5 x 20 | 0.6 | 13.0 | 21.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 |
| 18 | ϕ 12.5 x 25 | 0.6 | 13.0 | 26.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| 19 | ϕ 16 x 25 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 26.0 | 7.5 | 8.0 |
| 20 | ϕ 16 x 31 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 32.0 | 7.5 | 9.0 |



7Z85145.3

Fig. 4 Styles 4, 5 and 6, case size 13; see Table 4 for dimensions. For style 6, the tape transport is in the opposite direction (negative leading).

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------|----------------|
| body diameter | ϕD | 8.5 | maximum |
| body height | A | 13.0 | maximum |
| lead wire diameter | ϕd | 0.6 | ± 0.05 |
| pitch of component | P | 12.7 | ± 1.0 |
| feed hole pitch | P_0 | 12.7 | $\pm 0.2^{**}$ |
| hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3.85 | ± 0.7 |
| feed hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6.35 | ± 1.0 |
| lead to lead distance | F | 5.0* | $+ 0.8/-0$ |
| component alignment | Δh | 0 | ± 1.0 |
| tape width | W | 18.0 | ± 0.5 |
| hold down tape width | W_0 | 12.5 | minimum*** |
| hole position | W_1 | 9.0 | $+ 0.75/-0.5$ |
| hold down tape position | W_2 | 2.5 | maximum |
| height of component from tape centre | H | 18.0 | $+ 1.5/-0$ |
| lead wire clinch height | H_0 | 16.0 | ± 0.75 |
| component height | H_1 | 32.0 | maximum |
| lead wire protrusion | l | 2.0 | maximum |
| feed hole diameter | D_0 | 4.0 | ± 0.3 |
| total tape thickness | t | 0.9 | maximum |

* F = 3.5 mm available on request.

** Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches

*** Other widths under consideration.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- rated voltage
- negative terminal identification
- group number (044)
- code indicating factory of origin
- name of manufacturer
- date code, in accordance with IEC 62.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 are applicable at ambient temperatures of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.




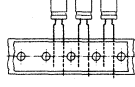
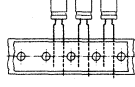
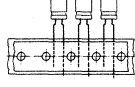
Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R | nominal rated cap. | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C | max. leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. ESR | max. tan δ | max. impedance (Ω) at 10 kHz | | |
|----------------|--------------------|---|---|----------|------------|------------------------------|--------|------|
| | | | | | | + 20 °C | -25 °C | |
| V | μF | mA | μA | Ω | | | | |
| 160 | 10 | 75 | 58 | 24 | 0.12 | 12.0 | 180 | |
| | 15 | 115 | 82 | 16 | 0.12 | 8.0 | 120 | |
| | 22 | 140 | 116 | 11 | 0.12 | 5.5 | 82 | |
| | 33 | 180 | 168 | 7.2 | 0.12 | 3.6 | 55 | |
| | 47 | 220 | 236 | 5.1 | 0.12 | 2.6 | 38 | |
| | 68 | 300 | 336 | 3.5 | 0.12 | 1.8 | 26 | |
| | 200 | 4.7 | 45 | 38 | 51 | 0.12 | 26.0 | 380 |
| 6.8 | | 60 | 51 | 35 | 0.12 | 18.0 | 260 | |
| 10 | | 85 | 70 | 24 | 0.12 | 12.0 | 180 | |
| 15 | | 115 | 100 | 16 | 0.12 | 8.0 | 120 | |
| 22 | | 140 | 142 | 11 | 0.12 | 5.5 | 82 | |
| 33 | | 180 | 208 | 7.2 | 0.12 | 3.6 | 55 | |
| 47 | | 220 | 292 | 5.1 | 0.12 | 2.6 | 38 | |
| 68 | | 300 | 418 | 3.5 | 0.12 | 1.8 | 26 | |
| 250 | | 1.0 | 20 | 18 | 200 | 0.10 | 120 | 1800 |
| | 1.5 | 20 | 21 | 130 | 0.10 | 80 | 1200 | |
| | 2.2 | 25 | 27 | 90 | 0.10 | 55 | 820 | |
| | 3.3 | 40 | 35 | 60 | 0.10 | 36 | 550 | |
| | 4.7 | 50 | 45 | 42 | 0.10 | 26 | 380 | |
| | 6.8 | 65 | 61 | 29 | 0.10 | 18 | 260 | |
| | 10 | 95 | 85 | 20 | 0.10 | 12.0 | 180 | |
| | 15 | 115 | 123 | 13 | 0.10 | 8.0 | 120 | |
| | 22 | 160 | 175 | 9.0 | 0.10 | 5.5 | 82 | |
| | 33 | 190 | 258 | 6.0 | 0.10 | 3.6 | 55 | |
| | 47 | 240 | 363 | 4.2 | 0.10 | 2.6 | 38 | |
| | 350 | 2.2 | 30 | 33 | 90 | 0.10 | 39.0 | 550 |
| | | 4.7 | 60 | 59 | 42 | 0.10 | 18.0 | 260 |
| 6.8 | | 70 | 81 | 29 | 0.10 | 13.0 | 180 | |
| 10 | | 85 | 115 | 20 | 0.10 | 8.5 | 120 | |
| 15 | | 120 | 168 | 13.0 | 0.10 | 5.7 | 80 | |
| 22 | | 160 | 241 | 9.0 | 0.10 | 3.9 | 55 | |
| 33 | | 210 | 357 | 6.0 | 0.10 | 2.6 | 36 | |
| 385 | | 1.0 | 20 | 22 | 200 | 0.10 | 85.0 | 1200 |
| | 1.5 | 25 | 27 | 130 | 0.10 | 57.0 | 800 | |
| | 2.2 | 35 | 35 | 90 | 0.10 | 39.0 | 550 | |
| | 3.3 | 45 | 48 | 60 | 0.10 | 26.0 | 360 | |
| | 4.7 | 60 | 64 | 42 | 0.10 | 18.0 | 260 | |
| | 6.8 | 70 | 89 | 29 | 0.10 | 13.0 | 180 | |
| | 10 | 90 | 126 | 20 | 0.10 | 8.5 | 120 | |
| | 15 | 125 | 183 | 13.0 | 0.10 | 5.7 | 80 | |
| | 22 | 165 | 264 | 9.0 | 0.10 | 3.9 | 55 | |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Additional information appears on following page.

Table 5 (continued)

| U _R | nominal rated cap. | case size | catalogue number 2222 044 followed by | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V | μF | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel* style 4 | ammopack style 5 | on reel** style 6 |
| 160 | 10 | 15 | 51109 | 61109 | | | | |
| | 15 | 17 | 51159 | 61159 | | | | |
| | 22 | 17 | 51229 | 61229 | | | | |
| | 33 | 18 | 51339 | 61339 | | | | |
| | 47 | 19 | 51479 | 61479 | | | | |
| | 68 | 20 | 51689 | 61689 | | | | |
| 200 | 4.7 | 14 | 52478 | 62478 | | | | |
| | 6.8 | 15 | 52688 | 62688 | | | | |
| | 10 | 16 | 52109 | 62109 | | | | |
| | 15 | 17 | 52159 | 62159 | | | | |
| | 22 | 17 | 52229 | 62229 | | | | |
| | 33 | 18 | 52339 | 62339 | | | | |
| | 47 | 19 | 52479 | 62479 | | | | |
| | 68 | 20 | 52689 | 62689 | | | | |
| 250 | 1.0 | 13 | 53108 | 83108 | 63108 | 23108 | 33108 | 43108 |
| | 1.5 | 13 | 53158 | 83158 | 63158 | 23158 | 33158 | 43158 |
| | 2.2 | 13 | 53228 | 83228 | 63228 | 23228 | 33228 | 43228 |
| | 3.3 | 14 | 53338 | 83338 | | | | |
| | 4.7 | 15 | 53478 | 83478 | | | | |
| | 6.8 | 16 | 53688 | 83688 | | | | |
| | 10 | 17 | 53109 | 83109 | | | | |
| | 15 | 17 | 53159 | 83159 | | | | |
| | 22 | 18 | 53229 | 83229 | | | | |
| | 33 | 19 | 53339 | 83339 | | | | |
| | 47 | 20 | 53479 | 83479 | | | | |
| 350 | 2.2 | 14 | 55228 | 65228 | | | | |
| | 4.7 | 16 | 55478 | 65478 | | | | |
| | 6.8 | 17 | 55688 | 65688 | | | | |
| | 10 | 17 | 55109 | 65109 | | | | |
| | 15 | 18 | 55159 | 65159 | | | | |
| | 22 | 19 | 55229 | 65229 | | | | |
| | 33 | 20 | 55339 | 65339 | | | | |
| 385 | 1.0 | 13 | 58108 | 88108 | 68108 | 28108 | 38108 | 48108 |
| | 1.5 | 14 | 58158 | 88158 | | | | |
| | 2.2 | 15 | 58228 | 88228 | | | | |
| | 3.3 | 15 | 58338 | 88338 | | | | |
| | 4.7 | 16 | 58478 | 88478 | | | | |
| | 6.8 | 17 | 58688 | 88688 | | | | |
| | 10 | 18 | 58109 | 88109 | | | | |
| | 15 | 19 | 58159 | 88159 | | | | |
| | 22 | 20 | 58229 | 88229 | | | | |

* Positive leading.
 ** Negative leading.

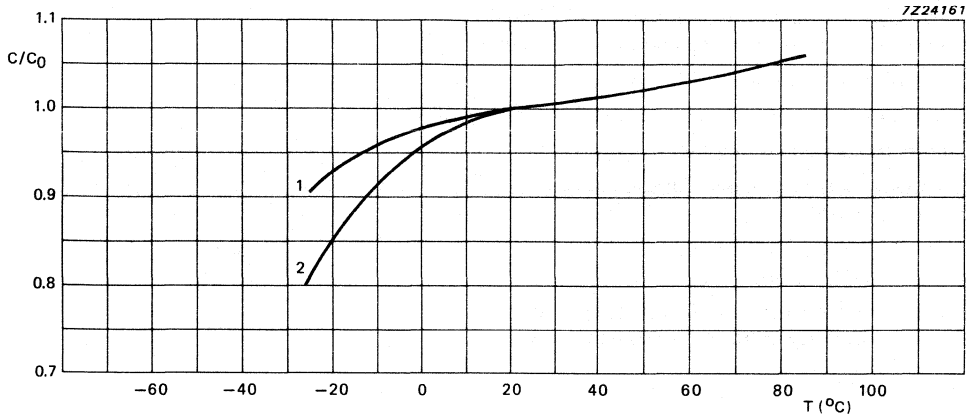
Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

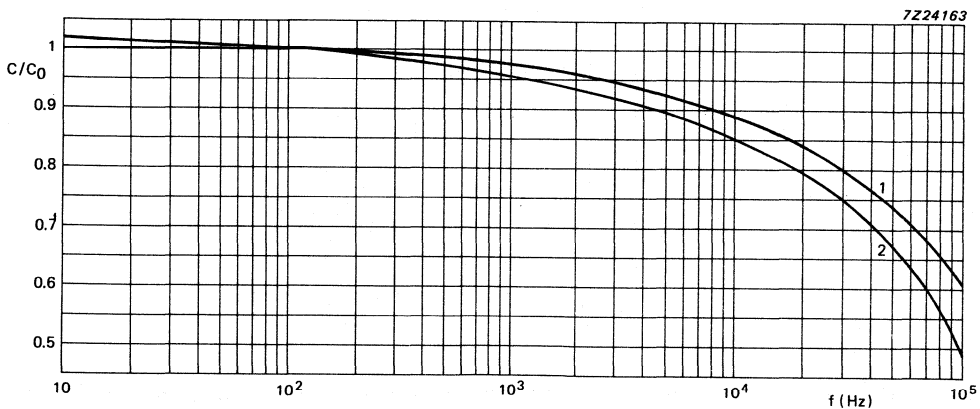


Curve 1: U_R (V) = 160 V
200 V
250 V

Curve 2: U_R (V) = 350 V
385 V

Fig. 5 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

DEVELOPMENT DATA



Curve 1: U_R (V) = 160 V
200 V
250 V

Curve 2: U_R (V) = 350 V
385 V

Fig. 6 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage
 at < 40 °C
 at 40 to 85 °C

$1.1 \times U_R$
 U_R

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage
 providing the following three conditions are met:

1. maximum (DC and peak AC) voltage
2. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
3. momentary value of applied voltage

U_R
 1 V
 between U_R and -1 V

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage
 for short periods

for $U_R = 160$ V, 200 V or 250 V
 for $U_R = 350$ V or 385 V

$1.15 \times U_R$
 $1.1 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in
 the reverse polarity at 85 °C for short periods

1 V

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz
 and $T_{amb} = 85$ °C

see Table 5

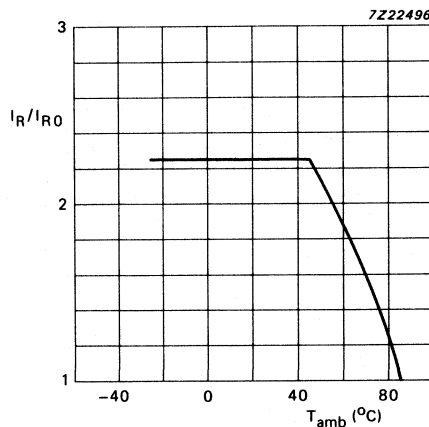


Fig. 7 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

- * Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case, the ripple current is decisive.
- ** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case, the ripple voltage is decisive.

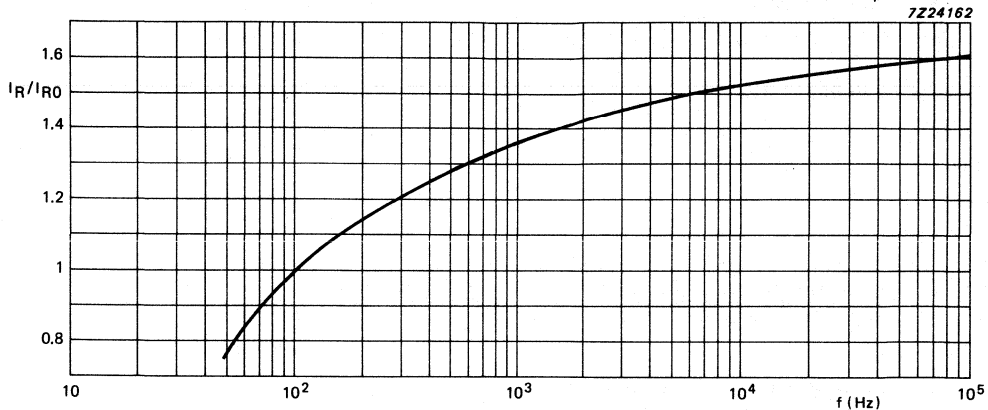


Fig. 8 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source having no internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged repeatedly several times per minute the charge and discharge currents must be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS values of these currents should be determined and the value found must not exceed the applicable limit.

Leakage current

Maximum leakage current 1 minute after application

of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

see Table 5 (0.03 CU + 10 μ A)

Maximum leakage current 5 minutes after application

of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

0.006 CU + 4 μ A

If, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ °C}$) the leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for a number of hours will cause the leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ measured

using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

Equivalent series resistance

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ see Table 5

Equivalent series inductance

Case size 13 typ. 13 nH
 Case sizes 14, 15 and 16 typ. 16 nH
 Case sizes 17, 18, 19 and 20 typ. 18 nH

Impedance

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 10 kHz, measuring using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit see Table 5

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$ see Table 6

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 100 Hz measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit $\frac{Z \text{ at } -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}{Z \text{ at } +20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}} = \text{max. } 3$

Table 6 Impedance x capacitance values

| f kHz | T_{amb} $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $z = Z \times C_{nom} (\Omega\mu\text{F}) \text{ at } U_R$ | | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 160 V | 200 V | 250 V | 350 V | 385 V |
| 10 | +20 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 85 | 85 |
| 10 | -25 | 1800 | 1800 | 1800 | 1200 | 1200 |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range -25 to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Typical life time:

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 70 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 3 000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 500 hours

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1, 2 and 3 are supplied in boxes.
 Capacitors of styles 4 and 6 are supplied on tape on reel.
 Capacitors of style 5 are supplied in ammunition packing.
 The packing quantities per type and style are shown in Table 7.

Table 7 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | styles 4 and 6 per reel (min.) | style 5 per ammunition pack |
| 13 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 1000 |
| 14 | 1000 | 1000 | | | |
| 15 | 500 | 500 | | | |
| 16 | 500 | 500 | | | |
| 17 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 18 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 19 | 200 | 200 | | | |
| 20 | 200 | 200 | | | |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

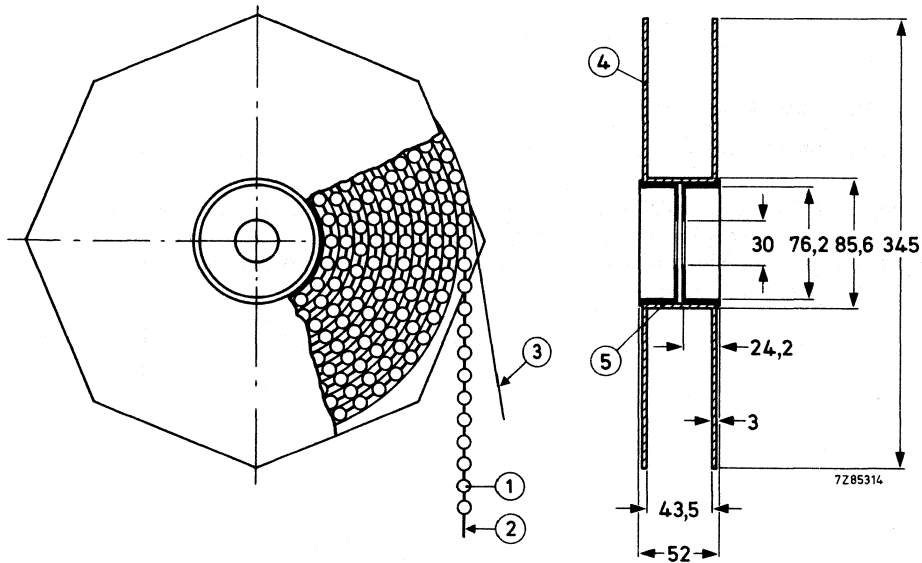


Fig. 9 Capacitors (styles 4 and 6) on tape on reel.

- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = tape
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

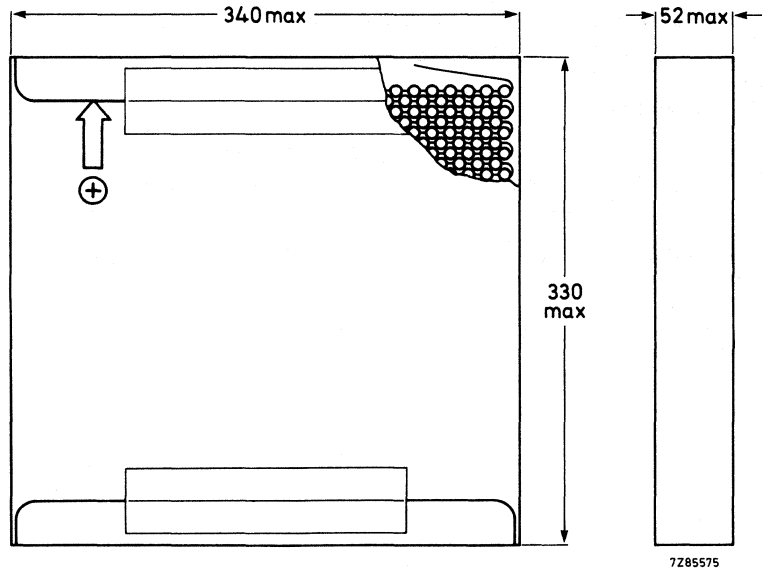


Fig. 10 Capacitors (style 5) on tape in ammunition pack.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

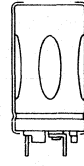
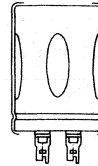
See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

Following the shelf life test (500 hours at 85 °C), the capacitors meet the same requirements as after the endurance test, except for leakage current: < 200% of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for a minimum of 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements are taken.

Note: Capacitors type 2222 044 are miniature and small types, long life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Large type with solder tags or printed-wiring pins
- Long life
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 47 to 68 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +30% |
| Rated voltage, U_R | 10 to 385 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, at U_R | 5000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade; DIN 41240 |
| Dimensional specification | DIN 41238 |
| Climatic category, IEC 68 DIN 40040 | 40/085/56 GPF (56 days) |
| Approvals | CECC 30 301-033 Liste LNZ 4404 |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 250 | 385 |
| 47 | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 68 | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 100 | | | | | | | 1 | 3 |
| 150 | | | | | | | 2 | 4 |
| 220 | | | | | | | 3 | 5/6 |
| 330 | | | | | | | 4 | 7 |
| 470 | | | | | | 1 | 5/6 | 8 |
| 680 | | | | | | 2 | 7 | |
| 1 000 | | | | | 1 | 3 | 8 | |
| 1 500 | | | | 1 | 2 | 4 | | |
| 2 200 | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5/6 | | |
| 3 300 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | | |
| 4 700 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5/6 | 8 | | |
| 6 800 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5/6 | 7 | 9 | | |
| 10 000 | 3 | 4 | 5/6 | 7 | 8 | | | |
| 15 000 | 4 | 5/6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | | |
| 22 000 | 5/6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | | | |
| 33 000 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | | | | |
| 47 000 | 8 | 9 | | | | | | |
| 68 000 | 9 | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | versions with solder tags | versions with printed-wiring pins |
| 1 | $\phi 25 \times 35$ | $\phi 25 \times 35$ |
| 2 | $\phi 25 \times 45$ | $\phi 25 \times 45$ |
| 3 | $\phi 30 \times 45$ | $\phi 30 \times 45$ |
| 4 | $\phi 35 \times 45$ | $\phi 35 \times 45$ |
| 5 | $\phi 35 \times 55$ | $\phi 35 \times 55$ |
| 6 | | $\phi 40 \times 45$ |
| 7 | $\phi 40 \times 55$ | $\phi 40 \times 55$ |
| 8 | $\phi 40 \times 75$ | $\phi 40 \times 75$ |
| 9 | $\phi 40 \times 105$ | $\phi 40 \times 105$ |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have low ESR and ESL values and a high resistance to shock and vibration which make them suitable for application such as:

- switched-mode power supplies;
- power supplies in digital equipment;
- energy storage in pulse systems;
- filters in measuring and control apparatus.

DESCRIPTION

The resistance to shock and vibration is achieved by a special internal construction. The capacitors are completely cold welded and charge/discharge proof. The aluminium case is fully insulated. The solder tag and printed-wiring versions have a safety vent in the case bottom. The bolt versions have a safety vent in the discs.

MECHANICAL DATA

Capacitors with solder tags

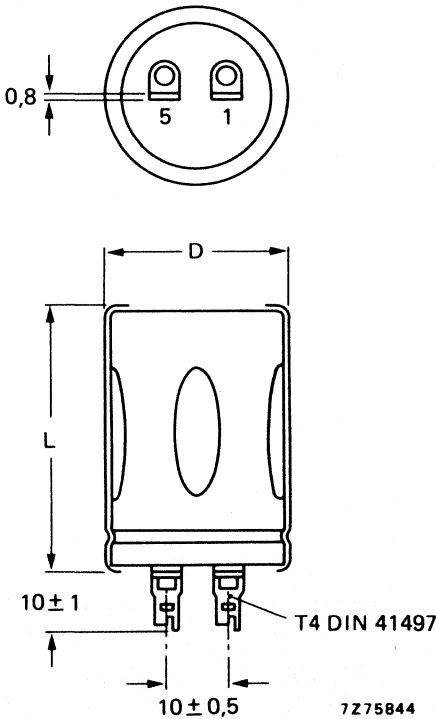


Fig. 1 Solder tag version.
See Table 3 for dimensions D and L.

1 = positive terminal;
5 = negative terminal.

Dimensions in mm

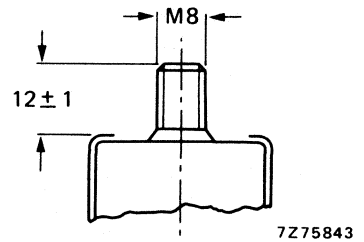


Fig. 2 Bolt version.

Table 3 Dimensions of solder tag version

| case size | D | L | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----|-----|--------------------|
| 1 | 25 | 35 | 25 |
| 2 | 25 | 45 | 30 |
| 3 | 30 | 45 | 40 |
| 4 | 35 | 45 | 55 |
| 5 | 35 | 55 | 65 |
| 7 | 40 | 55 | 85 |
| 8 | 40 | 75 | 115 |
| 9 | 40 | 105 | 160 |

Capacitors with printed-wiring pins

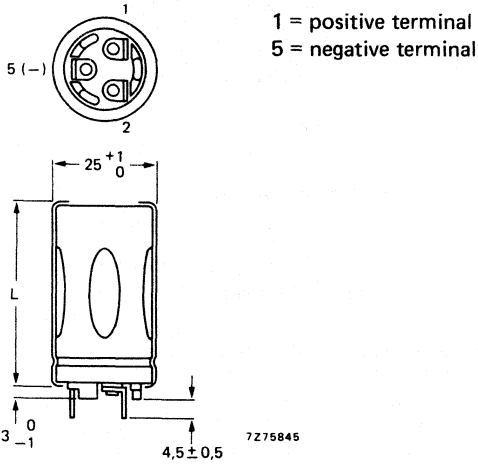


Fig. 3 Printed wiring pin version.
See Table 4 for dimension L.

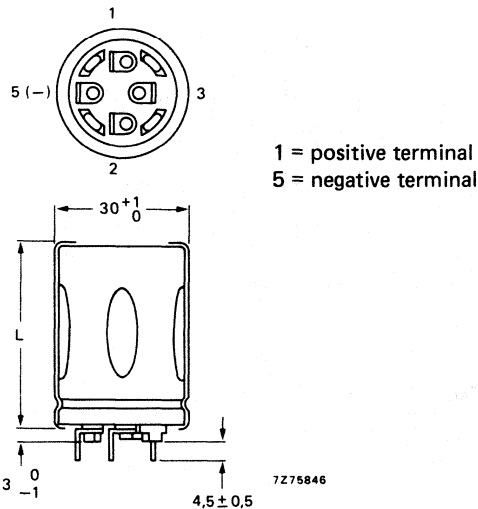


Fig. 5 Printed wiring version.
See Table 5 for dimension L.

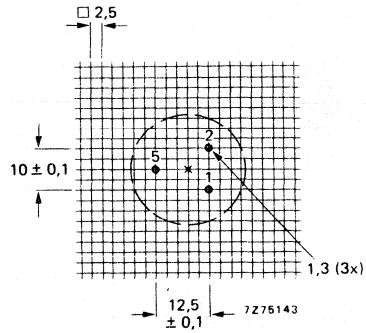


Fig. 4 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 4 Dimension of case sizes 1 and 2

| case size (φ25 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| 1 | 35 | 25 |
| 2 | 45 | |
| | + 1,3 | 30 |

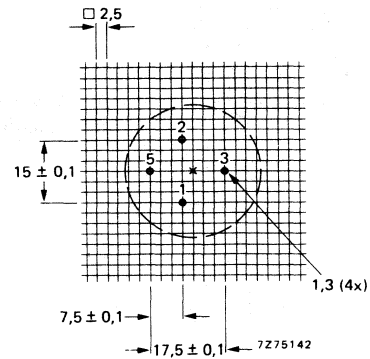


Fig. 6 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 5 Dimension of case size 3

| case size (φ30 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| 3 | 45 | 40 |
| | + 1,3 | |

2222 050
2222 052

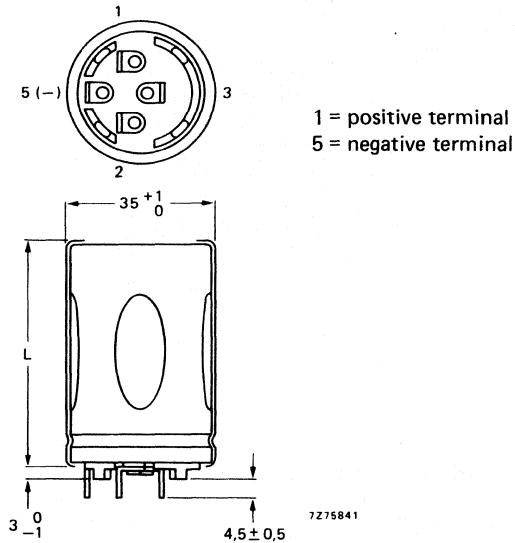


Fig. 7 Printed wiring version.
See Table 6 for dimension L.

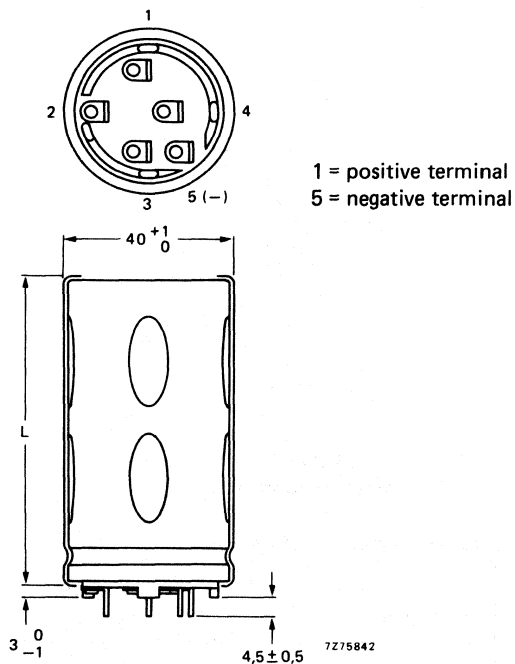


Fig. 9 Printed wiring version.
See Table 7 for dimension L.

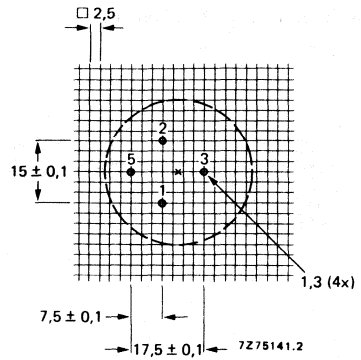


Fig. 8 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 6 Dimension of case sizes 4 and 5

| case size (φ35 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| 4 | 45 | 55 |
| 5 | 55 | |
| | + 1,3 | 65 |

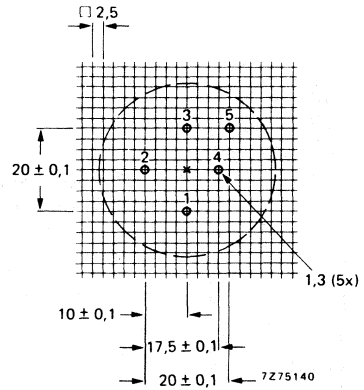


Table 7 Dimension of case sizes 6, 7, 8 and 9

| case size (φ40 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| 6 | 45 | 70 |
| 7 | 55 | |
| 8 | 75 | 115 |
| 9 | 105 | |
| | + 1,3 | 160 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, tolerance on capacitance, rated voltage temperature range, IEC grade, catalogue number, date code (year, week) in accordance with IEC62, name of manufacturer, indication of production centre, polarity of the terminals and CECC specification BS. CECC 30 301-033.

The terminals are marked as shown in the dimensional figures.

Mounting

The capacitors may be mounted in any position with or without a mounting clamp. When a number of capacitors are connected in a bank, they must not be closer together than 15 mm, when no derating of ripple current and/or temperature is applied.

Pin numbers 2, 3 and 4 (if present) should be at the same potential as the case. If the case has to be at a specified potential, it should be connected to the negative terminal only. ←

Minimum atmospheric pressure 8,8 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 8 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 8 Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current (A) at | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute (mA) | typ. tan δ | max. ESR mΩ | max. impedance at 10 kHz mΩ | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | | 100 Hz, 85 °C | 20 kHz, 70 °C | | | | | | |
| 10 | 4 700 | 2,4 | 4,6 | 0,28 | 0,19 | 74 | 50 | 1 | 050 .4472 .4682 .4103 .4153 .4223 .4223 .4333 .4473 .4683 |
| | 6 800 | 3,2 | 6,1 | 0,41 | 0,18 | 51 | 37 | 2 | |
| | 10 000 | 3,8 | 7,2 | 0,60 | 0,24 | 39 | 29 | 3 | |
| | 15 000 | 4,1 | 7,8 | 0,90 | 0,33 | 35 | 26 | 4 | |
| | 22 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 1,32 | 0,37 | 27 | 21 | 5 | |
| | 22 000 | 4,2 | 8,0 | 1,32 | 0,48 | 36 | 27 | 6 | |
| | 33 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 1,98 | 0,58 | 29 | 22 | 7 | |
| | 47 000 | 6,8 | 12,9 | 2,82 | 0,58 | 20 | 17 | 8 | |
| | 68 000 | 9,2 | 17,5 | 4,08 | 0,62 | 15 | 14 | 9 | |
| 16 | 3 300 | 2,4 | 4,6 | 0,32 | 0,13 | 75 | 50 | 1 | .5332 .5472 .5682 .5103 .5153 .5153 .5223 .5333 .5473 |
| | 4 700 | 3,1 | 5,9 | 0,45 | 0,14 | 52 | 37 | 2 | |
| | 6 800 | 3,7 | 7,0 | 0,65 | 0,17 | 40 | 30 | 3 | |
| | 10 000 | 4,1 | 7,8 | 0,96 | 0,22 | 36 | 27 | 4 | |
| | 15 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 1,44 | 0,25 | 28 | 21 | 5 | |
| | 15 000 | 4,2 | 8,0 | 1,44 | 0,33 | 36 | 27 | 6 | |
| | 22 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 2,12 | 0,38 | 29 | 22 | 7 | |
| | 33 000 | 6,7 | 12,7 | 3,17 | 0,41 | 20 | 17 | 8 | |
| | 47 000 | 9,1 | 17,3 | 4,51 | 0,42 | 15 | 14 | 9 | |
| 25 | 2 200 | 2,3 | 4,4 | 0,33 | 0,10 | 78 | 52 | 1 | .6222 .6332 .6472 .6682 .6103 .6103 .6153 .6223 .6333 |
| | 3 300 | 3,1 | 5,9 | 0,49 | 0,11 | 53 | 38 | 2 | |
| | 4 700 | 3,7 | 7,0 | 0,70 | 0,12 | 42 | 31 | 3 | |
| | 6 800 | 4,1 | 7,8 | 1,02 | 0,15 | 37 | 28 | 4 | |
| | 10 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 1,50 | 0,17 | 28 | 21 | 5 | |
| | 10 000 | 4,2 | 8,0 | 1,50 | 0,22 | 36 | 27 | 6 | |
| | 15 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 2,25 | 0,26 | 29 | 22 | 7 | |
| | 22 000 | 6,8 | 12,9 | 3,30 | 0,27 | 20 | 17 | 8 | |
| | 33 000 | 9,2 | 17,5 | 4,95 | 0,30 | 15 | 14 | 9 | |
| 40 | 1 500 | 2,0 | 3,8 | 0,36 | 0,085 | 112 | 68 | 1 | .7152 .7222 .7332 .7472 .7682 .7682 .7103 .7153 .7223 |
| | 2 200 | 2,7 | 5,1 | 0,53 | 0,087 | 76 | 51 | 2 | |
| | 3 300 | 3,3 | 6,3 | 0,79 | 0,10 | 57 | 41 | 3 | |
| | 4 700 | 3,8 | 7,2 | 1,13 | 0,12 | 48 | 35 | 4 | |
| | 6 800 | 4,7 | 8,9 | 1,64 | 0,13 | 36 | 27 | 5 | |
| | 6 800 | 4,1 | 7,8 | 1,64 | 0,17 | 45 | 33 | 6 | |
| | 10 000 | 4,9 | 9,3 | 2,40 | 0,19 | 35 | 27 | 7 | |
| | 15 000 | 6,6 | 12,5 | 3,60 | 0,21 | 25 | 20 | 8 | |
| | 22 000 | 9,0 | 17,1 | 5,28 | 0,22 | 18 | 16 | 9 | |

Table 8 (continued)

| U _R | nom cap. | max. RMS ripple current (A) at | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute (mA) | typ. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|----------------|----------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| V | μF | 100 Hz, 85 °C | 20 kHz, 70 °C | | | mΩ | mΩ | | |
| 63 | 1 000 | 1,8 | 3,4 | 0,38 | 0,064 | 122 | 74 | 1 | 050 . 8102 |
| | 1 500 | 2,5 | 4,7 | 0,57 | 0,065 | 83 | 54 | 2 | . 8152 |
| | 2 200 | 3,1 | 5,9 | 0,83 | 0,076 | 57 | 41 | 3 | . 8222 |
| | 3 300 | 3,6 | 6,8 | 1,25 | 0,094 | 48 | 35 | 4 | . 8332 |
| | 4 700 | 4,4 | 8,3 | 1,78 | 0,10 | 36 | 27 | 5 | . 8472 |
| | 4 700 | 3,8 | 7,2 | 1,78 | 0,13 | 45 | 33 | 6 | . 8472 |
| | 6 800 | 4,7 | 8,9 | 2,57 | 0,14 | 35 | 27 | 7 | . 8682 |
| | 10 000 | 6,2 | 11,8 | 3,78 | 0,15 | 25 | 20 | 8 | . 8103 |
| | 15 000 | 8,5 | 16,1 | 5,67 | 0,16 | 18 | 16 | 9 | . 8153 |
| 100 | 470 | 1,2 | 2,3 | 0,28 | 0,086 | 429 | 300 | 1 | . 9471 |
| | 680 | 1,7 | 3,2 | 0,41 | 0,087 | 297 | 210 | 2 | . 9681 |
| | 1 000 | 2,2 | 4,2 | 0,60 | 0,092 | 208 | 150 | 3 | . 9102 |
| | 1 500 | 2,6 | 4,9 | 0,90 | 0,10 | 152 | 120 | 4 | . 9152 |
| | 2 200 | 3,2 | 6,1 | 1,32 | 0,11 | 109 | 90 | 5 | . 9222 |
| | 2 200 | 3,0 | 5,7 | 1,32 | 0,12 | 124 | 110 | 6 | . 9222 |
| | 3 300 | 3,6 | 6,8 | 1,98 | 0,14 | 91 | 75 | 7 | . 9332 |
| | 4 700 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 2,82 | 0,13 | 63 | 55 | 8 | . 9472 |
| | 6 800 | 6,9 | 13,1 | 4,08 | 0,14 | 44 | 40 | 9 | . 9682 |
| 250 | 100 | 0,6 | 1,15 | 0,15 | 0,085 | 1800 | 1300 | 1 | 052 . 3101 |
| | 150 | 0,8 | 1,5 | 0,23 | 0,08 | 1100 | 850 | 2 | . 3151 |
| | 220 | 1,0 | 1,9 | 0,33 | 0,08 | 750 | 550 | 3 | . 3221 |
| | 330 | 1,4 | 2,65 | 0,49 | 0,08 | 500 | 400 | 4 | . 3331 |
| | 470 | 1,8 | 3,4 | 0,70 | 0,08 | 360 | 290 | 5 | . 3471 |
| | 470 | 1,8 | 3,4 | 0,70 | 0,095 | 420 | 350 | 6 | . 3471 |
| | 680 | 2,3 | 4,4 | 1,02 | 0,08 | 250 | 190 | 7 | . 3681 |
| | 1 000 | 3,0 | 5,7 | 1,50 | 0,08 | 170 | 140 | 8 | . 3102 |
| 385 | 47 | 0,4 | 0,75 | 0,11 | 0,065 | 2800 | 2200 | 1 | . 8479 |
| | 68 | 0,6 | 1,15 | 0,16 | 0,055 | 1700 | 1350 | 2 | . 8689 |
| | 100 | 0,8 | 1,5 | 0,23 | 0,055 | 1100 | 850 | 3 | . 8101 |
| | 150 | 1,0 | 1,9 | 0,34 | 0,055 | 725 | 525 | 4 | . 8151 |
| | 220 | 1,3 | 2,45 | 0,50 | 0,055 | 500 | 350 | 5 | . 8221 |
| | 220 | 1,3 | 2,45 | 0,50 | 0,065 | 600 | 420 | 6 | . 8221 |
| | 330 | 1,7 | 3,2 | 0,75 | 0,055 | 340 | 230 | 7 | . 8331 |
| | 470 | 2,8 | 5,3 | 1,06 | 0,055 | 240 | 160 | 8 | . 8471 |

* To complete the catalogue number, replace dot (8th digit) by:

- 1 = solder tag version;
- 4 = printed-wiring version, case size 6 only;
- 5 = printed-wiring version, except case size 6;
- 6 = solder tag, bolt version.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 8

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

-10 to +30%

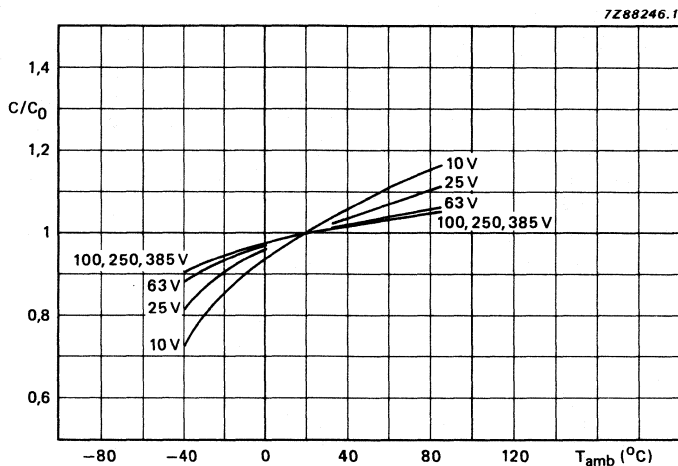


Fig. 11 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following conditions are met:

- (a) maximum positive voltage on anode (DC + peak AC)
- (b) maximum positive voltage on cathode (reverse voltage)

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage at the maximum category temperature for short periods

- 10 to 100 V versions
- 250 V version
- 385 V version

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods

| core temperature [▲] | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <60 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 60 to 95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $\leq 1,1 \times U_R$ | $\leq U_R$ |
| 2 V | |
| $1,25 \times U_R$ | $1,15 \times U_R$ |
| $1,15 \times U_R$ | $1,15 \times U_R$ |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | $1,1 \times U_R$ |
| 2 V | |

[▲] See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

Ripple current*

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current
 at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 at 20 kHz and $T_{amb} = 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 at 100 Hz and other temperatures
 at other frequencies and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 8
 see Table 8
 see Table 9
 see Table 10

Table 9 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. ambient temperature

| ambient temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | multiplier of max. ripple current |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| 85 | 1,00 |
| 80 | 1,22 |
| 75 | 1,41 |
| 70 | 1,58 |
| 65 | 1,73 |
| 60 | 1,87 |
| 55 | 2,00 |
| 50 | 2,12 |
| 45 | 2,24 |
| ≤ 40 | 2,35 |

Table 10 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. frequency

| frequency Hz | multiplier of max. ripple current, \sqrt{r} |
|-----------------|---|
| 50 | 0,83 |
| 100 | 1,00 |
| 200 | 1,10 |
| 400 | 1,15 |
| 1000 | 1,19 |
| ≥ 2000 | 1,20 |

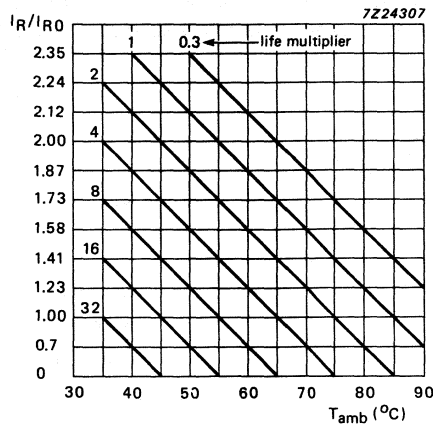


Fig. 12 Typical life as a function of ambient temperature and ripple current;
 I_{R0} = ripple current at $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

* Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded.
 In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{r_N}$ = multiplying factor at same frequency (Table 4).

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application
of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 8 (0,006 CU + 4 μA)

Maximum DC leakage current 15 minutes after application
of the rated voltage

at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$

0,125 x value stated in Table 8

at $T_{amb} = 85^\circ\text{C}$

0,625 x value stated in Table 8

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 8.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$,
measured by means of a four-terminal
circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 8

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case sizes 1 and 2

max. 25 nH

Case sizes 3, 4 and 5

max. 30 nH

Case sizes 6, 7 and 8

max. 35 nH

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 8

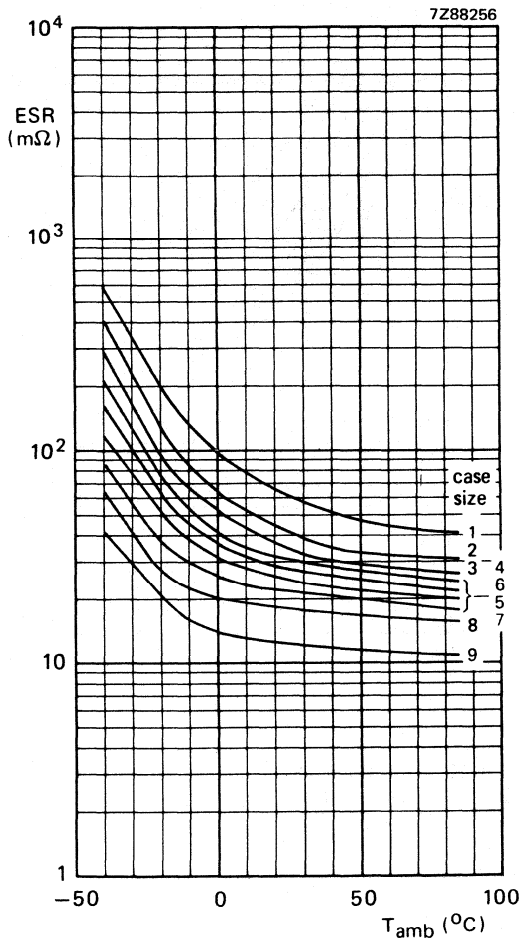


Fig. 13 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 10\text{ V}$.

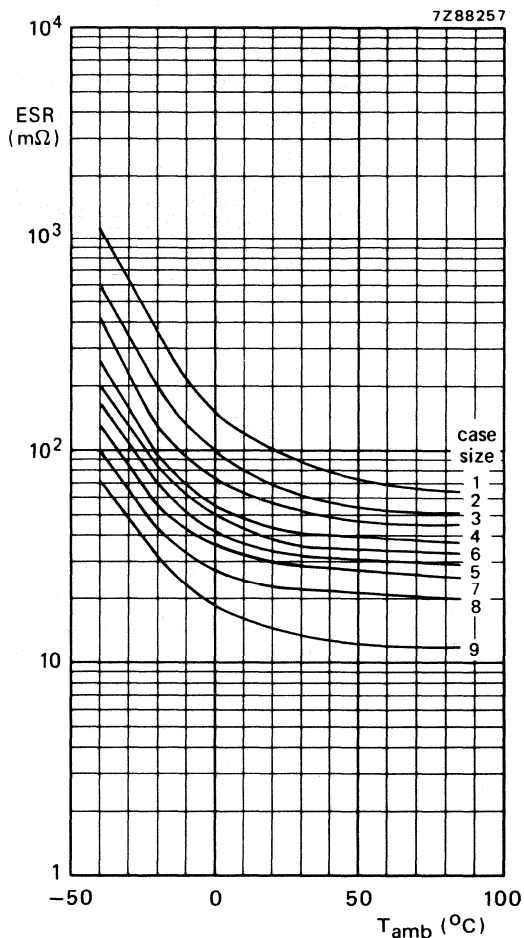


Fig. 14 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 63\text{ V}$.

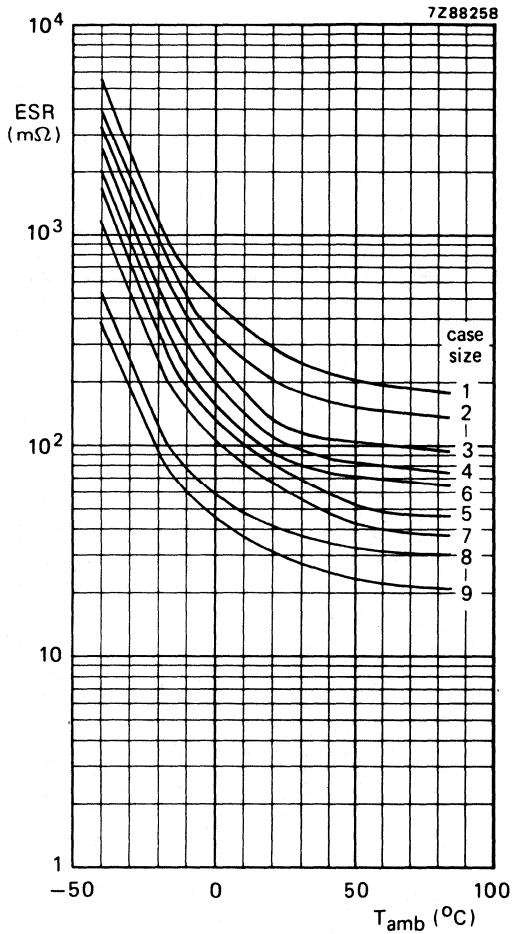


Fig. 15 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 100$ V.

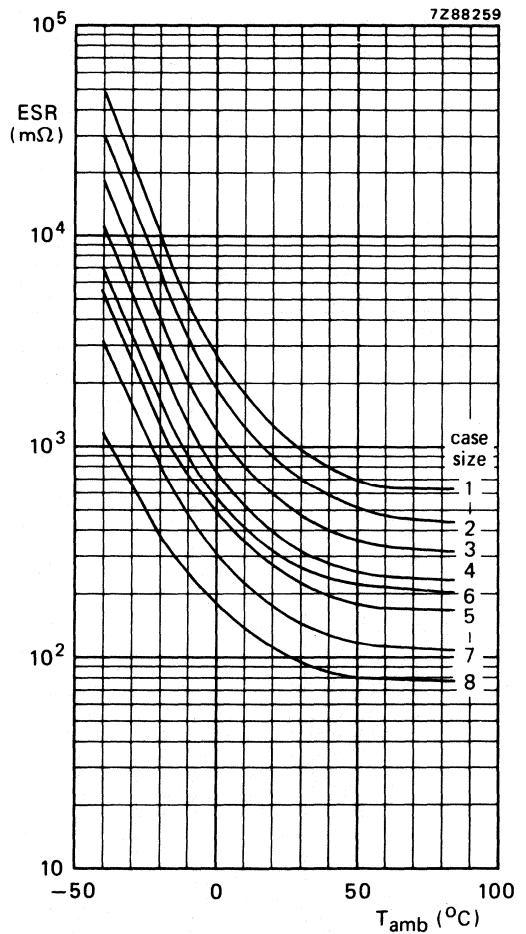


Fig. 16 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 250$ V.

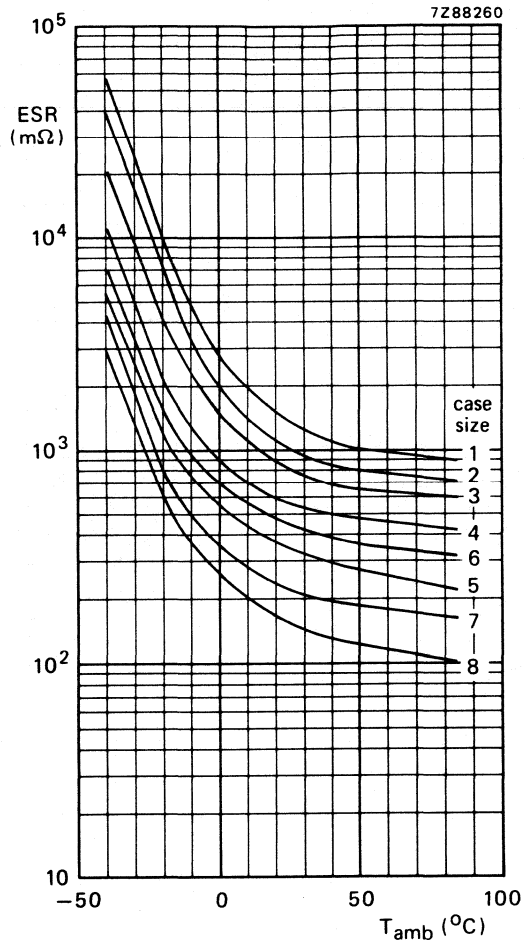


Fig. 17 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 385$ V.

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 10 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 2

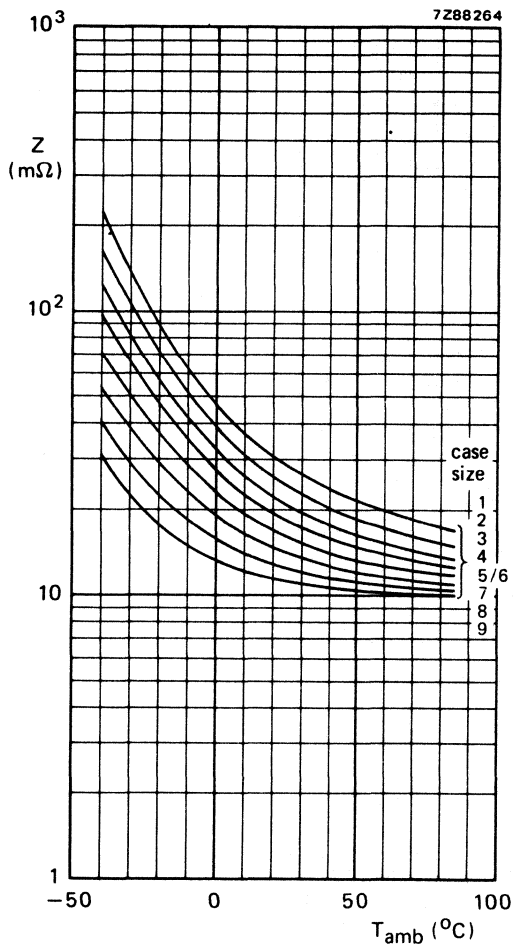


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 10 kHz, $U_R = 10\text{ V}$.

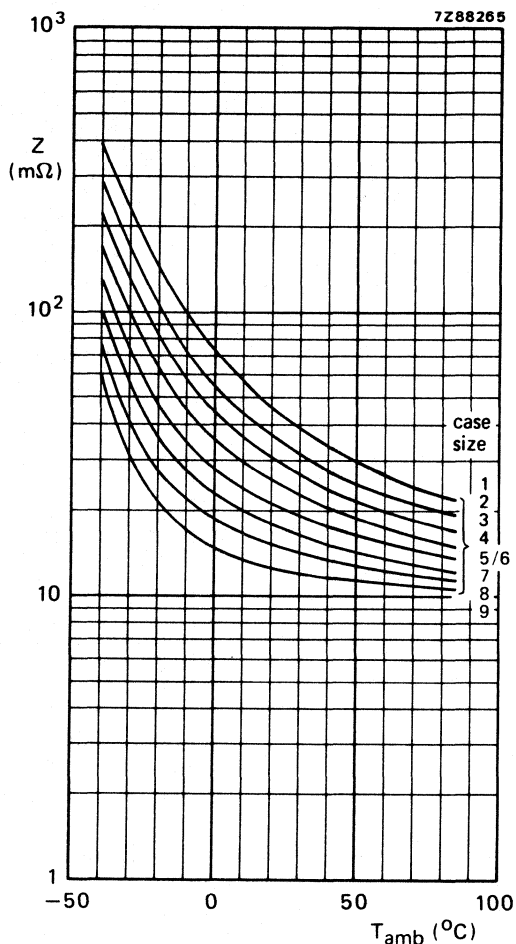


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 10 kHz, $U_R = 63\text{ V}$.

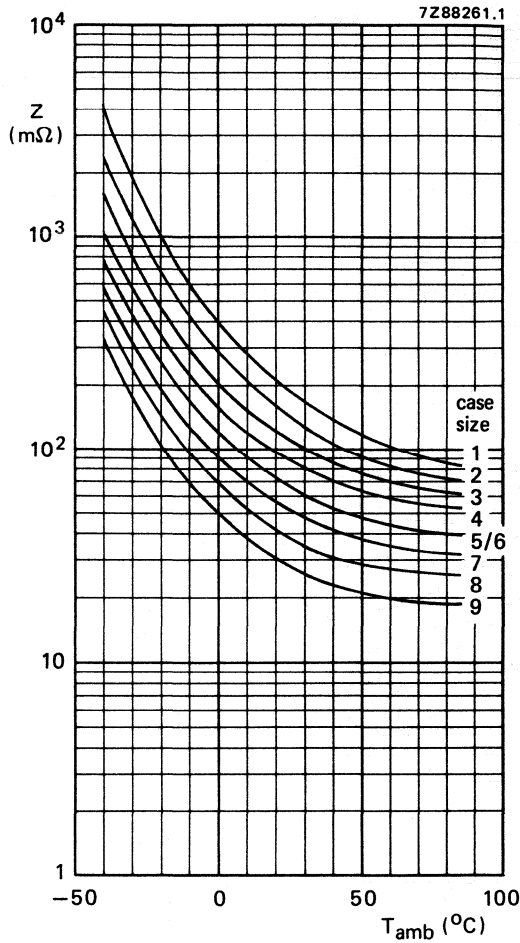


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 10 kHz, $U_R = 100$ V.

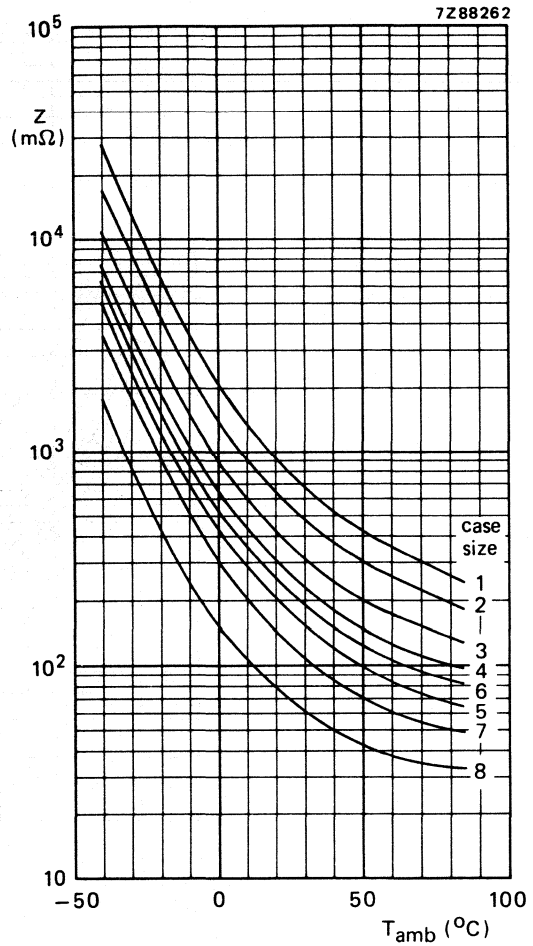


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 10 kHz, $U_R = 250$ V.

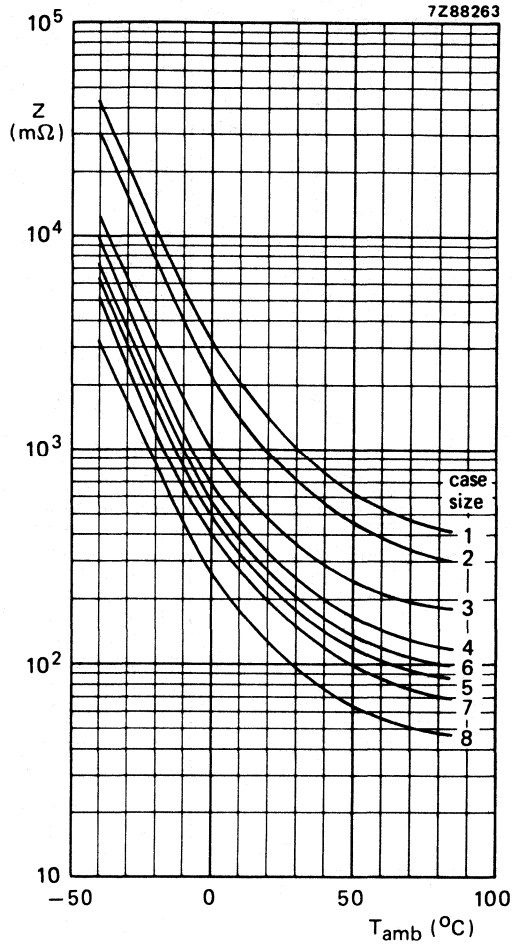


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 10 kHz, $U_R = 385$ V.

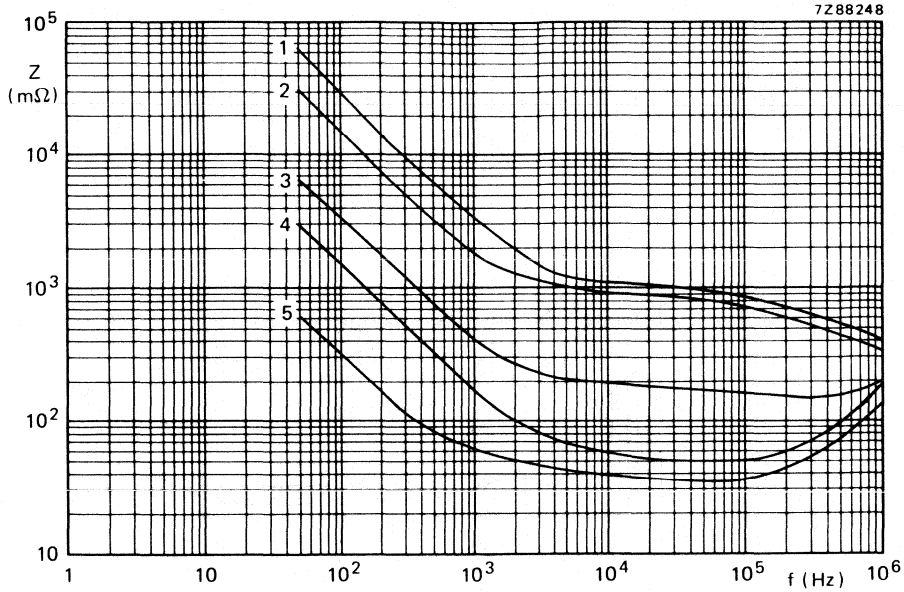


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1:
 curve 1 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V; curve 2 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V;
 curve 3 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 4 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 5 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

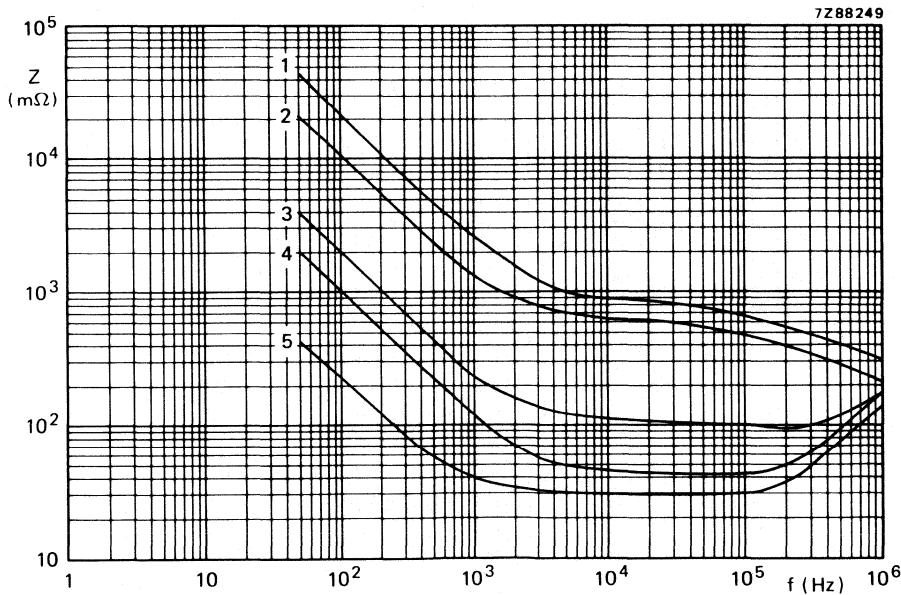


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2:
 curve 1 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V; curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V;
 curve 3 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V; curve 4 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 5 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

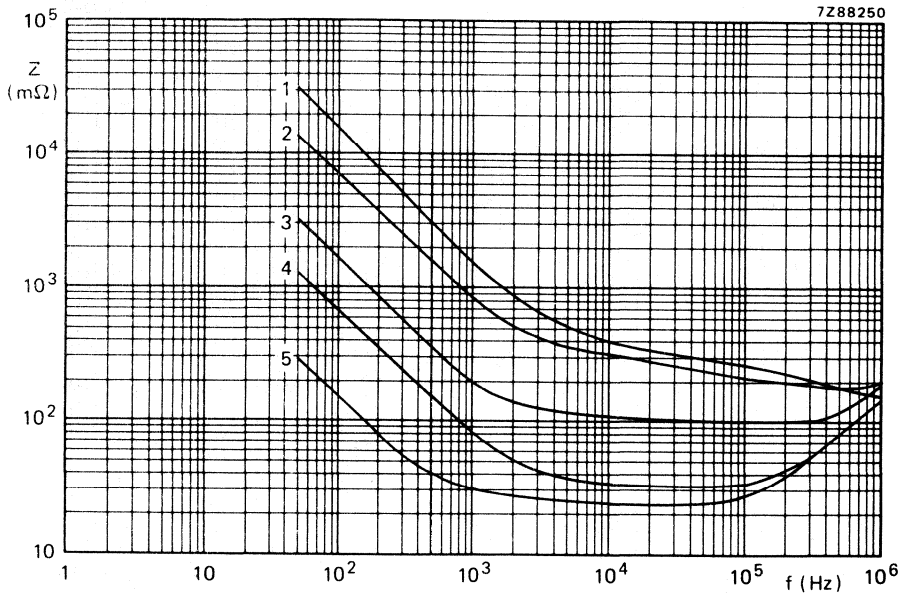


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 3**:
 curve 1 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V; curve 4 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V; curve 5 = $10\,000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 3 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V;

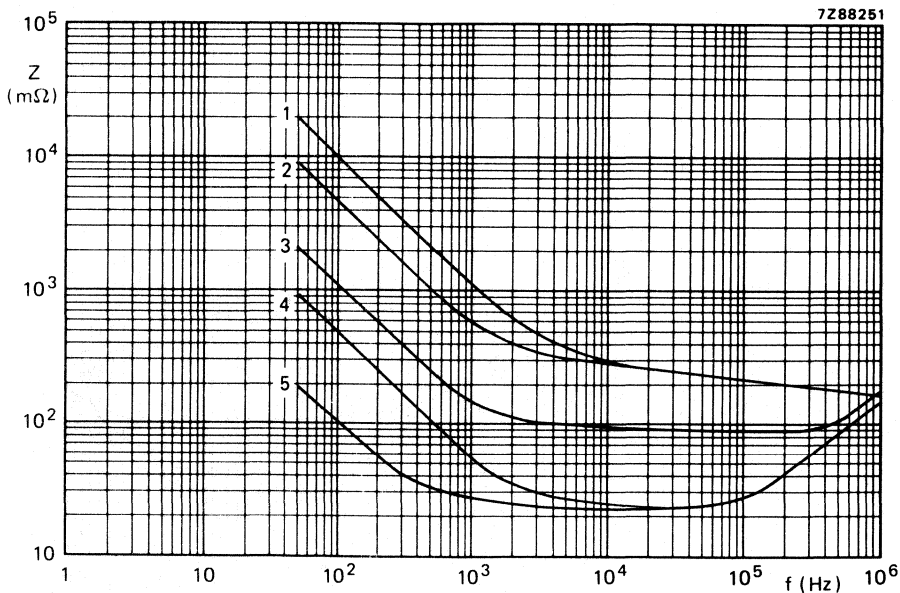


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 4**:
 curve 1 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V; curve 4 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V; curve 5 = $15\,000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 3 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V;

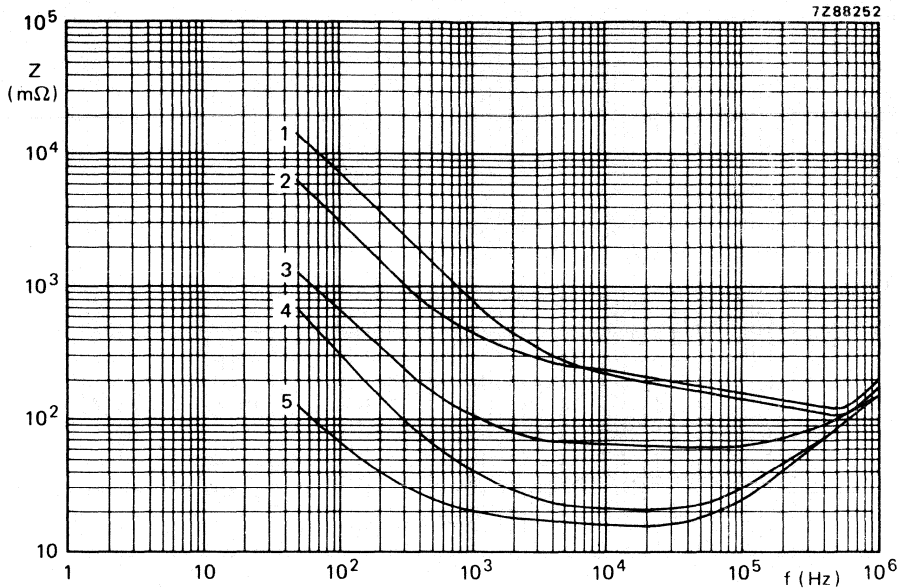


Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 5**:
 curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V ; curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V ; curve 5 = $22\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V .
 curve 3 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V ;

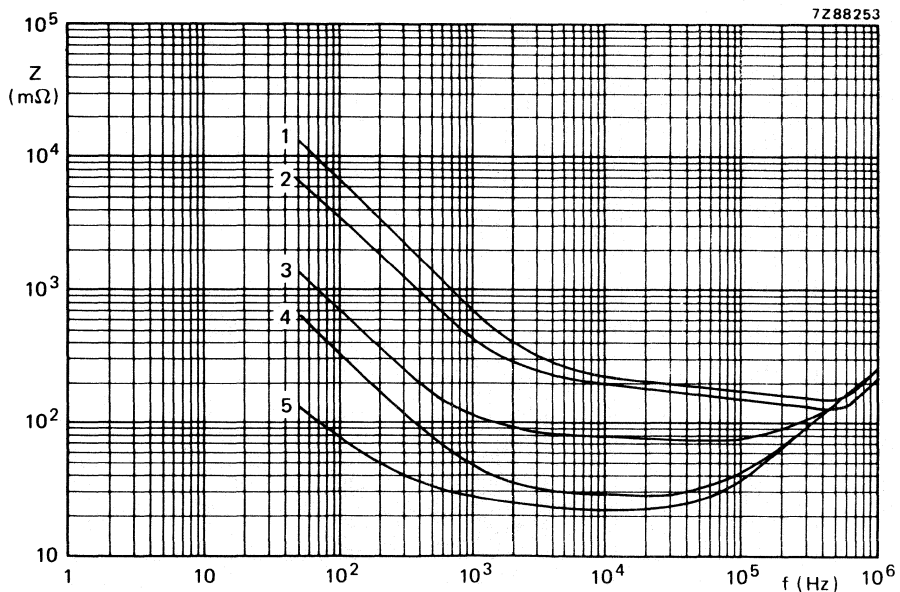


Fig. 28 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 6**:
 curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V ; curve 4 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V ; curve 5 = $22\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V .
 curve 3 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V ;

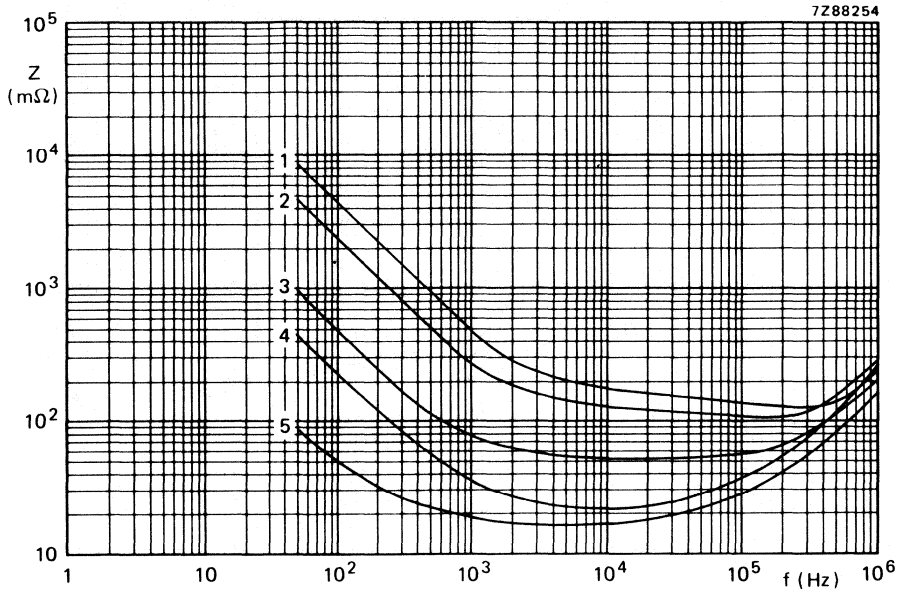


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 7**:
 curve 1 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V ; curve 4 = $6800\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 2 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V ; curve 5 = $33\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V .
 curve 3 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V ;

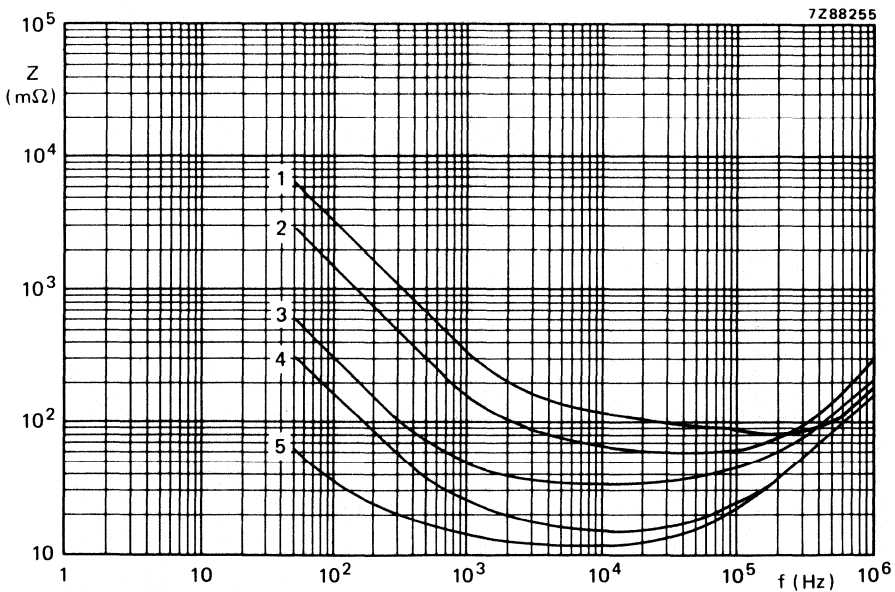


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; **case size 8**:
 curve 1 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V ; curve 4 = $10\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 2 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V ; curve 5 = $47\text{ }000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V .
 curve 3 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 100 V ;

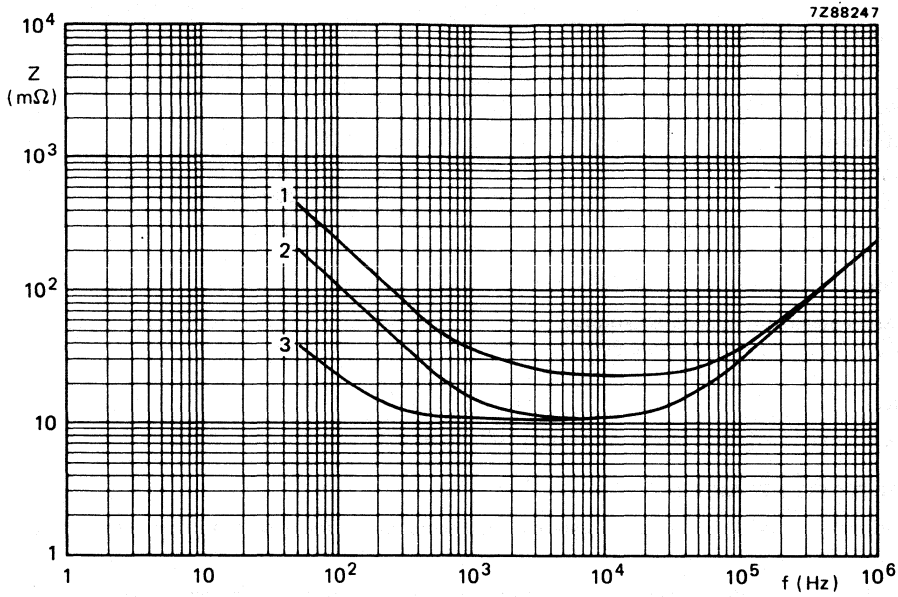


Fig. 31 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case size 9:
curve 1 = $6800\ \mu\text{F}$, $100\ \text{V}$; curve 3 = $68\ 000\ \mu\text{F}$, $10\ \text{V}$.
curve 2 = $15\ 000\ \mu\text{F}$, $63\ \text{V}$;

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-40 to +85 °C

Life expectancy

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

>10 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

>200 000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

Failure rate

Failure rate, catastrophic, at rated voltage,

$T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ and confidence level 60%

$<0,5 \times 10^{-7}$

PACKING

The capacitors are packed in boxes containing 100 pieces.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

For the 385 V version the DC leakage current and $\tan \delta$ measurements of the reverse voltage test (sub clause 9. 16 IEC 384-4) should be carried out after 250 hours, U_R in forward polarity.

After *shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note: Capacitors 2222 050 and 2222 052 large types, long-life grade.

MOUNTING ACCESSORIES

Dimensions in mm

Clamps

To facilitate vertical mounting, a series of rigid clamps made of zinc-plated steel are available. They easily slide over the capacitor, and then are fixed to it with a nut and bolt. The clamps have two mounting lugs. Four types are available, one for each case diameter of the capacitor range. They are delivered without nuts or bolts.

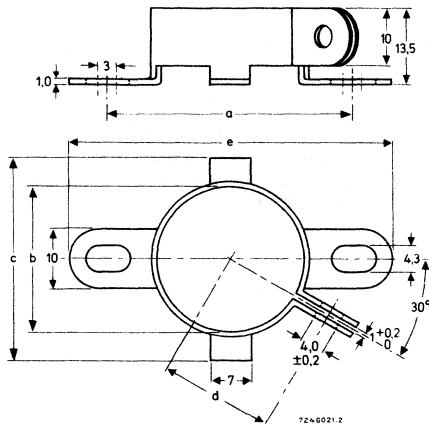


Fig. 32 Clamp for case sizes 1, 2, 3, 7, 8 and 9.

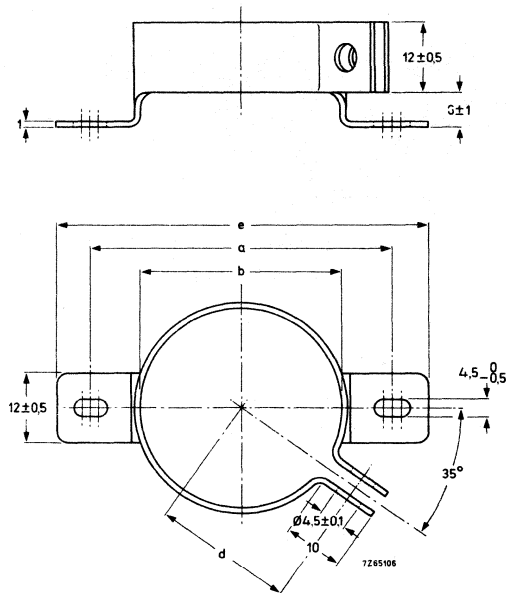


Fig. 33 Clamp for case sizes 4 and 5.

Table 11 Clamp dimensions

| case size | dimensions (mm) | | | | | catalogue number |
|-----------|-----------------|----|----|------|----|------------------|
| | a | b | c | d | e | |
| 1, 2 | 41,5 ± 0,2 | 25 | 35 | 18,5 | 56 | 4322 043 03301 |
| 3 | 46,5 ± 0,2 | 30 | 40 | 21 | 61 | 03311 |
| 4, 5 | 51,5 ± 0,2 | 35 | — | 23,5 | 63 | 04272 |
| 7, 8, 9 | 56,5 ± 0,2 | 40 | 50 | 26 | 71 | 03331 |

Bolt/nut

When mounting by means of the bolt, which is an integral part of the case, standard metal M8 nuts and washers can be used; the maximum permissible torque is 7 Nm.

If insulated mounting is required synthetic nuts and rubber washers are available; for these nuts the maximum permissible torque is 4 Nm.

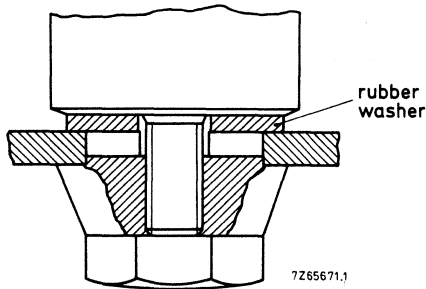


Fig. 34 Cross section of bolt.

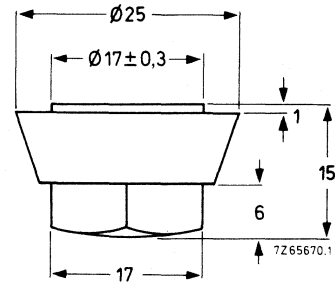


Fig. 35 Synthetic cap nut M8, threaded depth 11,5 mm minimum. Catalogue number 4322 043 05561.

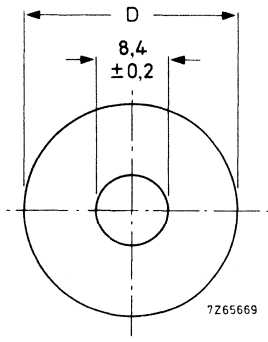


Fig. 36 Rubber washer (thickness 2 mm).

Table 12 Rubber washer ordering codes

| D mm | catalogue number |
|---------|------------------|
| 24 | 4322 043 05611 |
| 29 | 4322 043 05601 |
| 34 | 4322 043 05591 |
| 39 | 4322 043 05581 |

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Very high CU-product per unit volume
- Large type with printed-wiring pins
- Long life
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 68 to 150 000 μ F |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R | 10 to 385 V |
| Category temperature range | |
| for $U_R \leq 63$ V | -55 to $+85$ $^{\circ}$ C |
| for $U_R > 63$ V | -40 to $+85$ $^{\circ}$ C |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| for $U_R \leq 100$ V | 2000 hours |
| for $U_R 100$ V | 5000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, long life grade DIN 41240 |
| Climatic category, IEC 68 | |
| for $U_R \leq 100$ V | 55/085/56 |
| for $U_R \leq 385$ V | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF |
| Approval | France: Liste LNZ 44-04 |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{nom}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 200 | 385 |
| 68 | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 100 | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 150 | | | | | | | 1 | 3 |
| 220 | | | | | | | 2 | 4 |
| 330 | | | | | | | 3 | 5/6 |
| 470 | | | | | | | 4 | 7 |
| 680 | | | | | | 1 | 5/6 | 8 |
| 1 000 | | | | | | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| 1 500 | | | | | | 3 | 8 | |
| 2 200 | | | | | 1 | 4 | 9 | |
| 3 300 | | | | 1 | 2 | 5/6 | | |
| 4 700 | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 7 | | |
| 6 800 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 8 | | |
| 10 000 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5/6 | 9 | | |
| 15 000 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5/6 | 8 | | | |
| 22 000 | 3 | 4 | 5/6 | 7 | 9 | | | |
| 33 000 | 4 | 5/6 | 7 | 8 | | | | |
| 47 000 | 5/6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | | | |
| 68 000 | 7 | 8 | 9 | | | | | |
| 100 000 | 8 | 9 | | | | | | |
| 150 000 | 9 | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions mm |
|-----------|---------------------------|
| 1 | $\emptyset 25 \times 35$ |
| 2 | $\emptyset 25 \times 45$ |
| 3 | $\emptyset 30 \times 45$ |
| 4 | $\emptyset 35 \times 45$ |
| 5 | $\emptyset 35 \times 55$ |
| 6 | $\emptyset 40 \times 45$ |
| 7 | $\emptyset 40 \times 55$ |
| 8 | $\emptyset 40 \times 75$ |
| 9 | $\emptyset 40 \times 105$ |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have low ESR and ESL values and feature extremely small dimensions which render them suitable for applications such as:

- switched-mode power supplies;
- power supplies in digital equipment;
- energy storage in pulse systems;
- filters in measuring and control equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have deeply etched anode foil electrodes, which achieves extremely small dimensions for a given CU-product. They are completely cold welded and charge/discharge proof. The aluminium case is fully insulated. A safety vent is located in the case bottom.

MECHANICAL DATA

Capacitors with printed-wiring pins

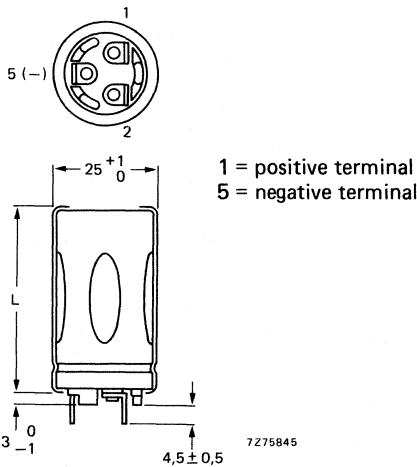


Fig. 1 Capacitor with printed wiring pins; see Table 3 for dimension L.

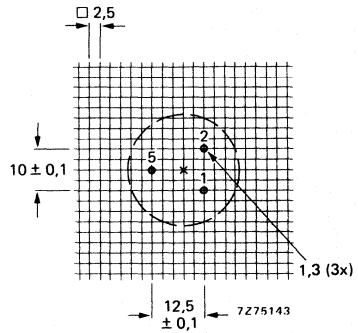


Fig. 2 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 3 Dimensions of case sizes 1 and 2

| case size (ϕ 25 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 35 | 25 |
| 2 | 45 | 30 |
| | } + 1,3 | |

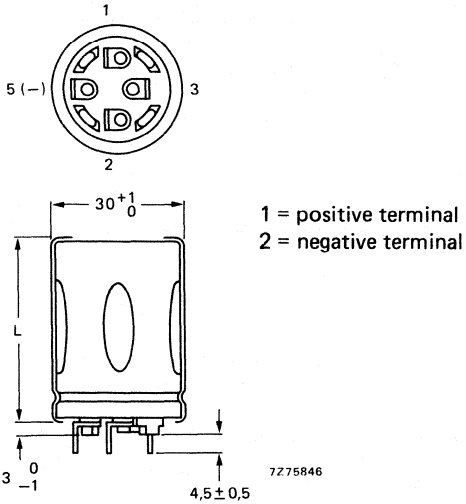


Fig. 3 Capacitor with printed wiring pins; see Table 4 for dimension L.

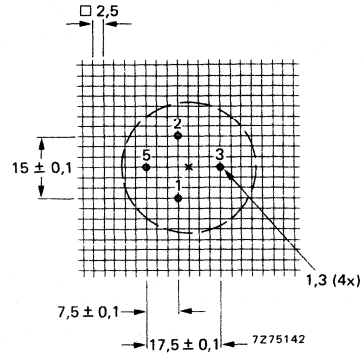


Fig. 4 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 4 Dimension of case size 3

| case size (ϕ 30 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| 3 | 45 + 1,3 | 40 |

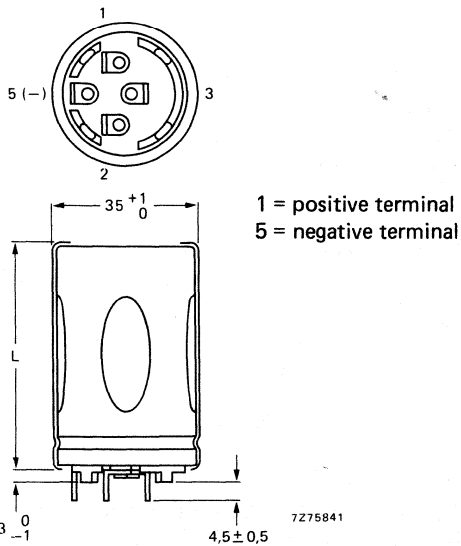


Fig. 5 Capacitor with printed wiring pins; see Table 5 for dimension L.

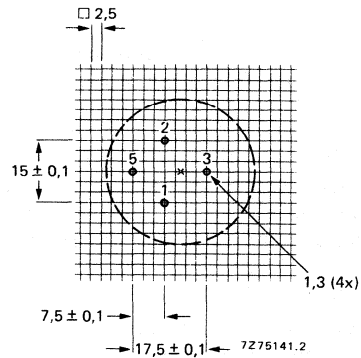


Fig. 6 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 5 Dimensions of case sizes 4 and 5

| case size (ϕ 35 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| 4 | 45 | 55 |
| 5 | 55 | 65 |
| | + 1,3 | |

2222 051
2222 053

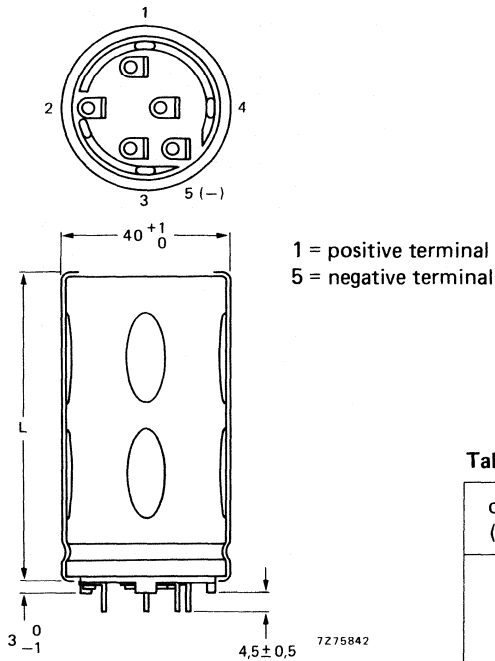


Fig. 7 Capacitor with printed wiring pins; see Table 6 for dimension L.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, tolerance on capacitance, rated voltage, temperature range, date code (year and week) in accordance with IEC 62, name of manufacturer, indication of production centre, polarity of the terminals and rill to identify the negative terminal.

Mounting

The capacitors may be mounted in any position with or without a mounting clamp. Where a number of capacitors are connected to form a capacitor bank, the proximity to one another must not be less than 15 mm, when no derating of ripple current and/or temperature is applied.

Pin numbers 2, 3 and 4 (if present) should be at the same potential as the case. If the case has to be at a specified potential, it should be connected to the negative terminal only.

Minimum atmospheric pressure

8,5 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

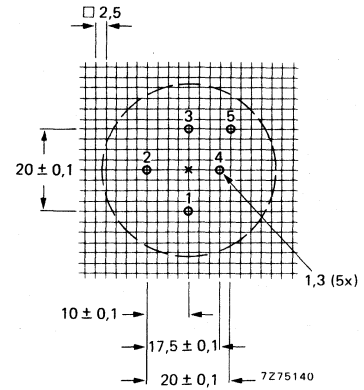


Fig. 8 Piercing diagram viewed from component side.

Table 6 Dimensions of case sizes 6, 7, 8 and 9

| case size (ϕ 40 mm) | L | mass approx. grams |
|------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| 6 | 45 | 70 |
| 7 | 55 | 85 |
| 8 | 75 | 115 |
| 9 | 105 | 160 |

} + 1,3

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 7 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 7 Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute mA | max. ESR mΩ | max. impedance at 10 kHz mΩ | case size | catalogue number 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| | | 100 Hz/85 °C A | 20 kHz/70 °C A | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 000 | 3,1 | 5,9 | 0,60 | 51 | 40 | 1 | 051 54103 |
| | 15 000 | 4,1 | 7,8 | 0,90 | 37 | 30 | 2 | 54153 |
| | 22 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 1,32 | 30 | 25 | 3 | 54223 |
| | 33 000 | 5,5 | 10,4 | 1,98 | 28 | 24 | 4 | 54333 |
| | 47 000 | 6,8 | 12,9 | 2,82 | 23 | 20 | 5 | 54473 |
| | 47 000 | 5,8 | 10,4 | 2,82 | 29 | 22 | 6 | 44473 |
| | 68 000 | 7,1 | 13,5 | 4,08 | 24 | 20 | 7 | 54683 |
| | 100 000 | 9,2 | 17,4 | 6,00 | 19 | 16 | 8 | 54104 |
| | 150 000 | 12,0 | 22,7 | 9,00 | 16 | 14 | 9 | 54154 |
| 16 | 6 800 | 3,1 | 5,9 | 0,65 | 53 | 42 | 1 | 55682 |
| | 10 000 | 4,0 | 7,6 | 0,96 | 39 | 34 | 2 | 55103 |
| | 15 000 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 1,44 | 31 | 27 | 3 | 55153 |
| | 22 000 | 5,5 | 10,4 | 2,12 | 29 | 26 | 4 | 55223 |
| | 33 000 | 6,7 | 12,7 | 3,17 | 23 | 21 | 5 | 55333 |
| | 33 000 | 5,7 | 10,8 | 3,17 | 30 | 24 | 6 | 45333 |
| | 47 000 | 7,0 | 13,3 | 4,52 | 24 | 20 | 7 | 55473 |
| | 68 000 | 9,2 | 17,4 | 6,53 | 19 | 16 | 8 | 55683 |
| | 100 000 | 12,0 | 22,7 | 9,60 | 16 | 14 | 9 | 55104 |
| 25 | 4 700 | 2,9 | 5,5 | 0,71 | 60 | 42 | 1 | 56472 |
| | 6 800 | 3,9 | 7,4 | 1,02 | 42 | 34 | 2 | 56682 |
| | 10 000 | 4,8 | 9,1 | 1,50 | 34 | 27 | 3 | 56103 |
| | 15 000 | 5,3 | 10,0 | 2,25 | 30 | 26 | 4 | 56153 |
| | 22 000 | 6,5 | 12,3 | 3,30 | 24 | 21 | 5 | 56223 |
| | 22 000 | 5,7 | 10,8 | 3,30 | 31 | 24 | 6 | 46223 |
| | 33 000 | 7,0 | 13,3 | 4,95 | 25 | 20 | 7 | 56333 |
| | 47 000 | 9,2 | 17,4 | 7,05 | 19 | 16 | 8 | 56473 |
| | 68 000 | 12,0 | 22,7 | 10,20 | 16 | 14 | 9 | 56683 |
| 40 | 3 300 | 2,9 | 5,5 | 0,80 | 87 | 63 | 1 | 57332 |
| | 4 700 | 3,8 | 7,2 | 1,13 | 62 | 47 | 2 | 57472 |
| | 6 800 | 4,7 | 8,9 | 1,64 | 49 | 38 | 3 | 57682 |
| | 10 000 | 5,2 | 9,8 | 2,40 | 48 | 37 | 4 | 57103 |
| | 15 000 | 6,3 | 11,9 | 3,60 | 37 | 28 | 5 | 57153 |
| | 15 000 | 5,6 | 10,6 | 3,60 | 50 | 35 | 6 | 47153 |
| | 22 000 | 5,8 | 11,0 | 5,28 | 39 | 28 | 7 | 57223 |
| | 33 000 | 7,8 | 14,8 | 7,92 | 28 | 21 | 8 | 57333 |
| | 47 000 | 10,4 | 19,7 | 11,28 | 22 | 17 | 9 | 57473 |

Table 7 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute mA | max. ESR mΩ | max. impedance at 10 kHz mΩ | case size | catalogue number 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|
| | | 100 Hz/85 °C A | 20 kHz/70 °C A | | | | | |
| 63 | 2 200 | 2,5 | 4,7 | 0,84 | 83 | 62 | 1 | 051 58222 58332 58472 58682 58103 48103 58153 58223 |
| | 3 300 | 3,3 | 6,2 | 1,25 | 58 | 42 | 2 | |
| | 4 700 | 4,1 | 7,8 | 1,78 | 49 | 38 | 3 | |
| | 6 800 | 4,5 | 8,5 | 2,57 | 48 | 37 | 4 | |
| | 10 000 | 5,4 | 10,2 | 3,78 | 37 | 28 | 5 | |
| | 10 000 | 4,6 | 8,7 | 3,78 | 52 | 37 | 6 | |
| | 15 000 | 7,5 | 14,2 | 5,67 | 29 | 24 | 8 | |
| | 22 000 | 10 | 19 | 8,32 | 22 | 19 | 9 | |
| | 100 | 680 | 1,74 | 3,30 | 0,41 | 190 | 130 | |
| 1 000 | | 2,34 | 4,44 | 0,60 | 130 | 90 | 2 | |
| 1 500 | | 2,95 | 5,59 | 0,90 | 95 | 67 | 3 | |
| 2 200 | | 3,69 | 7,00 | 1,32 | 71 | 53 | 4 | |
| 3 300 | | 4,37 | 8,29 | 1,98 | 55 | 41 | 5 | |
| 3 300 | | 4,16 | 7,89 | 1,98 | 64 | 48 | 6 | |
| 4 700 | | 5,21 | 9,88 | 2,82 | 49 | 38 | 7 | |
| 6 800 | | 6,97 | 13,22 | 4,08 | 35 | 28 | 8 | |
| 10 000 | | 9,50 | 18,00 | 6,00 | 26 | 21 | 9 | |
| 200 | 150 | 0,70 | 1,33 | 0,18 | 1000 | 770 | 1 | 053 52151 52221 52331 52471 52681 42681 52102 52152 52222 |
| | 220 | 0,94 | 1,78 | 0,26 | 680 | 525 | 2 | |
| | 330 | 1,27 | 2,41 | 0,40 | 460 | 360 | 3 | |
| | 470 | 1,66 | 3,15 | 0,57 | 320 | 250 | 4 | |
| | 680 | 2,19 | 4,15 | 0,82 | 220 | 170 | 5 | |
| | 680 | 2,17 | 4,11 | 0,82 | 220 | 170 | 6 | |
| | 1 000 | 2,86 | 5,42 | 1,20 | 150 | 115 | 7 | |
| | 1 500 | 3,81 | 7,22 | 1,80 | 110 | 85 | 8 | |
| | 2 200 | 5,20 | 9,86 | 2,64 | 80 | 60 | 9 | |
| 385 | 68 | 0,47 | 0,89 | 0,16 | 2200 | 1400 | 1 | 58689 58101 58151 58221 58331 48331 58471 58681 58102 |
| | 100 | 0,64 | 1,21 | 0,23 | 1500 | 940 | 2 | |
| | 150 | 0,90 | 1,71 | 0,35 | 1000 | 620 | 3 | |
| | 220 | 1,15 | 2,18 | 0,51 | 680 | 420 | 4 | |
| | 330 | 1,53 | 2,90 | 0,77 | 450 | 270 | 5 | |
| | 330 | 1,52 | 2,88 | 0,77 | 450 | 270 | 6 | |
| | 470 | 1,96 | 3,72 | 1,09 | 320 | 190 | 7 | |
| | 680 | 2,70 | 5,12 | 1,58 | 220 | 135 | 8 | |
| | 1 000 | 3,70 | 7,02 | 2,31 | 180 | 125 | 9 | |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 7

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

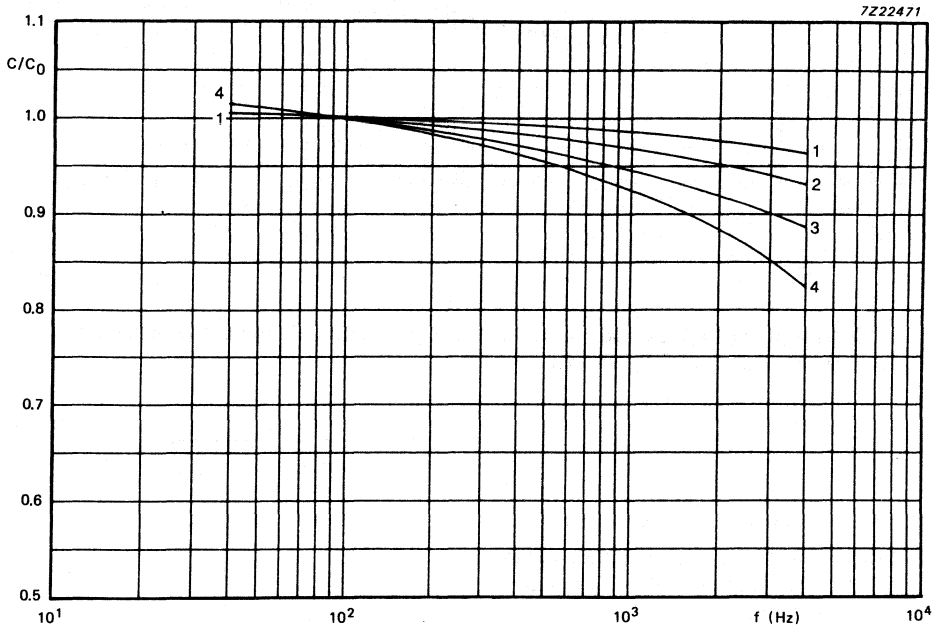


Fig. 9 Multiplier of typical capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C/C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 100/200 V

curve 3 = 25/385 V

curve 2 = 40/63 V

curve 4 = 10/16 V

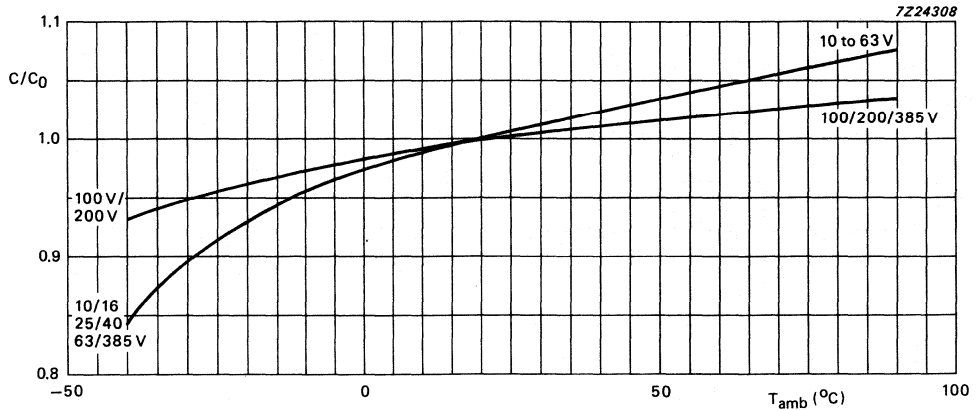


Fig. 10 Multiplier of typical capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C/C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following conditions are met:

- (a) maximum positive voltage on anode (DC + peak AC)
- (b) maximum positive voltage on cathode (reverse voltage)

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods

| core temperature [▲] | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| < 60 °C | 60 to 95 °C |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $\leq 1,1 \times U_R$ | $\leq U_R$ |
| | 1 V |
| $1,25 \times U_R$ | $1,15 \times U_R (\leq 100 V)$ |
| | $1,15 \times U_R (200 V \text{ version})$ |
| | $1,1 \times U_R (385 V \text{ version})$ |
| | 1 V |

Ripple current **

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current

- at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85 \text{ °C}$ or 20 kHz and $T_{amb} = 70 \text{ °C}$ see Table 7
- at 100 Hz and other temperatures see Table 8
- at other frequencies and $T_{amb} = 85 \text{ °C}$ see Table 9

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

Table 8 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. ambient temperature

| ambient temperature °C | multiplier of max. ripple current |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 85 | 1,00 |
| 80 | 1,22 |
| 75 | 1,41 |
| 70 | 1,58 |
| 65 | 1,73 |
| 60 | 1,87 |
| 55 | 2,00 |
| 50 | 2,12 |
| 45 | 2,24 |
| ≤ 40 | 2,35 |

Table 9 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. frequency

| frequency Hz | multiplier of max. ripple current \sqrt{f} |
|--------------|--|
| 50 | 0,83 |
| 100 | 1,00 |
| 200 | 1,10 |
| 400 | 1,15 |
| 1000 | 1,19 |
| ≥ 2000 | 1,20 |

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{r_N}$ = multiplying factor at same frequency (Table 9).

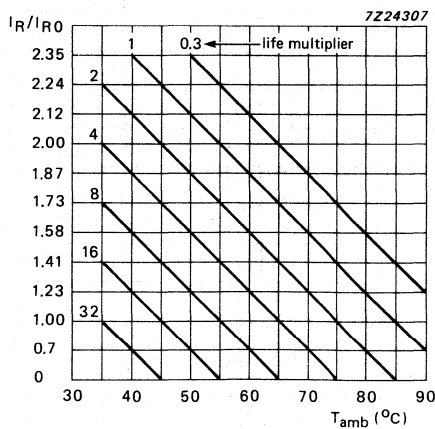


Fig. 11 Typical life as a function of ambient temperature and ripple current; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 7 (0,006 CU + 4 μA)

Maximum DC leakage current 15 minutes after application of the rated voltage
at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

0,125 x value stated in Table 7
0,625 x value stated in Table 7

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 7.

Inductance (ESL)

Case sizes 1 and 2

max. 25 nH

Case sizes 3, 4 and 5

max. 30 nH

Case sizes 6, 7, 8 and 9

max. 35 nH

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 7

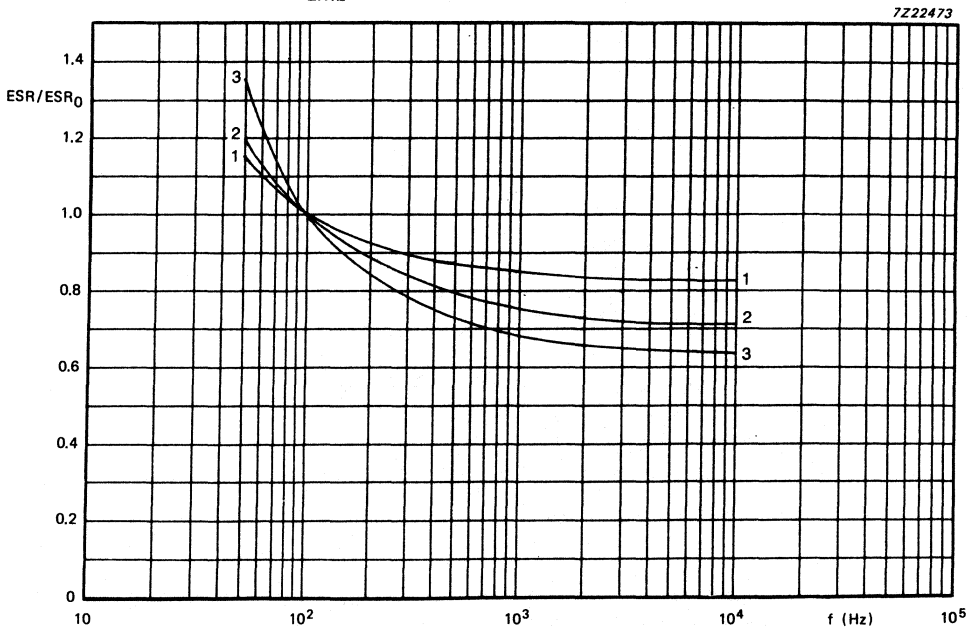


Fig. 12 Multiplier of typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency;
 ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 10/16/25 V curve 2 = 40/63/385 V curve 3 = 100/200 V

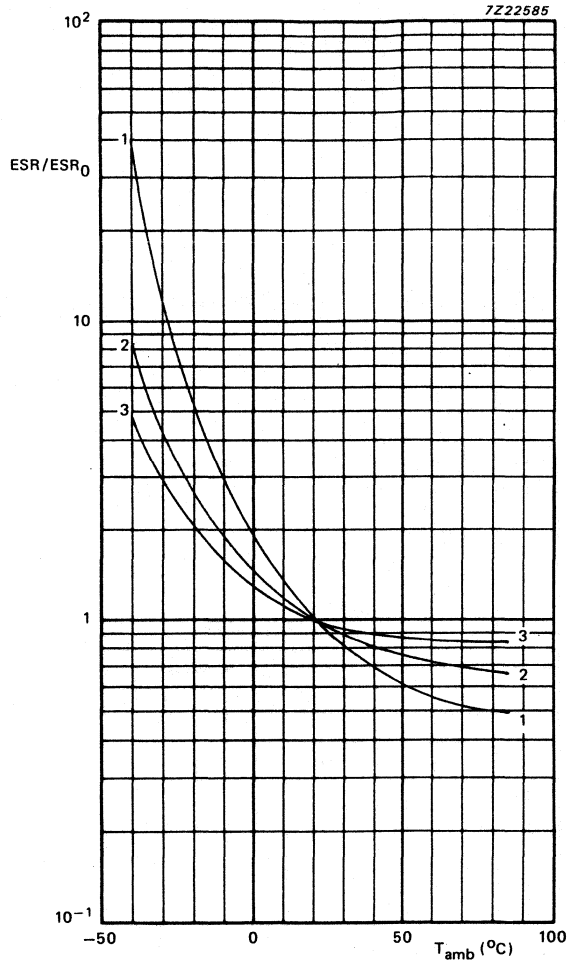


Fig. 13 Multiplier of typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 1, 2, 3 and 4; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 385 V

curve 2 = 100/200 V

curve 3 = 10 to 63 V

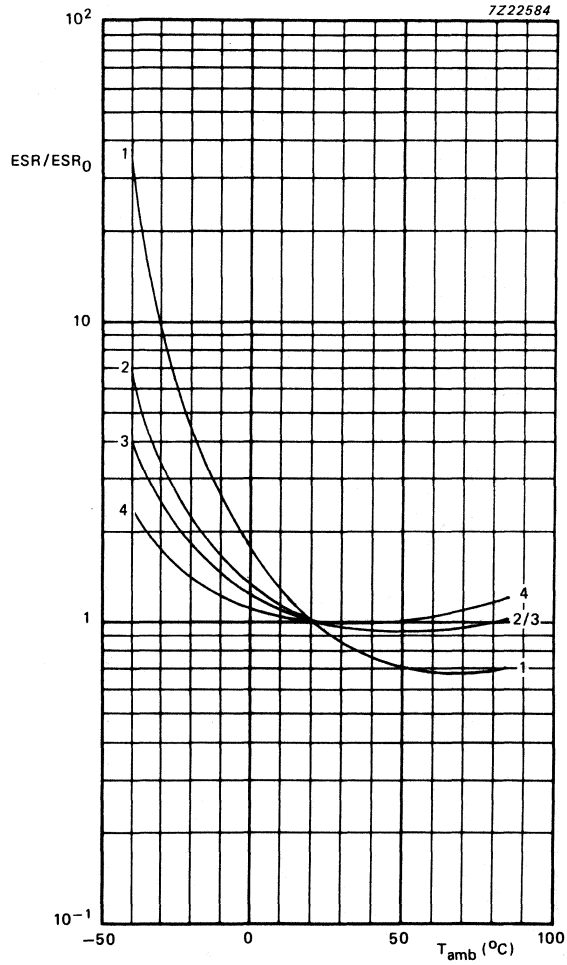


Fig. 14 Multiplier of typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 385 V
curve 2 = 200 V

curve 3 = 100 V
curve 4 = 10 to 63 V

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 10 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
measured by means of a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 7

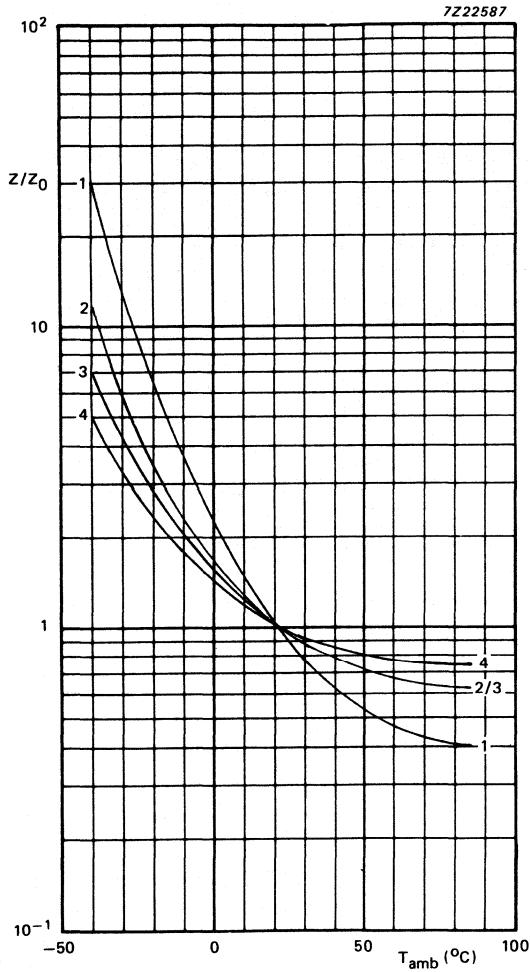


Fig. 15 Multiplier of typical impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 1, 2, 3 and 4; Z_0 = typical impedance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10 kHz.

curve 1 = 385 V
curve 2 = 200 V

curve 3 = 100 V
curve 4 = 10 to 63 V

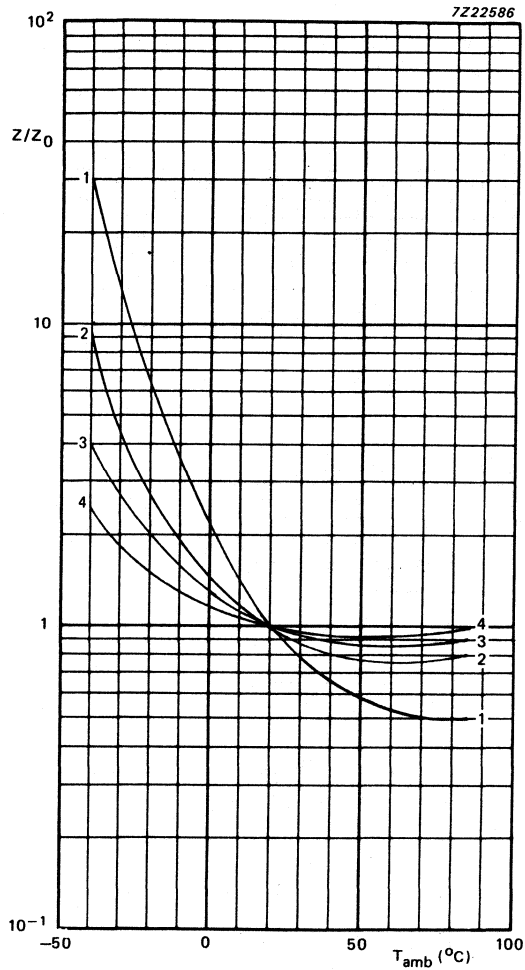


Fig. 16 Multiplier of typical impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9; Z_0 = typical impedance at 20 °C, 10 kHz.

curve 1 = 385 V
curve 2 = 200 V

curve 3 = 100 V
curve 4 = 10 to 63 V

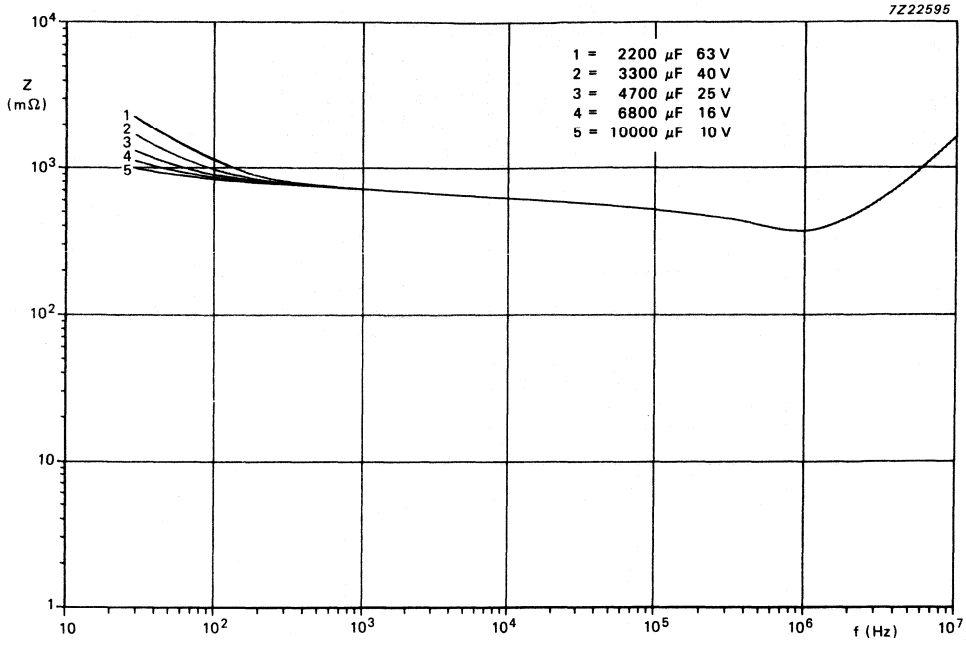


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 1.

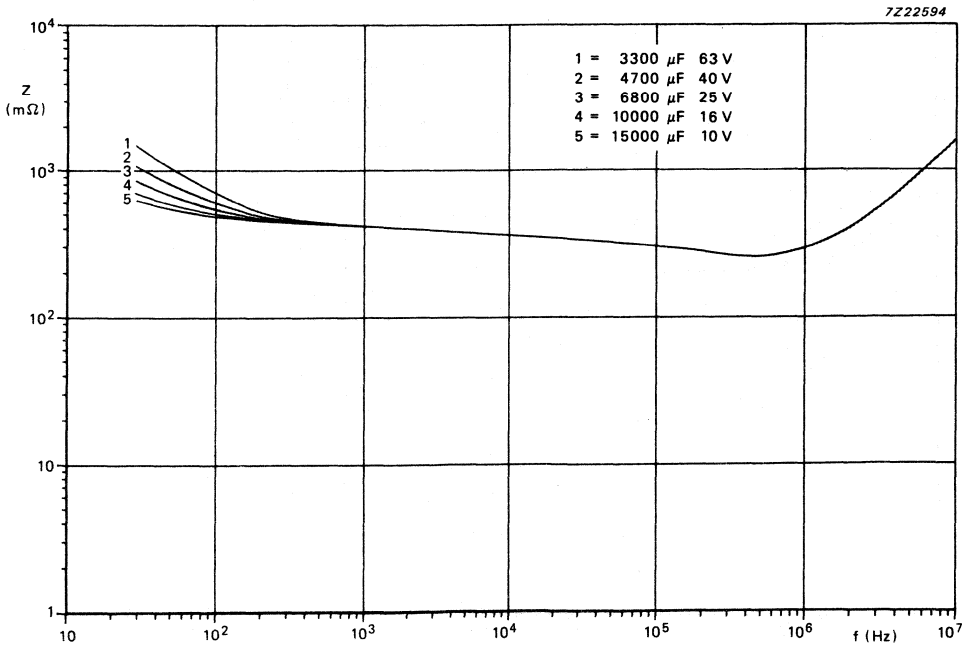


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 2.

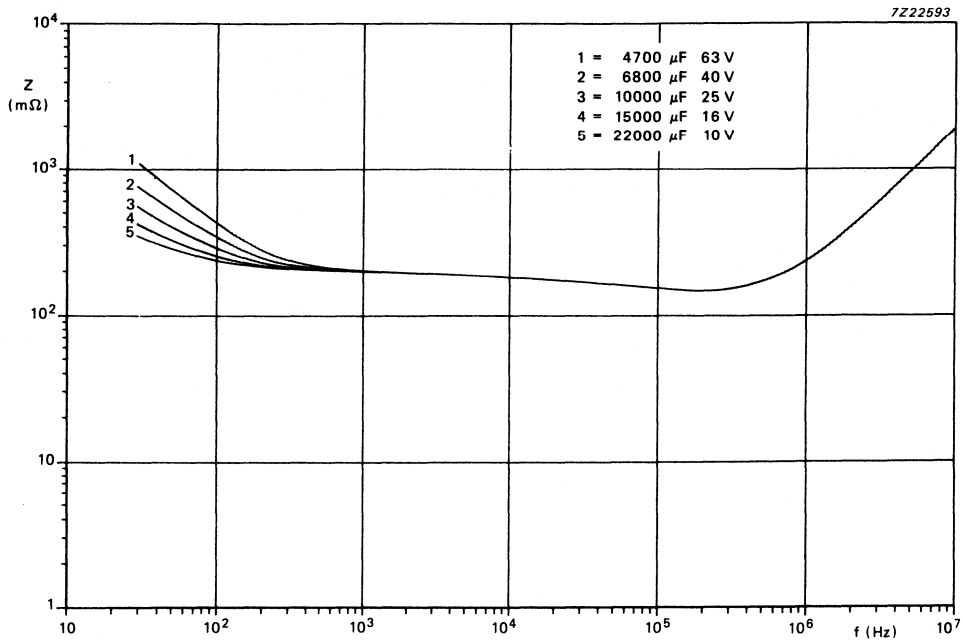


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 3.

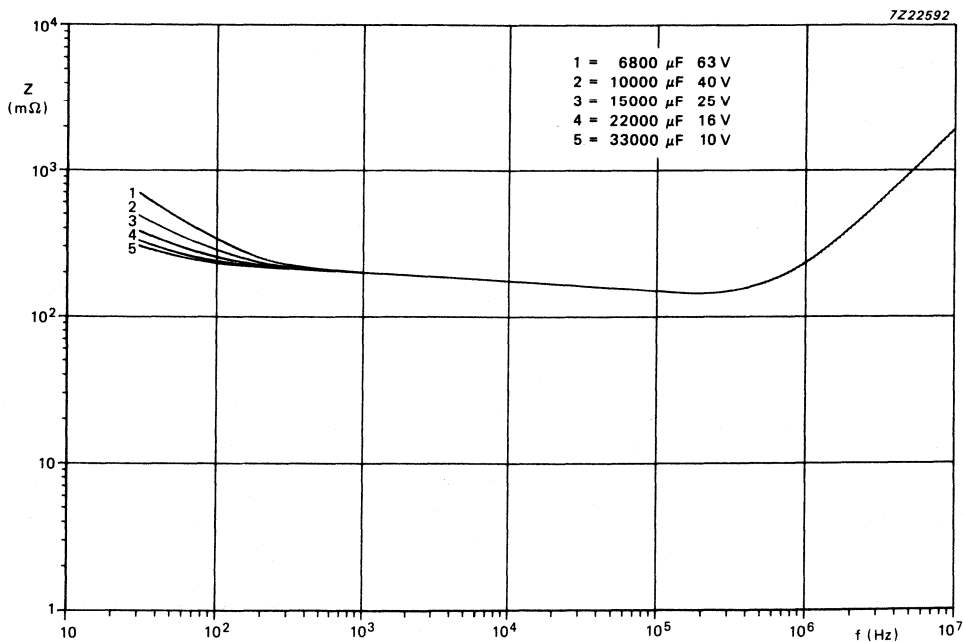


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 4.

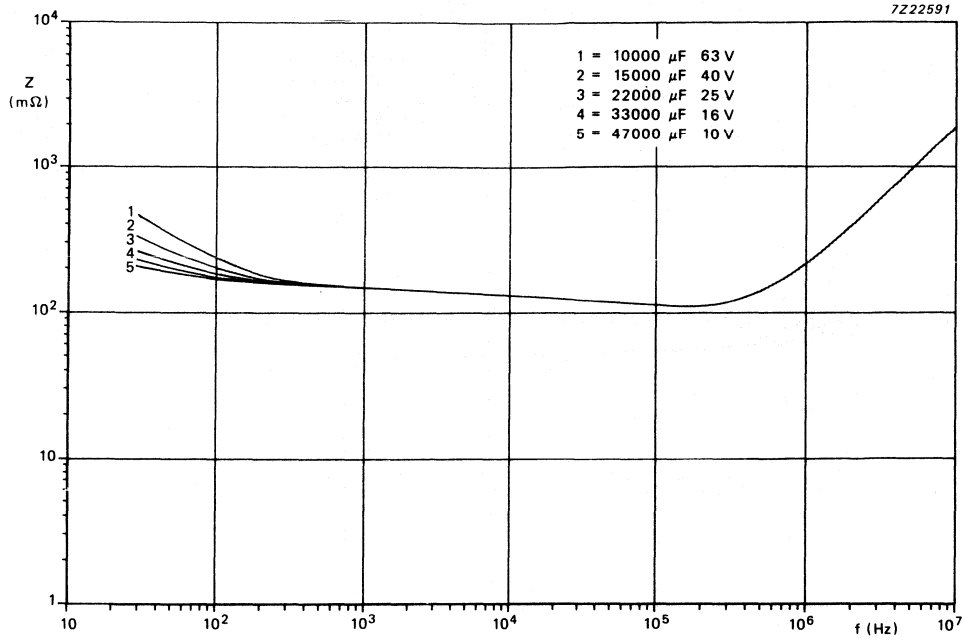


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 5.

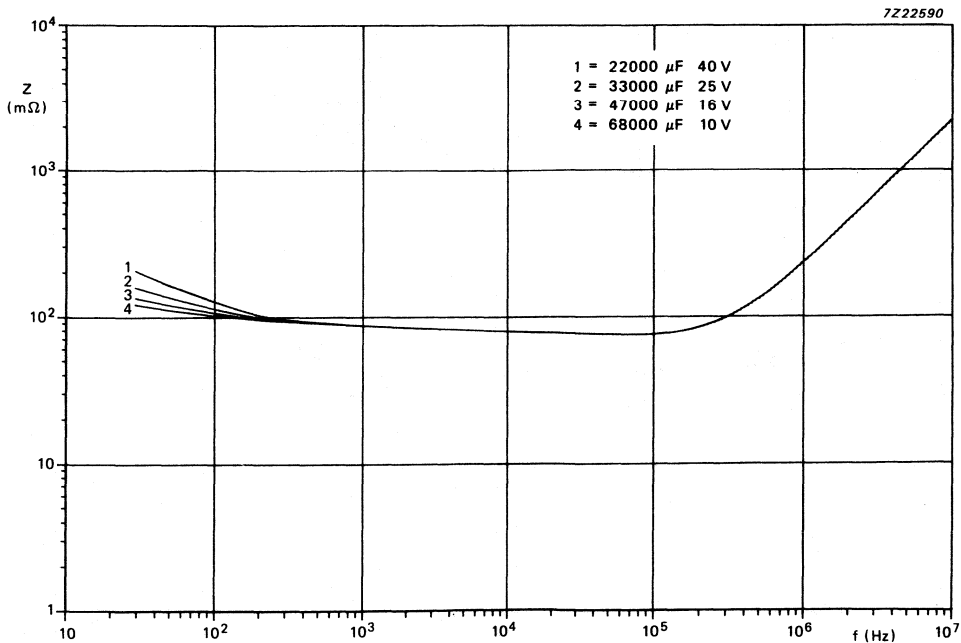


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 7.

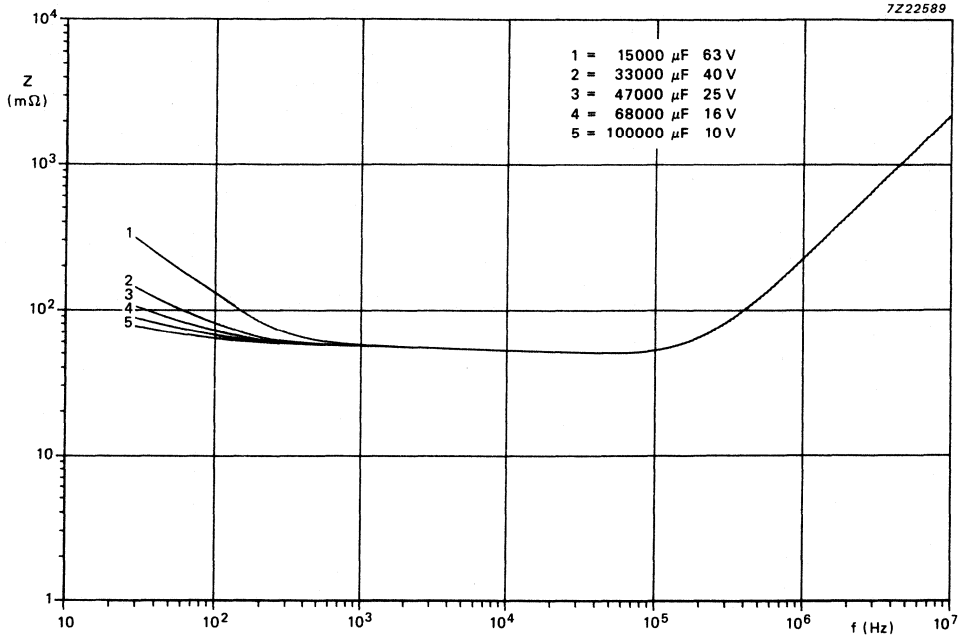


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 8.

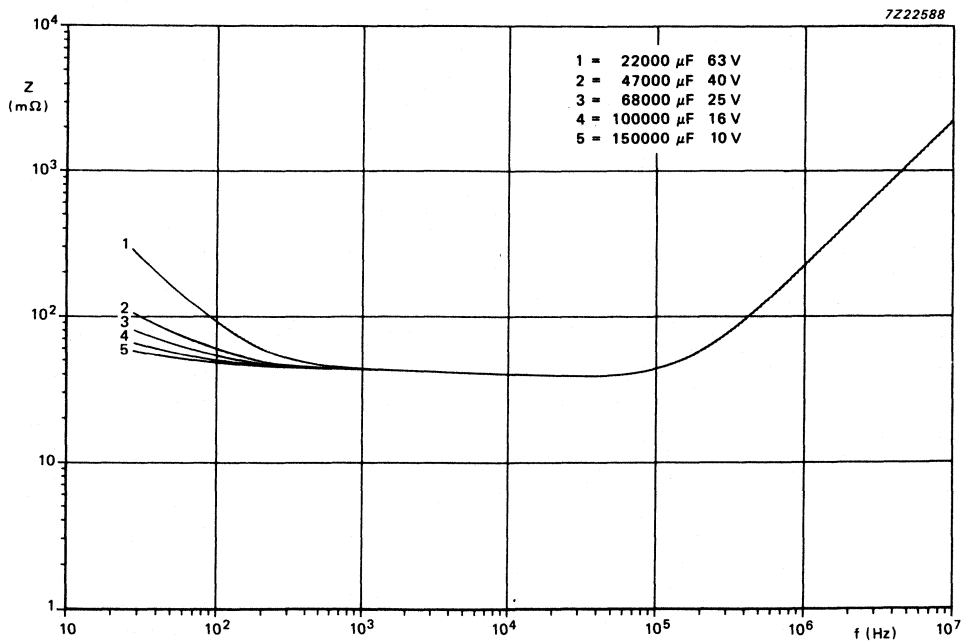


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 9.

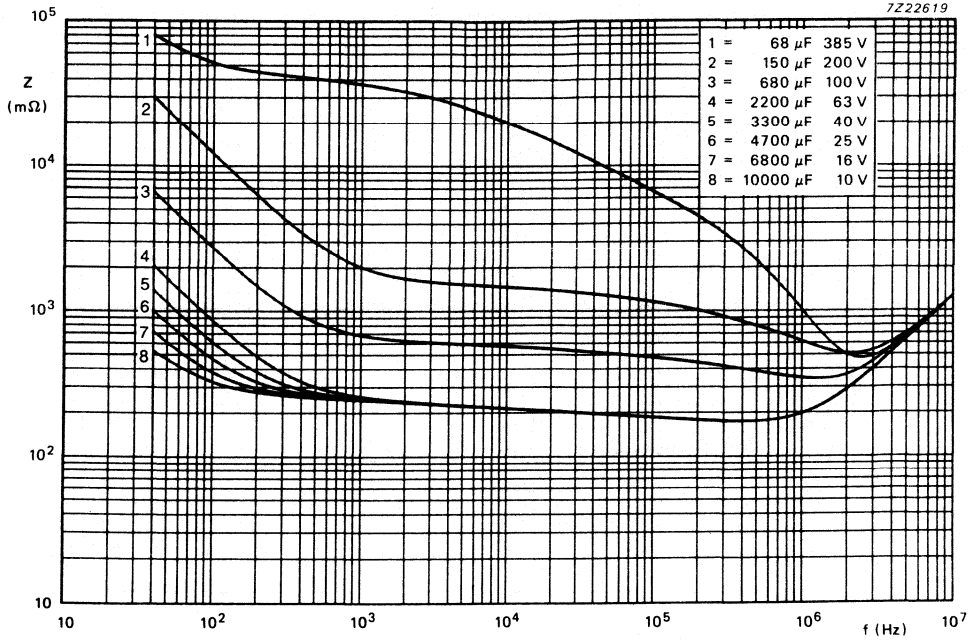


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 1.

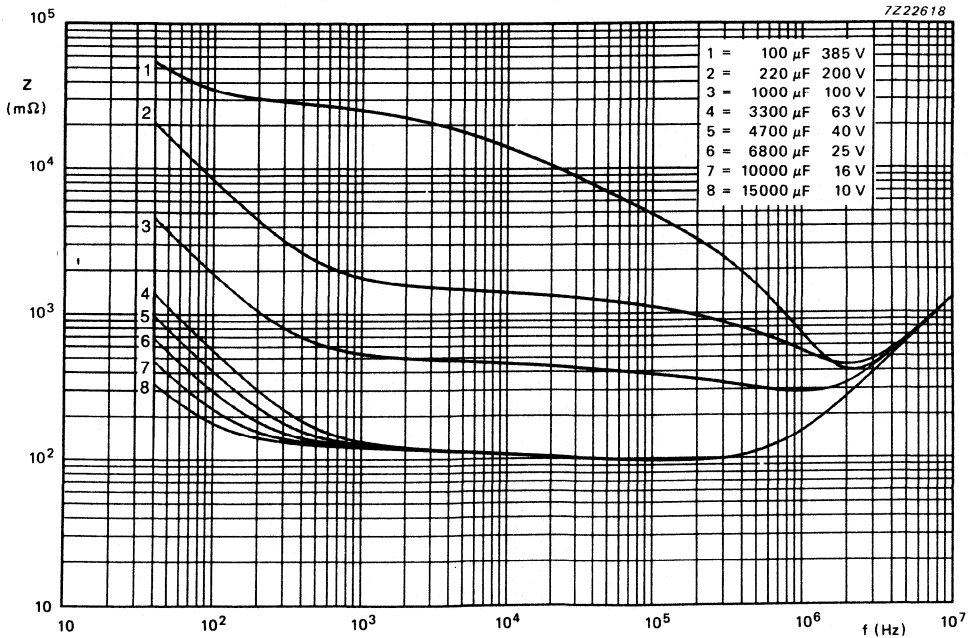


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 2.

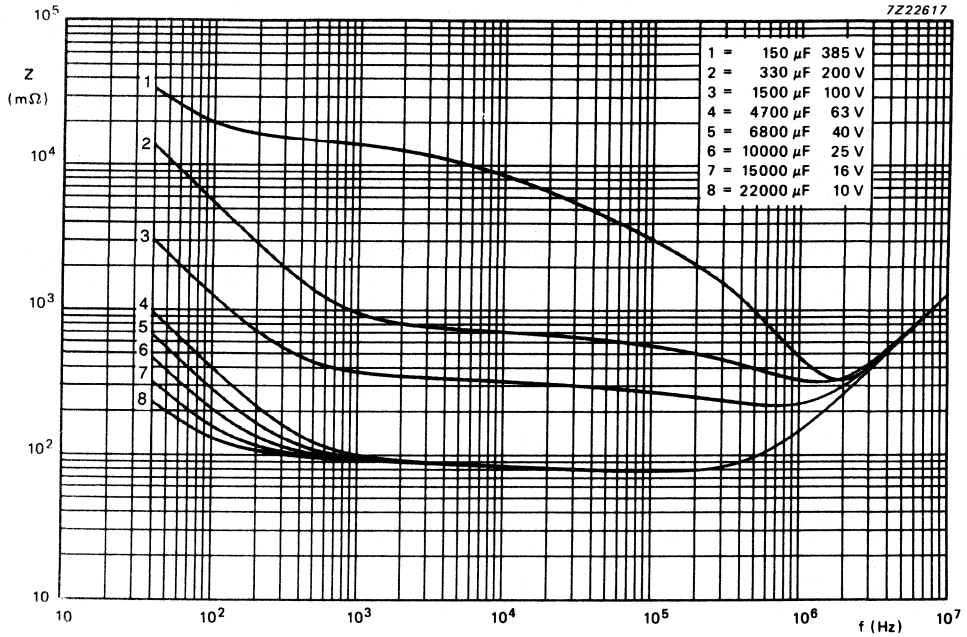


Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 3.

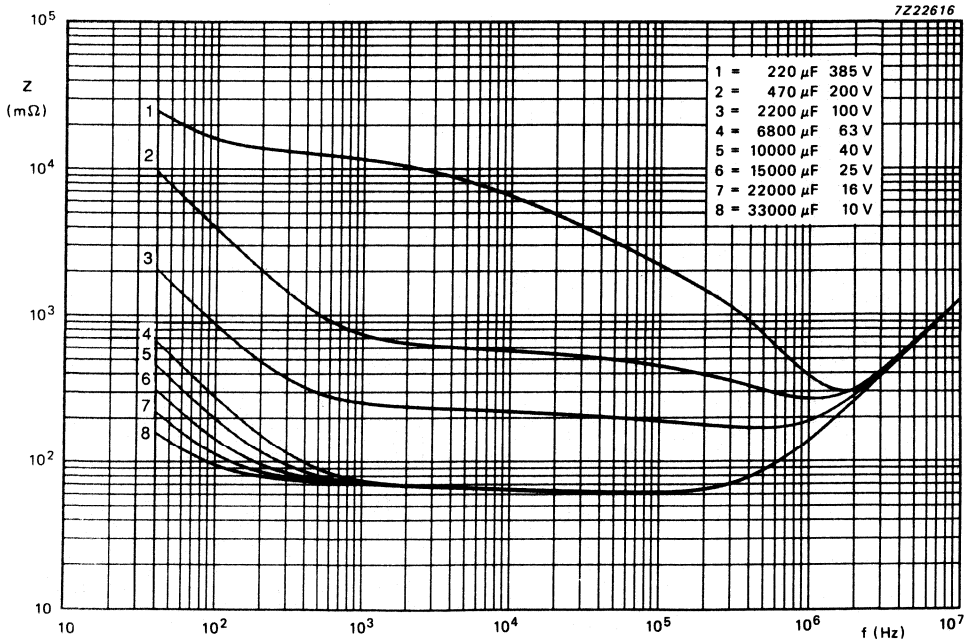


Fig. 28 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 4.

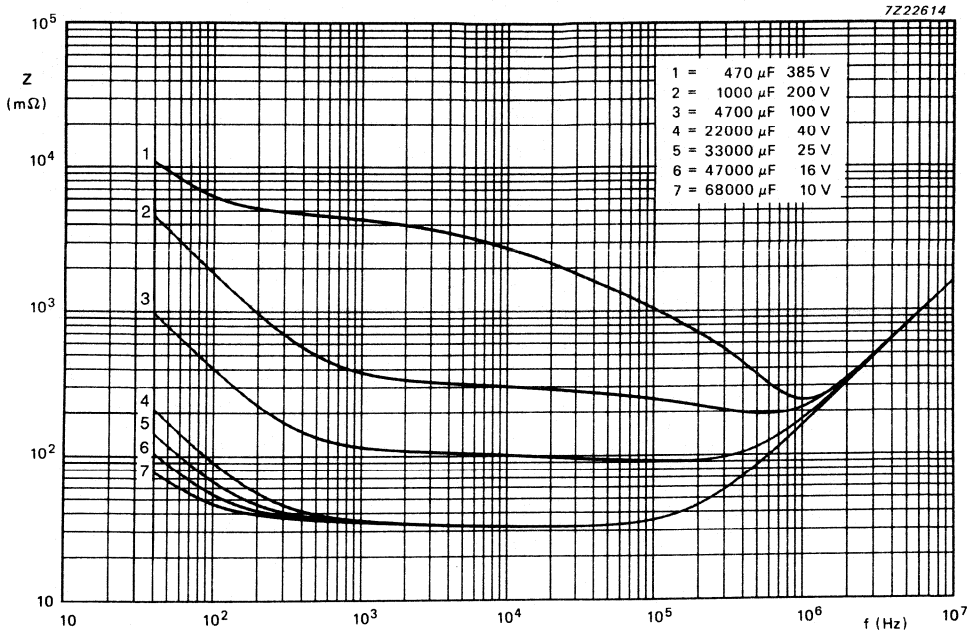


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case sizes 5 and 6.

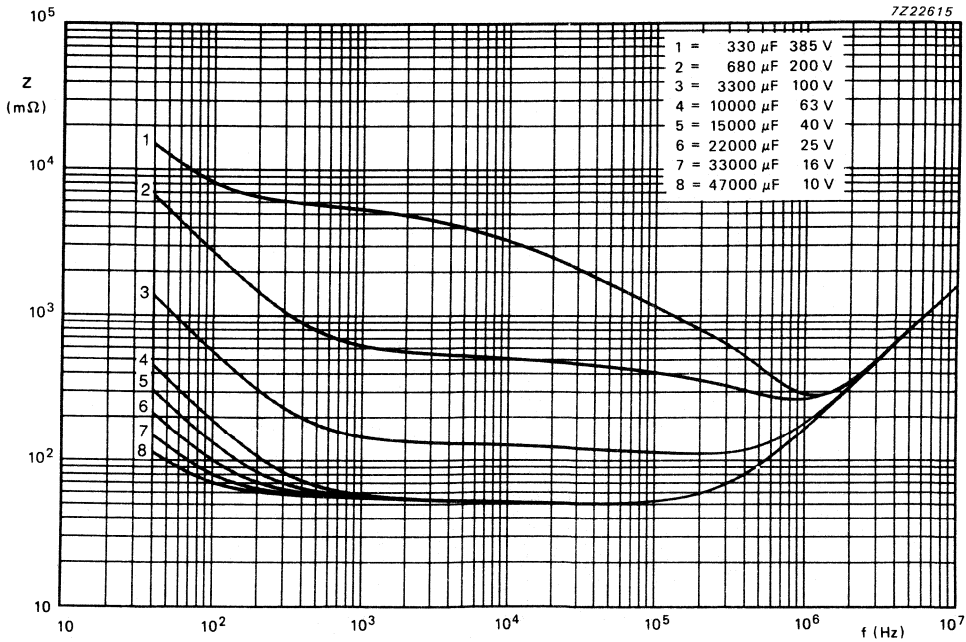


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 7.

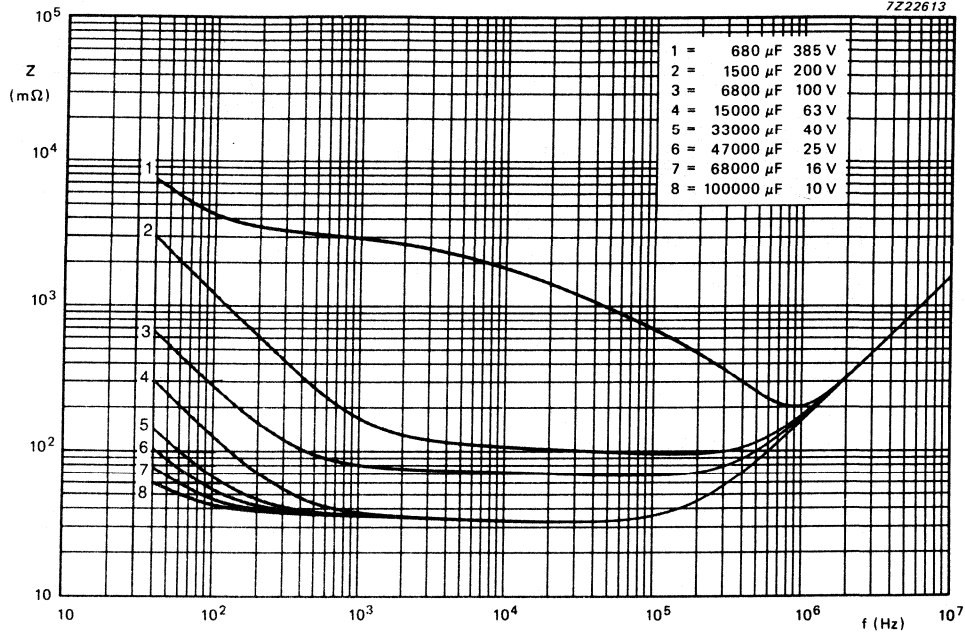


Fig. 31 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 8.

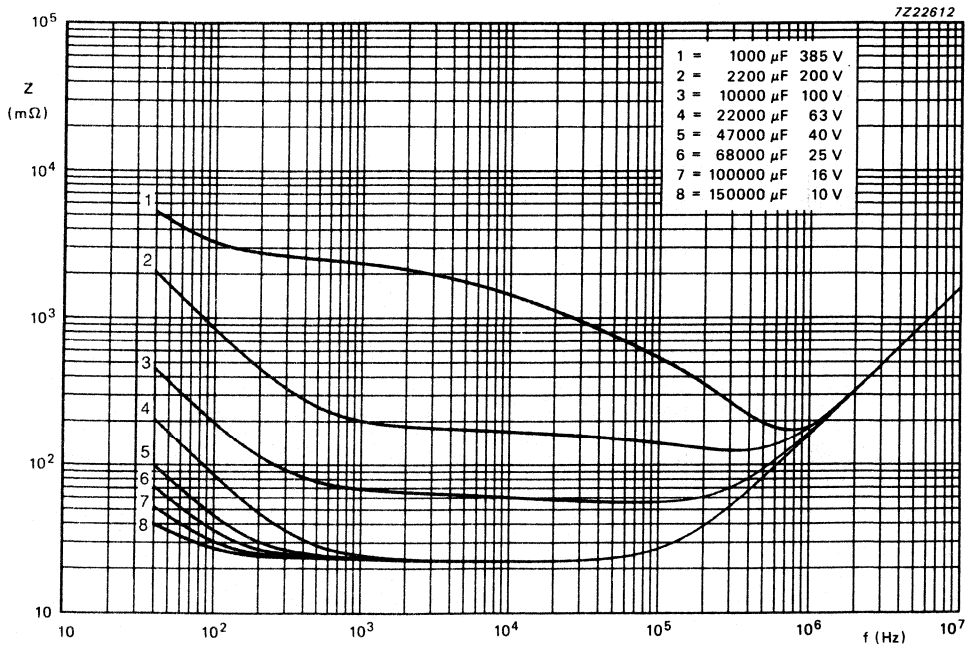


Fig. 32 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 9.

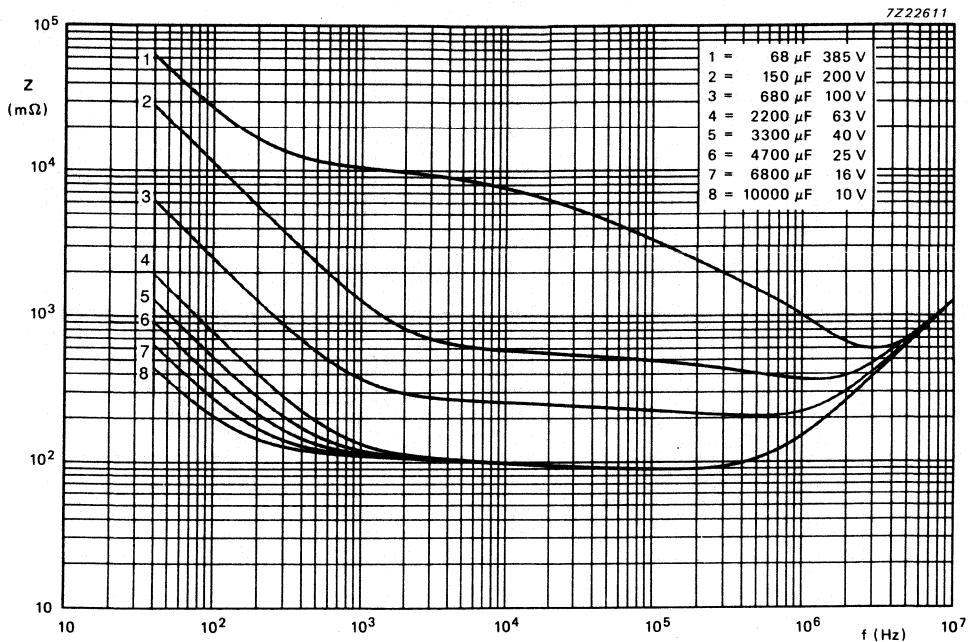


Fig. 33 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 1.

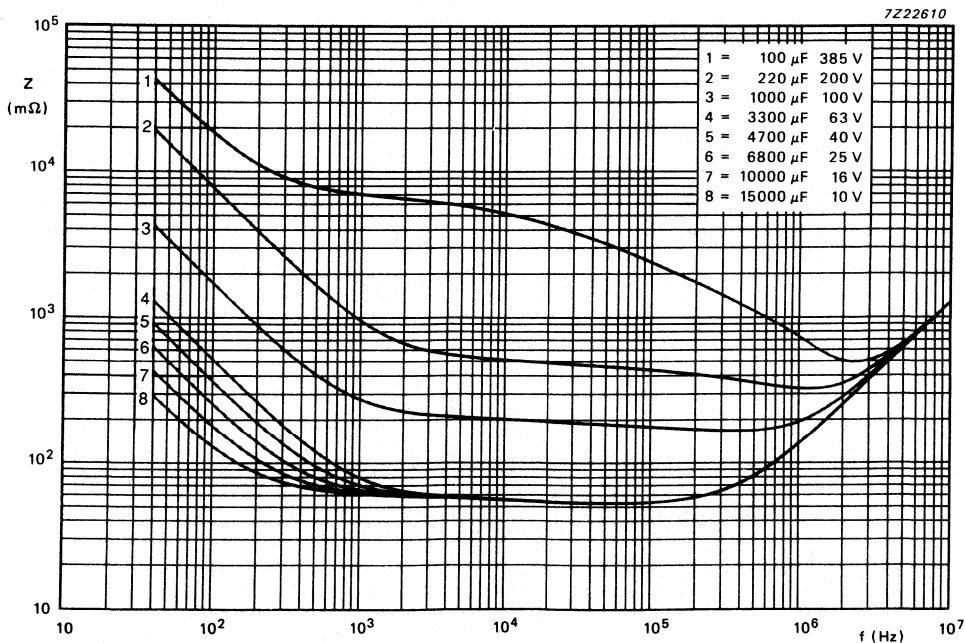


Fig. 34 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 2.

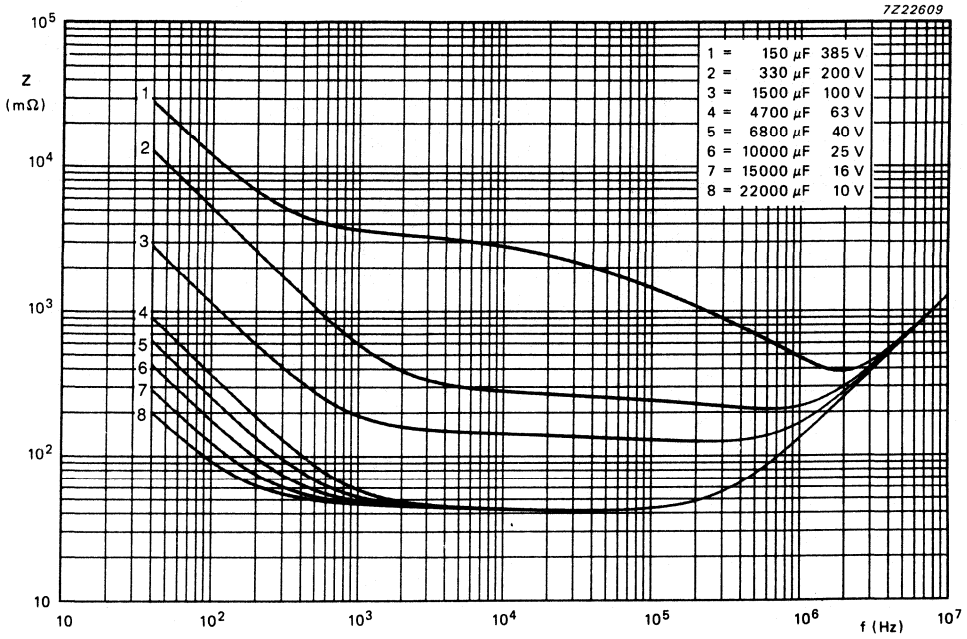


Fig. 35 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 3.

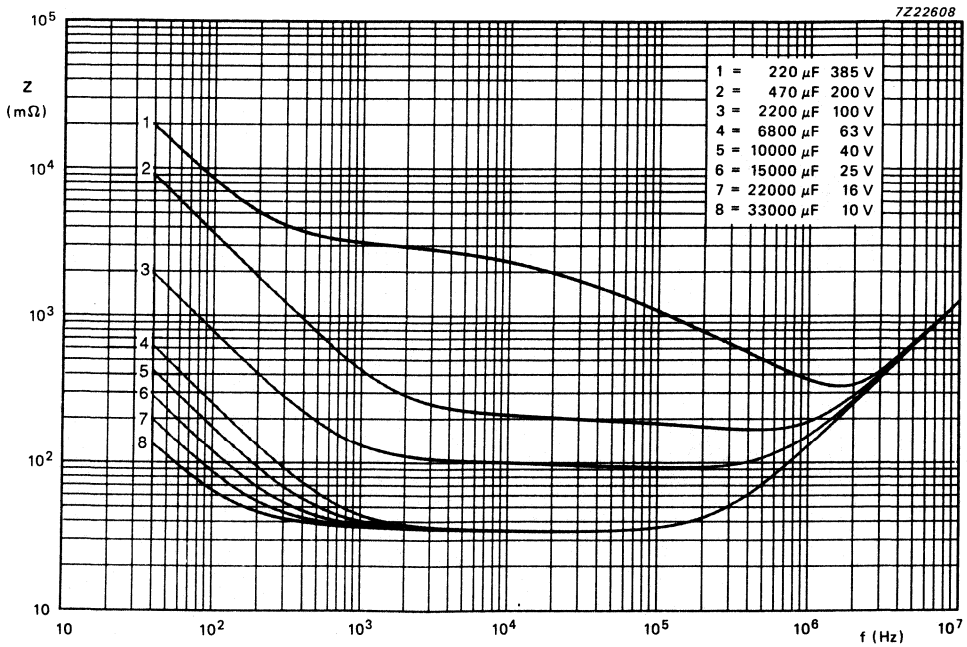


Fig. 36 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 4.

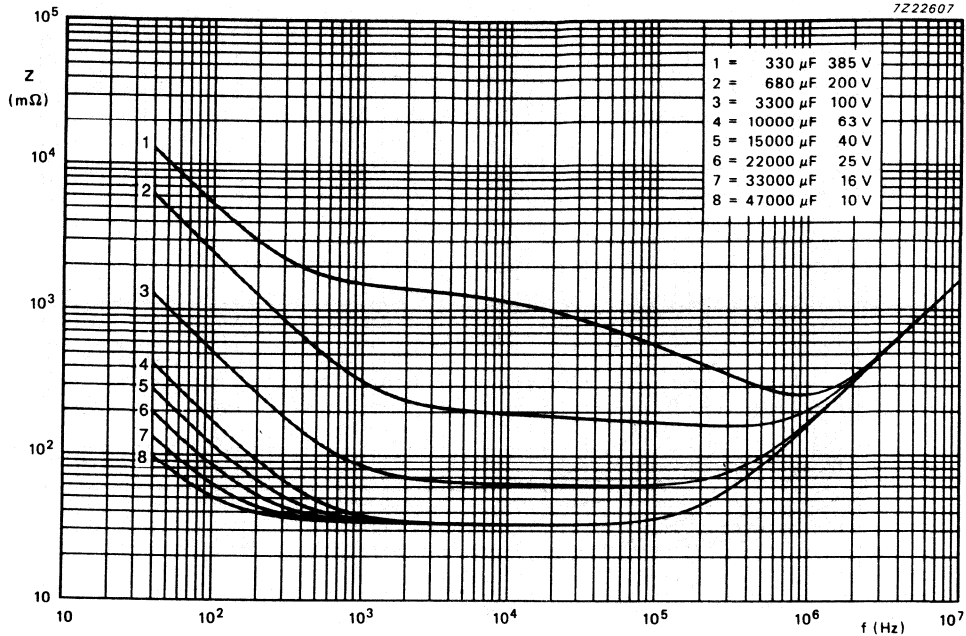


Fig. 37 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case sizes 5 and 6.

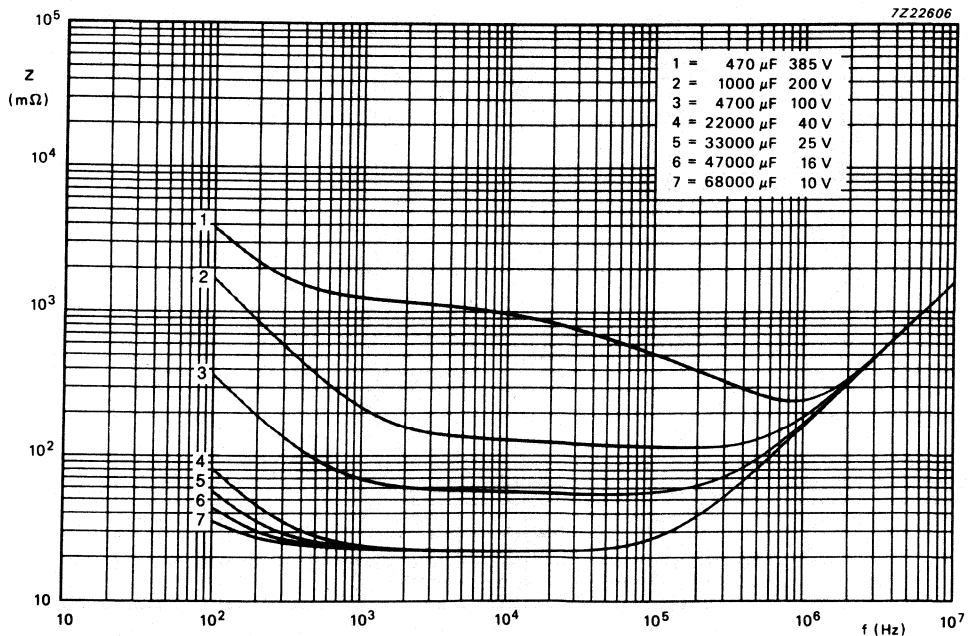


Fig. 38 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 7.

2222 051
2222 053

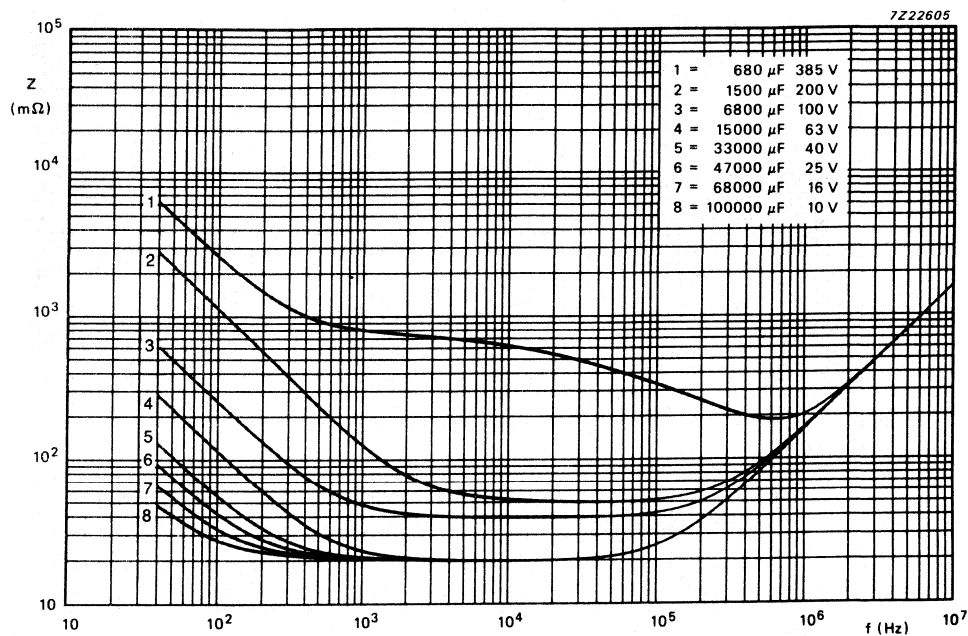


Fig. 39 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 8.

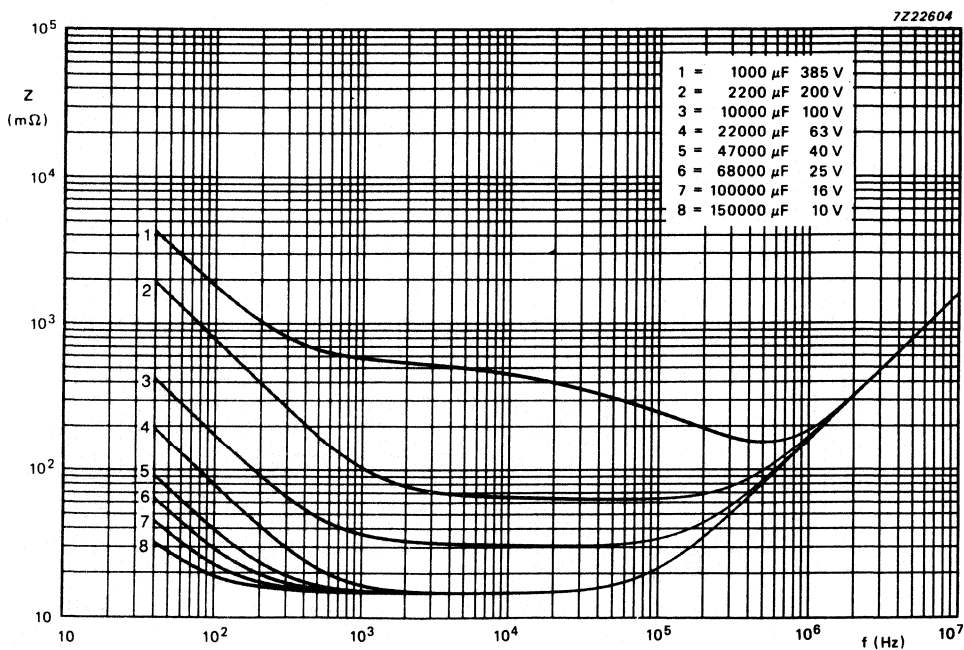


Fig. 40 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 9.

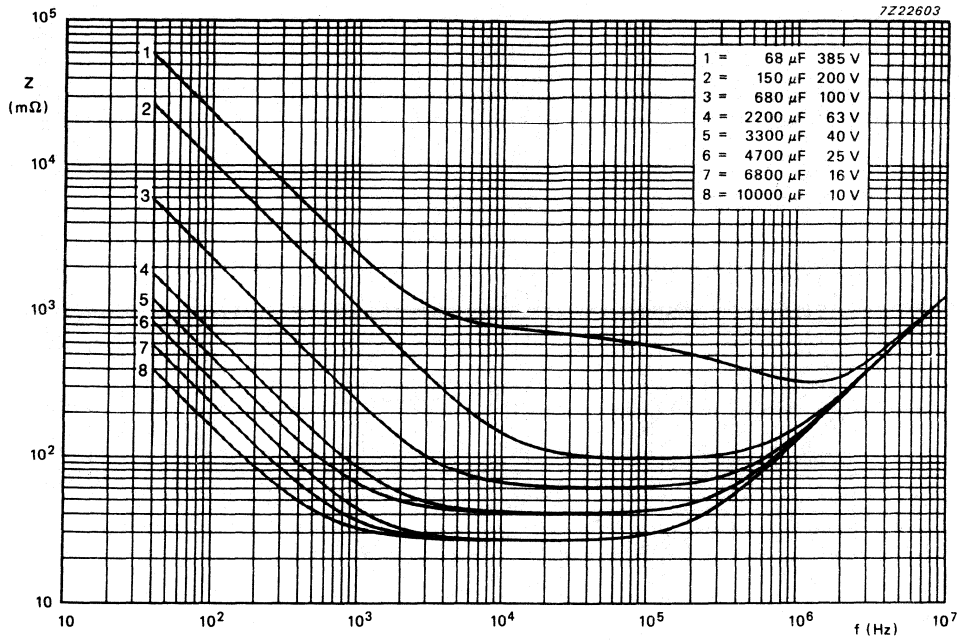


Fig. 41 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 1.

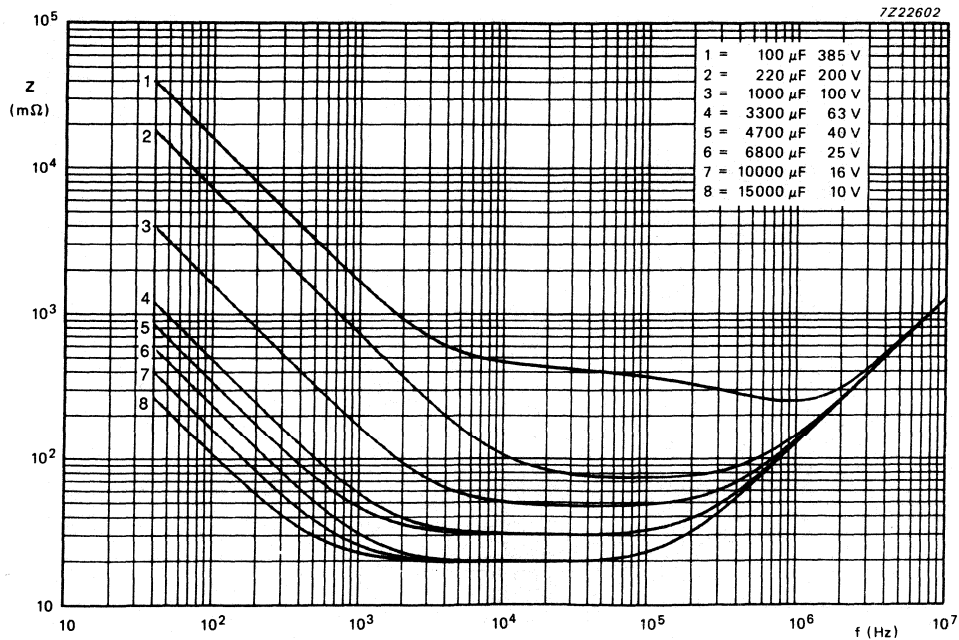


Fig. 42 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 2.

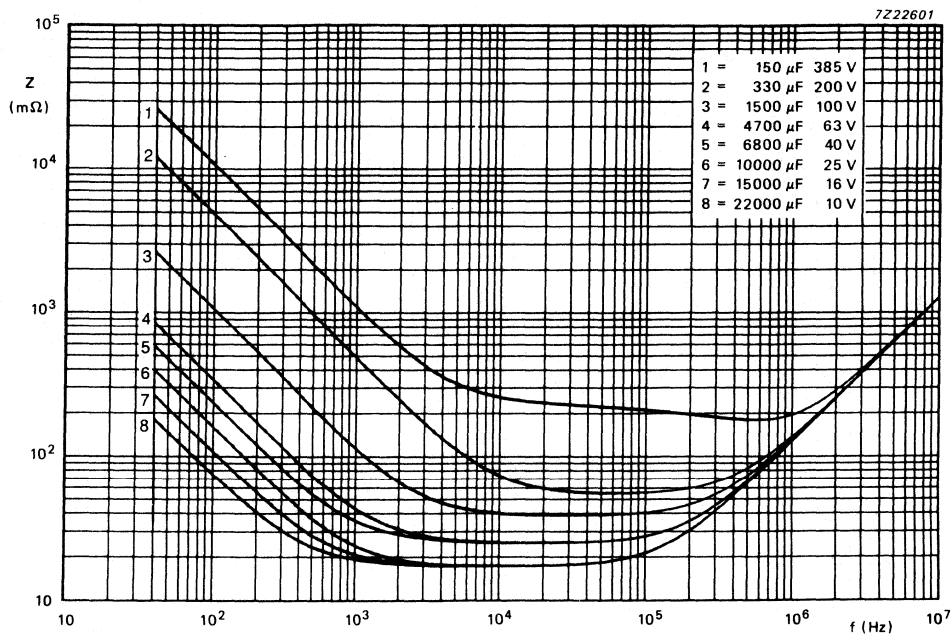


Fig. 43 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 3.

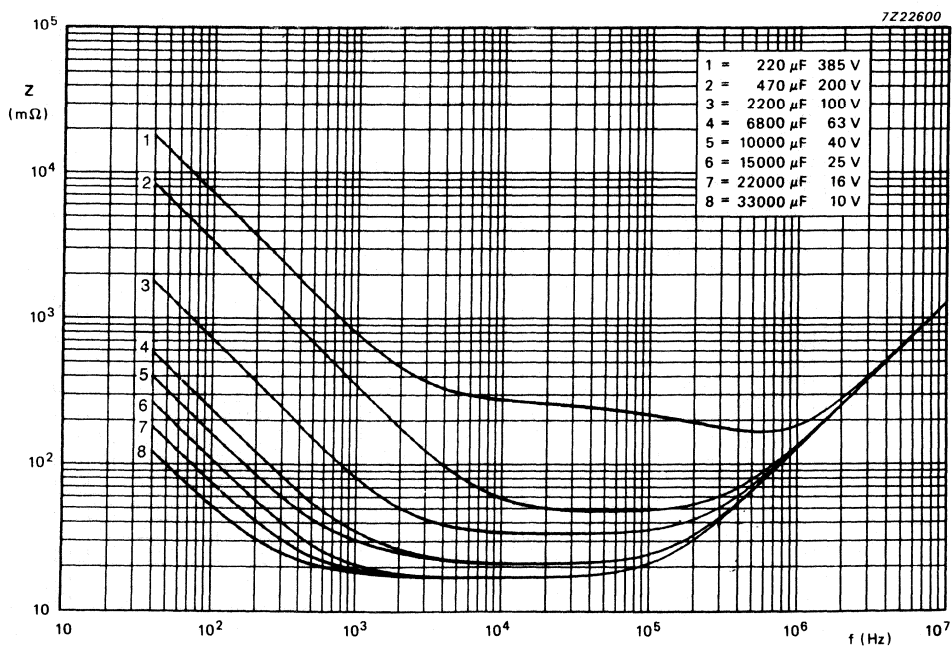


Fig. 44 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 4.

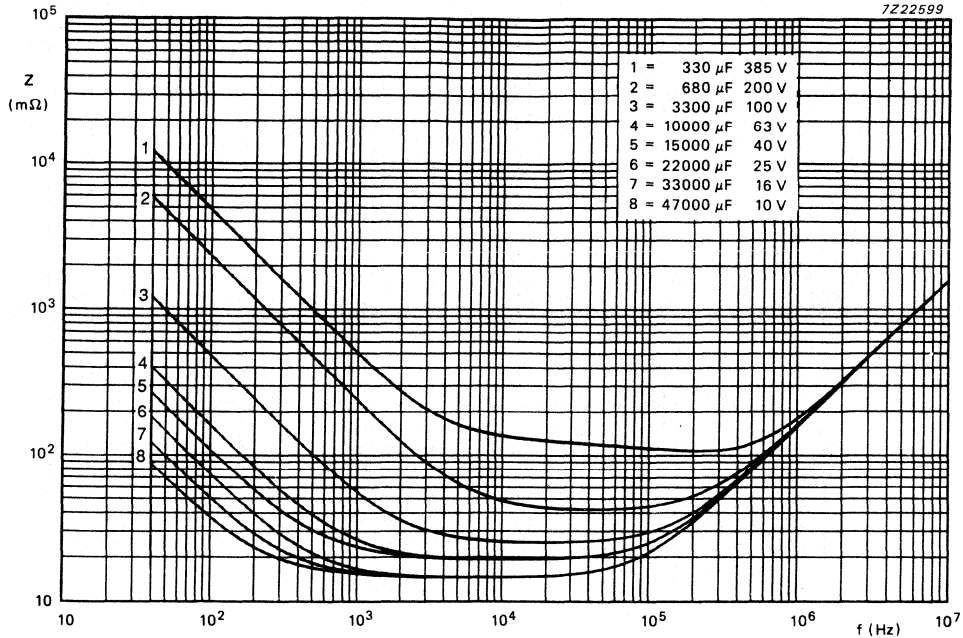


Fig. 45 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case sizes 5 and 6.

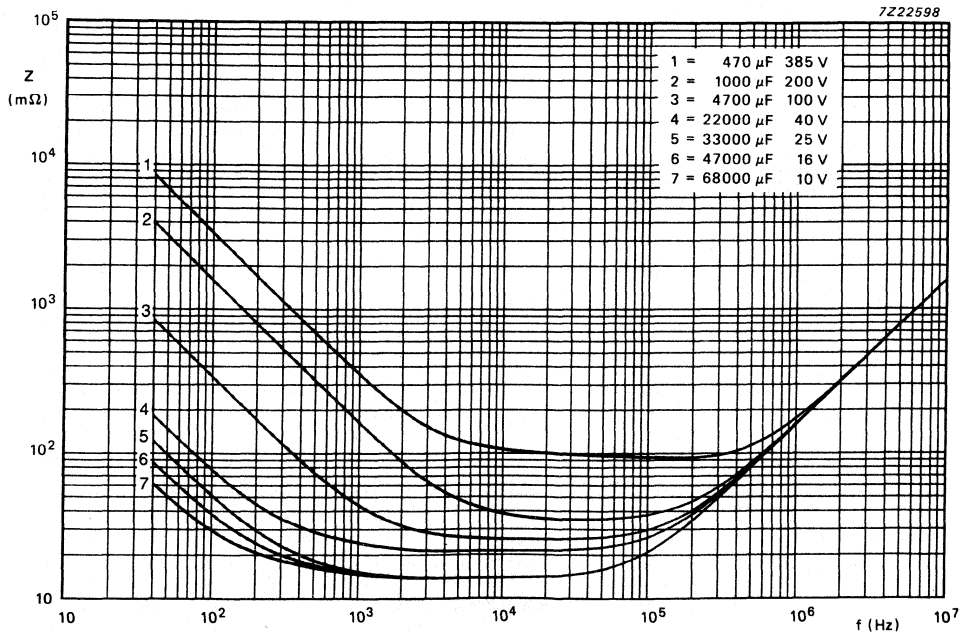


Fig. 46 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 7.

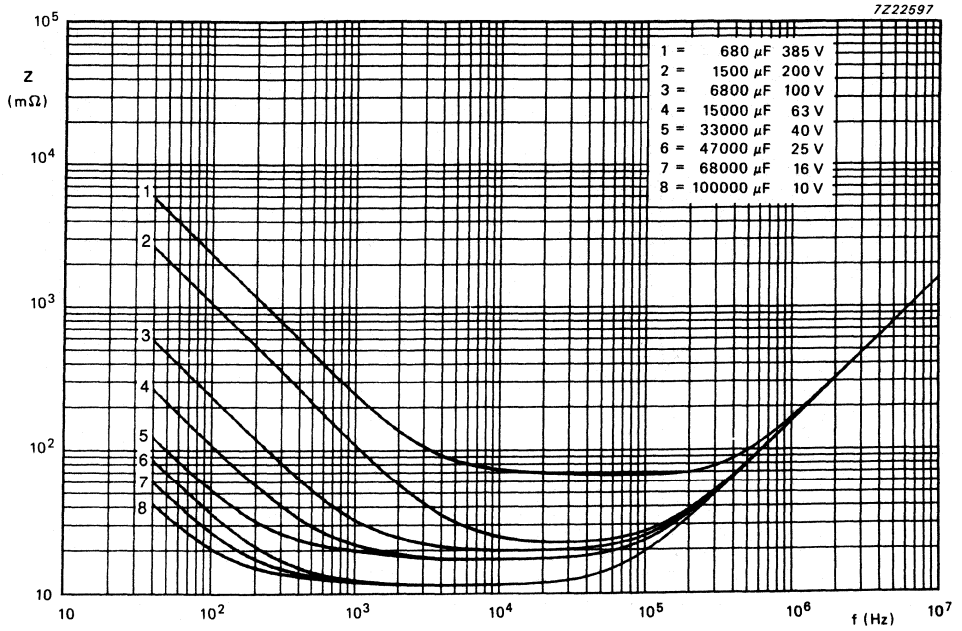


Fig. 47 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 8.

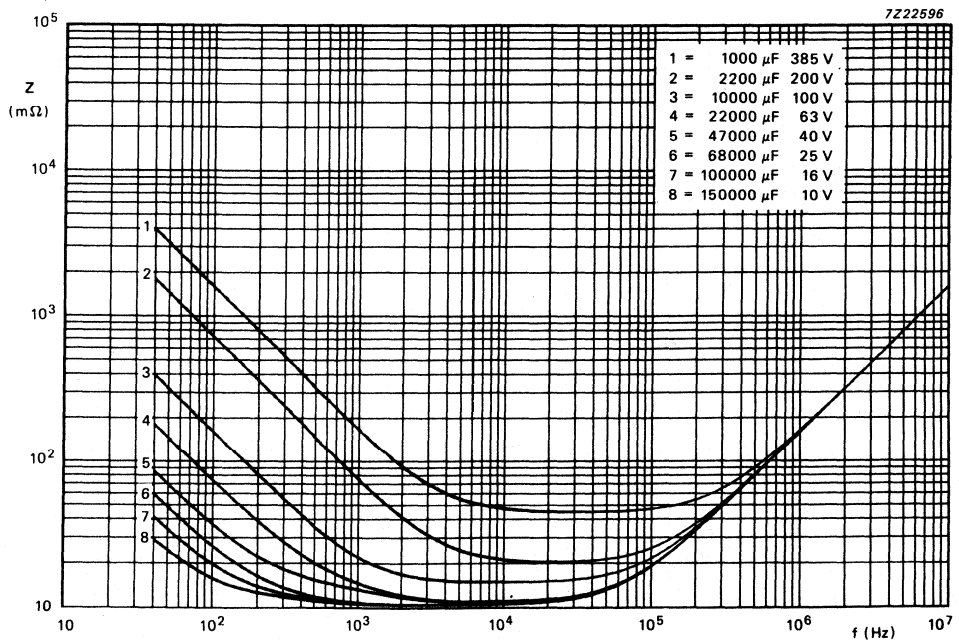


Fig. 48 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 9.

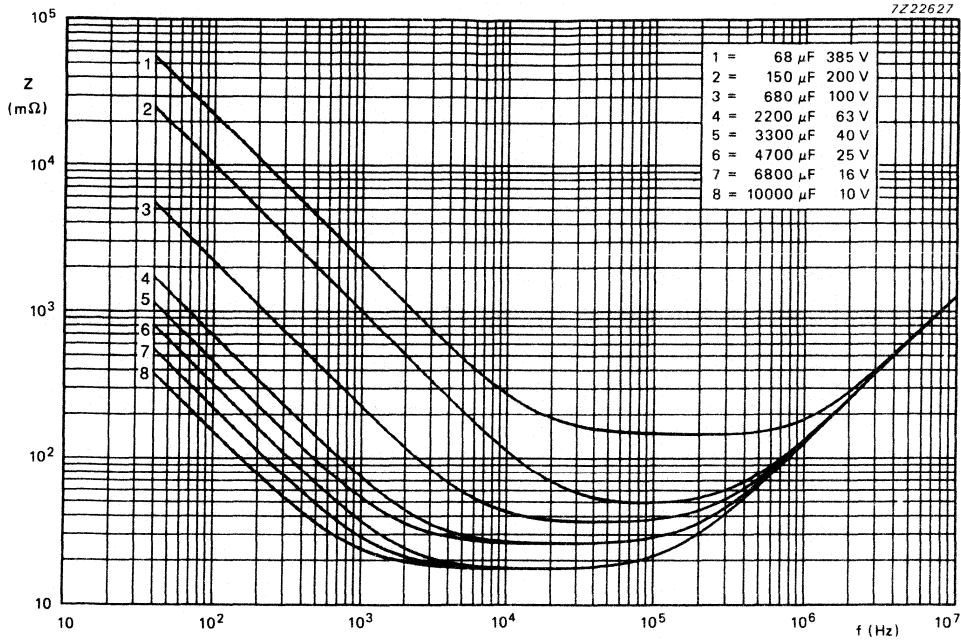


Fig. 49 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 1.

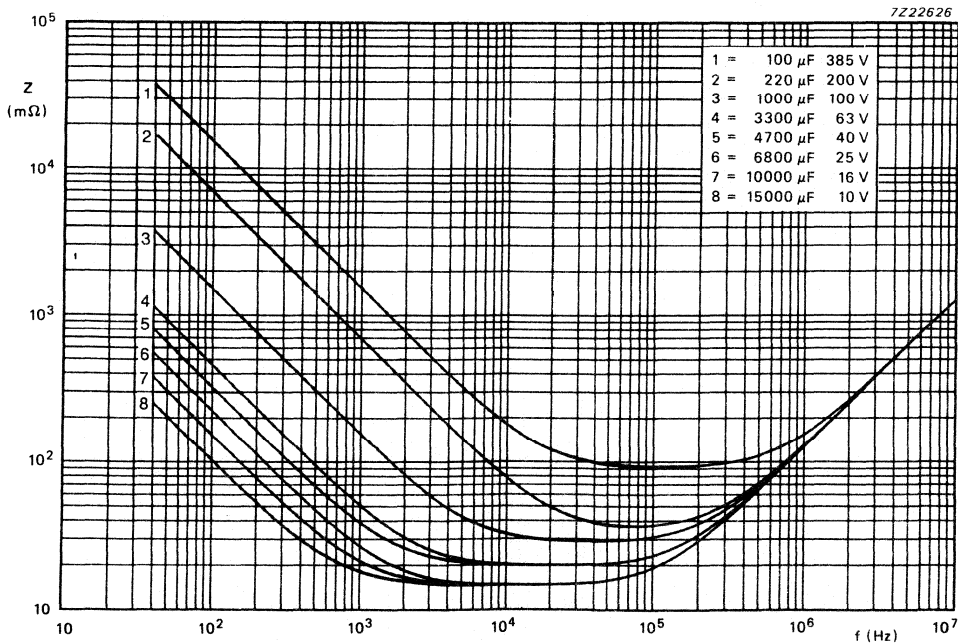


Fig. 50 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 2.

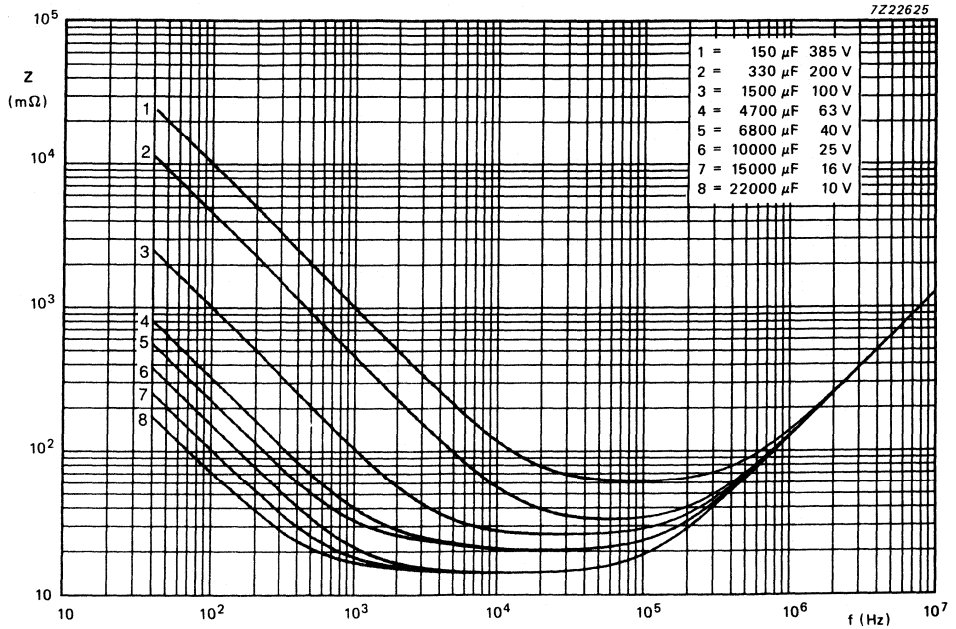


Fig. 51 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 3.

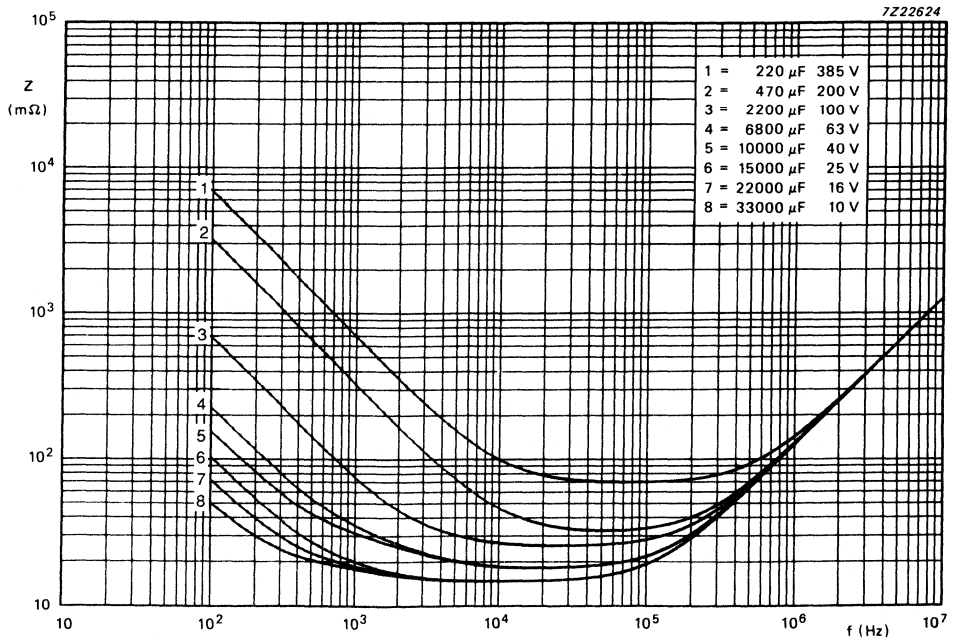


Fig. 52 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 4.

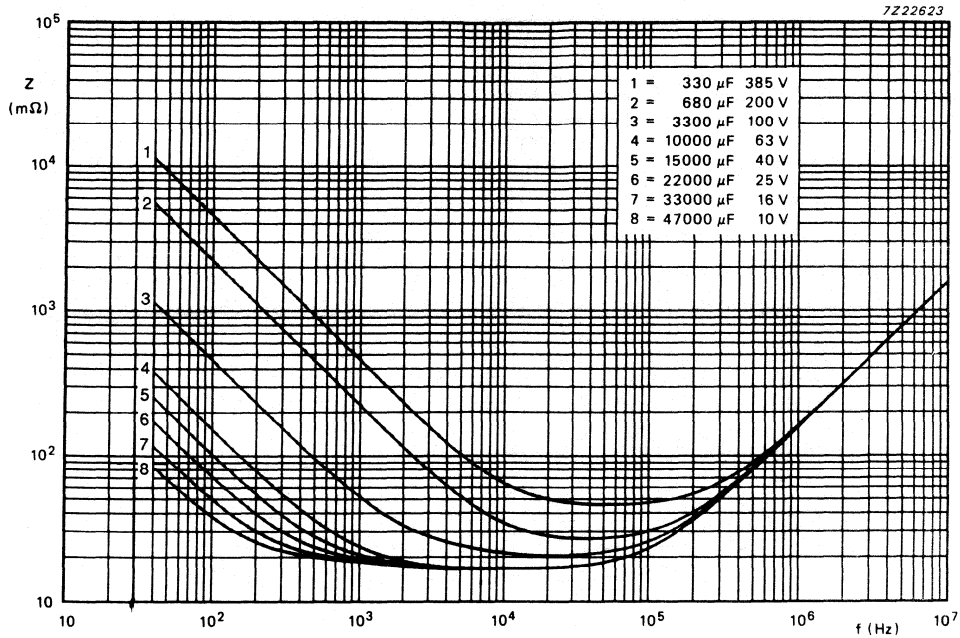


Fig. 53 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case sizes 5 and 6.

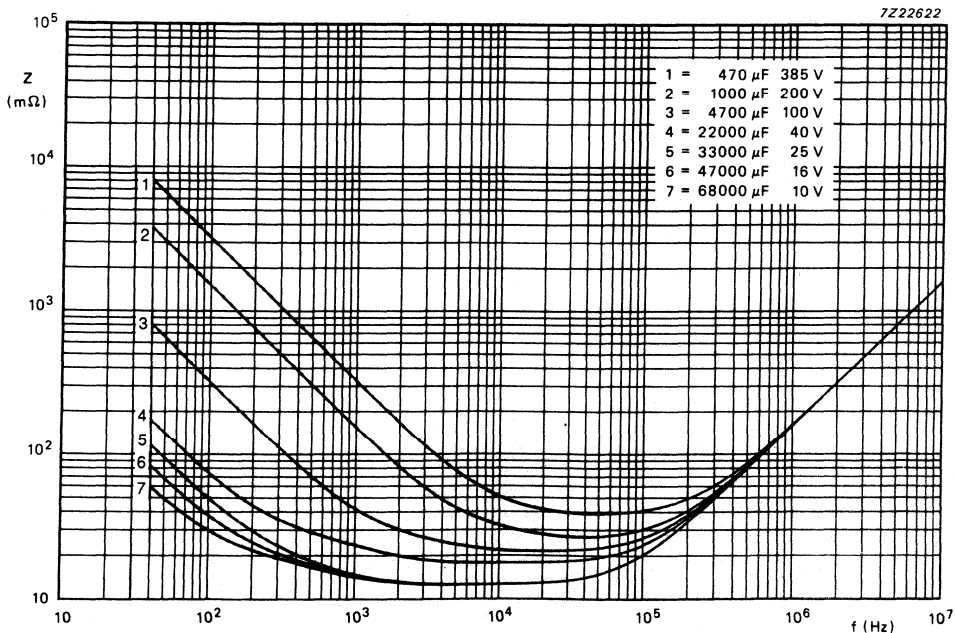


Fig. 54 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 7.

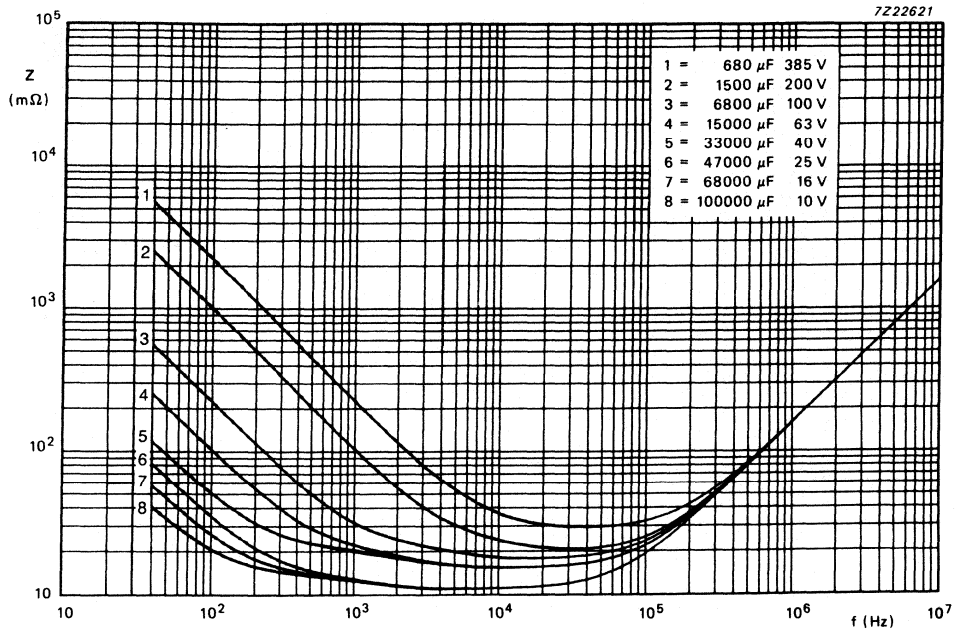


Fig. 55 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 8.

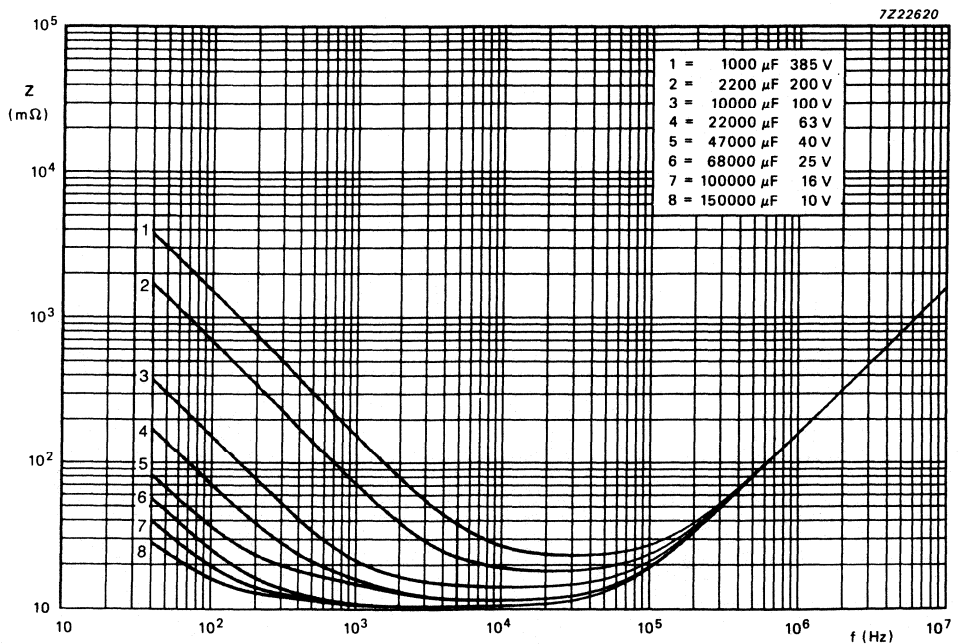


Fig. 56 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 9.

OPERATIONAL DATA**Category temperature range**

| | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| For $U_R \leq 63$ V | -55 to +85 °C |
| For $U_R > 63$ V | -40 to +85 °C |

Life expectancy

| | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Typical life time | ≤ 100 V | > 100 V |
| at $T_{amb} = 85$ °C | > 7000 hours | $> 10\ 000$ hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 40$ °C | $> 140\ 000$ hours | $> 200\ 000$ hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85$ °C | 500 hours | |

Failure rate

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Failure rate, catastrophic, at rated voltage, $T_{amb} = 40$ °C and confidence level 60% | $< 10^{-7}$ |
|---|-------------|

PACKING

The capacitors are packed in boxes containing 100 pieces.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

After *shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

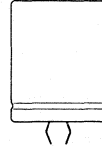
For the 385 V version the DC leakage current and $\tan \delta$ measurements of the reverse voltage test (sub clause 9.16 IEC 384-4) should be carried out after 250 hours, U_R in forward polarity.

Note: Capacitors 2222 051 and 2222 053 are large types, long-life grade.

SUPERSEDES DATA OF MARCH 1986

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Very high CU-product per unit volume
- Large type with snap-in pins for printed-circuit board mounting
- Long life
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 47 to 33 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage U_R | 10 to 385 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 5000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long life grade |
| Climatic category, IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 200 | 385 |
| 47 | | | | | | | | 2230 |
| 68 | | | | | | | | 2530/2240 |
| 100 | | | | | | | 2230 | 2540/3030 |
| 150 | | | | | | | 2530/2240 | 3040 |
| 220 | | | | | | | 2540/3030 | 3540/3050 |
| 330 | | | | | | | 3040 | |
| 470 | | | | | | | 3540/3050 | |
| 680 | | | | | | 2230 | | |
| 1000 | | | | | 2230 | 2530/2240 | | |
| 1500 | | | | | 2530/2240 | 3040 | | |
| 2200 | | | | 2230 | 2540/3030 | 3540/3050 | | |
| 3300 | | | 2230 | 2530/2240 | 3040 | | | |
| 4700 | | 2230 | 2530/2240 | 2540/3030 | 3540/3050 | | | |
| 6800 | 2230 | 2530/2240 | 2540/3030 | 3040 | | | | |
| 10000 | 2530/2240 | 2540/3030 | 3040 | 3540/3050 | | | | |
| 15000 | 2540/3030 | 3040 | 3540/3050 | | | | | |
| 22000 | 3040 | 3540/3050 | | | | | | |
| 33000 | 3540/3050 | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions mm |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| 2230 | ϕ 22 x 30 |
| 2530 | ϕ 25 x 30 |
| 3030 | ϕ 30 x 30 |
| 2240 | ϕ 22 x 40 |
| 2540 | ϕ 25 x 40 |
| 3040 | ϕ 30 x 40 |
| 3540 | ϕ 35 x 40 |
| 3050 | ϕ 30 x 50 |

* Case size 2230 in development.

APPLICATION

These capacitors have low ESR and ESL values and are small in dimension which make them suitable for use in a variety of applications, including:

- switched-mode power supplies
- power supplies for digital equipment
- energy storage in pulse system applications
- filters for measuring and control equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors incorporate deeply etched anode foil electrodes, which allow them to be of a small dimension in comparison to their CU-product. They are cold welded and charge/discharge proof. A safety vent is located in the side of the aluminium case, and the case is fully insulated. The capacitors are fitted with two snap-in pins for mounting on printed-circuit boards.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

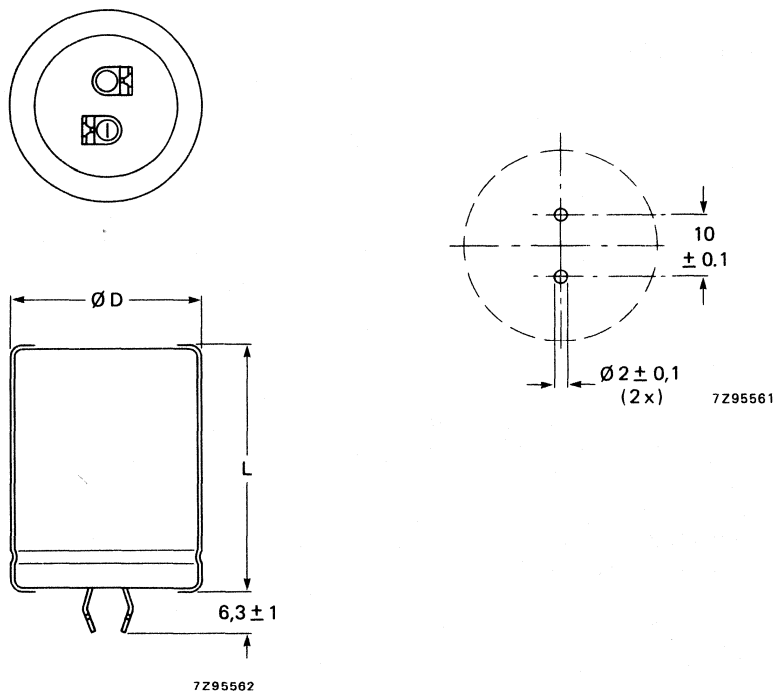


Fig. 1 Capacitor outline; see Table 3 for dimensions $\varnothing D$ and L .

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | ϕD mm | ϕD_{\max} mm | L + 2 mm | approx. mass grams |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2230 | 22 | 23 | 30 | 12 |
| 2530 | 25 | 26.5 | 30 | 17 |
| 3030 | 30 | 31.5 | 30 | 22 |
| 2240 | 22 | 23 | 40 | 17 |
| 2540 | 25 | 26.5 | 40 | 22 |
| 3040 | 30 | 31.5 | 40 | 35 |
| 3540 | 35 | 36.5 | 40 | 45 |
| 3050 | 30 | 31.5 | 50 | 45 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- tolerance on nominal capacitance
- rated voltage
- temperature range
- date code (year and week) in accordance with IEC 62
- name of manufacturer
- origin of manufacturer
- '-' sign to indicate the negative terminal, visible from the top and side of the capacitor
- code number (last 8 digits).

Mounting

The capacitors may be mounted in any position. When a number of capacitors are to be connected to form a capacitor bank, they must not be mounted closer than 15 mm apart from each other if no ripple current and/or temperature derating is applied. When the application demands that the case is at a specified potential, the potential must be connected to the negative terminal only.

The dimensions and diameters of the mounting holes are shown in Fig. 1.

Minimum atmospheric pressure

8.5 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 4 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 4 Electrical data

| U_R | nom. cap. value | max. RMS ripple current at 100 Hz, 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number 2222 followed by: |
|-------|-----------------|--|---|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| V | μF | A | μA | $m\Omega$ | $m\Omega$ | | |
| 10 | 6800 | 1.98 | 412 | 89 | 77 | 2230 | 054 54682 |
| | 10000 | 2.31 | 604 | 80 | 75 | 2530 | 54103 |
| | 10000 | 2.73 | 604 | 60 | 53 | 2240 | 44103 |
| | 15000 | 3.05 | 904 | 57 | 55 | 3030 | 44153 |
| | 15000 | 3.18 | 904 | 54 | 51 | 2540 | 54153 |
| | 22000 | 4.15 | 1324 | 39 | 38 | 3040 | 54223 |
| | 33000 | 4.94 | 1984 | 33 | 32 | 3540 | 54333 |
| | 33000 | 5.29 | 1984 | 29 | 30 | 3050 | 44333 |
| 16 | 4700 | 1.94 | 455 | 93 | 77 | 2230 | 054 55472 |
| | 6800 | 2.26 | 657 | 84 | 75 | 2530 | 55682 |
| | 6800 | 2.65 | 657 | 64 | 53 | 2240 | 45682 |
| | 10000 | 2.97 | 964 | 60 | 55 | 3030 | 45103 |
| | 10000 | 3.15 | 964 | 55 | 51 | 2540 | 55103 |
| | 15000 | 4.10 | 1444 | 40 | 38 | 3040 | 55123 |
| | 22000 | 4.87 | 2116 | 34 | 32 | 3540 | 55223 |
| | 22000 | 5.20 | 2116 | 30 | 30 | 3050 | 45223 |
| 25 | 3300 | 1.81 | 499 | 107 | 84 | 2230 | 054 56332 |
| | 4700 | 2.19 | 709 | 89 | 75 | 2530 | 56472 |
| | 4700 | 2.45 | 709 | 75 | 53 | 2240 | 46472 |
| | 6800 | 2.88 | 1024 | 64 | 55 | 3030 | 46682 |
| | 6800 | 2.96 | 1024 | 62 | 51 | 2540 | 56682 |
| | 10000 | 3.91 | 1504 | 44 | 38 | 3040 | 56103 |
| | 15000 | 4.73 | 2254 | 36 | 32 | 3540 | 56153 |
| | 15000 | 4.89 | 2254 | 34 | 30 | 3050 | 46153 |
| 40 | 2200 | 1.64 | 532 | 129 | 88 | 2230 | 054 57222 |
| | 3300 | 1.95 | 796 | 112 | 84 | 2530 | 57332 |
| | 3300 | 2.28 | 796 | 86 | 61 | 2240 | 47332 |
| | 4700 | 2.54 | 1132 | 82 | 65 | 3030 | 47472 |
| | 4700 | 2.70 | 1132 | 75 | 57 | 2540 | 57472 |
| | 6800 | 3.43 | 1636 | 57 | 43 | 3040 | 57682 |
| | 10000 | 4.05 | 2404 | 49 | 40 | 3540 | 57103 |
| | 10000 | 4.40 | 2404 | 42 | 34 | 3050 | 47103 |

Table 4 (continued)

| U_R | nom. cap. value | max. RMS ripple current at 100 Hz, 85 °C | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number 2222 followed by |
|-------|-----------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| V | μF | A | μA | $\text{m}\Omega$ | $\text{m}\Omega$ | | |
| 63 | 1000 | 1.61 | 382 | 134 | 92 | 2230 | 054 58102 |
| | 1500 | 1.86 | 571 | 123 | 87 | 2530 | 58152 |
| | 1500 | 2.11 | 571 | 101 | 61 | 2240 | 48152 |
| | 2200 | 2.51 | 836 | 84 | 65 | 3030 | 48222 |
| | 2200 | 2.68 | 836 | 76 | 57 | 2540 | 58222 |
| | 3300 | 3.47 | 1251 | 56 | 43 | 3040 | 58332 |
| | 4700 | 4.01 | 1781 | 50 | 40 | 3540 | 58472 |
| | 4700 | 4.35 | 1781 | 43 | 34 | 3050 | 48472 |
| 100 | 470 | 1.07 | 286 | 305 | 245 | 2230 | 054 59471 |
| | 680 | 1.29 | 412 | 257 | 215 | 2530 | 59681 |
| | 680 | 1.46 | 412 | 211 | 150 | 2240 | 49681 |
| | 1000 | 1.74 | 604 | 175 | 145 | 3030 | 49102 |
| | 1000 | 1.76 | 604 | 175 | 140 | 2540 | 59102 |
| | 1500 | 2.40 | 904 | 117 | 95 | 3040 | 59152 |
| | 2200 | 2.93 | 1324 | 94 | 75 | 3540 | 59222 |
| | 2200 | 3.06 | 1324 | 87 | 70 | 3050 | 49222 |
| 200 | 100 | 0.47 | 124 | 1600 | 1115 | 2230 | 055 52101 |
| | 150 | 0.63 | 184 | 1070 | 750 | 2530 | 52151 |
| | 150 | 0.65 | 184 | 1070 | 750 | 2240 | 42151 |
| | 220 | 0.85 | 268 | 730 | 515 | 3030 | 42221 |
| | 220 | 0.86 | 268 | 730 | 515 | 2540 | 52221 |
| | 330 | 1.17 | 400 | 490 | 350 | 3040 | 52331 |
| | 470 | 1.54 | 568 | 340 | 250 | 3540 | 52471 |
| | 470 | 1.55 | 568 | 340 | 250 | 3050 | 42471 |
| 385 | 47 | 0.32 | 113 | 3390 | 2570 | 2230 | 055 58479 |
| | 68 | 0.43 | 161 | 2340 | 1780 | 2530 | 58689 |
| | 68 | 0.44 | 161 | 2340 | 1780 | 2240 | 48689 |
| | 100 | 0.58 | 235 | 1600 | 1220 | 3030 | 48101 |
| | 100 | 0.58 | 235 | 1600 | 1220 | 2540 | 58101 |
| | 150 | 0.79 | 351 | 1070 | 815 | 3040 | 58151 |
| | 220 | 1.05 | 512 | 730 | 560 | 3540 | 58221 |
| | 220 | 1.05 | 512 | 730 | 560 | 3050 | 48221 |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

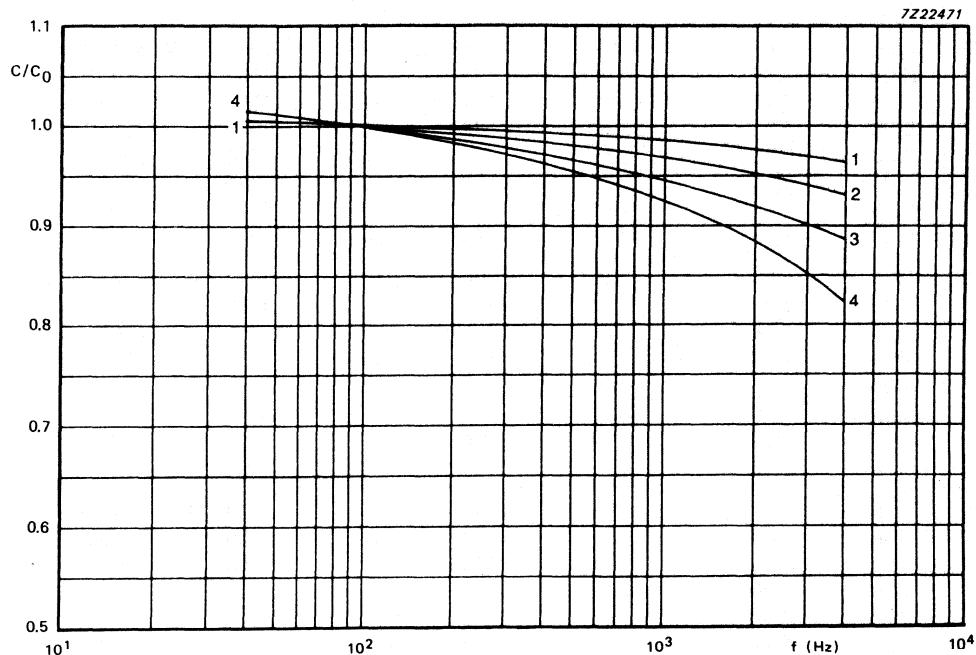


Fig. 2 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency;
 C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 100/200 V

curve 3 = 25/385 V

curve 2 = 40/63 V

curve 4 = 10/16 V

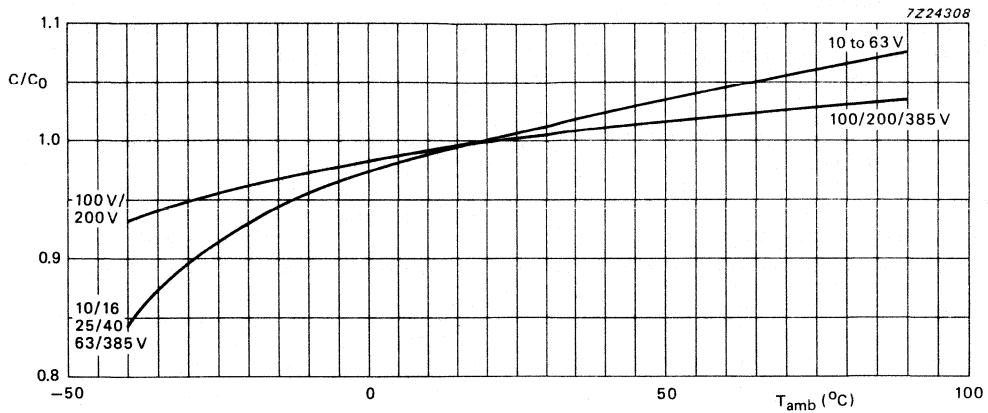


Fig. 3 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature;
 C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

Voltage

- Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage
- Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following conditions are met:
 - (a) maximum positive voltage on anode (DC + peak AC)
 - (b) maximum positive voltage on cathode (reverse voltage)
- Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods
- Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods

| core temperature ▲ | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| $1.1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $\leq 1.1 \times U_R$ | $\leq U_R$ |
| 1 V | |
| $1.25 \times U_R$ | $1.1 \times U_R (\leq 100 \text{ V})$ |
| $1.15 \times U_R$ | (200 V versions) |
| $1.1 \times U_R$ | (385 V versions) |
| 1 V | |

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case, the ripple current is decisive.

Ripple current *

Maximum RMS ripple current

at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

at 100 Hz and other temperature

see Table 5

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and other frequencies

see Table 6

Table 5 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. ambient temperature

| ambient temperature °C | multiplier of max. ripple current |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 85 | 1.00 |
| 80 | 1.22 |
| 75 | 1.41 |
| 70 | 1.58 |
| 65 | 1.73 |
| 60 | 1.87 |
| 55 | 2.00 |
| 50 | 2.12 |
| 45 | 2.24 |
| ≤40 | 2.35 |

Table 6 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. frequency

| frequency Hz | multiplier of max. ripple current |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| 50 | 0.83 |
| 100 | 1.00 |
| 200 | 1.10 |
| 400 | 1.15 |
| 1000 | 1.19 |
| ≥2000 | 1.20 |

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analysed into a number of sinusoidal currents; the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{\sqrt{r_N}} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

When:

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{r_N}$ = multiplying factor at the same frequency (Table 6)

* Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case, the ripple voltage is decisive.

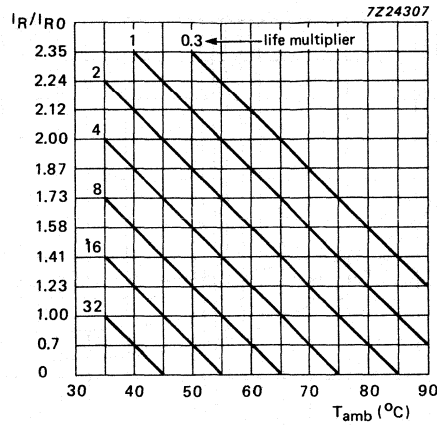


Fig. 4 Typical life as a function of ambient temperature and ripple current;
 I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source having no internal resistance, and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined, and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

see Table 4

Maximum leakage current 15 minutes after application of the nominal voltage

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

0.125 x value listed in Table 4

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

0.625 x value listed in Table 4

If, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 4.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Typical ESL for all case sizes

19 nH

Maximum ESL for all case sizes

25 nH

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ °C}$

see Table 4

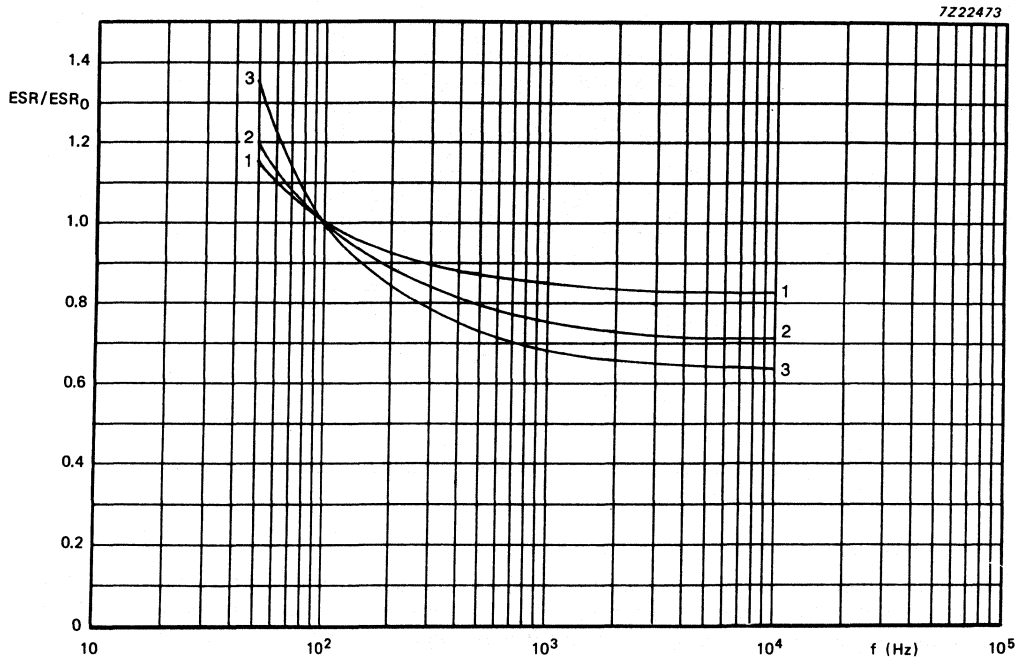


Fig. 5 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency;
 ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 10/16/25 V
curve 2 = 40/63/385 V

curve 3 = 100/200 V

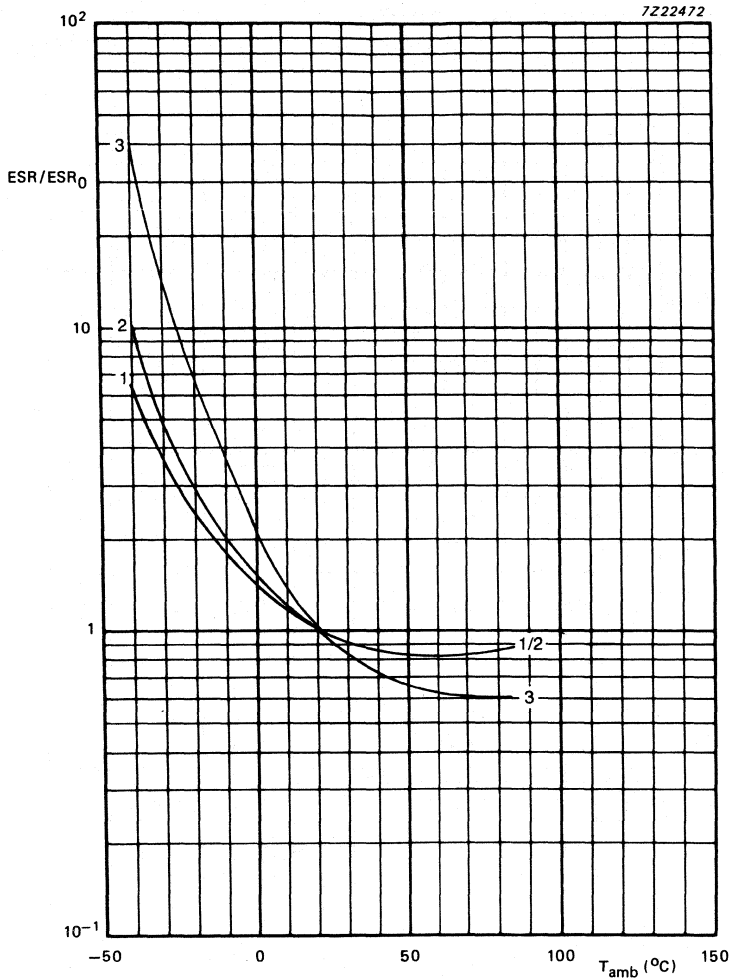


Fig. 6 Typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature;
 ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 100 V

curve 2 = 10/63 V

curve 3 = 200/385 V

2222 054
2222 055

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 10 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
measured using a four-terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 4

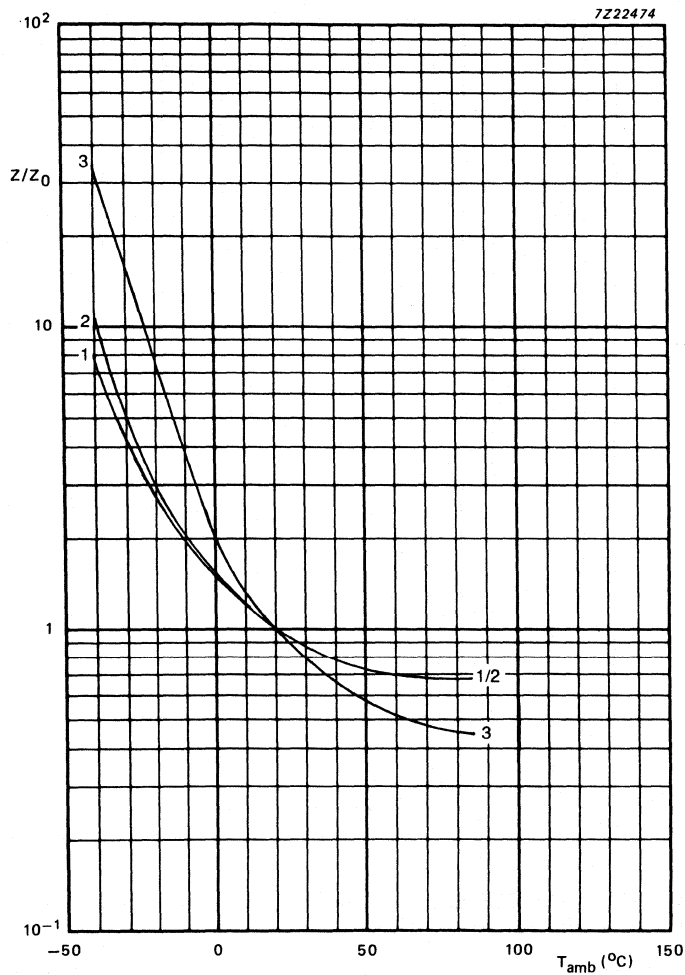


Fig. 7 Typical impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of ambient temperature;
 Z_0 = typical impedance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 100 V

curve 2 = 10/63 V

curve 3 = 200/385 V

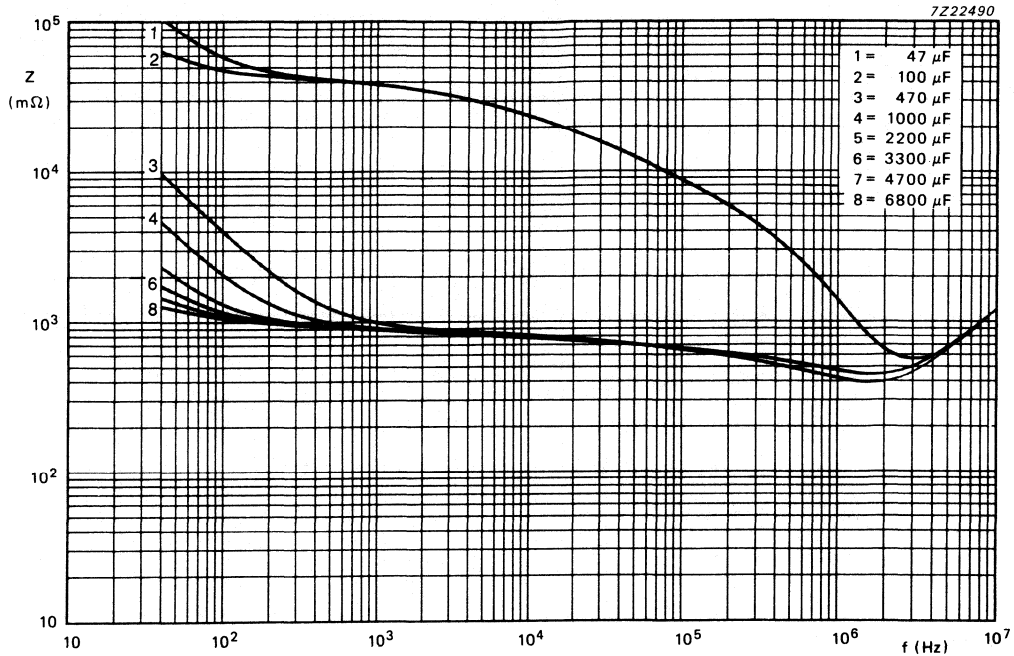


Fig. 8 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2230.

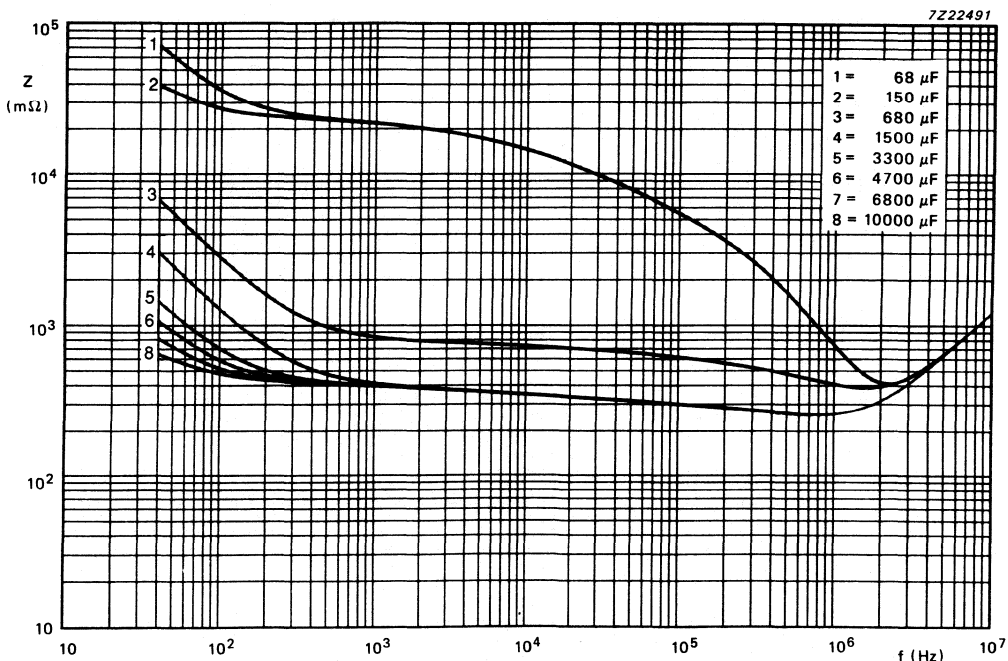


Fig. 9 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 2530 and 2240.

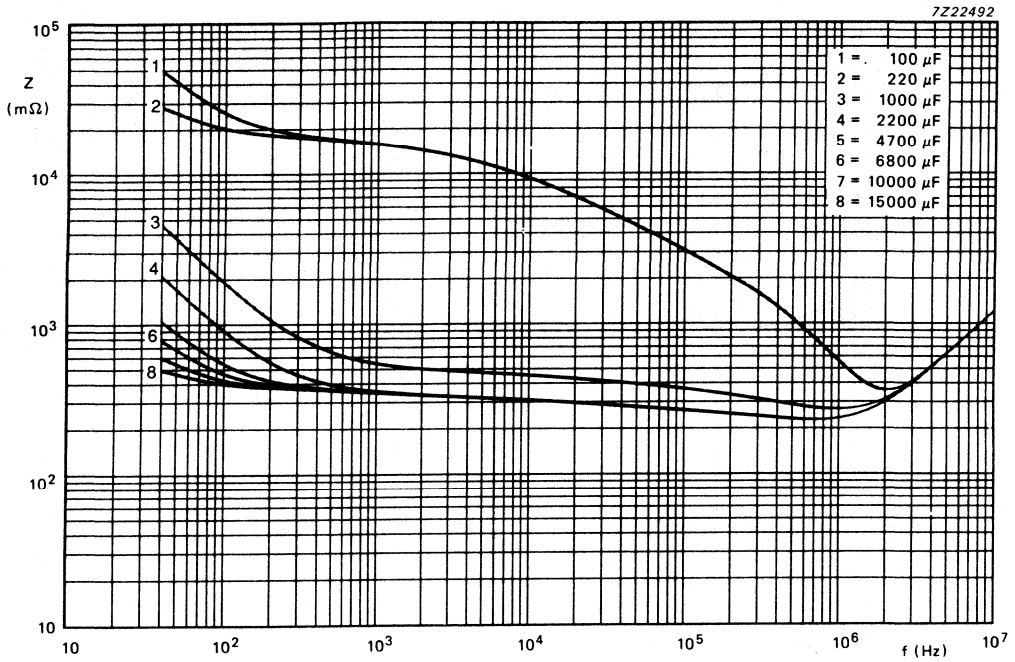


Fig. 10 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C ; case sizes 3030 and 2540.

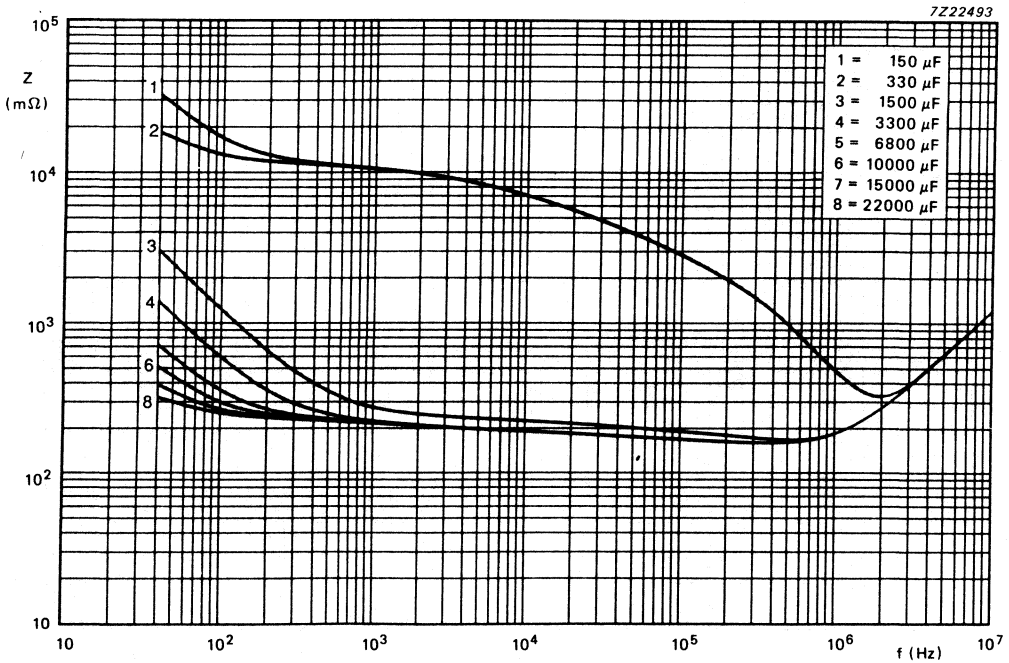


Fig. 11 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C ; case size 3040.

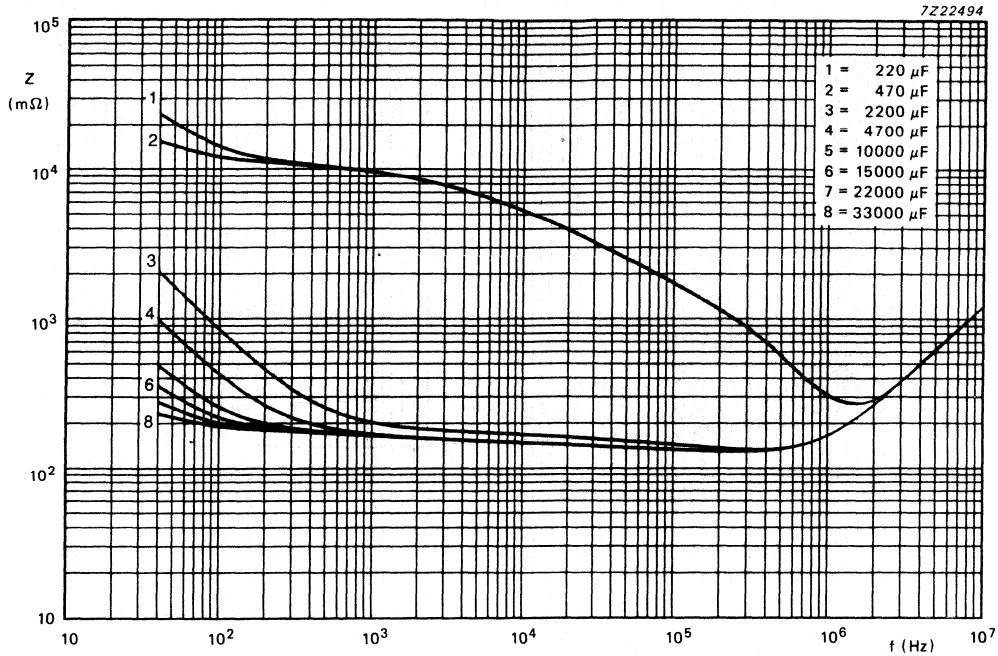


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 3540 and 3050.

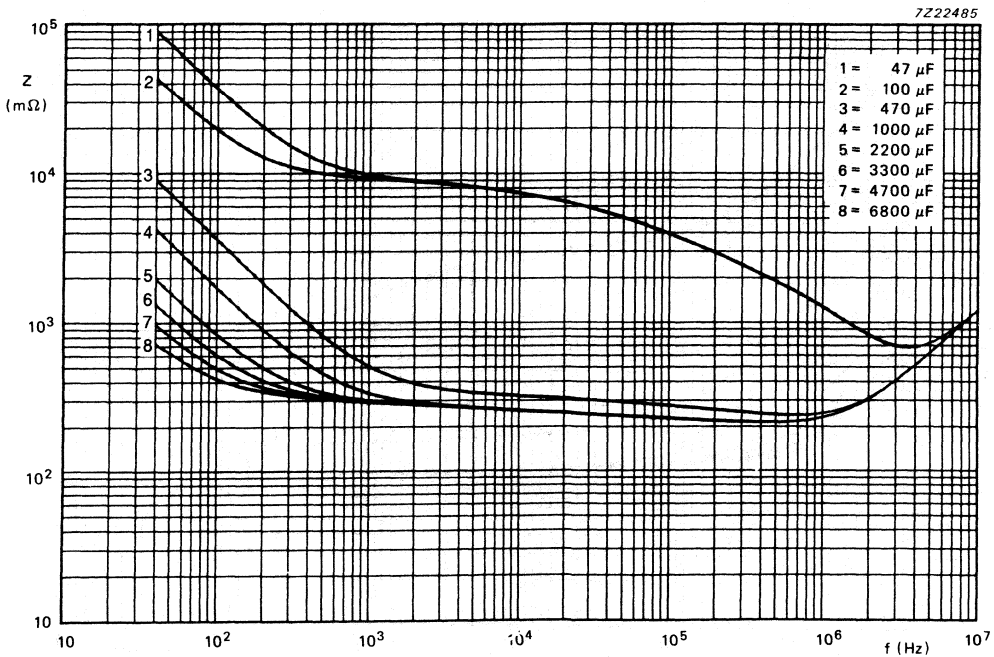


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2230.

2222 054
2222 055

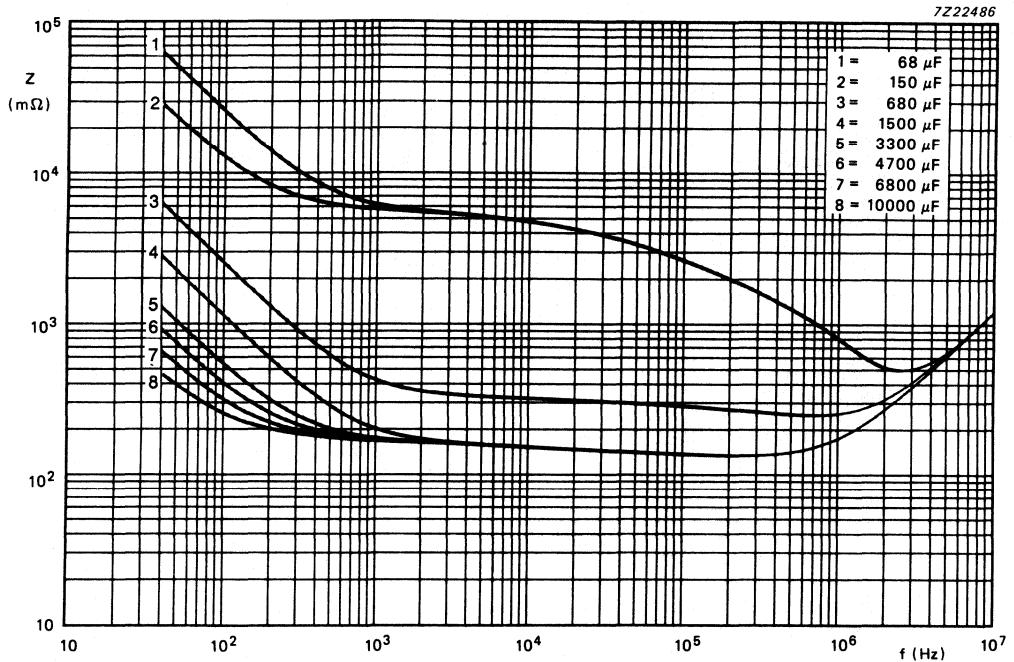


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C ; case sizes 2530 and 2240.

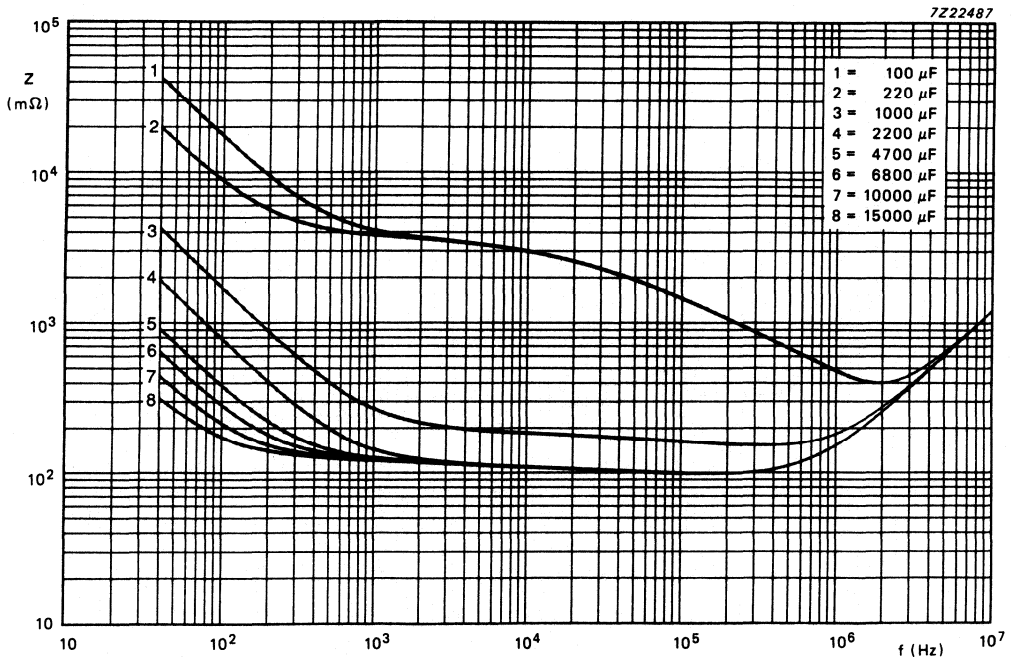


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C ; case sizes 3030 and 2540.

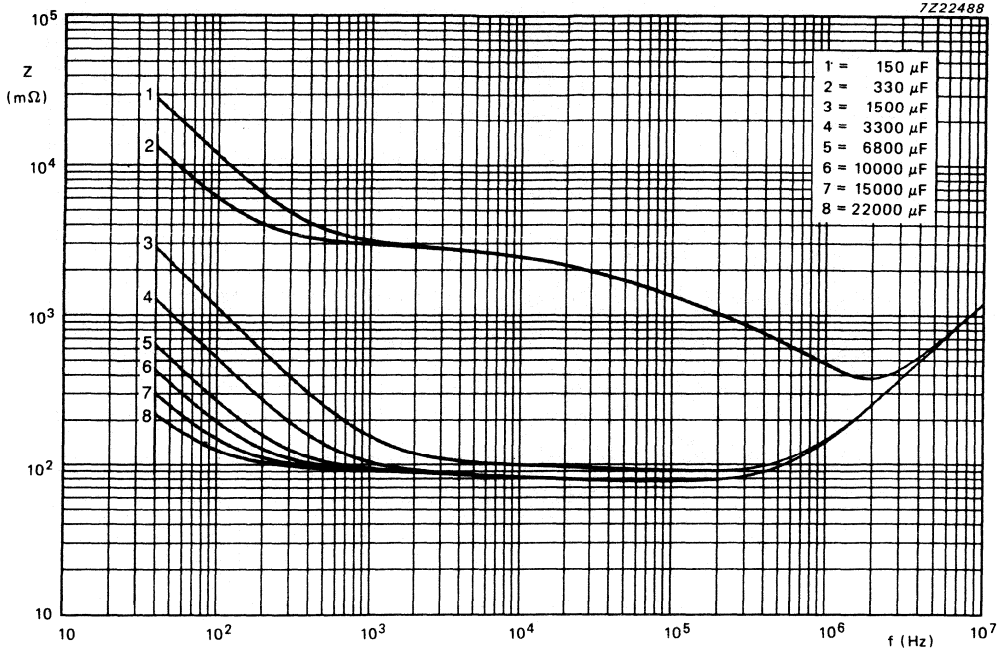


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case size 3040.

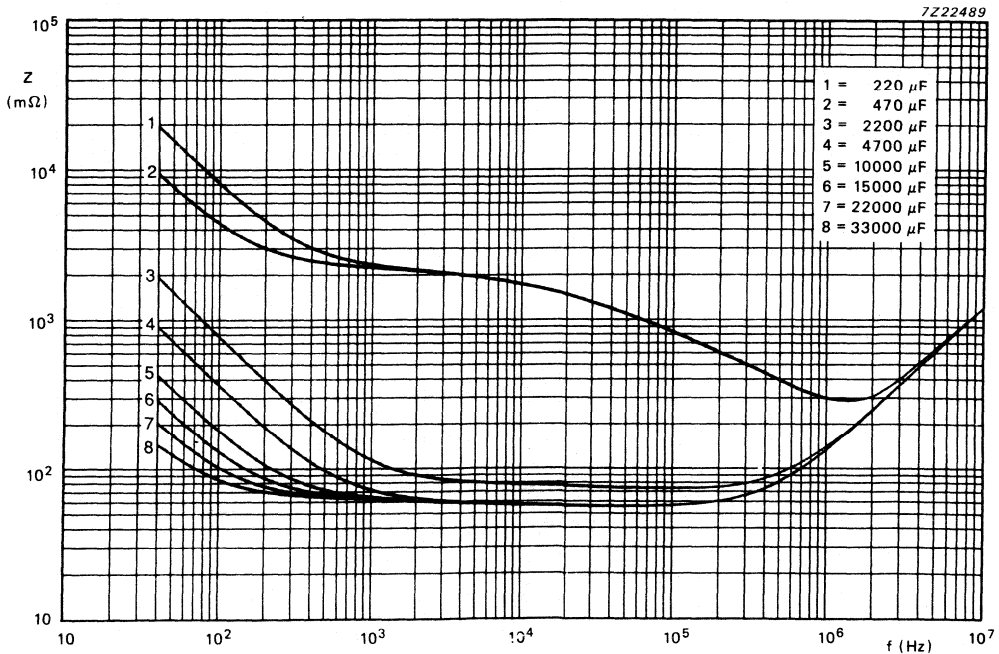


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case sizes 3540 and 3050.

2222 054
2222 055

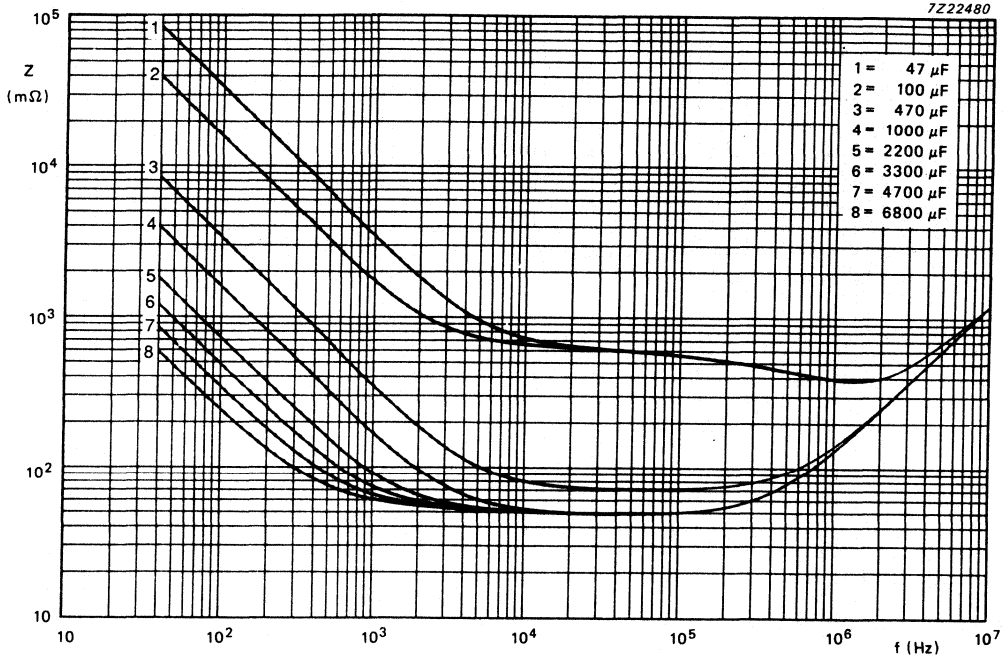


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case size 2230.

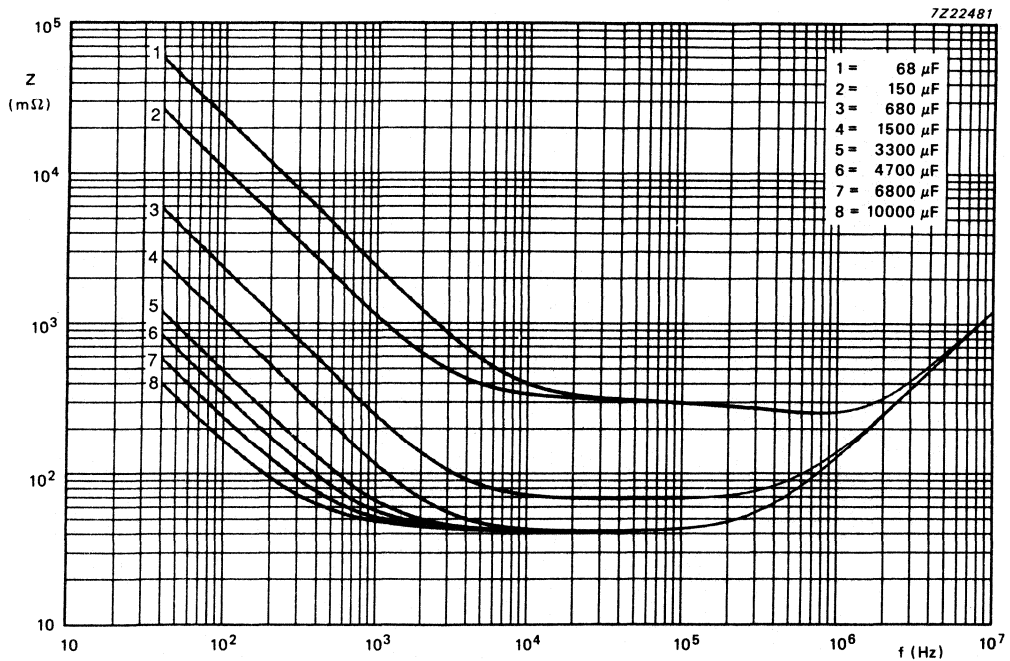


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case sizes 2530 and 2240.

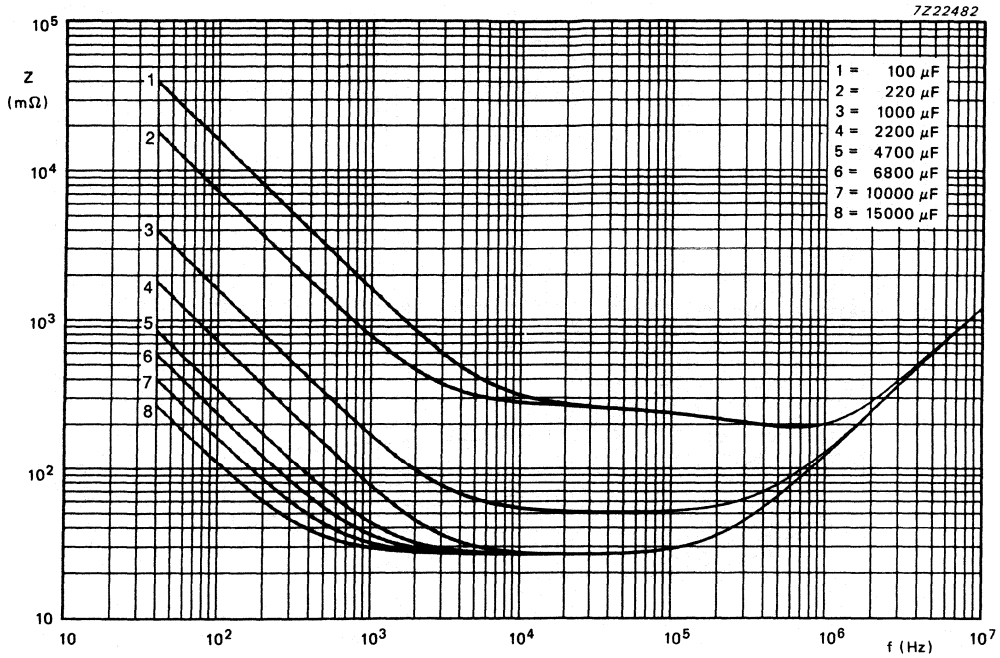


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case sizes 3030 and 2540.

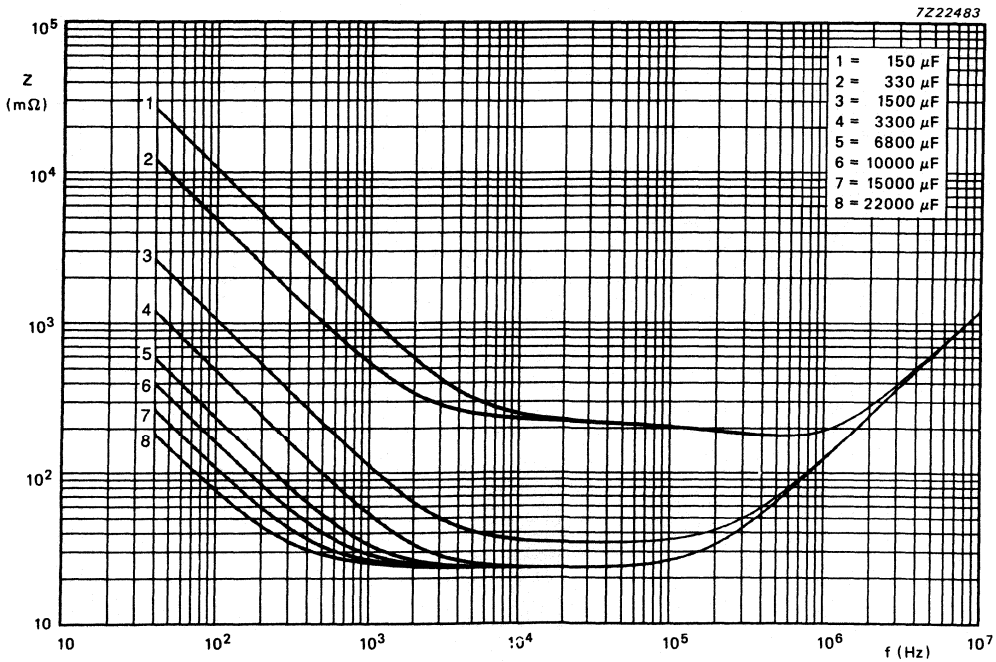


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case size 3040.

2222 054
2222 055

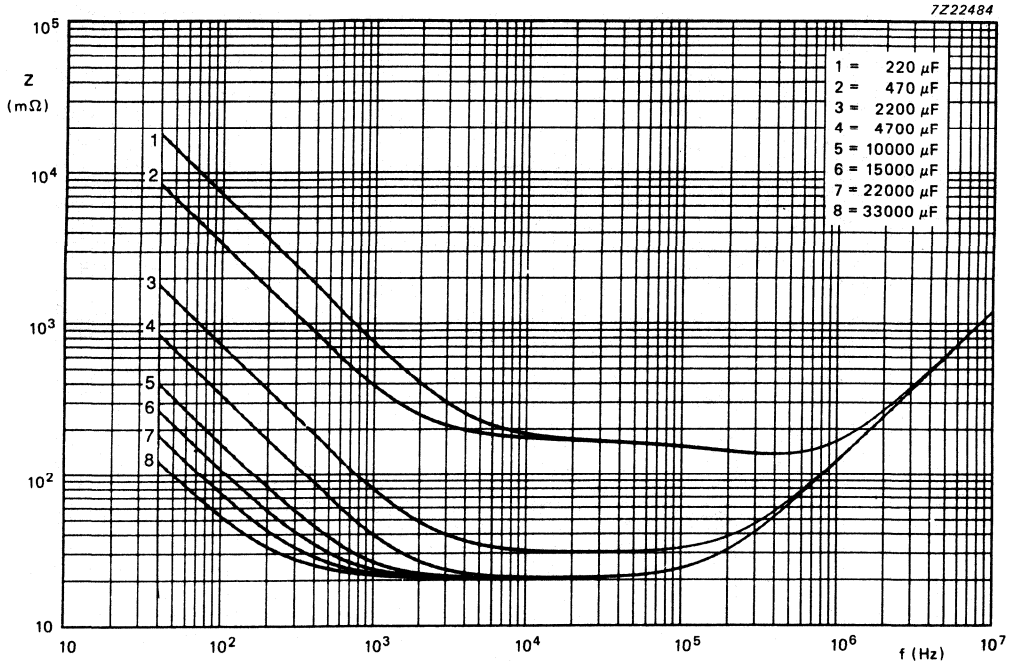


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case sizes 3540 and 3050.

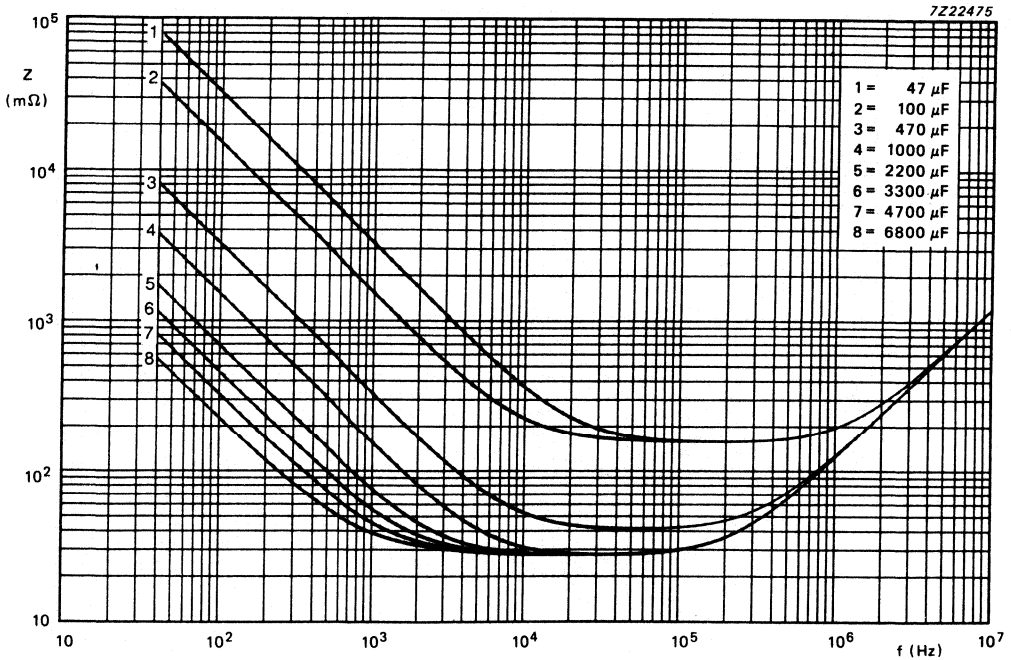


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C; case size 2230.

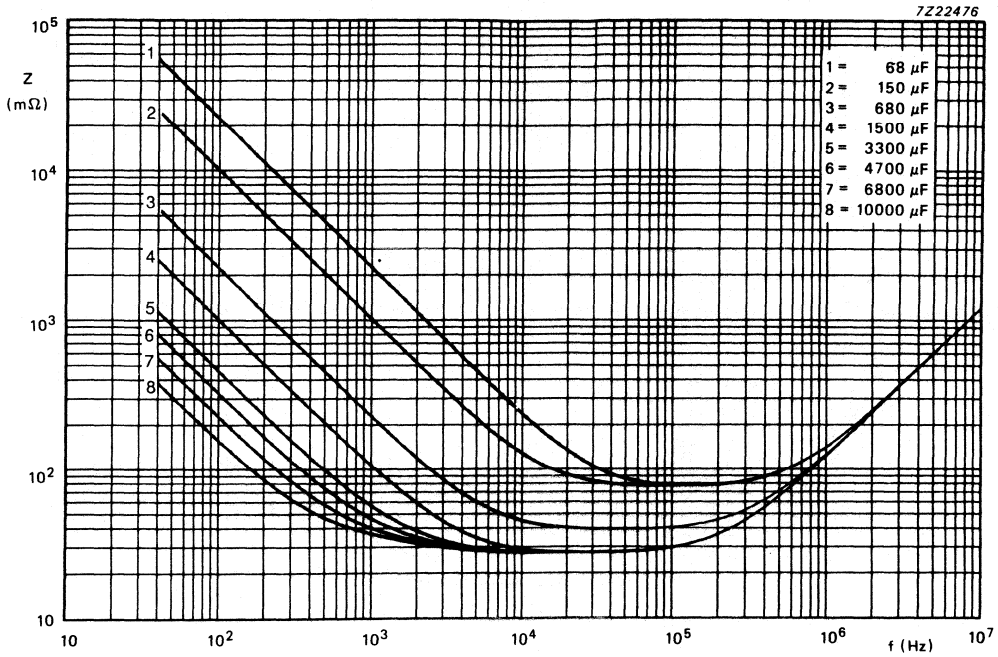


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C; case sizes 2530 and 2240.

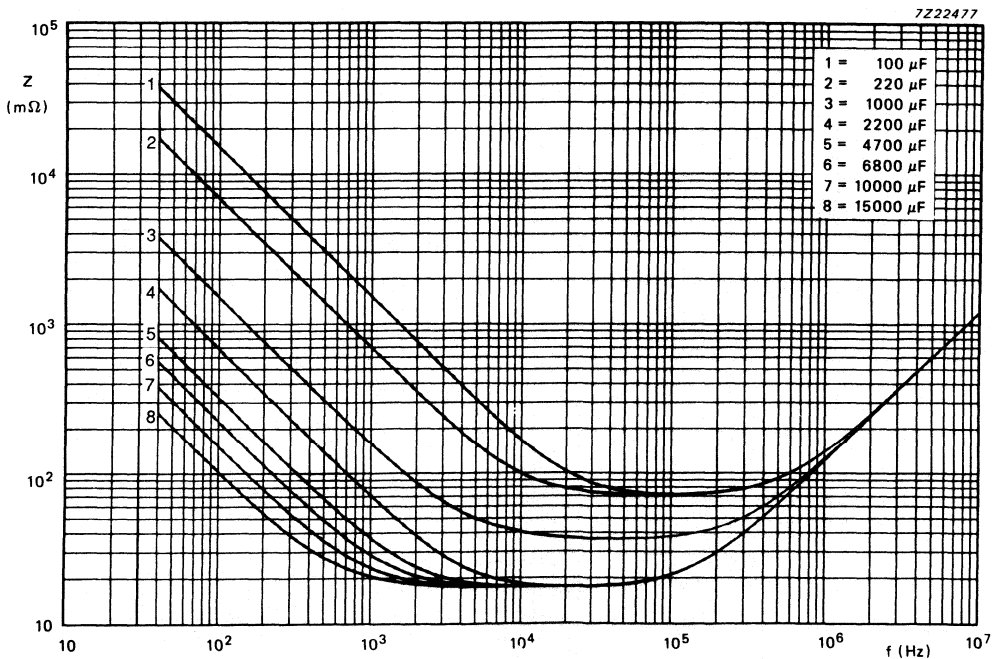


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C; case sizes 3030 and 2540.

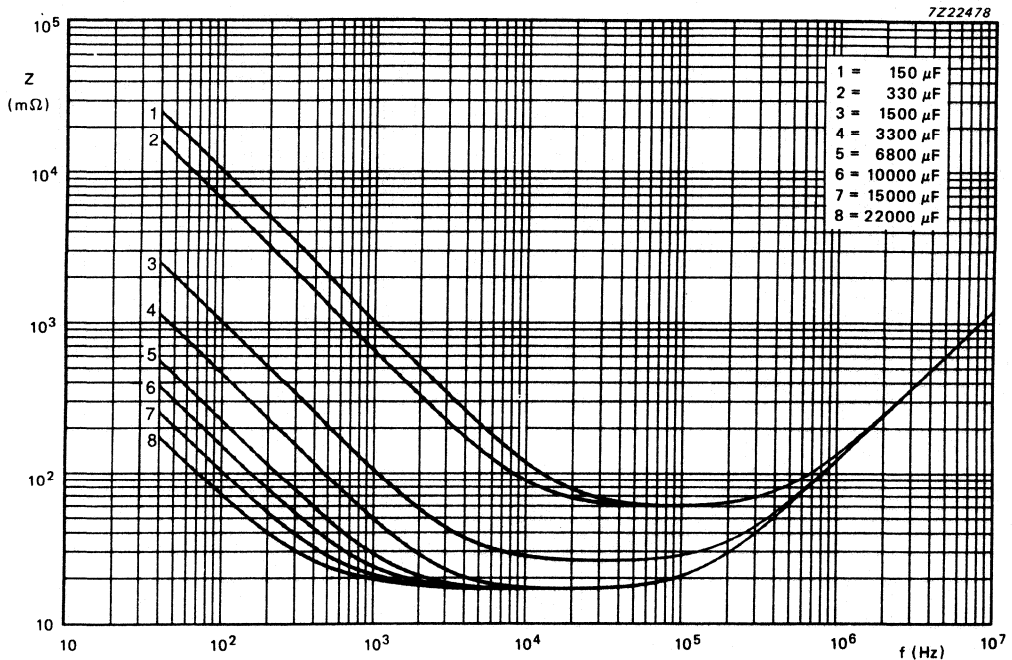


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C; case size 3040.

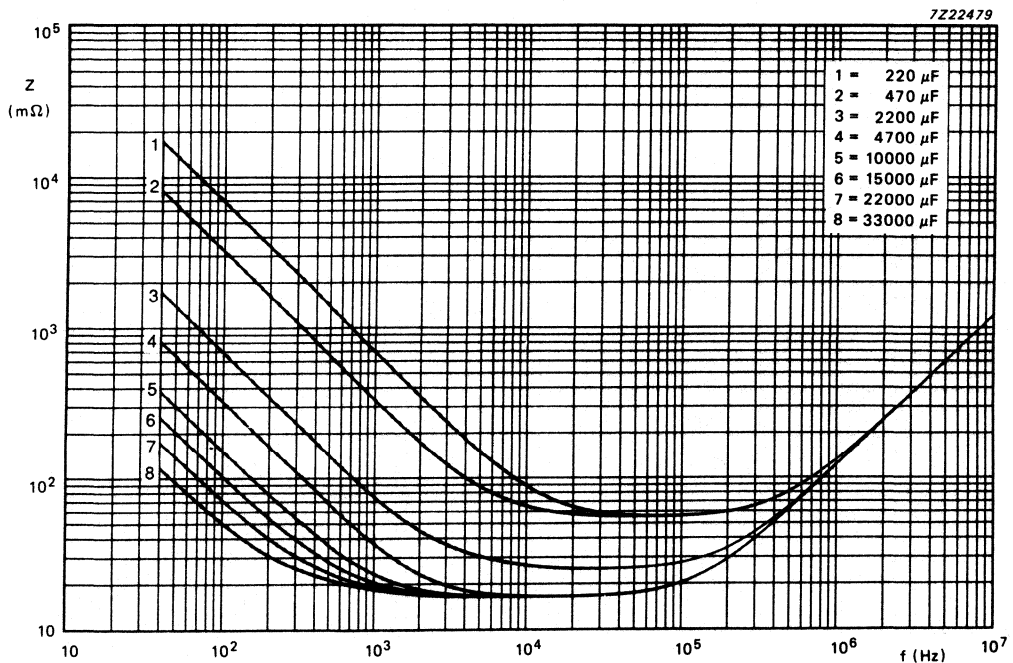


Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C; case sizes 3540 and 3050.

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-40 to +85 °C

Life expectancy

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

| 054 | 055 |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 10000 hours | 10000 hours |
| ≥ 200000 hours | ≥ 200000 hours |
| 500 hours | |

Failure rate

Failure rate, catastrophic, at rated voltage,

$T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$, and confidence level 60%

$< 10^{-7}$

PACKING

The capacitors are packed in boxes, each box containing 100 pieces.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

Following the shelf life test (500 hours at 85 °C) the capacitors meet the same requirements as after the endurance test. Before measuring, the rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitor for a minimum of 30 minutes; following the application of the voltage, the capacitors may only be remeasured after a minimum of 24 hours and a maximum of 48 hours.

For the 385 V version, the DC leakage current and $\tan \delta$ measurements of the reverse voltage test (sub clause 9.16, IEC 384-4) should be carried out after 250 hours, with U_R in forward polarity.

Note: Capacitors 2222 054 and 2222 055 are large types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Low-leakage version of 2222 030/031 series
- Miniature type
- Axial leads
- Long life
- General and industrial applications
- Alternative for tantalum capacitors



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,33 to 68 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +50% or $\pm 20\%$ ← |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 25 V |
| Leakage current after 2 minutes | 0,002 CU or 0,7 μA |
| Category temperature range | -55 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 2000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade; DIN41316 |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 55/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | FPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 |
| 0,33 | | | | 2 |
| 0,47 | | | | 2 |
| 0,68 | | | | 2 |
| 1 | | | | 2 |
| 1,5 | | | | 2 |
| 2,2 | | | | 2 |
| 3,3 | | | | 2 |
| 4,7 | | | | 2 |
| 6,8 | | | 2 | 2 |
| 10 | | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 15 | 2 | | 2 | 3 |
| 22 | | 2 | 3 | |
| 33 | 2 | | 3 | |
| 47 | | 3 | | |
| 68 | 3 | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 2 | $\varnothing 4,5 \times 10$ |
| 3 | $\varnothing 6 \times 10$ |

* Higher capacitance values are available on request.

APPLICATION

These capacitors are suited for those applications where a low leakage current is required. In many cases they are a cost-effective substitute for tantalum capacitors.

The capacitors are mainly used for high impedance coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits, and in industrial applications such as measuring and regulating circuits. Other applications are in timing and delay circuits with large time constant. The taped versions are extremely suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitors are in an aluminium case, which is insulated with a blue plastic sleeve.

They have axial soldered-copper leads, and are supplied on bandoliers on reels.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

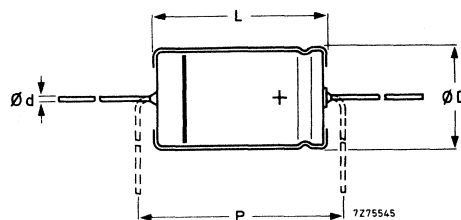


Fig. 1 See Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | |
| 2 | 0,6 | 4,5 | 10,0 | 5,0 | 10,5 | 15 | 0,50 |
| 3 | 0,6 | 6,0 | 10,0 | 6,3 | 10,5 | 15 | 0,70 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with:

- nominal capacitance;
- tolerance on nominal capacitance;
- rated voltage;
- group number (065);
- code of origin;
- name of manufacturer;
- date code in accordance with IEC 62;
- band to identify the negative terminal.

Mounting

The capacitors are suitable for mounting on printed-wiring boards. The required hole diameter is $0,8 + 0,1/-0$ mm.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED; CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 4 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 4 Electrical data

| UR | nom.* cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 2 minutes μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 10 kHz Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 065 followed by: -10/+50% ± 20% |
|-----|---------------------|---|---|---------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---|
| 6,3 | 15 | 26,5 | 0,7 | 0,16 | 21 | 8 | 2 | 23159 |
| | 33 | 39 | 0,7 | 0,16 | 9,6 | 3,6 | 2 | 23339 |
| | 68 | 67 | 0,9 | 0,16 | 4,7 | 1,8 | 3 | 23689 |
| 10 | 10 | 23 | 0,7 | 0,14 | 28 | 9 | 2 | 24109 |
| | 22 | 34 | 0,7 | 0,14 | 13 | 4,1 | 2 | 24229 |
| | 47 | 60 | 0,9 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 1,9 | 3 | 24479 |
| 16 | 6,8 | 21 | 0,7 | 0,12 | 35 | 10 | 2 | 25688 |
| | 10 | 25 | 0,7 | 0,12 | 24 | 7 | 2 | 25109 |
| | 15 | 31 | 0,7 | 0,12 | 16 | 4,7 | 2 | 25159 |
| 25 | 22 | 44 | 0,7 | 0,12 | 11 | 3,2 | 3 | 25229 |
| | 33 | 54 | 1,1 | 0,12 | 7,2 | 2,1 | 3 | 25339 |
| | 0,33 | 5,6 | 0,7 | 0,08 | 480 | 170 | 2 | 26337 |
| | 0,47 | 6,6 | 0,7 | 0,08 | 340 | 120 | 2 | 26477 |
| | 0,68 | 8,0 | 0,7 | 0,08 | 230 | 81 | 2 | 26687 |
| | 1,0 | 9,7 | 0,7 | 0,08 | 160 | 55 | 2 | 26108 |
| | 1,5 | 11,2 | 0,7 | 0,09 | 120 | 37 | 2 | 26158 |
| | 2,2 | 13,5 | 0,7 | 0,09 | 81 | 25 | 2 | 26228 |
| | 3,3 | 16,6 | 0,7 | 0,09 | 54 | 17 | 2 | 26338 |
| | 4,7 | 20 | 0,7 | 0,09 | 38 | 12 | 2 | 26478 |
| | 6,8 | 24 | 0,7 | 0,09 | 26 | 8,1 | 2 | 26688 |
| | 10 | 34 | 0,7 | 0,09 | 18 | 5,5 | 3 | 26109 |
| | 15 | 42 | 0,8 | 0,09 | 12 | 3,7 | 3 | 26159 |

* Higher capacitance values are available on request.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 4

-10 to + 50% or $\pm 20\%$ ←

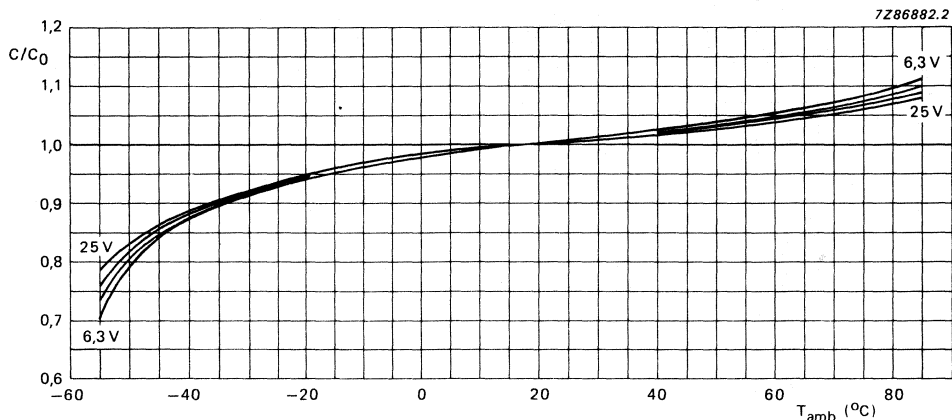


Fig. 2 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

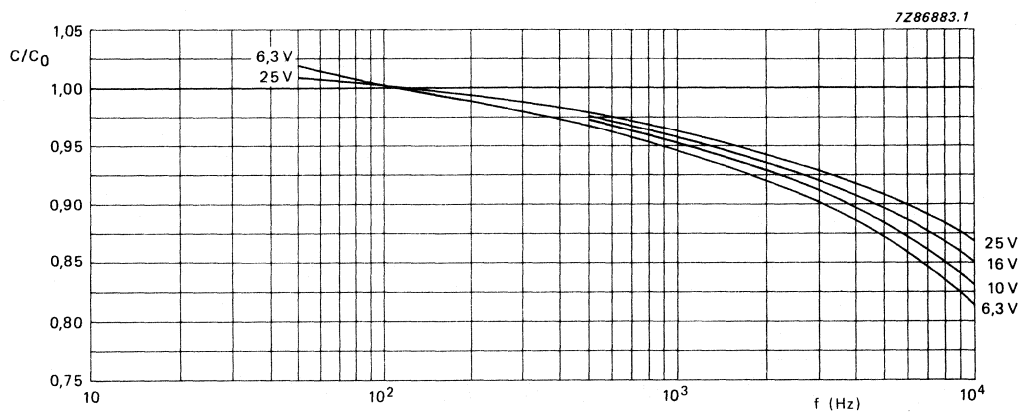


Fig. 3 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Maximum permissible voltage at core temperature $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}^{\blacktriangle}$ $1,6 \times U_R$ ←

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:
 (a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage $1,6 \times U_R$
 (b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied 2 V
 (c) momentary value of applied voltage between $1,6 \times U_R$ and -2 V

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods $1,6 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods 2 V

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at
 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ see Table 4
 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $2,24 \times$ values stated in Table 4

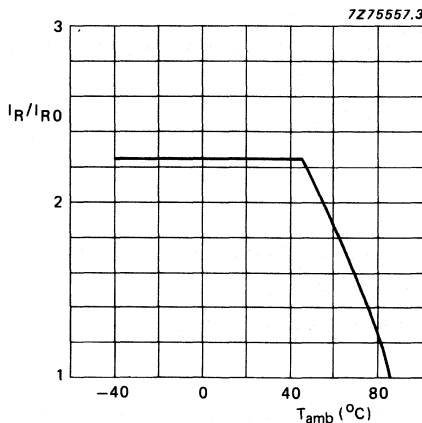


Fig. 4 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

\blacktriangle See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".
 * Specified ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.
 ** Specified ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

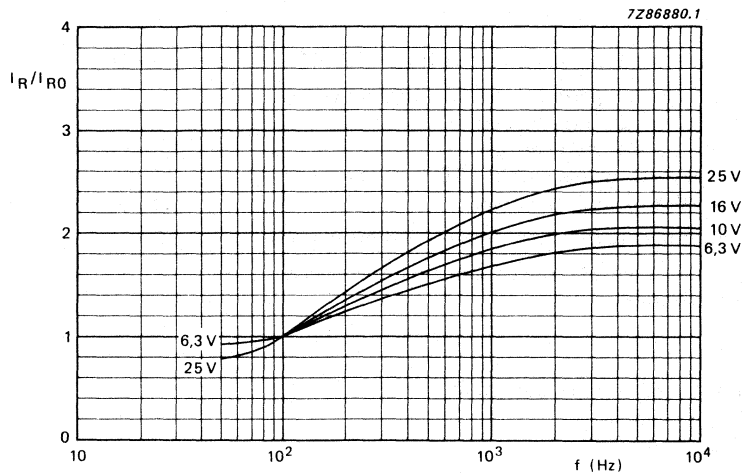


Fig. 5 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{n \cdot I_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

Where:

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{n} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at the same frequency

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 2 minutes after application

of U_R , at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20$ °C

see Table 4 (0,002 CU or 0,7 μ A, whichever is greater)

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature (> 40 °C) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 4.

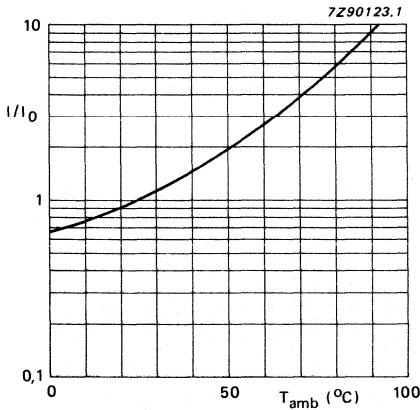


Fig. 6 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 °C and U_R .

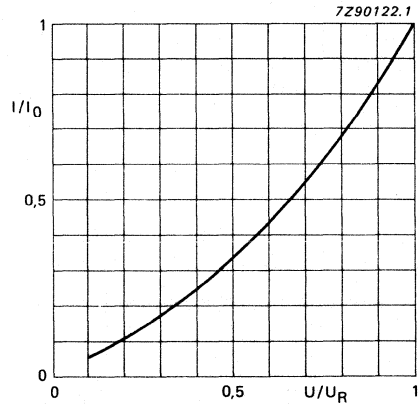


Fig. 7 Multiplier of DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R ; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 °C and U_R .

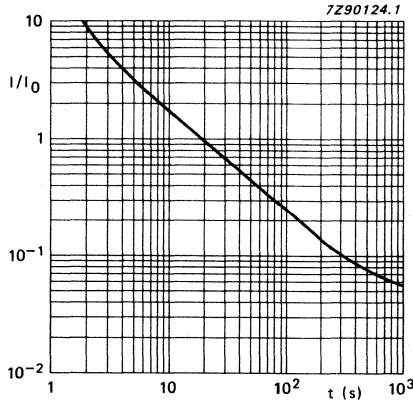


Fig. 8 Multiplier of typical DC leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of time; I_0 = DC leakage current value as specified in Table 4.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$,
 measured by means of a four-terminal circuit
 (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

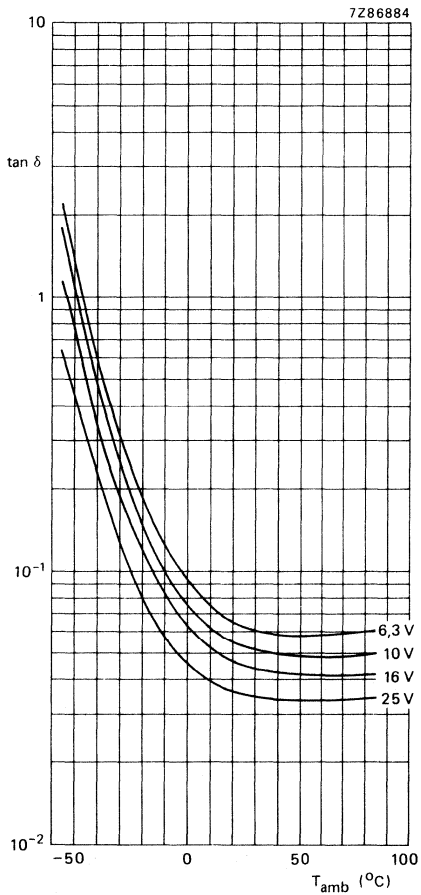


Fig. 9 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

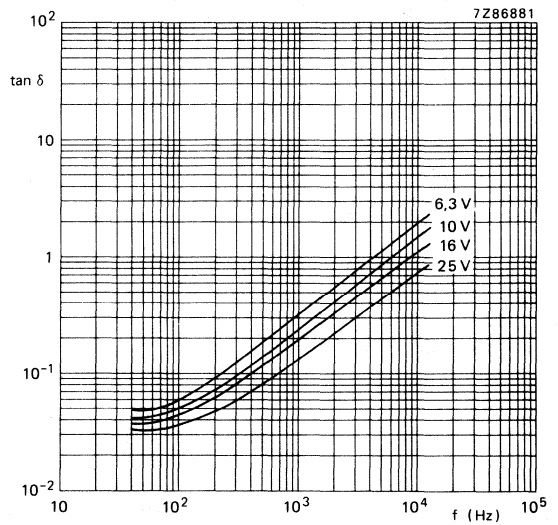


Fig. 10 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 100 Hz,
measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 4

Fig. 11 Typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of temperature;
 $ESR_0 = 100\text{ Hz}$ at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- Curve 1 = 6,3 V/10 V
- curve 2 = 16 V
- curve 3 = 25 V, $\geq 6,8\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 4 = 25 V, $2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ to $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 5 = 25 V, $0,68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ to $1,5\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 6 = 25 V, $0,33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ to $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

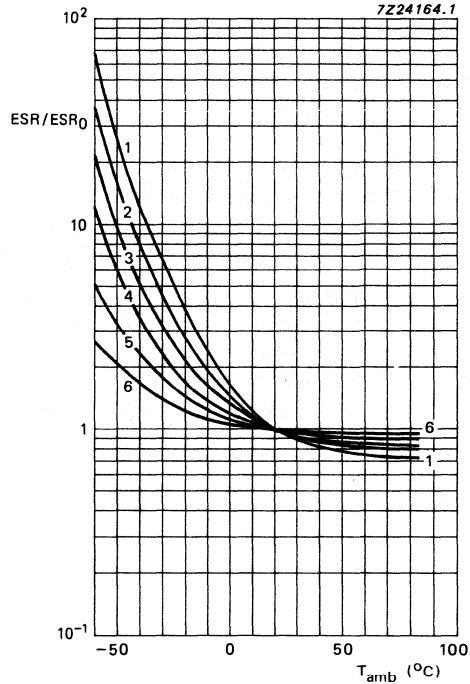
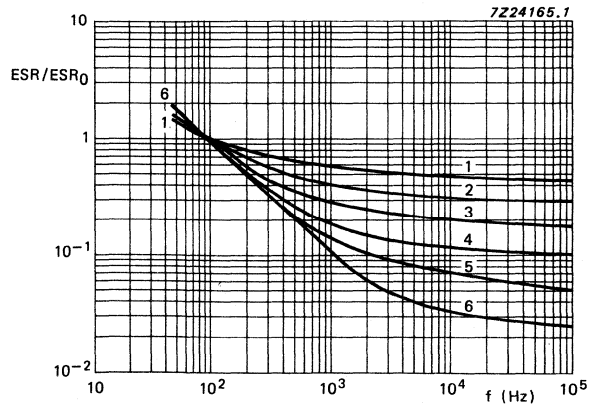


Fig. 12 Typical ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency;
 $ESR_0 = 100\text{ Hz}$ at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- Curve1 = 6,3 V/10 V
- curve 2 = 16 V
- curve 3 = 25 V, $\geq 6,8\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 4 = 25 V, $2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ to $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 5 = 25 V, $0,68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ to $1,5\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- curve 6 = 25 V, $0,33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ to $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$



Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case size 2
Case size 3

typ. 17 nH
typ. 30 nH

Impedance (Z)

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and
10 kHz, measured by means of a four-terminal
circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

$z = Z \times C_{nom}$, at 10 kHz

see Table 5

Table 5 Impedance x capacitance values

| T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom} (\Omega \mu\text{F})$ at U_R ; at 10 kHz | | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V |
| +20 °C | ≤ 120 | ≤ 90 | ≤ 70 | ≤ 55 |
| -25 °C | ≤ 560 | ≤ 400 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 180 |
| -40 °C | ≤ 1500 | ≤ 1100 | ≤ 900 | ≤ 500 |
| -55 °C | typ. 3300 | typ. 2400 | typ. 1500 | typ. 850 |

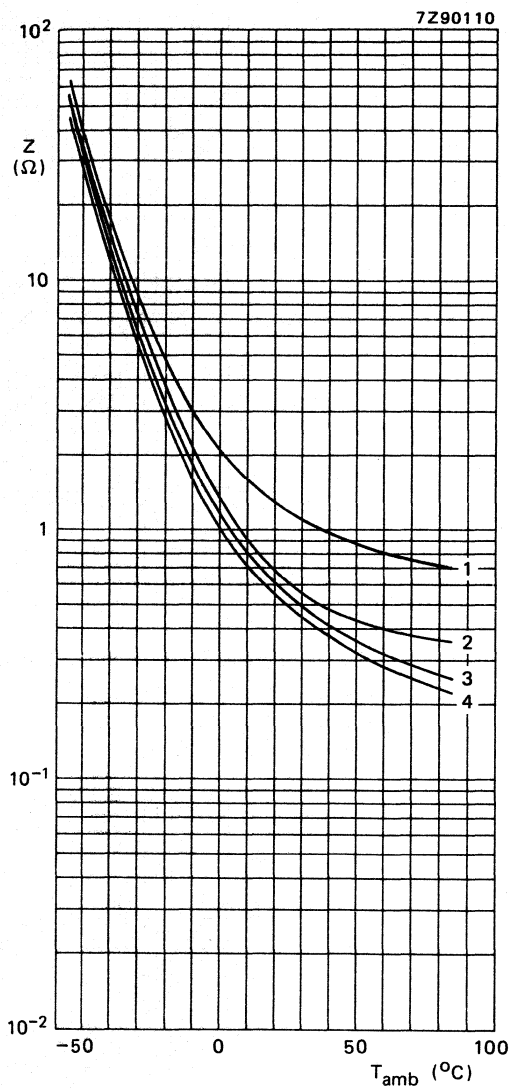
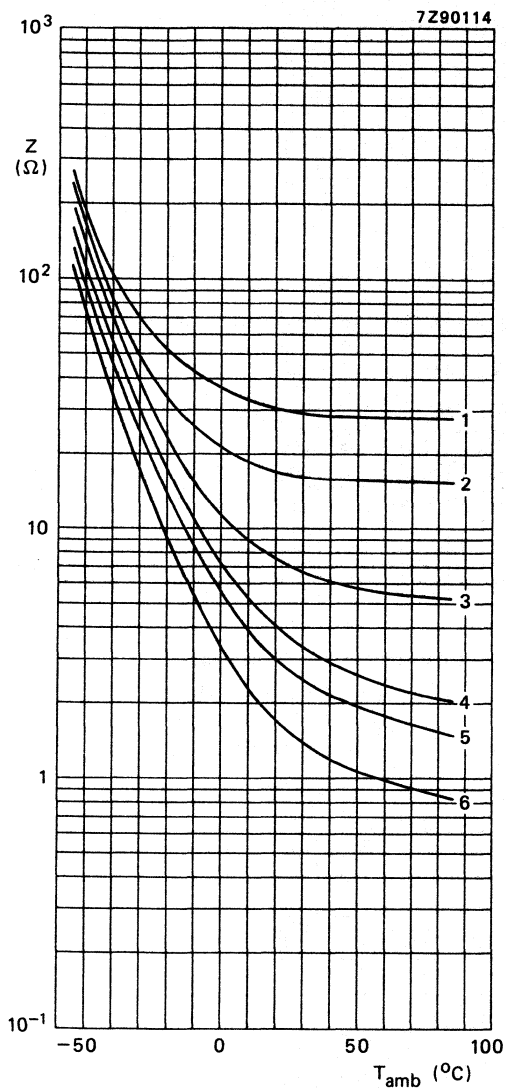


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; **case size 2:**

- curve 1 = 0,47 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 2 = 1 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 3 = 3,3 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 4 = 6,8 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 5 = 10 μ F, 10 V;
- curve 6 = 22 μ F, 10 V.

Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; **case size 3:**

- curve 1 = 10 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 2 = 22 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 3 = 47 μ F, 10 V;
- curve 4 = 68 μ F, 6,3 V.

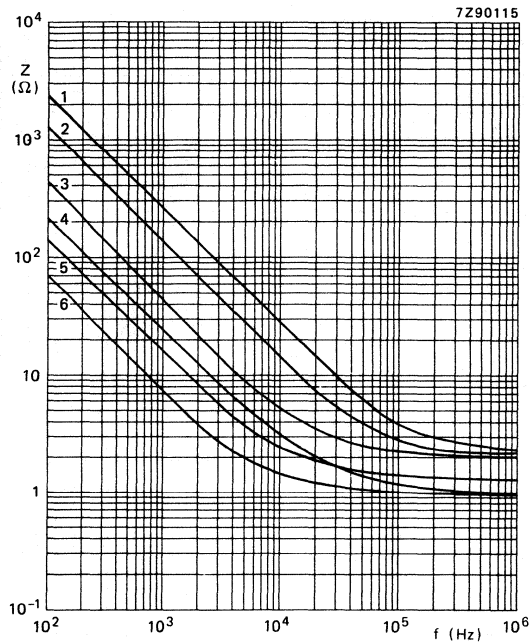


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case size 2:

curve 1 = 0,47 μ F, 25 V;

curve 2 = 1 μ F, 25 V;

curve 3 = 3,3 μ F, 25 V;

curve 4 = 6,8 μ F, 25 V;

curve 5 = 10 μ F, 10 V;

curve 6 = 22 μ F, 10 V.

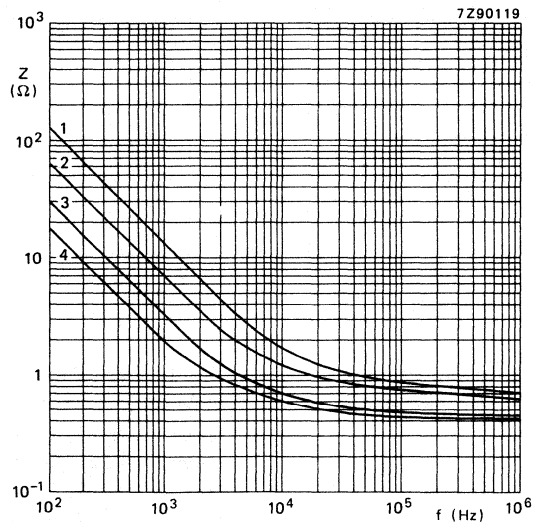


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C; case size 3:

curve 1 = 10 μ F, 25 V;

curve 2 = 22 μ F, 16 V;

curve 3 = 47 μ F, 10 V;

curve 4 = 68 μ F, 6,3 V.

OPERATIONAL DATA

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Category temperature range | -55 to + 85 °C |
| Typical life time | |
| at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 3000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ | 70 000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 500 hours |

PACKING

The capacitors are supplied on bandoliers on reels. The number of capacitors per reel is 3000 for case size 2, and 1000 for case size 3.

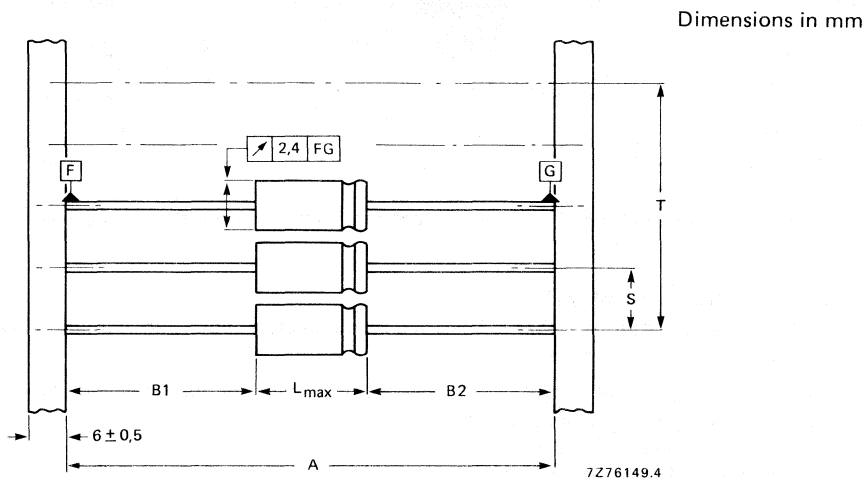


Fig. 17 Capacitors on bandoliers: the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is blue. See Table 6 for dimensions A, S, T and L.
 $|B1 - B2| = \text{max. } 1,4\text{ mm.}$

Table 6 Dimensions of bandolier

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{max} |
|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | $n < 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| 2 | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $5 \pm 0,4$ | $5 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $5 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 10,5 |
| 3 | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 10,5 |

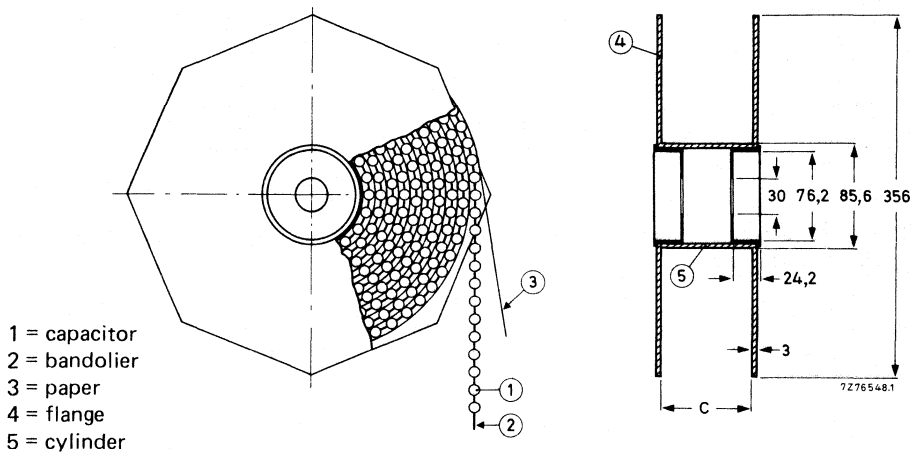


Fig. 18 Capacitors on bandoliers on reel; dimension C is 83,5 mm; the overall width of the reel is 94,5 mm.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After *endurance test*, 2000 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the following requirements:

- $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 15\%$, for $U_R = 10$ to 25 V;
- $\Delta C/C \leq +15\%$, -25% for $U_R = 6,3$ V;
- $\tan \delta \leq 130\%$ of specified value;
- DC leakage current \leq specified value;
- impedance at 10 kHz $\leq 200\%$ of specified value.

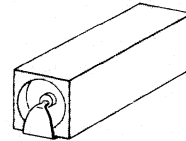
After *shelf life test*, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements, except for DC leakage current: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note:

Capacitors 2222 065 are miniature types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Surface mounting type
- Supplied in rail or in blister tape
- General applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,1 to 22 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to + 50% or \pm 20% |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 63 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to + 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Resistance to soldering heat | 260 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10 s; immersion in solder permitted |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, G.P. grade DIN 41332, type II |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 |
| 0,1 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,15 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,22 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 1a |
| 1 | | | | | | 1a |
| 1,5 | | | | | 1a | 1a |
| 2,2 | | | | 1a | 1a | 1 |
| 3,3 | | | | 1a | 1 | 1 |
| 4,7 | | | 1a | | 1 | |
| 6,8 | | 1a | | 1 | | |
| 10 | 1a | | 1 | | | |
| 15 | | 1 | | | | |
| 22 | 1 | | | | | |

Table 2 Nominal dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) length x width x height |
|-----------|--|
| 1a | 8,8 x 3,7 x 3,9 |
| 1 | 11,9 x 3,7 x 3,9 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors with high CU-product per unit volume are for surface mounted assembly. They are mainly used for smoothing and decoupling purposes in consumer applications.

The capacitors are suitable for automatic placement.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have highly etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitors are in rectangular plastic case with flat soldered-copper tags.

The capacitors are supplied in rails in boxes or in blister tape on reel.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

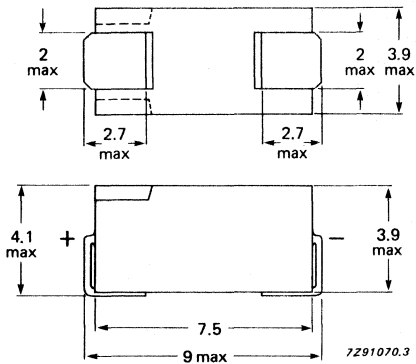


Fig. 1 Physical dimensions, case size 1a.

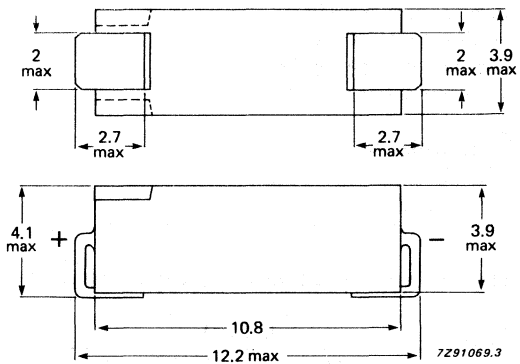


Fig. 2 Physical dimensions, case size 1.

Marking

The capacitors are marked on the top surface with the following information:

- nominal capacitance
- '—ve' sign indicating the cathode
- code for rated voltage (see Table 3)

Bevelled edges identify the anode end of the device

The numbers in the code indicate the value in μF , and the position of the rated voltage letter code indicates the position of the decimal point in the value.

Example

3H3 represents 3,3 μF , 63 V.

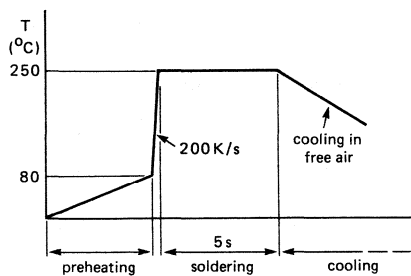
Table 3 Rated voltage marking code

| rated voltage V | code letter |
|--------------------|-------------|
| 6,3 | C |
| 10 | D |
| 16 | E |
| 25 | F |
| 40 | G |
| 63 | H |

Mounting

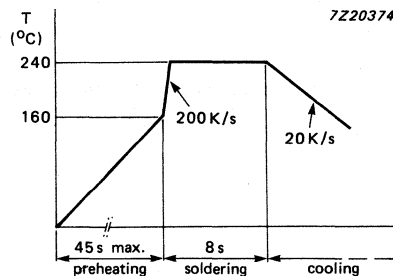
The capacitors can be placed and soldered on to printed-circuit boards or on to hybrid circuits. Suitable mounting methods include those where the device is totally immersed into a solder bath (260 °C, 10 s), as in wave soldering, and reflow methods where the solder and devices are heated together, as in vapour phase soldering.

AS A RULE, SOLDERING TEMPERATURES AND DURATION SHALL BE THE MINIMUM NECESSARY REQUIRED TO ENSURE GOOD SOLDERED CONNECTIONS.



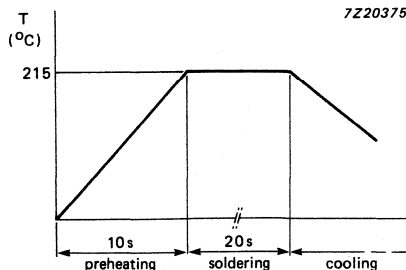
7Z91064

Fig. 3 Typical temperature-time curve for wave soldering.



7Z20374

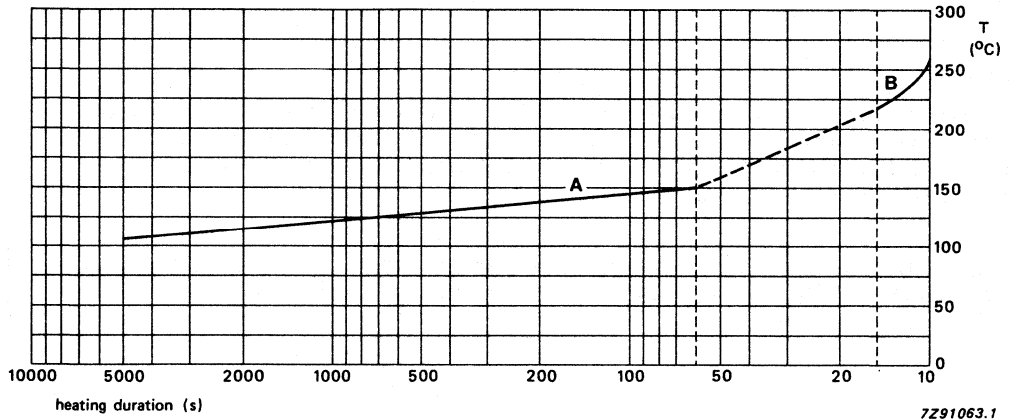
Fig. 4 Typical temperature-time curve for reflow soldering, hot-plate method.



7Z20375

Fig. 5 Typical temperature-time curve for reflow soldering, vapour phase method.

The temperature rise caused by preheating and immersion in solder has no adverse effects on the life of the capacitors, provided the restrictions indicated by Fig. 6 are observed. This curve indicates the acceptable combination of temperature and time. The conditions indicated by the solid parts of the curve can be applied once to each capacitor: a preheating stage at or below one of the temperature-time points on part A, and a soldering stage at or below one of the temperature-time points on part B. Furthermore, the time in part B can be split into two, for double soldering. Typically, an example might be a preheating stage at 150 °C for 60 s followed by a first soldering stage for 4 s at 260 °C and directly followed by a second soldering stage for 6 s at 260 °C (total soldering 10 s at 260 °C).



7291063.1

Fig. 6 Preheating (A) and soldering (B) limits for undiminished life expectancy.

→ After soldering under maximum conditions, some drift of the electrical parameters can occur. Typical behaviour which can be expected under these circumstances is shown in Fig. 7.

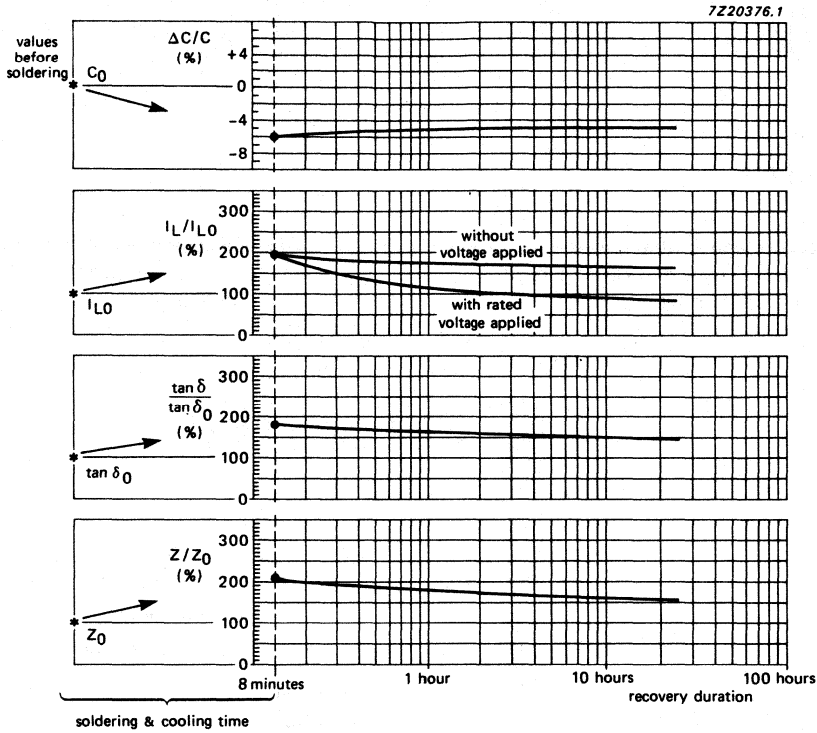


Fig. 7 Typical drift of electrical parameters after soldering under maximum conditions and subsequent recovery.

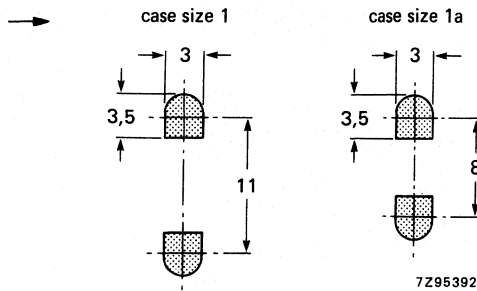


Fig. 8* Recommended dimensions of metal connection pads on printed-circuit board for wave soldering.

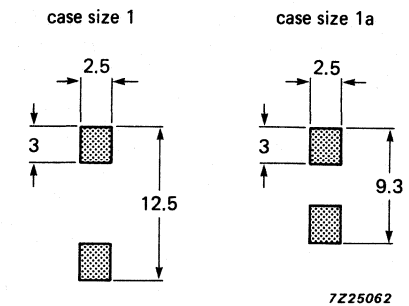


Fig. 9* Recommended dimensions of metal connection pads on printed-circuit board or substrate surface for reflow soldering.

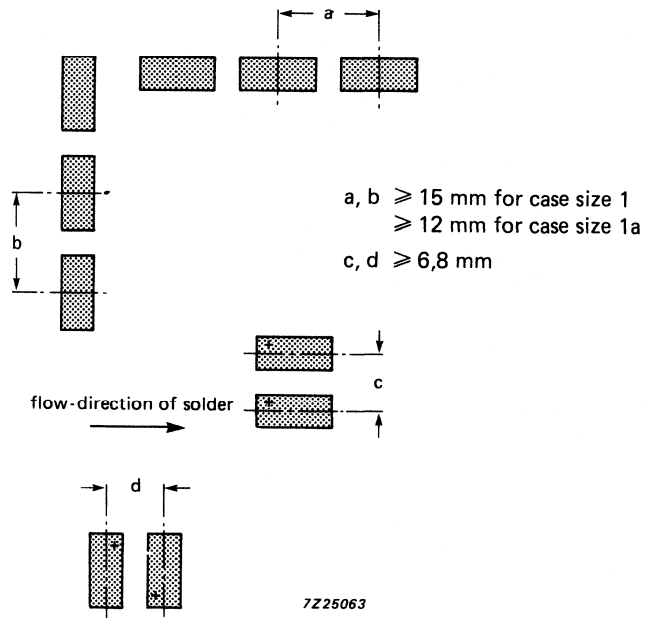


Fig. 10 Minimum distances between 2222 085 SMD capacitors on a printed-circuit board for wave soldering. Flow direction of solder preferably onto side-walls or onto plus-side of the capacitors.

For applications where severe shock/vibration may occur during production or use, mechanical fixing of the component body (e.g. using glue) shall be necessary.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

* This information does not include tolerances resulting from printed board design and placement machine inaccuracies.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 4 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 4 Electrical data

| UR V | nom. cap. µF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute µA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 10 kHz Ω | case size* | catalogue number 2222 085 followed by | | | |
|---------|--------------------|---|--|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | -10/+50% in tape | -10/+50% in rail | ±20% in tape | ±20% in rail |
| 6,3 | 10 | 11 | 4 | 0,30 | 48 | 20 | 1a | 23109 | 33109 | 63109 | 73109 |
| | 22 | 20 | 6 | 0,30 | 22 | 9 | 1 | 23229 | 33229 | 63229 | 73229 |
| 10 | 6,8 | 10 | 4 | 0,25 | 59 | 24 | 1a | 24688 | 34688 | 64688 | 74688 |
| | 15 | 18 | 6 | 0,25 | 27 | 11 | 1 | 24159 | 34159 | 64159 | 74159 |
| 16 | 4,7 | 9 | 5 | 0,20 | 68 | 26 | 1a | 25478 | 35478 | 65478 | 75478 |
| | 10 | 16 | 6 | 0,20 | 32 | 12 | 1 | 25109 | 35109 | 65109 | 75109 |
| 25 | 3,3 | 8 | 5 | 0,18 | 87 | 27 | 1a | 26338 | 36338 | 66338 | 76338 |
| | 6,8 | 14 | 6 | 0,18 | 42 | 13 | 1 | 26688 | 36688 | 66688 | 76688 |
| 40 | 2,2 | 7 | 5 | 0,16 | 116 | 32 | 1a | 27228 | 37228 | 67228 | 77228 |
| | 4,7 | 13 | 7 | 0,16 | 54 | 15 | 1 | 27478 | 37478 | 67478 | 77478 |
| 63 | 0,1 | 2 | 4 | 0,10 | 1590 | 550 | 1a | 28107 | 38107 | 68107 | 78107 |
| | 0,15 | 3 | 4 | 0,10 | 1060 | 367 | 1a | 28157 | 38157 | 68157 | 78157 |
| 100 | 0,22 | 3 | 4 | 0,10 | 723 | 250 | 1a | 28227 | 38227 | 68227 | 78227 |
| | 0,33 | 4 | 4 | 0,10 | 482 | 167 | 1a | 28337 | 38337 | 68337 | 78337 |
| 150 | 0,47 | 4 | 4 | 0,10 | 339 | 117 | 1a | 28477 | 38477 | 68477 | 78477 |
| | 0,68 | 5 | 4 | 0,10 | 234 | 81 | 1a | 28687 | 38687 | 68687 | 78687 |
| 200 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 0,12 | 191 | 55 | 1a | 28108 | 38108 | 68108 | 78108 |
| | 1,5 | 7 | 5 | 0,14 | 149 | 37 | 1a | 28158 | 38158 | 68158 | 78158 |
| 250 | 2,2 | 11 | 6 | 0,14 | 87 | 25 | 1 | 28228 | 38228 | 68228 | 78228 |
| | 3,3 | 13 | 7 | 0,14 | 68 | 17 | 1 | 28338 | 38338 | 68338 | 78338 |

* Case size 1a: 8,8 mm x 3,7 mm x 3,9 mm (nominal dimensions).
Case size 1: 11,9 mm x 3,7 mm x 3,9 mm (nominal dimensions).

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

-10 to + 50% or $\pm 20\%$

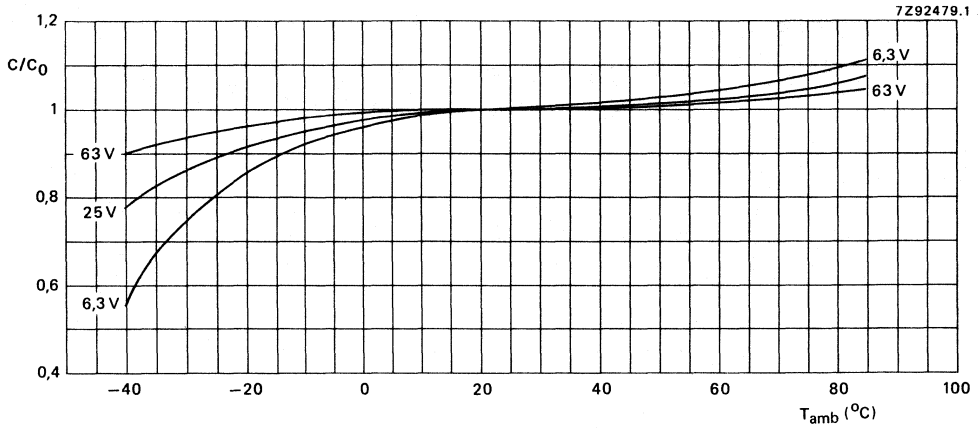


Fig. 11 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

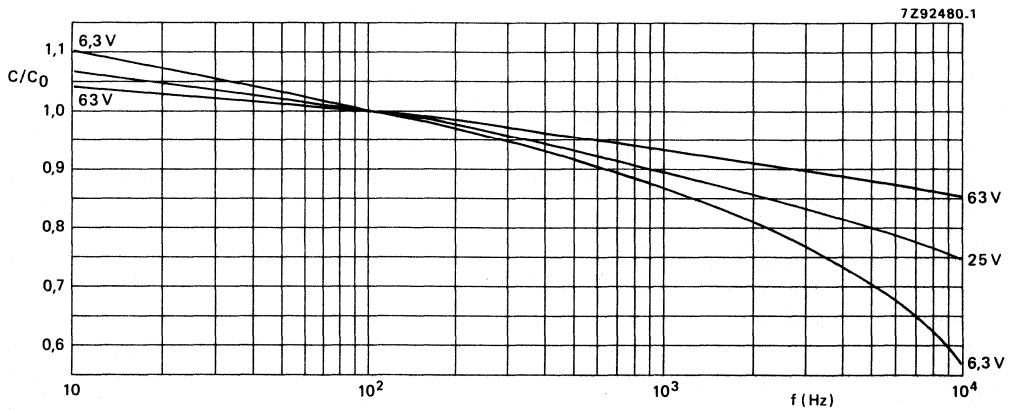


Fig. 12 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage provided the following three conditions are met:

1. maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
2. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied

3. momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

| core temperature ▲ | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| 1,1 x U _R | U _R |
| 1,1 x U _R 2 V | U _R 1 V |
| between U _R and | |
| - 2 V | - 1 V |
| 1,2 x U _R | 1,15 x U _R |
| 2 V | 1 V |

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 85 °C

see Table 4

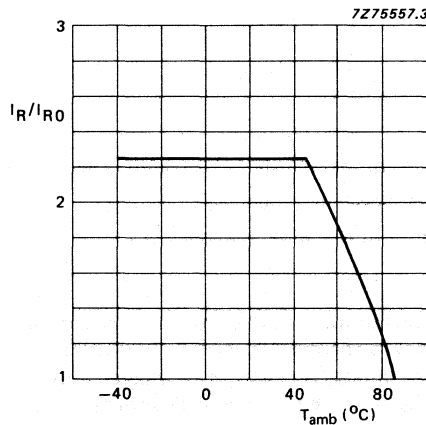


Fig. 13 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at T_{amb} = 85 °C, 100 Hz.

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Specified ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Specified ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

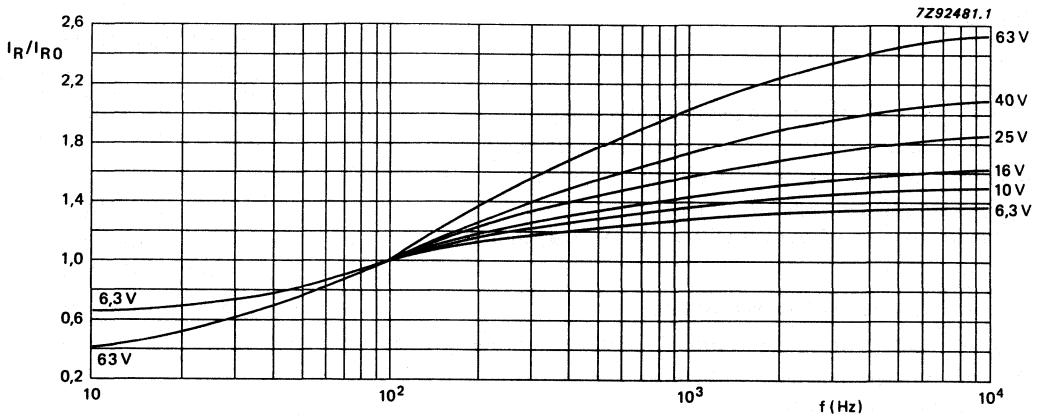


Fig. 14 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency;
 I_{R0} = ripple current at $T_{amb} = 85^\circ C$, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analysed into a number of sinusoidal currents, then the following requirements can be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{n r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

Where

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at the same frequency

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R
 at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ C$

see Table 4 (0,02 CU + 3 μA)

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40^\circ C$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 4.

Tan δ

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4

Fig. 15 Typical tan δ as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

- Curve 1 = 6,3 V;
- curve 2 = 10 V;
- curve 3 = 16 V;
- curve 4 = 25 V;
- curve 5 = 40 V;
- curve 6 = 1,5 to 3,3 μF , 63 V;
- curve 7 = 0,68 and 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 8 = 0,22 to 0,47 μF , 63 V;
- curve 9 = 0,1 and 0,15 μF , 63 V.

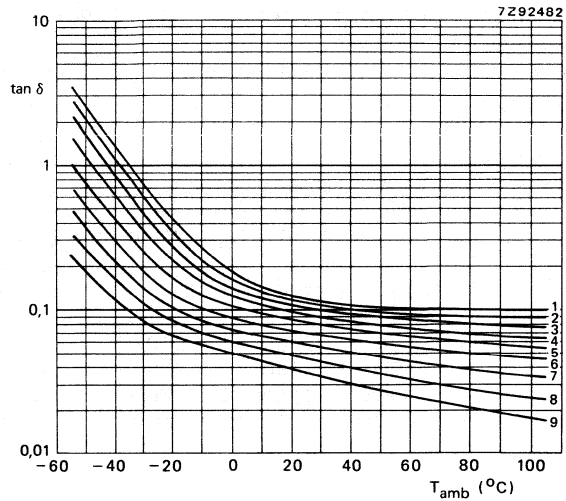
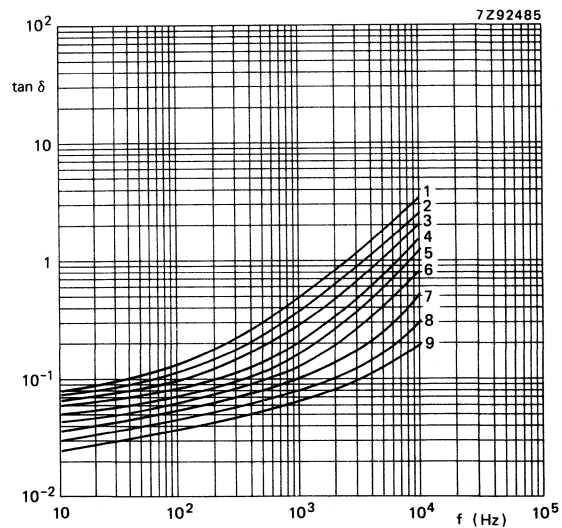


Fig. 16 Typical tan δ as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

- Curve 1 = 6,3 V;
- curve 2 = 10 V;
- curve 3 = 16 V;
- curve 4 = 25 V;
- curve 5 = 40 V;
- curve 6 = 1,5 to 3,3 μF , 63 V;
- curve 7 = 0,68 and 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 8 = 0,22 to 0,47 μF , 63 V;
- curve 9 = 0,1 and 0,15 μF , 63 V.



Equivalent series resistance (ESR)Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Impedance (Z)Maximum impedance at 10 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by means of a
four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

 $z = Z \times C_{nom.}$ at 10 kHz

see Table 5

Table 5 Impedance x capacitance values

| T_{amb} | $z = Z \times C_{nom.}$ ($\Omega \mu\text{F}$) at U_R ; at 10 kHz | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V |
| + 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ≤ 200 | ≤ 160 | ≤ 120 | ≤ 90 | ≤ 70 | ≤ 55 |
| -25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ≤ 1200 | ≤ 750 | ≤ 560 | ≤ 400 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 180 |
| -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ≤ 3200 | ≤ 2000 | ≤ 1500 | ≤ 1100 | ≤ 900 | ≤ 500 |

Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 1a.

- Curve 1 = 0,1 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 2 = 0,15 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 3 = 0,22 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 4 = 0,33 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 5 = 0,47 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 6 = 0,68 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 7 = 1 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 8 = 1,5 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 9 = 2,2 μ F, 40 V;
- curve 10 = 3,3 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 11 = 4,7 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 12 = 6,8 μ F, 10 V;
- curve 13 = 10 μ F, 6,3 V.

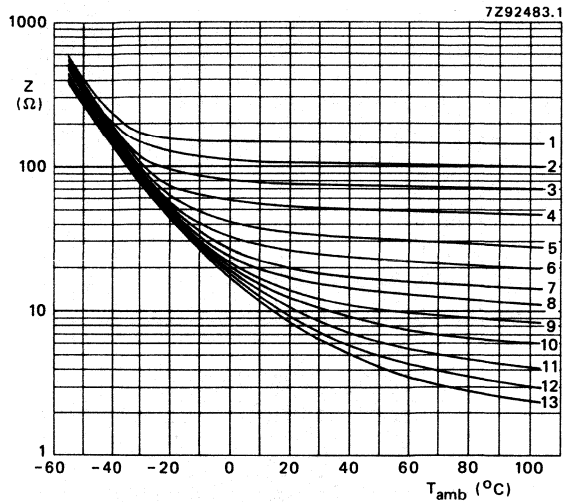
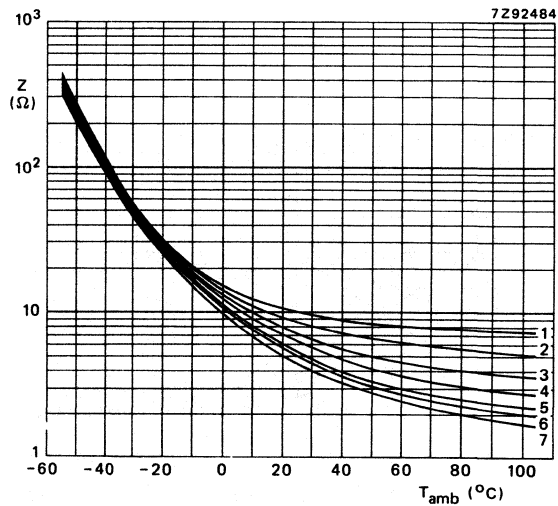


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 1.

- Curve 1 = 2,2 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 2 = 3,3 μ F, 63 V;
- curve 3 = 4,7 μ F, 40 V;
- curve 4 = 6,8 μ F, 25 V;
- curve 5 = 10 μ F, 16 V;
- curve 6 = 15 μ F, 10 V;
- curve 7 = 22 μ F, 6,3 V.



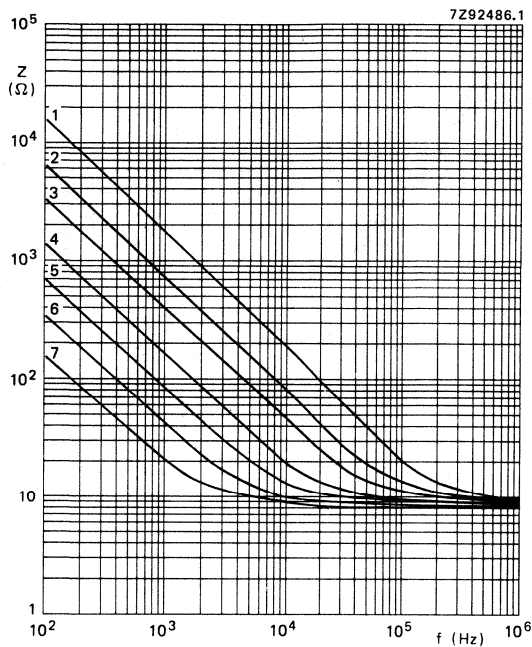


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$; case size 1a.

Curve 1 = $0,1 \mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 2 = $0,22 \mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 3 = $0,47 \mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 4 = $1 \mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 5 = $2,2 \mu\text{F}$, 40 V ;
 curve 6 = $4,7 \mu\text{F}$, 16 V ;
 curve 7 = $10 \mu\text{F}$, $6,3 \text{ V}$;

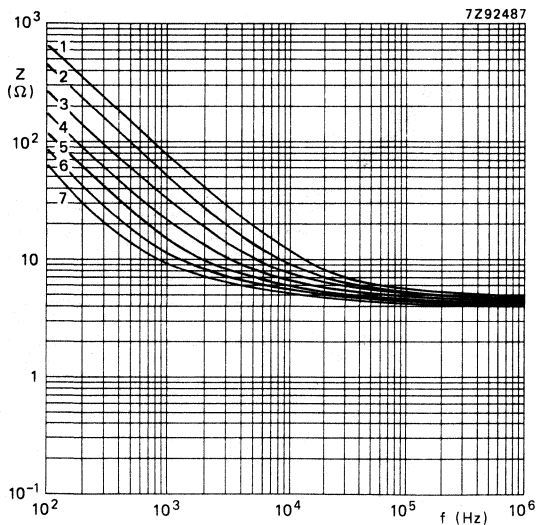


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$; case size 1.

Curve 1 = $2,2 \mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 2 = $3,3 \mu\text{F}$, 63 V ;
 curve 3 = $4,7 \mu\text{F}$, 40 V ;
 curve 4 = $6,8 \mu\text{F}$, 25 V ;
 curve 5 = $10 \mu\text{F}$, 16 V ;
 curve 6 = $15 \mu\text{F}$, 10 V ;
 curve 7 = $22 \mu\text{F}$, $6,3 \text{ V}$.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

case size 1a

typ. 13 nH

case size 1

typ. 15 nH

OPERATIONAL DATA

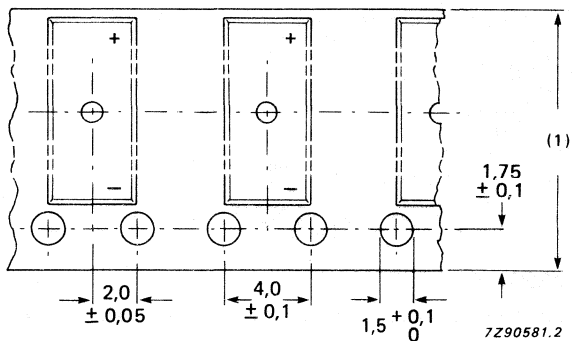
Category temperature range

-40 to + 85 °C

PACKING

Dimensions in mm

The capacitors are supplied in rail (100 per rail, 1000 per inner box, 5000 per outer box), or in blister tape of 2000 on reel.



Cumulative pitch error : ≤ 0,2 mm over 10 pitches

- (1) case size 1a : 16
- case size 1 : 24

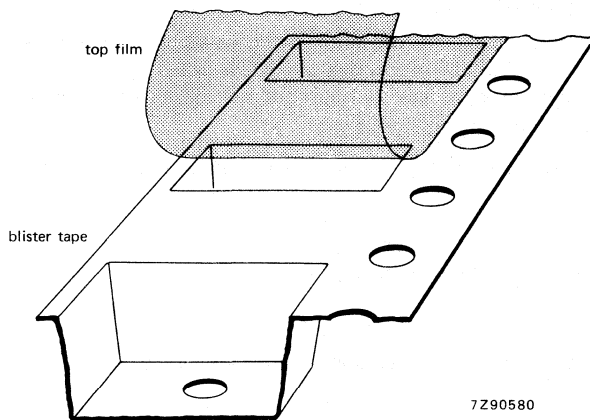


Fig. 21 Blister tape.

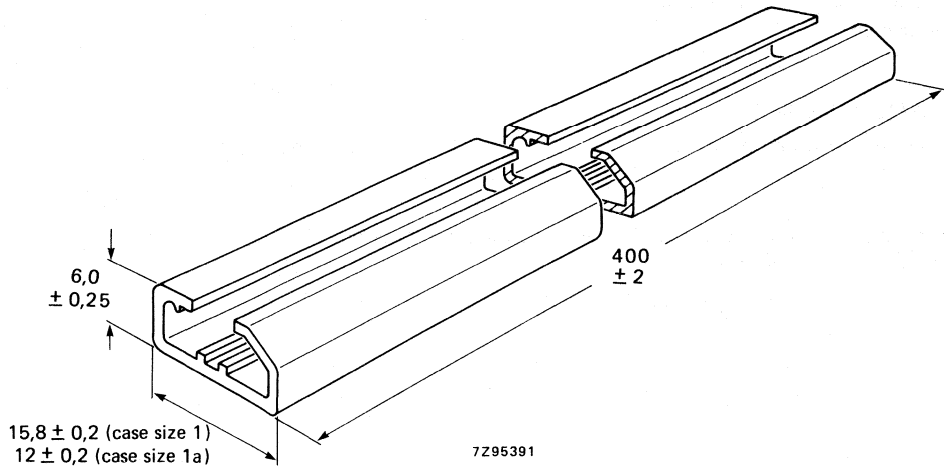


Fig. 22 Rail.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements — non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After *endurance test*, 1000 hours, 85 °C, The capacitors meet the following requirements:

- $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 20\%$,
- $\tan \delta \leq 200\%$ of specified value,
- DC leakage current \leq specified value.

After *shelf life test*, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for DC leakage current: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Resistance to soldering heat: 260 ± 5 °C, 10 ± 1 s.

After *soldering test*, the capacitors meet the following requirements (after 16 hours recovery):

- $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 10\%$,
- $\tan \delta \leq$ specified value,
- DC leakage current $\leq 200\%$ of specified value,
- no visible damage.

Note: Capacitors 2222 085 are miniature types, general purpose grade.

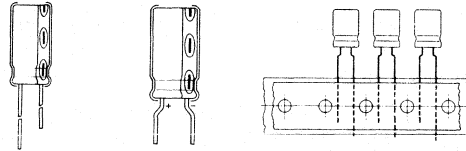
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 097

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature low profile 7 mm type
- Single ended
- General purpose
- High density insertion



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series)
 Tolerance on nominal capacitance
 Rated voltage range U_R (R5 series)
 Category temperature range
 Endurance test at 85 °C
 Basic specifications

0,10 to 220 μF
 $\pm 20\%$
 6,3 to 63 V
 -40 to $+85$ °C
 1000 hours
 IEC 384-4, G.P. grade,
 DIN 41332/DIN 41259

Climatic category
 IEC 68
 DIN 40040

40/085/56
 GPF

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} – U_R and relevant case sizes.

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 63 |
| 0,10 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 0,15 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 1 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | | 71 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | 71 | 72 |
| 4,7 | | | | | 71 | 72 | 73 |
| 6,8 | | | 71 | | 72 | 73 | |
| 10 | | | 71 | | 72 | 73 | 74 |
| 15 | | 71 | 72 | | 73 | | |
| 22 | 71 | | 72 | | 73 | 74 | |
| 33 | | 72 | | 73 | 74 | | |
| 47 | 72 | | 73 | 74 | | | |
| 68 | | 73 | | | | | |
| 100 | | 73 | 74 | | | | |
| 220 | 74 | | | | | | |

Table 2 Nominal dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions |
|-----------|---------------------|
| 71 | $\phi 4 \times 7$ |
| 72 | $\phi 5 \times 7$ |
| 73 | $\phi 6,3 \times 7$ |
| 74 | $\phi 7 \times 7$ |

APPLICATION

Capacitors with high CU-product per unit volume are low profile components (7 mm), and are mainly used in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits, for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes. They may also be used in timing and delay circuit applications.

The capacitors are designed for high density insertion.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor is manufactured from etched, oxidised aluminium foil electrodes, which are rolled up in a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is then fitted into an insulated aluminium case.

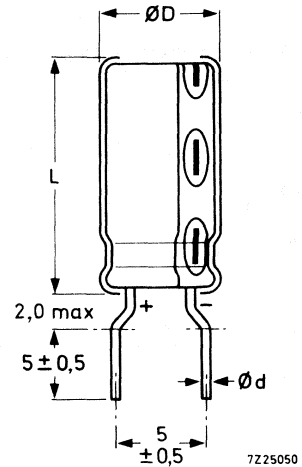
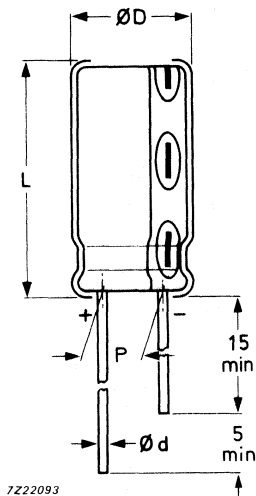
MECHANICAL DATA

The capacitor is available in 3 styles:

style 1: long leads, in boxes

style 2: bent short leads, in boxes

style 3: long leads, on tape on reel, positive leading.



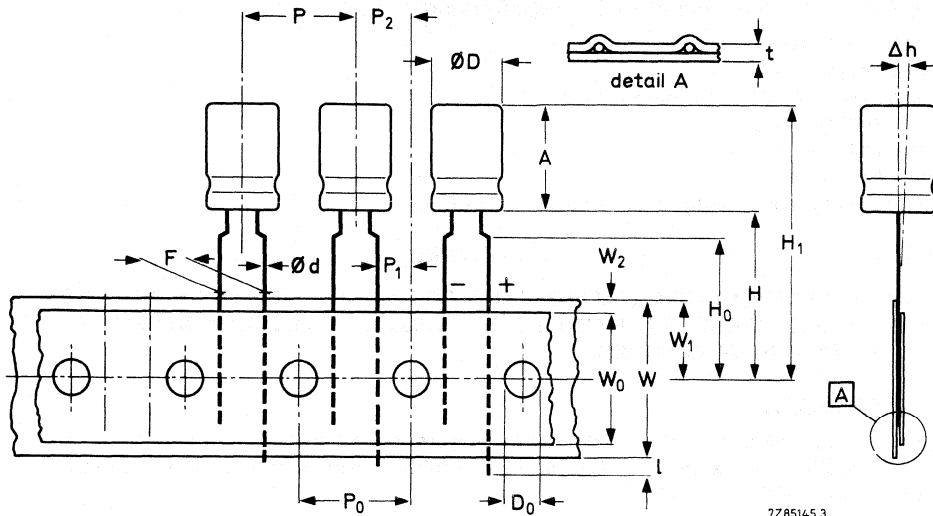
All dimensions in mm.

Fig. 1 Style 1. See Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

Fig. 2 Style 2. See Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | nominal dimensions | ϕd | $\phi D_{max.}$ | L _{max.} | P \pm 0,5 |
| 71 | $\phi 4 \times 7$ | 0,45 | 4,5 | 8 | 1,5 |
| 72 | $\phi 5 \times 7$ | 0,45 | 5,5 | 8 | 2 |
| 73 | $\phi 6,3 \times 7$ | 0,45 | 6,8 | 8 | 2,5 |
| 74 | $\phi 7 \times 7$ | 0,45 | 7,5 | 8 | 2,5 |



7285145.3

→ direction of tape transport (positive leading)

Fig. 3 Style 3. See Table 4 for dimensions.

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|------|------|---------------|
| | | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | |
| Body diameter | ϕD | 4,5 | 5,5 | 6,8 | 7,5 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 8,0 | 8,0 | 8,0 | 8,0 | maximum |
| Lead wire diameter | ϕd | 0,45 | 0,45 | 0,45 | 0,45 | $\pm 0,05$ |
| Pitch of component | P | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | $\pm 1,0$ |
| Feed hole pitch | P_0 | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | 12,7 | $\pm 0,2^*$ |
| Hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3,85 | 3,85 | 3,85 | 3,85 | $\pm 0,7$ |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6,35 | 6,35 | 6,35 | 6,35 | $\pm 1,0$ |
| Lead to lead distance | F | 5,0 | 5,0 | 5,0 | 5,0 | $+ 0,8/-0,2$ |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\pm 2,0$ |
| Tape width | W | 18,0 | 18,0 | 18,0 | 18,0 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Hold down tape width | W_0 | 12,5 | 12,5 | 12,5 | 12,5 | minimum |
| Hole position | W_1 | 9,0 | 9,0 | 9,0 | 9,0 | $+ 0,75/-0,5$ |
| Hold down tape position | W_2 | 1,5 | 1,5 | 1,5 | 1,5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 17,5 | 17,5 | 17,5 | 17,5 | $\pm 0,75$ |
| Lead wire clinch height | H_0 | 16,0 | 16,0 | 16,0 | 16,0 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Component height | H_1 | 32,0 | 32,0 | 32,0 | 32,0 | maximum |
| Lead wire protrusion | l | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | maximum |
| Feed hole diameter | D_0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | $\pm 0,3$ |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | 0,9 | 0,9 | 0,9 | maximum |

* Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- rated voltage
- negative terminal identification symbol
- group number (097)
- code for factory or origin
- name of manufacturer
- date code (year and month), in accordance with IEC 62

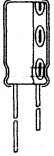
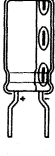
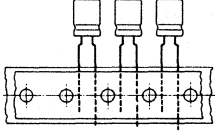
WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 are applicable at ambient temperatures of between 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 120 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U_R | nominal capacitance | max. leakage current at U_R after 2 minutes | max. $\tan \delta$ | case size | catalogue number 2222 097 followed by | | |
|-------|---------------------|---|--------------------|-----------|---|---|--|
| | | | | |  style 1 |  style 2 |  on reel style 3 |
| V | μF | μA | | | | | |
| 6,3 | 22 | 3 | 0,24 | 71 | 53229 | 63229 | 23229 |
| | 47 | 3 | 0,24 | 72 | 53479 | 63479 | 23479 |
| | 220 | 14 | 0,24 | 74 | 53221 | 63221 | 23221 |
| 10 | 15 | 3 | 0,20 | 71 | 54159 | 64159 | 24159 |
| | 33 | 4 | 0,20 | 72 | 54339 | 64339 | 24339 |
| | 68 | 7 | 0,20 | 73 | 54689 | 64689 | 24689 |
| | 100 | 10 | 0,20 | 73 | 54101 | 64101 | 24101 |
| 16 | 6,8 | 3 | 0,16 | 71 | 55688 | 65688 | 25688 |
| | 10 | 3 | 0,16 | 71 | 55109 | 65109 | 25109 |
| | 15 | 3 | 0,16 | 72 | 55159 | 65159 | 25159 |
| | 22 | 4 | 0,16 | 72 | 55229 | 65229 | 25229 |
| | 47 | 8 | 0,16 | 73 | 55479 | 65479 | 25479 |
| | 100 | 16 | 0,16 | 74 | 55101 | 65101 | 25101 |
| 25 | 33 | 9 | 0,14 | 73 | 56339 | 66339 | 26339 |
| | 47 | 12 | 0,14 | 74 | 56479 | 66479 | 26479 |
| 35 | 4,7 | 3 | 0,12 | 71 | 50478 | 60478 | 20478 |
| | 6,8 | 3 | 0,12 | 72 | 50688 | 60688 | 20688 |
| | 10 | 4 | 0,12 | 72 | 50109 | 60109 | 20109 |
| | 15 | 6 | 0,12 | 73 | 50159 | 60159 | 20159 |
| | 22 | 8 | 0,12 | 73 | 50229 | 60229 | 20229 |
| | 33 | 12 | 0,12 | 74 | 50339 | 60339 | 20339 |
| 50 | 3,3 | 3 | 0,10 | 71 | 51338 | 61338 | 21338 |
| | 4,7 | 3 | 0,10 | 72 | 51478 | 61478 | 21478 |
| | 6,8 | 4 | 0,10 | 73 | 51688 | 61688 | 21688 |
| | 10 | 5 | 0,10 | 73 | 51109 | 61109 | 21109 |
| | 22 | 11 | 0,10 | 74 | 51229 | 61229 | 21229 |
| 63 | 0,10 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58107 | 68107 | 28107 |
| | 0,15 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58157 | 68157 | 28157 |
| | 0,22 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58227 | 68227 | 28227 |
| | 0,33 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58337 | 68337 | 28337 |
| | 0,47 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58477 | 68477 | 28477 |
| | 0,68 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58687 | 68687 | 28687 |
| | 1,0 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58108 | 68108 | 28108 |
| | 1,5 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58158 | 68158 | 28158 |
| | 2,2 | 3 | 0,08 | 71 | 58228 | 68228 | 28228 |
| | 3,3 | 3 | 0,08 | 72 | 58338 | 68338 | 28338 |
| | 4,7 | 3 | 0,08 | 73 | 58478 | 68478 | 28478 |
| | 10 | 7 | 0,08 | 74 | 58109 | 68109 | 28109 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 120 Hz

see Table 5
 $\pm 20\%$

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage
 Ripple voltage = maximum permissible AC voltage provided the following three conditions are met

1. maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
2. maximum peak AC voltage with DC voltage applied
3. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

| < 40 °C | 40 to 85 °C |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| 1,15 x U _R | U _R |
| ≤ 1,15 x U _R | U _R |
| ≤ applied DC voltage + 1 V | |
| 1 V | |
| 1,15 x U _R | |
| 1 V | |

Leakage current

Maximum leakage current 2 minutes after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,01 CU or 3 μA)

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature (> 40 °C) the leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 measured by means of a four terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-40 to + 85 °C

PACKING

Capacitors of style 1 and 2 are supplied in boxes, style 3 on tape on reel.

Table 6 Number of capacitors on reel

| case size | number of capacitors per box (style 1) | number of capacitors per box (style 2) | number of capacitors per reel (style 3) |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| 71 | 2000 | 2000 | 1800 |
| 72 | 1000 | 1000 | 1500 |
| 73 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 74 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

Note: Capacitors 2222 097 are miniature types, general purpose grade.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS



- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads
- Long life
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA


| | |
|---|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 2,2 to 2200 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +50% |
| Rated voltage range (U_R) (R5 series) | 6,3 to 100 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test | 5000 hours |
| at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1000 hours* |
| at 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade DIN 41240 (IA) NF C93-110 (type 1) |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF (56 days) |
| NF C93-001 | 554 |
| Approval |  CECC 30 301-027* |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

* Not applicable to 100 V range.

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | 5 | |
| 3,3 | | | | | | 5 | |
| 4,7 | | | | | | 5 | 5 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | 5 | 5 |
| 10 | | | | | | 5 | 5 |
| 15 | | | | | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| 22 | | | | | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| 33 | | | | 5 | 6 | 00 | 00 |
| 47 | | | | 5 | 6 | 00 | 00 |
| 68 | | | 5 | | 00 | 01 | 01 |
| 100 | | 5 | | 6 | 01 | 02 | 02 |
| 150 | 5 | | 6 | 00 | 01 | 03 | 03 |
| 220 | | 6 | 00 | 01 | 02 | | |
| 330 | 6 | 00 | | | 03 | | |
| 470 | 00 | | 01 | 02 | | | |
| 680 | | 01 | 02 | 03 | | | |
| 1000 | 01 | 02 | 03 | | | | |
| 1500 | 02 | 03 | | | | | |
| 2200 | 03 | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 5 | \varnothing 8 x 18 |
| 6 | \varnothing 10 x 18 |
| 00 | \varnothing 10 x 30 |
| 01 | \varnothing 12,5 x 30 |
| 02 | \varnothing 15 x 30 |
| 03 | \varnothing 18 x 30 |

APPLICATION

These axial-type capacitors are especially designed for those applications where extreme requirements have to be met concerning reliability and long lifetime both at high and low temperatures, such as in computer, telecommunication and telephony equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a porous paper spacer, which separates the anode and the cathode. The spacer is impregnated with an electrolyte which retains its good characteristics both at low and high temperatures. The capacitor is housed in an aluminium case with axial soldered-copper leads, sealed with a synthetic disc and is insulated with a blue synthetic sleeve. The all-welded construction, the built-in voltage derating, and the close quality control during manufacture ensure a reliability and a life expectancy far superior to normal grade electrolytic capacitors.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

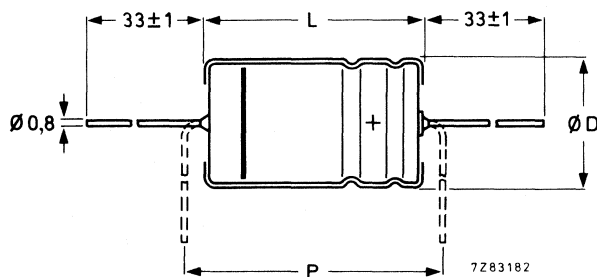


Fig. 1 Case sizes 5 and 6. For dimensions ϕD , L and P, see Table 3.

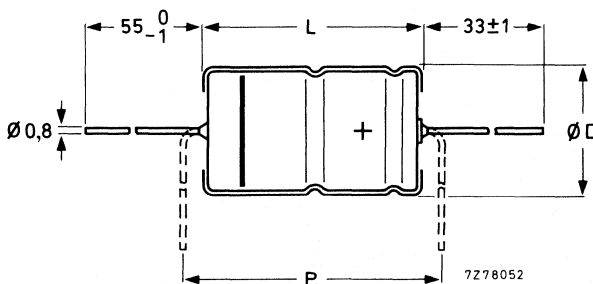


Fig. 2 Case sizes 00, 01, 02 and 03. For dimensions ϕD , L and P, see Table 3.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | approx. mass grams |
|-----------|------------|------|-----------|--------------------|
| | ϕD | L | P_{min} | |
| 5 | 8,0 | 18,0 | 25 | 1,8 |
| 6 | 10,0 | 18,0 | 25 | 2,5 |
| 00 | 10,0 | 30,0 | 35 | 4,3 |
| 01 | 12,5 | 30,0 | 35 | 6,6 |
| 02 | 15,0 | 30,0 | 35 | 8,5 |
| 03 | 18,0 | 30,0 | 35 | 11,2 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, rated voltage, tolerance on capacitance, group number 108.3, maximum temperature, code of origin, date code, a band to identify the negative terminal and "+" signs for positive terminal.

Mounting

The capacitors may be mounted in any position by their leads (see also Tests and requirements in the Introduction).

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED.

CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 4 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 4 Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. µF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C (mA)* | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute µA | max. tan δ * | typ. ESR * Ω | impedance at 100 kHz Ω | | case size | catalogue number |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|--|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------|-----------|------------------|
| | | | | | | max. | typ. | | |
| 6,3 | 150 | 130 | 10 | 0,20 | 1,06 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 2222 108 33151 |
| | 330 | 220 | 17 | 0,20 | 0,49 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | |
| | 470 | 325 | 22 | 0,20 | 0,34 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | |
| | 1000 | 470 | 42 | 0,20 | 0,16 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | |
| | 1500 | 630 | 60 | 0,20 | 0,11 | 0,22 | 0,10 | 02 | |
| | 2200 | 920 | 85 | 0,20 | 0,09 | 0,19 | 0,09 | 03 | |
| 10 | 100 | 120 | 10 | 0,15 | 1,27 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 34101 |
| | 220 | 205 | 17 | 0,15 | 0,57 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 34221 |
| | 330 | 325 | 24 | 0,15 | 0,38 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | 34331 |
| | 680 | 470 | 45 | 0,15 | 0,19 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | 34681 |
| | 1000 | 630 | 65 | 0,15 | 0,13 | 0,22 | 0,10 | 02 | 34102 |
| | 1500 | 920 | 95 | 0,15 | 0,09 | 0,19 | 0,09 | 03 | 34152 |
| 16 | 68 | 110 | 11 | 0,12 | 1,40 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 35689 |
| | 150 | 190 | 18 | 0,12 | 0,63 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 35151 |
| | 220 | 270 | 25 | 0,12 | 0,44 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | 35221 |
| | 470 | 360 | 50 | 0,12 | 0,21 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | 35471 |
| | 680 | 500 | 70 | 0,12 | 0,14 | 0,22 | 0,10 | 02 | 35681 |
| | 1000 | 650 | 100 | 0,12 | 0,10 | 0,19 | 0,09 | 03 | 35102 |
| 25 | 33 | 85 | 8 | 0,10 | 2,41 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 36339 |
| | 47 | 100 | 11 | 0,10 | 1,70 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 36479 |
| | 100 | 170 | 19 | 0,10 | 0,80 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 36101 |
| | 150 | 270 | 26 | 0,10 | 0,53 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | 36151 |
| | 220 | 360 | 37 | 0,10 | 0,36 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | 36221 |
| | 470 | 500 | 75 | 0,10 | 0,17 | 0,22 | 0,10 | 02 | 36471 |
| 40 | 680 | 650 | 105 | 0,10 | 0,12 | 0,19 | 0,09 | 03 | 36681 |
| | 15 | 65 | 6 | 0,08 | 4,24 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 37159 |
| | 22 | 80 | 9 | 0,08 | 2,89 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 37229 |
| | 33 | 110 | 12 | 0,08 | 1,93 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 37339 |
| | 47 | 130 | 15 | 0,08 | 1,36 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 37479 |
| | 68 | 195 | 20 | 0,08 | 0,93 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | 37689 |
| 63 | 100 | 245 | 28 | 0,08 | 0,63 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | 37101 |
| | 150 | 280 | 40 | 0,08 | 0,43 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | 37151 |
| | 220 | 360 | 55 | 0,08 | 0,34 | 0,22 | 0,10 | 02 | 37221 |
| | 330 | 495 | 85 | 0,08 | 0,20 | 0,19 | 0,09 | 03 | 37331 |
| | 2,2 | 25 | 1,5** | 0,08 | 28,9 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 38228 |
| | 3,3 | 30 | 2** | 0,08 | 19,3 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 38338 |
| 63 | 4,7 | 35 | 3** | 0,08 | 13,5 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 38478 |
| | 6,8 | 45 | 4** | 0,08 | 9,36 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 38688 |
| | 10 | 50 | 6 | 0,08 | 6,37 | 1,60 | 0,70 | 5 | 38109 |
| | 15 | 75 | 10 | 0,08 | 2,90 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 38159 |
| | 22 | 90 | 12 | 0,08 | 4,25 | 0,84 | 0,36 | 6 | 38229 |
| | 33 | 125 | 17 | 0,08 | 1,93 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | 38339 |
| | 47 | 150 | 22 | 0,08 | 1,36 | 0,42 | 0,18 | 00 | 38479 |
| | 68 | 195 | 30 | 0,08 | 0,93 | 0,30 | 0,13 | 01 | 38689 |
| | 100 | 275 | 42 | 0,08 | 0,63 | 0,22 | 0,10 | 02 | 38101 |
| | 150 | 355 | 60 | 0,08 | 0,43 | 0,19 | 0,09 | 03 | 38151 |

* See also corresponding paragraphs in this data sheet.

** Measured after 5 minutes.

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C (mA)* | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ * | typ. ESR* Ω | impedance at 100 kHz Ω | | case size | catalogue number |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|--|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|------|-----------|------------------|
| | | | | | | max. | typ. | | |
| 100 | 4,7 | 40 | 5** | 0,07 | 8,5 | 1,6 | 0,8 | 5 | 2222 108 39478 |
| | 6,8 | 50 | 7** | 0,07 | 5,9 | 1,6 | 0,8 | 5 | 39688 |
| | 10 | 60 | 10 | 0,07 | 4,0 | 1,6 | 0,8 | 5 | 39109 |
| | 15 | 80 | 13 | 0,07 | 2,7 | 0,84 | 0,4 | 6 | 39159 |
| | 22 | 90 | 17 | 0,07 | 1,8 | 0,84 | 0,4 | 6 | 39229 |
| | 33 | 105 | 24 | 0,15 | 4,8 | 1,9 | 0,9 | 00 | 39339 |
| | 47 | 125 | 33 | 0,15 | 3,4 | 1,9 | 0,9 | 00 | 39479 |
| | 68 | 165 | 45 | 0,15 | 2,4 | 1,6 | 0,7 | 01 | 39689 |
| | 100 | 225 | 64 | 0,15 | 1,6 | 1,3 | 0,5 | 02 | 39101 |
| | 150 | 300 | 94 | 0,15 | 1,1 | 0,9 | 0,3 | 03 | 39151 |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz at T_{amb} = 20 °C

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 4

-10 to +50%

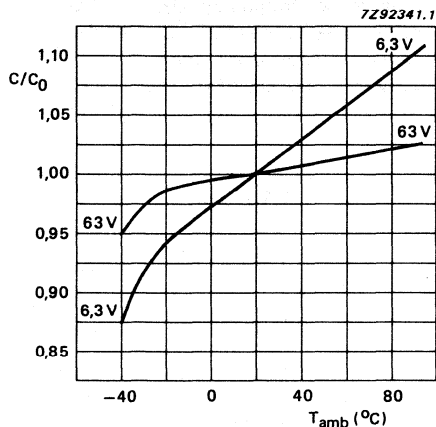


Fig. 3 Typical capacitance (C/C₀) as a function of temperature, U_R = 6,3 to 63 V; C₀ = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

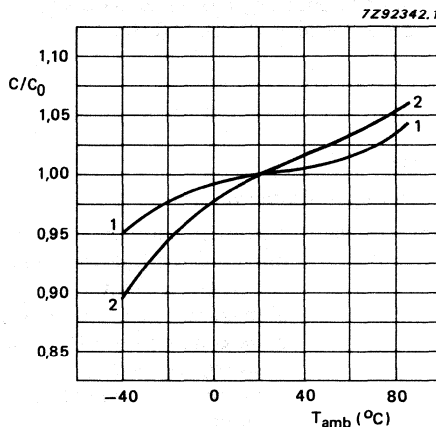


Fig. 4 Typical capacitance (C/C₀) as a function of temperature, U_R = 100 V; C₀ = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz. curve 1 = case sizes 5 and 6; curve 2 = case sizes 00 to 03.

* See also corresponding paragraph in this data sheet.

** Measured after 5 minutes.

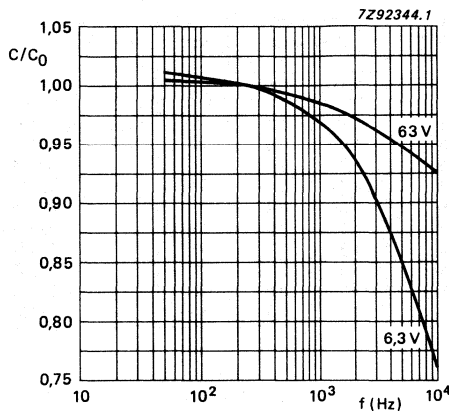


Fig. 5 Typical capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency, $U_R = 6,3$ to 63 V; C_0 = capacitance at 20°C , 100 Hz.

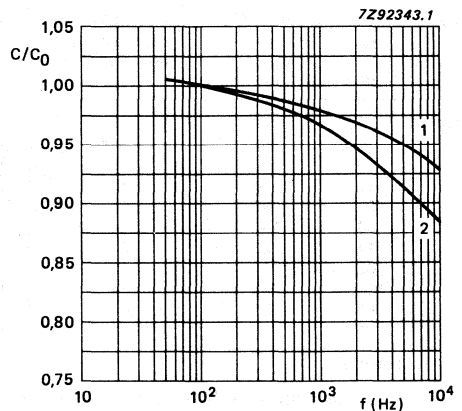


Fig. 6 Typical capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency, $U_R = 100$ V; C_0 = capacitance at 20°C , 100 Hz. curve 1 = case sizes 5 and 6; curve 2 = case sizes 00 to 03.

Voltage

Maximum permissible voltage

$1,1 \times U_R$

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- b) maximum peak AC voltage, without DC voltage applied
- c) momentary value of applied voltage

$1,1 \times U_R$

1 V

between $1,1 \times U_R$ and -1 V

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods (see also Tests and requirements in the Introduction)

$1,15 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at 85°C

1 V

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and

$T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$

$T_{\text{amb}} = 75^\circ\text{C}$

$T_{\text{amb}} \leq 65^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4

$1,7 \times$ values of Table 4

$2,2 \times$ values of Table 4

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

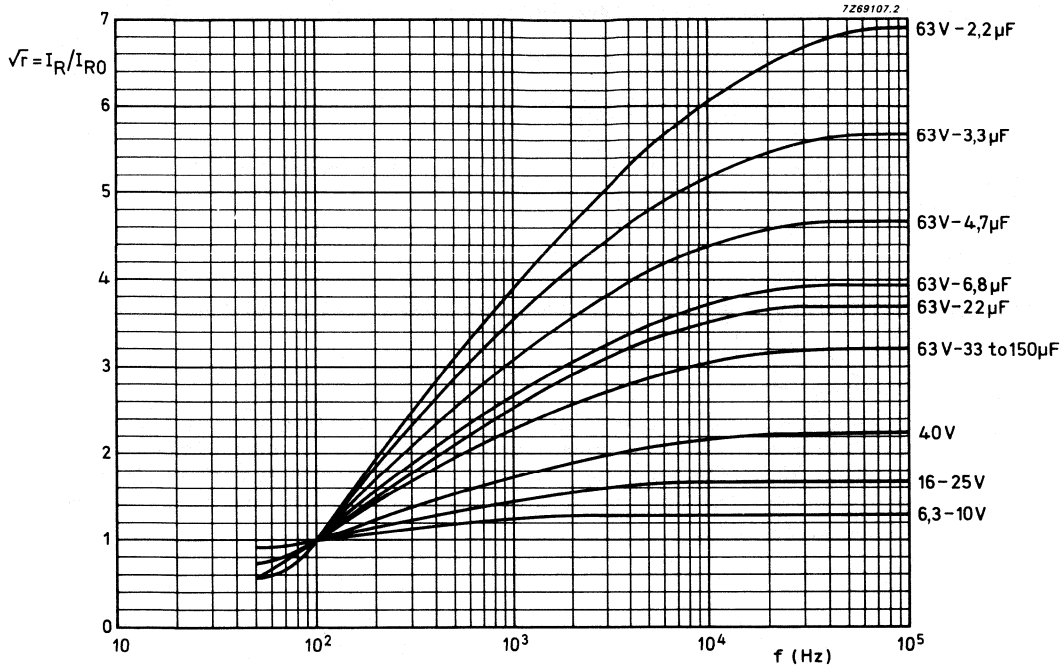


Fig. 7 Multiplying factor ($\sqrt{r} = I_R / I_{R0}$) as a function of frequency, $U_R = 6,3$ to 63 V; I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 85°C , 100 Hz.

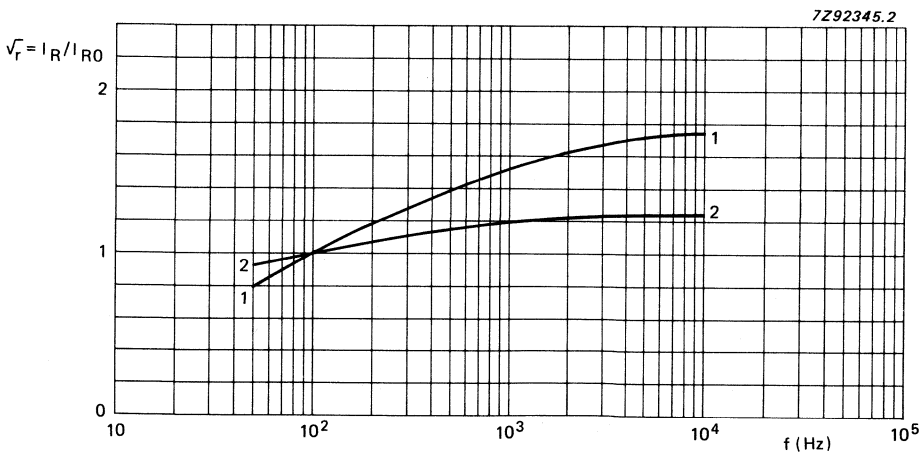


Fig. 8 Multiplying factor ($\sqrt{r} = I_R / I_{R0}$) as a function of frequency, $U_R = 100$ V; I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 85°C , 100 Hz.
Curve 1 = case sizes 5 and 6;
Curve 2 = case sizes 00 to 03.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_R^2 \text{ max}$$

- $I_{R\text{max}}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;
 I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;
 $\sqrt{r_N}$ = multiplying factor at same frequency.

Note

These ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive (see Ripple voltage).

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source with a source impedance of 0Ω , and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute* after application
of U_R , at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R
at $20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,2 x values stated in Table 4
 \leq values stated in Table 4

* For capacitors $< 10 \mu\text{F}$ the DC leakage current shall be measured 5 minutes after application of U_R .

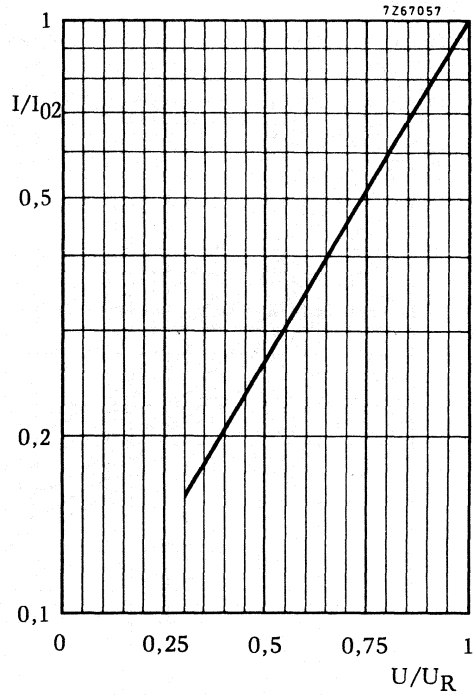
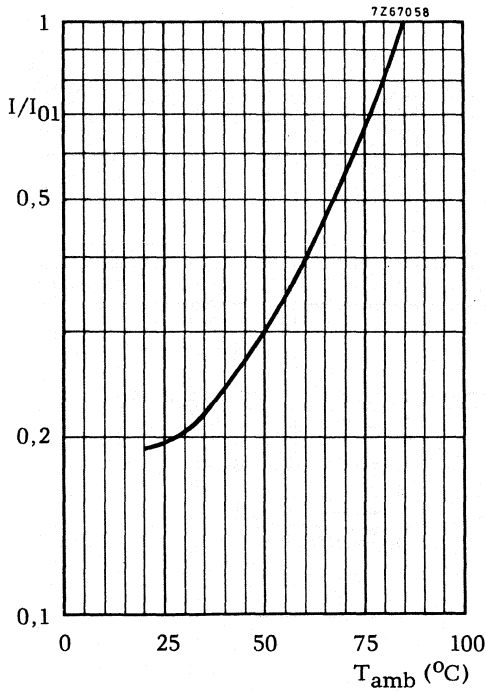


Fig. 9 Multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of temperature. I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ at U_R .

Fig. 10 Multiplier I/I_{02} as a function of U/U_R . I_{02} = DC leakage current at U_R at a discrete constant temperature within category temperature range.

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 4.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

Equivalent series resistance (ESR = $\tan \delta / \omega C$)

Typical ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Impedance

Impedance at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

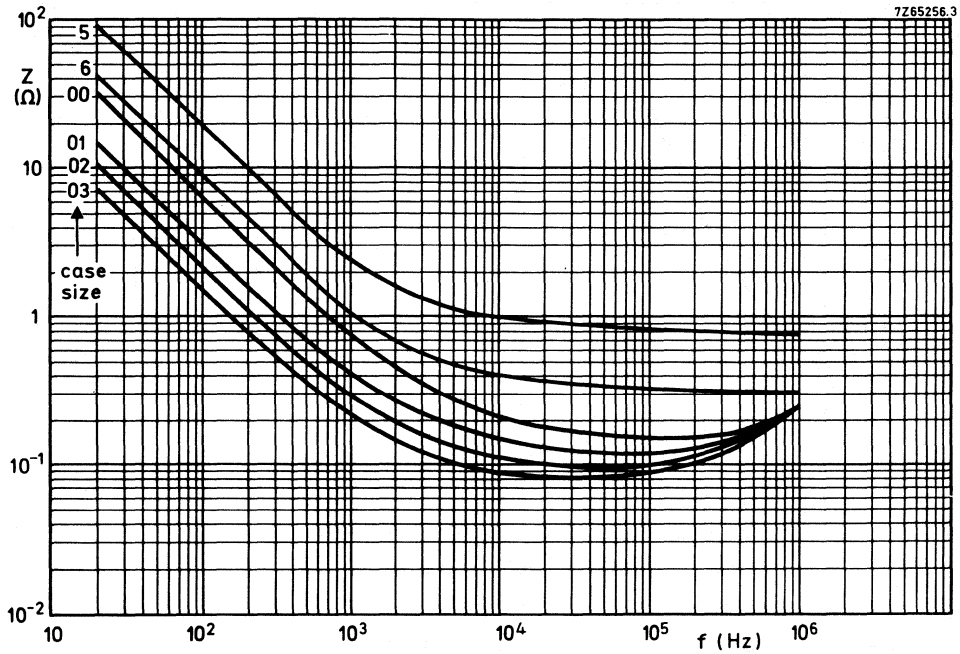


Fig. 11 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $U_R = 16\text{ V}$.

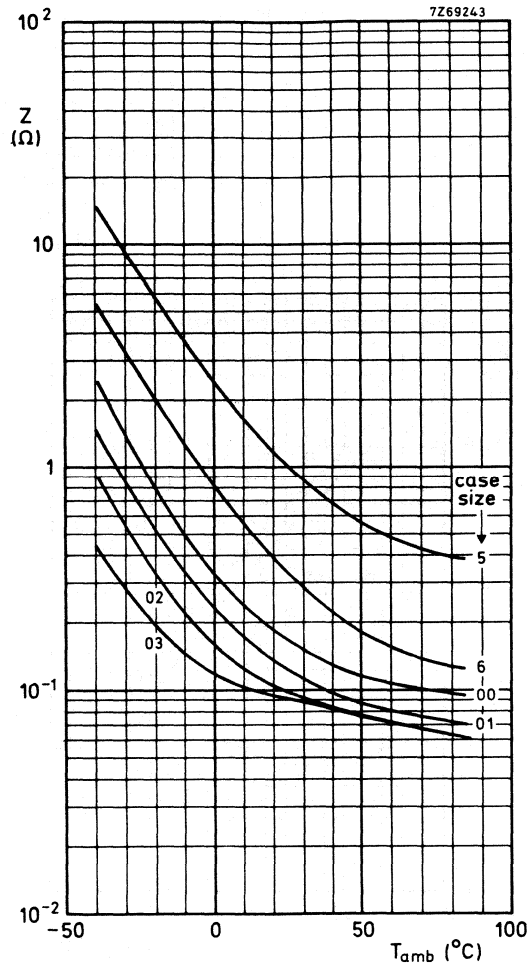


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz, $U_R = 6,3$ to 63 V.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

| | |
|----------------------|------------|
| Case size 5 | typ. 40 nH |
| Case size 6 | typ. 50 nH |
| Case sizes 00 and 01 | typ. 50 nH |
| Case size 02 | typ. 55 nH |
| Case size 03 | typ. 60 nH |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

for rated voltage

-40 to + 85 °C

Typical lifetime

at + 40 °C

at + 85 °C

at + 105 °C

case sizes 5 and 6

case sizes 00 to 03

> 120 000 hours

> 200 000 hours

> 6 000 hours

> 15 000 hours

> 1 200 hours

> 2 000 hours*

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

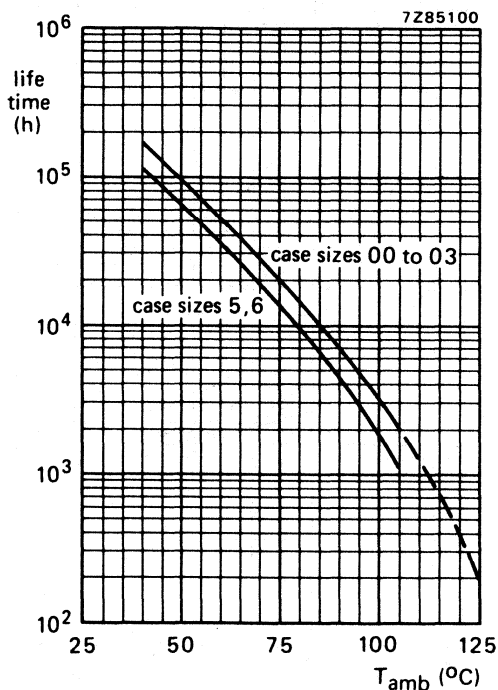


Fig. 13 Typical lifetime as a function of temperature.

* Not applicable to 100 V range.

PACKING

Capacitors with case sizes 00 to 03 are supplied in boxes of 200. Capacitors with case sizes 5 and 6 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes of 500.

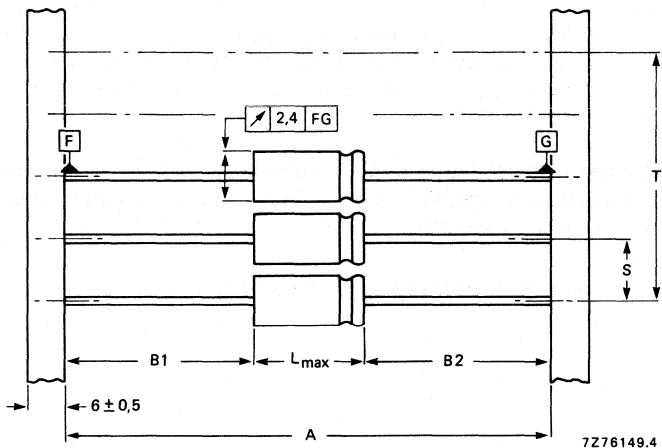


Fig. 14 Capacitors (case size 5 or 6) on bandoliers: the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 5 for dimensions A, S, T and L. $|B1-B2| = \text{max. } 1,4 \text{ mm.}$

Table 5 Dimensions of bandolier (all dimensions in mm)

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L _{max} |
|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | | | n < 50 | 50 < n < 100 | |
| 5 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 18,5 |
| 6 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 15 (n-1) ± 2 | 15 (n-1) ± 4 | 18,5 |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements — non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the exception of IEC 384—4 sub clause 9, 14, for which the following is valid.

IEC 384—4 sub clause 9, 14.

IEC 68—2 test method: no reference.

Name of test: Endurance.

Procedure: 5000 hours at 85 °C, rated voltage and ripple current applied.

Requirements: No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, insulation resistance $> 100 \text{ M}\Omega$, no breakdown or flashover, DC leakage current \leq stated limit, $\tan \delta \leq 1,3 \times$ stated limit, impedance at 100 kHz $\leq 2 \times$ stated limit, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$.

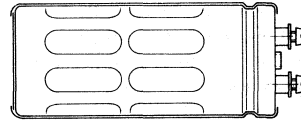
After *shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note:

Capacitors 2222 108 are miniature and small types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Large type with screw terminals
- Long life
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 150 to 220 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +30% |
| Rated voltage range, U_R | 10 to 385 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 8000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, long-life grade DIN 41240 DIN 41248 |
| Detail specification | |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF (56 days) |
| NF C93-001 | 554 |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 250 | 350 | 385 |
| 150 | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| 220 | | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 330 | | | | | | | 10 | | 12a |
| 470 | | | | | | | 11 | | 14 |
| 680 | | | | | | | 12a | 14 | 15a |
| 1 000 | | | | | | 10 | 14 | 15a | 16a |
| 1 500 | | | | | | 10 | 15a | | 16a |
| 2 200 | | | | | 10 | 11 | 16a | | 17 |
| 3 300 | | | | 10 | 10 | 12a | 16a | 17 | |
| 4 700 | | | 10 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 17 | | |
| 6 800 | | | 10 | 11 | 12a | 15a | | | |
| 10 000 | | 10 | 11 | 12a | 14 | 16a | | | |
| 15 000 | 10 | 11 | 12a | 14 | 15a | 16a | | | |
| 22 000 | 11 | 12a | 14 | 15a | 16a | 17 | | | |
| 33 000 | 12a | 14 | 15a | 16a | 16a | | | | |
| 47 000 | 14 | 15a | 16a | 16a | 17 | | | | |
| 68 000 | 15a | 16a | 16a | 17 | | | | | |
| 100 000 | 16a | 16a | 17 | | | | | | |
| 150 000 | 16a | 17 | | | | | | | |
| 220 000 | 17 | | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 10 | \varnothing 35 x 60 |
| 11 | \varnothing 35 x 80 |
| 12a | \varnothing 35 x 105 |
| 14 | \varnothing 50 x 80 |
| 15a | \varnothing 50 x 105 |
| 16a | \varnothing 65 x 105 |
| 17 | \varnothing 75 x 105 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have extremely low impedance and inductance values and high resistance to shock and vibration which make them suitable for applications such as:

- switched-mode power supplies;
- power supplies in digital equipment;
- energy storage in pulse systems;
- filters in measuring and control apparatus.

DESCRIPTION

The low impedance and inductance are achieved by a special construction with multiple internal anode and cathode connections. The high resistance to shock and vibration is achieved by the longitudinal rills and special internal construction. The capacitors are completely cold-welded and there are no limitations on charge/discharge rate (see paragraph "Charge and discharge current"). The aluminium cases are fully insulated and sealed by a synthetic disc with a vent. The capacitors are delivered with screws and washers.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

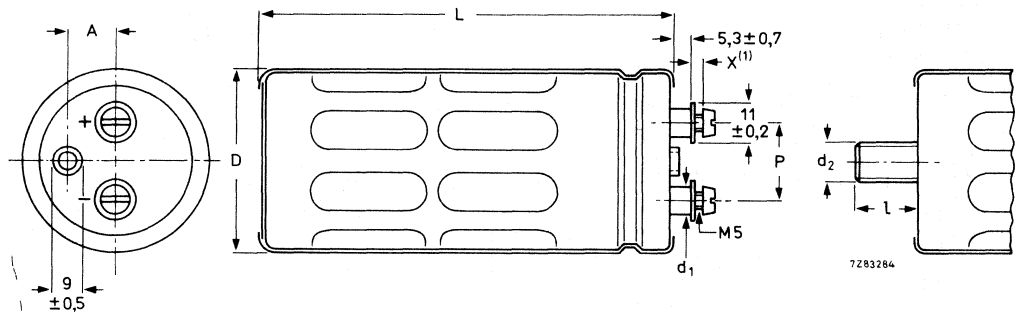


Fig. 1 See Table 4 for dimensions D, L, P, A, d₁, d₂, and l.

(1) Maximum permissible torque which may be applied to the termination screws at various heights (dimension x in drawing) is shown in Table 3.

→ **Table 3** Maximum permissible torque values

| x | max. permissible torque (Nm) |
|---|------------------------------|
| 2 | 2 |
| 4 | 1,5 |
| 6 | 1,5 |

Table 4 Physical dimensions

| case size | D | L | P | A | d ₁ | d ₂ x l | approx. mass grams |
|-----------|----|-----|------|------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 10 | 35 | 60 | 13,0 | 8,4 | 8 | M8 x 12 | 55 |
| 11 | 35 | 80 | 13,0 | 8,4 | 8 | M8 x 12 | 80 |
| 12a | 35 | 105 | 13,0 | 8,4 | 8 | M8 x 12 | 110 |
| 14 | 50 | 80 | 22,0 | 14,3 | 8 | M12 x 16 | 160 |
| 15a | 50 | 105 | 22,0 | 14,3 | 8 | M12 x 16 | 210 |
| 16a | 65 | 105 | 28,5 | 19,0 | 11 | M12 x 16 | 370 |
| 17 | 75 | 105 | 32,0 | 21,0 | 11 | M12 x 16 | 535 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, tolerance on nominal capacitance, rated voltage, temperature range, IEC grade, maximum RMS ripple current at 70 °C and 20 kHz, catalogue number, date code (year/week), name of manufacturer.

Mounting

The capacitor may be mounted vertically or horizontally, with or without mounting clamp. For proper functioning the vent should be on the upper side, whether the capacitor is mounted horizontally or vertically. When a number of capacitors are connected in a bank, they must not be closer than 15 mm together when no derating of ripple current and/or temperature is applied. Also see Mounting Accessories, at the end of this data sheet.

Minimum atmospheric pressure

8,5 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS* ripple current (A) | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute mA | typ.* ESR mΩ | max. tan δ* | impedance at 20 kHz* mΩ | | case size | catalogue number** |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|---|
| | | at T _{amb} = 85 °C 100 Hz | at T _{amb} = 70 °C 20 kHz | | | | typ. | max. | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 15 000 | 6 | 11,4 | 0,90 | 20 | 0,32 | 13 | 20 | 10 | 2222 114 14153 14223 14333 14473 14683 14104 14154 14224 |
| | 22 000 | 7,5 | 14,2 | 1,32 | 14 | 0,33 | 9,5 | 14 | 11 | |
| | 33 000 | 10 | 19 | 1,98 | 10 | 0,35 | 7,5 | 10 | 12a | |
| | 47 000 | 14 | 26,5 | 2,82 | 7,5 | 0,36 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 14 | |
| | 68 000 | 18 | 34 | 4,08 | 5,5 | 0,38 | 4,0 | 8,0 | 15a | |
| | 100 000 | 30 | 50 | 6,00 | 3,5 | 0,34 | 3,0 | 5,0 | 16a | |
| | 150 000 | 30 | 50 | 9,00 | 3,0 | 0,45 | 3,0 | 5,0 | 16a | |
| | 220 000 | 37 | 50 | 13,20 | 2,0 | 0,45 | 2,5 | 4,0 | 17 | |
| 16 | 10 000 | 6 | 11,4 | 0,96 | 22 | 0,22 | 13 | 20 | 10 | 15103 15153 15223 15333 15473 15683 15104 15154 |
| | 15 000 | 7,5 | 14,2 | 1,44 | 15 | 0,23 | 9,5 | 14 | 11 | |
| | 22 000 | 10 | 19 | 2,12 | 11 | 0,25 | 7,0 | 10 | 12a | |
| | 33 000 | 13 | 24,6 | 3,17 | 7,5 | 0,26 | 5,0 | 9,5 | 14 | |
| | 47 000 | 18 | 34 | 4,52 | 5,5 | 0,27 | 4,0 | 8,0 | 15a | |
| | 68 000 | 28 | 50 | 6,53 | 3,5 | 0,24 | 3,0 | 5,0 | 16a | |
| | 100 000 | 28 | 50 | 9,60 | 3,0 | 0,31 | 3,0 | 5,0 | 16a | |
| | 150 000 | 37 | 50 | 14,40 | 2,0 | 0,31 | 2,5 | 4,0 | 17 | |
| 25 | 4 700 | 5,2 | 10 | 0,71 | 30 | 0,14 | 15 | 23 | 10 | 16472 16682 16103 16153 16223 16333 16473 16683 16104 |
| | 6 800 | 5,2 | 10 | 1,02 | 25 | 0,18 | 14 | 21 | 10 | |
| | 10 000 | 6,7 | 12,7 | 1,50 | 18 | 0,18 | 10 | 15 | 11 | |
| | 15 000 | 9,7 | 18,4 | 2,25 | 12 | 0,19 | 7,5 | 11 | 12a | |
| | 22 000 | 12,5 | 23,7 | 3,30 | 8,5 | 0,19 | 5,5 | 9,5 | 14 | |
| | 33 000 | 18 | 34 | 4,95 | 6,0 | 0,21 | 4,0 | 8,0 | 15a | |
| | 47 000 | 27 | 50 | 7,05 | 4,0 | 0,18 | 3,0 | 5,0 | 16a | |
| | 68 000 | 27 | 50 | 10,20 | 3,5 | 0,23 | 3,0 | 5,0 | 16a | |
| 100 000 | 37 | 50 | 15,00 | 2,5 | 0,23 | 2,5 | 4,0 | 17 | | |
| 40 | 3 300 | 4,5 | 8,5 | 0,80 | 37 | 0,13 | 21 | 32 | 10 | 17332 17472 17682 17103 17153 17223 17333 17473 17683 |
| | 4 700 | 4,5 | 8,5 | 1,13 | 35 | 0,17 | 22 | 33 | 10 | |
| | 6 800 | 6 | 11,4 | 1,64 | 25 | 0,17 | 15 | 23 | 11 | |
| | 10 000 | 7,5 | 14,2 | 2,40 | 17 | 0,18 | 11 | 17 | 12a | |
| | 15 000 | 10 | 19 | 3,60 | 11 | 0,17 | 7,5 | 13 | 14 | |
| | 22 000 | 15 | 28,5 | 5,28 | 8,0 | 0,18 | 5,5 | 10,5 | 15a | |
| | 33 000 | 21 | 40 | 7,92 | 5,0 | 0,16 | 3,5 | 6,0 | 16a | |
| | 47 000 | 22 | 42 | 11,28 | 4,5 | 0,21 | 3,5 | 6,0 | 16a | |
| 68 000 | 30 | 50 | 16,32 | 3,0 | 0,21 | 3,0 | 4,5 | 17 | | |

* See also corresponding paragraph in this data sheet.

** Replace 8th digit by 5 for bolt version.

Table 5 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS* ripple current (A) | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute mA | typ.* ESR mΩ | max. tan δ* | impedance at 20 kHz* mΩ | | case size | catalogue number** | |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | | at T _{amb} = 85 °C 100 Hz | at T _{amb} = 70 °C 20 kHz | | | | typ. | max. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | 2 200 | 3,7 | 7 | 0,84 | 39 | 0,09 | 22 | 33 | 10 | 2222 114 18222 | |
| | 3 300 | 3,7 | 7 | 1,25 | 32 | 0,11 | 20 | 30 | 10 | | 18332 |
| | 4 700 | 5,2 | 10 | 1,78 | 23 | 0,11 | 14 | 21 | 11 | | 18472 |
| | 6 800 | 7,5 | 14,2 | 2,57 | 17 | 0,11 | 10 | 15 | 12a | | 18682 |
| | 10 000 | 9,5 | 18 | 3,78 | 12 | 0,12 | 7,5 | 14 | 14 | | 18103 |
| | 15 000 | 13,5 | 25,6 | 5,67 | 8,5 | 0,13 | 5,5 | 10,5 | 15a | | 18153 |
| | 22 000 | 21 | 40 | 8,32 | 5,0 | 0,11 | 3,5 | 6,0 | 16a | | 18223 |
| | 33 000 | 22 | 42 | 12,48 | 4,5 | 0,14 | 3,5 | 6,0 | 16a | | 18333 |
| | 47 000 | 30 | 50 | 17,77 | 3,0 | 0,14 | 3,0 | 4,5 | 17 | | 18473 |
| | 100 | 1 000 | 3,0 | 5,7 | 0,60 | 85 | 0,09 | 45 | 67 | | 10 |
| 1 500 | | 3,3 | 6,3 | 0,90 | 65 | 0,10 | 40 | 60 | 10 | 19152 | |
| 2 200 | | 4,6 | 8,7 | 1,32 | 45 | 0,10 | 28 | 42 | 11 | 19222 | |
| 3 300 | | 6,5 | 12,3 | 1,98 | 30 | 0,10 | 19 | 28 | 12a | 19332 | |
| 4 700 | | 7,4 | 14,0 | 2,82 | 27 | 0,11 | 17 | 25 | 14 | 19472 | |
| 6 800 | | 9,9 | 18,8 | 4,08 | 19 | 0,11 | 12 | 18 | 15a | 19682 | |
| 10 000 | | 15,8 | 30,0 | 6,00 | 10 | 0,11 | 6 | 10 | 16a | 19103 | |
| 15 000 | | 15,0 | 28,5 | 9,00 | 11 | 0,12 | 7 | 11 | 16a | 19153 | |
| 22 000 | | 20,5 | 38,9 | 13,20 | 7 | 0,12 | 5 | 8 | 17 | 19223 | |
| 250 | | 330 | 1,8 | 3,4 | 0,50 | 300 | 0,15 | 275 | 500 | 10 | 2222 115 13331 |
| | 470 | 2,5 | 4,7 | 0,71 | 250 | 0,15 | 140 | 375 | 11 | 13471 | |
| | 680 | 3,5 | 6,6 | 1,02 | 180 | 0,15 | 125 | 300 | 12a | 13681 | |
| | 1 000 | 4,2 | 8 | 1,50 | 110 | 0,15 | 60 | 130 | 14 | 13102 | |
| | 1 500 | 6,3 | 12 | 2,25 | 60 | 0,15 | 40 | 100 | 15a | 13152 | |
| | 2 200 | 8,8 | 16,7 | 3,30 | 45 | 0,15 | 30 | 60 | 16a | 13222 | |
| | 3 300 | 10,5 | 20 | 4,95 | 30 | 0,15 | 25 | 50 | 16a | 13332 | |
| | 4 700 | 14 | 26,5 | 7,05 | 25 | 0,15 | 20 | 40 | 17 | 13472 | |
| 350 | 680 | 2,7 | 5,1 | 1,47 | 140 | 0,10 | 60 | 130 | 14 | 15681 | |
| | 1 000 | 4,8 | 9,1 | 2,14 | 65 | 0,10 | 50 | 100 | 15a | 15102 | |
| | 3 300 | 10,0 | 19,0 | 6,93 | — | 0,10 | — | 45 | 17 | 15332 | |
| 385 | 150 | 1,2 | 2,3 | 0,34 | 425 | 0,10 | 250 | 500 | 10 | 18151 | |
| | 220 | 1,6 | 3 | 0,50 | 275 | 0,10 | 200 | 380 | 11 | 18221 | |
| | 330 | 2,2 | 4,2 | 0,75 | 175 | 0,10 | 140 | 300 | 12a | 18331 | |
| | 470 | 2,7 | 5,1 | 1,06 | 110 | 0,10 | 75 | 130 | 14 | 18471 | |
| | 680 | 4,8 | 9,1 | 1,53 | 90 | 0,10 | 60 | 130 | 15a | 18681 | |
| | 1 000 | 7 | 13,3 | 2,25 | 70 | 0,10 | 45 | 60 | 16a | 18102 | |
| | 1 500 | 7 | 13,3 | 3,38 | 45 | 0,10 | 30 | 50 | 16a | 18152 | |
| | 2 200 | 9 | 17 | 4,95 | 35 | 0,10 | 20 | 45 | 17 | 18222 | |

* See also corresponding paragraph in this data sheet.

** Replace 8th digit by 5 for bolt version.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 5

-10 to +30%

Voltage

- Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage
- Ripple voltage = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:
- (a) maximum positive voltage on anode (DC + peak AC)
 - (b) maximum positive voltage on cathode (reverse voltage)
 - (c) maximum ripple current is not exceeded
- Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods (see also "Tests and requirements")
- $U_R = 10$ to 100 V
 - $U_R = 250\text{ V}$
 - $U_R = 350\text{ V}$ and 385 V
- Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature (for short periods)

| core temperature* | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| < 60 °C | 60 to 95 °C |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| | 1 V |
| $1,25 \times U_R$ | $1,15 \times U_R$ |
| | $1,15 \times U_R$ |
| | $1,1 \times U_R$ |
| | 1 V |

* See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

Ripple current

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current
 at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 at 20 kHz and $T_{amb} = 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 at other frequencies and temperatures

see Table 5
 see Table 6
 see Tables 6 and 7*

Table 6 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. temperature

| ambient temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | multiplier of max. ripple current |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| 85 | 1,00 |
| 80 | 1,22 |
| 75 | 1,41 |
| 70 | 1,58 |
| 65 | 1,73 |
| 60 | 1,87 |
| 55 | 2,00 |
| 50 | 2,12 |
| 45 | 2,24 |
| ≤ 40 | 2,35 |

Table 7 Multiplier of maximum ripple current vs. frequency

| frequency Hz | multiplier of max. ripple current (\sqrt{f}) |
|-----------------|---|
| 50 | 0,83 |
| 100 | 1,00 |
| 200 | 1,10 |
| 400 | 1,15 |
| 1000 | 1,19 |
| ≥ 2000 | 1,20 |

*With an absolute maximum of 50 A.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_R^2 \text{ max}$$

$I_R \text{ max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N}$ = multiplying factor at same frequency (Table 7)

Note

Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application
 of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,006 CU + 4 μA)

DC leakage current after 15 minutes at U_R ,

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

0,125 x value stated in Table 5

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

0,625 x value stated in Table 5

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Typical ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5

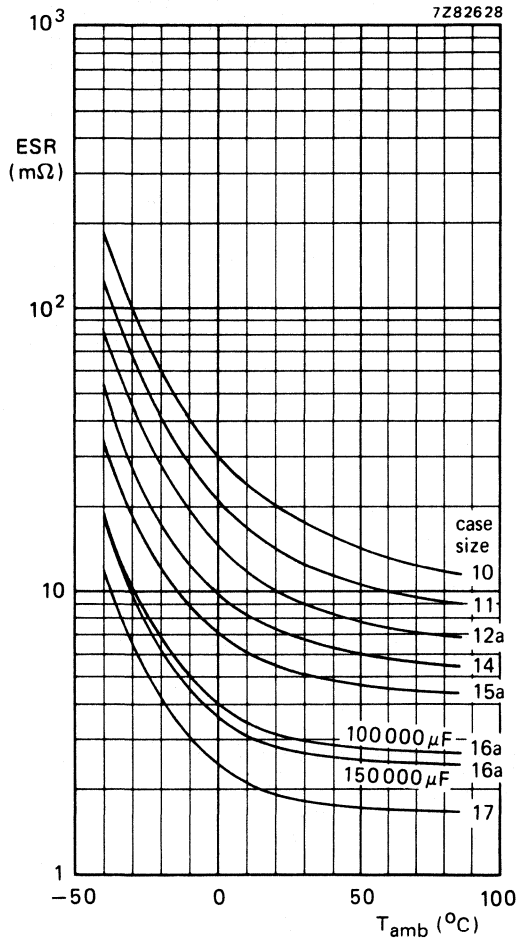


Fig. 2 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 10$ V.

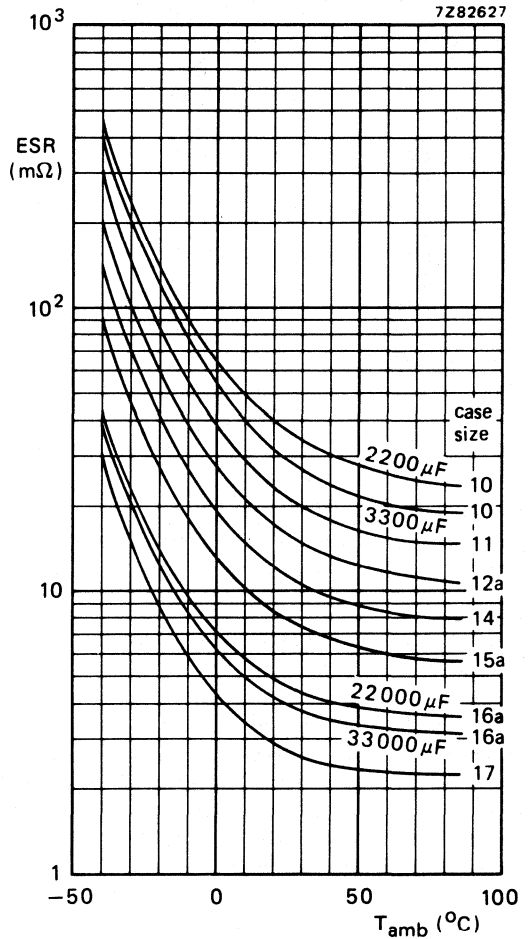


Fig. 3 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 63$ V.

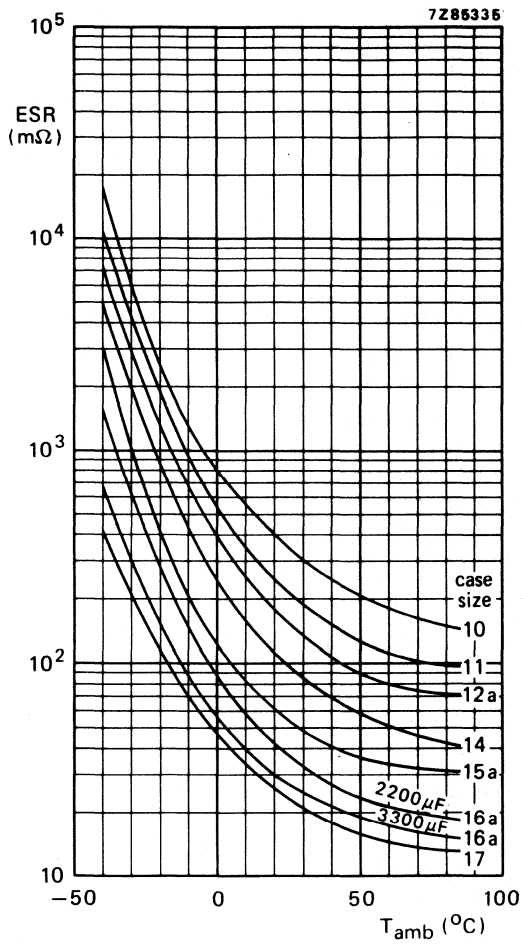


Fig. 4 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 250$ V.

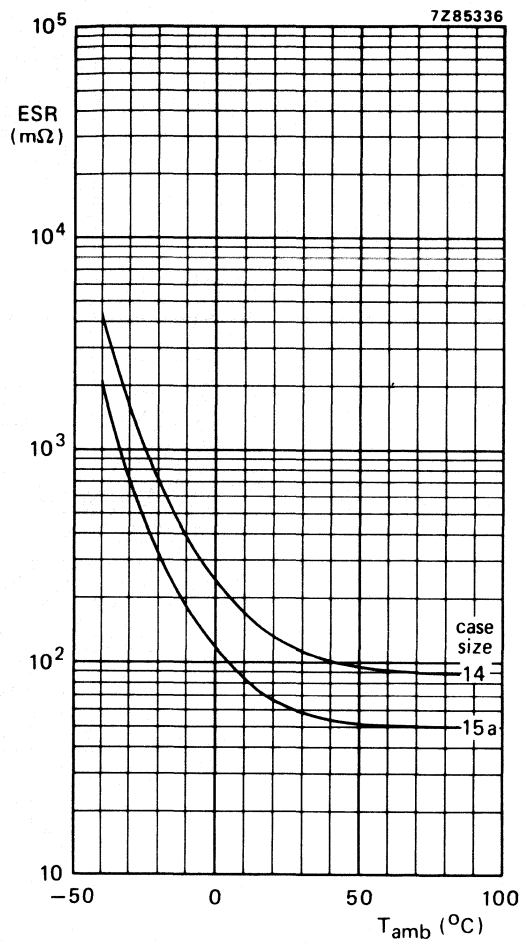


Fig. 5 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 350$ V.

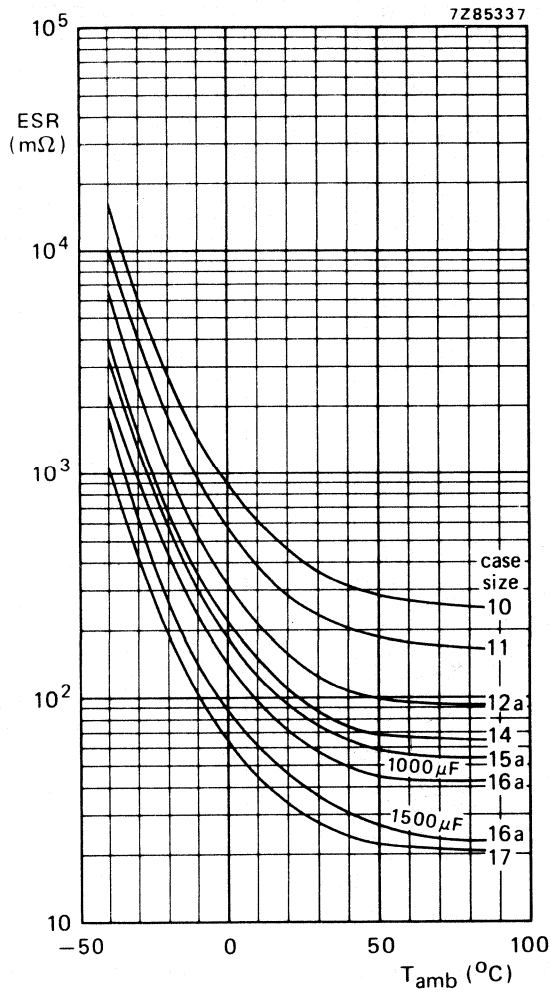


Fig. 6 Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz, $U_R = 385$ V.

Impedance

Impedance at 20 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

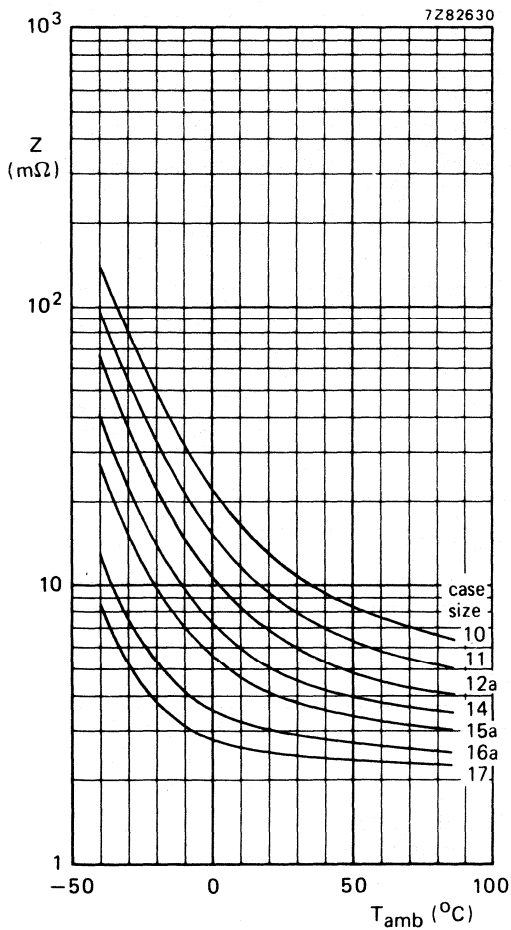


Fig. 7 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz, $U_R = 10\text{ V}$.

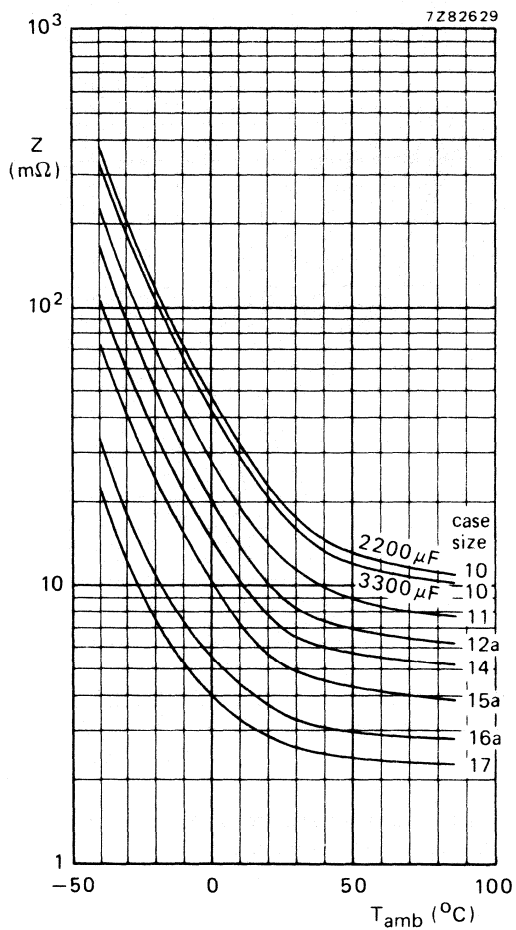


Fig. 8 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz, $U_R = 63\text{ V}$.

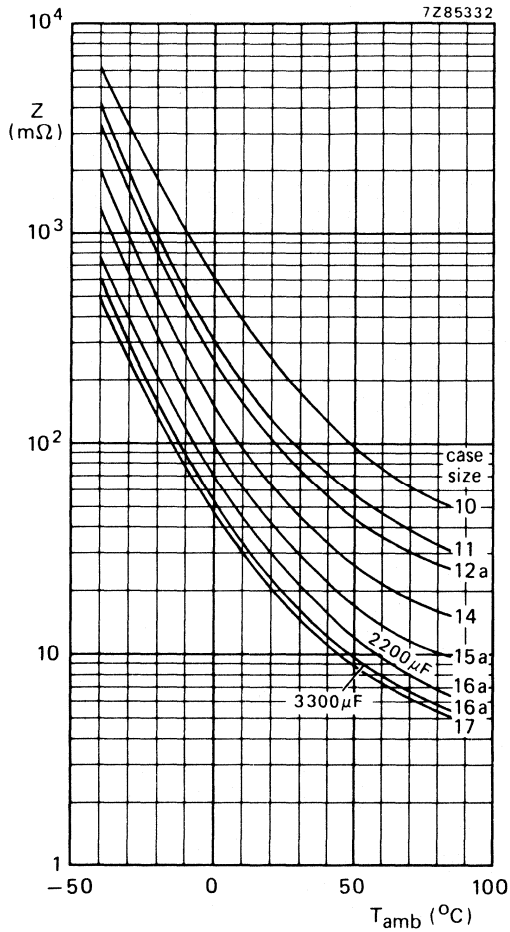


Fig. 9 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz, $U_R = 250$ V.

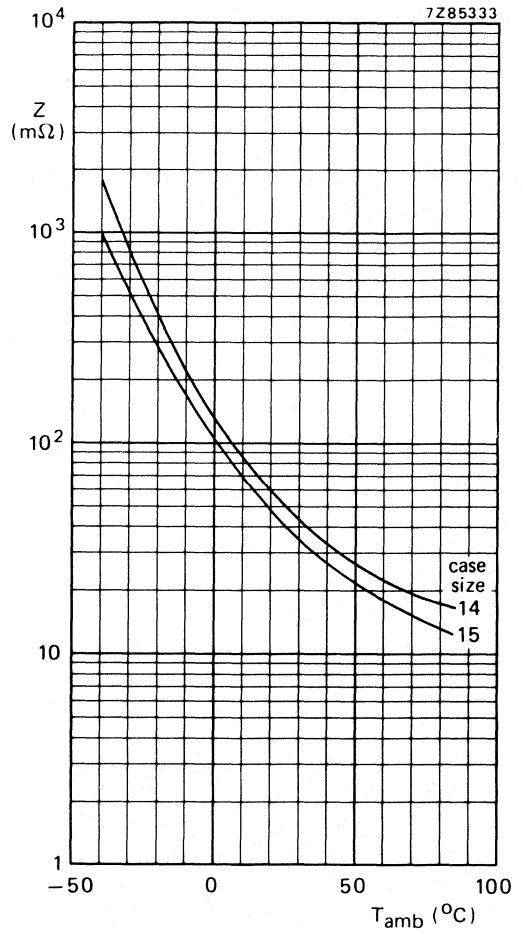


Fig. 10 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz, $U_R = 350$ V.

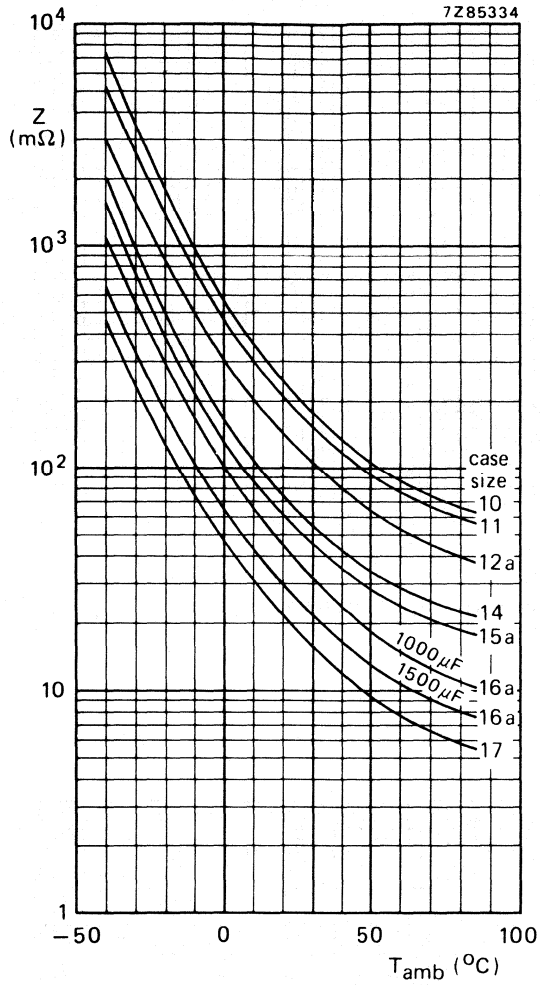


Fig. 11 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz, $U_R = 385$ V.

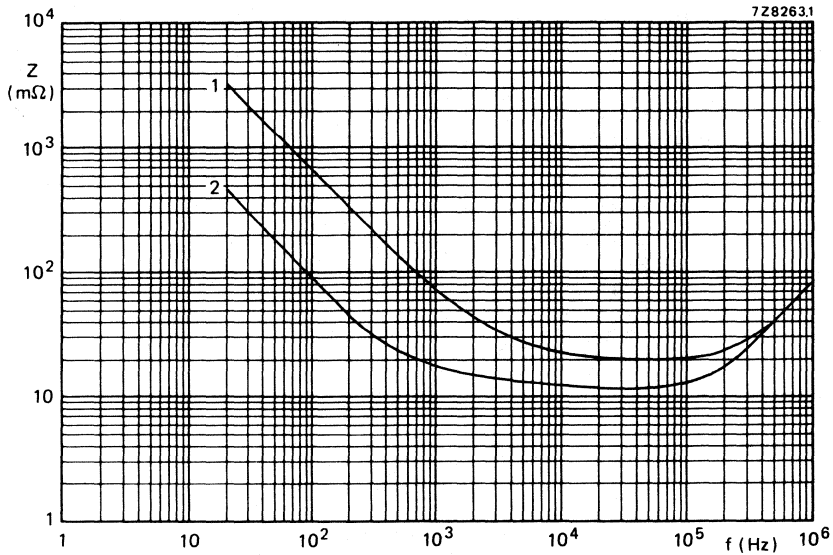


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 10:
curve 1 = 2200 μF , 63 V;
curve 2 = 15 000 μF , 10 V.

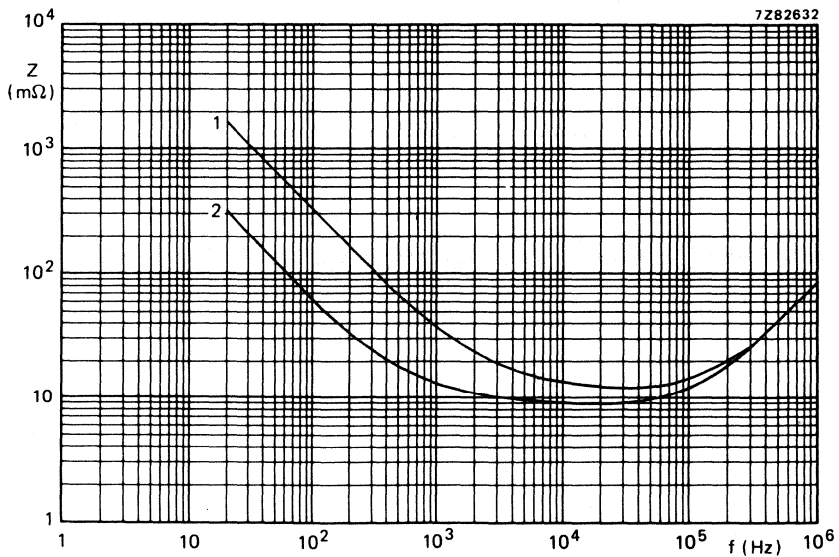


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 11:
curve 1 = 4700 μF , 63 V;
curve 2 = 22 000 μF , 10 V.

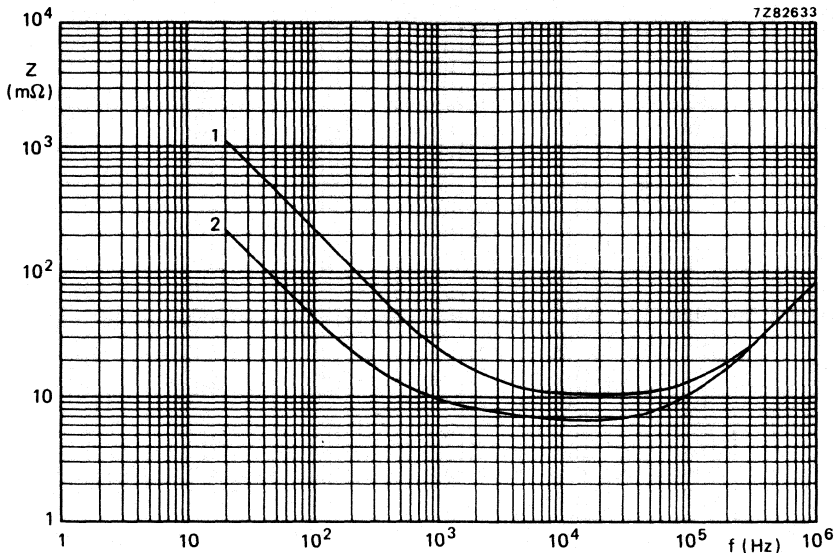


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 12a:
curve 1 = 6800 μF , 63 V;
curve 2 = 33 000 μF , 10 V.

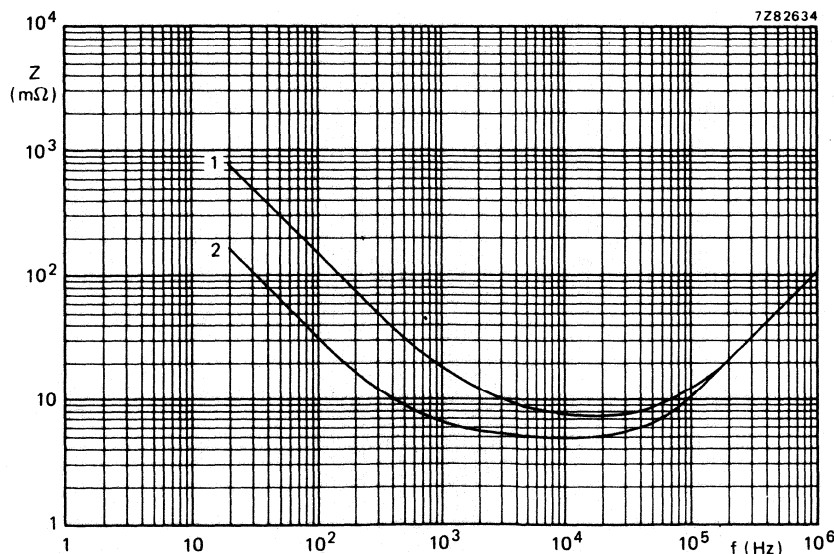


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 14:
curve 1 = 10 000 μF , 63 V;
curve 2 = 47 000 μF , 10 V.

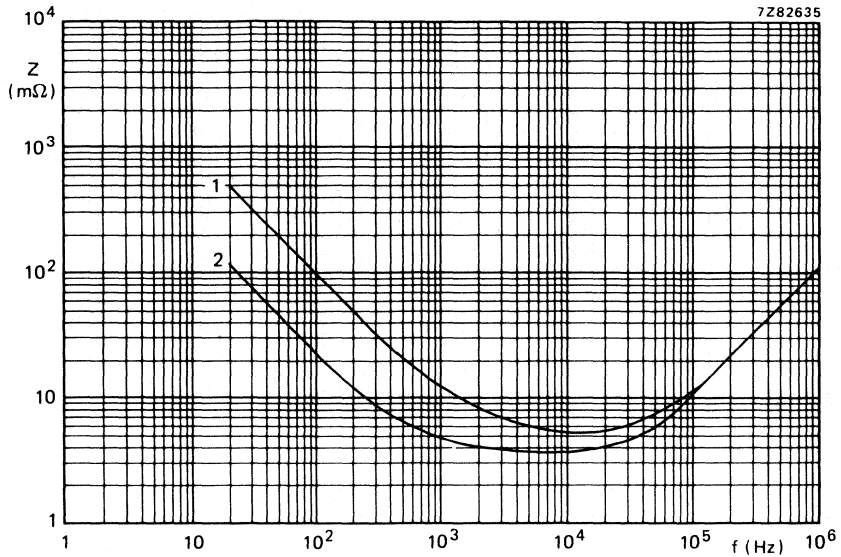


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case size 15a:
curve 1 = 15 000 μF , 63 V; curve 2 = 68 000 μF , 10 V.

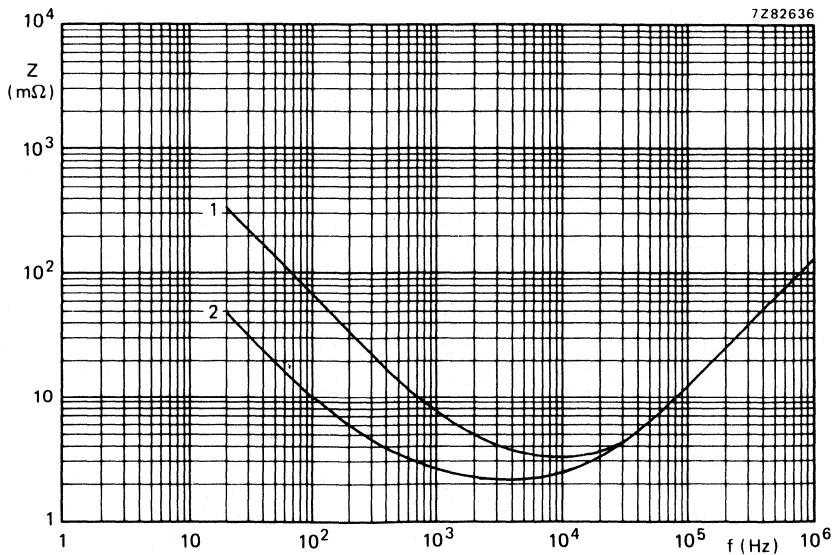


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case size 16a:
curve 1 = 22 000 μF , 63 V; curve 2 = 150 000 μF , 10 V.

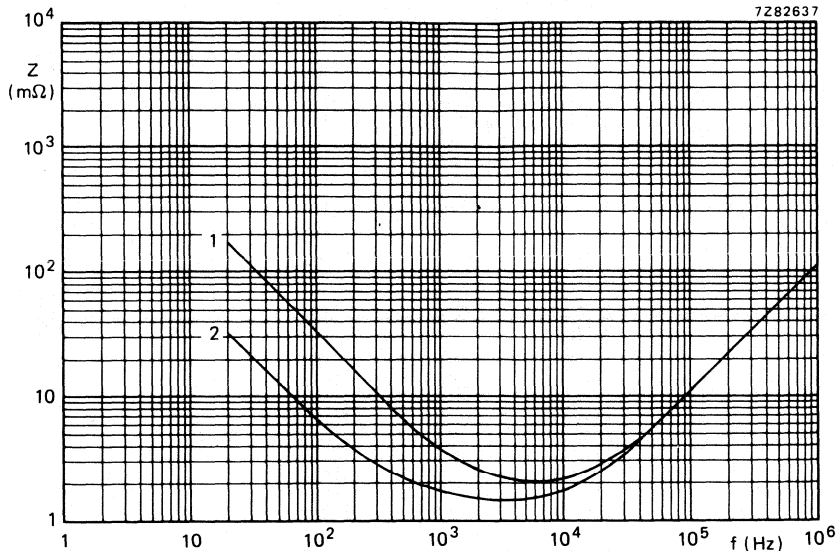


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case size 17:
curve 1 = 47 000 μF , 63 V; curve 2 = 220 000 μF , 10 V.

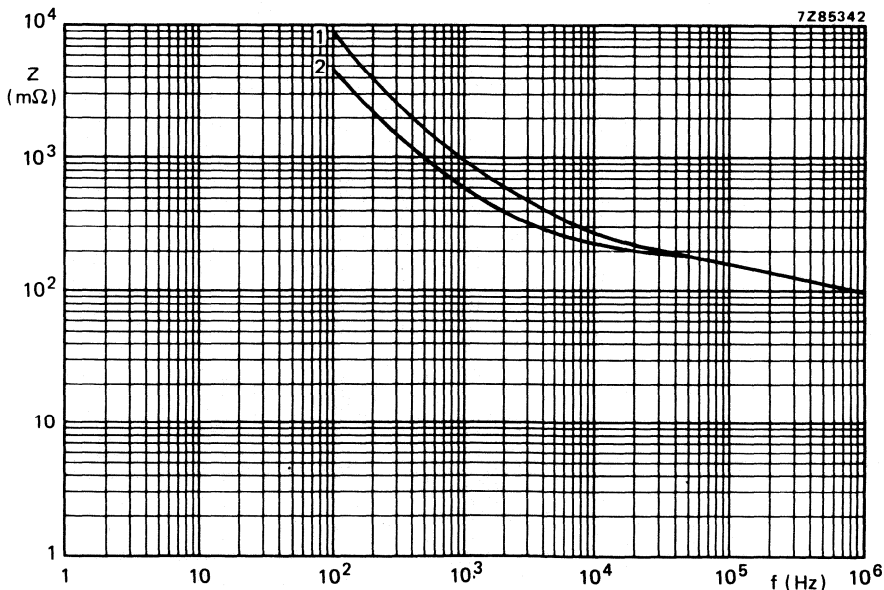


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; case size 10:
curve 1 = 150 μF , 385 V; curve 2 = 330 μF , 250 V.

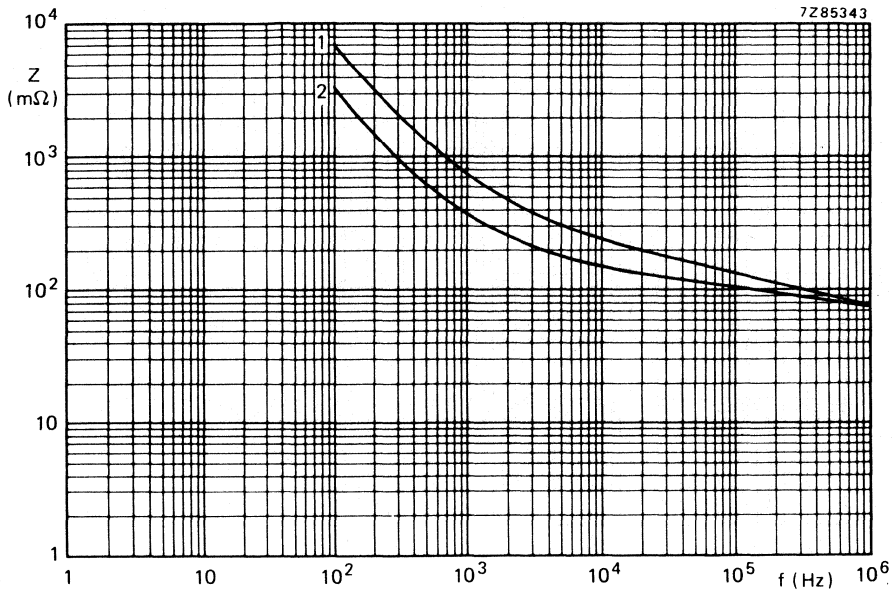


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 11:
curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V;
curve 2 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V.

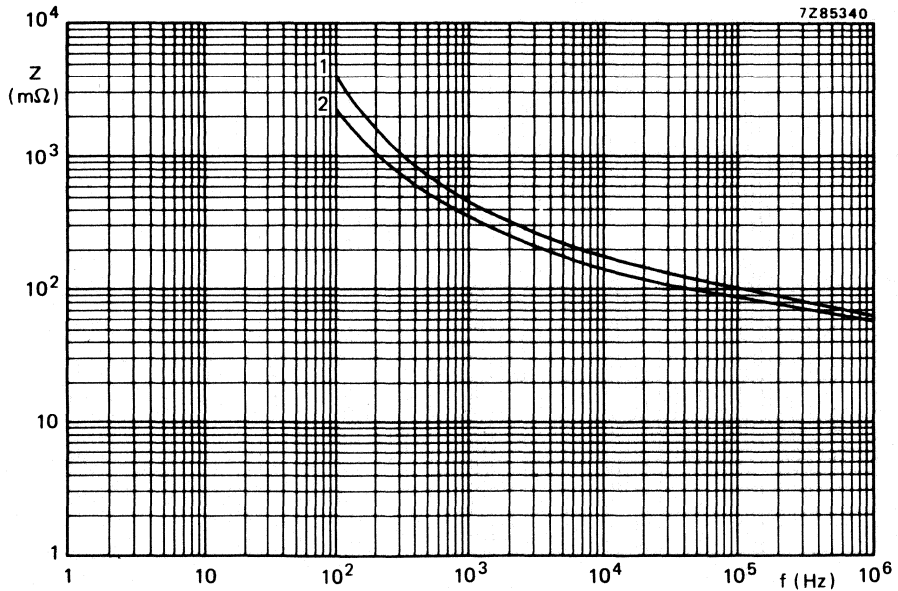


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 12a:
curve 1 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V;
curve 2 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V.

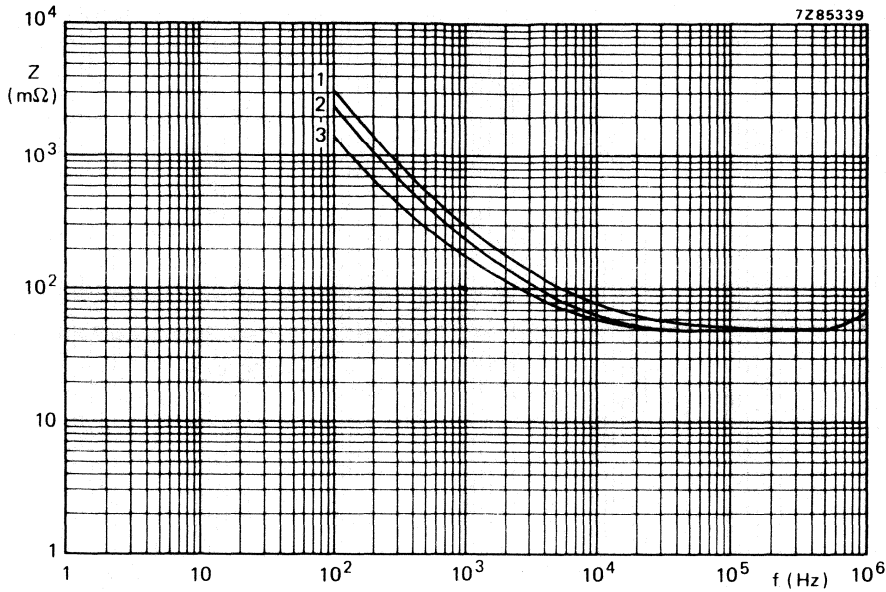


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 14:
 curve 1 = 470 μF , 385 V;
 curve 2 = 680 μF , 350 V;
 curve 3 = 1000 μF , 250 V.

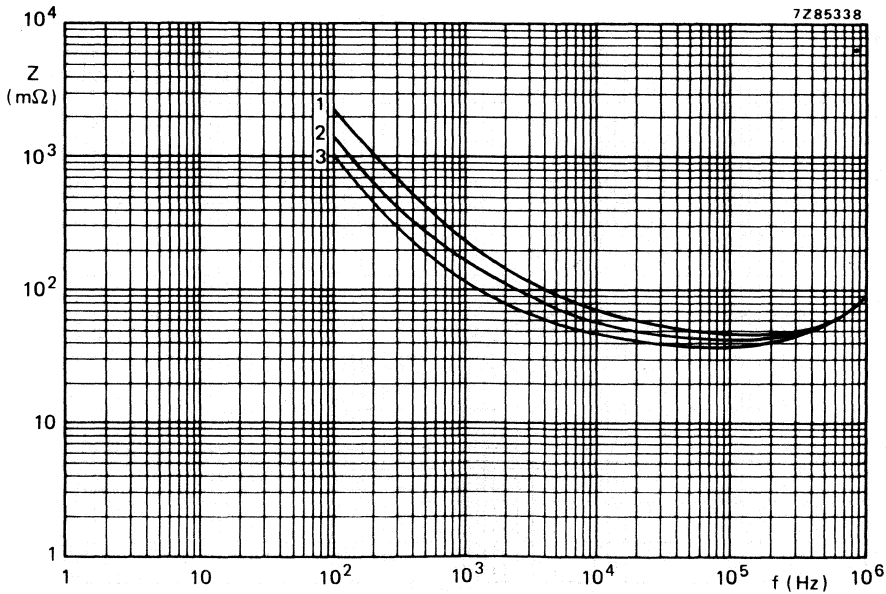


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 15a:
 curve 1 = 680 μF , 385 V;
 curve 2 = 1000 μF , 350 V;
 curve 3 = 1500 μF , 250 V.

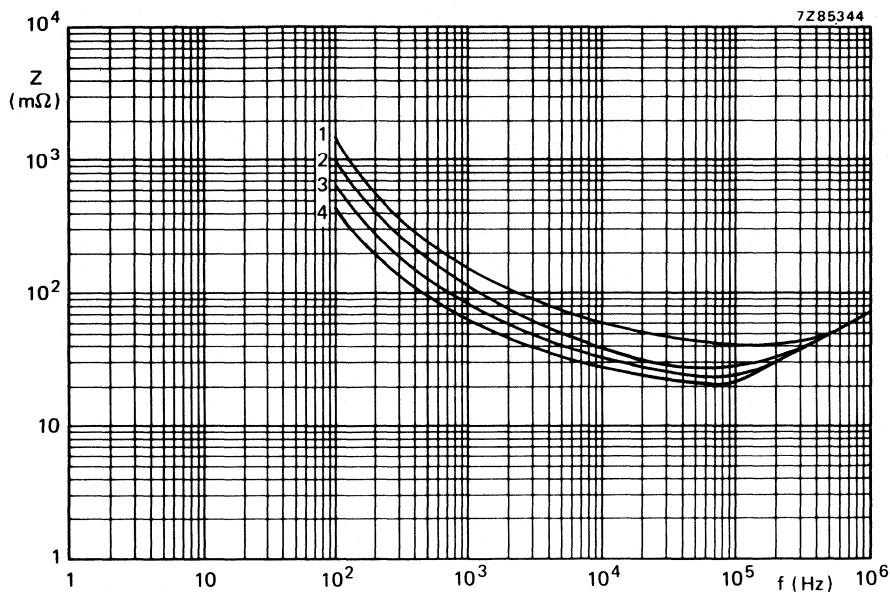


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 16a:
 curve 1 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V;
 curve 2 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V;
 curve 3 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V;
 curve 4 = $3300\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V.

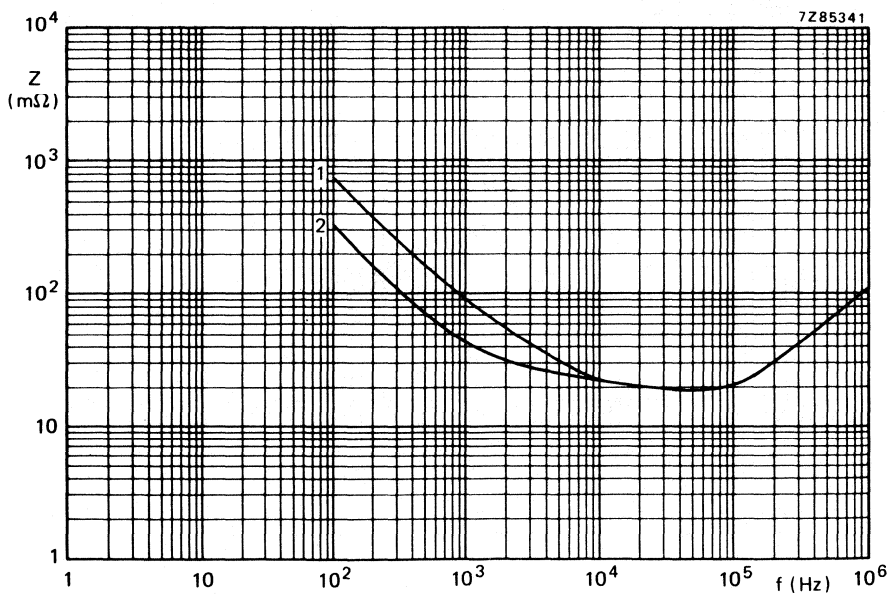


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 17:
 curve 1 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 385 V;
 curve 2 = $4700\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 250 V.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Table 8 Equivalent series inductance per case size

| case size | typ. inductance |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 10, 11 and 12a | 13 nH |
| 14 and 15a | 16 nH |
| 16a | 19 nH |
| 17 | 20 nH |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range (for rated voltage)

-40 to + 85 °C

Life expectancy

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

> 15 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

> 200 000 hours (25 years)

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

Failure rate

Failure rate, catastrophic, at rated voltage, $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$, confidence level 60%

< 10^{-7}

PACKING

The capacitors are packed in boxes.

Case sizes 10, 11, 12a, 14 and 15a: 25 capacitors per box;

case sizes 16a and 17: 10 capacitors per box.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

After *shelf life test*, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note: Capacitors 2222 114 and 2222 115 are large types with screw terminals, long-life grade.

MOUNTING ACCESSORIES

Clamps

- To facilitate vertical mounting, a series of rigid clamps made of zinc plated steel are available. They can easily be slipped over the capacitor and then clamped with a nut and bolt. The clamps have either two or three mounting lugs. Four types of clamp are available, one for each case diameter. They are delivered without nuts or bolts.

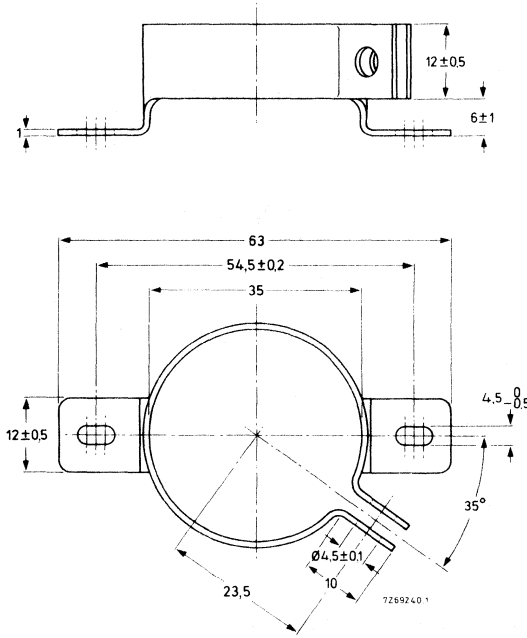


Fig. 26 Clamp for case diameter of 35 mm.
Catalogue number: 4322 043 04272.

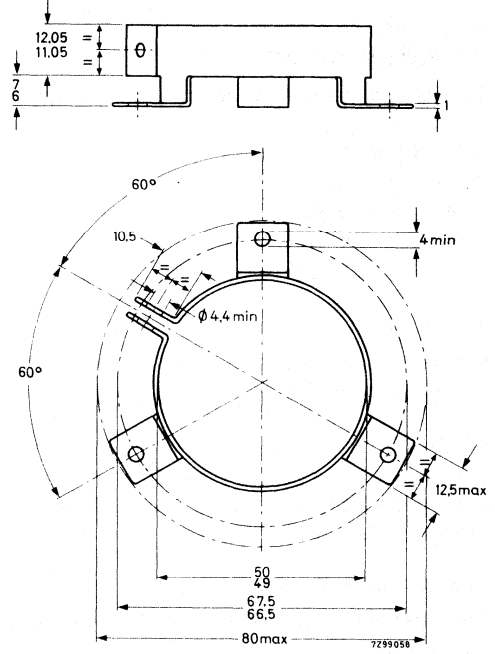


Fig. 27 Clamp for case diameter of 50 mm.
Catalogue number: 4322 043 04281.

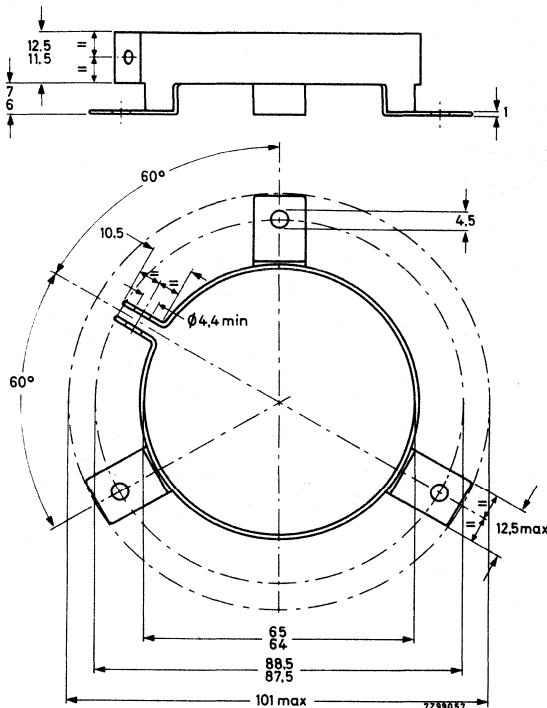


Fig. 28 Clamp for case diameter of 65 mm.
Catalogue number: 4322 043 04291.

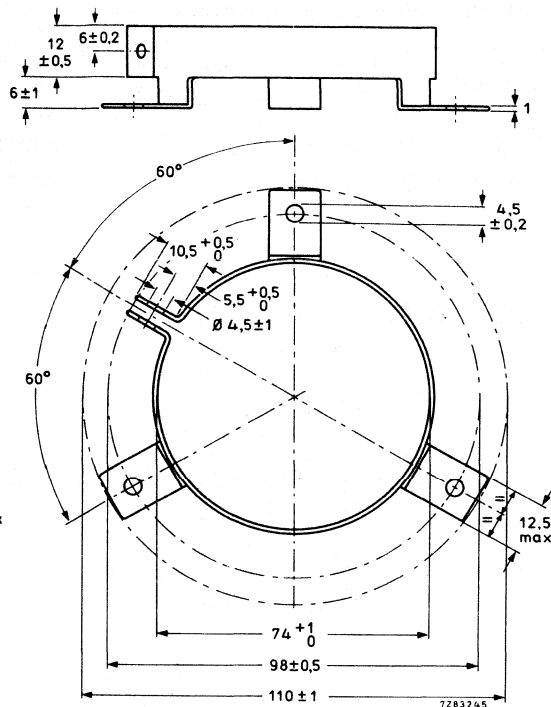


Fig. 29 Clamp for case diameter of 75 mm.
Catalogue number: 4322 043 12990.

Bolt/nut

When mounting with the bolt, which is an integral part of the case, standard metal M8 and M12 nuts and washers can be used; the maximum permissible torque is 7Nm for M8 nuts, and 19Nm for M12 nuts. If insulated mounting is required, synthetic nuts and rubber washers are available; for these nuts the maximum permissible torque is 4Nm (M8) and 11Nm (M12).

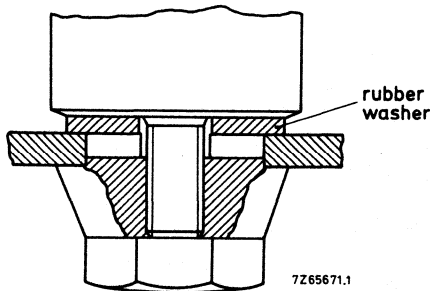


Fig. 30 Insulated mounting.

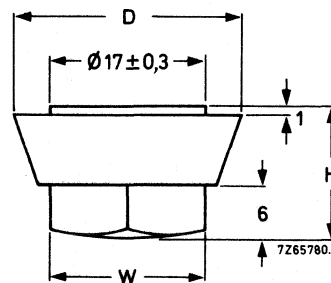


Fig. 31 Synthetic cap nut; see Table 9
for dimensions D, H and W.

Table 9 Dimensions of synthetic cap nut

| thread | D | H | W* | min. threaded depth | catalogue number |
|--------|----|----|----|---------------------|------------------|
| M8 | 25 | 15 | 17 | 11,5 | 4322 043 05561 |
| M12 | 30 | 20 | 19 | 15,5 | 4322 043 05571 |

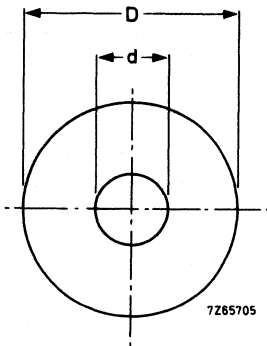


Table 10 Dimensions of rubber washer (dimensions in mm)

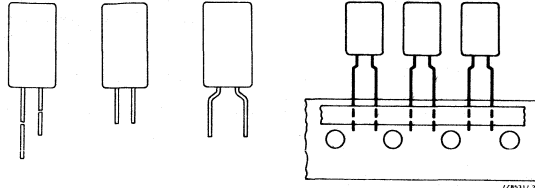
| D | d | catalogue number |
|----|-----|------------------|
| 34 | 8,4 | 4322 043 05591 |
| 49 | 13 | 4322 043 05531 |
| 64 | 13 | 4322 043 05521 |
| 74 | 13 | 4322 043 13000 |

Fig. 32 Rubber washer; thickness 2 mm.

* W measured across flats.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- High-temperature version of 2222 036 series
- Miniature type
- Single ended
- Long life
- Industrial applications
- High CU product per unit volume



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,47 to 470 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 50 V |
| Category temperature range | -55 to $+105$ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test | 5000 hours at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1500 hours at 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Shelf life at 0 V | 5000 hours at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1500 hours at 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade DIN 41332/DIN 41259 |
| Climatic category | 55/105/56 |
| IEC 68 | PPF |
| DIN 40040 | |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 11 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 11 |
| 1 | | | | | | 11 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | 11 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | 11 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | 11 |
| 4,7 | | | | | | 11 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | 11 |
| 10 | | | | | | 11 |
| 15 | | | | | | 11 |
| 22 | | | | | | 11 |
| 33 | | | | | 11 | 13 |
| 47 | | | | 11 | | 13 |
| 68 | | | 11 | | | 13 |
| 100 | | 11 | | | 13 | |
| 150 | 11 | | | 13 | | |
| 220 | | | 13 | | | |
| 330 | | 13 | | | | |
| 470 | 13 | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 11 | $\varnothing 5 \times 11$ |
| 13 | $\varnothing 8,2 \times 11$ |

APPLICATION

These capacitors with extremely high CU product to volume ratio are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in industrial applications, where high reliability and/or a wide temperature range is required. Other applications are timing and delay circuits. The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is in an all-insulated aluminium case.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The capacitor is available in 6 styles:

- style 1: long leads; in boxes;
- style 2: straight short leads; non preferred, in boxes;
- style 3: bent short leads (case size 11 only); non preferred, in boxes;
- style 4: long leads; on tape on reel, positive leading;
- style 5: long leads; on tape in ammunition pack;
- style 6: long leads; on tape on reel, negative leading.

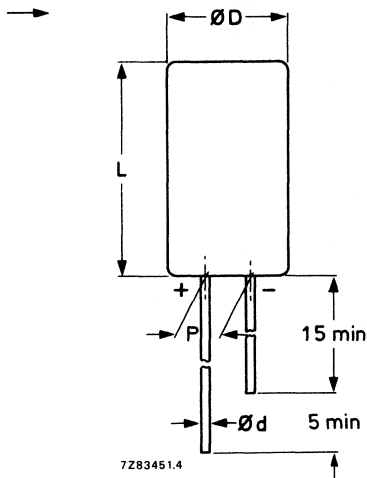


Fig. 1 Style 1: see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P.

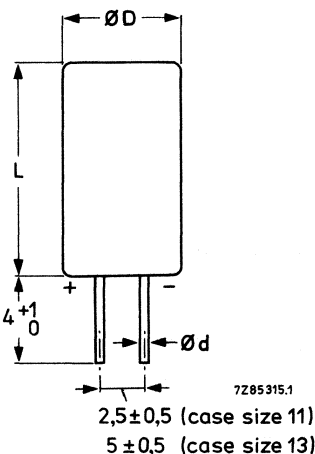


Fig. 2 Style 2: non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L.

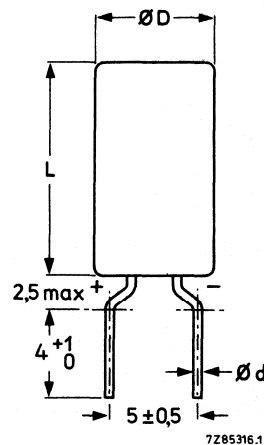


Fig. 3 Style 3; case size 11 only; non preferred, see Table 3 for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions, styles 1, 2 and 3

| case size | dimensions | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|-----|--------------------|
| | ϕd | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P | |
| 11 | 0,5 | 5,5 | 12,0 | 2,5 | 0,4 |
| 13 | 0,6 | 8,7 | 12,0 | 5,0 | 1,1 |

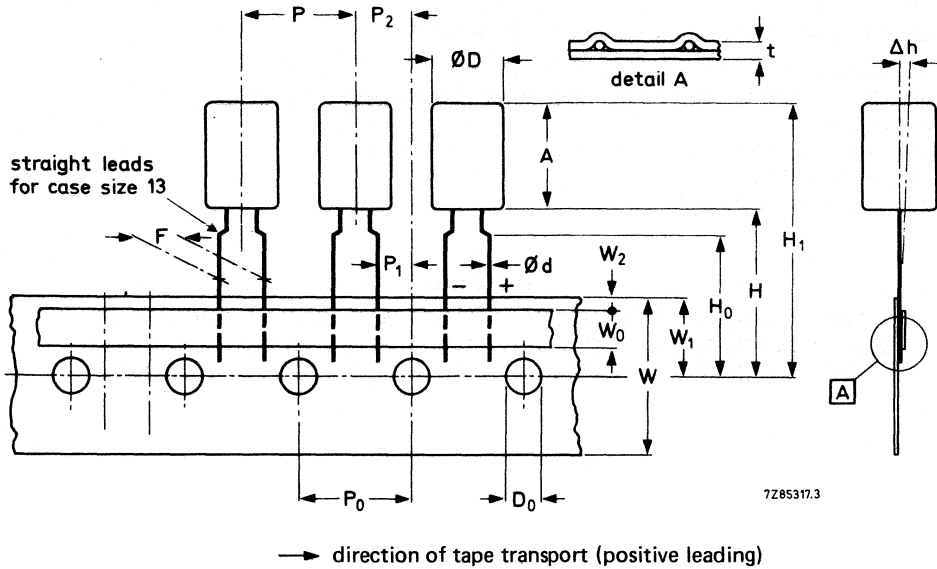


Fig. 4 Styles 4, 5 and 6; see Table 4 for dimensions. For style 6 the tape transport is in opposite direction (negative leading).

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|----------------|
| | | 11 | 13 | |
| Body diameter | ϕD | 5,5 | 8,7 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 12,0 | 12,0 | maximum |
| Lead-wire diameter | ϕd | 0,5 | 0,6 | $\pm 0,05$ |
| Pitch of component | P | 12,7 | 12,7 | $\pm 1,0$ |
| Feed-hole pitch | P_0 | 12,7 | 12,7 | $\pm 0,2^{**}$ |
| Hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3,85 | 3,85 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6,35 | 6,35 | $\pm 0,7$ |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5,0* | 5,0 | $+ 0,6/-0$ |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | $\pm 1,0$ |
| Tape width | W | 18,0 | 18,0 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Hold-down tape width | W_0 | 6,0 | 6,0 | minimum |
| Hole position | W_1 | 9,0 | 9,0 | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Hold-down tape position | W_2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,0 | 18,0 | $+ 1,5/-0$ |
| Lead-wire clinch height | H_0 | 16,0 | — | $\pm 0,5$ |
| Component height | H_1 | 32,0 | 32,0 | maximum |
| Feed-hole diameter | D_0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | $\pm 0,2$ |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | 0,9 | maximum |

* F = 2,5 mm on request for case size 11.

** Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors contain the following minimum information:

- nominal capacitance;
- code letter for tolerance on nominal capacitance, in accordance with IEC 62;
- rated voltage;
- polarity identification;
- group number (116);
- date code in accordance with IEC 62.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current mA | | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 10 kHz Ω | case size* | catalogue number 2222 116 followed by | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|--|---|---|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85^\circ\text{C}$ | at $T_{\text{amb}} = 105^\circ\text{C}$ | | | | | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel** style 4 | in ammpack style 5 | on reel▲ style 6 |
| 6,3 | 150 | 81 | 47 | 8,7 | 0,25 | 3,3 | 2 | 11 | 53151 | 83151 | 63151 | 23151 | 33151 | 43151 |
| | 470 | 190 | 110 | 21 | 0,25 | 1,1 | 0,64 | 13 | 53471 | 63471 | 63471 | 23471 | 33471 | 43471 |
| 10 | 100 | 74 | 43 | 9 | 0,2 | 4,0 | 2 | 11 | 54101 | 84101 | 64101 | 24101 | 34101 | 44101 |
| | 330 | 180 | 105 | 23 | 0,2 | 1,2 | 0,61 | 13 | 54331 | 84331 | 64331 | 24331 | 34331 | 44331 |
| 16 | 68 | 69 | 40 | 9,5 | 0,16 | 4,7 | 2,4 | 11 | 55689 | 85689 | 65689 | 25689 | 35689 | 45689 |
| | 220 | 165 | 95 | 24 | 0,16 | 1,4 | 0,73 | 13 | 55221 | 85221 | 65221 | 25221 | 35221 | 45221 |
| 25 | 47 | 61 | 35 | 10 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 2,6 | 11 | 56479 | 86479 | 66479 | 26479 | 36479 | 46479 |
| | 150 | 145 | 83 | 26 | 0,14 | 1,9 | 0,8 | 13 | 56151 | 86151 | 66151 | 26151 | 36151 | 46151 |
| 35 | 33 | 55 | 32 | 9,9 | 0,12 | 7,2 | 2,7 | 11 | 50339 | 80339 | 60339 | 20339 | 30339 | 40339 |
| | 100 | 130 | 74 | 24 | 0,12 | 2,4 | 0,9 | 13 | 50101 | 80101 | 60101 | 20101 | 30101 | 40101 |
| 50 | 0,47 | 7,6 | 4,4 | 3,1 | 0,09 | 380 | 150 | 11 | 51477 | 81477 | 61477 | 21477 | 31477 | 41477 |
| | 0,68 | 9,1 | 5,3 | 3,2 | 0,09 | 260 | 100 | 11 | 51687 | 81687 | 61687 | 21687 | 31687 | 41687 |
| 1 | 1 | 11 | 6,4 | 3,3 | 0,09 | 180 | 70 | 11 | 51108 | 81108 | 61108 | 21108 | 31108 | 41108 |
| | 1,5 | 13,5 | 7,8 | 3,5 | 0,09 | 120 | 47 | 11 | 51158 | 81158 | 61158 | 21158 | 31158 | 41158 |
| 2,2 | 2,2 | 16,5 | 9,5 | 3,7 | 0,09 | 81 | 32 | 11 | 51228 | 81228 | 61228 | 21228 | 31228 | 41228 |
| | 3,3 | 20 | 11,5 | 4 | 0,09 | 54 | 21 | 11 | 51338 | 81338 | 61338 | 21338 | 31338 | 41338 |
| 4,7 | 4,7 | 24 | 14 | 4,4 | 0,09 | 38 | 15 | 11 | 51478 | 81478 | 61478 | 21478 | 31478 | 41478 |
| | 6,8 | 29 | 16,5 | 5 | 0,09 | 26 | 10 | 11 | 51688 | 81688 | 61688 | 21688 | 31688 | 41688 |
| 10 | 10 | 35 | 20 | 6 | 0,09 | 18 | 7 | 11 | 51109 | 81109 | 61109 | 21109 | 31109 | 41109 |
| | 15 | 43 | 25 | 7,5 | 0,09 | 12 | 4,7 | 11 | 51159 | 81159 | 61159 | 21159 | 31159 | 41159 |
| 22 | 22 | 52 | 30 | 9,6 | 0,09 | 8,1 | 3,2 | 11 | 51229 | 81229 | 61229 | 21229 | 31229 | 41229 |
| | 33 | 85 | 49 | 13 | 0,09 | 5,4 | 2,1 | 13 | 51339 | 81339 | 61339 | 21339 | 31339 | 41339 |
| 47 | 47 | 100 | 58 | 17 | 0,09 | 3,8 | 1,5 | 13 | 51479 | 81479 | 61479 | 21479 | 31479 | 41479 |
| | 68 | 120 | 70 | 23 | 0,09 | 2,6 | 1,0 | 13 | 51689 | 81689 | 61689 | 21689 | 31689 | 41689 |

** Positive leading.
▲ Negative leading.

* Case size 11: ϕ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: ϕ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions).

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 5

$\pm 20\%$

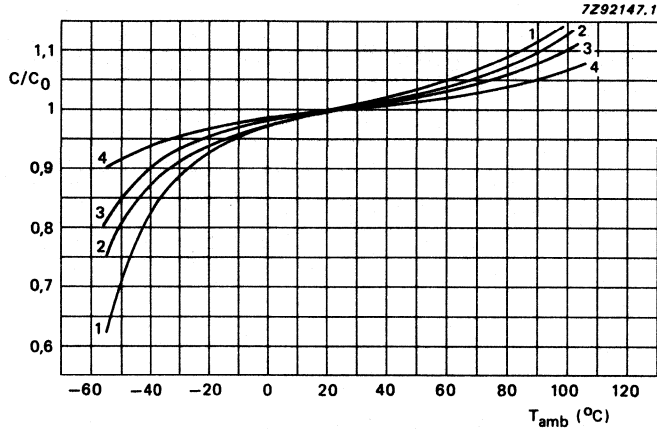


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 6,3 V

curve 2 = 10/16 V

curve 3 = 35 V

curve 4 = 50 V

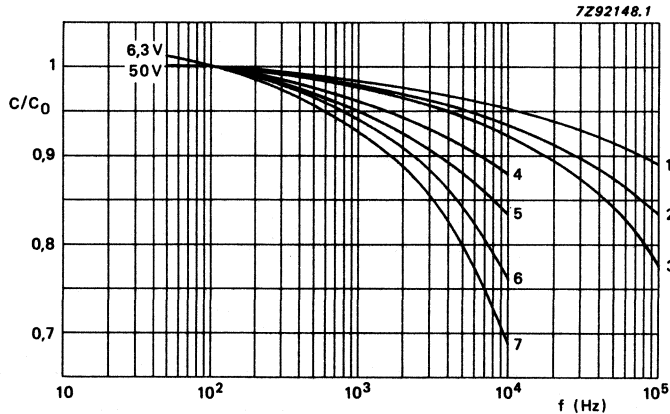


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 50 V ($\leq 2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)

curve 2 = 50 V (3,3 to $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)

curve 3 = 50 V ($\geq 15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)

curve 4 = 35 V

curve 5 = 25 V

curve 6 = 16 V

curve 7 = 6,3 to 10 V

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- (a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
- (b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
- (c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

| core temperature ▲ | |
|---|---|
| < 85 °C | 85 to 105 °C |
| 1,3 x U _R | U _R |
| 1,3 x U _R 2 V between U _R and -2 V | U _R 1 V between U _R and -1 V |
| 1,5 x U _R | 1,3 x U _R |
| 2 V | 1 V |



Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 85 °C and 105 °C

see Table 5

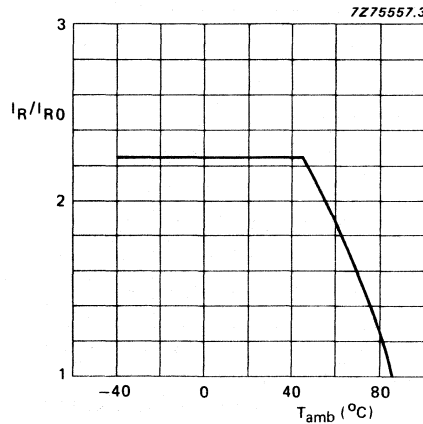


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Specified ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Specified ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

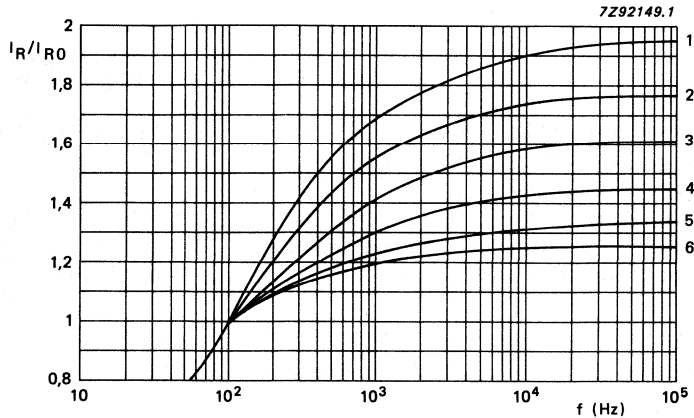


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| curve 1 = 50 V ($\leq 10 \mu F$) | curve 4 = 16 V |
| curve 2 = 50 V ($\geq 15 \mu F$) | curve 5 = 10 V |
| curve 3 = 25 V | curve 6 = 6,3 V |

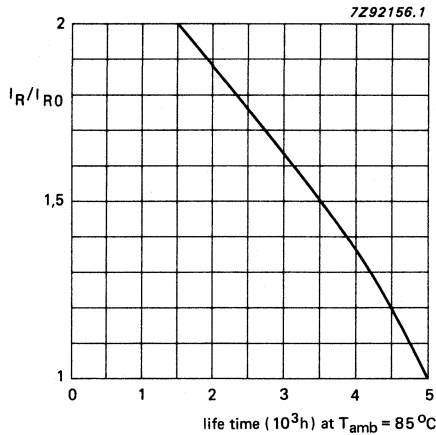


Fig. 9 Typical multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of life time at 85 °C; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents. The following requirements must then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

Where.

- I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;
- I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;
- $\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

There is no limit on the charge or discharge rate. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and requirements).

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,006 CU + 3 μA)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,
 at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,05 x value stated in Table 5
 \leq value stated in Table 5

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$,
 measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

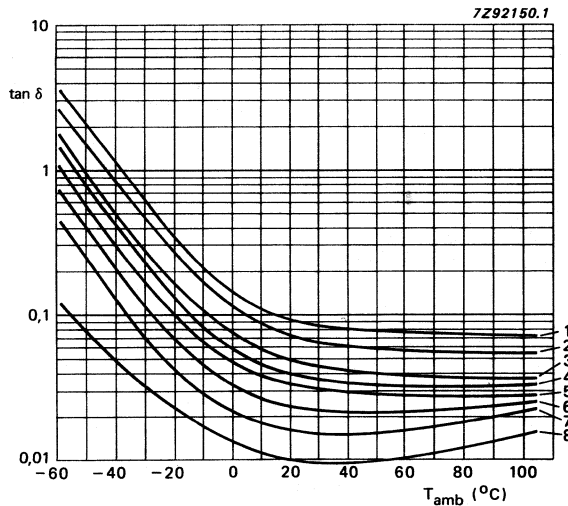


Fig. 10 Typical tan δ at 100 Hz as a function of ambient temperature.

- curve 1 = 6,3 V
- curve 2 = 10 V
- curve 3 = 16 V
- curve 4 = 25 V

- curve 5 = 35 V
- curve 6 = 50 V ($\geq 15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)
- curve 7 = 50 V (3,3 to 10 μF)
- curve 8 = 50 V ($\leq 2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)

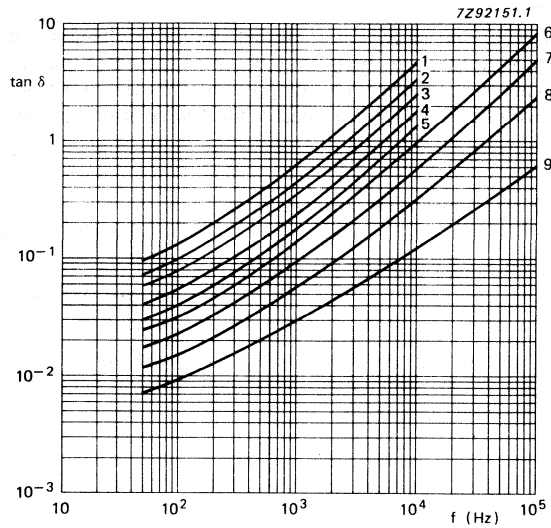


Fig. 11 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

- curve 1 = 6,3 V
- curve 2 = 10 V
- curve 3 = 16 V
- curve 4 = 25 V
- curve 5 = 35 V

- curve 6 = 50 V ($\geq 22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)
- curve 7 = 50 V (10 and 15 μF)
- curve 8 = 50 V (3,3 to 6,8 μF)
- curve 9 = 50 V ($\leq 2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

→ Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 measured by a four-terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

Fig. 12 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of temperature; typical $ESR = ESR_0$ at 20 °C, 100 Hz.
 curve 1 = 50 V ($\geq 10 \mu F$)
 curve 2 = 6,3 V

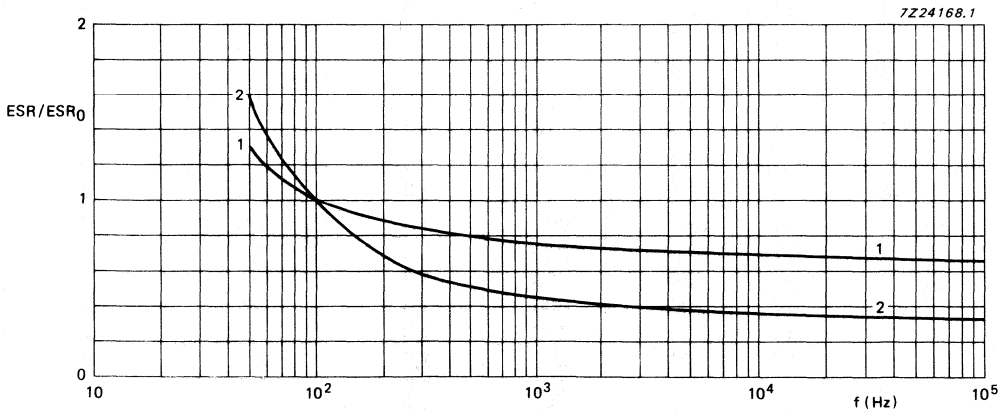
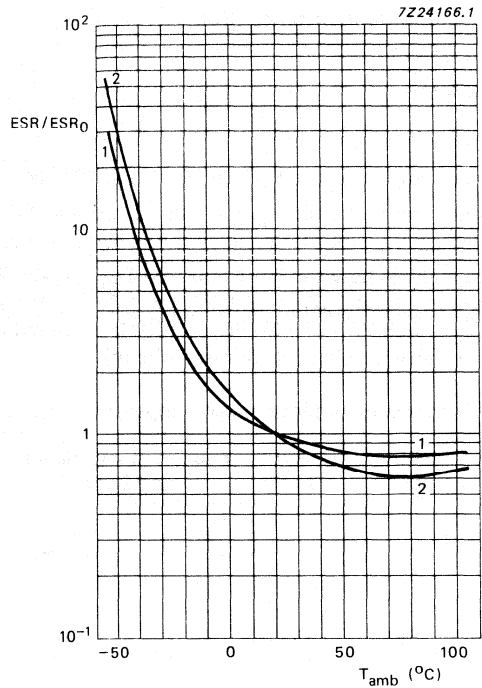


Fig. 13 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency; typical $ESR = ESR_0$ at 20 °C, 100 Hz.
 curve 1 = 6,3 V
 curve 2 = 50 V ($\geq 10 \mu F$)

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Case size 11

typ. 13 nH

Case size 13

typ. 16 nH

Impedance (Z)Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 10 kHz

see Table 5

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 10 kHz,
measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, at $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, and at
 $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, at 100 Hz measured by
a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 6

Table 6 Maximum impedance and impedance ratio values at low temperatures

| U_R | nom. cap. | case size* | maximum impedance at 10 kHz | | maximum impedance ratio at U_R and 100 Hz | | |
|-------|---------------|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | $T_{amb} = -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $\frac{Z \text{ at } -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}{Z \text{ at } +20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}$ | $\frac{Z \text{ at } -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}{Z \text{ at } +20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}$ | $\frac{Z \text{ at } -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}{Z \text{ at } +20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}$ |
| V | μF | | Ω | Ω | | | |
| 6,3 | 150 | 11 | 12 | 32 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| | 470 | 13 | 3,8 | 10 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| 10 | 100 | 11 | 12 | 32 | 1,5 | 2 | 6 |
| | 330 | 13 | 3,6 | 9,7 | 1,5 | 2 | 6 |
| 16 | 68 | 11 | 11 | 29 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| | 220 | 13 | 3,4 | 9,1 | 1,5 | 2 | 5 |
| 25 | 47 | 11 | 12 | 32 | 1,5 | 2 | 4 |
| | 150 | 13 | 3,7 | 10 | 1,5 | 2 | 4 |
| 35 | 33 | 11 | 12 | 33 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 100 | 13 | 4 | 11 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| 50 | 0,47 | 11 | 640 | 1900 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 0,68 | 11 | 440 | 1300 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 1 | 11 | 300 | 900 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 1,5 | 11 | 200 | 600 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 2,2 | 11 | 135 | 410 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 2 |
| | 3,3 | 11 | 91 | 270 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 64 | 190 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 6,8 | 11 | 44 | 130 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 10 | 11 | 30 | 90 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 15 | 11 | 20 | 60 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 22 | 11 | 13,5 | 41 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 33 | 13 | 9,1 | 27 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 47 | 13 | 6,4 | 19 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |
| | 68 | 13 | 4,4 | 13 | 1,5 | 2 | 3 |

* Case size 11: ϕ 5 mm x 11 mm; case size 13: ϕ 8,2 mm x 11 mm (nominal dimensions)

Fig. 14 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature, case size 11.

- curve 1 = 0,47 μF
- curve 2 = 0,68 μF
- curve 3 = 1 μF
- curve 4 = 1,5 μF
- curve 5 = 2,2 μF
- curve 6 = 3,3 μF
- curve 7 = 4,7 μF
- curve 8 = 6,8 μF
- curve 9 = 10 μF
- curve 10 = 15 μF
- curve 11 = 22 μF
- curve 12 = 33 μF
- curve 13 = 47 μF
- curve 14 = 68 μF
- curve 15 = 100 μF
- curve 16 = 150 μF

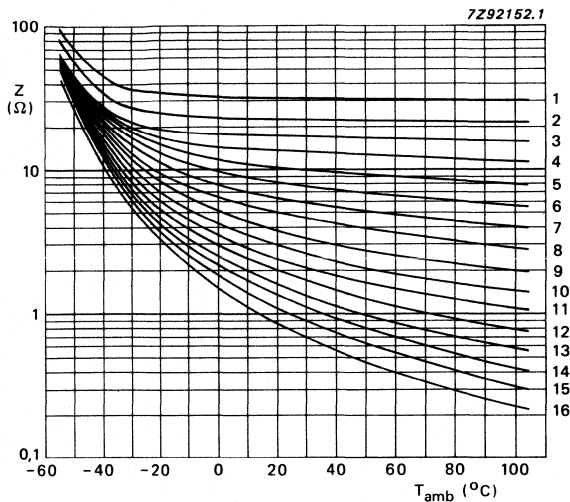
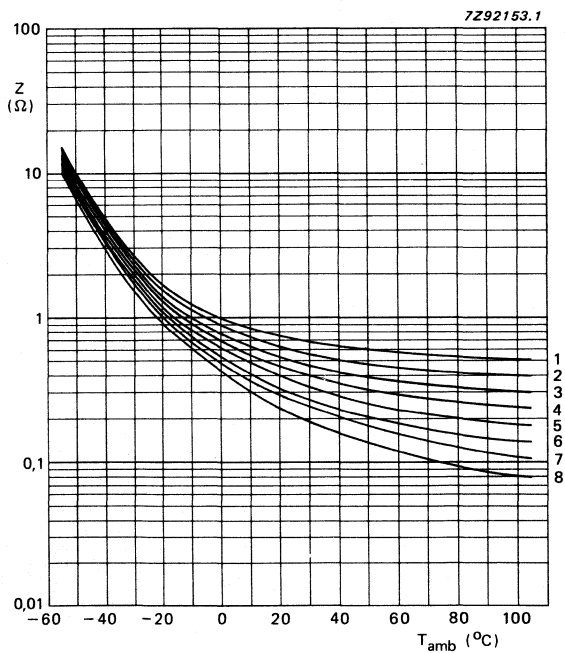


Fig. 15 Typical impedance at 10 kHz as a function of ambient temperature case size 13.

- curve 1 = 33 μF
- curve 2 = 47 μF
- curve 3 = 68 μF
- curve 4 = 100 μF
- curve 5 = 150 μF
- curve 6 = 220 μF
- curve 7 = 330 μF
- curve 8 = 470 μF



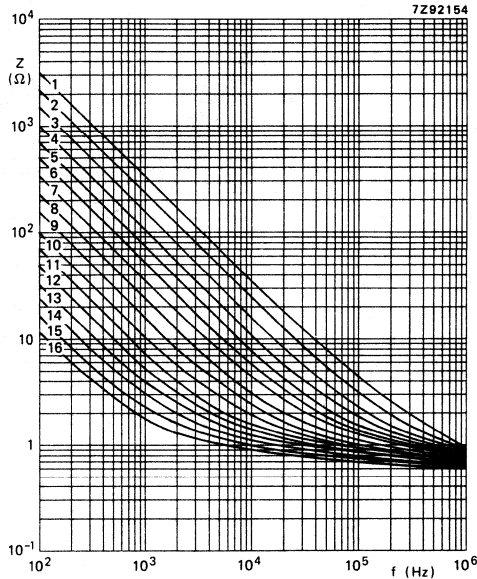


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 11:

| | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| curve 1 = 0,47 μF | curve 5 = 2,2 μF | curve 9 = 10 μF | curve 13 = 47 μF |
| curve 2 = 0,68 μF | curve 6 = 3,3 μF | curve 10 = 15 μF | curve 14 = 68 μF |
| curve 3 = 1 μF | curve 7 = 4,7 μF | curve 11 = 22 μF | curve 15 = 100 μF |
| curve 4 = 1,5 μF | curve 8 = 6,8 μF | curve 12 = 33 μF | curve 16 = 150 μF |

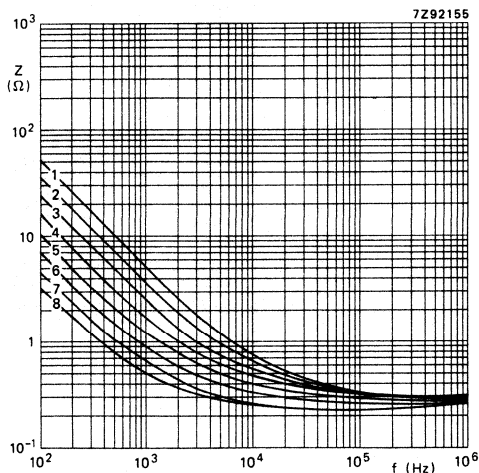


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 13:

| | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| curve 1 = 33 μF | curve 3 = 68 μF | curve 5 = 150 μF | curve 7 = 330 μF |
| curve 2 = 47 μF | curve 4 = 100 μF | curve 6 = 220 μF | curve 8 = 470 μF |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-55 to + 105 °C

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$
 at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
 at $T_{amb} = 105\text{ °C}$

120 000 hours
 6000 hours
 2000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
 at $T_{amb} = 105\text{ °C}$

5000 hours
 1500 hours

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1, 2 and 3 are supplied in boxes, those of styles 4, 6 and 5 on tape on reel and in ammunition pack respectively. The numbers per box, per reel and per ammunition pack are given in Table 7.

Table 7 Packing quantities

| case size | numbers of capacitors | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | styles 4 and 6 per reel (min.) | style 5 per ammunition pack |
| 11 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| 13 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 1000 |

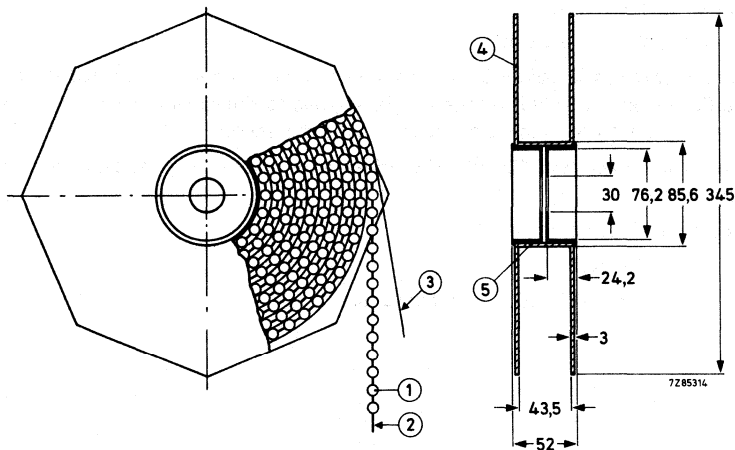


Fig. 18 Capacitors (style 4 and 6) on tape on reel.

- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = tape
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

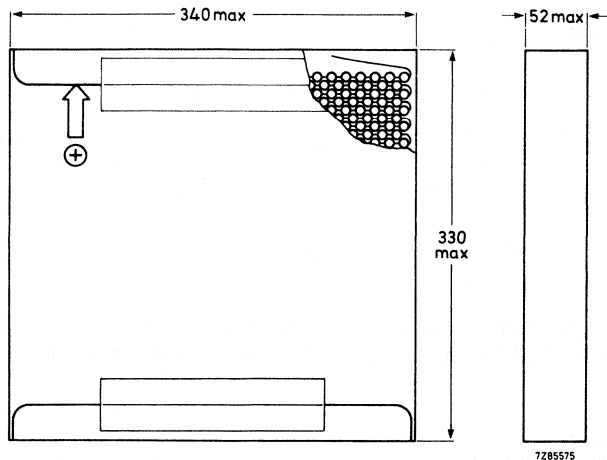


Fig. 19 Capacitors (style 5) on tape in ammunition pack.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After *endurance test*, at U_R , 1500 hours, 105 °C or 5000 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the following requirements:

$\Delta C/C \leq \pm 20\%$, for $U_R = 10$ to 50 V;

$\Delta C/C \leq + 20\%$, -30% for $U_R = 6,3$ V;

$\tan \delta \leq 130\%$ of specified value;

DC leakage current \leq specified value.

After *shelf life test*, at 0 V, the capacitors meet the same requirements, except for DC leakage current: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

→ Following the *reverse voltage test*, 105 °C (IEC 384-4, sub-clause 4.15), the capacitors meet the following requirements:

DC leakage current \leq stated limit

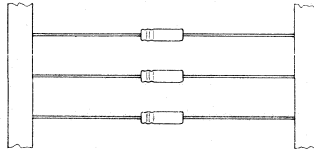
$\tan \delta \leq$ stated limit

$\Delta C/C \leq + 10\%/-25\%$ of initial value

Note: Capacitors 2222 116 are miniature types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Ultra miniature type
- Axial leads
- Very high CU-product per unit volume
- General applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,1 to 22 μ F |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to + 50% (\pm 20% to special order) |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 63 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to + 85 $^{\circ}$ C |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 1500 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 500 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, G.P. grade DIN 41332, type II |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 |
| 0,1 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,15 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,22 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 1a |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 1a |
| 1 | | | | | | 1a |
| 1,5 | | | | | | 1a |
| 2,2 | | | | | 1a | 1 |
| 3,3 | | | | 1a | | 1 |
| 4,7 | | | 1a | | 1 | |
| 6,8 | | 1a | | 1 | | |
| 10 | 1a | | 1 | | | |
| 15 | | 1 | | | | |
| 22 | 1 | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1a | ϕ 3,3 x 8 |
| 1 | ϕ 3,3 x 11 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have extremely high CU-product per unit volume, which make them very suitable for applications where high requirements are imposed on size and mass, e.g. portable and mobile high density electronic equipment. They are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and video circuits, and in other applications such as measuring, regulating, timing and delay circuits. The bandoliered version is extremely suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have highly etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitors are in an aluminium case, which is insulated with a blue plastic sleeve.

→ They have axial soldered copper leads, and are supplied on bandoliers on reels.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

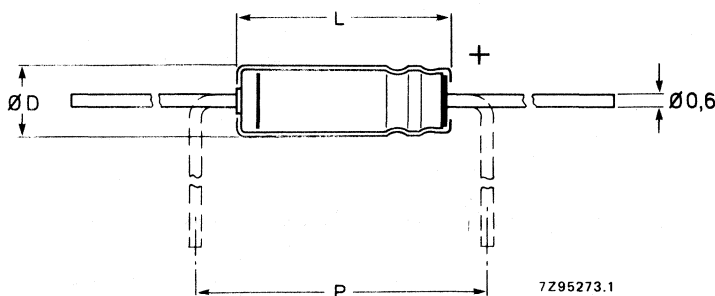


Fig. 1 Component outline. See Table 3 for dimensions ϕD , L and P.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1a | 3,3 | 8 | 3,5 | 9 | 12,5 | 0,30 |
| 1 | 3,3 | 11 | 3,5 | 12 | 15 | 0,35 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with:

- nominal capacitance;
- rated voltage;
- group number (117); code of origin;
- name of manufacturer;
- date code in accordance with IEC 62;
- band to identify the negative terminal.

Mounting

The capacitors are suitable for mounting on printed-wiring boards; the required hole diameter is $0,8 + 0,1$ mm.

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF INCORRECTLY HANDLED. CAUTION IS NECESSARY SHOULD THE OUTER CASE BE FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 4 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 4 Electrical data

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance (Ω) at 10 kHz, at T _{amb} = | | | case size* | catalogue number 2222 117 followed by |
|-----|-----------------|---|--|------------|---------------|--|--------|--------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | 20 °C | -25 °C | -40 °C | | |
| 6,3 | 10 | 11 | 4 | 0,30 | 48 | 20 | 120 | 320 | 1a | on reel |
| | 22 | 20 | 6 | 0,30 | 22 | 9 | 55 | 145 | 1 | |
| 10 | 6,8 | 10 | 4 | 0,25 | 59 | 24 | 110 | 294 | 1a | on reel |
| | 15 | 18 | 6 | 0,25 | 27 | 11 | 50 | 133 | 1 | |
| 16 | 4,7 | 9 | 5 | 0,20 | 68 | 26 | 119 | 319 | 1a | on reel |
| | 10 | 16 | 6 | 0,20 | 32 | 12 | 56 | 150 | 1 | |
| 25 | 3,3 | 8 | 5 | 0,18 | 87 | 27 | 121 | 333 | 1a | on reel |
| | 6,8 | 14 | 6 | 0,18 | 42 | 13 | 59 | 162 | 1 | |
| 40 | 2,2 | 7 | 5 | 0,16 | 116 | 32 | 136 | 409 | 1a | on reel |
| | 4,7 | 13 | 7 | 0,16 | 54 | 15 | 64 | 191 | 1 | |
| 63 | 0,1 | 2 | 4 | 0,10 | 1590 | 550 | 1800 | 5000 | 1a | on reel |
| | 0,15 | 3 | 4 | 0,10 | 1060 | 367 | 1200 | 3330 | 1a | |
| | 0,22 | 3 | 4 | 0,10 | 723 | 250 | 818 | 2270 | 1a | on reel |
| | 0,33 | 4 | 4 | 0,10 | 482 | 167 | 545 | 1520 | 1a | |
| | 0,47 | 4 | 4 | 0,10 | 339 | 117 | 383 | 1060 | 1a | on reel |
| | 0,68 | 5 | 4 | 0,10 | 234 | 81 | 265 | 735 | 1a | |
| | 1 | 6 | 4 | 0,12 | 191 | 55 | 180 | 500 | 1a | on reel |
| | 1,5 | 7 | 5 | 0,14 | 149 | 37 | 120 | 333 | 1a | |
| | 2,2 | 11 | 6 | 0,14 | 87 | 25 | 82 | 227 | 1 | on reel |
| | 3,3 | 13 | 7 | 0,14 | 68 | 17 | 55 | 152 | 1 | |

* Case size 1a: φ 3,3 mm x 8 mm.
Case size 1 : φ 3,3 mm x 11 mm.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 4

-10 to + 50%

($\pm 20\%$ to special order)

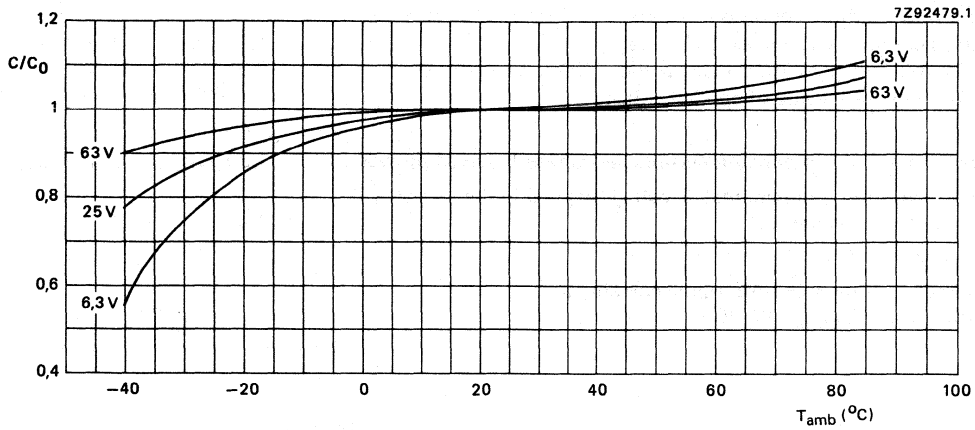


Fig. 2 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

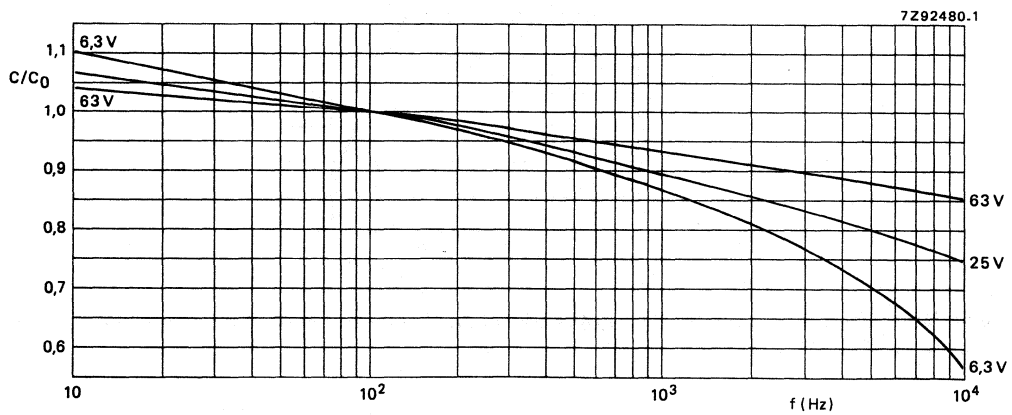


Fig. 3 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

→ Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage
 Ripple voltage * = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:
 a) maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
 b) maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
 c) momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods
 Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

| core temperature ▲ | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| < 50 °C | 50 to 85 °C |
| 1,1 x U _R | U _R |
| 1,1 x U _R | U _R |
| 2 V | 1 V |
| between U _R and | |
| -2 V | -1 V |
| 1,2 x U _R | 1,15 x U _R |
| 2 V | 1 V |

see Table 4

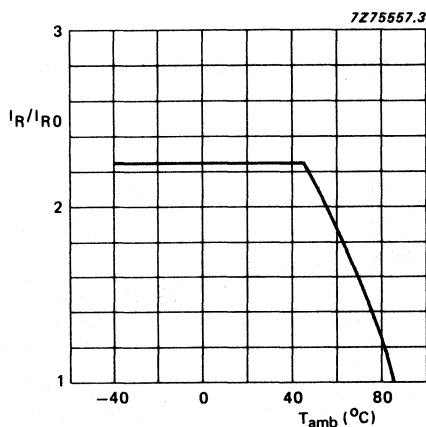


Fig. 4 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

- ▲ See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".
- * Specified ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.
- ** Specified ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

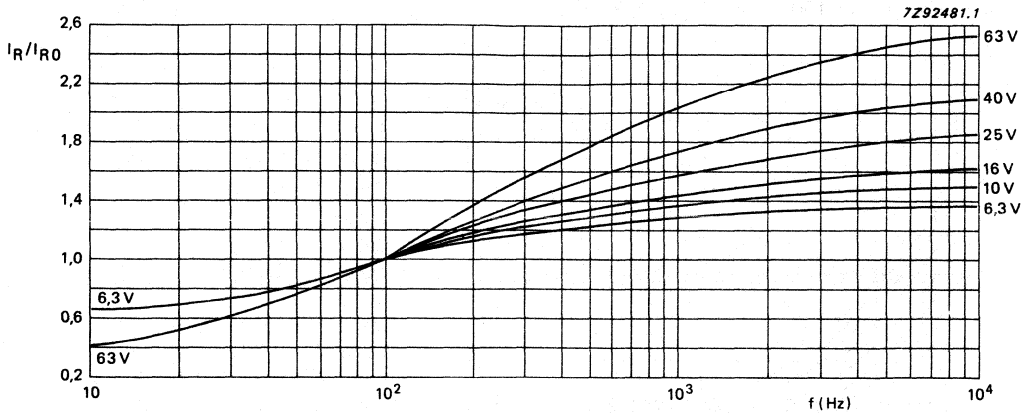


Fig. 5 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency; I_{R0} = ripple current at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{n r_N} \leq I_{R \max}^2$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and Requirements).

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4 (0,02 CU + 3 μA)

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 4.

Tan δ

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4

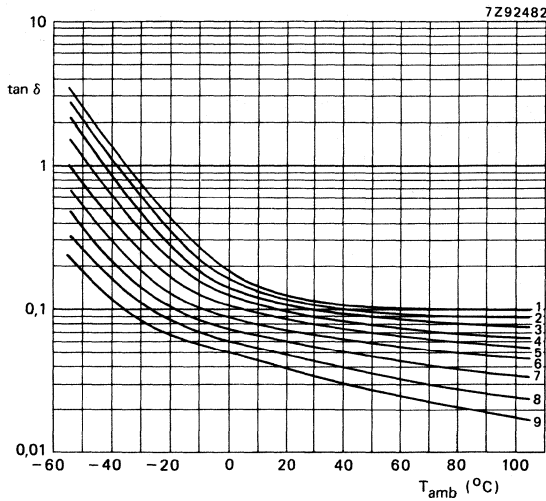


Fig. 6 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

- Curve 1 = 6,3 V;
- curve 2 = 10 V;
- curve 3 = 16 V;
- curve 4 = 25 V;
- curve 5 = 40 V;
- curve 6 = 1,5 to 3,3 μF , 63 V;
- curve 7 = 0,68 and 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 8 = 0,22 to 0,47 μF , 63 V;
- curve 9 = 0,1 and 0,15 μF , 63 V.

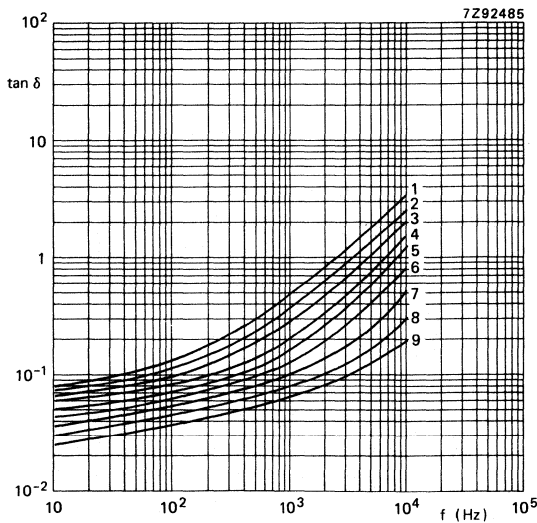


Fig. 7 Typical $\tan \delta$ as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ\text{C}$.

- Curve 1 = 6,3 V;
- curve 2 = 10 V;
- curve 3 = 16 V;
- curve 4 = 25 V;
- curve 5 = 40 V;
- curve 6 = 1,5 to 3,3 μF , 63 V;
- curve 7 = 0,68 and 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 8 = 0,22 to 0,47 μF , 63 V;
- curve 9 = 0,1 and 0,15 μF , 63 V.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Impedance (Z)

Maximum impedance at 10 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a
 four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

Fig. 8 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 1a.

- Curve 1 = 0,1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 2 = 0,15 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 0,22 μF , 63 V;
- curve 4 = 0,33 μF , 63 V;
- curve 5 = 0,47 μF , 63 V;
- curve 6 = 0,68 μF , 63 V;
- curve 7 = 1 μF , 63 V;
- curve 8 = 1,5 μF , 63 V;
- curve 9 = 2,2 μF , 40 V;
- curve 10 = 3,3 μF , 25 V;
- curve 11 = 4,7 μF , 16 V;
- curve 12 = 6,8 μF , 10 V;
- curve 13 = 10 μF , 6,3 V.

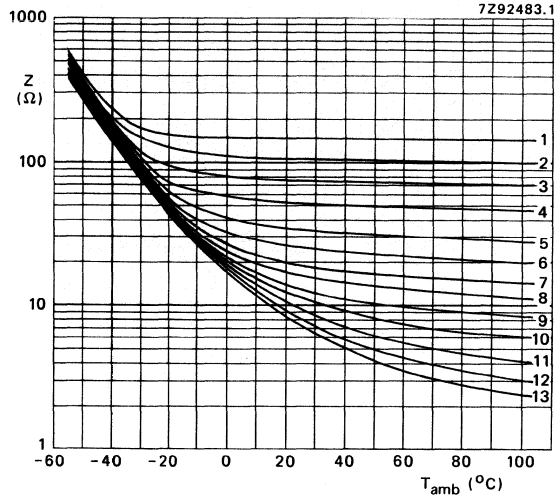
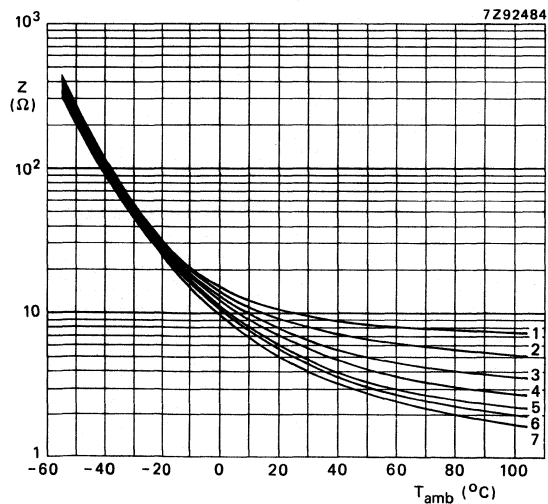


Fig. 9 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz; case size 1.

- Curve 1 = 2,2 μF , 63 V;
- curve 2 = 3,3 μF , 63 V;
- curve 3 = 4,7 μF , 40 V;
- curve 4 = 6,8 μF , 25 V;
- curve 5 = 10 μF , 16 V;
- curve 6 = 15 μF , 10 V;
- curve 7 = 22 μF , 6,3 V.



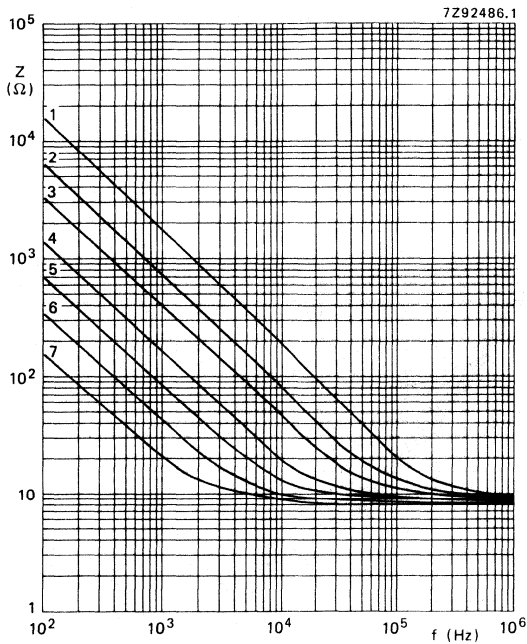


Fig. 10 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1a.

Curve 1 = $0,1\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $0,22\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 3 = $0,47\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 4 = $1\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 5 = $2,2\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 6 = $4,7\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 7 = $10\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

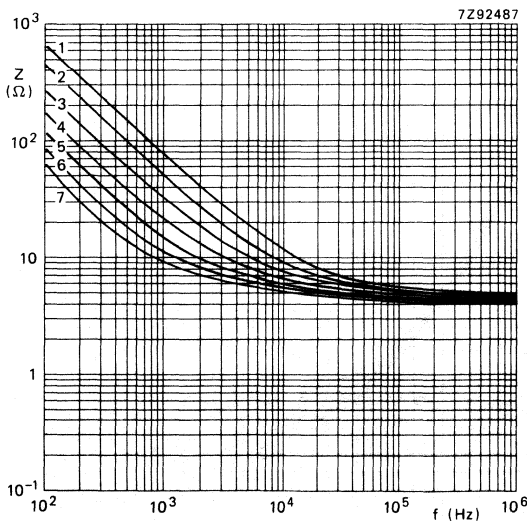


Fig. 11 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1.

Curve 1 = $2,2\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 2 = $3,3\ \mu\text{F}$, 63 V;
 curve 3 = $4,7\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 4 = $6,8\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 5 = $10\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 6 = $15\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 7 = $22\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

case size 1a
case size 1

typ. 13 nH
typ. 15 nH

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-40 to +85 °C

Typical life time

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

50 000 hours
2000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

PACKING

The capacitors are supplied on bandoliers in boxes, or on reels. The number of capacitors per box is 1000, and 4000 on reel.

Dimensions in mm

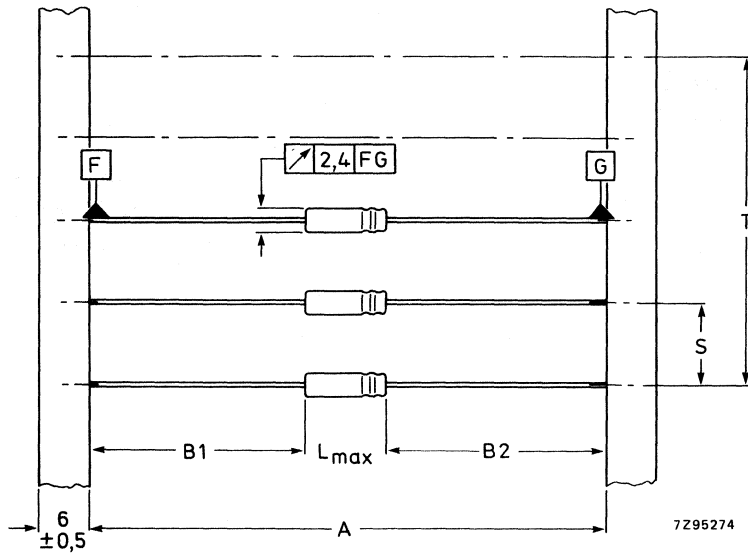


Fig. 12 Capacitors on bandoliers; the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 5 for dimensions A, S, T and L.
 $|B1 - B2| = \text{max. } 1,4 \text{ mm.}$

Table 5 Dimensions of bandolier

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L _{max} |
|-----------|------------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | | | n < 50 | 50 < n < 100 | |
| 1a | 63,5 ± 1,5 | 5 ± 0,4 | 5(n-1) ± 2 | 5(n-1) ± 4 | 9 |
| 1 | 63,5 ± 1,5 | 5 ± 0,4 | 5(n-1) ± 2 | 5(n-1) ± 4 | 12 |

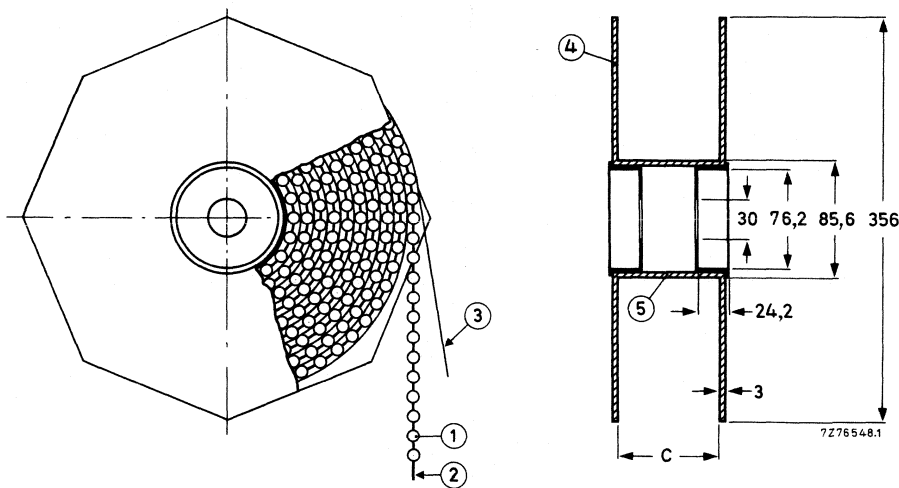


Fig. 13 Capacitors on bandoliers on reel; dimension C = 83,5 mm; the overall width of the reel is 94,5 mm.

- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = bandolier
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After endurance test, 1500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the following requirements:

- $\Delta C/C \leq \pm 20\%$,
- $\tan \delta \leq 200\%$ of specified value,
- DC leakage current \leq specified value.

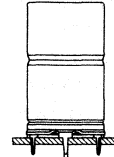
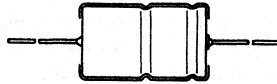
After shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for DC leakage current: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note: Capacitors 2222 117 are miniature types, general purpose grade.

SUPERSEDES DATA OF JUNE 1985

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads
- Extended temperature range
- Very long life, high stability
- Very high CU-product per unit volume
- Industrial and military applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 1 to 15 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 200 V |
| Category temperature range | |
| case sizes 4 to 7 | -40 to + 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| case sizes 00 to 05 | -55 to + 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test | |
| at 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ with maximum ripple current | 2000 hours |
| at 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ without ripple current | 500 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | |
| $U_R = 6,3$ to 63 V | 500 hours |
| $U_R = 100$ to 200 V | 100 hours |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, long-life grade |
| | DIN 41257 |
| | DIN 41240, type 1 |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68, case sizes 4 to 7 | 40/125/56 |
| case sizes 00 to 05 | 55/125/56 |
| DIN 40040, case sizes 4 to 7 | GKD |
| case sizes 00 to 05 | FKD |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 200 |
| 1 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 1,5 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 2,2 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 3,3 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 4,7 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 6,8 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 10 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 15 | | | | | | 4 | | 00 |
| 22 | | | | | | 4 | | 01 |
| 33 | | | | | | 5 | | 02 |
| 47 | | | | | 4 | 5 | 00 | 03 |
| 68 | | | | | 5 | 6 | 01 | 04 |
| 100 | | | | 4 | 5 | 7/00 | 01 | 05 |
| 150 | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 01 | 02 | |
| 220 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 03 | |
| 330 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 01 | 02 | 04 | |
| 470 | | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 03 | 05 | |
| 680 | | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 02 | 04 | | |
| 1 000 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | 01 | 03 | 05 | | |
| 1 500 | 7/00 | 01 | 01 | 02 | 04 | | | |
| 2 200 | 01 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 05 | | | |
| 3 300 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | | | | |
| 4 700 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | | |
| 6 800 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | | | |
| 10 000 | 04 | 05 | | | | | | |
| 15 000 | 05 | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) | |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 4 | ϕ 6,5 x 18 | miniature |
| 5 | ϕ 8 x 18 | |
| 6 | ϕ 10 x 18 | |
| 7 | ϕ 10 x 25 | |
| 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 | small |
| 01 | ϕ 12,5 x 30 | |
| 02 | ϕ 15 x 30 | |
| 03 | ϕ 18 x 30 | |
| 04 | ϕ 18 x 40 | |
| 05 | ϕ 21 x 40 | |

APPLICATION

These capacitors are especially designed for those applications where extreme ambient temperatures exist. They are very suitable for applications where very high requirements have to be met concerning reliability and long lifetime over a wide temperature range, such as in automotive, computer, telecommunication and telephony equipment.

The high CU-product per unit volume offers additional advantages in applications where high requirements are imposed on size and mass, e.g. automotive equipment. They are mainly used for energy storage, smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes, as well as for timing and delay circuits. The bandoliered version is extremely suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have deeply etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a porous paper spacer, which separates the anode and the cathode. The spacer is impregnated with an electrolyte which retains its good characteristics at extreme temperatures. The capacitors are housed in an aluminium case with axial soldered-copper terminations, sealed with a synthetic disc. The all-welded construction, the built-in voltage derating, and the close quality control during manufacture ensure a reliability and a life expectancy far superior to normal grade electrolytic capacitors.

The capacitors are available in 2 styles:

style 1 : axial leads, case insulated with a blue plastic sleeve; all case sizes; case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers;

style 2 : single ended; with mounting ring with printed-wiring pins; especially for use in applications with severe shocks and vibrations; case sizes 02 to 05; non-insulated case.

For case sizes 04/05, the maximum length may be exceeded by 0,7 mm.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

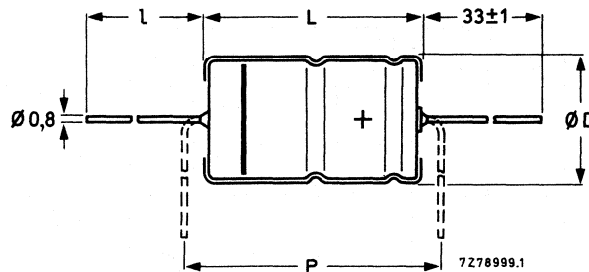


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions $\varnothing D$, L , l and P .

Table 3 Physical dimensions, style 1

| case size | l | style 1 | | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| | | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | |
| 4 | * | 6,5 | 18,0 | 6,9 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,3 |
| 5 | * | 8,0 | 18,0 | 8,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,7 |
| 6 | * | 10,0 | 18,0 | 10,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 2,5 |
| 7 | * | 10,0 | 25,0 | 10,5 | 25,0 | 30 | 3,3 |
| 00 | 55 ± 1 | 10,0 | 30,0 | 10,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 4,3 |
| 01 | 55 ± 1 | 12,5 | 30,0 | 13,0 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 6,6 |
| 02 | 55 ± 1 | 15,0 | 30,0 | 15,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 8,5 |
| 03 | 55 ± 1 | 18,0 | 30,0 | 18,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 11,2 |
| 04 | 34 ± 1 | 18,0 | 40,0 | 18,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 14 |
| 05 | 34 ± 1 | 21,0 | 40,0 | 21,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 19 |

* Case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels (see Packing).

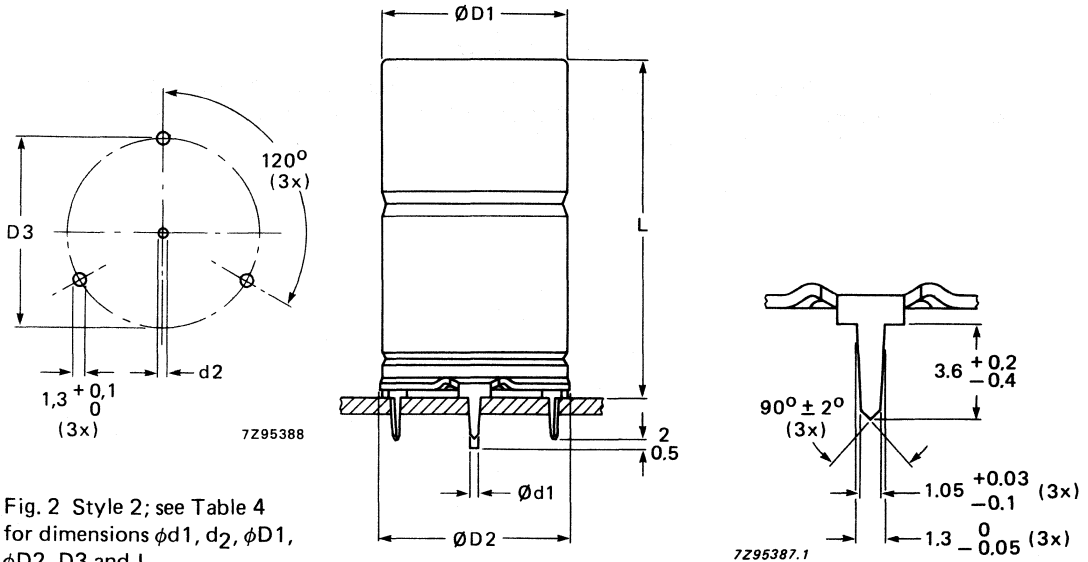


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 4 for dimensions $\phi d1$, $d2$, $\phi D1$, $\phi D2$, $D3$ and L_{max} .

Table 4 Physical dimensions, style 2

| case size | style 2 | | | | | | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| | $\phi d1$ | $d2$ | $\phi D1$ | $\phi D2_{max}$ | $D3$ | L_{max} | |
| 02 | 0,8 | $1 + 0,1/-0$ | 15,0 | 17,5 | $16,5 \pm 0,2$ | 32 | 8,6 |
| 03 | 0,8 | $1 + 0,1/-0$ | 18,0 | 19,5 | $18,5 \pm 0,2$ | 32 | 11,5 |
| 04 | 1,0 | $1,3 + 0,1/-0$ | 18,0 | 19,5 | $18,5 \pm 0,2$ | 44 | 14,5 |
| 05 | 1,0 | $1,3 + 0,1/-0$ | 21,0 | 22,5 | $21,5 \pm 0,2$ | 44 | 19,7 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with:

- nominal capacitance;
- tolerance on nominal capacitance in accordance with IEC 62;
- rated voltage at 125 °C and 85 °C;
- group number 118;
- maximum temperature; grade reference LL;
- name of manufacturer; code of origin;
- date code in accordance with IEC 62;
- band to identify the negative terminal;
- + signs to identify the positive terminal.

Mounting

The diameter of the mounting holes required in the printed circuit board is $1 + 0,1/-0$ mm for style 1; those of style 2 capacitors are shown in Table 4.

Minimum atmospheric pressure

Case sizes 00 to 05

8,5 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 are applicable at ambient temperatures of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 125 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 10 kHz Ω | case size | catalogue number* 2222 118 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|
| 6,3 | 330 | 112 | 20 | 0,50 | 2,41 | 2,1 | 4 | . 3331 |
| | 1000 | 251 | 42 | 0,50 | 0,79 | 0,8 | 6 | . 3102 |
| | 1500 | 352 | 61 | 0,50 | 0,53 | 0,53 | 7 | ** |
| | 1500 | 416 | 61 | 0,46 | 0,485 | 0,45 | 00 | . 3152 |
| | 2200 | 590 | 87 | 0,46 | 0,305 | 0,28 | 01 | . 3222 |
| | 3300 | 648 | 129 | 0,58 | 0,280 | 0,27 | 01 | . 3332 |
| | 4700 | 826 | 182 | 0,58 | 0,185 | 0,18 | 02 | . 3472 |
| | 6800 | 1040 | 261 | 0,66 | 0,155 | 0,15 | 03 | . 3682 |
| | 10 000 | 1417 | 382 | 0,66 | 0,098 | 0,10 | 04 | . 3103 |
| | 15 000 | 1707 | 571 | 0,77 | 0,082 | 0,10 | 05 | . 3153 |
| | 10 | 220 | 109 | 20 | 0,35 | 2,53 | 2,1 | 4 |
| 330 | | 150 | 24 | 0,35 | 1,69 | 1,4 | 5 | . 4331 |
| 470 | | 179 | 32 | 0,35 | 1,19 | 1,0 | 5 | . 4471 |
| 680 | | 247 | 45 | 0,35 | 0,82 | 0,81 | 6 | . 4681 |
| 1000 | | 343 | 64 | 0,35 | 0,56 | 0,55 | 7 | ** |
| 1000 | | 409 | 64 | 0,32 | 0,505 | 0,45 | 00 | . 4102 |
| 1500 | | 590 | 94 | 0,32 | 0,285 | 0,28 | 01 | . 4152 |
| 2200 | | 634 | 136 | 0,40 | 0,290 | 0,27 | 01 | . 4222 |
| 3300 | | 826 | 202 | 0,40 | 0,190 | 0,18 | 02 | . 4332 |
| 4700 | | 1035 | 286 | 0,46 | 0,155 | 0,15 | 03 | . 4472 |
| 6800 | | 1395 | 412 | 0,53 | 0,100 | 0,10 | 04 | . 4682 |
| 10 000 | 1674 | 604 | 0,53 | 0,084 | 0,10 | 05 | . 4103 | |
| 16 | 150 | 106 | 20 | 0,25 | 2,65 | 2,2 | 4 | . 5151 |
| | 220 | 145 | 25 | 0,25 | 1,81 | 1,5 | 5 | . 5221 |
| | 330 | 204 | 36 | 0,25 | 1,21 | 1,2 | 6 | . 5331 |
| | 470 | 243 | 49 | 0,25 | 0,85 | 0,83 | 6 | . 5471 |
| | 680 | 335 | 69 | 0,25 | 0,58 | 0,57 | 7 | ** |
| | 680 | 389 | 69 | 0,22 | 0,525 | 0,45 | 00 | . 5681 |
| | 1000 | 557 | 100 | 0,22 | 0,345 | 0,28 | 01 | . 5102 |
| | 1500 | 609 | 148 | 0,29 | 0,305 | 0,27 | 01 | . 5152 |
| | 2200 | 790 | 215 | 0,29 | 0,205 | 0,18 | 02 | . 5222 |
| | 3300 | 1008 | 321 | 0,34 | 0,165 | 0,15 | 03 | . 5332 |
| | 4700 | 1363 | 455 | 0,34 | 0,105 | 0,10 | 04 | . 5472 |
| 6800 | 1627 | 657 | 0,38 | 0,088 | 0,10 | 05 | . 5682 | |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel } case sizes 4 to 7
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box }
 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05; bump and vibration test in accordance with general purpose grade capacitors.

** See Table 6.

Table 5 (continued)

| U_R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{amb} = 125^\circ C$ | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number* 2222 118 followed by | |
|-------|-----------|--|---|--------------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------|---|--------|
| V | μF | mA | μA | | Ω | Ω | | | |
| 25 | 100 | 102 | 20 | 0,18 | 2,86 | 2,3 | 4 | . 6101 | |
| | 150 | 141 | 27 | 0,18 | 1,91 | 1,55 | 5 | . 6151 | |
| | 220 | 196 | 37 | 0,18 | 1,30 | 1,25 | 6 | . 6221 | |
| | 330 | 274 | 54 | 0,18 | 0,87 | 0,82 | 7 | . 6331 | |
| | 470 | 327 | 75 | 0,18 | 0,61 | 0,57 | 7 | ** | |
| | 470 | 366 | 75 | 0,18 | 0,62 | 0,50 | 00 | . 6471 | |
| | 680 | 515 | 106 | 0,18 | 0,38 | 0,30 | 01 | . 6681 | |
| | 1000 | 531 | 154 | 0,24 | 0,375 | 0,28 | 01 | . 6102 | |
| | 1500 | 691 | 229 | 0,25 | 0,263 | 0,22 | 02 | . 6152 | |
| | 2200 | 919 | 334 | 0,26 | 0,185 | 0,17 | 03 | . 6222 | |
| | 3300 | 1280 | 499 | 0,26 | 0,120 | 0,11 | 04 | . 6332 | |
| | 4700 | 1464 | 709 | 0,28 | 0,095 | 0,10 | 05 | . 6472 | |
| | 40 | 47 | 89,8 | 20 | 0,11 | 3,72 | 2,8 | 4 | . 7479 |
| | | 68 | 121 | 20 | 0,11 | 2,57 | 1,9 | 5 | . 7689 |
| 100 | | 147 | 28 | 0,11 | 1,75 | 1,3 | 5 | . 7101 | |
| 150 | | 207 | 40 | 0,11 | 1,17 | 1,0 | 6 | . 7151 | |
| 220 | | 287 | 57 | 0,11 | 0,80 | 0,68 | 7 | ** | |
| 220 | | 338 | 57 | 0,10 | 0,695 | 0,55 | 00 | . 7221 | |
| 330 | | 484 | 83 | 0,10 | 0,430 | 0,33 | 01 | . 7331 | |
| 470 | | 522 | 117 | 0,11 | 0,380 | 0,30 | 01 | . 7471 | |
| 680 | | 695 | 167 | 0,11 | 0,255 | 0,23 | 02 | . 7681 | |
| 1000 | | 852 | 244 | 0,13 | 0,205 | 0,18 | 03 | . 7102 | |
| 1500 | | 1196 | 364 | 0,13 | 0,130 | 0,11 | 04 | . 7152 | |
| 2200 | | 1403 | 532 | 0,15 | 0,105 | 0,10 | 05 | . 7222 | |
| 63 | | 1 | 16,4 | 20 | 0,07 | 111 | 22 | 4 | . 8108 |
| | | 1,5 | 20,1 | 20 | 0,07 | 74,3 | 18 | 4 | . 8158 |
| | 2,2 | 24,3 | 20 | 0,07 | 50,6 | 14,5 | 4 | . 8228 | |
| | 3,3 | 29,8 | 20 | 0,07 | 33,8 | 11,2 | 4 | . 8338 | |
| | 4,7 | 35,6 | 20 | 0,07 | 23,7 | 8,9 | 4 | . 8478 | |
| | 6,8 | 42,8 | 20 | 0,07 | 16,4 | 7,2 | 4 | . 8688 | |
| | 10 | 51,9 | 20 | 0,07 | 11,1 | 5,6 | 4 | . 8109 | |
| | 15 | 63,6 | 20 | 0,07 | 7,43 | 4,2 | 4 | . 8159 | |
| | 22 | 77,0 | 20 | 0,07 | 5,06 | 3,2 | 4 | . 8229 | |
| | 33 | 106 | 20 | 0,07 | 3,38 | 2,1 | 5 | . 8339 | |
| | 47 | 126 | 22 | 0,07 | 2,37 | 1,5 | 5 | . 8479 | |
| | 68 | 175 | 30 | 0,07 | 1,64 | 1,05 | 6 | . 8689 | |
| | 100 | 243 | 42 | 0,07 | 1,14 | 0,7 | 7 | ** | |
| | 100 | 262 | 42 | 0,07 | 1,14 | 1,0 | 00 | . 8101 | |
| | 150 | 415 | 61 | 0,07 | 0,645 | 0,61 | 01 | . 8151 | |
| | 220 | 454 | 87 | 0,08 | 0,610 | 0,56 | 01 | . 8221 | |
| | 330 | 544 | 129 | 0,09 | 0,420 | 0,40 | 02 | . 8331 | |
| | 470 | 695 | 182 | 0,09 | 0,310 | 0,33 | 03 | . 8471 | |
| 680 | 971 | 261 | 0,09 | 0,195 | 0,18 | 04 | . 8681 | | |
| 1000 | 1161 | 382 | 0,10 | 0,160 | 0,15 | 05 | . 8102 | | |

* See Note on the next page.

** See Table 6.

Table 5 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 125 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 10 kHz Ω | case size | catalogue number* 2222 118 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|
| 100 | 47 | 178 | 33 | 0,08 | 2,60 | 2,0 | 00 | . 9479 |
| | 68 | 278 | 45 | 0,08 | 1,78 | 1,2 | 01 | . 9689 |
| | 100 | 303 | 64 | 0,09 | 1,37 | 1,15 | 01 | . 9101 |
| | 150 | 368 | 94 | 0,10 | 0,94 | 0,78 | 02 | . 9151 |
| | 220 | 481 | 136 | 0,10 | 0,66 | 0,55 | 03 | . 9221 |
| | 330 | 694 | 202 | 0,10 | 0,45 | 0,37 | 04 | . 9331 |
| | 470 | 833 | 286 | 0,10 | 0,33 | 0,28 | 05 | . 9471 |
| 200 | 15 | 129 | 22 | 0,046 | 4,76 | 3,75 | 00 | 92159 |
| | 22 | 198 | 31 | 0,046 | 3,17 | 2,22 | 01 | 92229 |
| | 33 | 242 | 44 | 0,046 | 2,11 | 1,11 | 02 | ** |
| | 47 | 317 | 61 | 0,046 | 1,48 | 0,60 | 03 | ** |
| | 68 | 428 | 86 | 0,046 | 1,02 | 0,42 | 04 | ** |
| | 100 | 551 | 124 | 0,046 | 0,96 | 0,39 | 05 | ** |

Table 6 Alternative case size information

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | case size | catalogue number | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | capacitors on bandoliers on reel | capacitors on bandoliers in box |
| 6,3 | 1500 | 7 | 2222 118 90502 | 2222 118 90503 |
| 10 | 1000 | 7 | 90504 | 90505 |
| 16 | 680 | 7 | 90506 | 90507 |
| 25 | 470 | 7 | 90508 | 90509 |
| 40 | 220 | 7 | 90511 | 90512 |
| 63 | 100 | 7 | 90513 | 90514 |

Table 7 Special ordering codes for U_R = 200 V products

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | case size | catalogue number | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| | | | style 1 | style 2 |
| 200 | 33 | 02 | 2222 118 92339 | 2222 118 90002 |
| | 47 | 03 | 92479 | 90003 |
| | 68 | 04 | 92689 | 90004 |
| | 100 | 05 | 92101 | 90005 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel } case sizes 4 to 7
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box }
 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05; bump and vibration test in accordance with general purpose grade capacitors.

** See Table 7.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

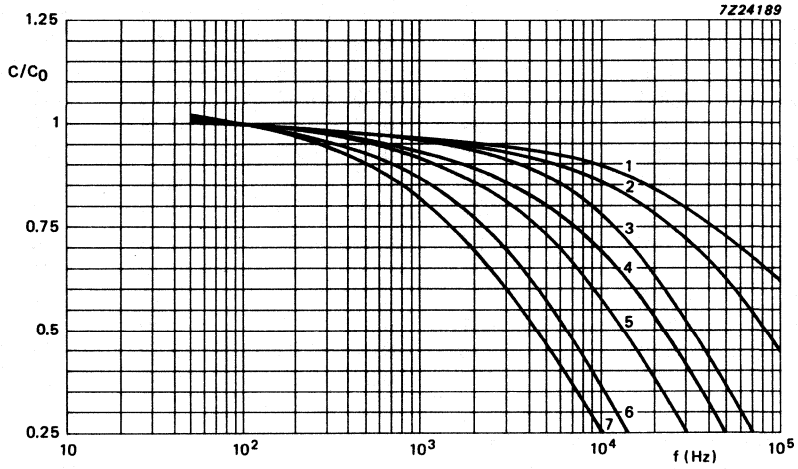


Fig. 3 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 4 to 7; C/C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

- curve 1 = 63 V ($< 15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)
- curve 2 = 63 V ($\geq 15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$)
- curve 3 = 40 V
- curve 4 = 25 V

- curve 5 = 16 V
- curve 6 = 10 V
- curve 7 = 6,3 V

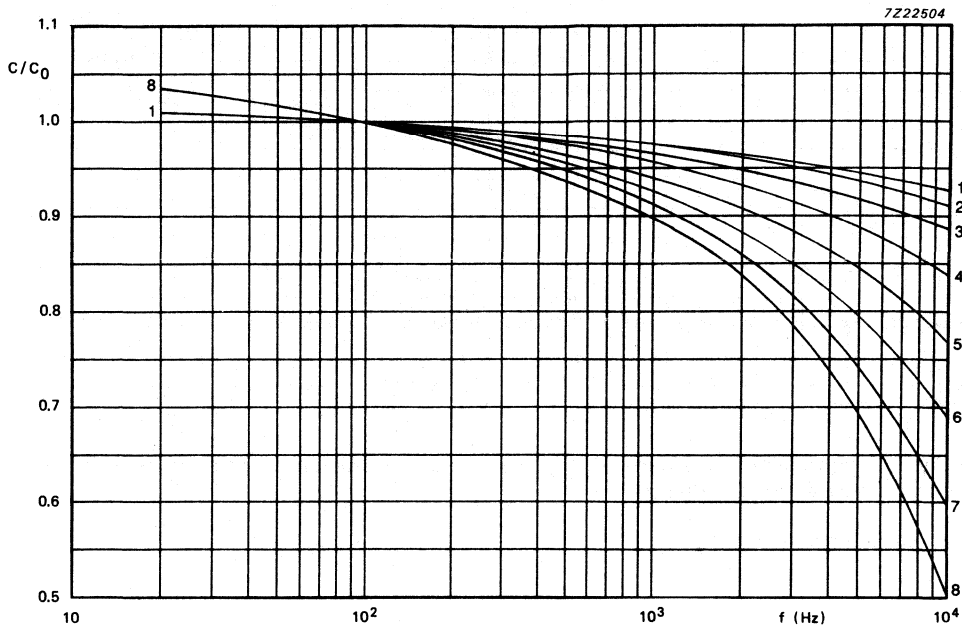


Fig. 4 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 00 to 05; C/C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 200 V
 curve 2 = 100 V
 curve 3 = 63 V
 curve 4 = 40 V

curve 5 = 25 V
 curve 6 = 16 V
 curve 7 = 10 V
 curve 8 = 6,3 V

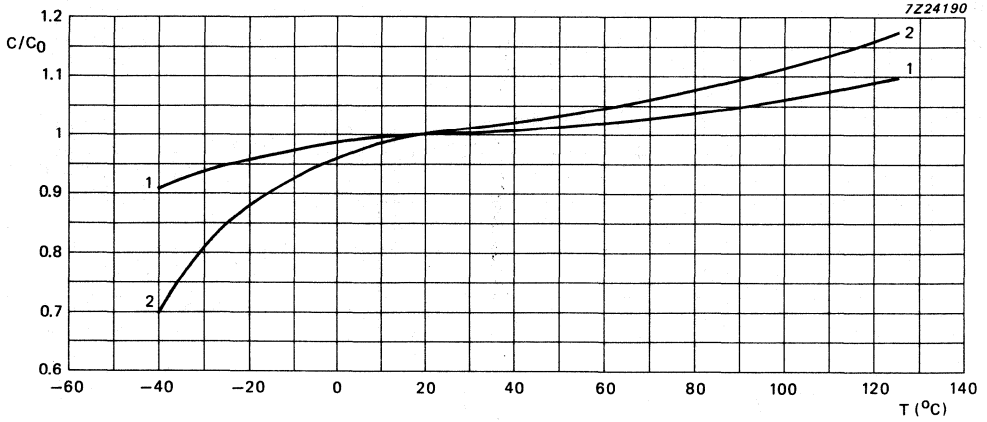


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 4 to 7. C/C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 63 V ($\leq 15 \mu\text{F}$)

curve 2 = 6,3 V

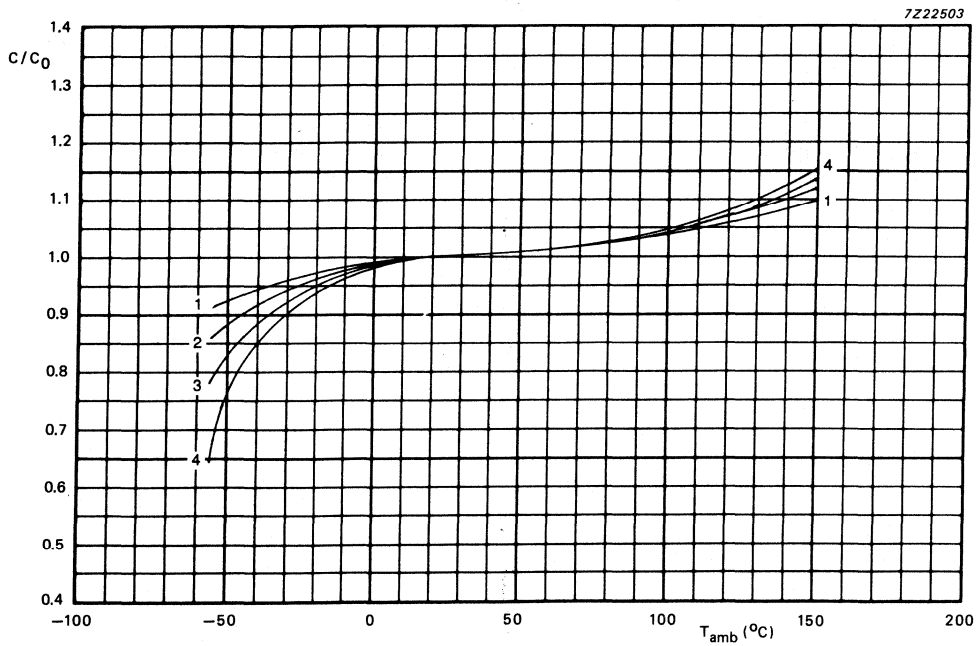


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 00 to 05. C/C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 100/200 V
curve 2 = 40/63 V

curve 3 = 16/25 V
curve 4 = 6,3/10 V

Voltage

Note: For applications at capacitor core temperatures[▲] of $\leq 95\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ the rated voltage (U_R) may be raised in accordance with Table 8.

Table 8 Uprating values at reduced temperatures

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| U_R at > 95 to $130\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 6,3 V | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V | 100 V | 200 V |
| U_{R2} at $\leq 95\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V | 100 V | 125 V | 250 V |

| | core temperature [▲] | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|--|
| | $\leq 60\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | > 60 to $\leq 95\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | > 95 to $\leq 130\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Maximum permissible voltage | $1,1 \times U_{R2}$ | U_{R2} | U_R |
| Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met: | | | |
| a. maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage | $1,1 \times U_{R2}$ | U_{R2} | U_R |
| b. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied | 2 V | 1,5 V | 1 V |
| c. momentary value of applied voltage | between U_{R2} and -2 V | between U_{R2} and $-1,5\text{ V}$ | between U_R and -1 V |
| Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods | $1,2 \times U_{R2}$ | $1,15 \times U_{R2}$ | $1,1 \times U_R$ |
| Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |
| Ripple current** | | | |
| Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | see Table 5 | | |

[▲] See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

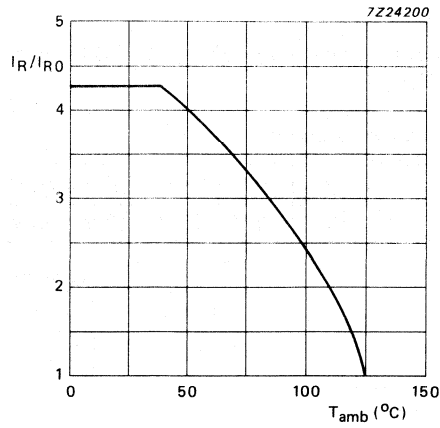


Fig. 7 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

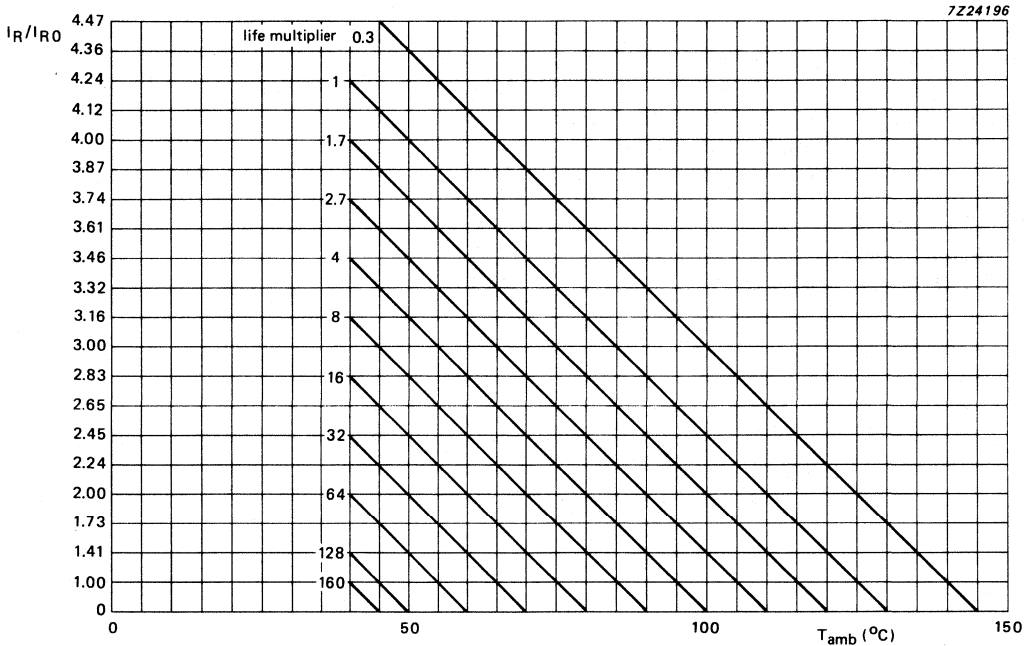


Fig. 8 Typical life as a function of ambient temperature and ripple current; I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents must be analysed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_R \max^2$$

Where:

$I_R \max$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature (see Fig. 7)

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at the same frequency (see Fig. 9)

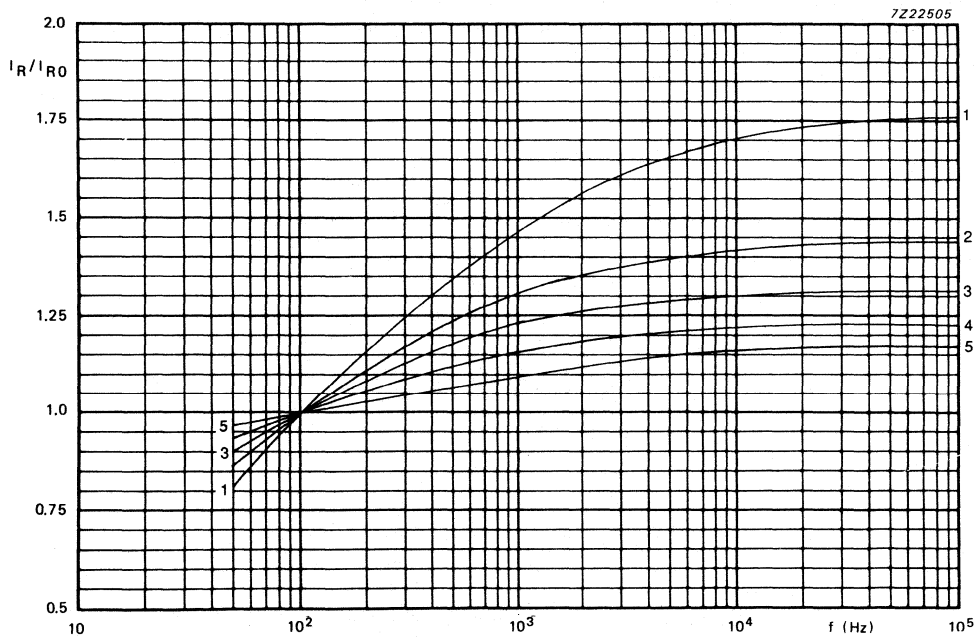


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency;
 I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 200 V
 curve 2 = 100 V
 curve 3 = 40/63 V

curve 4 = 16/25 V
 curve 5 = 6,3/10 V

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application
of U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,006 CU + 4 μA or 20 μA ,
whichever is greater)

Leakage current during continuous operation
at U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,01 x values stated in Table 5
 \leq values stated in Table 5

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

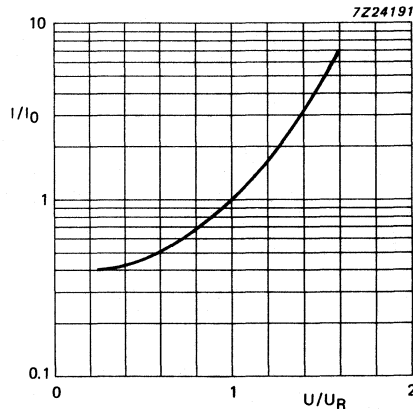


Fig. 10 Multiplier of leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R ;
 I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and U_R .

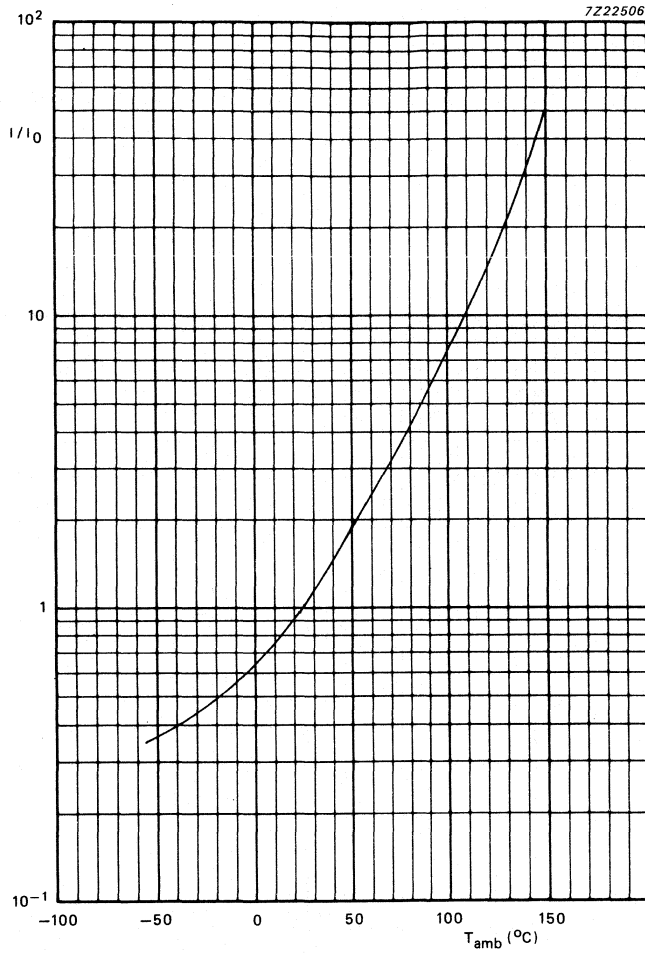


Fig. 11 Multiplier of leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 °C and U_R .

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

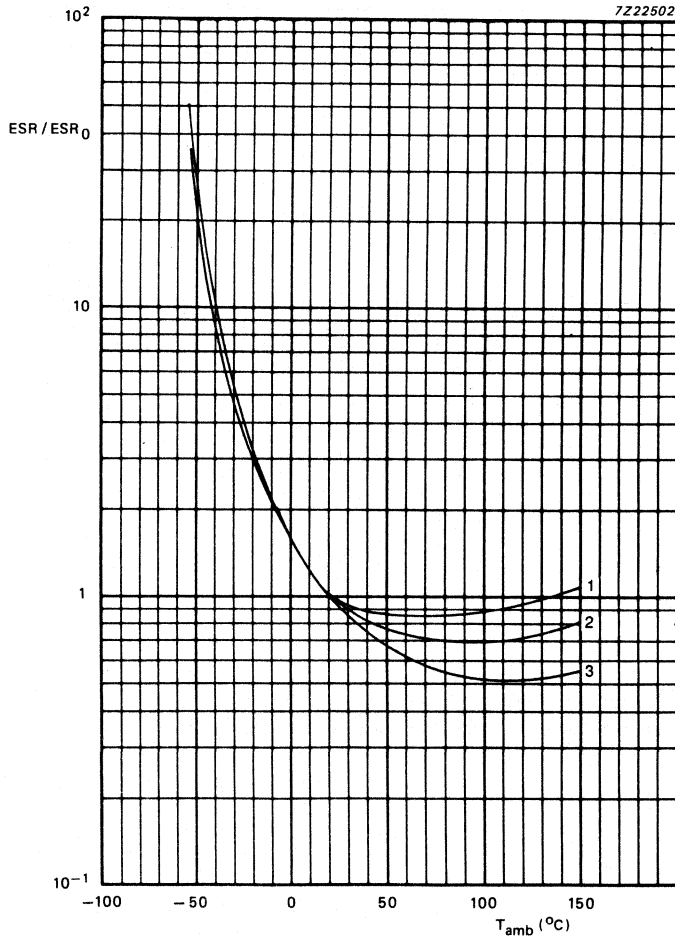


Fig. 12 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature; case sizes 4 to 02; ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 100/200 V

curve 2 = 25/40/63 V

curve 3 = 6,3/10/16 V

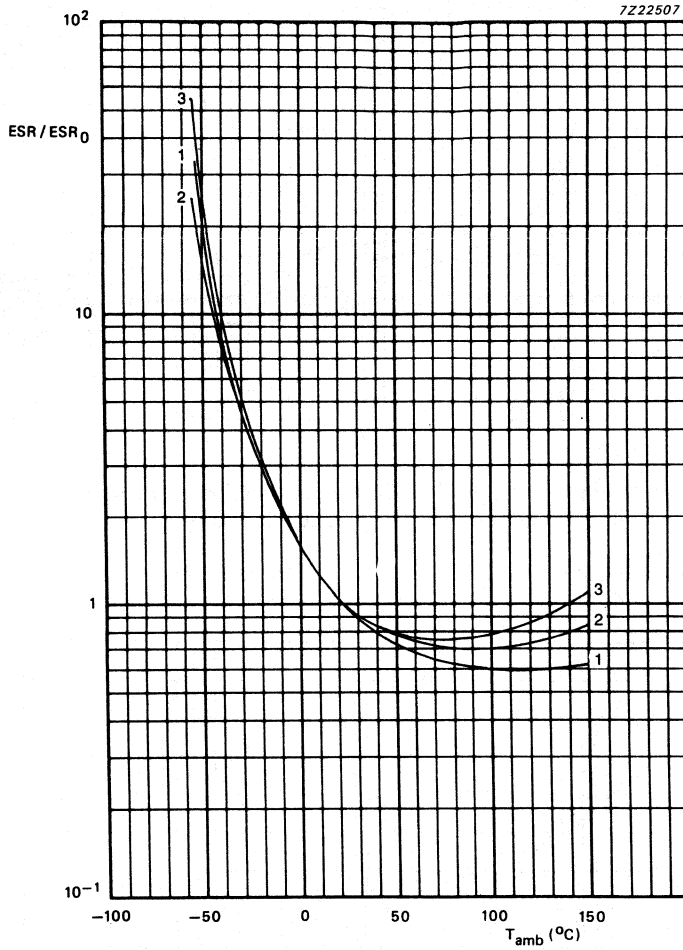


Fig. 13 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 03 to 05; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 6,3/10/16 V

curve 2 = 25/40/63 V

curve 3 = 100/200 V

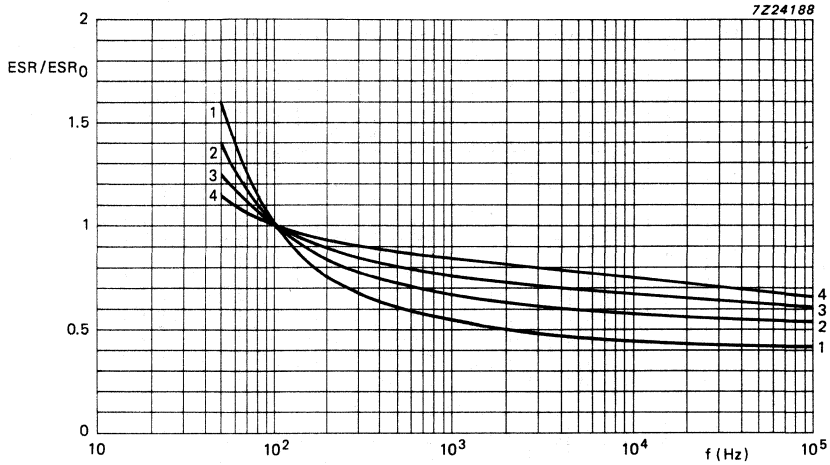


Fig. 14 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 4 to 7; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 63 V ($\geq 15 \mu F$)
 curve 2 = 40 V

curve 3 = 25 V
 curve 4 = 6,3/10/16 V

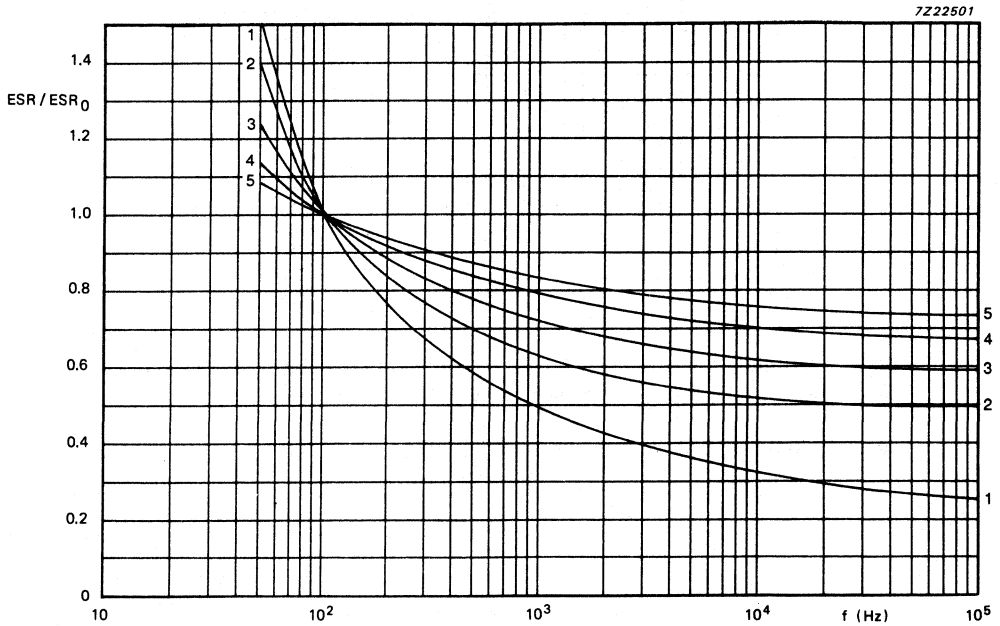


Fig. 15 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 00 to 05; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 200 V
 curve 2 = 100 V

curve 3 = 40/63 V
 curve 4 = 16/25 V

curve 5 = 6,3/10 V

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 10 kHz,
measured by a four-terminal circuit
(Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 4.

- curve 1 = 1 μF
- curve 2 = 2,2 μF
- curve 3 = 4,7 μF
- curve 4 = 10 μF
- curve 5 = 22 μF
- curve 6 = 47 μF
- curve 7 = 100 μF
- curve 8 = 220 μF

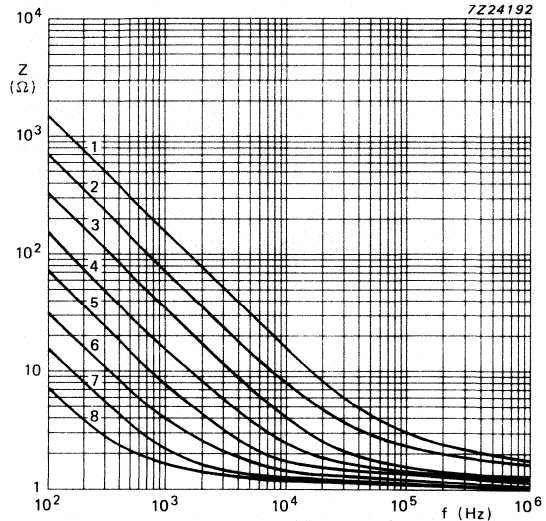
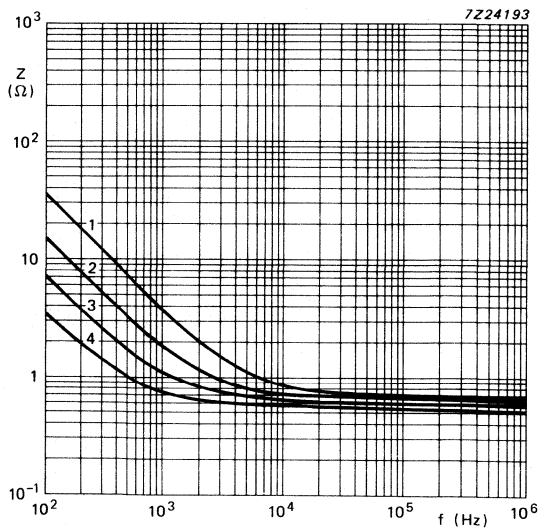


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 5.

- curve 1 = 47 μF
- curve 2 = 100 μF
- curve 3 = 220 μF
- curve 4 = 470 μF



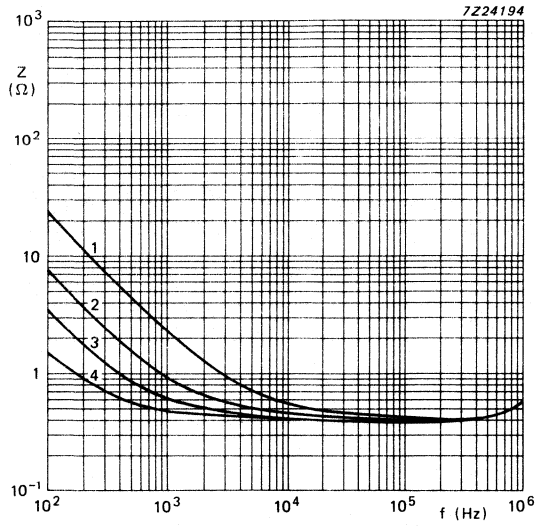


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 6.

- curve 1 = 68 μ F
- curve 2 = 220 μ F
- curve 3 = 470 μ F
- curve 4 = 1000 μ F

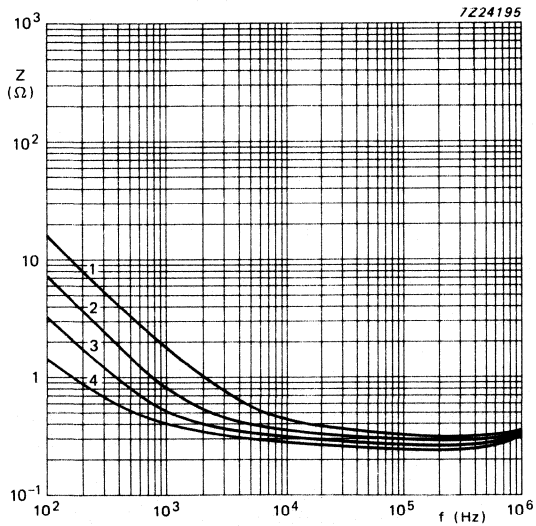


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 7.

- curve 1 = 100 μ F
- curve 2 = 220 μ F
- curve 3 = 470 μ F
- curve 4 = 1000 μ F

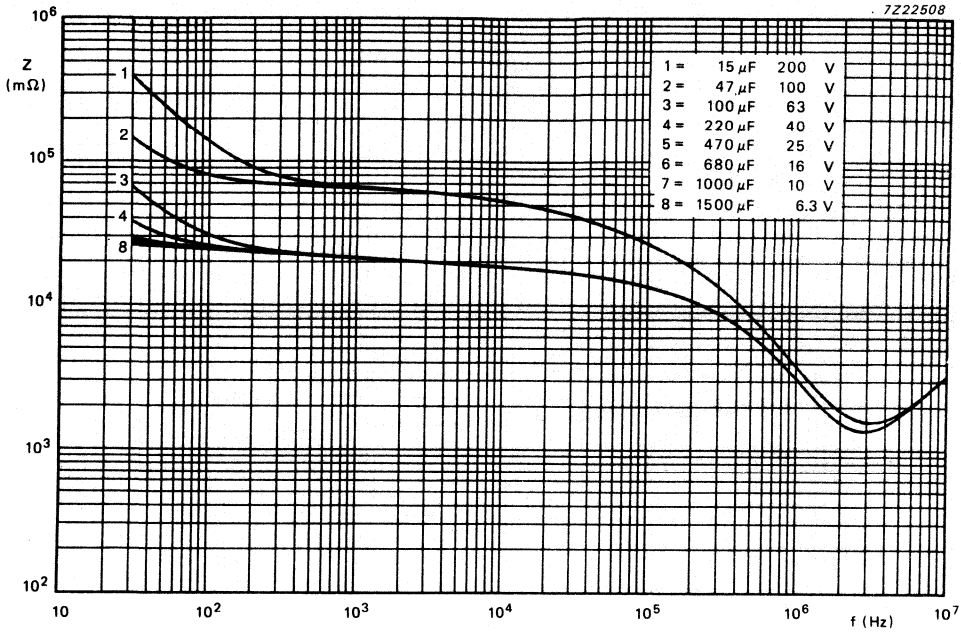


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

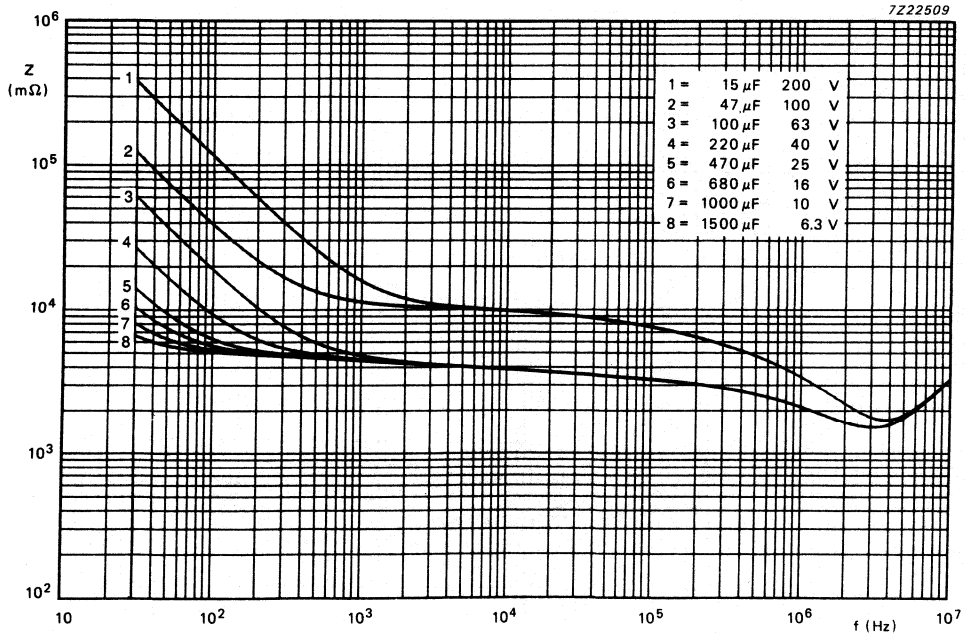


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

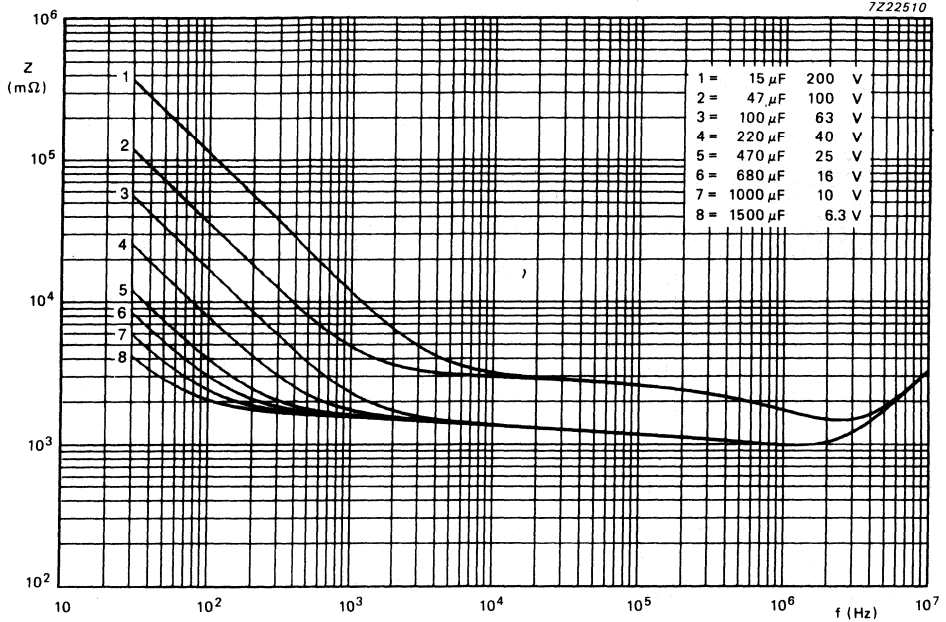


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

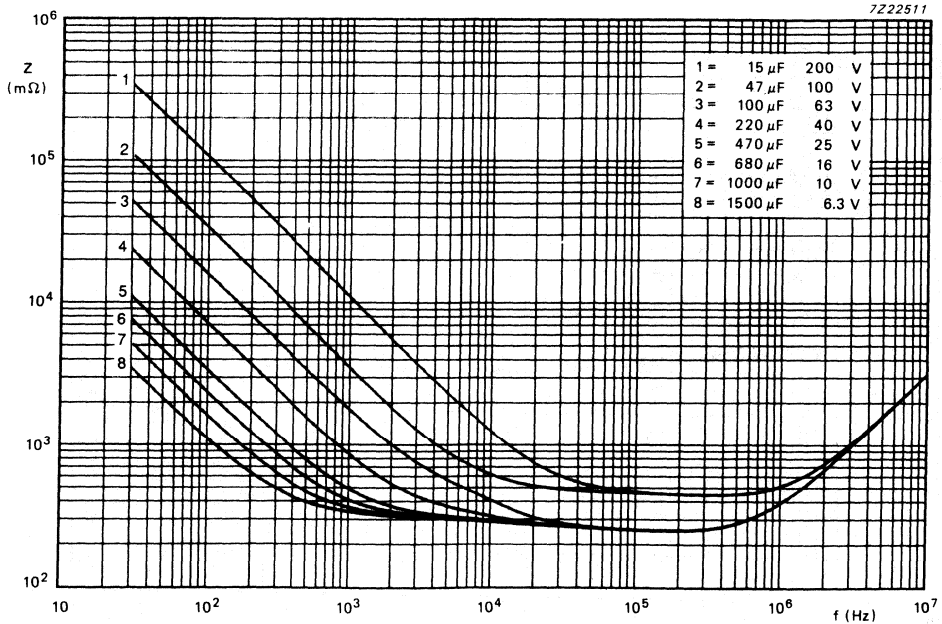


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

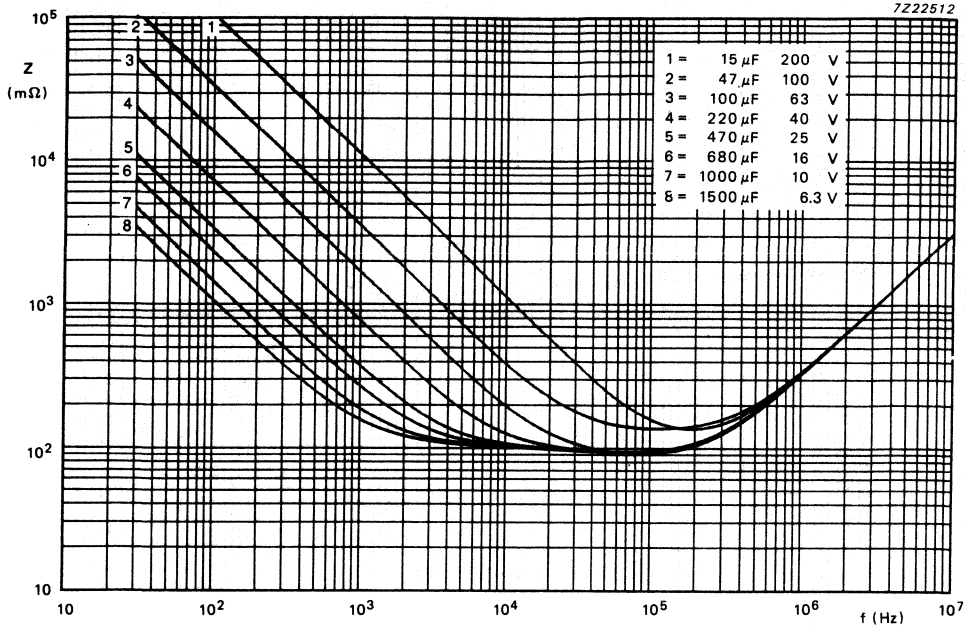


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 00.

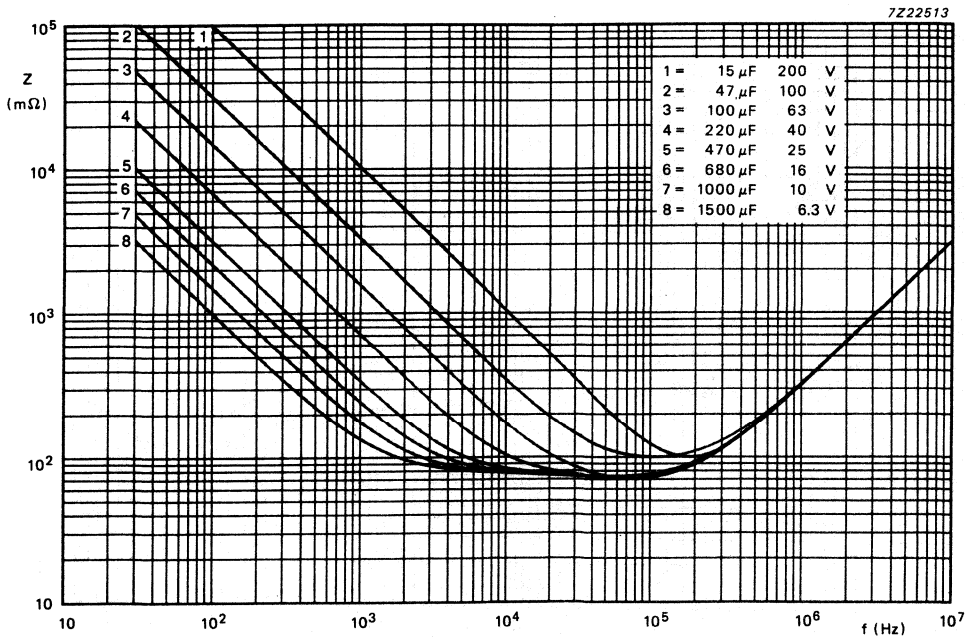


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 00.

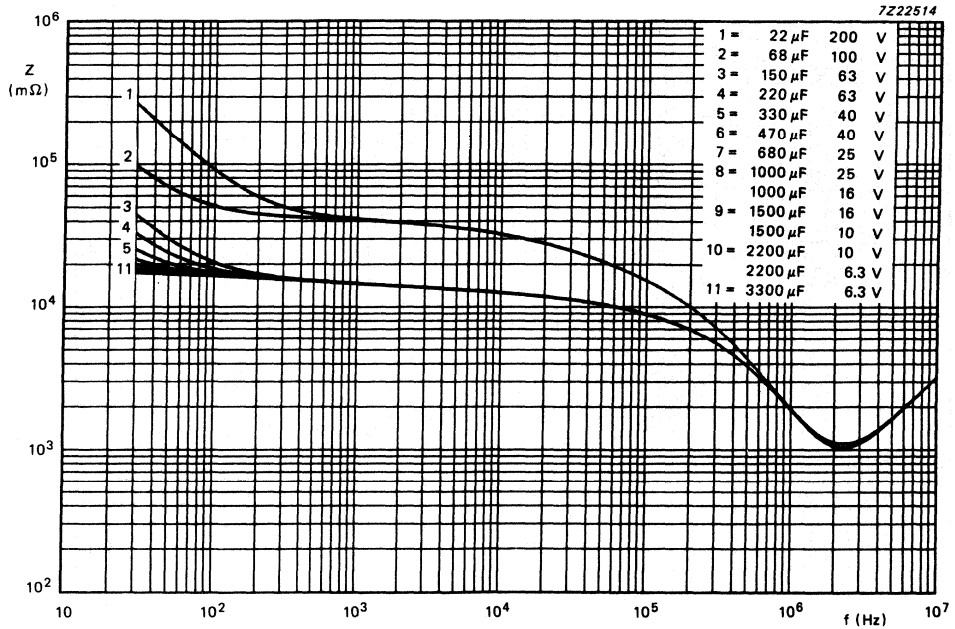


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size 01.

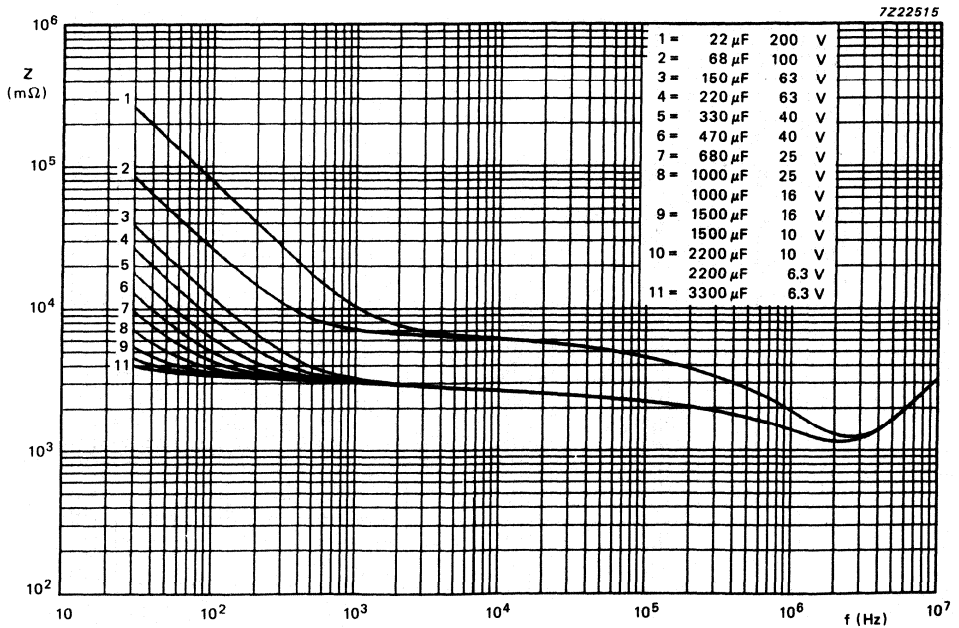


Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size 01.

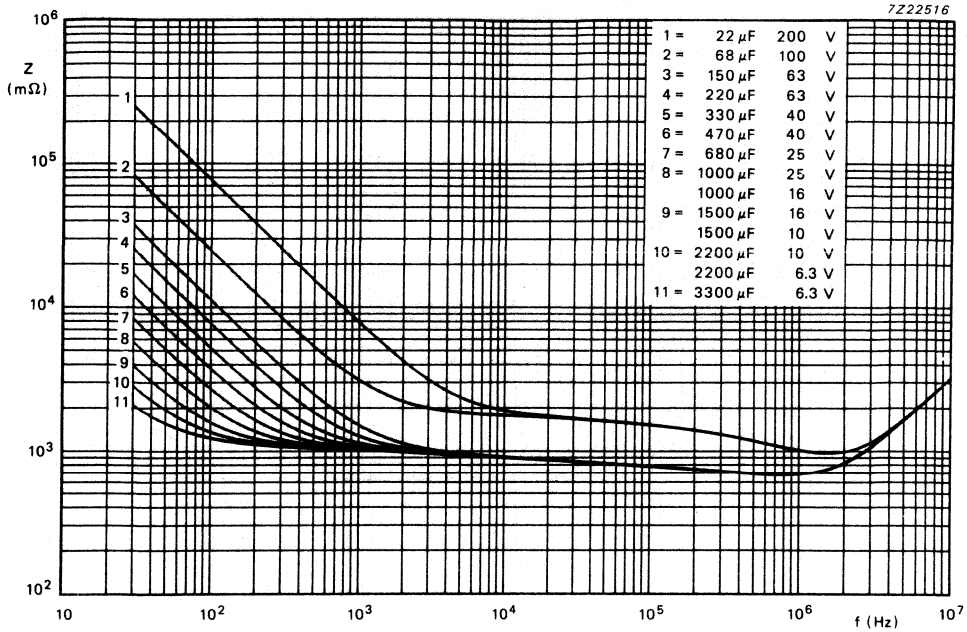


Fig. 28 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

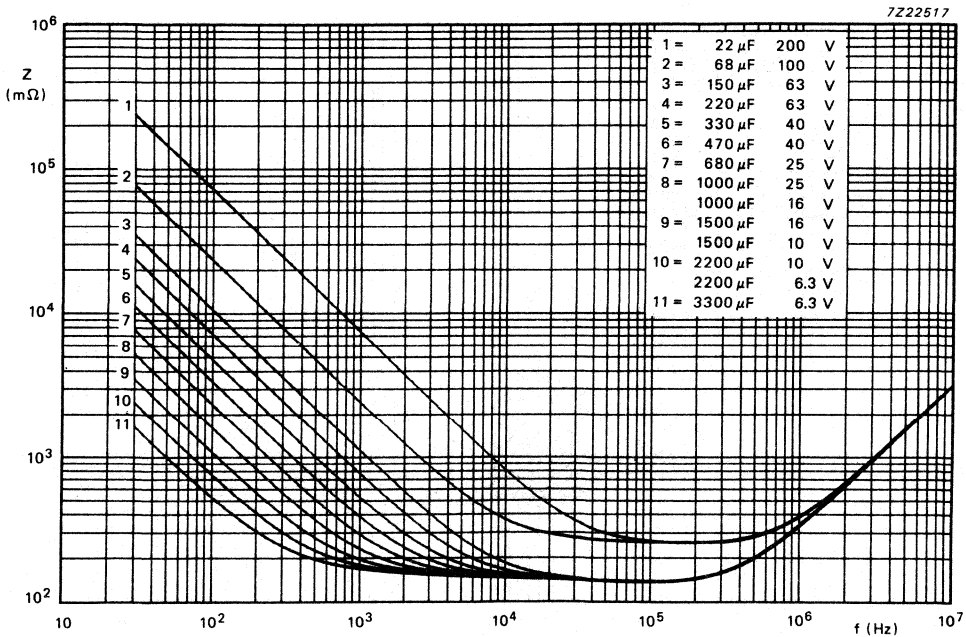


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

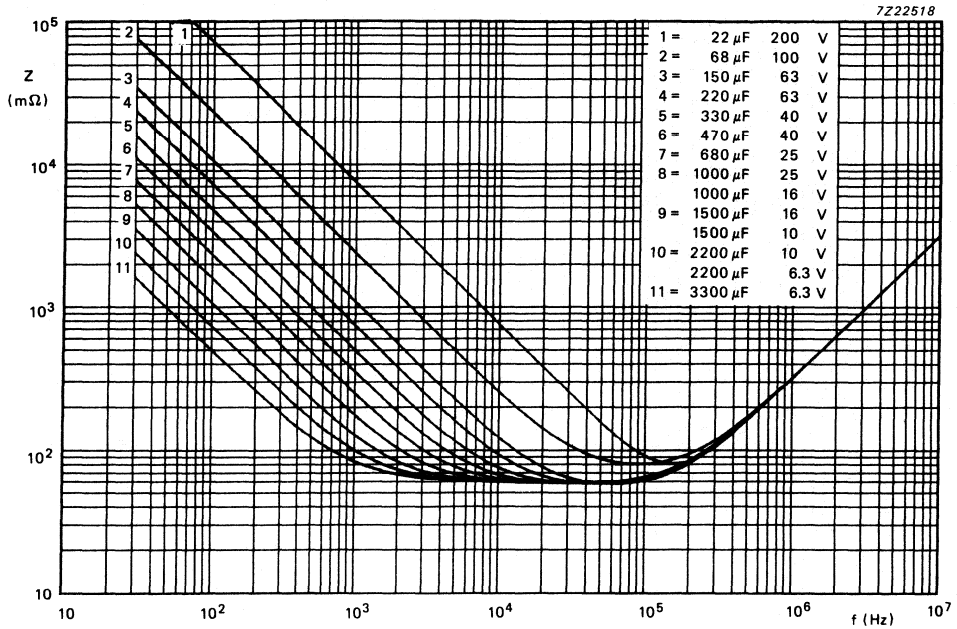


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 01.

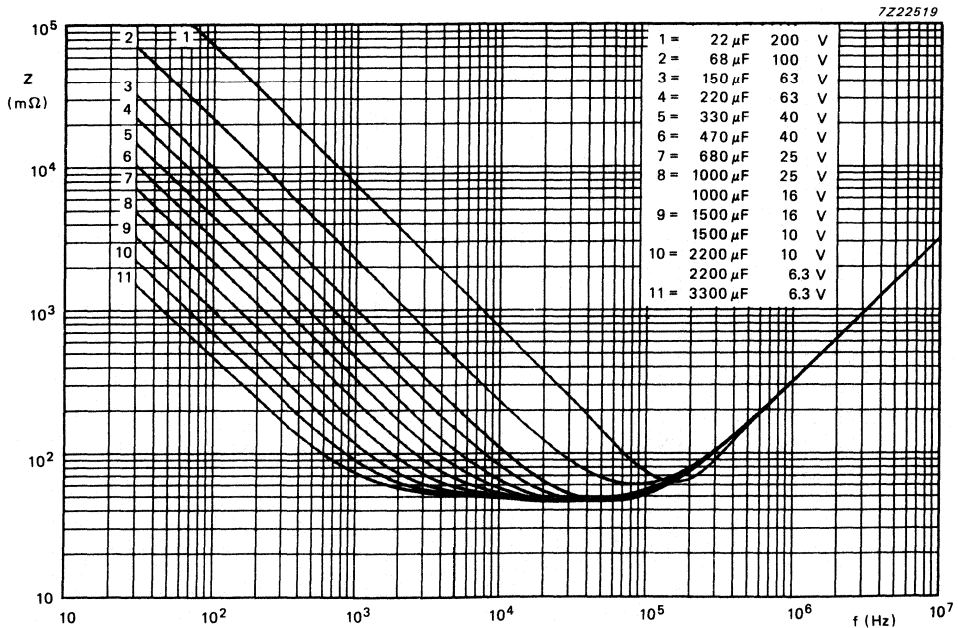


Fig. 31 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 01.

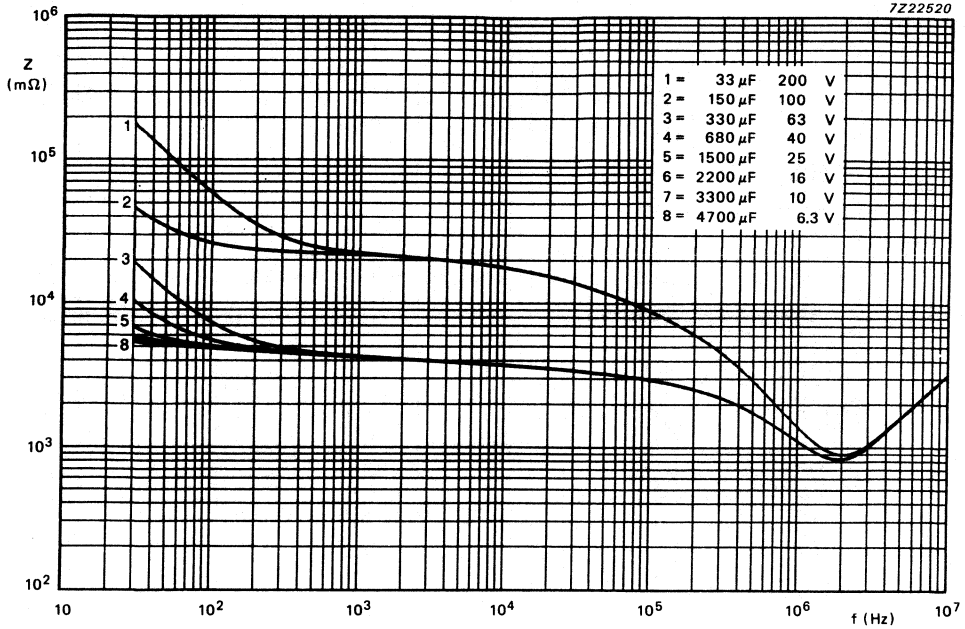


Fig. 32 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, case size O2.

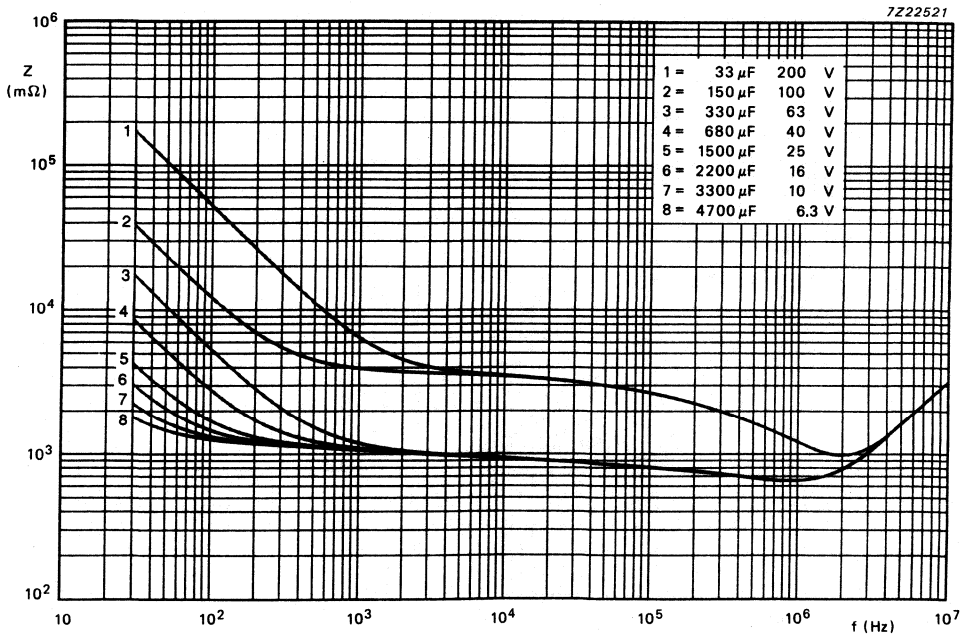


Fig. 33 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, case size O2.

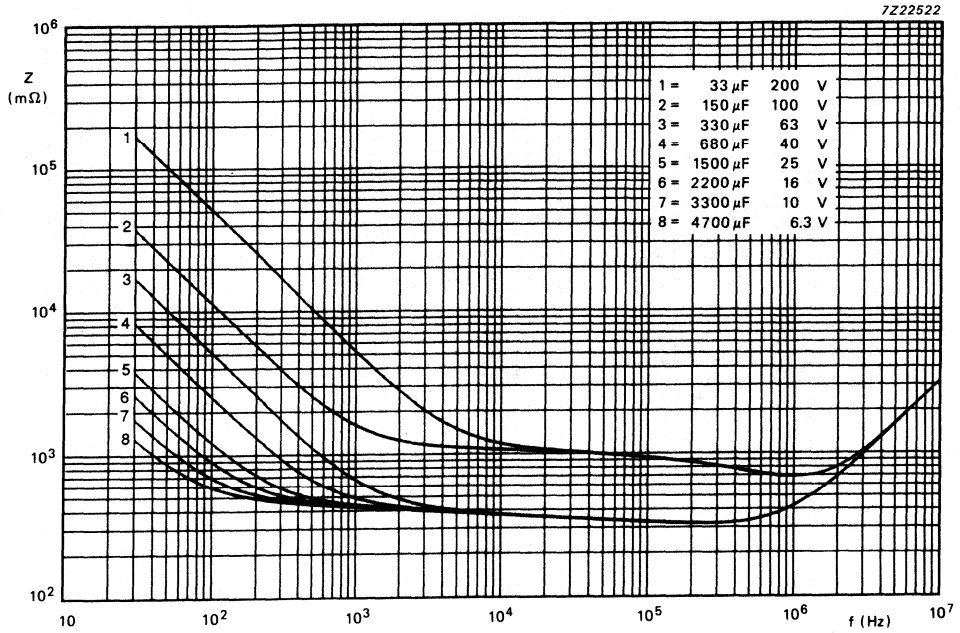


Fig. 34 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 02.

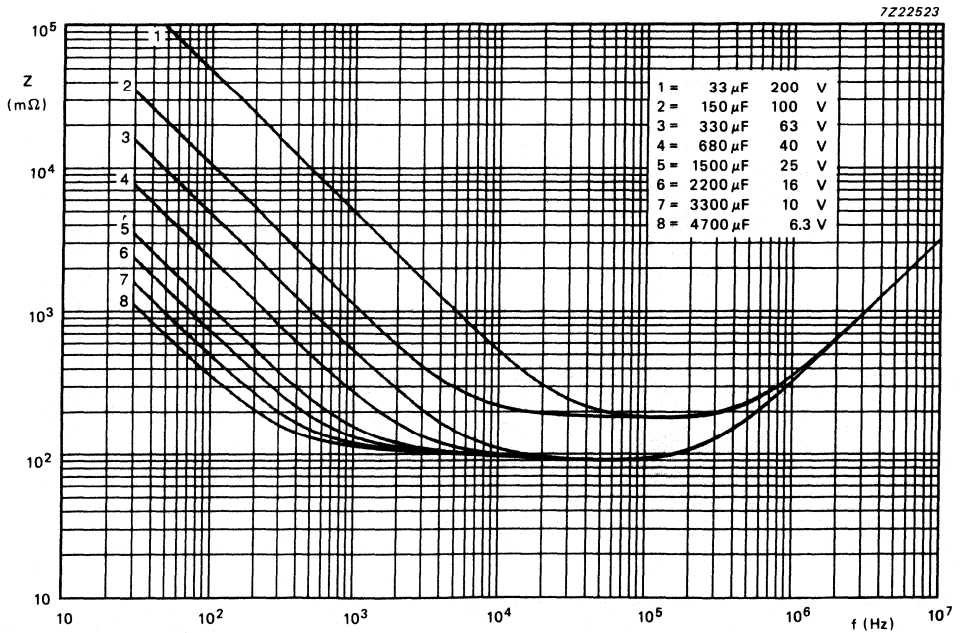


Fig. 35 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20°C , case size 02.

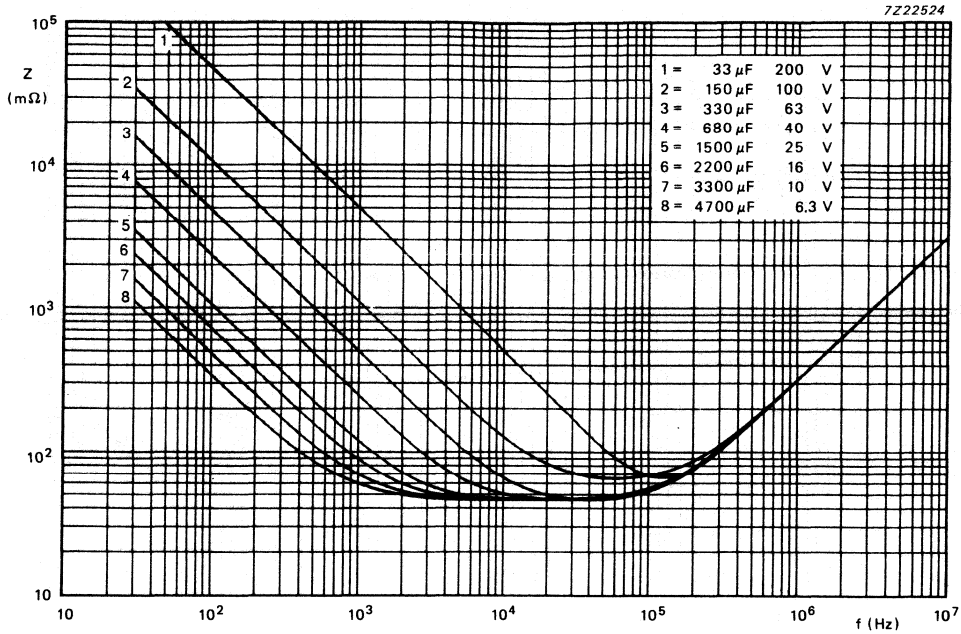


Fig. 36 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 02.

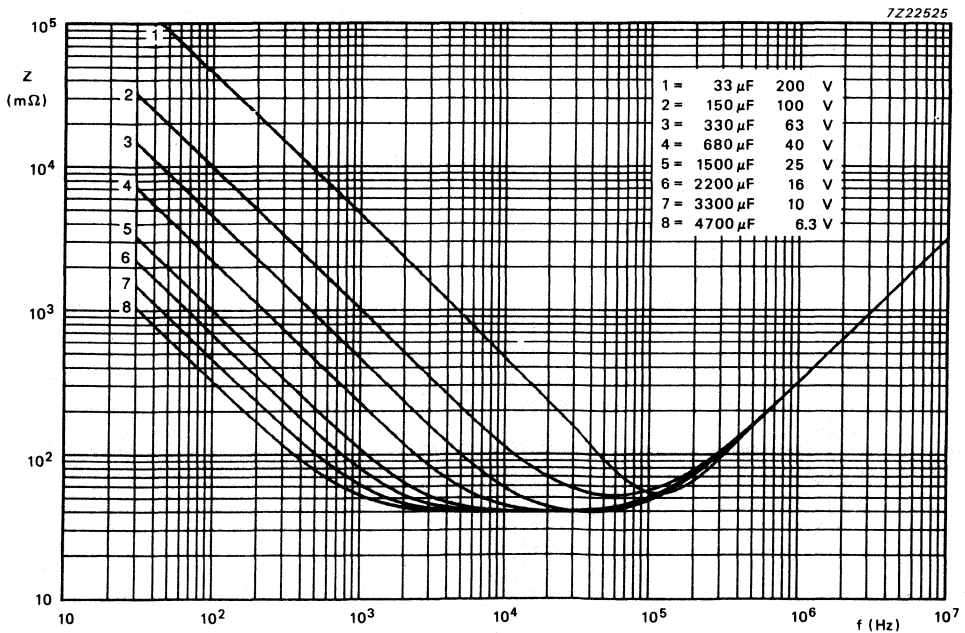


Fig. 37 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 02.

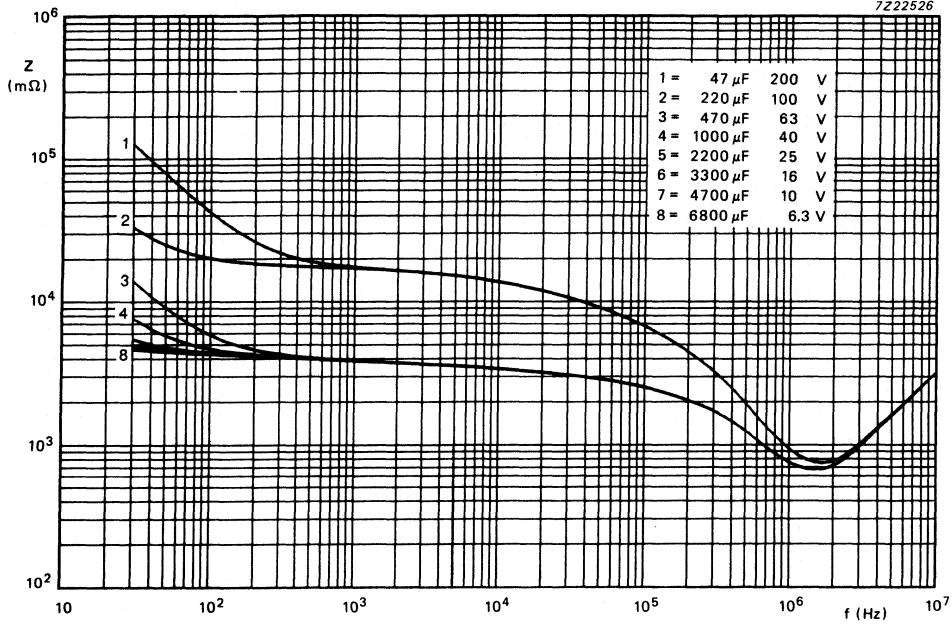


Fig. 38 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

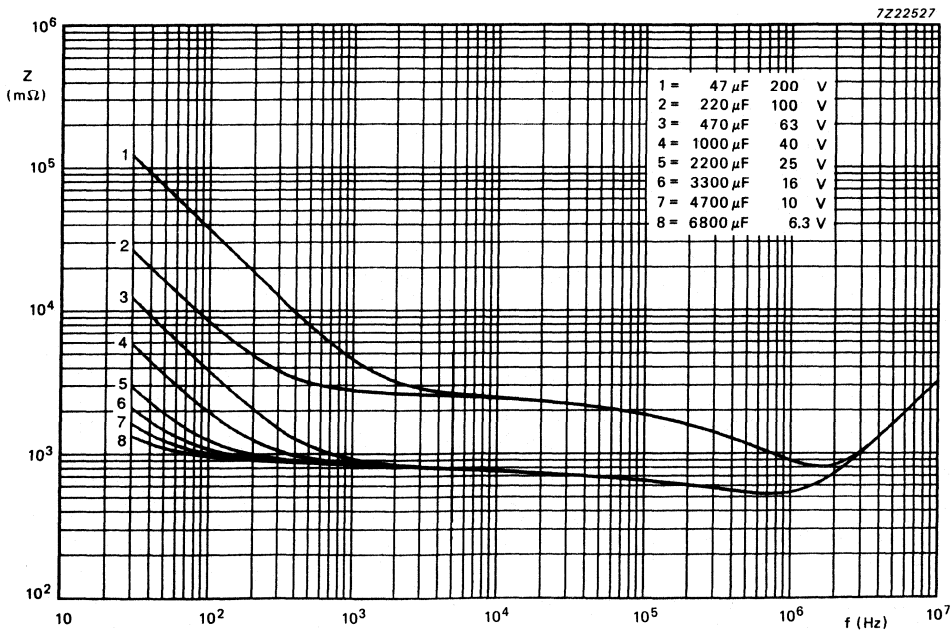


Fig. 39 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

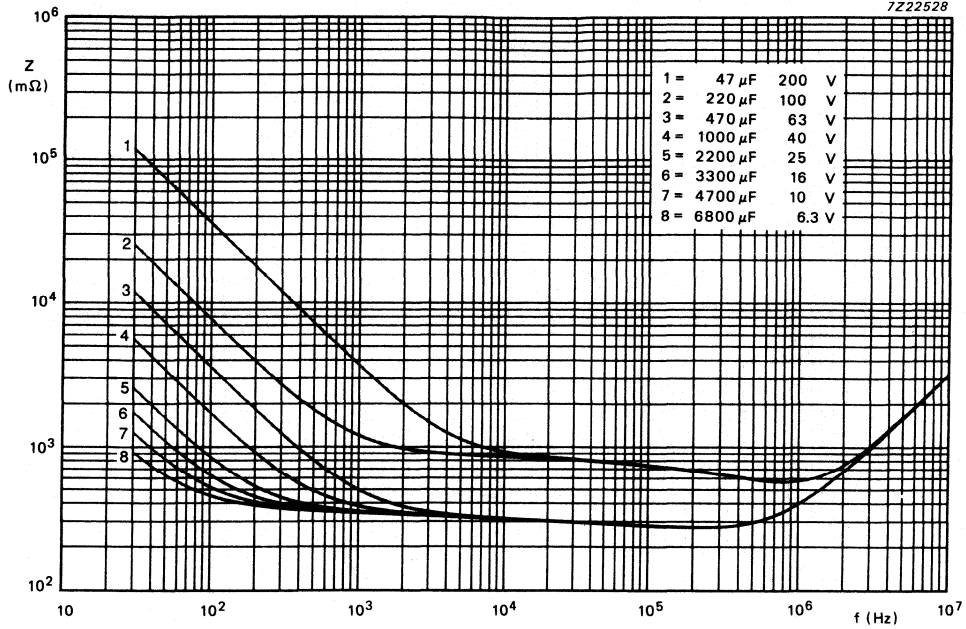


Fig. 40 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

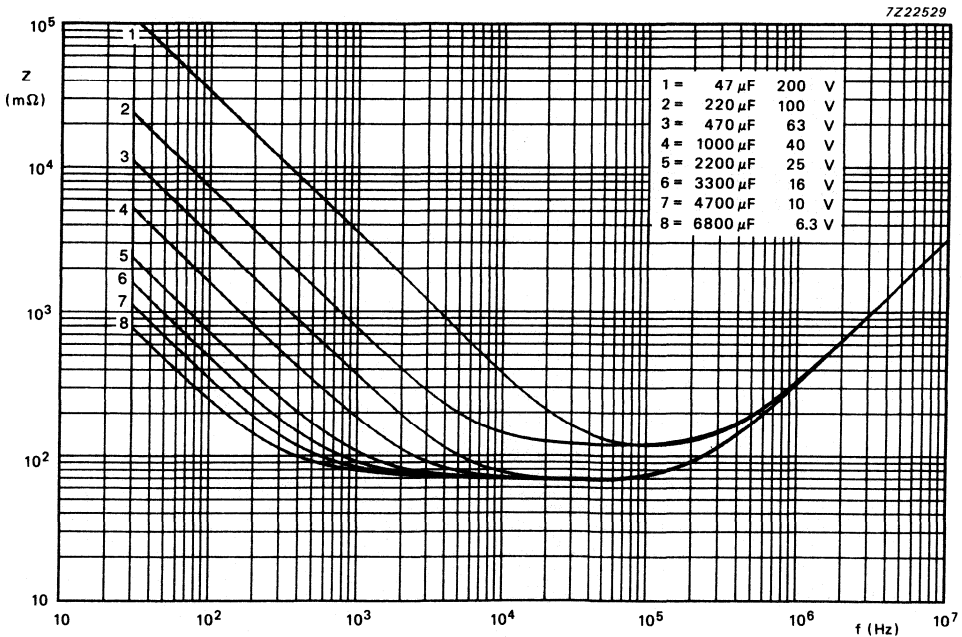


Fig. 41 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

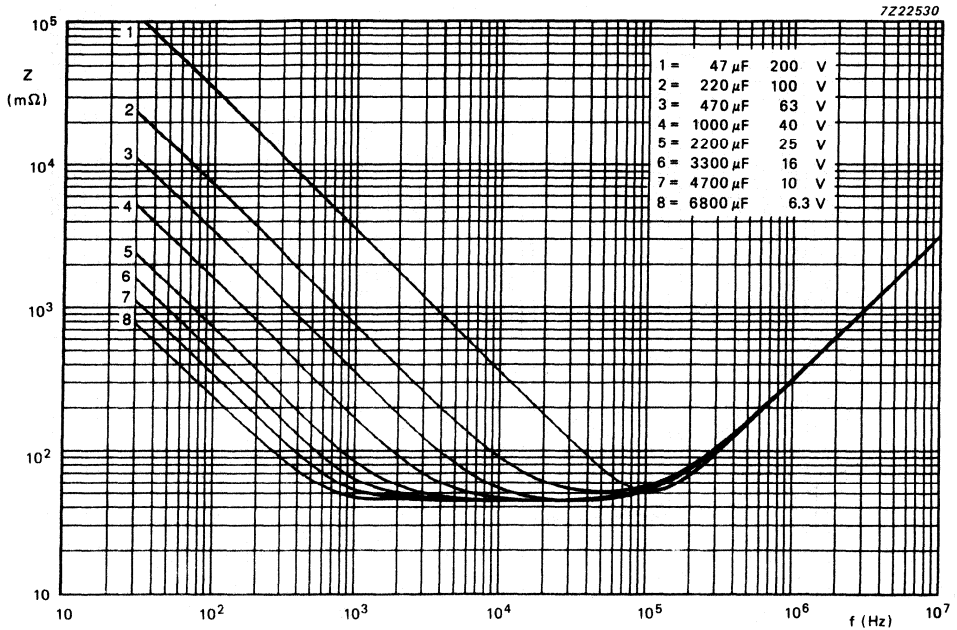


Fig. 42 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 03.

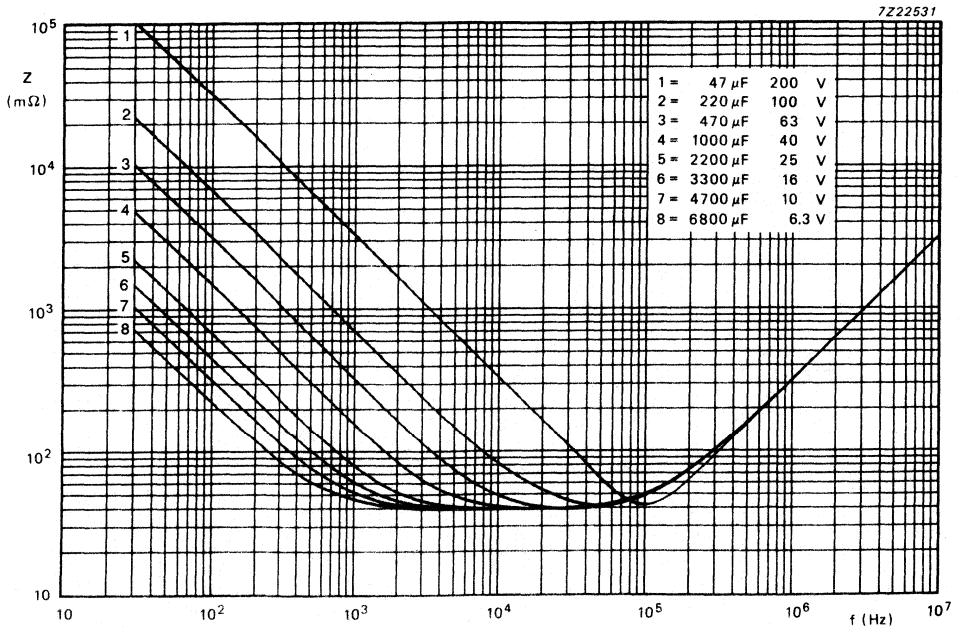


Fig. 43 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 03.

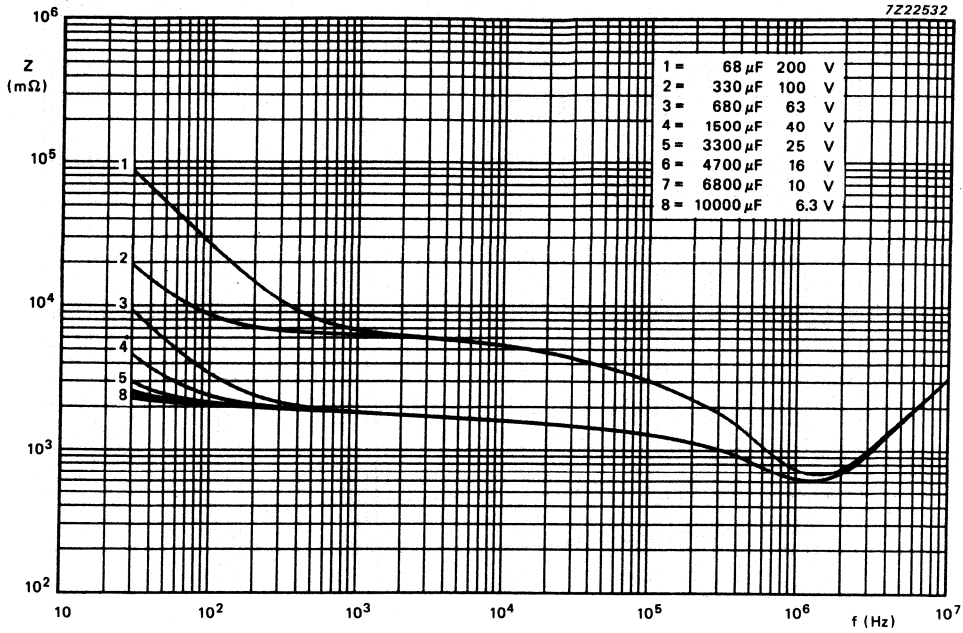


Fig. 44 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

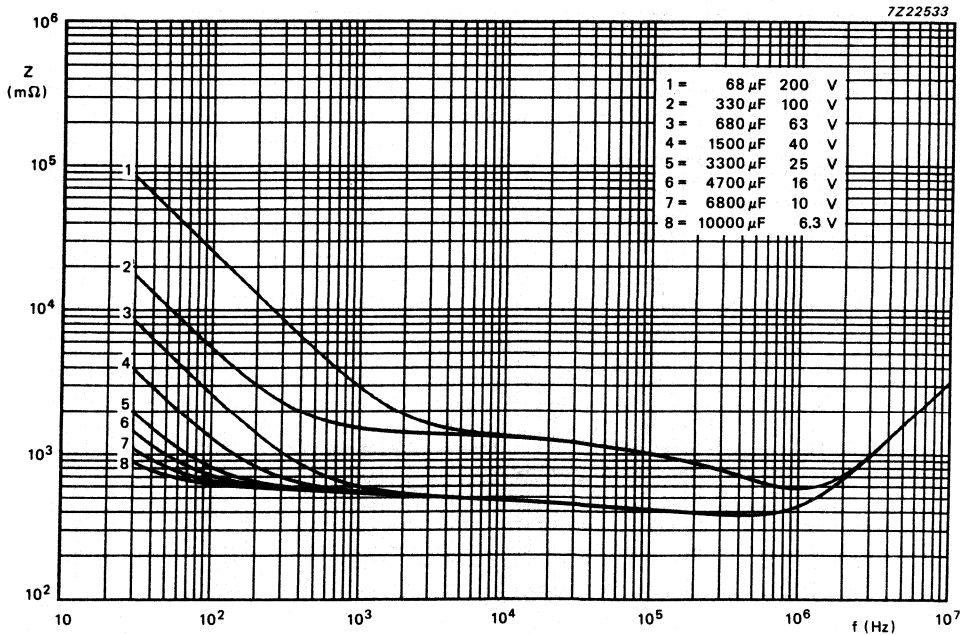


Fig. 45 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

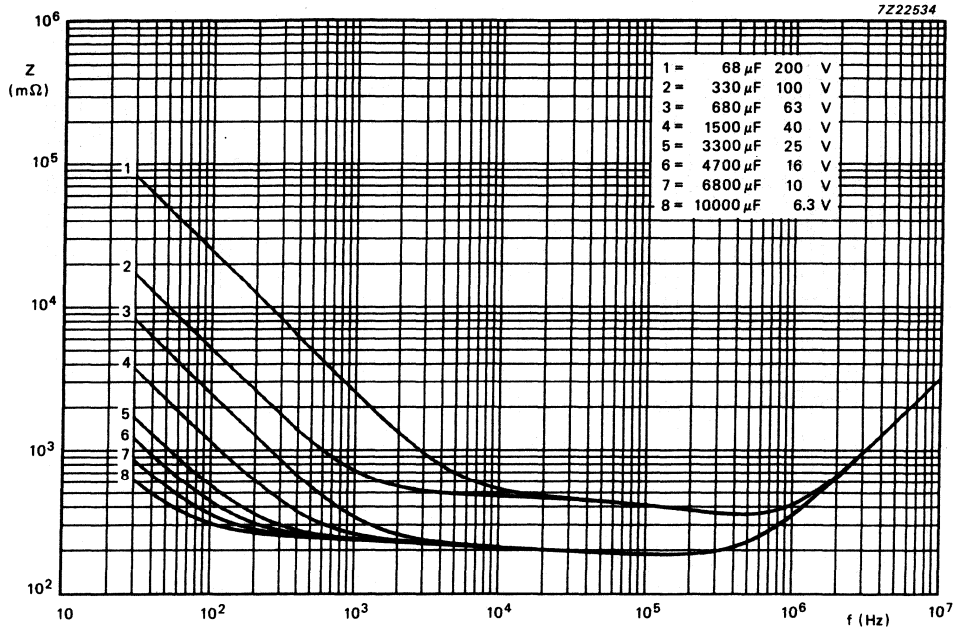


Fig. 46 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -25°C , case size 04.

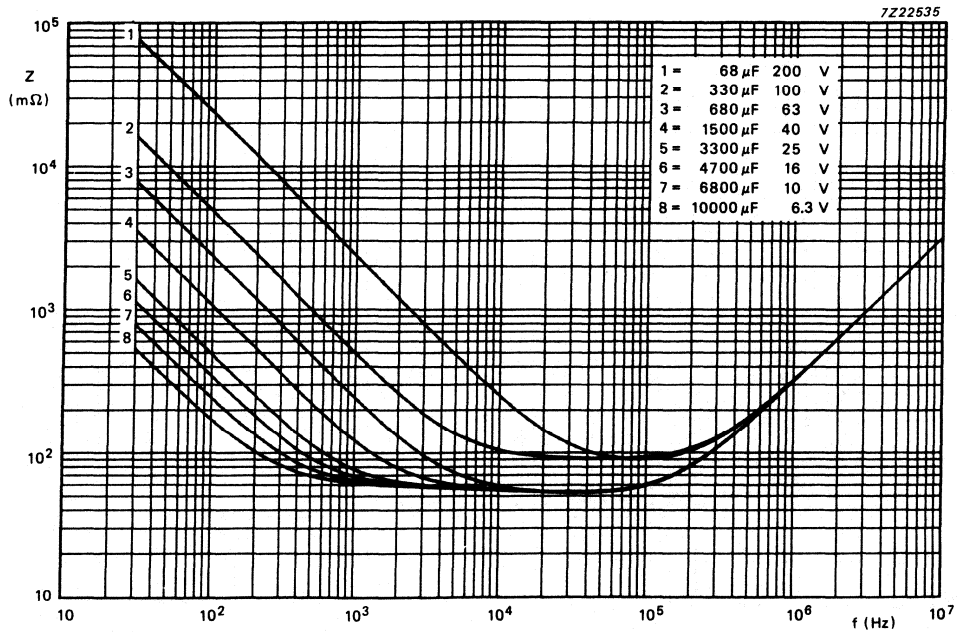


Fig. 47 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20°C , case size 04.

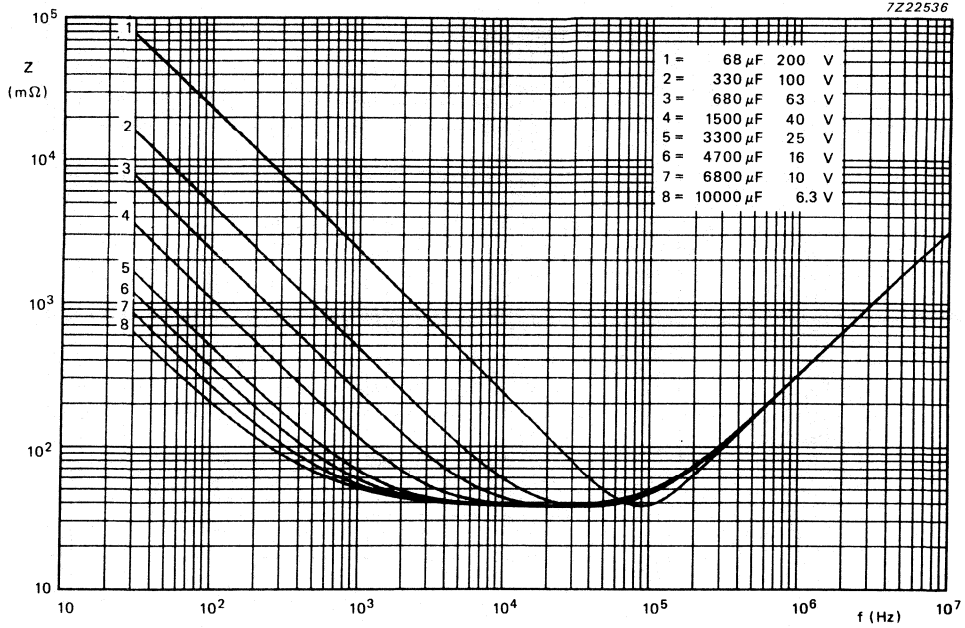


Fig. 48 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 04.

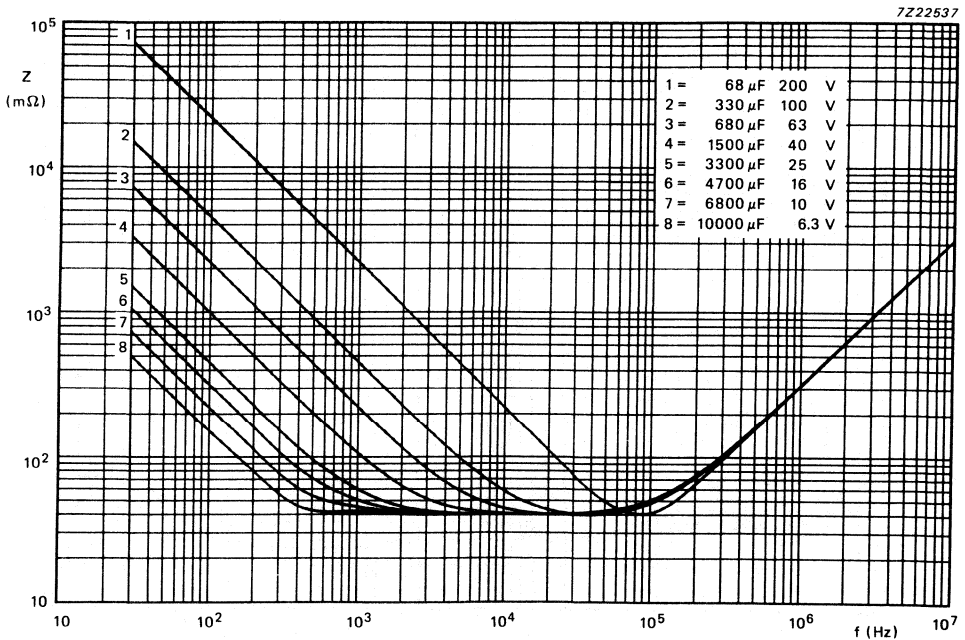


Fig. 49 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 04.

7Z22538

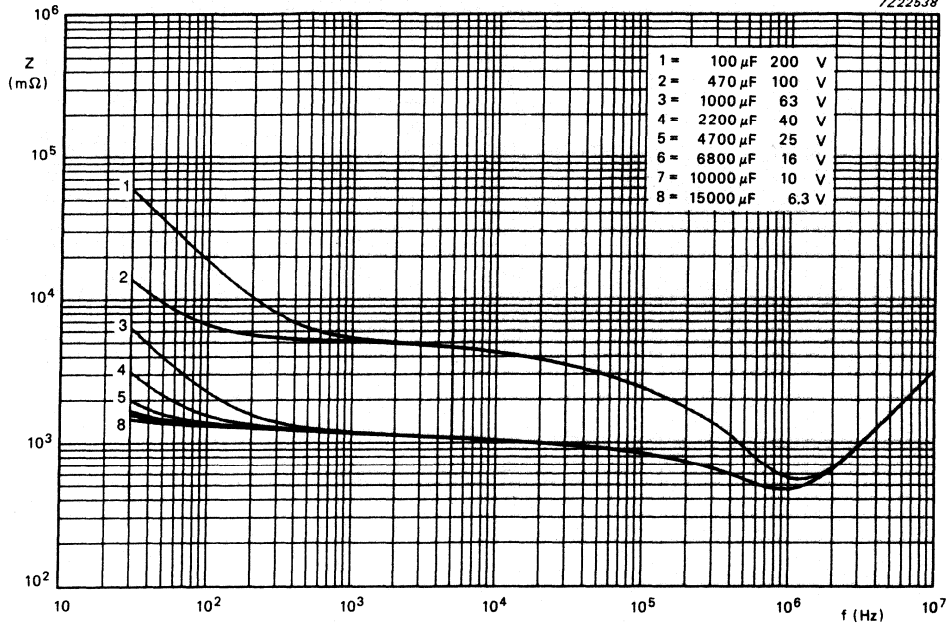


Fig. 50 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

7Z22539

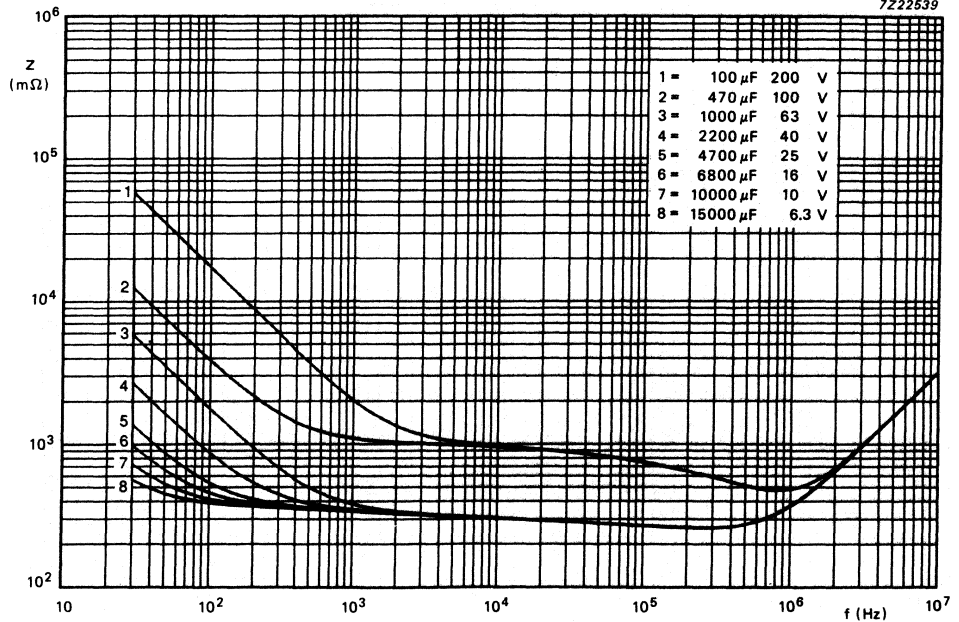


Fig. 51 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

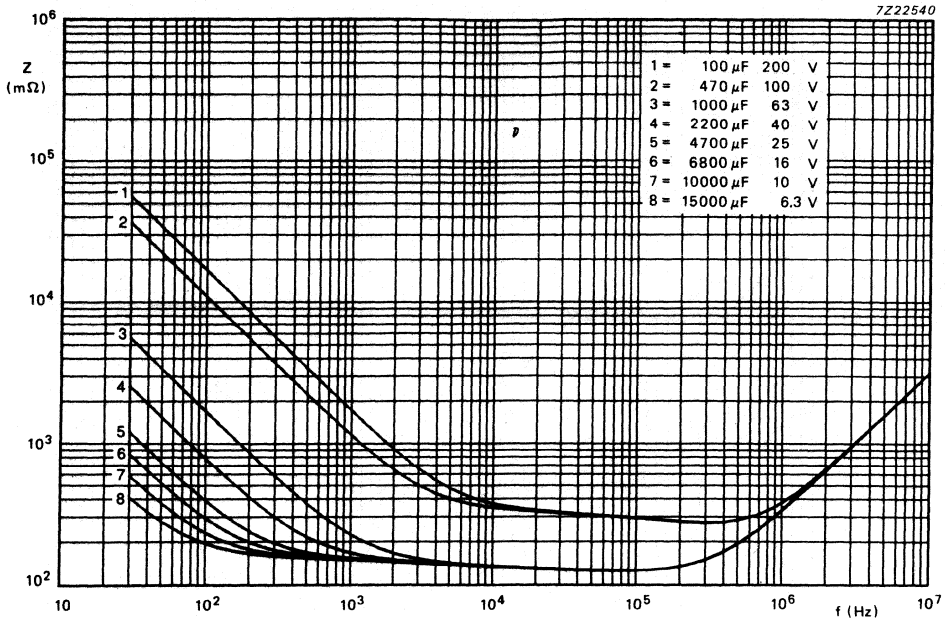


Fig. 52 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

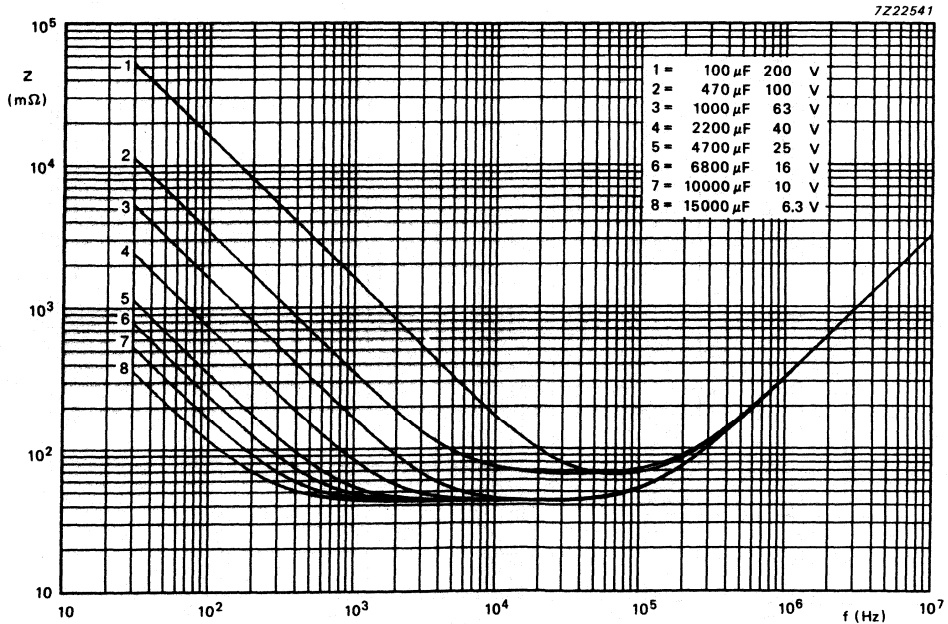


Fig. 53 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

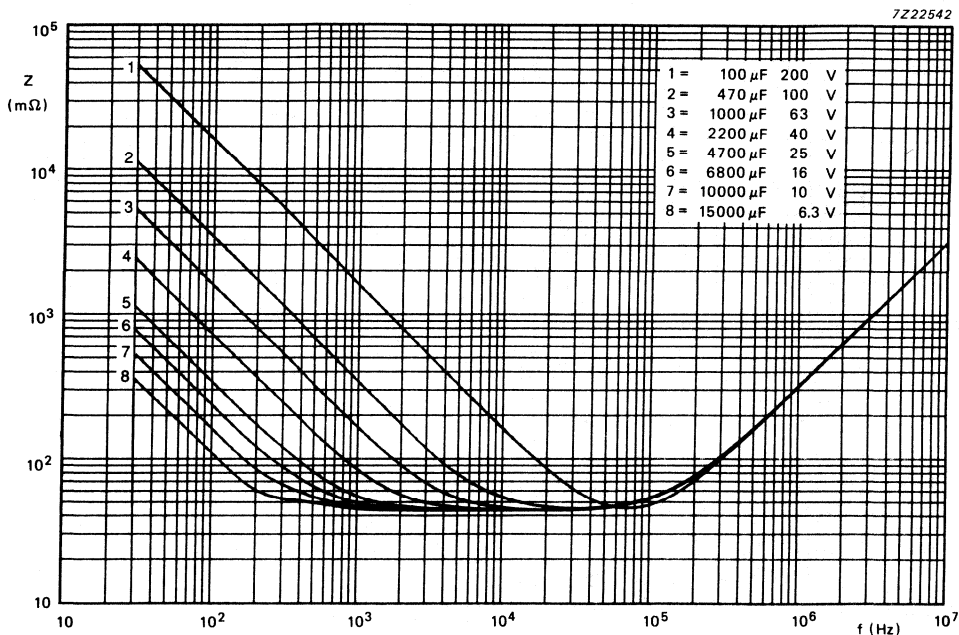


Fig. 54 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 05.

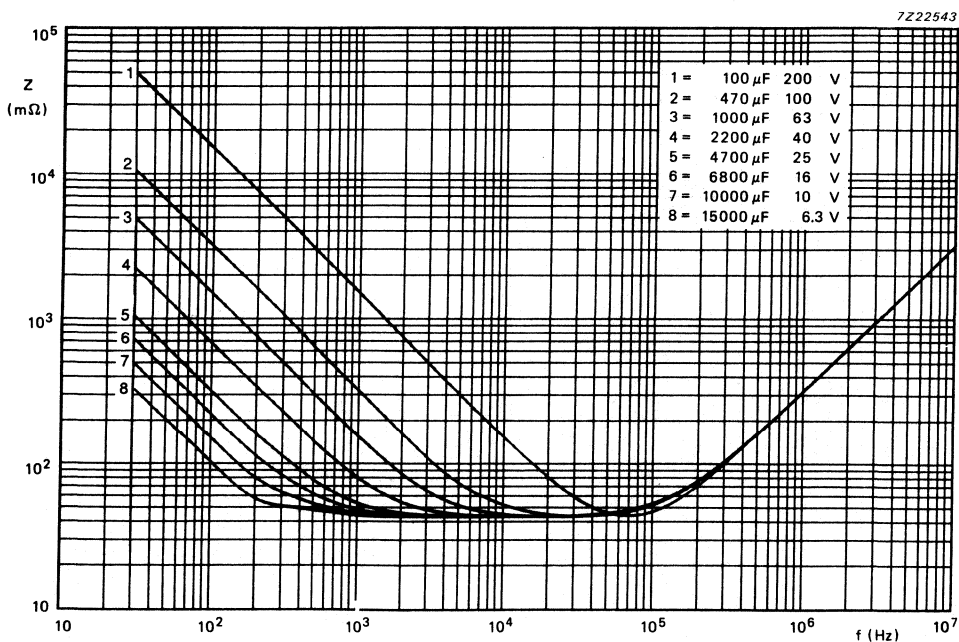
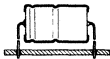



Fig. 55 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 05.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL), typical values

| case size |  nH |  nH |
|-----------|---|---|
| 4 | 15 | |
| 5 | 35 | |
| 6 | 69 | |
| 7 | 38 | |
| 00 | 38 | |
| 01 | 46 | |
| 02 | 48 | 39 |
| 03 | 50 | 39 |
| 04 | 54 | 39 |
| 05 | 59 | 39 |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

case sizes 4 to 7

-40 to + 125 °C

case sizes 00 to 05

-55 to + 125 °C

Typical life time, at maximum ripple current in accordance with Table 5

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

450 000 hours (approx. 50 years)

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

20 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

3000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

6,3 V to 63 V types

500 hours

100 V and 200 V types

100 hours

PACKING

All capacitors are supplied in boxes, case sizes 4 to 7 are on bandoliers in boxes or on reels. The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 9.

Table 9 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors per box or per reel |
|-----------|--|
| 4 | 1000 |
| 5 | 500 |
| 6 | 500 |
| 7 | 500 |
| 00 | 200 |
| 01 | 200 |
| 02 | 200 |
| 03 | 200 |
| 04 | 100 |
| 05 | 100 |

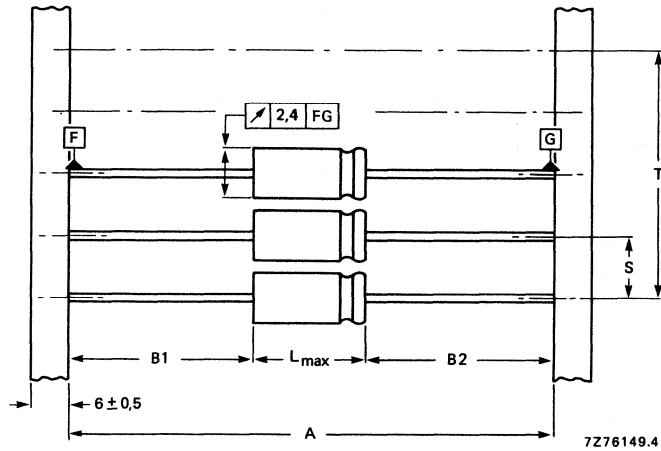


Fig. 56 Capacitors (case sizes 4 to 7) on bandoliers; the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 10 for dimensions A, S, T and L_{max} .
 $|B1 - B2| = 1,4 + (L_{max} - L)$ mm max.

Table 10 Dimensions of bandolier (in mm)

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{max} |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | $n \leq 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| 4 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 5 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 6 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 7 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 25,0 |

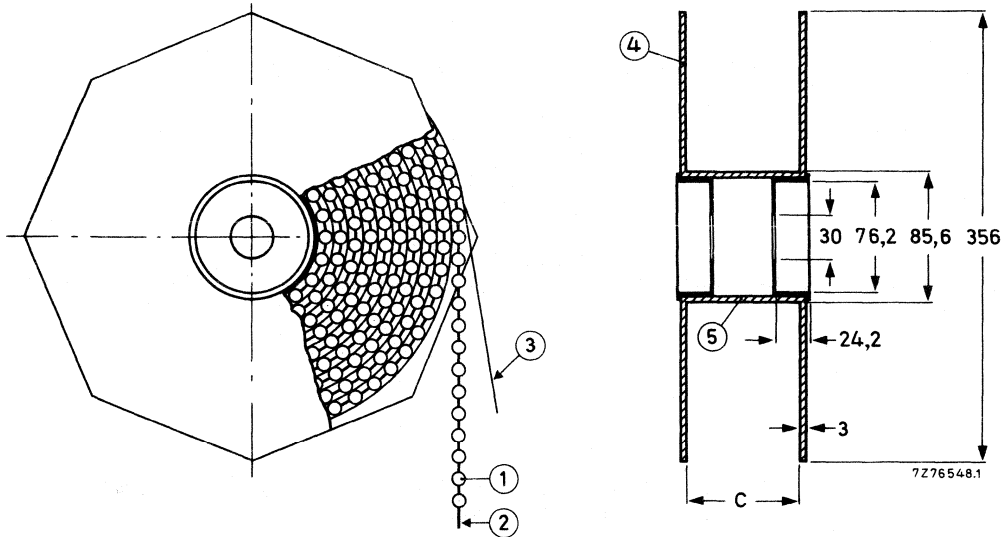


Fig. 57 Capacitors (case sizes 4 to 7) on bandoliers on reel; dimension C is 88,5 mm; the overall width of the reel is 99,5 mm.

1 = capacitor
2 = bandolier

3 = paper
4 = flange

5 = cylinder

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition.

After *shelf life test, 500 hours, 125 °C*, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test, except for leakage current: $\leq 200\%$ of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

After *reverse voltage test, 125 °C (IEC 384-4, sub clause 9.16)*, the capacitors meet the following requirements:

- DC leakage current \leq stated limit,
- $\tan \delta$ \leq stated limit,
- $\Delta C/C$ $\leq 20\%$

Note

Capacitors 2222 118 are miniature and small types, long-life grade.

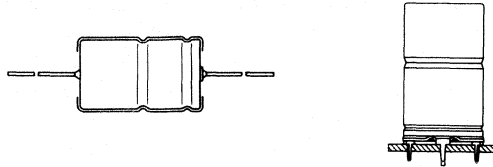
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 119

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads
- Extended temperature range
- Very long life, high stability
- Low impedance, high ripple
- Industrial and military applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|---|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 1 to 4700 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +50% |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 10 to 63 V |
| Category temperature range | -55 to +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test: at 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ with maximum ripple current | 2000 hours |
| at 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ without ripple current | 500 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications: | IEC 384-4, long-life grade, DIN 41257, DIN 41240, type 1 |
| Climatic category: | |
| IEC 68 | 55/125/56 |
| DIN 40040 | FKD |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|------|----|------|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 |
| 1 | | | | | 4 |
| 1.5 | | | | | 4 |
| 2.2 | | | | | 4 |
| 3.3 | | | | | 4 |
| 4.7 | | | | | 4 |
| 6.8 | | | | | 4 |
| 10 | | | | | 4 |
| 15 | | | | 4 | 5 |
| 22 | | | 4 | | 5 |
| 33 | | | | 5 | 6 |
| 47 | | 4 | | 5 | 6 |
| 68 | | | | 6 | 00/7 |
| 100 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 00 |
| 150 | | 6 | 7 | 01 | 02 |
| 220 | 6 | 7 | 01/7 | 01 | 02 |
| 330 | 7 | 01 | 01 | 02 | 03 |
| 470 | 01/7 | 01 | 01 | 02 | 04 |
| 680 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 03 | 05 |
| 1000 | 02 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 |
| 1500 | 03 | 03 | 04 | 05 | |
| 2200 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 05 | |
| 3300 | 04 | 05 | | | |
| 4700 | 05 | 05 | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions mm |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| 4 | ϕ 6.5 x 18 |
| 5 | ϕ 8 x 18 |
| 6 | ϕ 10 x 18 |
| 7 | ϕ 10 x 25 |
| 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| 01 | ϕ 12.5 x 30 |
| 02 | ϕ 15 x 30 |
| 03 | ϕ 18 x 30 |
| 04 | ϕ 18 x 40 |
| 05 | ϕ 21 x 40 |

Note: Case sizes 4 to 7 are miniature types, case sizes 00 to 05 are small types.

APPLICATION

These capacitors have been specially designed for those applications where extreme ambient temperature exist. They are suitable for those applications demanding high reliability and long working life time over a wide temperature range, such as used in automotive, computer, telecommunications and telephony equipment.

The low ESR combined with the high CU product per unit volume offers additional advantages in applications where high ripple-currents are imposed. They are mainly used for energy storage, smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes, as well as for timing and delay circuits. The bandoliered version is suitable for use with automatic insertion and cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a porous paper spacer, which separates the anode and the cathode. The spacer is impregnated with an electrolyte which retains its characteristics at extreme temperatures. The capacitors are housed in an aluminium case with axial soldered-copper terminations, sealed with a synthetic disc. The all-welded construction, built-in voltage derating, and the close quality control during manufacture ensure reliability and life expectancy far superior to normal grade electrolytic capacitors.

Note: for case sizes 04 and 05, the stated maximum length may be increased by 0.7 mm.

MECHANICAL DATA

All dimensions in mm

The capacitor is available in 2 styles:

Style 1: Axial leads, case insulated with a blue synthetic sleeve. Available in all case sizes. Case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers.

Style 2: Single ended with mounting ring and printed wiring pins. Suitable for use in applications where the device may be subjected to severe shocks and vibrations. Available in case sizes 02 to 05.

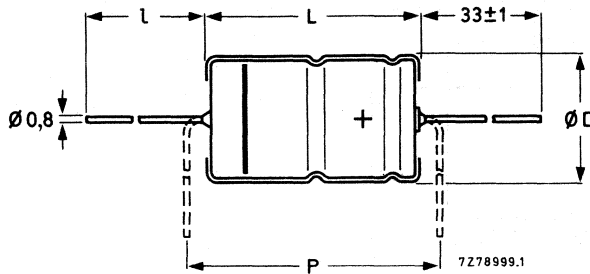


Fig. 1 Style 1. See Table 3 for dimensions.

Table 3 Physical dimensions style 1

| case size | dimensions | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| | nominal dimensions | l | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | mass approx. grams |
| 4 | $\phi 6.5 \times 18$ | note 1 | 6.5 | 18.0 | 6.9 | 18.5 | 25.0 | 1.3 |
| 5 | $\phi 8 \times 18$ | note 1 | 8.0 | 18.0 | 8.5 | 18.5 | 25.0 | 1.7 |
| 6 | $\phi 10 \times 18$ | note 1 | 10.0 | 18.0 | 10.5 | 18.5 | 25.0 | 2.5 |
| 7 | $\phi 10 \times 25$ | note 1 | 10.0 | 25.0 | 10.5 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 3.3 |
| 00 | $\phi 10 \times 30$ | 55 ± 1 | 10.0 | 30.0 | 10.5 | 30.5 | 35.0 | 4.3 |
| 01 | $\phi 12.5 \times 30$ | 55 ± 1 | 12.5 | 30.0 | 13.0 | 30.5 | 35.0 | 6.6 |
| 02 | $\phi 15 \times 30$ | 55 ± 1 | 15.0 | 30.0 | 15.5 | 30.5 | 35.0 | 8.5 |
| 03 | $\phi 18 \times 30$ | 55 ± 1 | 18.0 | 30.0 | 18.5 | 30.5 | 35.0 | 11.2 |
| 04 | $\phi 18 \times 40$ | 34 ± 1 | 18.0 | 40.0 | 18.5 | 41.5 | 45.0 | 14.0 |
| 05 | $\phi 21 \times 40$ | 34 ± 1 | 21.0 | 40.0 | 21.5 | 41.5 | 45.0 | 19.0 |

Note

1. Case sizes 4 to 7 are miniature types and are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels (see Packing).
2. Case sizes 00 to 05 are small types and are supplied in boxes.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

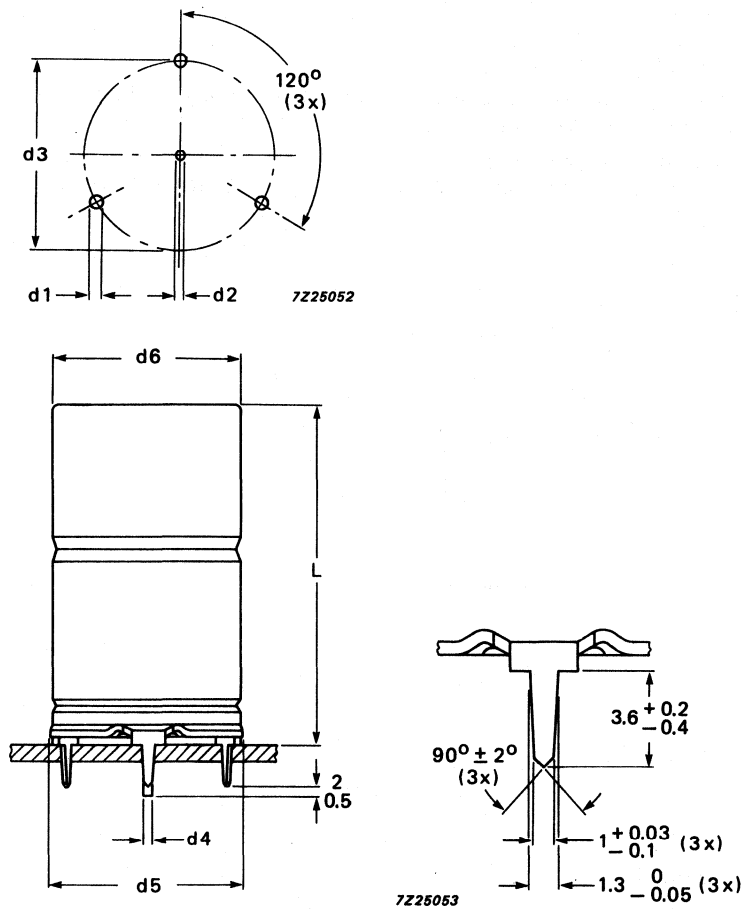


Fig. 2 Style 2. See Table 4 for dimensions.

Table 4 Physical dimensions style 2

| tube | d1 + 0.1 | d2 + 0.1 | d3 ± 0.2 | d4 | d5 _{max} | d6 | L _{max} | mass approx. grams |
|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----|-------------------|------|------------------|--------------------------|
| 02 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 16.5 | 0.8 | 17.5 | 15.0 | 32.0 | 8.6 |
| 03 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 18.5 | 0.8 | 19.5 | 18.0 | 32.0 | 11.5 |
| 04 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 18.5 | 1.0 | 19.5 | 18.0 | 44.0 | 14.5 |
| 05 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 21.5 | 1.0 | 22.5 | 21.0 | 44.0 | 19.7 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- tolerance on nominal capacitance in accordance with IEC 62
- rated voltage at 125 °C and 85 °C
- group number (119)
- maximum temperature
- code indicating factory of origin
- name of manufacturer
- date code, in accordance with IEC 62
- band identifying the negative terminal
- positive terminal identification

Mounting

The capacitors may be mounted in any position.

WARNING

**NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS
WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY.
CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.**

Minimum atmospheric pressure

Case sizes 00 to 05

8.5 kPa

DEVELOPMENT DATA

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 are applicable at ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U_R | nominal cap. value | max. RMS ripple current $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute | max. ESR | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number* 2222 119 followed by: |
|-------|--------------------|--|---|------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| V | μF | mA | μA | m Ω | | m Ω | | |
| 10 | 100 | 110 | 10 | 3500 | 0.20 | 2200 | 4 | .4101 |
| | 220 | 210 | 17 | 1400 | 0.18 | 1000 | 6 | .4221 |
| | 330 | 270 | 24 | 960 | 0.18 | 670 | 7 | .4331 |
| | 470 | 350 | 32 | 680 | 0.18 | 490 | 7 | 90 . . . ** |
| | 470 | 550 | 33 | 545 | 0.16 | 380 | 01 | .4471 |
| | 680 | 590 | 45 | 470 | 0.20 | 380 | 01 | .4681 |
| | 1000 | 715 | 64 | 320 | 0.20 | 235 | 02 | .4102 |
| | 1500 | 945 | 94 | 225 | 0.22 | 165 | 03 | .4152 |
| | 2200 | 1025 | 136 | 190 | 0.26 | 165 | 03 | .4222 |
| | 3300 | 1405 | 202 | 130 | 0.27 | 100 | 04 | .4332 |
| | 4700 | 1700 | 286 | 110 | 0.30 | 90 | 05 | .4472 |
| 16 | 47 | 83 | 10 | 4900 | 0.13 | 2200 | 4 | .5479 |
| | 100 | 140 | 14 | 2300 | 0.13 | 1300 | 5 | .5101 |
| | 150 | 190 | 18 | 1500 | 0.13 | 1000 | 6 | .5151 |
| | 220 | 260 | 25 | 1000 | 0.13 | 550 | 7 | .5221 |
| | 330 | 510 | 36 | 630 | 0.13 | 380 | 01 | .5331 |
| | 470 | 565 | 50 | 510 | 0.15 | 380 | 01 | .5471 |
| | 680 | 680 | 69 | 355 | 0.15 | 235 | 02 | .5681 |
| | 1000 | 735 | 100 | 305 | 0.19 | 235 | 02 | .5102 |
| | 1500 | 970 | 148 | 215 | 0.20 | 165 | 03 | .5152 |
| | 2200 | 1310 | 215 | 145 | 0.20 | 100 | 04 | .5222 |
| | 3300 | 1650 | 321 | 120 | 0.22 | 90 | 05 | .5332 |
| 4700 | 1700 | 455 | 110 | 0.28 | 90 | 05 | .5472 | |
| 25 | 22 | 65 | 10 | 8000 | 0.10 | 3200 | 4 | .6229 |
| | 100 | 180 | 19 | 1800 | 0.10 | 1000 | 6 | .6101 |
| | 150 | 250 | 26 | 1200 | 0.10 | 700 | 7 | .6151 |
| | 220 | 300 | 37 | 800 | 0.10 | 580 | 7 | 90 . . . ** |
| | 220 | 500 | 37 | 655 | 0.09 | 380 | 01 | .6221 |
| | 330 | 555 | 54 | 535 | 0.11 | 380 | 01 | .6331 |
| | 470 | 610 | 75 | 445 | 0.13 | 380 | 01 | .6471 |
| | 680 | 810 | 106 | 305 | 0.13 | 170 | 03 | .6681 |
| | 1000 | 980 | 154 | 210 | 0.13 | 165 | 03 | .6102 |
| | 1500 | 1345 | 229 | 140 | 0.13 | 100 | 04 | .6152 |
| | 2200 | 1640 | 334 | 110 | 0.13 | 90 | 05 | .6222 |

- * Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box
 2 for style 1, on bandolier on reel, case sizes 4 to 7
 3 for style 1, on bandolier in box, case sizes 4 to 7
 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05

** See Table 6

Table 5 (continued)

| U _R | nominal cap. value | max. RMS ripple current T _{amb} = 125 °C | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute | max. ESR | max. tan δ | max. impedance at 10 kHz | case size | catalogue number* 2222 119 followed by: |
|----------------|--------------------|--|--|----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| V | μF | mA | μA | mΩ | | mΩ | | |
| 40 | 15 | 60 | 10 | 9400 | 0.08 | 5000 | 4 | .7159 |
| | 33 | 100 | 12 | 4300 | 0.08 | 2100 | 5 | .7339 |
| | 47 | 120 | 15 | 3000 | 0.08 | 1500 | 5 | .7479 |
| | 68 | 170 | 20 | 2100 | 0.08 | 1000 | 6 | .7689 |
| | 100 | 230 | 28 | 1400 | 0.08 | 700 | 7 | .7101 |
| | 150 | 440 | 40 | 850 | 0.08 | 505 | 01 | .7151 |
| | 220 | 500 | 57 | 655 | 0.09 | 475 | 01 | .7221 |
| | 330 | 615 | 83 | 435 | 0.09 | 365 | 02 | .7331 |
| | 470 | 630 | 117 | 410 | 0.12 | 365 | 02 | .7471 |
| | 680 | 845 | 167 | 285 | 0.12 | 215 | 03 | .7681 |
| | 1000 | 1140 | 244 | 195 | 0.12 | 135 | 04 | .7102 |
| | 1500 | 1400 | 364 | 150 | 0.14 | 120 | 05 | .7152 |
| | 2200 | 1490 | 532 | 135 | 0.18 | 110 | 05 | .7222 |
| | 63 | 1.0 | 16 | 20 | 120000 | 0.07 | 22000 | 4 |
| 1.5 | | 20 | 20 | 83000 | 0.07 | 18000 | 4 | .8158 |
| 2.2 | | 24 | 20 | 56000 | 0.07 | 15000 | 4 | .8228 |
| 3.3 | | 30 | 20 | 38000 | 0.07 | 12000 | 4 | .8338 |
| 4.7 | | 36 | 20 | 26000 | 0.07 | 9000 | 4 | .8478 |
| 6.8 | | 43 | 20 | 18000 | 0.07 | 7000 | 4 | .8688 |
| 10 | | 52 | 20 | 12000 | 0.07 | 5600 | 4 | .8109 |
| 15 | | 71 | 20 | 8300 | 0.07 | 3700 | 5 | .8159 |
| 22 | | 87 | 20 | 5600 | 0.07 | 2800 | 5 | .8229 |
| 33 | | 120 | 20 | 3800 | 0.07 | 1700 | 6 | .8339 |
| 47 | | 160 | 22 | 2600 | 0.07 | 1300 | 6 | .8479 |
| 68 | | 210 | 30 | 1800 | 0.07 | 1000 | 7 | 90 ... ** |
| 68 | | 250 | 30 | 1640 | 0.07 | 915 | 00 | .8689 |
| 100 | | 285 | 42 | 1275 | 0.08 | 750 | 00 | .8101 |
| 150 | | 440 | 61 | 850 | 0.08 | 365 | 02 | .8151 |
| 220 | | 530 | 87 | 580 | 0.08 | 365 | 02 | .8221 |
| 330 | | 680 | 129 | 435 | 0.09 | 230 | 03 | .8331 |
| 470 | | 905 | 182 | 305 | 0.09 | 150 | 04 | .8471 |
| 680 | | 1175 | 261 | 215 | 0.09 | 120 | 05 | .8681 |
| 1000 | | 1385 | 382 | 160 | 0.10 | 110 | 05 | .8102 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box
 2 for style 1, on bandolier on reel, case sizes 4 to 7
 3 for style 1, on bandolier in box, case sizes 4 to 7
 4 for style 2, case sizes 02 to 05

** See Table 6

Table 6 Alternative case size information

| U _R | nominal cap. value | case size | catalogue number | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | capacitors on bandolier on reel | capacitors on bandolier in box |
| V | μF | | | |
| 10 | 470 | 7 | 2222 119 90501 | 2222 119 90502 |
| 25 | 220 | 7 | 2222 119 90503 | 2222 119 90504 |
| 63 | 68 | 7 | 2222 119 90505 | 2222 119 90506 |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 5
 -10 to +50%

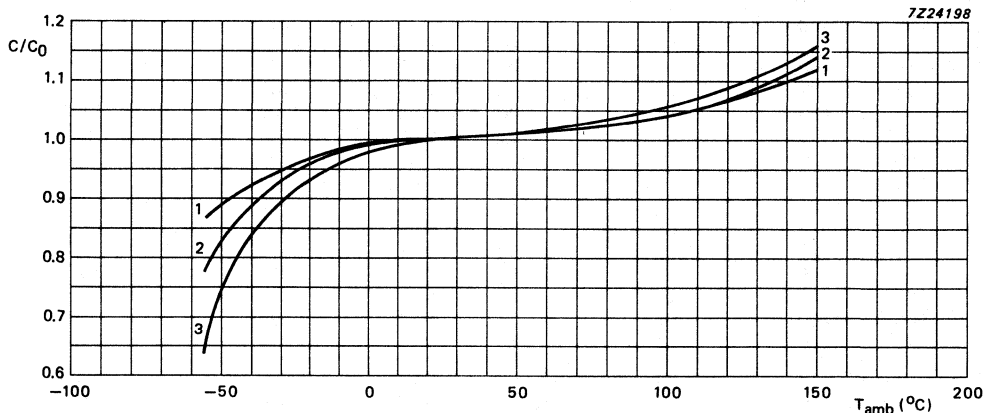


Fig. 3 Multiplier of capacitance as a function of temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

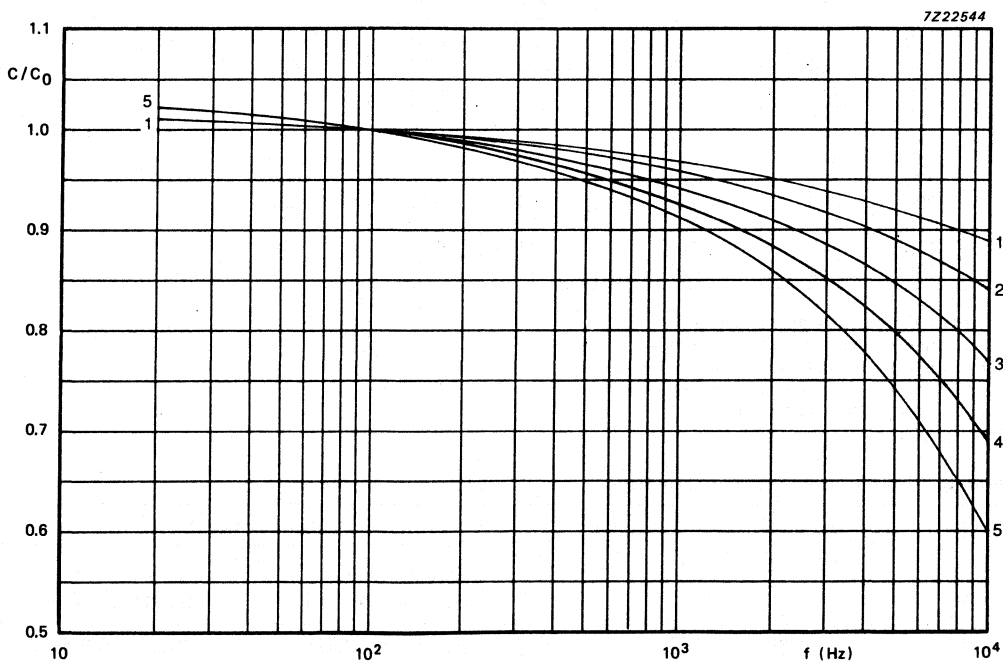


Fig. 4 Multiplier of capacitance as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Note: For applications at capacitor core temperatures Δ of ≤ 95 °C, the rated voltage (U_R) may be raised in accordance with Table 7.

Table 7 Up-rating values at reduced temperatures

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| U_R at > 95 to 125 °C | 10 V | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V |
| U_{R2} at ≤ 95 °C | 16 V | 25 V | 40 V | 63 V | 100 V |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

| | core temperature Δ | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | ≤ 60 °C | > 60 to ≤ 95 °C | > 95 to ≤ 130 °C |
| Maximum permissible voltage | $1.1 \times U_{R2}$ | U_{R2} | U_R |
| Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met: | | | |
| 1. maximum (DC and peak AC) voltage | $1.1 \times U_{R2}$ | U_{R2} | U_R |
| 2. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied | 2 V | 1.5 V | 1 V |
| 3. momentary value of applied voltage | between U_{R2} and -2 V | between U_{R2} and -1.5 V | between U_R and -1 V |
| Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods | $1.2 \times U_{R2}$ | $1.15 \times U_{R2}$ | $1.1 \times U_R$ |
| Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |

Ripple current **

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125$ °C

see Table 5

Δ See Introduction of handbook C14, section 5, "Ripple current".

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case, the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case, the ripple voltage is decisive.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents must be analysed into a number of sinusoidal currents when the following requirements will be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

Where:

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature (see Fig. 5).

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency.

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at the same frequency (see Figs 6 and 7).

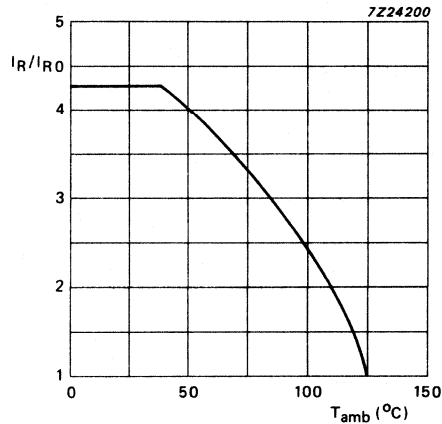


Fig. 5 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature, all case sizes; I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

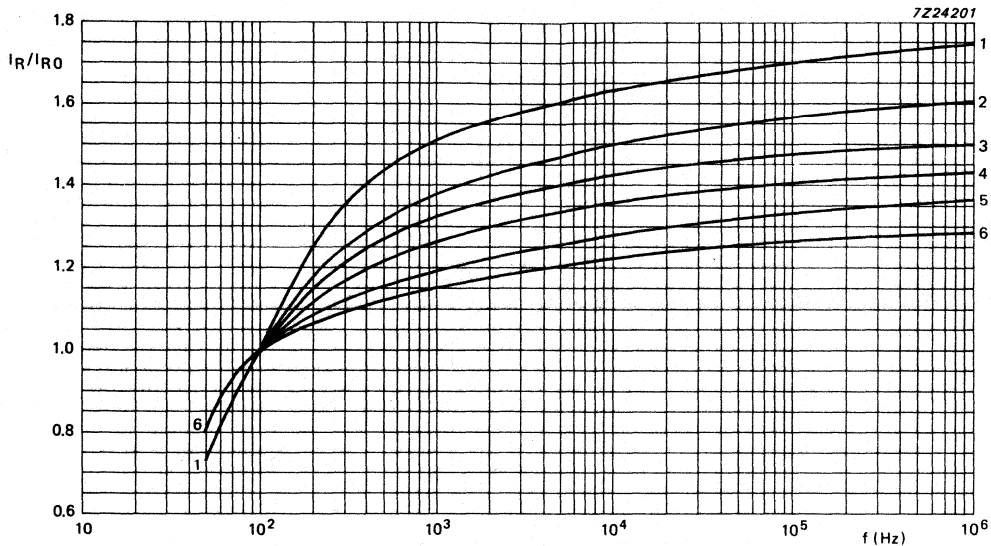


Fig. 6 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency, case sizes 4 to 7; I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 63 V ($< 10 \mu\text{F}$)
 curve 2 = 63 V ($\geq 10 \mu\text{F}$)
 curve 3 = 40 V

curve 4 = 25 V
 curve 5 = 16 V
 curve 6 = 10 V

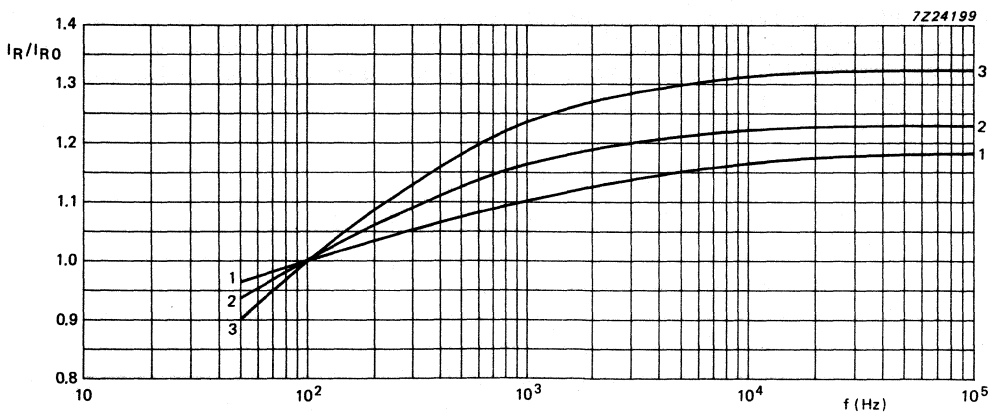


Fig. 7 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency, case sizes 00 to 05; I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 10 V
 curve 2 = 16/25 V
 curve 3 = 40/63 V

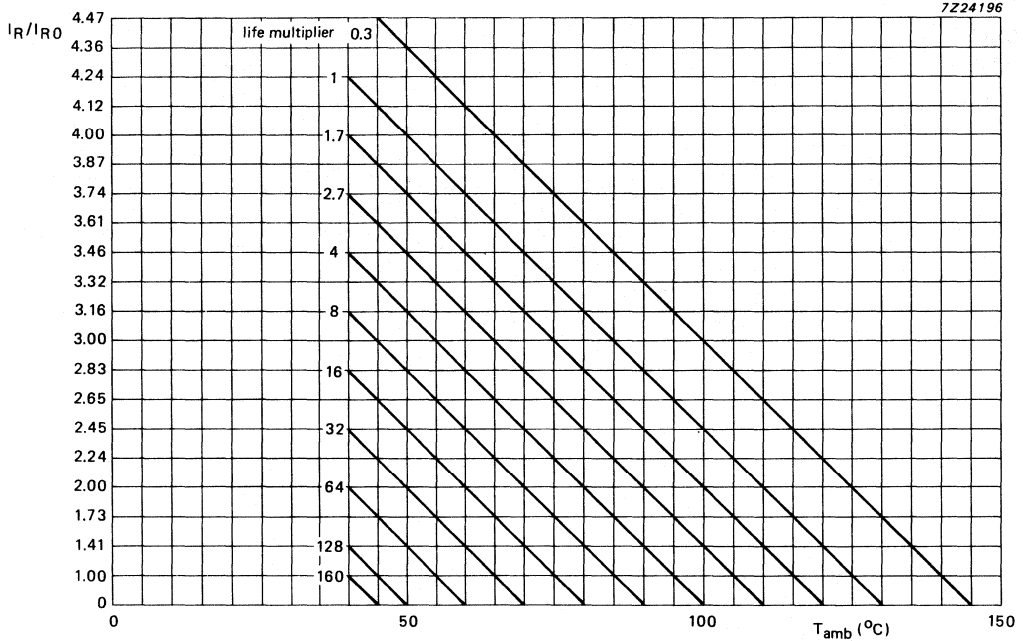


Fig. 8 Typical life as a function of ambient temperature and ripple current, all case sizes; I_{R0} = ripple current at 125 °C, 100 Hz.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and may be discharged by short circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged repeatedly at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents must be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute following application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

10 V to 40 V

see Table 5 (0.006 CU + 4 μA , or 10 μA , whichever is greater)

63 V

see Table 5 (0.006 CU + 4 μA , or 20 μA , whichever is greater)

Leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,

at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0.01 x values stated in Table 5

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

\leq values stated in Table 5

If, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for a number of hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

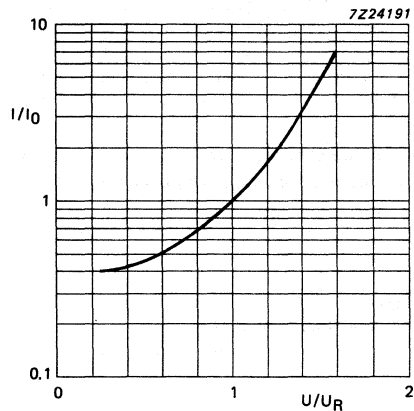


Fig. 9 Multiplier of leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of U/U_R ;
 I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and U_R .

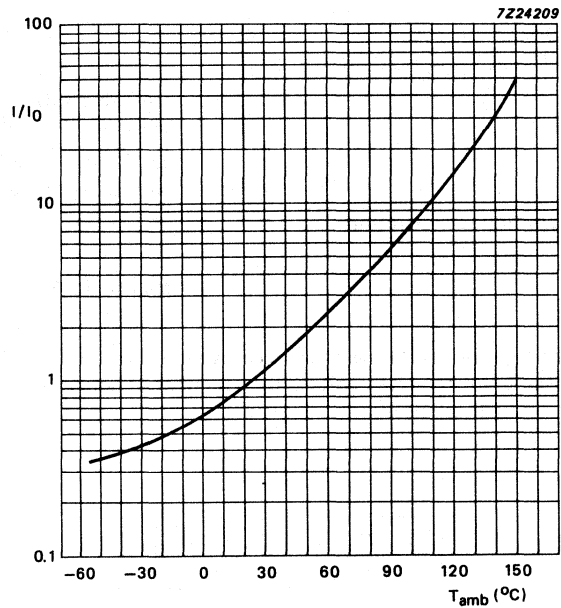


Fig. 10 Multiplier of leakage current (I/I_0) as a function of ambient temperature; I_0 = DC leakage current during continuous operation at 25 °C and U_R .

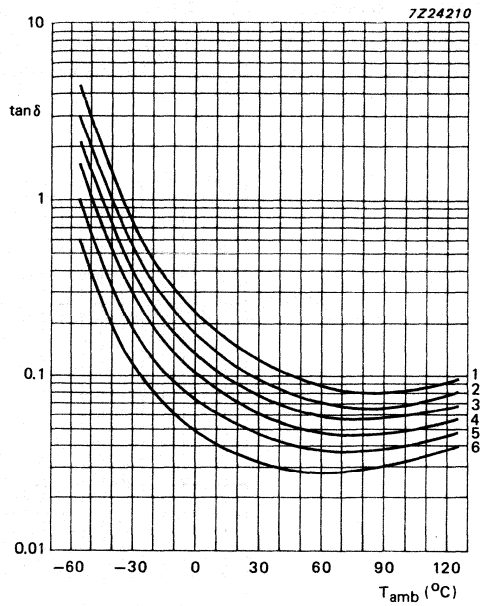
Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20$ °C
measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

Fig. 11 Typical dissipation factor ($\tan \delta$) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 4 to 7.

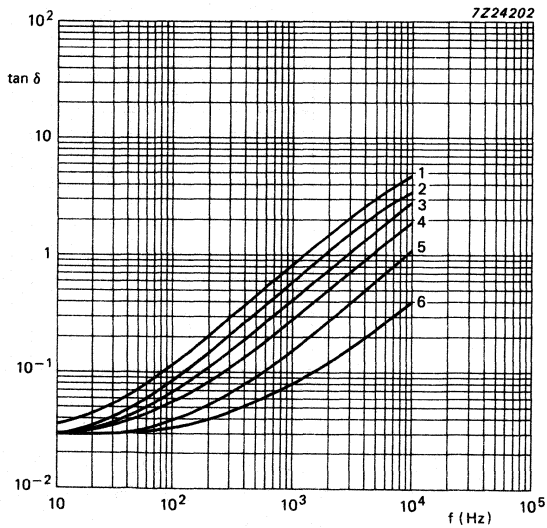
- curve 1 = 10 V
- curve 2 = 16 V
- curve 3 = 25 V
- curve 4 = 40 V
- curve 5 = 63 V ($\geq 10 \mu\text{F}$)
- curve 6 = 63 V ($< 10 \mu\text{F}$)



DEVELOPMENT DATA

Fig. 12 Typical dissipation factor ($\tan \delta$) as a function of frequency, case sizes 4 to 7.

- curve 1 = 10 V
- curve 2 = 16 V
- curve 3 = 25 V
- curve 4 = 40 V
- curve 5 = 63 V ($\geq 10 \mu\text{F}$)
- curve 6 = 63 V ($< 10 \mu\text{F}$)



Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

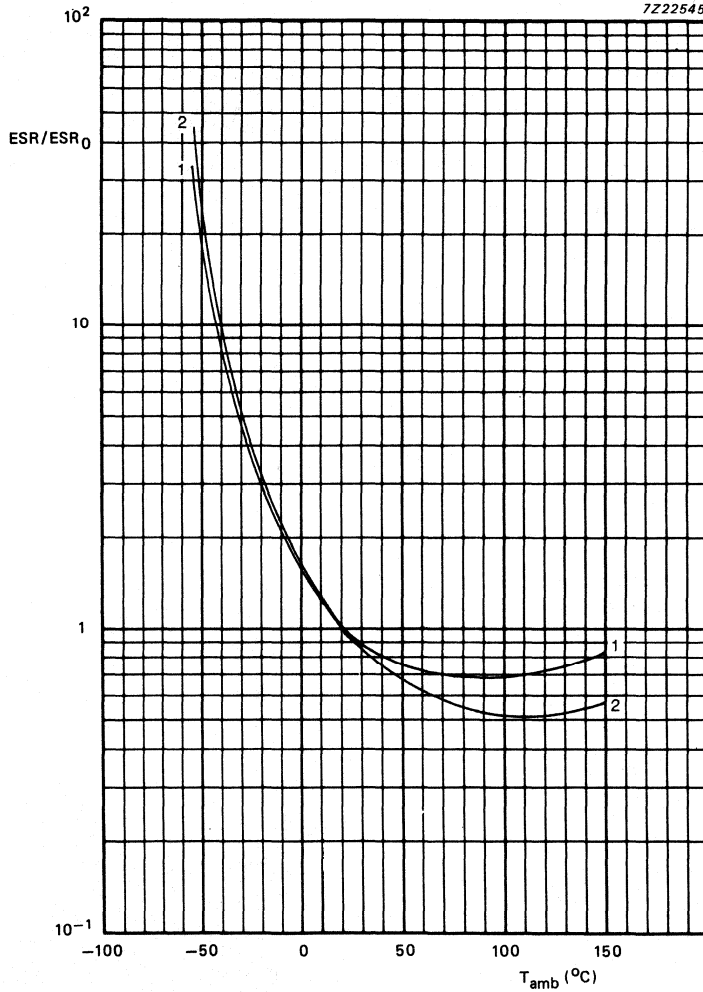


Fig. 13 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 4 to 7, and 00 to 02; ESR_0 = typical ESR at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 25/40/63 V

curve 2 = 10/16 V

DEVELOPMENT DATA

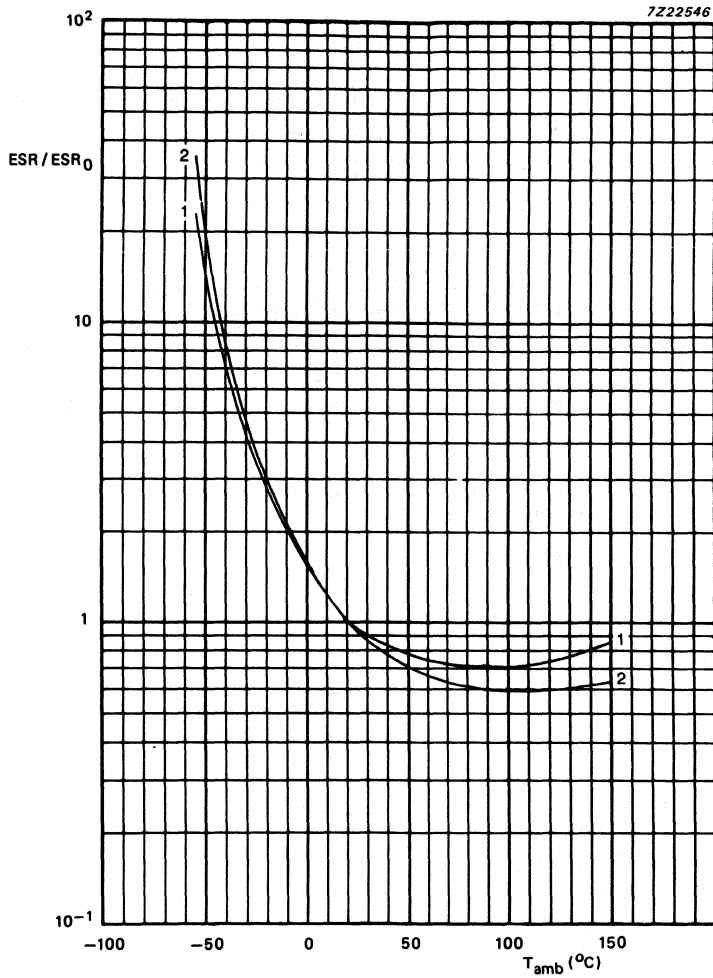


Fig. 14 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 03 to 05; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 25/40/63 V

curve 2 = 10/16 V

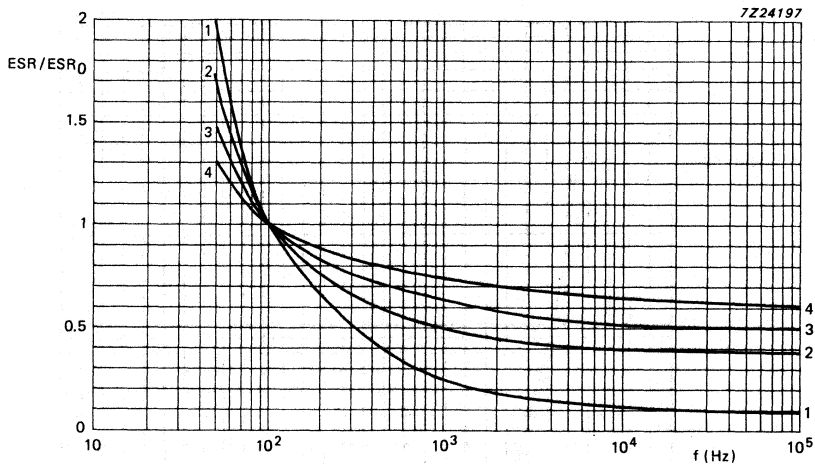


Fig. 15 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 4 to 7; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 63 V ($< 10 \mu F$)
 curve 2 = 63 V ($\geq 10 \mu F$)

curve 3 = 25 V
 curve 4 = 10 V

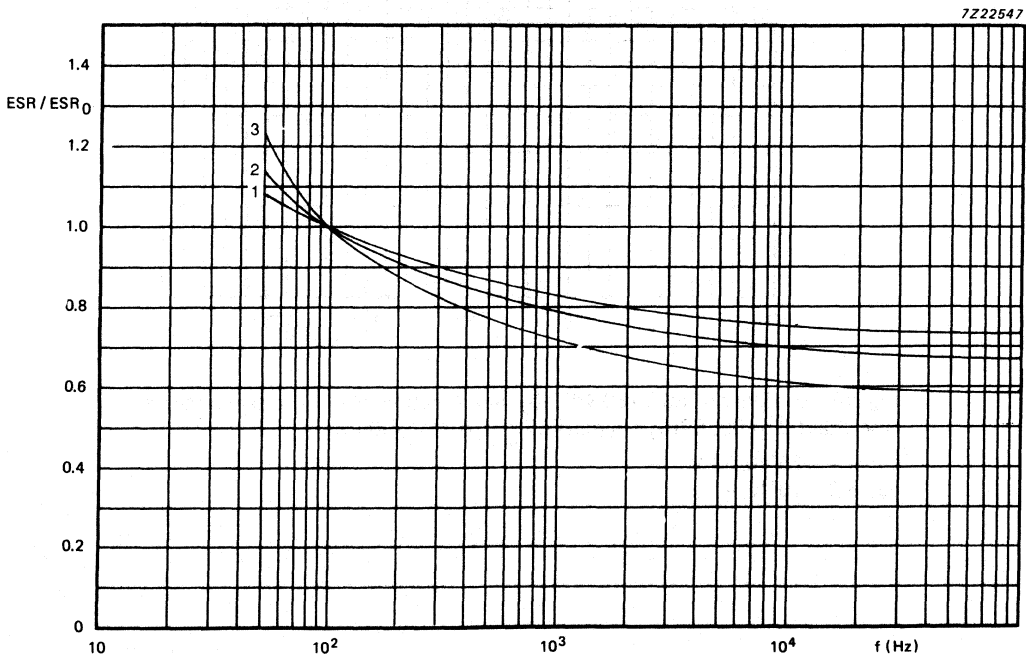


Fig. 16 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 00 to 05; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 °C, 100 Hz.

curve 1 = 10 V
 curve 2 = 16/25 V

curve 3 = 40/63 V

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 10 kHz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

DEVELOPMENT DATA

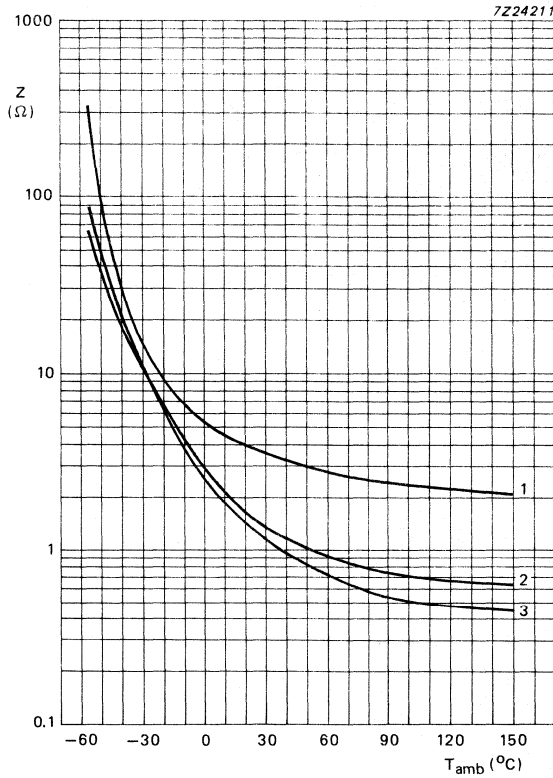


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at a frequency of 10 kHz, case size 4.

- curve 1 = 4.7 μF , 63 V
- curve 2 = 47 μF , 16 V
- curve 3 = 100 μF , 10 V

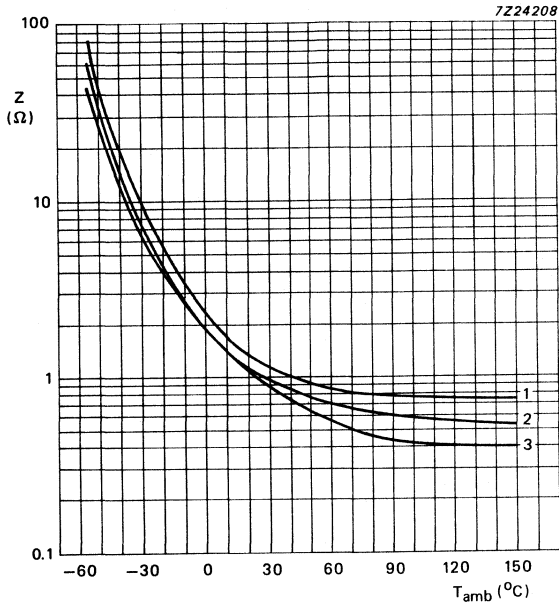


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at a frequency of 10 kHz, case size 5.

curve 1 = 22 μ F, 63 V
 curve 2 = 47 μ F, 40 V
 curve 3 = 100 μ F, 16 V

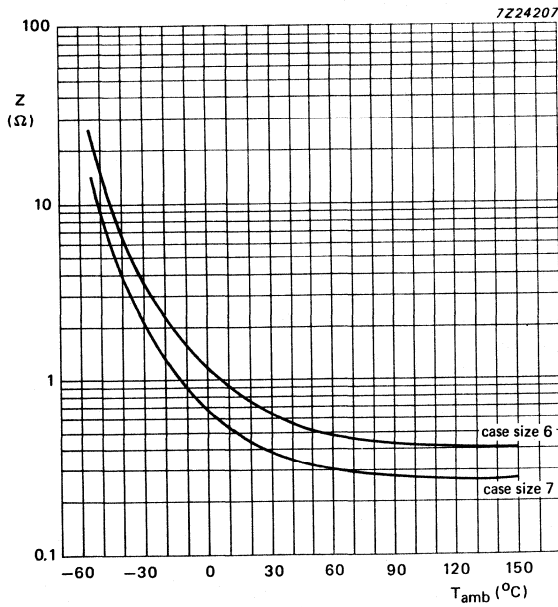


Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at a frequency of 10 kHz, case sizes 6 and 7.

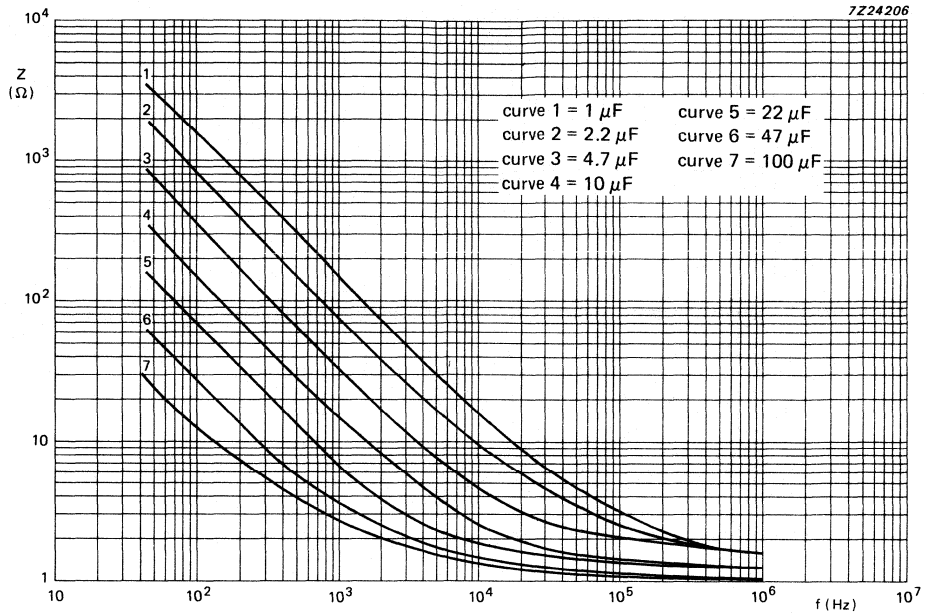


Fig. 20 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 4.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

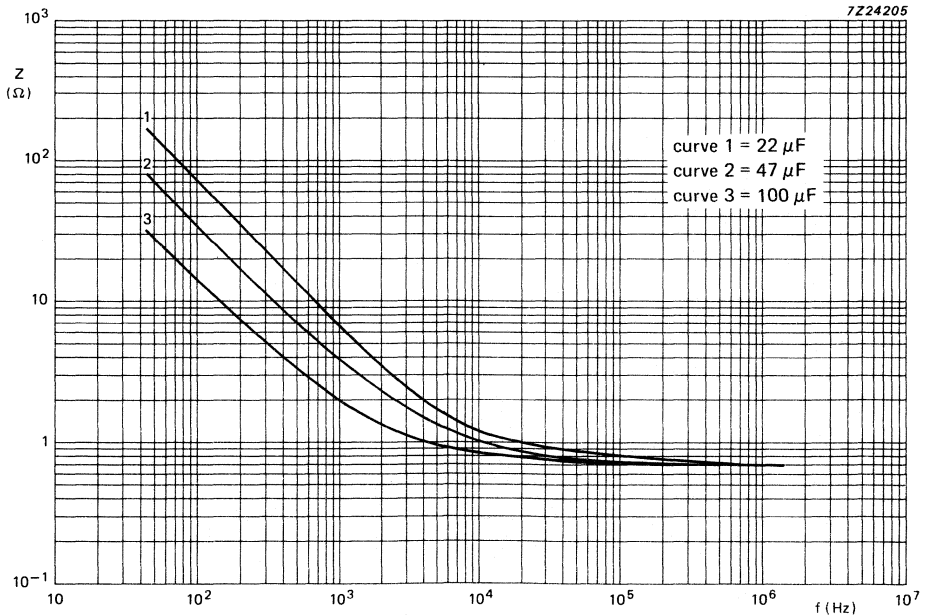


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 5.

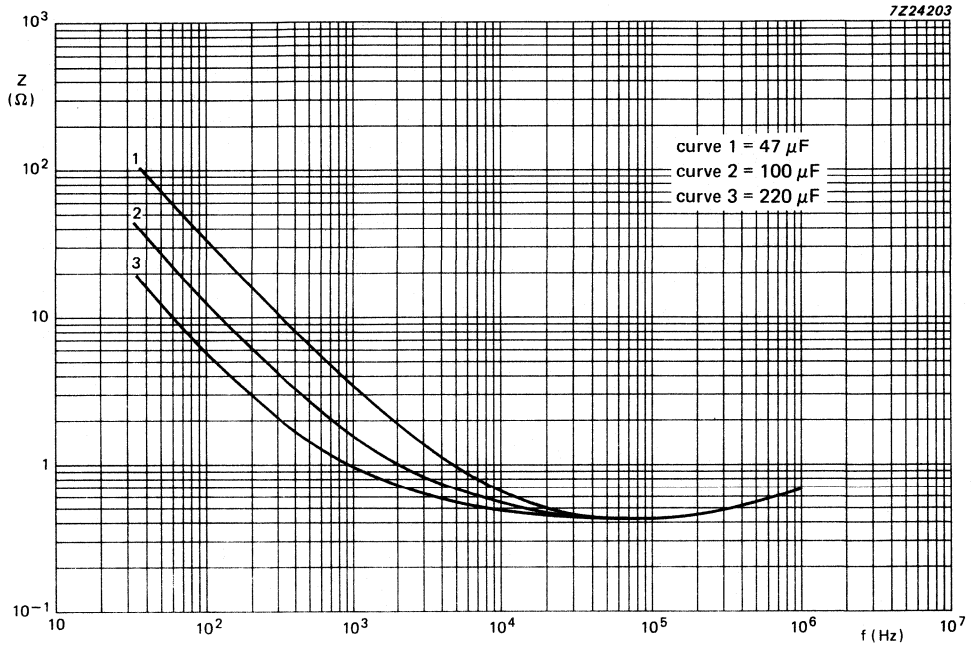


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 6.

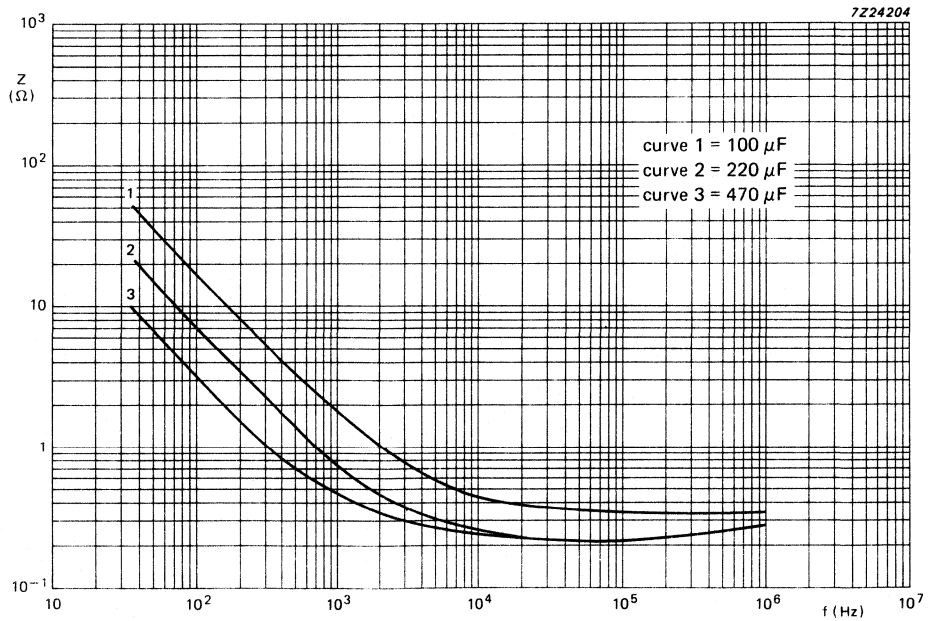


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 7.

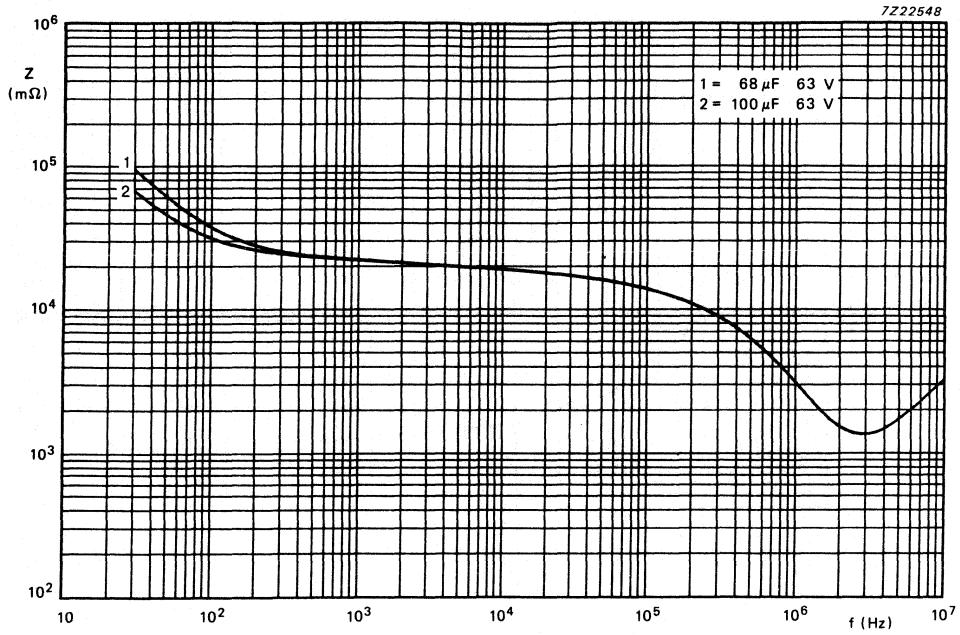


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

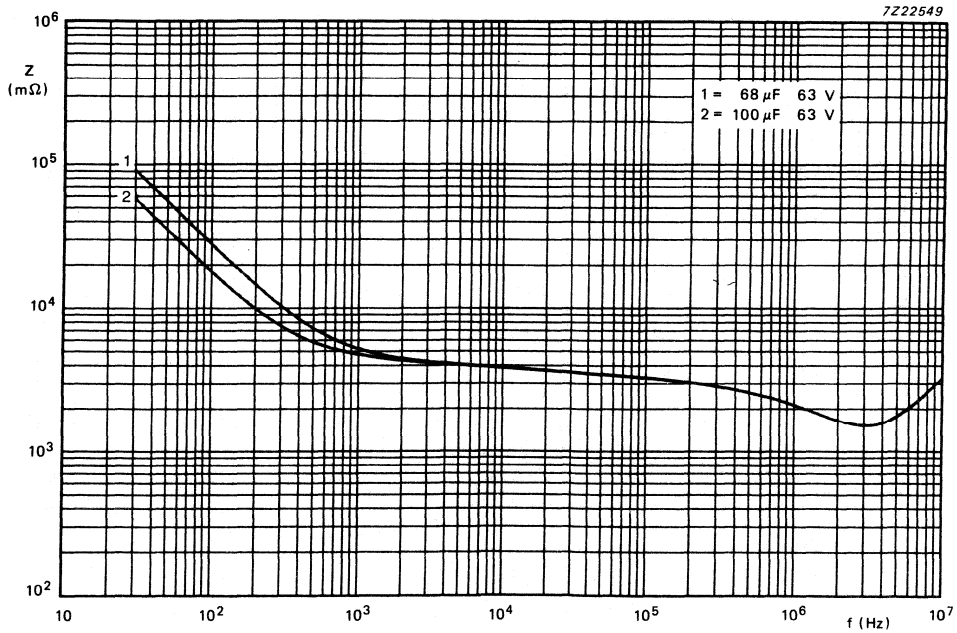


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

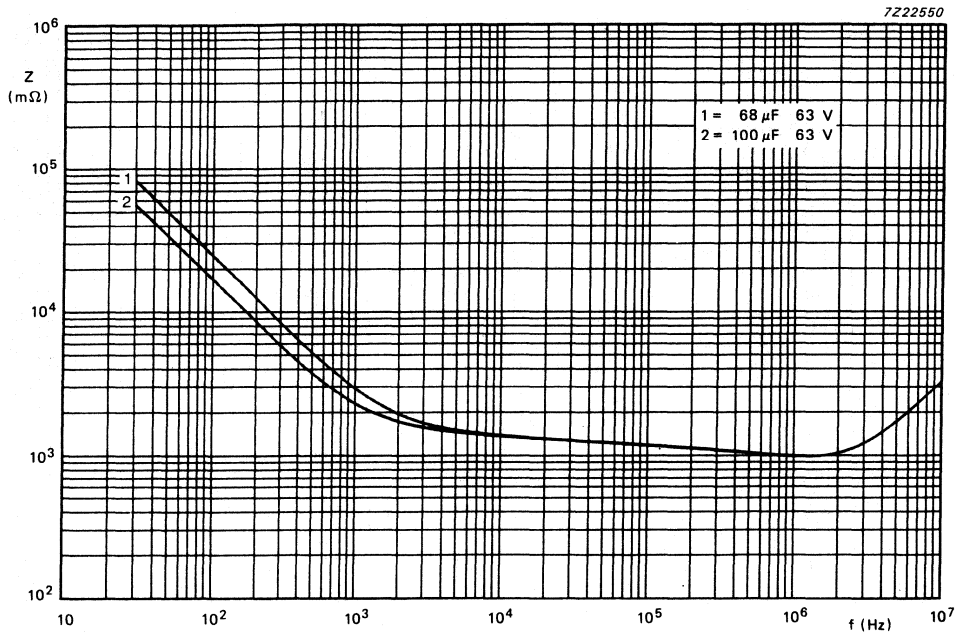


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

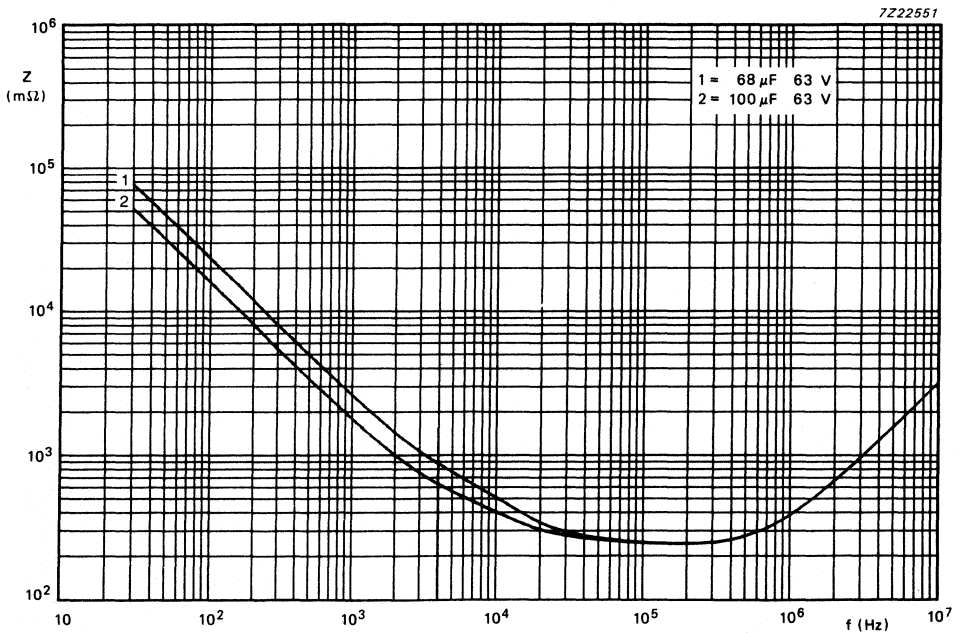


Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 00.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

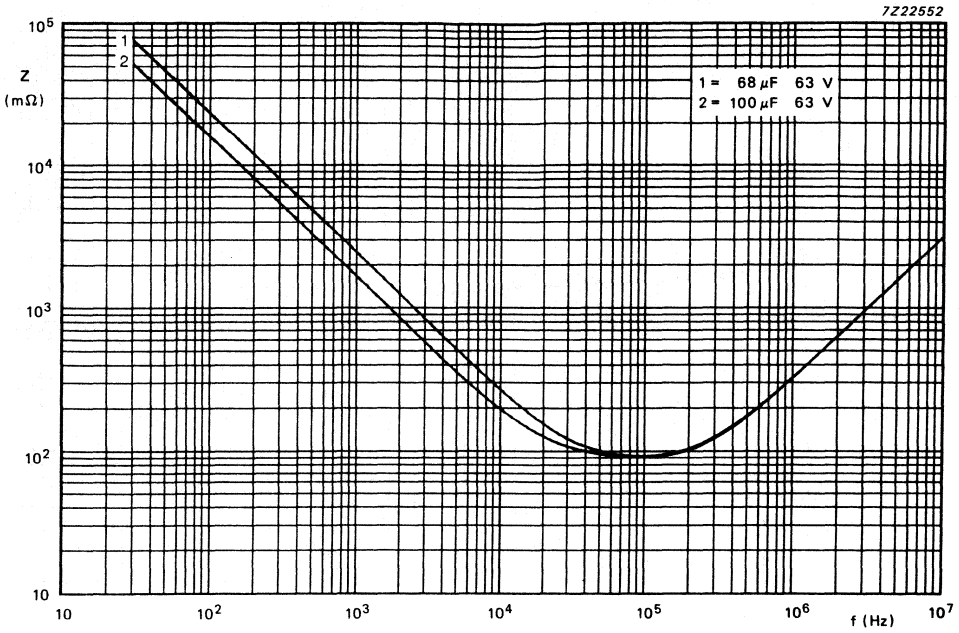


Fig. 28 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 00.

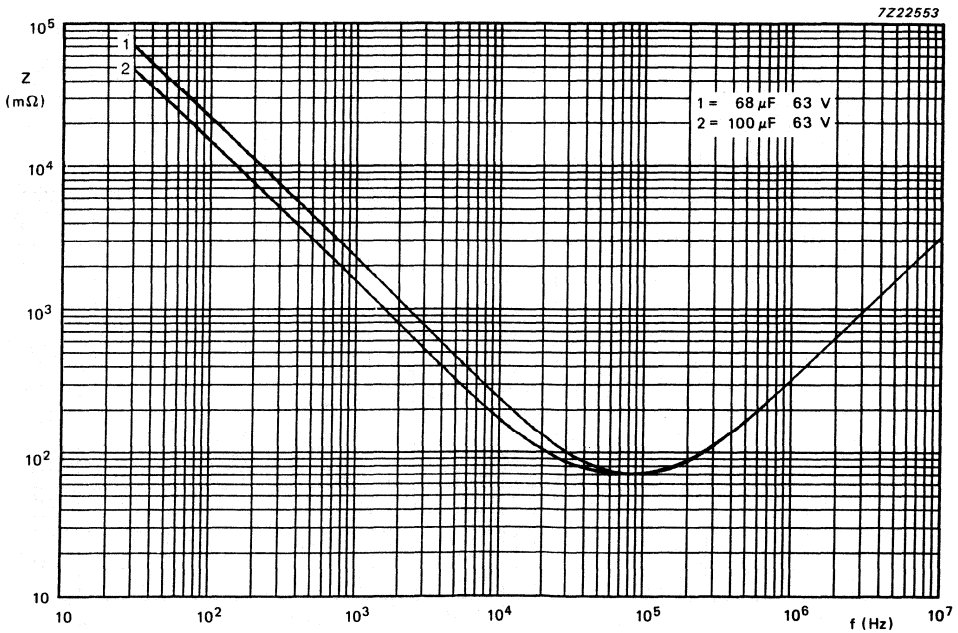


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 00.

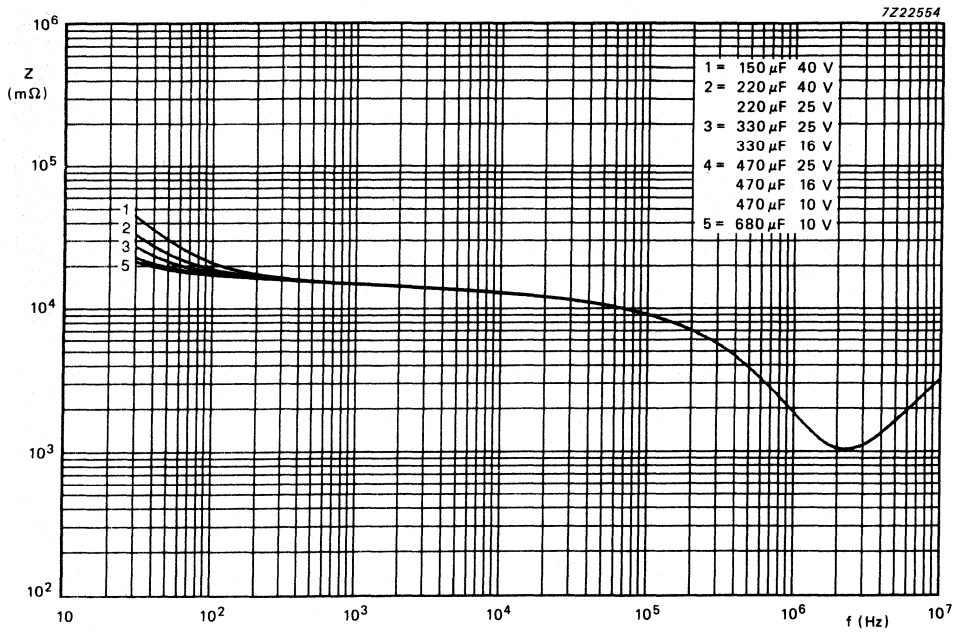


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -55°C , case size O1.

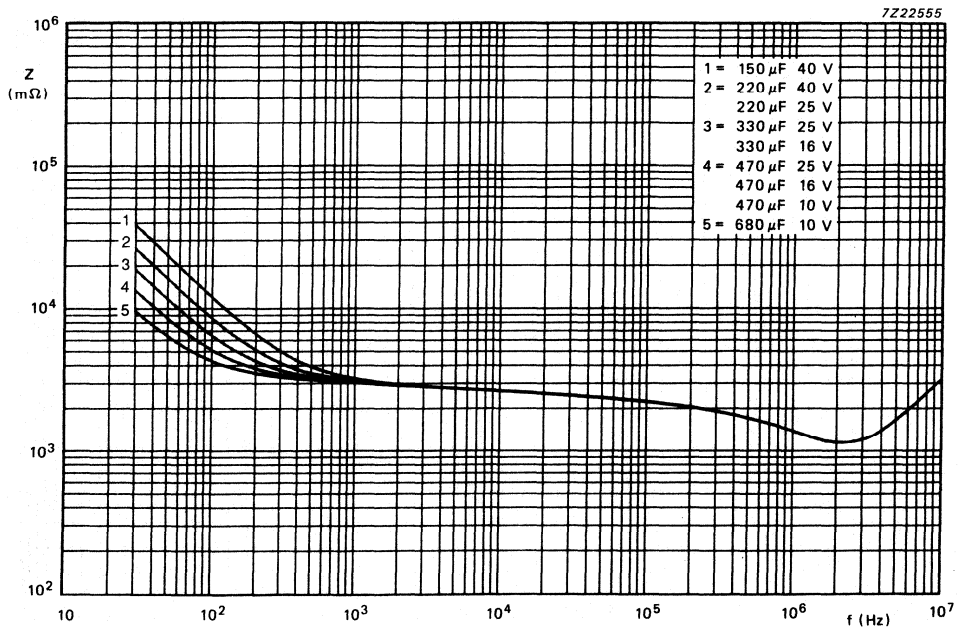


Fig. 31 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at -40°C , case size O1.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

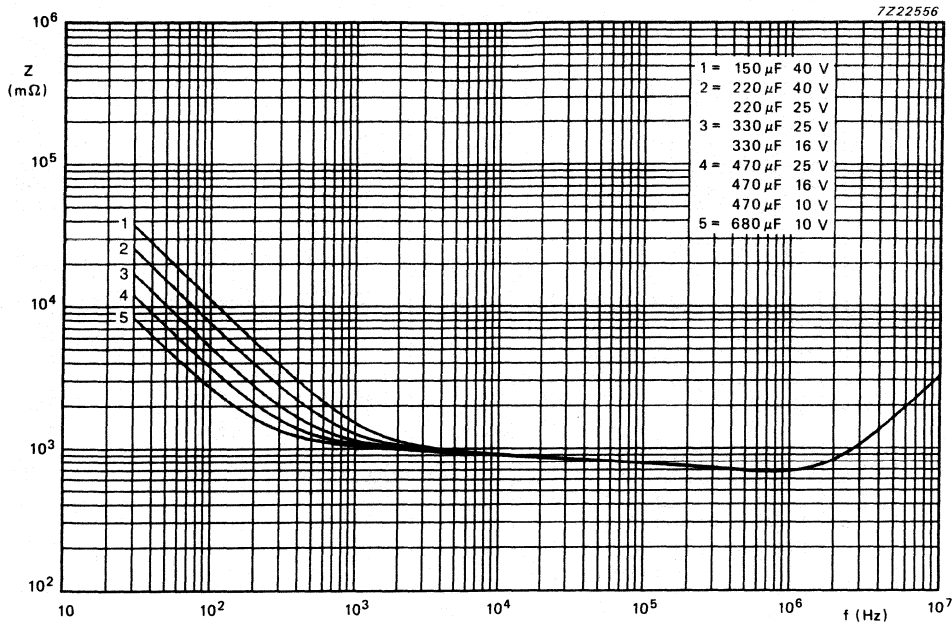


Fig. 32 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

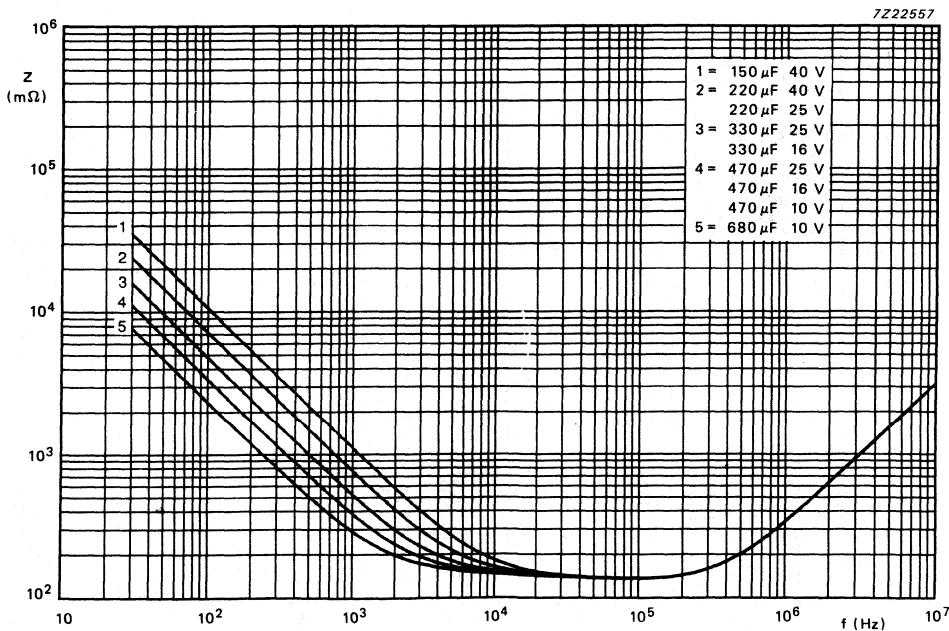


Fig. 33 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 01.

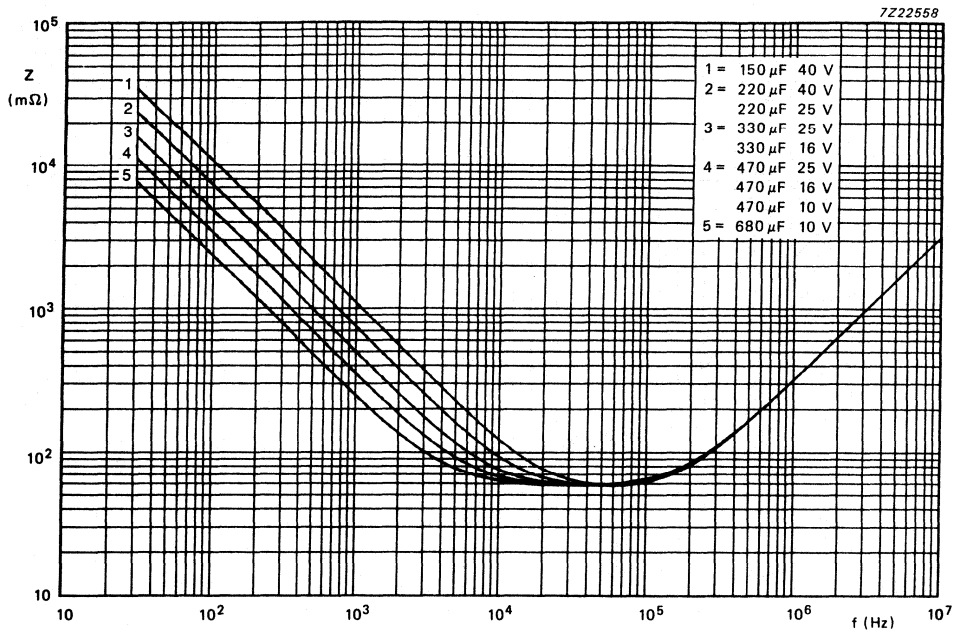


Fig. 34 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 01.

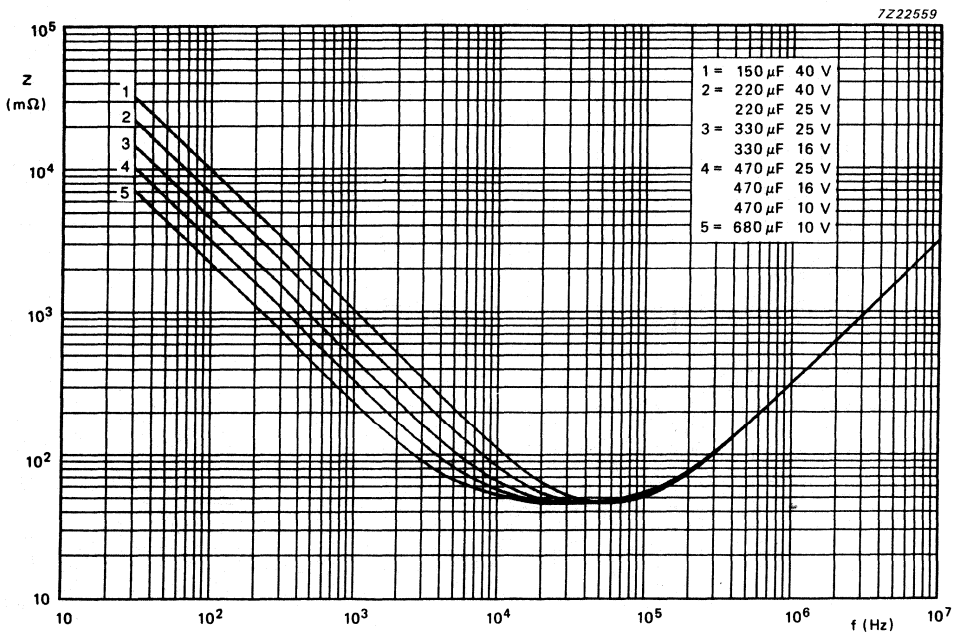


Fig. 35 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 01.

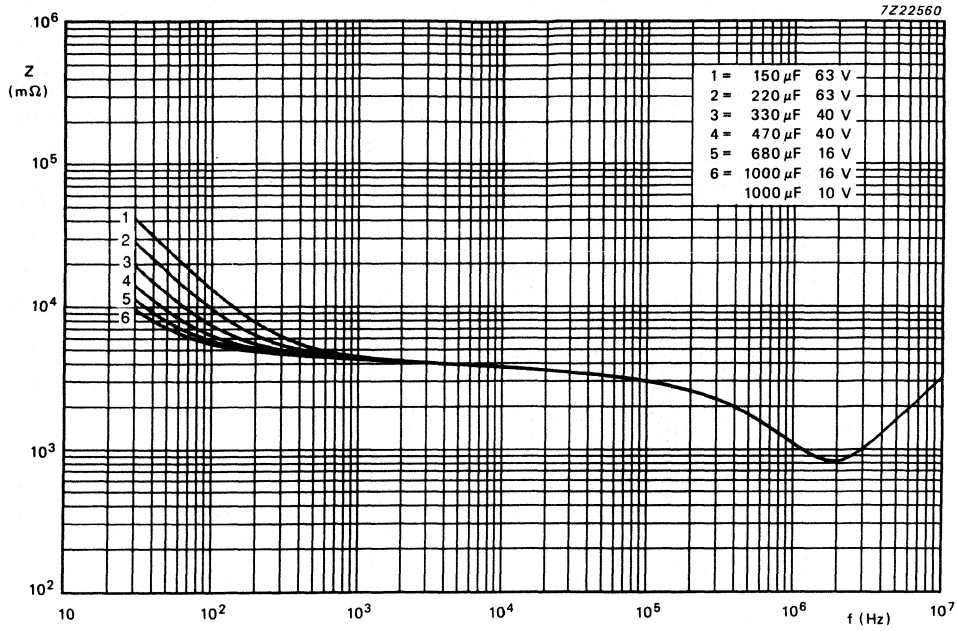


Fig. 36 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

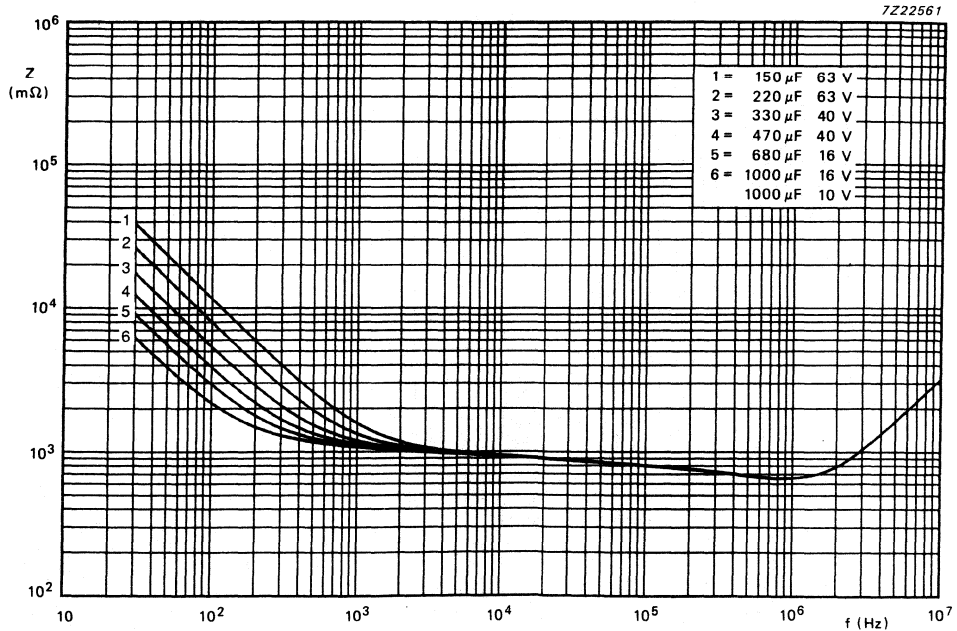


Fig. 37 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

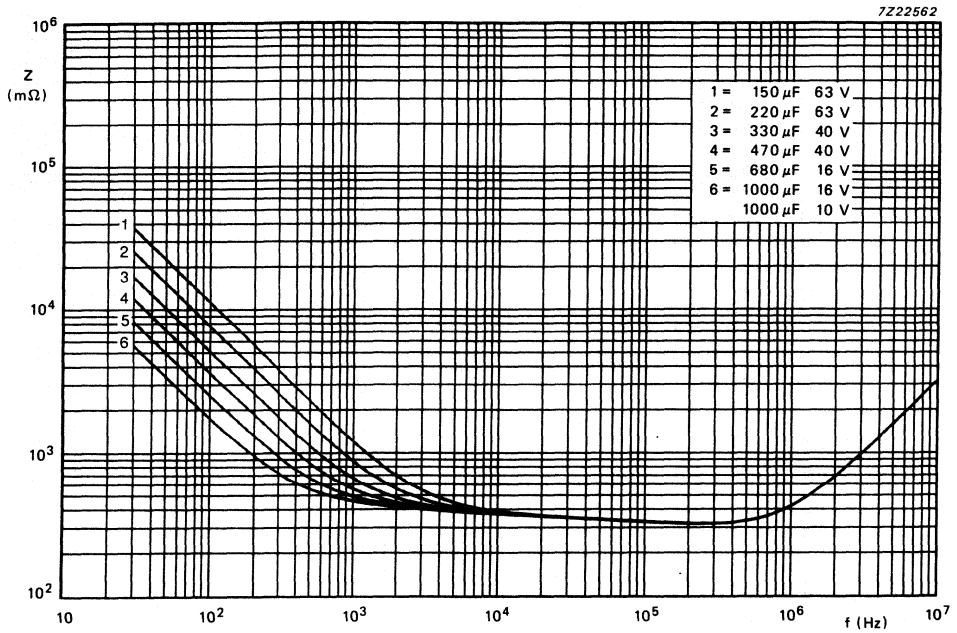


Fig. 38 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

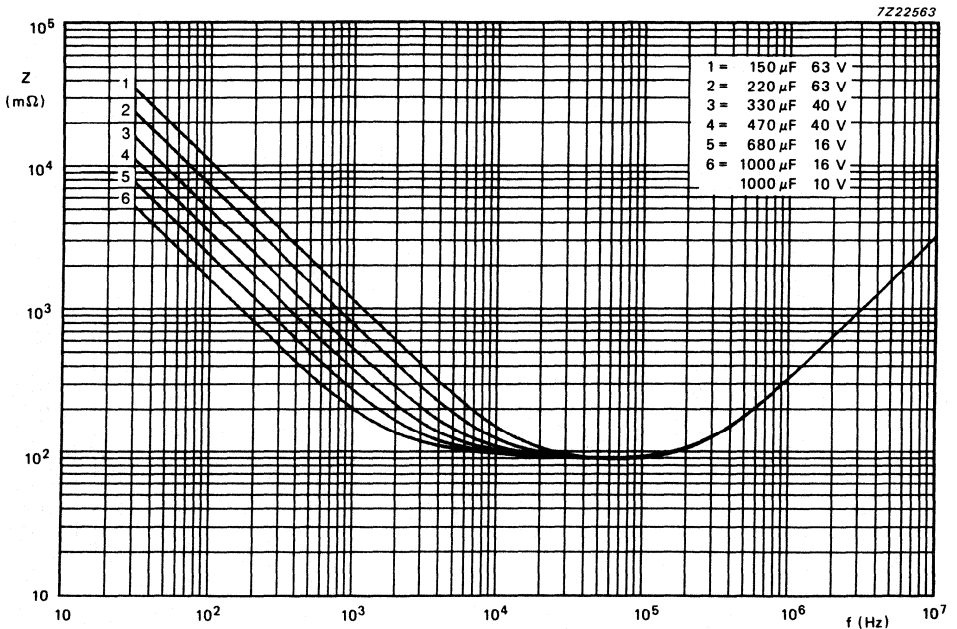


Fig. 39 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 02.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

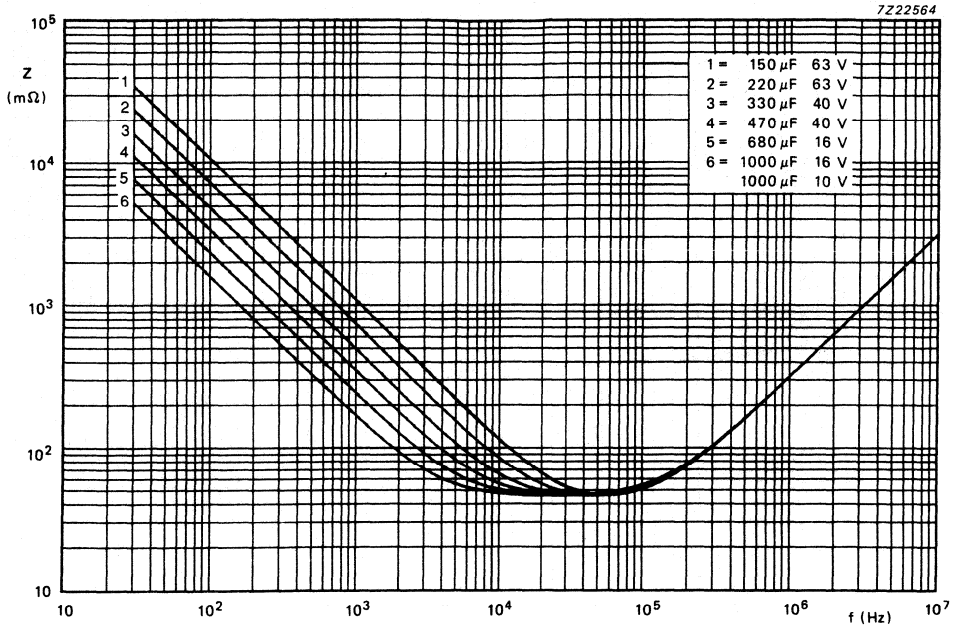


Fig. 40 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size O2.

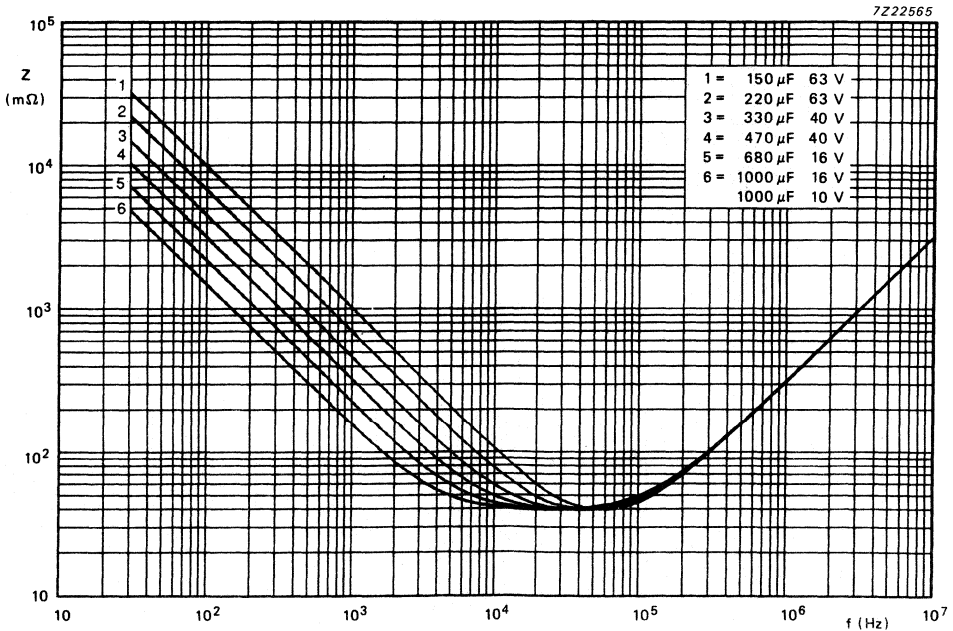


Fig. 41 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size O2.

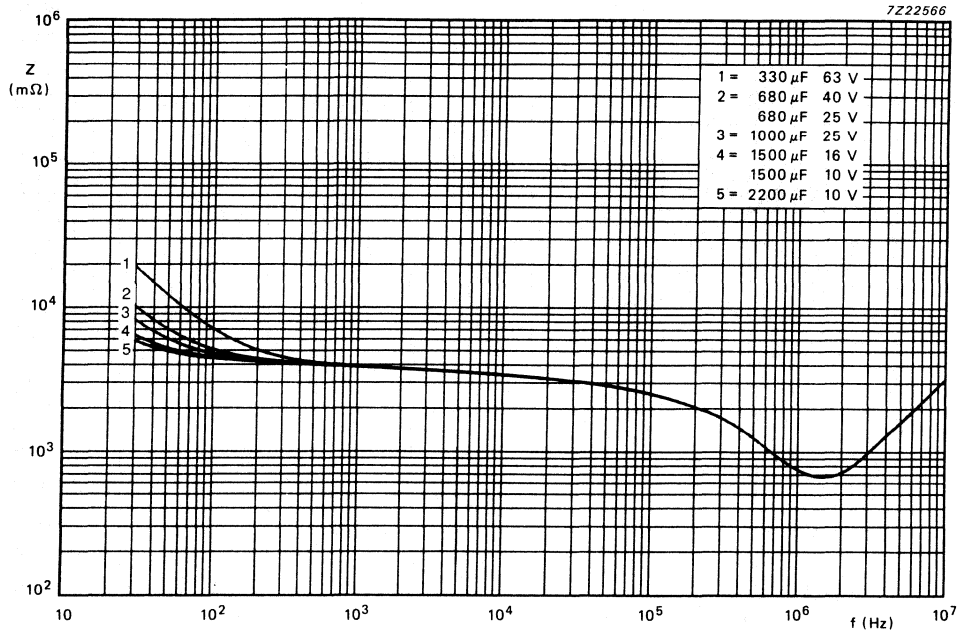


Fig. 42 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

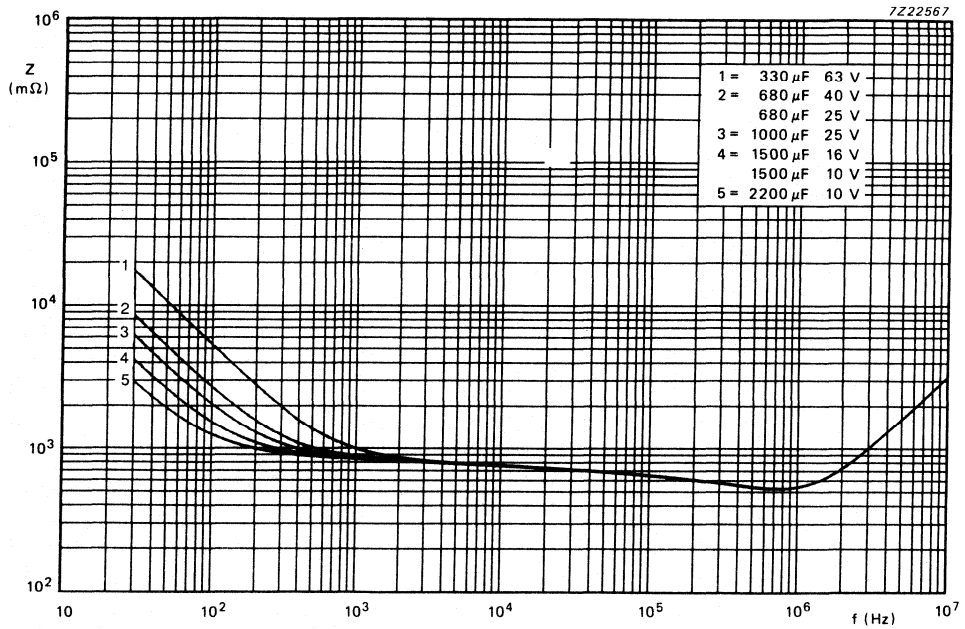


Fig. 43 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

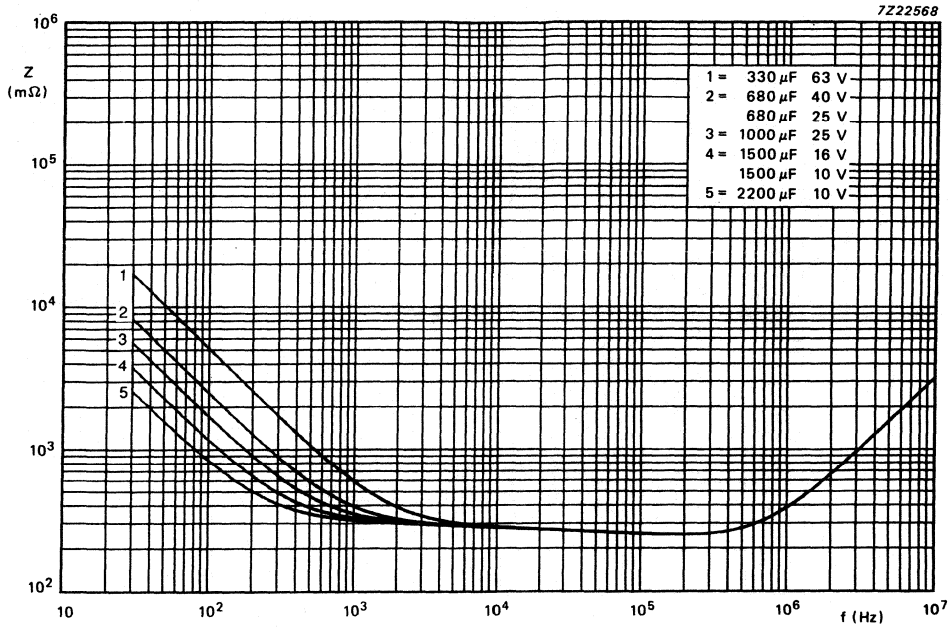


Fig. 44 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

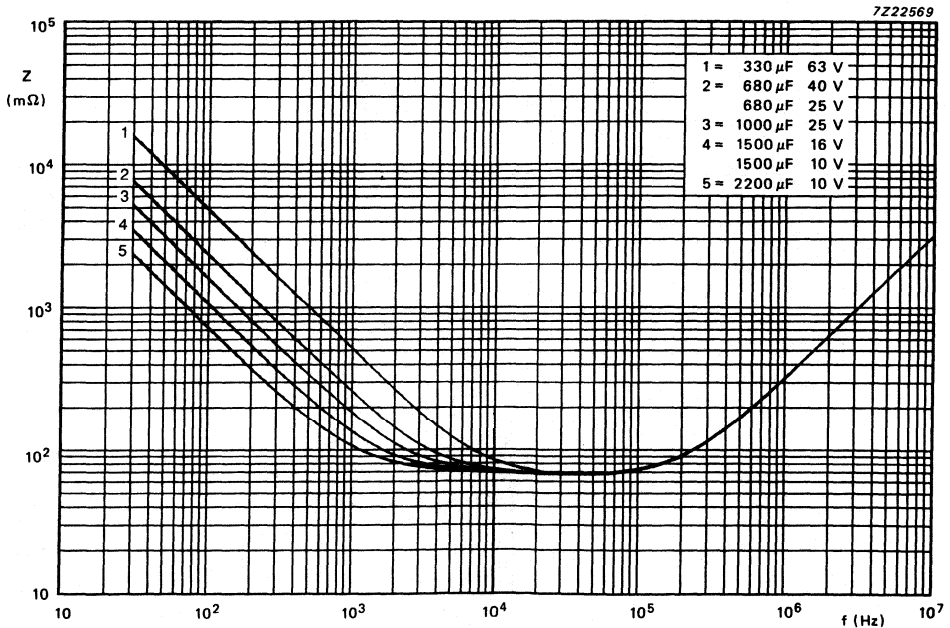


Fig. 45 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 03.

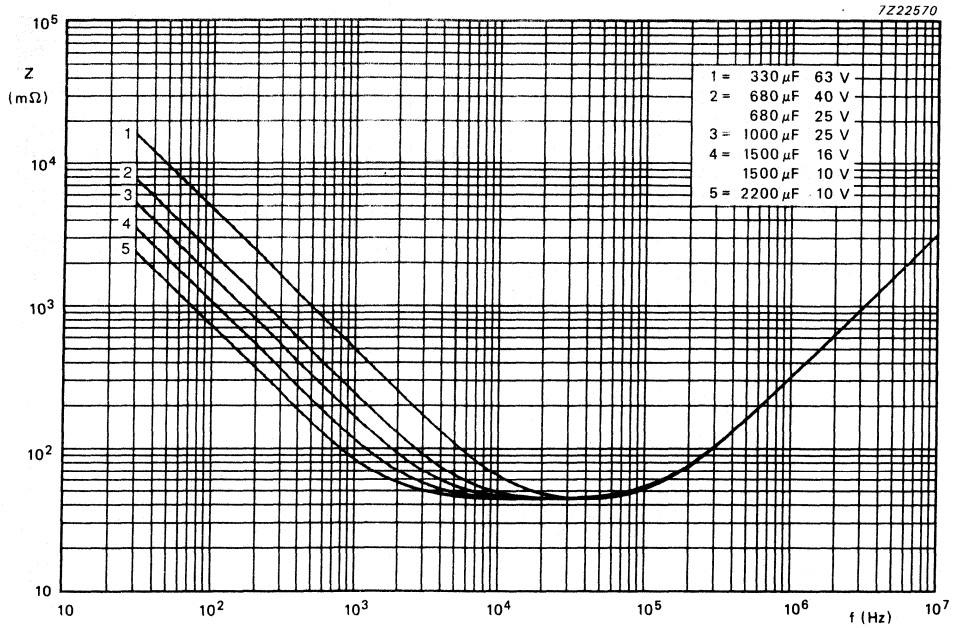


Fig. 46 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 03.

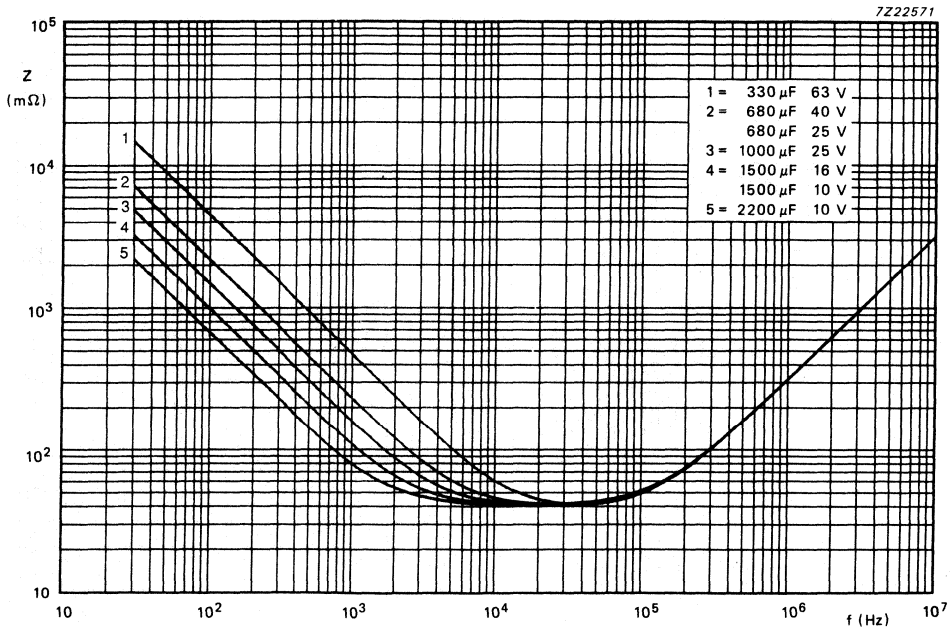


Fig. 47 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 03.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

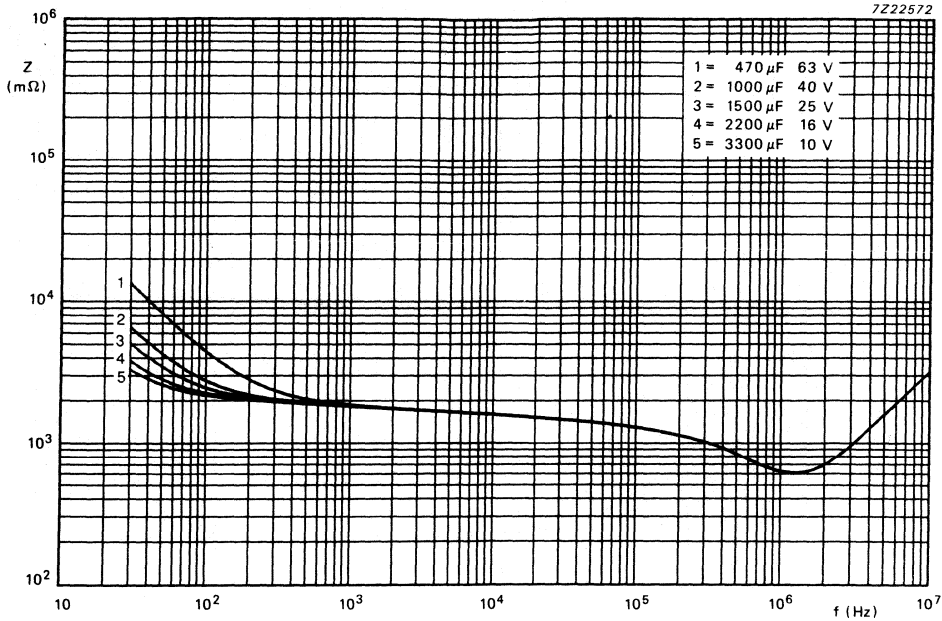


Fig. 48 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size O4.

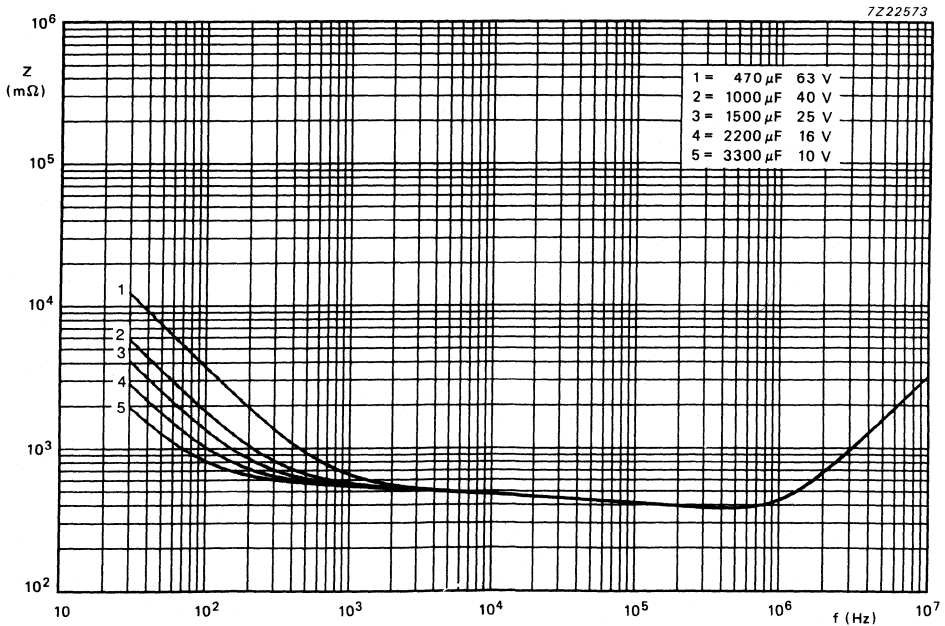


Fig. 49 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size O4.

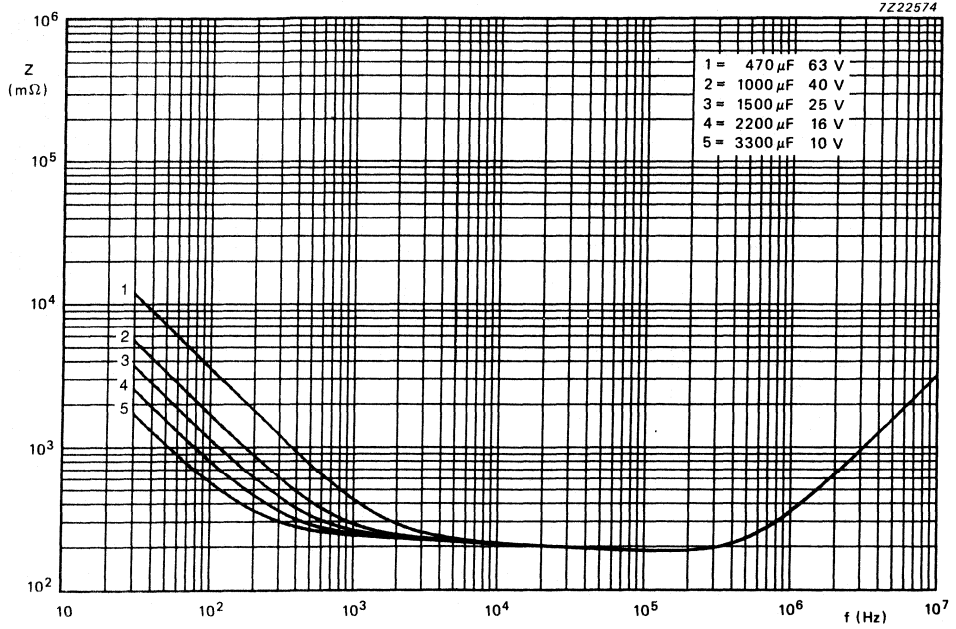


Fig. 50 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

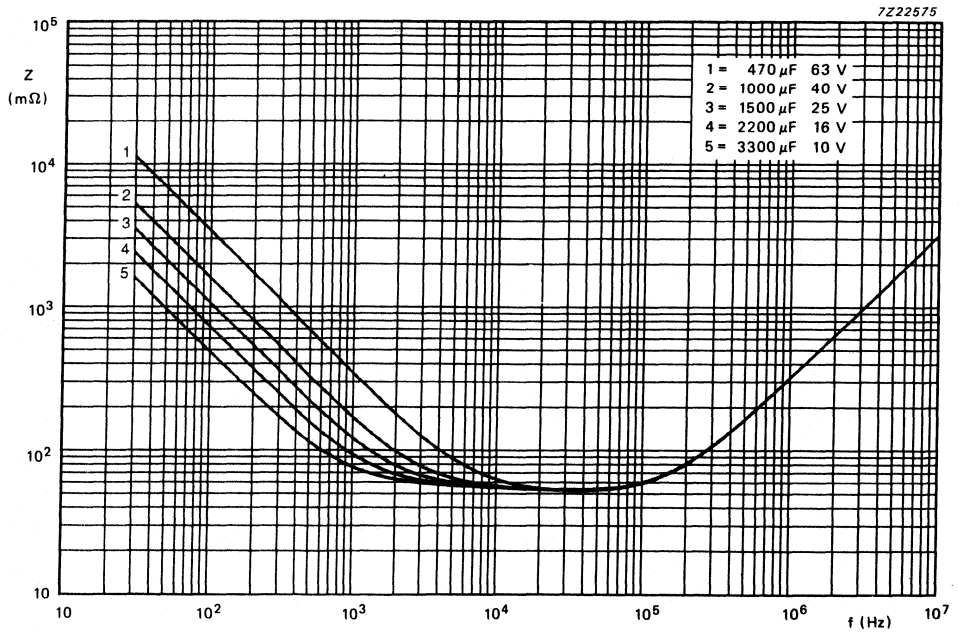


Fig. 51 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 04.

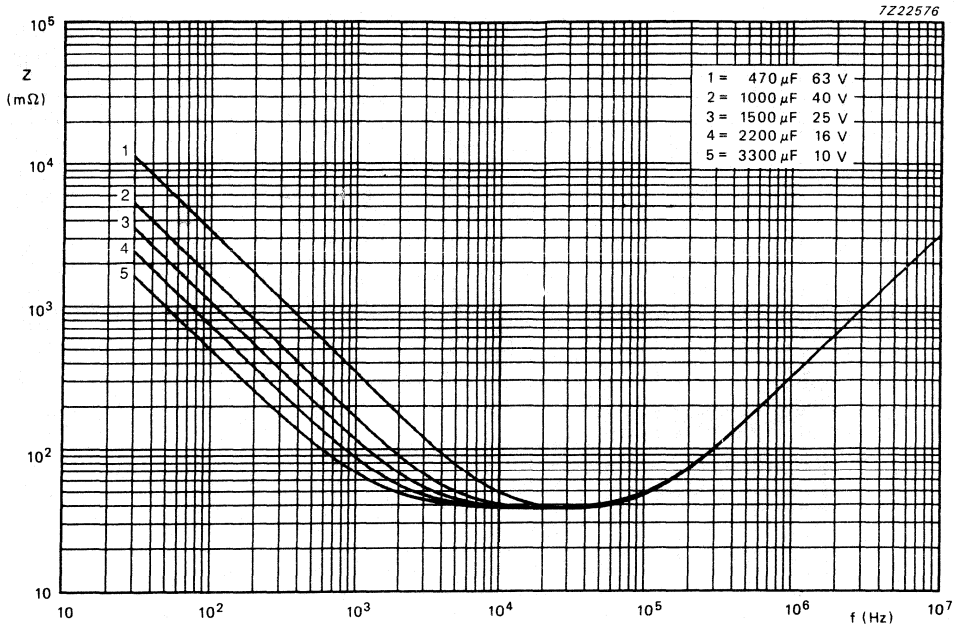


Fig. 52 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 04.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

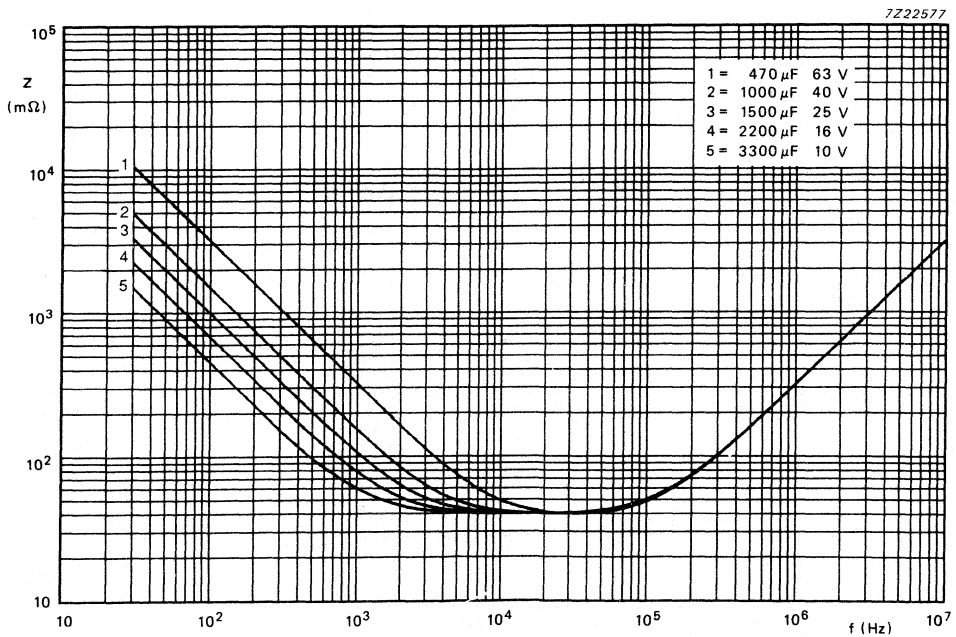


Fig. 53 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 04.

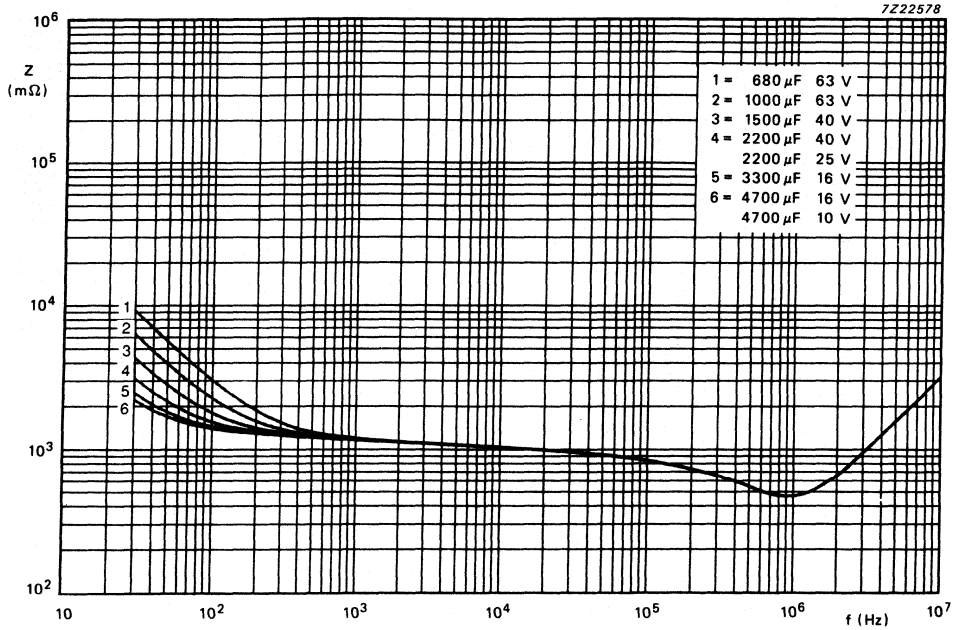


Fig. 54 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

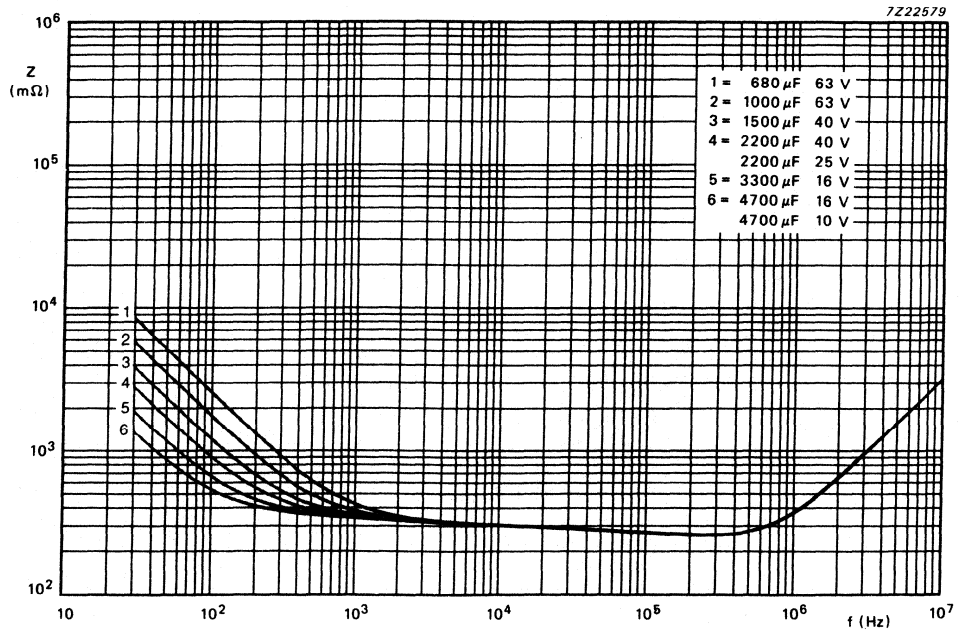


Fig. 55 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 05.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

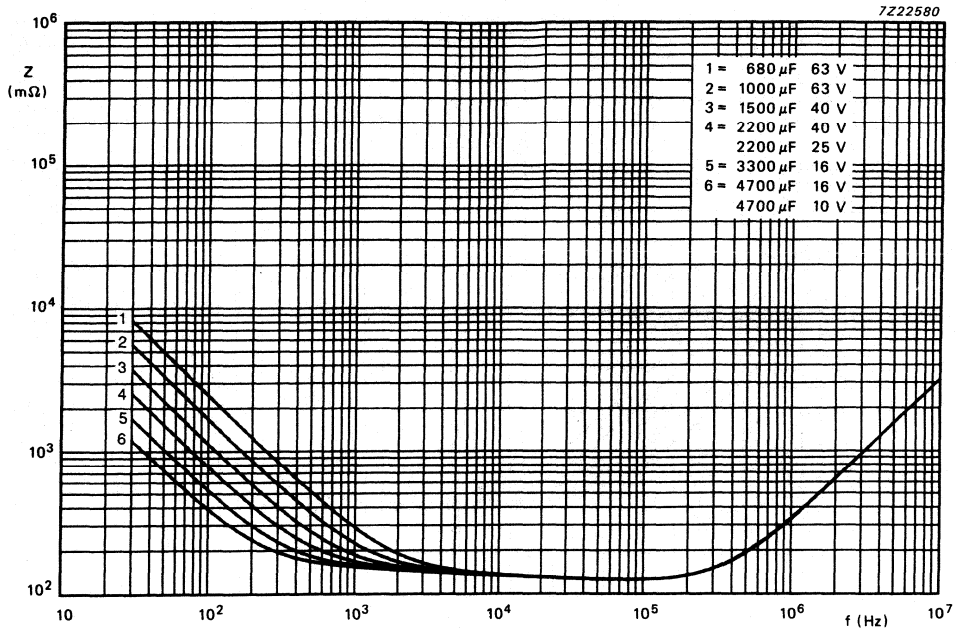


Fig. 56 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size O5.

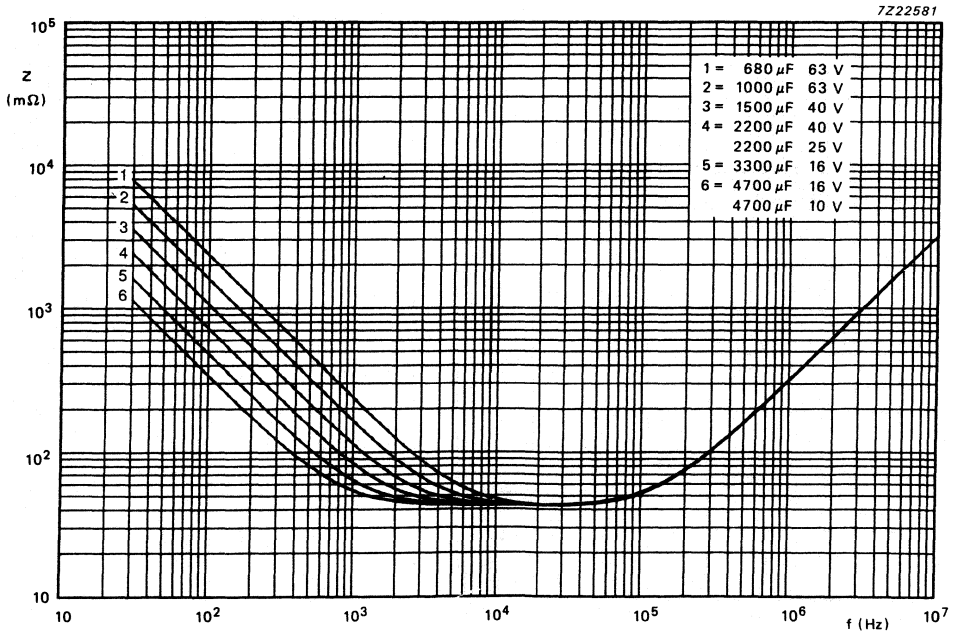


Fig. 57 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size O5.

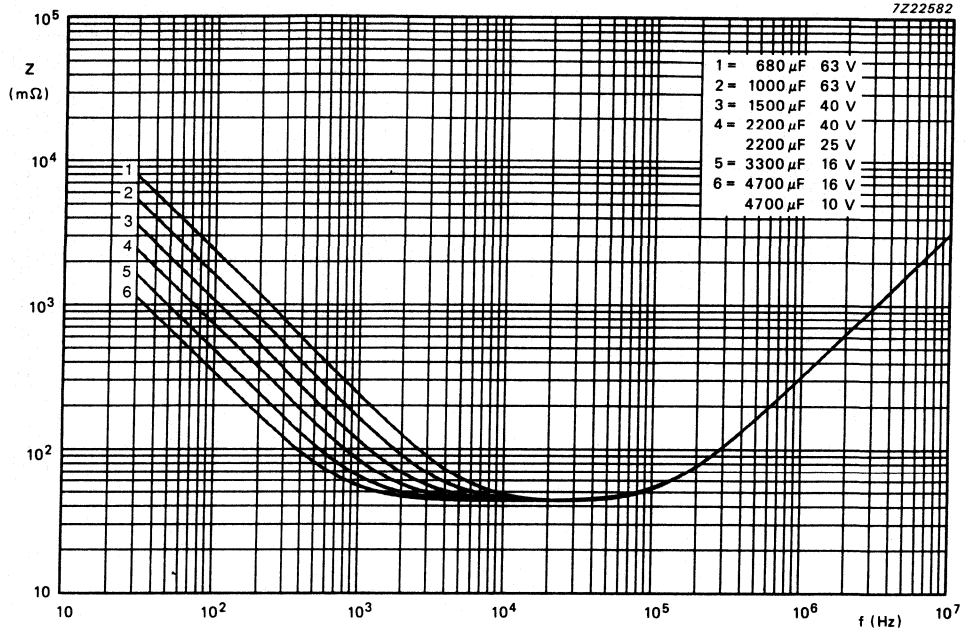


Fig. 58 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 85 °C, case size 05.

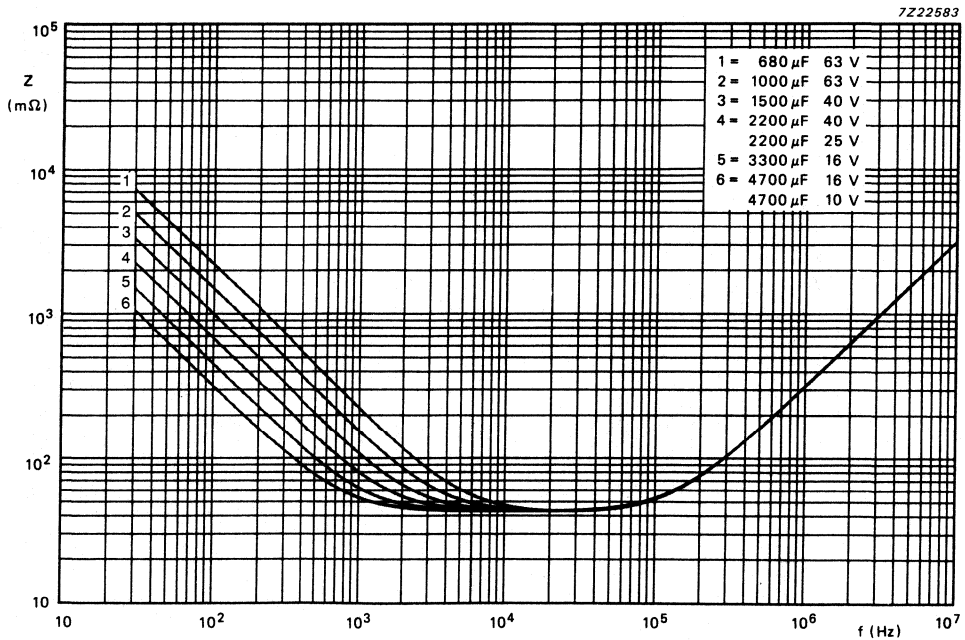
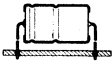



Fig. 59 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 125 °C, case size 05.

EQUIVALENT SERIES INDUCTANCE (ESL)

Table 8 Equivalent series inductance – typical values

| case size | style 1  nH | style 2  nH |
|-----------|--|--|
| 4 | 15 | |
| 5 | 35 | |
| 6 | 69 | |
| 7 | 38 | |
| 00 | 38 | |
| 01 | 46 | |
| 02 | 48 | 39 |
| 03 | 50 | 39 |
| 04 | 54 | 39 |
| 05 | 59 | 39 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

–55 to + 125 °C

Typical life time at maximum ripple current
(in accordance with Table 5)

at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$

450 000 hours
(approximately 50 years)

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

20 000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

3 000 hours

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

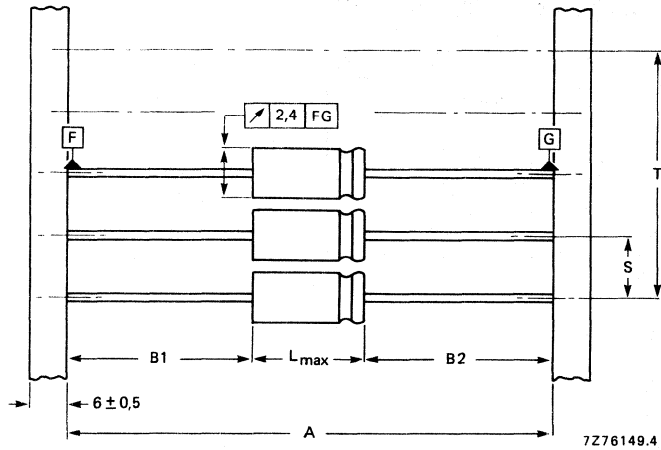
500 hours

PACKING

All capacitors are supplied in boxes, except case sizes 4 to 7 of style 1, which are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels. The quantities supplied per box or reel are shown in Table 9.

Table 9 Packing information

| case size | number of capacitors per box or reel |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 4 | 1000 |
| 5 | 500 |
| 6 | 500 |
| 7 | 500 |
| 00 | 200 |
| 01 | 200 |
| 02 | 200 |
| 03 | 200 |
| 04 | 100 |
| 05 | 100 |

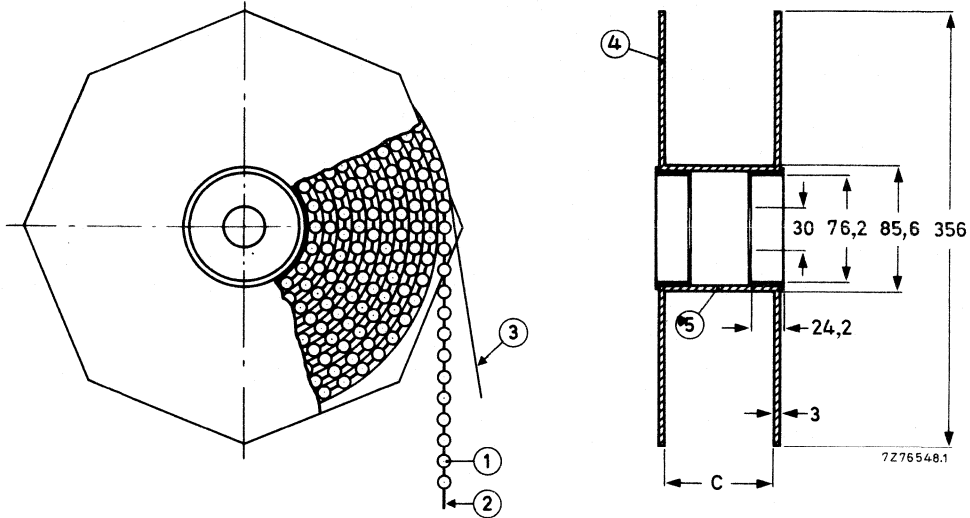


$$|B1 - B2| = 1.4 + (L_{max} - L) \text{ mm (maximum)}$$

Fig. 60 Capacitors on bandolier (case sizes 4 to 7 only).
The negative terminal of the capacitors are affixed to the blue coloured edge of the bandolier. See Table 10 for dimensions A, S, T and L_{max} .

Table 10 Dimensions of bandolier

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{max} |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | | $n \leq 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| 4 | 73 ± 1.6 | 10 ± 0.4 | $10(n - 1) \pm 2$ | $10(n - 1) \pm 4$ | 18.5 |
| 5 | 73 ± 1.6 | 10 ± 0.4 | $10(n - 1) \pm 2$ | $10(n - 1) \pm 4$ | 18.5 |
| 6 | 73 ± 1.6 | 15 ± 0.75 | $15(n - 1) \pm 2$ | $15(n - 1) \pm 4$ | 18.5 |
| 7 | 73 ± 1.6 | 15 ± 0.75 | $15(n - 1) \pm 2$ | $15(n - 1) \pm 4$ | 25.0 |



- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = bandolier
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

C = 88.5 mm
overall width of reel = 99.5 mm

Fig. 61 Capacitors on bandoliers on reel (case sizes 4 to 7).

DEVELOPMENT DATA

TEST AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following addition:

After the shelf life test of 500 hours at 125 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after the endurance test, except for leakage current = ≤ 200% of specified value. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for a minimum of 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements are taken.

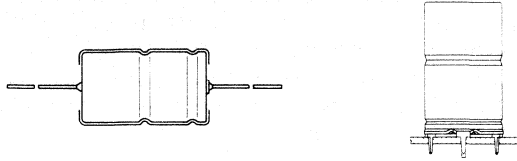
Following the reverse voltage test of 125 °C, (IEC 384-4, sub clause 9.16), the capacitors shall meet the following requirements:

- DC leakage current ≤ stated limit
- tan δ ≤ stated limit
- ΔC/C ≤ 20%

Note: Capacitors type 2222 119 are miniature and small types, long life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Axial leads
- Long life
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | | |
|---|--|-----------|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 1 to 4700 μ F | |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +50% | |
| Rated voltage, U_R (R5 series) | 10 to 350 V | |
| Category temperature range | | |
| case sizes 4 to 7 | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| case sizes 00 to 05 ($U_R \leq 100$ V) | -55 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| case sizes 00 to 05 ($U_R \geq 160$ V) | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C | |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | | |
| case sizes 4 and 5 | 6000 hours | |
| case sizes 6 to 05 | 8000 hours | |
| Endurance test at 105 $^{\circ}$ C (case sizes 4 to 7) | 2000 hours | |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}$ C (case sizes 5 to 05) | 500 hours | |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, long-life grade DIN 41257 UTE C031/C033 (case sizes 00 to 05) | |
| Climatic category | IEC 68 | DIN 40040 |
| case sizes 4 to 7 | 40/085/56 | GPF |
| case sizes 00 to 05 ($U_R \leq 100$ V) | 55/085/56 | FPF |
| case sizes 00 to 05 ($U_R \geq 160$ V) | 40/085/56 | GPF |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{nom} \cdot U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 160 | 250 | 350 |
| 1 | | | | | | 4 | | | 4 |
| 1.5 | | | | | | 4 | | | 4 |
| 2.2 | | | | | | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| 3.3 | | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| 4.7 | | | | | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| 6.8 | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | |
| 10 | | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 01 |
| 15 | | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | |
| 22 | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 7/00 | 01 | 02 |
| 33 | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | | |
| 47 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 02 | 03 | 04 | |
| 68 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7/00 | 01 | | | |
| 100 | | 5 | 6 | 00 | 02 | 03 | 05 | | |
| 150 | | 5 | 6 | 7/01 | 02 | 03 | | | |
| 220 | 5 | 6 | 7/01 | 01 | 02 | 04 | 05 | | |
| 330 | | 7/01 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | | | |
| 470 | 01 | 7/01 | 01 | 02 | 04 | 05 | | | |
| 680 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 03 | 05 | | | | |
| 1000 | 02 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | | |
| 1500 | 03 | 03 | 04 | 05 | | | | | |
| 2200 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 05 | | | | | |
| 3300 | 04 | 05 | | | | | | | |
| 4700 | 05 | 05 | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) | |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 4 | \emptyset 6,5 x 18 | miniature |
| 5 | \emptyset 8 x 18 | |
| 6 | \emptyset 10 x 18 | |
| 7 | \emptyset 10 x 25 | |
| 00 | \emptyset 10 x 30 | small |
| 01 | \emptyset 12,5 x 30 | |
| 02 | \emptyset 15 x 30 | |
| 03 | \emptyset 18 x 30 | |
| 04 | \emptyset 18 x 40 | |
| 05 | \emptyset 21 x 40 | |

* Case sizes 4 to 7 ($U_R \geq 160$ V) are still under development; information on these capacitors is derived from development samples, and may change in any manner without notice.

APPLICATION

These capacitors are especially designed for those applications where extreme requirements have to be met concerning reliability and long lifetime both at high and low temperatures, such as in computer, telecommunication and telephony equipment.

They are mainly used for energy storage, smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes, as well as for timing and delay circuits. The bandoliered version is suitable for use with automatic insertion and cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes rolled up with a porous paper spacer, which separates the anode and the cathode. The spacer is impregnated with an electrolyte which retains its good characteristics both at low and high temperatures. The capacitors are housed in an aluminium case with axial soldered-copper terminations, sealed with a synthetic disc. The all-welded construction, built-in voltage derating, and the close quality control during manufacture ensure reliability and life expectancy far superior to normal grade electrolytic capacitors.

The capacitors are available in 2 styles:

style 1: axial leads, case insulated with a blue synthetic sleeve; all case sizes; case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers;

style 2: single ended; with mounting ring with printed-wiring pins; especially for use in applications with severe shocks and vibrations; case sizes 02 to 05; non-insulated case.

Note: for case sizes 04/05, the stated maximum length may be exceeded by 0,7 mm.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

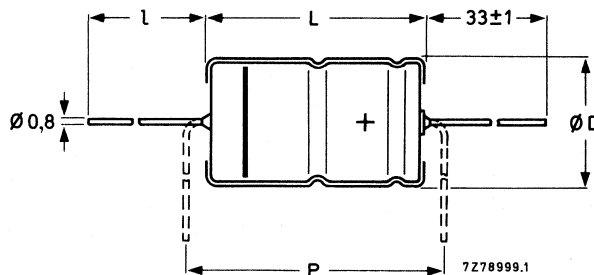


Fig. 1 See Table 3 for dimensions φD, L, l and P.

Table 3 Physical dimensions, style 1

| case size | l | φD _{nom} | L _{nom} | φD _{max} | L _{max} | P _{min} | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|--------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 4 | * | 6,5 | 18,0 | 6,9 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,3 |
| 5 | * | 8,0 | 18,0 | 8,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 1,7 |
| 6 | * | 10,0 | 18,0 | 10,5 | 18,5 | 25 | 2,5 |
| 7 | * | 10,0 | 25,0 | 10,5 | 25,0 | 30 | 3,3 |
| 00 | 55 ± 1 | 10,0 | 30,0 | 10,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 4,3 |
| 01 | 55 ± 1 | 12,5 | 30,0 | 13,0 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 6,6 |
| 02 | 55 ± 1 | 15,0 | 30,0 | 15,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 8,5 |
| 03 | 55 ± 1 | 18,0 | 30,0 | 18,5 | 30,5 | 35,0 | 11,2 |
| 04 | 34 ± 1 | 18,0 | 40,0 | 18,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 14 |
| 05 | 34 ± 1 | 21,0 | 40,0 | 21,5 | 41,5 | 45,0 | 19 |

* Case sizes 4 to 7 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels (see Packing).

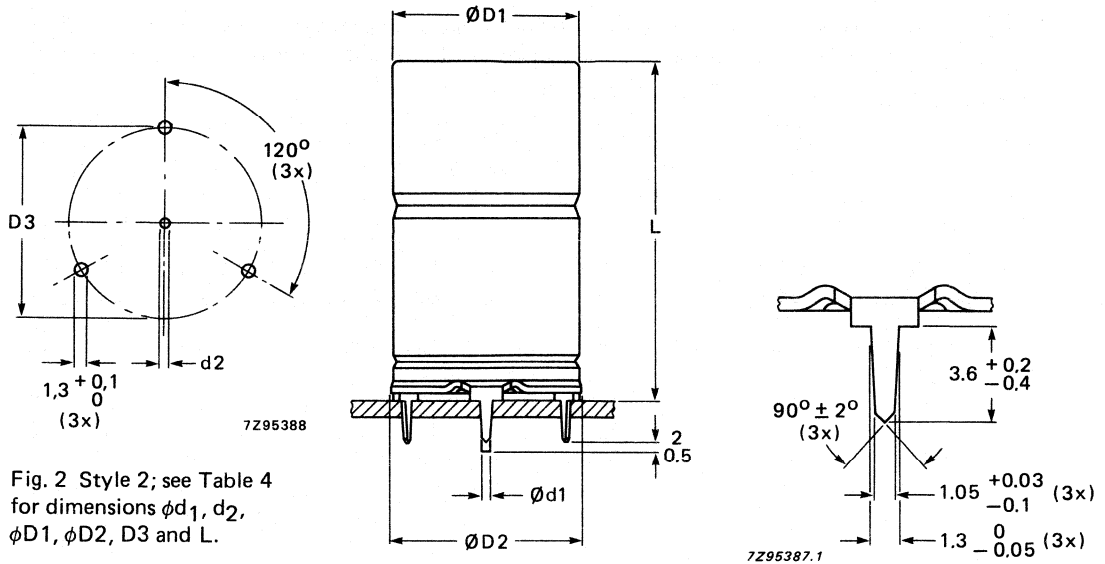


Table 4 Physical dimensions, style 2

| case size | ϕd_1 | d_2 | $\phi D1$ | $\phi D2_{max}$ | $D3$ | L_{max} | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 02 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 15,0 | 17,5 | 16,5 ± 0,2 | 32 | 8,6 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 1 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 32 | 11,5 |
| 04 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 18,0 | 19,5 | 18,5 ± 0,2 | 44 | 14,5 |
| 05 | 1,0 | 1,3 + 0,1 | 21,0 | 22,5 | 21,5 ± 0,2 | 44 | 19,7 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with nominal capacitance value, tolerance in accordance with IEC 62, rated voltage, group number (132 or 133), maximum temperature, performance grade reference (LL), name of manufacturer, code of origin, date code in accordance with IEC 62, band identifying the negative terminal, and '+' signs indicating the positive terminal.

Mounting

The capacitors may be mounted in any position by their leads. The diameters of the mounting holes in the printed-wiring board are:

style 1: 1,0 mm + 0,1 mm

style 2: see Fig. 2 and Table 4.

Minimum atmospheric pressure

8,5 kPa

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

→ **Table 5** Electrical data

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 5 minutes μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|------------|---------------|---------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 100 kHz | | |
| 10 | 220 | 190 | 8,4 | 0,18 | 1,4 | 0,73 | 0,70 | 5 | 132 . 4221 |
| | 470 | 350 | 9,4 | 0,18 | 0,77 | 0,26 | 0,60 | 01 | 132 . 4471 |
| | 680 | 460 | 13,6 | 0,18 | 0,53 | 0,20 | 0,40 | 01 | 132 . 4681 |
| | 1000 | 640 | 20 | 0,18 | 0,36 | 0,12 | | 02 | 132 . 4102 |
| | 1500 | 800 | 30 | 0,22 | 0,29 | 0,10 | | 03 | 132 . 4152 |
| | 2200 | 1100 | 44 | 0,22 | 0,20 | 0,09 | | 03 | 132 . 4222 |
| | 3300 | 1300 | 66 | 0,27 | 0,16 | 0,05 | | 04 | 132 . 4332 |
| | 4700 | 1800 | 94 | 0,27 | 0,12 | 0,05 | | 05 | 132 . 4472 |
| 16 | 47 | 95 | 5,5 | 0,14 | 5,3 | 2,6 | 2,2 | 4 | 132 . 5479 |
| | 68 | 110 | 6,2 | 0,14 | 3,6 | 1,8 | 1,6 | 4 | 132 . 5689 |
| | 100 | 150 | 7,2 | 0,14 | 2,5 | 1,2 | 1,1 | 5 | 132 . 5101 |
| | 150 | 190 | 8,8 | 0,14 | 1,7 | 0,80 | 0,80 | 5 | 132 . 5151 |
| | 220 | 250 | 11 | 0,14 | 1,1 | 0,55 | 0,55 | 6 | 132 . 5221 |
| | 330 | 320 | 14,6 | 0,14 | 0,8 | 0,36 | 0,36 | 7 | ** |
| | 330 | 320 | 10,6 | 0,14 | 0,80 | 0,36 | 0,60 | 01 | 132 . 5331 |
| | 470 | 450 | 19 | 0,14 | 0,55 | 0,26 | 0,26 | 7 | ** |
| | 470 | 450 | 15 | 0,14 | 0,55 | 0,26 | 0,40 | 01 | 132 . 5471 |
| | 680 | 550 | 22 | 0,14 | 0,39 | 0,14 | | 02 | 132 . 5681 |
| | 1000 | 780 | 32 | 0,14 | 0,26 | 0,12 | | 02 | 132 . 5102 |
| | 1500 | 950 | 48 | 0,15 | 0,19 | 0,10 | | 03 | 132 . 5152 |
| | 2200 | 1300 | 70 | 0,15 | 0,12 | 0,06 | | 04 | 132 . 5222 |
| | 3300 | 1600 | 106 | 0,15 | 0,09 | 0,05 | | 05 | 132 . 5332 |
| 4700 | 2300 | 150 | 0,15 | 0,08 | 0,05 | | 05 | 132 . 5472 | |
| 25 | 22 | 60 | 5,1 | 0,11 | 8,8 | 4,1 | 2,9 | 4 | 132 . 6229 |
| | 33 | 80 | 5,7 | 0,11 | 5,9 | 2,7 | 2,3 | 4 | 132 . 6339 |
| | 68 | 140 | 7,4 | 0,11 | 2,9 | 1,3 | 1,1 | 5 | 132 . 6689 |
| | 150 | 230 | 11,5 | 0,11 | 1,3 | 0,60 | 0,60 | 6 | 132 . 6151 |
| | 220 | 340 | 15 | 0,11 | 1,0 | 0,40 | 0,40 | 7 | ** |
| | 220 | 340 | 11 | 0,11 | 1,0 | 0,40 | 0,60 | 01 | 132 . 6221 |
| | 330 | 410 | 16,5 | 0,11 | 0,63 | 0,30 | 0,40 | 01 | 132 . 6331 |
| | 470 | 560 | 24 | 0,11 | 0,47 | 0,20 | | 01 | 132 . 6471 |
| | 680 | 700 | 34 | 0,11 | 0,32 | 0,10 | | 03 | 132 . 6681 |
| | 1000 | 1000 | 50 | 0,11 | 0,22 | 0,10 | | 03 | 132 . 6102 |
| | 1500 | 1100 | 75 | 0,12 | 0,16 | 0,06 | | 04 | 132 . 6152 |
| | 2200 | 1850 | 110 | 0,13 | 0,12 | 0,05 | | 05 | 132 . 6222 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box } case sizes 4 to 7
 4 for style 2; case sizes 02 to 05.

** See Table 6.

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 5 minutes μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|------------|---------------|---------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 100 kHz | | |
| 40 | 15 | 60 | 5,2 | 0,09 | 11 | 5 | 3,2 | 4 | 132 . 7159 |
| | 33 | 100 | 6,6 | 0,09 | 4,8 | 2,3 | 1,9 | 5 | 132 . 7339 |
| | 47 | 120 | 7,8 | 0,09 | 3,4 | 1,6 | 1,4 | 5 | 132 . 7479 |
| | 68 | 170 | 9,4 | 0,09 | 2,3 | 1,1 | 1,0 | 6 | 132 . 7689 |
| | 100 | 210 | 12 | 0,09 | 1,6 | 0,75 | 0,75 | 6 | 132 . 7101 |
| | 150 | 310 | 16 | 0,09 | 1,27 | 0,50 | 0,50 | 7 | ** |
| | 150 | 310 | 12 | 0,09 | 1,27 | 0,50 | 0,60 | 01 | 132 . 7151 |
| | 220 | 410 | 17,5 | 0,09 | 0,86 | 0,34 | 0,40 | 01 | 132 . 7221 |
| | 330 | 550 | 26 | 0,09 | 0,58 | 0,20 | | 02 | 132 . 7331 |
| | 470 | 700 | 38 | 0,09 | 0,40 | 0,16 | | 02 | 132 . 7471 |
| | 680 | 900 | 54 | 0,09 | 0,28 | 0,10 | | 03 | 132 . 7681 |
| | 1000 | 1200 | 80 | 0,09 | 0,19 | 0,08 | | 04 | 132 . 7102 |
| | 1500 | 1500 | 120 | 0,10 | 0,14 | 0,06 | | 05 | 132 . 7152 |
| | 2200 | 1900 | 176 | 0,10 | 0,10 | 0,05 | | 05 | 132 . 7222 |
| | 63 | 4,7 | 38 | 4,6 | 0,07 | 26 | 12 | 5 | 4 |
| 6,8 | | 45 | 4,9 | 0,07 | 18 | 8,1 | 4 | 4 | 132 . 8688 |
| 10 | | 64 | 5,3 | 0,07 | 12 | 5,5 | 3,3 | 4 | 132 . 8109 |
| 15 | | 80 | 5,9 | 0,07 | 8,3 | 3,7 | 2,5 | 5 | 132 . 8159 |
| 22 | | 100 | 6,8 | 0,07 | 5,6 | 2,5 | 2,1 | 5 | 132 . 8229 |
| 33 | | 140 | 8,2 | 0,07 | 3,8 | 1,7 | 1,5 | 6 | 132 . 8339 |
| 47 | | 170 | 9,9 | 0,07 | 2,6 | 1,2 | 1,1 | 6 | 132 . 8479 |
| 68 | | 210 | 12,6 | 0,07 | 1,9 | 0,81 | 0,60 | 7 | ** |
| 68 | | 210 | 8,6 | 0,07 | 1,9 | 0,80 | 0,60 | 00 | 132 . 8689 |
| 100 | | 300 | 12,6 | 0,07 | 1,3 | 0,60 | 0,40 | 00 | 132 . 8101 |
| 150 | | 350 | 19 | 0,07 | 0,87 | 0,37 | | 02 | 132 . 8151 |
| 220 | | 520 | 28 | 0,07 | 0,58 | 0,25 | | 02 | 132 . 8221 |
| 330 | | 600 | 42 | 0,07 | 0,40 | 0,15 | | 03 | 132 . 8331 |
| 470 | | 970 | 59 | 0,07 | 0,27 | 0,12 | | 04 | 132 . 8471 |
| 680 | | 1000 | 86 | 0,07 | 0,19 | 0,08 | | 05 | 132 . 8681 |
| 1000 | 1600 | 126 | 0,07 | 0,13 | 0,06 | | 05 | 132 . 8102 | |
| 100 | 1 | 20 | 4,2 | 0,06 | 110 | 45 | 6 | 4 | 132 . 9108 |
| | 1,5 | 25 | 4,3 | 0,06 | 71 | 30 | 6 | 4 | 132 . 9158 |
| | 2,2 | 30 | 4,4 | 0,06 | 48 | 20 | 5 | 4 | 132 . 9228 |
| | 3,3 | 37 | 4,7 | 0,06 | 32 | 14 | 5 | 4 | 132 . 9338 |
| | 4,7 | 48 | 4,9 | 0,06 | 23 | 9,6 | 4 | 4 | 132 . 9478 |
| | 6,8 | 60 | 5,4 | 0,06 | 16 | 6,6 | 3,5 | 5 | 132 . 9688 |
| | 10 | 73 | 6 | 0,06 | 11 | 4,5 | 2,8 | 5 | 132 . 9109 |
| | 15 | 100 | 7 | 0,06 | 7,1 | 3 | 1,8 | 6 | 132 . 9159 |
| | 22 | 130 | 8,4 | 0,06 | 4,8 | 2 | 1,3 | 6 | 132 . 9229 |
| | 33 | 170 | 10,6 | 0,06 | 3,2 | 1,4 | 1,1 | 7 | 132 . 9339 |
| | 47 | 220 | 13,4 | 0,06 | 2,4 | 1 | 0,90 | 7 | ** |
| | 47 | 220 | 9,4 | 0,06 | 2,4 | 1 | 0,90 | 00 | 132 . 9479 |
| | 68 | 250 | 13,5 | 0,06 | 1,7 | 0,80 | | 01 | 132 . 9689 |
| | 100 | 380 | 20 | 0,06 | 1,1 | 0,50 | | 02 | 132 . 9101 |
| | 150 | 400 | 30 | 0,06 | 0,75 | 0,35 | | 03 | 132 . 9151 |
| 220 | 660 | 44 | 0,06 | 0,5 | 0,20 | | 04 | 132 . 9221 | |
| 330 | 700 | 66 | 0,06 | 0,34 | 0,15 | | 04 | 132 . 9331 | |
| 470 | 1200 | 94 | 0,06 | 0,24 | 0,10 | | 05 | 132 . 9471 | |

→ Table 5 (continued)

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C mA | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 5 minutes μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance Ω | | case size | catalogue number* 2222 followed by |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|------------|---------------|------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | at 10 kHz | at 100 kHz | | |
| 160 | 2,2 | 22 | 20 | 0,10 | 80 | 55 | 30 | 4 | 133 . 1228 |
| | 3,3 | 30 | 20 | 0,10 | 54 | 36 | 25 | 5 | 133 . 1338 |
| | 4,7 | 37 | 20 | 0,10 | 38 | 26 | 20 | 5 | 133 . 1478 |
| | 6,8 | 50 | 20 | 0,10 | 26 | 18 | 16 | 6 | 133 . 1688 |
| | 10 | 61 | 20 | 0,10 | 18 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 133 . 1109 |
| | 15 | 85 | 20 | 0,10 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 133 . 1159 |
| | 22 | 120 | 20 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 5,5 | 2,5 | 7 | ** |
| | 22 | 120 | 7 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 5,5 | 2,5 | 00 | 133 . 1229 |
| | 47 | 180 | 15 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 2,6 | | 02 | 133 . 1479 |
| | 100 | 350 | 32 | 0,10 | 1,5 | 1,2 | | 03 | 133 . 1101 |
| | 220 | 610 | 70 | 0,10 | 0,7 | 0,60 | | 05 | 133 . 1221 |
| | 250 | 1,5 | 18 | 20 | 0,10 | 120 | 73 | 35 | 4 |
| 2,2 | | 25 | 20 | 0,10 | 80 | 50 | 30 | 5 | 133 . 3228 |
| 4,7 | | 37 | 20 | 0,10 | 38 | 23 | 16 | 6 | 133 . 3478 |
| 6,8 | | 55 | 20 | 0,10 | 26 | 16 | 12 | 7 | 133 . 3688 |
| 10 | | 66 | 20 | 0,10 | 18 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 133 . 3109 |
| 22 | | 130 | 11 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 5 | | 01 | 133 . 3229 |
| 47 | | 200 | 24 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 2,3 | | 03 | 133 . 3479 |
| 100 | | 370 | 50 | 0,10 | 1,5 | 1,1 | | 05 | 133 . 3101 |
| 350 | | 1 | 15 | 20 | 0,10 | 180 | 100 | 40 | 4 |
| | 1,5 | 20 | 20 | 0,10 | 120 | 67 | 32 | 5 | 133 . 5158 |
| | 2,2 | 25 | 20 | 0,10 | 80 | 45 | 28 | 5 | 133 . 5228 |
| | 3,3 | 34 | 20 | 0,10 | 54 | 30 | 20 | 6 | 133 . 5338 |
| | 4,7 | 43 | 20 | 0,10 | 38 | 21 | 15 | 6 | 133 . 5478 |
| | 10 | 90 | 7 | 0,10 | 15 | 10 | | 01 | 133 . 5109 |
| | 22 | 140 | 15,5 | 0,10 | 6,8 | 4,5 | | 02 | 133 . 5229 |
| | 47 | 270 | 33 | 0,10 | 3,2 | 2,1 | | 04 | 133 . 5479 |

Table 6 Alternative case size information

| U _R V | nom. cap. μF | case size | catalogue number | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | capacitors on bandoliers on reel | capacitors on bandoliers in box |
| 16 | 330 | 7 | 2222 132 90508 | 2222 132 90509 |
| | 470 | 7 | 90507 | 90502 |
| 25 | 220 | 7 | 90503 | 90504 |
| 40 | 150 | 7 | 90511 | 90512 |
| 63 | 68 | 7 | 90513 | 90514 |
| 100 | 47 | 7 | 90505 | 90506 |
| 160 | 22 | 7 | 2222 133 90502 | 2222 133 90503 |

* Replace dot in catalogue number by:
 1 for style 1, case sizes 00 to 05, supplied in box;
 2 for style 1 on bandoliers on reel
 3 for style 1 on bandoliers in box } case sizes 4 to 7
 4 for style 2; case sizes 02 to 05.

** See Table 6.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 5

-10 to +50%

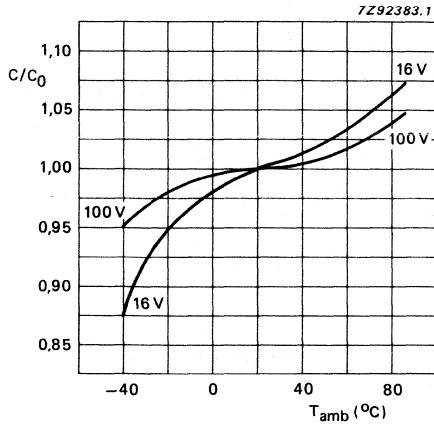


Fig. 3 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 4 to 7;

C_0 = capacitance at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

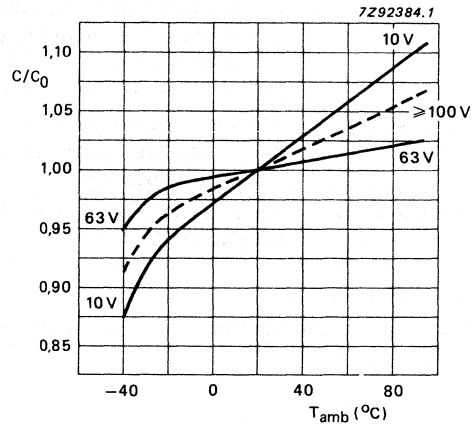


Fig. 4 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 00 to 05;

C_0 = capacitance at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

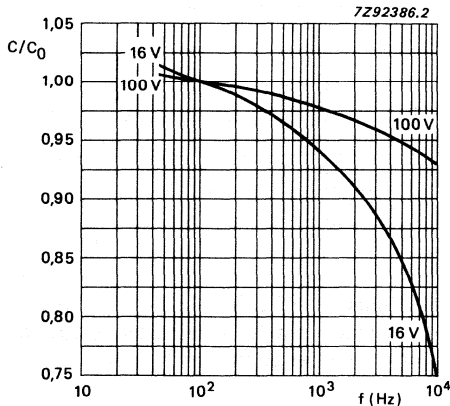


Fig. 5 Multiplier of capacitance C/C_0 as a function of frequency, case sizes 4 to 7;

C_0 = capacitance at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

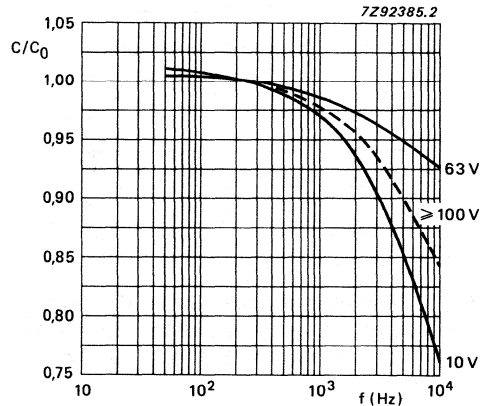


Fig. 6 Multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency, case sizes 00 to 05;

C_0 = capacitance at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Maximum permissible voltage | 1,1 x U _R |
| Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met: | |
| a. maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage | 1,1 x U _R |
| b. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied | 1 V |
| c. momentary value of applied voltage | between 1,1 x U _R and -1 V |
| Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods (see also Tests and Requirements in the Introduction) | 1,15 x U _R |
| Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at 85 °C | 1 V |

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 85 °C see Table 5

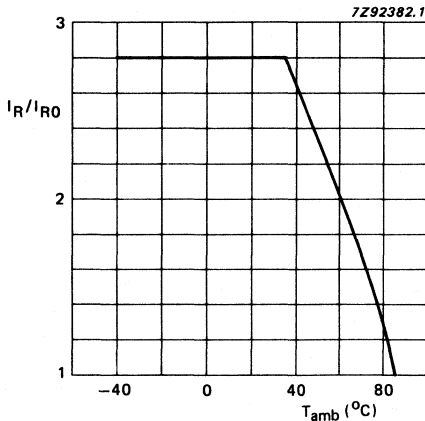


Fig. 7 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 4 to 7; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C and 100 Hz.

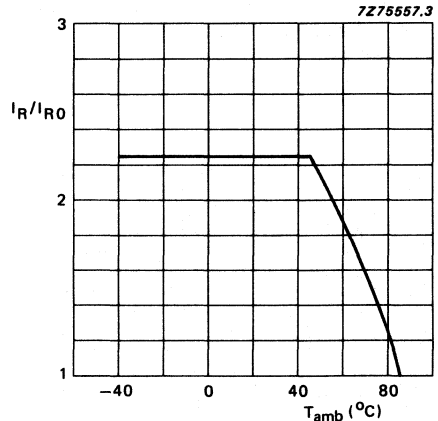


Fig. 8 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature, case sizes 00 to 05; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C and 100 Hz.

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

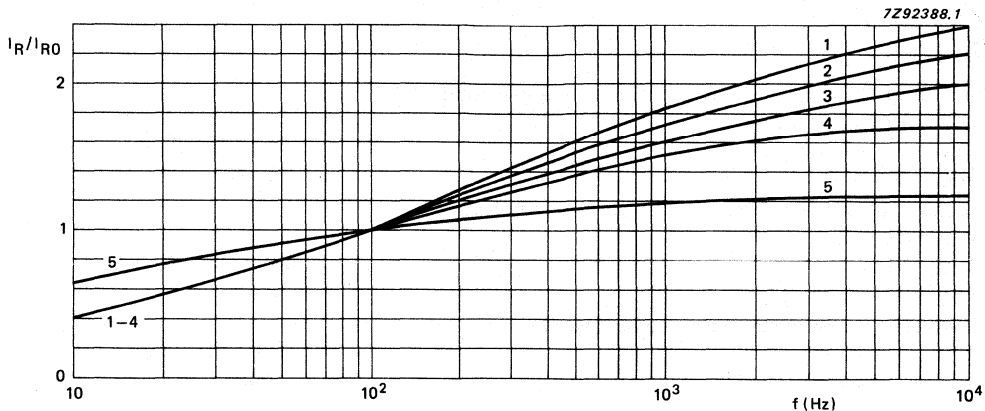


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of frequency, **case sizes 4 to 7**; I_{R0} = ripple current at 85 °C and 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 1 μ F, 100 V; curve 2 = 1,5 μ F, 100 V; curve 3 = 2,2 μ F, 100 V;
 curve 4 = \geq 3,3 μ F, 100 V; curve 5 = 16 V.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{R^2} \max$$

$I_{R \max}$ = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at a same frequency.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Case sizes 4 to 7

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application

of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$,

$U_R = 10$ to 100 V

$U_R = 160$ to 350 V

0,01 CU + 3 μA

50 μA

Maximum DC leakage current 5 minutes after application

of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

$U_R = 10$ to 100 V

$U_R = 160$ to 350 V

see Table 5 (0,002 CU + 4 μA)

20 μA

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

0,001 CU + 1 μA

0,002 CU + 4 μA

Case sizes 00 to 05

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application

of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

0,006 CU + 4 μA

Maximum DC leakage current 5 minutes after application

of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,002 CU)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

< 0,0005 CU

0,002 CU

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) the DC leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the DC leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

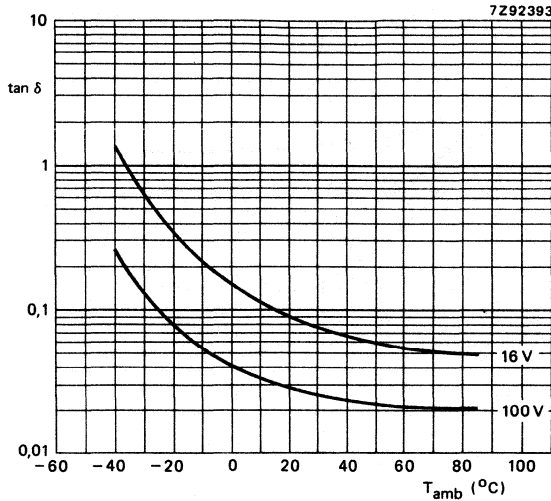


Fig. 10 Typical tan δ as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz, case sizes 4 to 7.

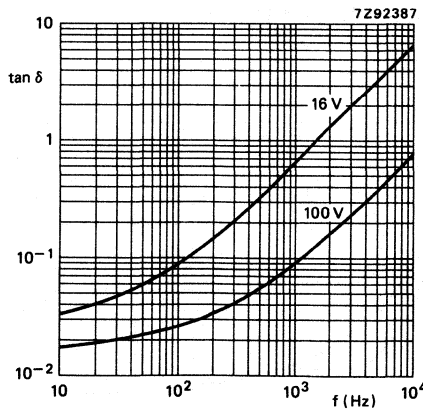


Fig. 11 Typical tan δ as a function of frequency at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, case sizes 4 to 7.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson Circuit)

see Table 5

Impedance (Z)

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 10 kHz or 100 kHz,
measured by a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

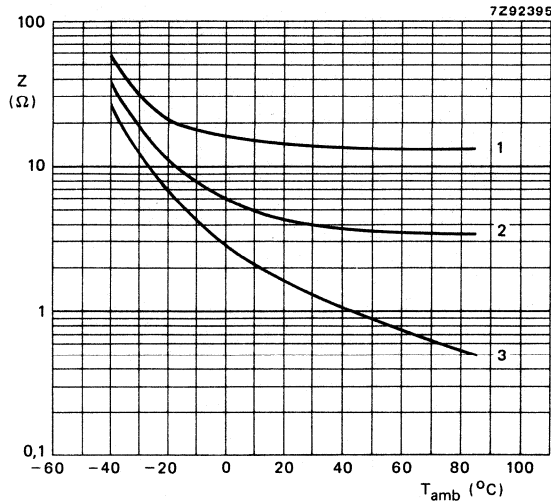


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz, **case size 4**.
Curve 1 = 1 μF , 100 V; curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 100 V;
curve 3 = 47 μF , 16 V.

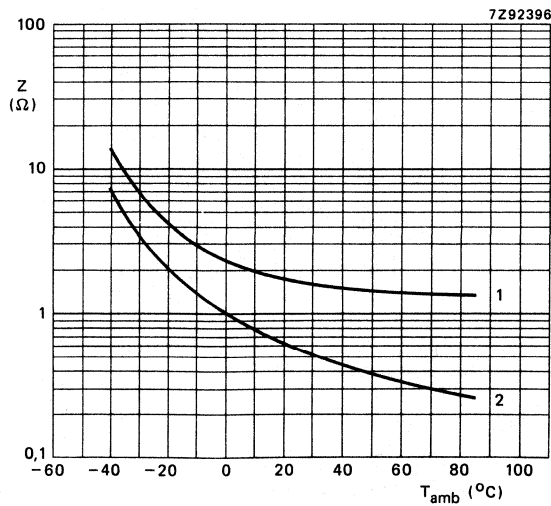


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz, **case size 5**.
Curve 1 = 10 μF , 100 V; curve 2 = 150 μF , 16 V.

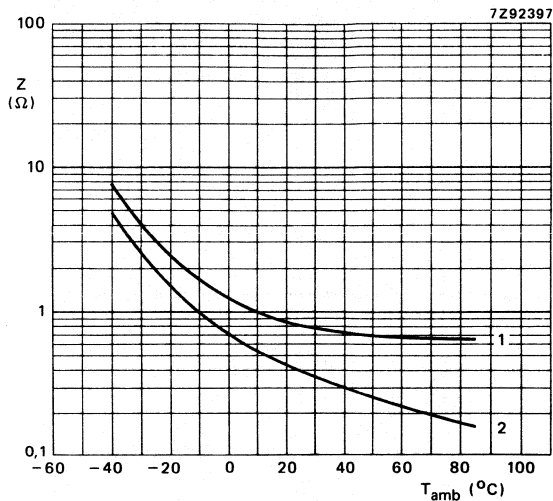


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz, case size 6.
Curve 1 = 22 μF, 100 V; curve 2 = 220 μF, 16 V.

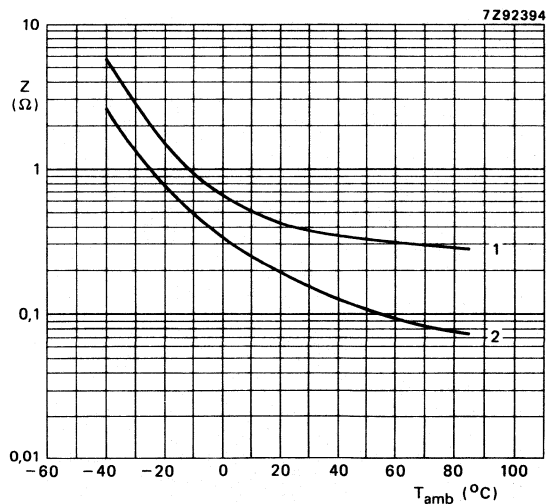


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of ambient temperature at 10 kHz, case size 7.
Curve 1 = 47 μF, 100 V; curve 2 = 470 μF, 16 V.

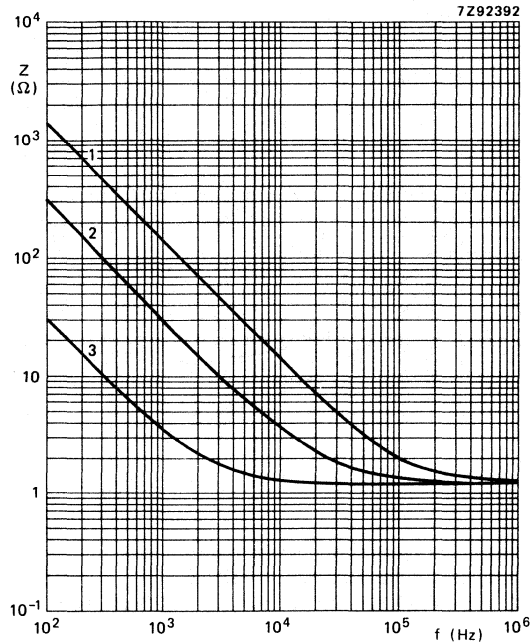


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, **case size 4**.
Curve 1 = 1 μ F, 100 V; curve 2 = 4,7 μ F, 100 V;
curve 3 = 47 μ F, 16 V.

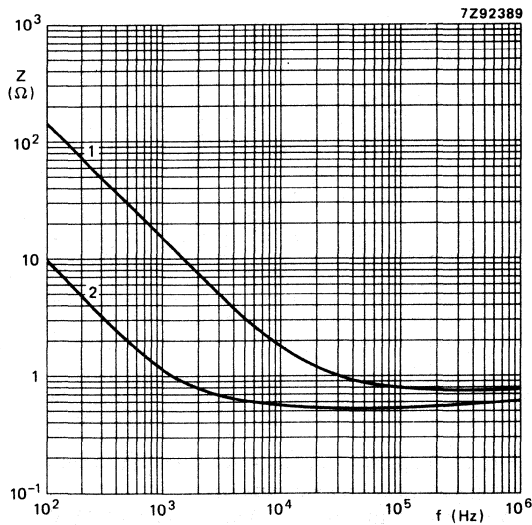


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, **case size 5**.
Curve 1 = 10 μ F, 100 V; curve 2 = 150 μ F, 16 V.

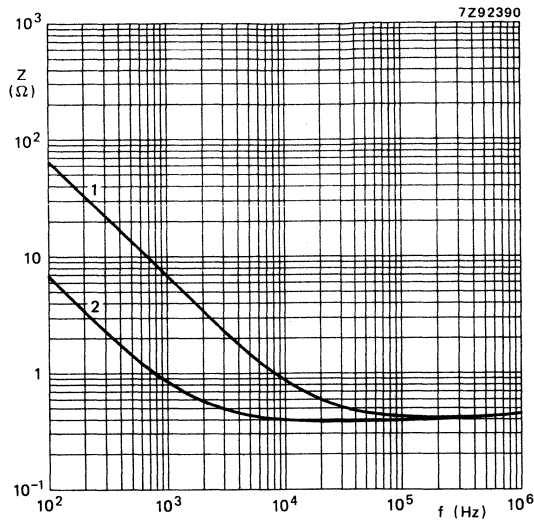


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 6.
Curve 1 = 22 μF, 100 V; curve 2 = 220 μF, 16 V.

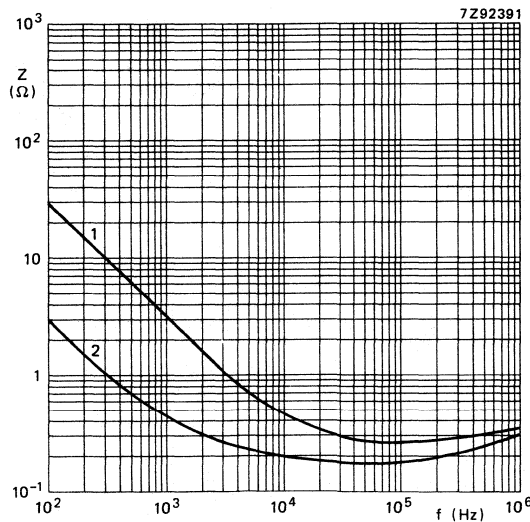




Fig. 19 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 20 °C, case size 7.
Curve 1 = 47 μF, 100 V; curve 2 = 470 μF, 16 V.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

| → |  |  |
|-----------|---|---|
| case size | (style 1) nH | (style 2) nH |
| 4 | 15 | |
| 5 | 35 | |
| 6 | 69 | |
| 7 | 38 | |
| 00 | 38 | |
| 01 | 46 | |
| 02 | 48 | 39 |
| 03 | 50 | 39 |
| 04 | 54 | 39 |
| 05 | 59 | 39 |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

case sizes 4 to 7

-40 to + 85 °C

case sizes 00 to 05, $U_R \leq 100$ V

-55 to + 85 °C

case sizes 00 to 05, $U_R \geq 160$ V

-40 to + 85 °C

→

Typical life time

case sizes 4 and 5

case sizes 6 and 7

case sizes 00 to 05

| $T_{amb} = 105$ °C | $T_{amb} = 85$ °C | $T_{amb} = 40$ °C |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| ≥ 3000 hours | $\geq 10\ 000$ hours | $\geq 200\ 000$ hours |
| ≥ 5000 hours | $\geq 15\ 000$ hours | $\geq 300\ 000$ hours |
| | $\geq 15\ 000$ hours | $\geq 300\ 000$ hours (approx. 40 years) |

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85$ °C

500 hours

PACKING

All capacitors are supplied in boxes; case sizes 4 to 7 are on bandoliers in boxes or on reels. The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 7.

Table 7 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors per box or per reel |
|-----------|--|
| 4 | 1000 |
| 5 | 500 |
| 6 | 500 |
| 7 | 500 |
| 00 | 200 |
| 01 | 200 |
| 02 | 200 |
| 03 | 200 |
| 04 | 100 |
| 05 | 100 |

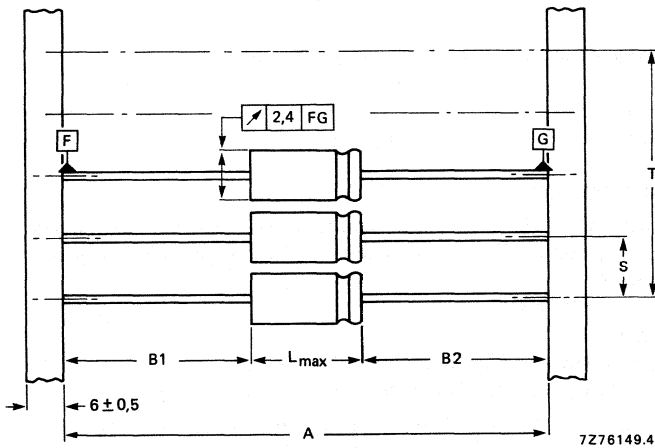


Fig. 20 Capacitors (case sizes 4 to 7) on bandoliers; the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 8 for dimensions A, S, T and L_{max} . $|B1 - B2| = 1,4 + (L_{max} - L)$ mm max.

Table 8 Dimensions of bandolier (dimensions in mm)

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{max} |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | $n < 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| 4 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 5 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 6 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 18,5 |
| 7 | $73 \pm 1,6$ | $15 \pm 0,75$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $15 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 25,0 |

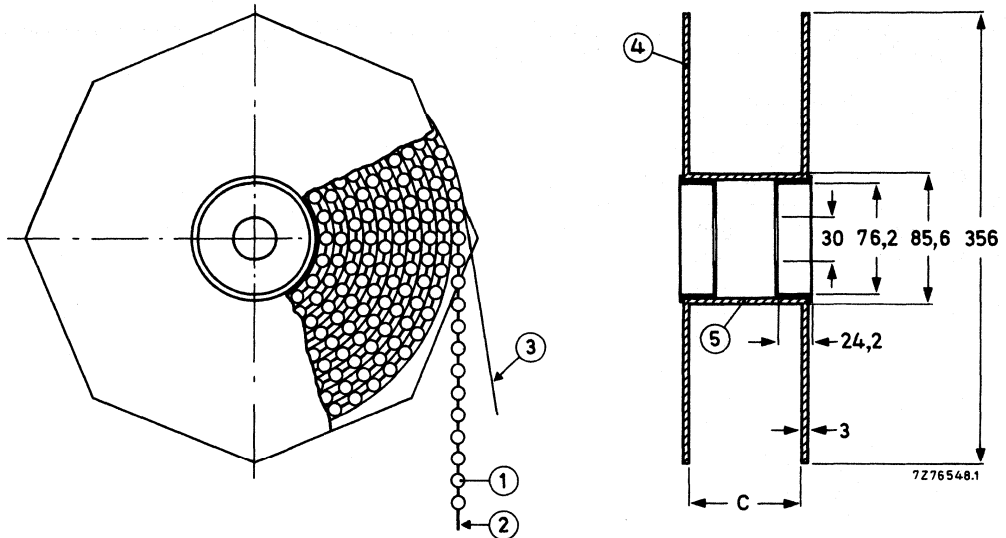


Fig. 21 Capacitors (case sizes 4 to 7) on bandoliers on reel; dimension C is 88,5 mm; the overall width of the reel is 99,5 mm.

1 = capacitor
2 = bandolier

3 = paper
4 = flange

5 = cylinder

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements – non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the exception of IEC 384-4 subclause 4.13, for which the following is valid.

IEC 384-4 subclause 4.13.

IEC 68-2 test method: no reference.

Name of test: Endurance.

Procedure: 6000 hours at U_R and 85 °C for case sizes 4 and 5;
8000 hours at U_R and 85 °C for case sizes 6 to 05.

Requirements: No visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, insulation resistance > 100 MΩ, no breakdown or flashover, DC leakage current ≤ stated limit, $\tan \delta \leq 1,3 \times$ stated limit, impedance at 10 kHz ≤ 2 x stated limit, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$.

After shelf life test, 500 hours, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 minutes, at least 24 hours and not more than 48 hours before measurements.

Note

Capacitors 2222 132 and 2222 133 are miniature and small types, long-life grade.

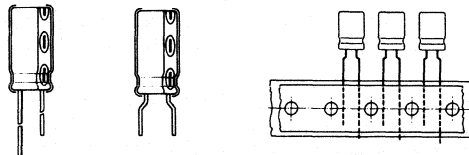
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 134

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature types
- Single ended
- Low profile (5 mm)
- General purpose



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0.10 to 100 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6.3 to 50 V |
| Category temperature range | -40 to $+85$ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 500 hours |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, G.P. grade DIN 41332/DIN 41259 |
| Climatic category | 40/085/56 |
| IEC 68 | GPF |
| DIN 40040 | |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 |
| 0.10 | | | | | | 51 |
| 0.15 | | | | | | 51 |
| 0.22 | | | | | | 51 |
| 0.33 | | | | | | 51 |
| 0.47 | | | | | | 51 |
| 0.68 | | | | | | 51 |
| 1.0 | | | | | | 51 |
| 1.5 | | | | | | 51 |
| 2.2 | | | | | 51 | 52 |
| 3.3 | | | | 51 | 52 | 53 |
| 4.7 | | | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 |
| 6.8 | | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 |
| 10 | 51 | | 52 | 54 | 54 | 55 |
| 15 | 52 | 53 | 54 | | 55 | |
| 22 | 53 | | 54 | | 55 | |
| 33 | | 54 | | 55 | | |
| 47 | 54 | | 55 | | | |
| 68 | | 55 | | | | |
| 100 | 55 | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions mm |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| 51 | $\phi 3 \times 5$ |
| 52 | $\phi 3.5 \times 5$ |
| 53 | $\phi 4 \times 5$ |
| 54 | $\phi 5 \times 5$ |
| 55 | $\phi 6.3 \times 5$ |

APPLICATION

These low profile capacitors (5 mm) have a high CU-product per unit volume, and are mainly used for smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in consumer applications, such as audio and television circuits. They may also be used in timing and delay circuit applications.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched and oxidised aluminium electrodes which are rolled up with a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is then fitted into an insulated aluminium case.

The capacitor is available in 3 styles:

Style 1: long leads, in boxes

Style 2: bent short leads, in boxes

Style 3: long leads, on tape, in ammpack

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

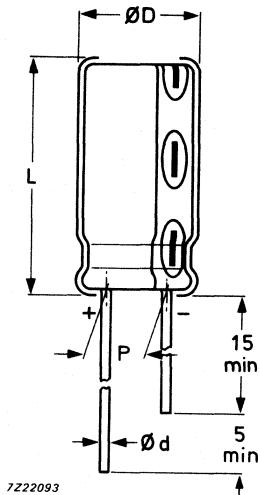


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions.

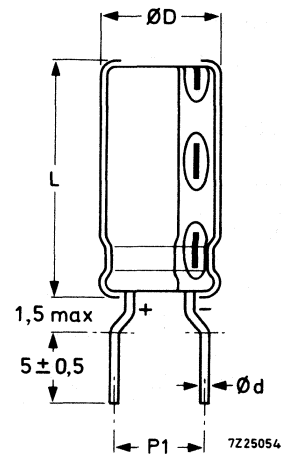
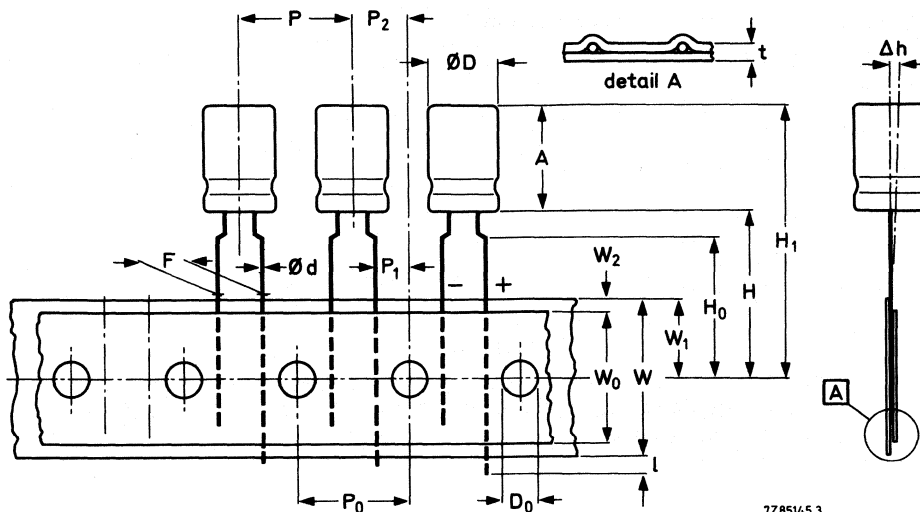


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 3 for dimensions.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | dimensions | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | nominal dimensions | $\varnothing d$ | $\varnothing D_{\text{max}}$ | L_{max} | P | P1 |
| 51 | $\varnothing 3 \times 5$ | 0.4 | 3.5 | 6 | 1.0 ± 0.3 | 2.5 ± 0.5 |
| 52 | $\varnothing 3.5 \times 5$ | 0.4 | 4.0 | 6 | 1.0 ± 0.3 | 2.5 ± 0.5 |
| 53 | $\varnothing 4 \times 5$ | 0.45 | 4.5 | 6 | 1.5 ± 0.5 | 5.0 ± 0.5 |
| 54 | $\varnothing 5 \times 5$ | 0.45 | 5.5 | 6 | 2.0 ± 0.5 | 5.0 ± 0.5 |
| 55 | $\varnothing 6.3 \times 5$ | 0.45 | 6.8 | 6 | 2.5 ± 0.5 | 5.0 ± 0.5 |



7285145.3

Fig. 3 Style 3; see Table 4 for dimensions.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | case size | | | | | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|--------------|
| | | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | |
| Body diameter | ϕD | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 6.8 | maximum |
| Body height | A | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | maximum |
| Lead wire diameter | ϕd | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 | ± 0.05 |
| Component pitch | P | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | ± 1.0 |
| Feed hole pitch | P_0 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | $\pm 0.2^*$ |
| Hole centre to lead | P_1 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 3.85 | 3.85 | 3.85 | ± 0.7 |
| Feed hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6.35 | 6.35 | 6.35 | 6.35 | 6.35 | ± 1.0 |
| Lead to lead distance | F | 2.5 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | $+0.8/-0.2$ |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 2.0 |
| Tape width | W | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.0 | ± 0.5 |
| Hold down tape width | W_0 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | minimum |
| Hole position | W_1 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | $+0.75/-0.5$ |
| Hold down tape position | W_2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | maximum |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | ± 0.75 |
| Lead wire clinch height | H_0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | ± 0.5 |
| Component height | H_1 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 | maximum |
| Lead wire protrusion | l | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | maximum |
| Feed hole diameter | D_0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | ± 0.3 |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | maximum |

* Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- rated voltage
- negative terminal identification
- group number (134)
- code indicating factory of origin
- name of manufacturer
- date code, in accordance with IEC 62



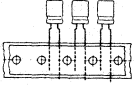
WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 5 are applicable at ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 120 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R | nominal cap. value | max. leakage current at U _R after 2 minutes | max. tan δ | case size | catalogue number 2222 134 followed by | | |
|----------------|--------------------|--|------------|-----------|---|---|---|
| | | | | |  |  |  |
| V | μF | μA | | | style 1 | style 2 | ammopack style 3 |
| 6.3 | 10 | 3 | 0.24 | 51 | 53109 | 63109 | 33109 |
| | 15 | 3 | 0.24 | 52 | 53159 | 63159 | 33159 |
| | 22 | 3 | 0.24 | 53 | 53229 | 63229 | 33229 |
| | 47 | 3 | 0.24 | 54 | 53479 | 63479 | 33479 |
| | 100 | 7 | 0.24 | 55 | 53101 | 63101 | 33101 |
| 10 | 6.8 | 3 | 0.20 | 51 | 54688 | 64688 | 34688 |
| | 15 | 3 | 0.20 | 53 | 54159 | 64159 | 34159 |
| | 33 | 4 | 0.20 | 54 | 54339 | 64339 | 34339 |
| | 68 | 7 | 0.20 | 55 | 54689 | 64689 | 34689 |
| 16 | 4.7 | 3 | 0.16 | 51 | 55478 | 65478 | 35478 |
| | 6.8 | 3 | 0.16 | 52 | 55688 | 65688 | 35688 |
| | 10 | 3 | 0.16 | 52 | 55109 | 65109 | 35109 |
| | 15 | 3 | 0.16 | 54 | 55159 | 65159 | 35159 |
| | 22 | 4 | 0.16 | 54 | 55229 | 65229 | 35229 |
| | 47 | 8 | 0.16 | 55 | 55479 | 65479 | 35479 |
| 25 | 3.3 | 3 | 0.14 | 51 | 56338 | 66338 | 36338 |
| | 4.7 | 3 | 0.14 | 52 | 56478 | 66478 | 36478 |
| | 6.8 | 3 | 0.14 | 53 | 56688 | 66688 | 36688 |
| | 10 | 3 | 0.14 | 54 | 56109 | 66109 | 36109 |
| | 33 | 9 | 0.14 | 55 | 56339 | 66339 | 36339 |
| 35 | 2.2 | 3 | 0.12 | 51 | 50228 | 60228 | 30228 |
| | 3.3 | 3 | 0.12 | 52 | 50338 | 60338 | 30338 |
| | 4.7 | 3 | 0.12 | 53 | 50478 | 60478 | 30478 |
| | 6.8 | 3 | 0.12 | 54 | 50688 | 60688 | 30688 |
| | 10 | 4 | 0.12 | 54 | 50109 | 60109 | 30109 |
| | 15 | 6 | 0.12 | 55 | 50159 | 60159 | 30159 |
| | 22 | 8 | 0.12 | 55 | 50229 | 60229 | 30229 |
| 50 | 0.1 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51107 | 61107 | 31107 |
| | 0.15 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51157 | 61157 | 31157 |
| | 0.22 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51227 | 61227 | 31227 |
| | 0.33 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51337 | 61337 | 31337 |
| | 0.47 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51477 | 61477 | 31477 |
| | 0.68 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51687 | 61687 | 31687 |
| | 1.0 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51108 | 61108 | 31108 |
| | 1.5 | 3 | 0.10 | 51 | 51158 | 61158 | 31158 |
| | 2.2 | 3 | 0.10 | 52 | 51228 | 61228 | 31228 |
| | 3.3 | 3 | 0.10 | 53 | 51338 | 61338 | 31338 |
| | 4.7 | 3 | 0.10 | 54 | 51478 | 61478 | 31478 |
| | 6.8 | 4 | 0.10 | 55 | 51688 | 61688 | 31688 |
| | 10 | 5 | 0.10 | 55 | 51109 | 61109 | 31109 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 120 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

$< 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

40 to 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

$1.15 \times U_R$

U_R

Ripple voltage = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

1. maximum (DC + peak AC) voltage
2. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
3. momentary value of applied voltage

$\leq 1.15 \times U_R$

$\leq U_R$

2 V
between
 $1.15 \times U_R$
and -2 V

1 V
between U_R
and -1 V

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

$1.2 \times U_R$

$1.15 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

1 V

1 V

Leakage current

Maximum leakage current 2 minutes following application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0.01 CU or $3\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, whichever is greater)

If, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) the leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for a number of hours will cause the leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 5.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-40 to + 85 °C

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

500 hours

PACKING

Style 1 and style 2 capacitors are supplied in boxes, and style 3 capacitors are supplied in ammopack. The packing quantities per style are shown in Table 6.

Table 6 Packing quantities

| case size | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 ammopack |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 51 ϕ 3 x 5 | 3000 | 4000 | 2000 |
| 52 ϕ 3.5 x 5 | 3000 | 4000 | 2000 |
| 53 ϕ 4 x 5 | 2000 | 3000 | 2000 |
| 54 ϕ 5 x 5 | 2000 | 3000 | 2000 |
| 55 ϕ 6.3 x 5 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1 – Tests and requirements, non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors. The following addition also applies:

Following the shelf life test (500 hours at 85 °C), the capacitors shall meet the same requirements as after the endurance test.

Note: Capacitors 2222 134 are miniature, general purpose types.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

THE DATA REPORTED IN THIS REPORT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND IS NOT TO BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRONIC OR MECHANICAL, INCLUDING PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING, OR BY ANY INFORMATION STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEM, WITHOUT PERMISSION IN WRITING FROM THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

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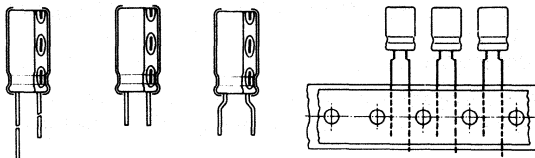
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 135

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature and small types
- Single ended
- Low impedance
- High frequency operation
- High ripple current
- Industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 22 to 10 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R | 6.3 to 100 V |
| Category temperature range | -55 to + 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ case diameter ≥ 10 mm | 2000 hours |
| case diameter 8 mm | 1000 hours |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1000 hours |
| Basic specifications | IEC 384-4, L.L. Grade DIN 41240 (type 1) DIN 41259 |
| Climatic category IEC 68 DIN 40040 | 55/105/56 FMF |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 63 | 100 |
| 22 47 | | | | | | | 8 x 12 | 8 x 12 |
| 100 220 330 | | 8 x 12 | 8 x 12 8 x 15 | 8 x 15 | 8 x 12 8 x 20 10 x 20 | 10 x 15 12.5 x 20 | 12.5 x 20 | 12.5 x 20 16 x 25 16 x 30 18 x 25 |
| 470 680 | 10 x 12.5 10 x 15 | 8 x 15 | 8 x 20 10 x 20 | 10 x 20 | 12.5 x 25 | 12.5 x 25 18 x 15 | 16 x 25 16 x 30 | 16 x 40 18 x 40 |
| 1000 1200 1500 2200 | 12.5 x 20 | 12.5 x 15 10 x 30 12.5 x 25 18 x 15 12.5 x 35 | 10 x 30 12.5 x 25 12.5 x 30 16 x 20 | 12.5 x 25 12.5 x 30 12.5 x 40 18 x 20 | 12.5 x 30 16 x 20 16 x 25 12.5 x 40 16 x 35 18 x 30 18 x 40 | 16 x 30 16 x 40 18 x 40 | 16 x 40 | |
| 3300 4700 6800 | 12.5 x 35 16 x 30 | 16 x 30 18 x 25 16 x 35 18 x 30 | 16 x 35 18 x 30 18 x 35 | 18 x 40 | | | | |
| 10 000 | 18 x 30 | 18 x 40 | | | | | | |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have low impedance and ESR, and are designed for high frequency applications in switching power supplies, DC-DC converters, telephony and industrial control applications.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor is manufactured from etched, oxidised foil electrodes, which are rolled up using a paper strip impregnated with an electrolyte. The capacitor is then fitted into an insulated aluminium case.

The capacitor is available in 4 styles:

Style 1: long leads, in boxes

Style 2: straight short leads (non preferred), in boxes

Style 3: bent short leads (non preferred), case size 8 x 12 only, in boxes

Style 4: long leads, on tape on reel, positive leading, case size 8 x 12 only

MECHANICAL DATA

All dimensions in mm

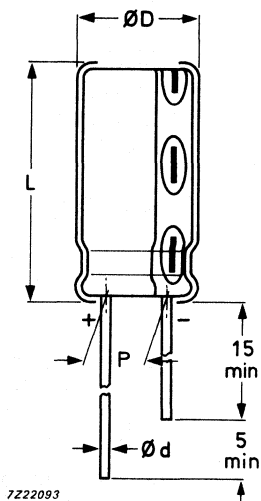


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 2 for dimensions.

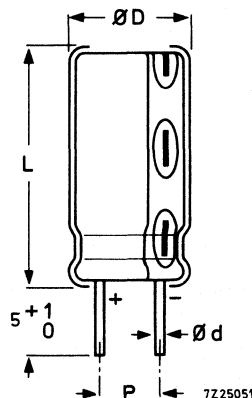


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 2 for dimensions.

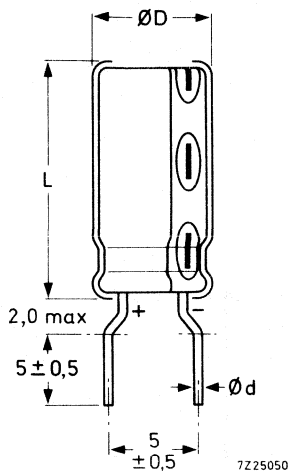
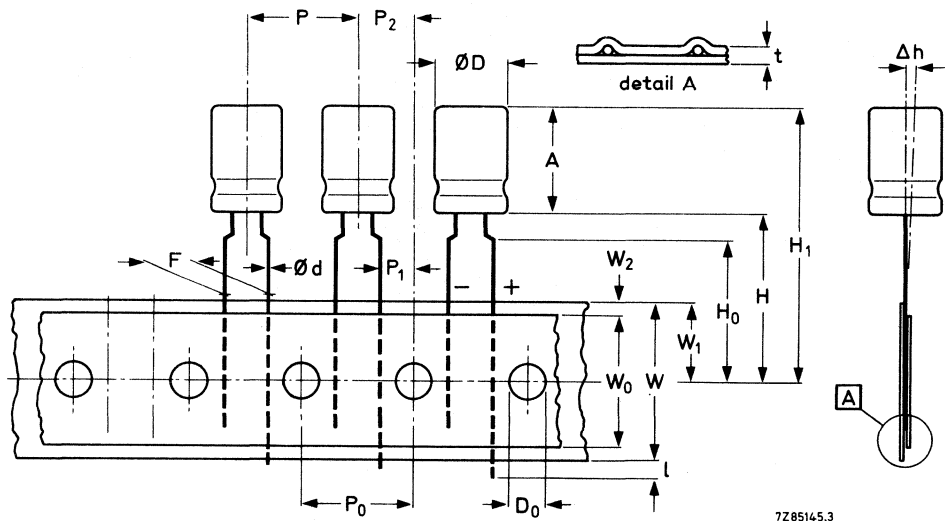


Fig. 3 Style 3; see Table 2 for dimensions.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 2 Physical dimensions

| case size | $\varnothing d$ | $\varnothing D_{\text{max}}$ | L_{max} | $P \pm 0.5$ |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| 8 x 12 | 0.6 | 8.5 | 13 | 3.5 |
| 8 x 15 | 0.6 | 8.5 | 16 | 3.5 |
| 8 x 20 | 0.6 | 8.5 | 21 | 3.5 |
| 10 x 12.5 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 13.5 | 5 |
| 10 x 15 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 16 | 5 |
| 10 x 20 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 21 | 5 |
| 10 x 30 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 31 | 5 |
| 12.5 x 15 | 0.6 | 13 | 16 | 5 |
| 12.5 x 20 | 0.6 | 13 | 21 | 5 |
| 12.5 x 25 | 0.6 | 13 | 26 | 5 |
| 12.5 x 30 | 0.6 | 13 | 31 | 5 |
| 12.5 x 35 | 0.6 | 13 | 36 | 5 |
| 12.5 x 40 | 0.6 | 13 | 41 | 5 |
| 16 x 20 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 21 | 7.5 |
| 16 x 25 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 26 | 7.5 |
| 16 x 30 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 31 | 7.5 |
| 16 x 35 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 36 | 7.5 |
| 16 x 40 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 41 | 7.5 |
| 18 x 15 | 0.8 | 18.5 | 16 | 7.5 |
| 18 x 20 | 0.8 | 18.5 | 21 | 7.5 |
| 18 x 25 | 0.8 | 18.5 | 26 | 7.5 |
| 18 x 30 | 0.8 | 18.5 | 31 | 7.5 |
| 18 x 35 | 0.8 | 18.5 | 36 | 7.5 |
| 18 x 40 | 0.8 | 18.5 | 41 | 7.5 |



7Z85145.3

→ direction of tape transport

Fig. 4 Style 4, case size 8 x 12 only; see Table 3 for dimensions.

Table 3 Taping dimensions

| parameter | symbol | dimensions | tolerance |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| body diameter | ϕD | 8.5 | maximum |
| body height | A | 13.0 | maximum |
| lead wire diameter | ϕd | 0.6 | ± 0.05 |
| component pitch | P | 12.7 | ± 1.0 |
| feed hole pitch | P_0 | 12.7 | $\pm 0.2^*$ |
| hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3.85 | ± 0.7 |
| feed hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6.35 | ± 1.0 |
| lead-to-lead distance | F | 5.0 | $+0.8/-0.2$ |
| component alignment | Δh | 0 | ± 2.0 |
| tape width | W | 18.0 | ± 0.5 |
| hold down tape width | W_0 | 12.5 | minimum |
| hole position | W_1 | 9.0 | $+0.75/-0.5$ |
| hold down tape position | W_2 | 2.5 | maximum |
| height of component from tape centre | H | 20.0 | ± 0.75 |
| lead wire clinch height | H_0 | 16.0 | ± 0.5 |
| component height | H_1 | 32.0 | maximum |
| lead wire protrusion | l | 2.0 | maximum |
| feed hole diameter | D_0 | 4.0 | ± 0.3 |
| total tape thickness | t | 0.9 | maximum |

* Cumulative pitch error: ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- rated voltage
- negative terminal identification
- group number (135)
- code indicating factory of origin
- name of manufacturer
- date code, in accordance with IEC 62

WARNING

NON-SOLID ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS MAY CONTAIN CHEMICALS WHICH CAN BE REGARDED AS HAZARDOUS IF HANDLED INCORRECTLY. CAUTION IS NECESSARY IF THE OUTER CASE IS FRACTURED.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise stated, all electrical values in Table 4 are applicable at ambient temperatures of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 120 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 4 Electrical data

| UR | nominal cap. value μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 105^\circ\text{C}$ | | max. leakage current at UR after T minute μA | max. $\tan \delta$ at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ at 120 Hz | max. ESR at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ at 120 Hz Ω | max. impedance at $T_{\text{amb}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ at 100 kHz Ω | case size $\phi \times L$ mm | catalogue number 2222 135 followed by | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|------------|--|---|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|
| | | 120 Hz mA | 100 kHz mA | | | | | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 | | |
| 6.3 | 470 | 289 | 361 | 89 | 0.22 | 0.78 | 0.28 | 10 x 12.5 | 53471 | 63471 | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | on reel style 4 |
| | 680 | 346 | 432 | 129 | 0.22 | 0.54 | 0.22 | 10 x 15 | 53681 | 63681 | 53471 | 63471 | 64331 | 84331 |
| | 2200 | 739 | 821 | 416 | 0.24 | 0.19 | 0.28 | 12.5 x 20 | 53222 | 63222 | 53681 | 63681 | 64102 | 64471 |
| | 4700 | 1160 | 1290 | 898 | 0.28 | 0.099 | 0.053 | 12.5 x 35 | 53472 | 63472 | 54102 | 64102 | 64152 | 64152 |
| | 6800 | 1460 | 1620 | 1285 | 0.32 | 0.078 | 0.055 | 16 x 30 | 53682 | 63682 | 54152 | 64152 | 64222 | 64222 |
| | 10000 | 1650 | 1830 | 1890 | 0.40 | 0.066 | 0.047 | 18 x 30 | 53103 | 63103 | 90001 | 90002 | 90001 | 90002 |
| | 330 | 204 | 292 | 99 | 0.19 | 0.96 | 0.33 | 8 x 12 | 54331 | 84331 | 90001 | 90002 | 90001 | 90002 |
| | 470 | 294 | 367 | 141 | 0.19 | 0.68 | 0.24 | 8 x 15 | 54471 | 84471 | 90025 | 90026 | 90025 | 90026 |
| | 1000 | 544 | 680 | 300 | 0.19 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 12.5 x 15 | 54102 | 64102 | 54472 | 64472 | 54472 | 64472 |
| | 1500 | 752 | 836 | 450 | 0.19 | 0.21 | 0.093 | 10 x 30 | 54152 | 64152 | 90003 | 90004 | 90003 | 90004 |
| 10 | 2200 | 879 | 977 | 660 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 0.073 | 12.5 x 25 | 54222 | 64222 | 90003 | 90004 | 90003 | 90004 |
| | 2200 | 1010 | 1120 | 660 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 0.080 | 18 x 15 | 90001 | 90002 | 90005 | 90006 | 90005 | 90006 |
| | 3300 | 1169 | 1300 | 990 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.052 | 12.5 x 35 | 54332 | 64332 | 90005 | 90006 | 90005 | 90006 |
| | 3300 | 1080 | 1200 | 990 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.075 | 16 x 20 | 90025 | 90026 | 90006 | 90007 | 90006 | 90007 |
| | 4700 | 1470 | 1630 | 1410 | 0.25 | 0.089 | 0.054 | 16 x 30 | 54472 | 64472 | 90007 | 90008 | 90007 | 90008 |
| | 4700 | 1470 | 1630 | 1410 | 0.25 | 0.089 | 0.053 | 18 x 25 | 90003 | 90004 | 90008 | 90009 | 90008 | 90009 |
| | 6800 | 1680 | 1870 | 2040 | 0.29 | 0.071 | 0.046 | 16 x 35 | 54682 | 64682 | 90009 | 90010 | 90009 | 90010 |
| | 6800 | 1660 | 1850 | 2040 | 0.29 | 0.071 | 0.046 | 18 x 30 | 90005 | 90006 | 90010 | 90011 | 90010 | 90011 |
| | 10000 | 2070 | 2300 | 3000 | 0.37 | 0.062 | 0.037 | 18 x 40 | 54103 | 64103 | 90011 | 90012 | 90011 | 90012 |
| | 220 | 207 | 295 | 106 | 0.16 | 1.21 | 0.33 | 8 x 12 | 55221 | 65221 | 90012 | 90013 | 90012 | 90013 |
| 16 | 330 | 259 | 370 | 158 | 0.16 | 0.81 | 0.23 | 8 x 15 | 55331 | 65331 | 55221 | 65221 | 55331 | 65331 |
| | 470 | 384 | 480 | 226 | 0.16 | 0.57 | 0.18 | 8 x 20 | 55471 | 65471 | 55331 | 65331 | 55471 | 65471 |
| | 680 | 482 | 602 | 326 | 0.16 | 0.40 | 0.14 | 10 x 20 | 55681 | 65681 | 55471 | 65471 | 55681 | 65681 |
| | 1000 | 675 | 844 | 480 | 0.16 | 0.27 | 0.091 | 10 x 30 | 55102 | 65102 | 55681 | 65681 | 55102 | 65102 |
| | 1500 | 887 | 986 | 720 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.072 | 12.5 x 25 | 55152 | 65152 | 55102 | 65102 | 55152 | 65152 |
| | 2200 | 1020 | 1130 | 1056 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.063 | 12.5 x 30 | 55222 | 65222 | 55152 | 65152 | 55222 | 65222 |
| | 2200 | 1090 | 1210 | 1056 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.073 | 16 x 20 | 90007 | 90008 | 55222 | 65222 | 90007 | 90008 |
| | 4700 | 1690 | 1860 | 2256 | 0.22 | 0.078 | 0.046 | 16 x 35 | 55472 | 65472 | 90007 | 90008 | 55472 | 65472 |
| | 4700 | 1670 | 1860 | 2256 | 0.22 | 0.078 | 0.046 | 18 x 30 | 90009 | 90010 | 55472 | 65472 | 90009 | 90010 |
| | 6800 | 1860 | 2070 | 3264 | 0.26 | 0.064 | 0.040 | 18 x 35 | 55682 | 65682 | 90010 | 90011 | 90009 | 90010 |
| 25 | 220 | 260 | 372 | 165 | 0.14 | 1.06 | 0.23 | 8 x 15 | 56221 | 66221 | 55682 | 65682 | 56221 | 66221 |
| | 470 | 484 | 605 | 353 | 0.14 | 0.50 | 0.14 | 10 x 20 | 56471 | 66471 | 56221 | 66221 | 56471 | 66471 |
| | 1000 | 793 | 991 | 750 | 0.14 | 0.24 | 0.071 | 12.5 x 25 | 56102 | 66102 | 56471 | 66471 | 56102 | 66102 |
| | 1500 | 1020 | 1130 | 1125 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.062 | 12.5 x 30 | 56152 | 66152 | 56102 | 66102 | 56152 | 66152 |
| | 2200 | 1270 | 1410 | 1650 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.044 | 12.5 x 40 | 56222 | 66222 | 56152 | 66152 | 56222 | 66222 |
| | 2200 | 1430 | 1650 | 1650 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.060 | 18 x 20 | 90012 | 90013 | 56222 | 66222 | 90012 | 90013 |
| | 3300 | 1700 | 1890 | 2475 | 0.18 | 0.091 | 0.045 | 16 x 35 | 56332 | 66332 | 90012 | 90013 | 90012 | 90013 |
| | 3300 | 1680 | 1870 | 2475 | 0.18 | 0.091 | 0.045 | 18 x 30 | 90014 | 90015 | 56332 | 66332 | 90014 | 90015 |
| | 4700 | 2100 | 2330 | 3525 | 0.20 | 0.071 | 0.036 | 18 x 40 | 56472 | 66472 | 90015 | 90016 | 90014 | 90015 |
| | 4700 | 2100 | 2330 | 3525 | 0.20 | 0.071 | 0.036 | 18 x 40 | 56472 | 66472 | 90016 | 90017 | 90015 | 90016 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 4 (continued)

| UR | nominal cap. value μF | max. RMS ripple current at Tamb = 105 °C | | max. leakage current at UR after 1 minute μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR at Tamb = 20 °C at 20 Hz Ω | max. impedance at Tamb = 20 °C at 100 kHz Ω | case size φ x L mm | catalogue number 2222 135 followed by | | | |
|------|--------------------------|--|---------------|---|------------|--|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 120 Hz mA | 100 kHz mA | | | | | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | style 4 |
| 35 | 100 | 209 | 298 | 105 | 0.12 | 2.00 | 0.32 | 8 x 12 | 50101 | 80101 | 60101 | 20101 |
| | 220 | 341 | 487 | 231 | 0.12 | 0.91 | 0.18 | 8 x 20 | 50221 | 80221 | 60221 | |
| | 330 | 428 | 611 | 347 | 0.12 | 0.61 | 0.13 | 10 x 20 | 50331 | 60331 | | |
| | 680 | 800 | 1000 | 714 | 0.12 | 0.30 | 0.070 | 12.5 x 25 | 50681 | 60681 | | |
| | 1000 | 920 | 1150 | 1050 | 0.12 | 0.20 | 0.061 | 12.5 x 30 | 50102 | 60102 | | |
| | 1200 | 984 | 1230 | 1050 | 0.12 | 0.20 | 0.071 | 16 x 20 | 90016 | 90017 | | |
| | 1500 | 1300 | 1450 | 1260 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.062 | 16 x 25 | 50122 | 60122 | | |
| | 1720 | 1280 | 1420 | 1575 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.043 | 12.5 x 40 | 50152 | 60152 | | |
| | 2200 | 1720 | 1910 | 2310 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.044 | 16 x 35 | 50222 | 60222 | | |
| | 2200 | 1700 | 1890 | 2310 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.044 | 18 x 30 | 90018 | 90019 | | |
| | 3300 | 2120 | 2360 | 3465 | 0.16 | 0.081 | 0.035 | 18 x 40 | 50332 | 60332 | | |
| | 50 | 100 | 317 | 453 | 150 | 0.10 | 1.66 | 0.20 | 10 x 15 | 51101 | 61101 | |
| 330 | | 603 | 861 | 495 | 0.10 | 0.51 | 0.081 | 12.5 x 20 | 51331 | 61331 | | |
| 470 | | 808 | 1010 | 705 | 0.10 | 0.36 | 0.068 | 12.5 x 25 | 51471 | 61471 | | |
| 470 | | 936 | 1170 | 705 | 0.10 | 0.36 | 0.074 | 18 x 15 | 90021 | 90022 | | |
| 1000 | | 1360 | 1700 | 1500 | 0.10 | 0.17 | 0.050 | 16 x 30 | 51102 | 61102 | | |
| 2200 | | 2000 | 2220 | 2250 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.035 | 16 x 40 | 51152 | 61152 | | |
| 63 | 47 | 168 | 240 | 89 | 0.08 | 2.83 | 0.56 | 8 x 12 | 58479 | 68479 | 28479 | |
| | 220 | 457 | 653 | 416 | 0.08 | 0.61 | 0.16 | 12.5 x 20 | 58221 | 68221 | | |
| | 470 | 795 | 994 | 888 | 0.08 | 0.29 | 0.091 | 16 x 25 | 58471 | 68471 | | |
| | 680 | 1010 | 1260 | 1285 | 0.08 | 0.20 | 0.065 | 16 x 30 | 58681 | 68681 | | |
| | 1000 | 1290 | 1610 | 1890 | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.049 | 16 x 40 | 58102 | 68102 | | |
| | 100 | 22 | 130 | 260 | 66 | 0.07 | 5.28 | 0.53 | 8 x 12 | 59229 | 69229 | 29229 |
| 100 | | 470 | 671 | 300 | 0.07 | 1.17 | 0.15 | 12.5 x 20 | 59101 | 69101 | | |
| 220 | | 756 | 1080 | 660 | 0.07 | 0.53 | 0.086 | 16 x 25 | 59221 | 69221 | | |
| 330 | | 952 | 1360 | 990 | 0.07 | 0.36 | 0.062 | 16 x 30 | 59331 | 69331 | | |
| 330 | | 875 | 1250 | 990 | 0.07 | 0.36 | 0.074 | 18 x 25 | 90023 | 90024 | | |
| 470 | | 1280 | 1600 | 1410 | 0.07 | 0.25 | 0.047 | 16 x 40 | 59471 | 69471 | | |
| 680 | 1410 | 1770 | 2040 | 2040 | 0.07 | 0.18 | 0.043 | 18 x 40 | 59681 | 69681 | | |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 120 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

Ratio between capacitance values at $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 120 Hz

see Table 5

Table 5 Ratio of capacitance at low temperatures

| rated voltage | $\frac{C \text{ at } -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}{C \text{ at } +20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}$ |
|---------------|---|
| 6.3 V | ≥ 0.7 |
| 10 - 100 V | ≥ 0.8 |

Voltage

Rated voltage = maximum permissible voltage

Ripple voltage* = maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

1. maximum (DC plus peak AC) voltage
2. maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied
3. momentary value of applied voltage

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity for short periods

| $< 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $40 \text{ to } 105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
|---|--|
| $1.15 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| $1.15 \times U_R$ | $\leq U_R$ |
| 2 V between $1.15 \times U_R$ and -2 V | 1 V between U_R and 1 V |
| $1.25 \times U_R$ | $1.15 \times U_R$ |
| 1 V | 1 V |

* Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case, the ripple current is decisive.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 4

Ripple current**

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current
 at 120 Hz and 100 kHz at $T_{amb} = 105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

DEVELOPMENT DATA

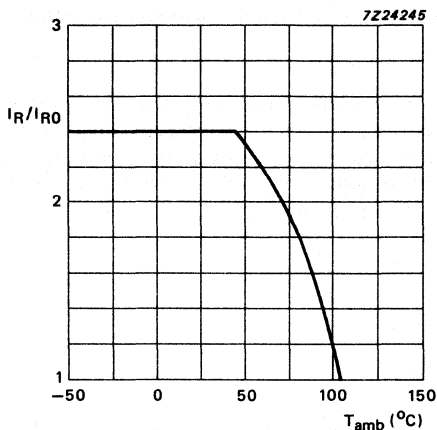


Fig. 5 Multiplier of ripple current (I_R/I_{R0}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{R0} = ripple current at 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 120 Hz.

Table 6 Frequency multiplying factor

| frequency | frequency multiplying factor | | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | 22 μF | 33 - 330 μF | 470 - 1000 μF | > 1000 μF |
| 50 Hz | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.65 | 0.80 |
| 120 Hz | 0.50 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.90 |
| 300 Hz | 0.60 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 0.95 |
| 1 kHz | 0.80 | 0.90 | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| 10 kHz | 0.90 | 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 100 kHz | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

** Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case, the ripple voltage is decisive.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analysed into a number of sinusoidal currents, then the following requirements can be satisfied:

$$\sum \frac{I_N^2}{r_N} \leq I_{Rmax}^2$$

Where:

I_{Rmax} = maximum ripple current at 120 Hz and applicable ambient temperature (see Fig. 5)

I_N = ripple current at a certain frequency

$\sqrt{r_N} = I_R/I_{R0}$ = multiplying factor at the same frequency (see Table 6)

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source having no internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged repeatedly several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents must be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitors. The RMS values of these currents should be determined and the value found must not exceed the applicable limit (also see Tests and Requirements).

Leakage current

Maximum leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ C$

see Table 4 $\leq 0.03 CU (\mu A)$

Maximum leakage current 2 minutes after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ C$

$\leq 0.01 CU (\mu A)$

If, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature ($> 40^\circ C$) the leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for a number of hours will cause the leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 4.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20^\circ C$ using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 4

Equivalent series resistance

ESR at 120 Hz and $T_{amb} = 20^\circ C$

see Table 4

Impedance

Maximum impedance at $T_{amb} = 20^\circ C$ and 100 kHz measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 4

Maximum ratio between impedances at $T_{amb} = -55^\circ C$ and $+20^\circ C$ at 120 Hz measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

≤ 3

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-55 to + 105 °C

Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 105\text{ °C}$

1000 hours

PACKING

Table 7 Packing information

DEVELOPMENT DATA

| case size | style 1 per box | style 2 per box | style 3 per box | style 4 per reel |
|--|--|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| 8 x 12 8 x 15 8 x 20 | 1000 1000 1000 | 1000 1000 1000 | 1000 1000 1000 | 800 |
| 10 x 12.5 10 x 15 10 x 20 10 x 30 | 2000 2000 2000 2000 | 1500 1500 1500 1000 | | |
| 12.5 x 15 12.5 x 20 12.5 x 25 12.5 x 30 12.5 x 35 12.5 x 40 | 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 | 1500 1500 1500 1000 1000 1000 | | |
| 16 x 20 16 x 25 16 x 30 16 x 35 16 x 40 | 500 500 500 500 500 | 800 800 600 600 600 | | |
| 18 x 15 18 x 20 18 x 25 18 x 30 18 x 35 18 x 40 | 500 500 500 250 250 250 | 600 600 600 600 600 450 | | |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 1, Tests and requirements — non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the following exception/addition:

The capacitors shall meet the requirements of the following tests:

Load life (deviation)

The following specification shall be satisfied when the capacitors are restored to 20 °C after the rated voltage has been applied for 1000 hours (for capacitors having case diameter 8 mm), or 2000 hours (for capacitors having case diameters of 10 mm or greater) at a temperature of 105 °C.

Capacitance change — $\leq \pm 20\%$ of the initial value
Dissipation factor — $\leq 200\%$ of the initial specified value
Leakage current — \leq the initial specified value

Shelf life (additional test)

The following specification shall be satisfied when the capacitors are restored to 20 °C after exposing them at a temperature of 105 °C for a period of 1000 hours, without voltage applied.

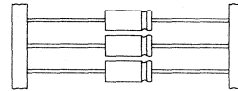
Capacitance change — $\leq \pm 20\%$ of the initial value
Dissipation factor — $\leq 150\%$ of the initial specified value
Leakage current — \leq the initial specified value

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS



- Small type
- Axial leads; metal case; ceramic seal
- Very long life
- High reliability
- Industrial and military applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series)

2,2 to 330 μ F

Tolerance on nominal capacitance

$\pm 20\%$

Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series)

6,3 to 50 V

Category temperature range

-55 to $+125$ $^{\circ}$ C

Usable temperature range

-80 to $+200$ $^{\circ}$ C

Endurance test

at $T_{amb} = 125$ $^{\circ}$ C

8000 hours

at $T_{amb} = 155$ $^{\circ}$ C

5000 hours

Basic specification

IEC 384-4, long-life grade

Climatic category, IEC 68; 6,3 V to 40 V ranges

55/125/56

Climatic category, IEC 68; 50 V range

at 50 V

55/085/56

at 40 V

55/125/56

DIN 40040

EHC/JQ/TW

NF C20-600

434

Approvals; 6,3 V to 40 V ranges



CECC 30 302-001

U.K. : Post Office;

Ministry of Defence DEF 59-44

Sweden: FOA/FTI

ESA : SCC AR.CA.O(1)AR C 121 (Ariane)

France : Liste LNZ 44-04 COS-A

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{nom}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----|----|----|----|-----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 50* |
| 2,2 | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 2,7 | | | | | 1* | |
| 3,3 | | | | | 1 | |
| 4,7 | | | | 1 | 2A | 2A |
| 5,6 | | | | 1* | | |
| 6,8 | | | | | 2A | 2A |
| 10 | | | 1 | 2A | 2A | |
| 15 | | 1 | 2A | | | 4 |
| 18 | | | | | 4* | |
| 22 | 1 | | | 2A | 4 | 5 |
| 33 | | 2A | 2A | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 39 | | | | | 6* | |
| 47 | 2A | 2A | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| 56 | | 2A* | | | | |
| 68 | | | 5 | 6 | | |
| 100 | | 4 | 6 | | | |
| 150 | | 5 | | | | |
| 220 | 5 | 6 | | | | |
| 330 | 6 | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1 | ϕ 6,5 x 15 |
| 2A | ϕ 7,5 x 20 |
| 4 | ϕ 9 x 22,5 |
| 5 | ϕ 10 x 31,5 |
| 6 | ϕ 12,5 x 31,5 |

* Available to special order;
non-CECC types.

APPLICATION

These capacitors utilize advanced technology to achieve long life, high stability, excellent reliability, very high ripple current rating and low temperature dependence. The capacitors are not subject to a limitation on charge or discharge currents and they will function in circuits where voltage reversal may occur.

The taped versions are suitable for use with automatic insertion and cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched aluminium foil electrodes separated by a layer of glass fabric tape and filled with solid semiconductive, pyrolytically formed manganese dioxide. The capacitors are housed in an aluminium case with soldered-copper axial leads and are sealed by a ceramic disc. The cathode lead is welded to the case, which is insulated with a blue transparent plastic sleeve.

The capacitors are supplied on bandoliers in boxes and on reels.

Note: A special version is available (non-CECC types), which is partly epoxy-filled, withstanding severe shock and vibration tests; see also "Tests and requirements".

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

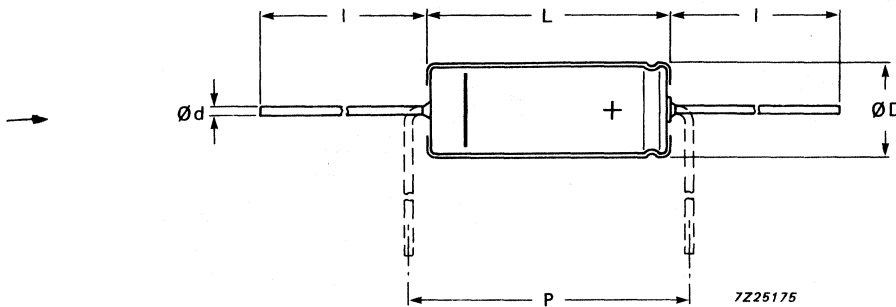


Fig. 1 For dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L, l and P, see Table 3.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | mass** approx. grams | l | ϕd^* |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|------------|---|
| 1 | 6,5 | 15 | 6,7 | 15,3 | 20 | 1,05 | 33 ± 1 | $\left. \begin{matrix} +0,06 \\ 0,6 \\ -0,05 \end{matrix} \right\}$ |
| 2A | 7,5 | 20 | 7,6 | 20,4 | 22,5 | 1,55 | 31 ± 1 | |
| 4 | 9 | 22,5 | 9,3 | 23,3 | 25 | 2,6 | 30 ± 1 | |
| 5 | 10 | 31,5 | 10,3 | 32 | 35 | 4,2 | 25 ± 1 | $\left. \begin{matrix} +0,08 \\ 0,8 \\ -0,05 \end{matrix} \right\}$ |
| 6 | 12,5 | 31,5 | 12,9 | 32 | 35 | 6,6 | 25 ± 1 | |

* Tolerance in accordance with IEC 301; not applicable to a length of 2 mm from the lead ends, which is covered by the bandoliers.

** Add 10% for epoxy-filled version.

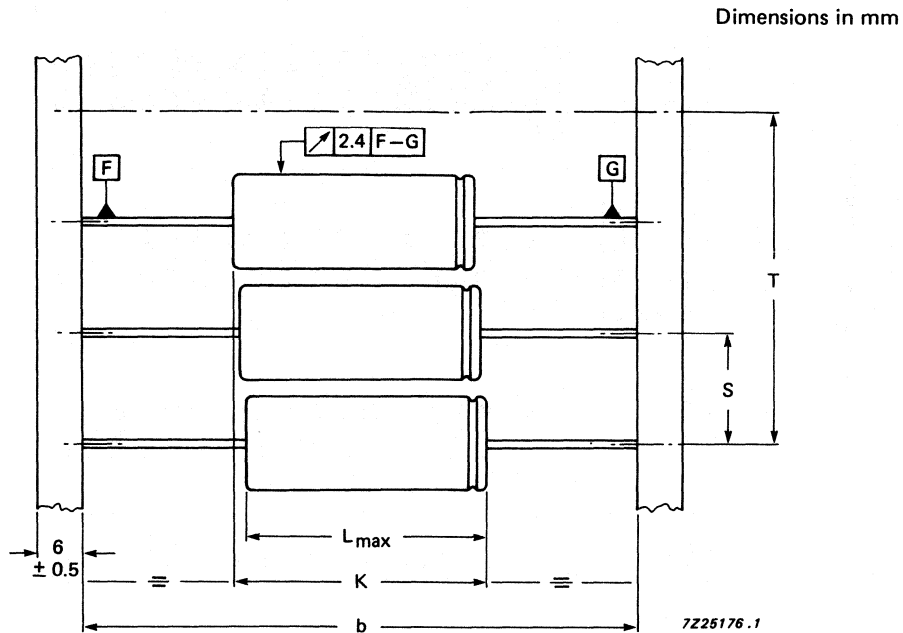


Fig. 2 Capacitors on bandoliers; the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 4 for dimensions b, S, T, L_{max} and K.

Table 4 Dimensions of bandolier

| case size | b | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L _{max} | K |
|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------|
| | | | n < 50 | 50 < n < 100 | | |
| 1 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 15,3 | 16,7 |
| 2A | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 20,4 | 21,8 |
| 4 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 23,3 | 24,7 |
| 5 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 32 | 33,4 |
| 6 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 32 | 33,4 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: group number; nominal capacitance and capacitance tolerance (in accordance with IEC 62); rated voltage and corresponding maximum temperature; grade reference LL; date code (in accordance with IEC 62); a band to identify the negative terminal and "+" signs for the positive terminal; name of manufacturer and code of origin.

Mounting

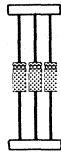
No special provisions are required for soldering to the tinned leads. (2 mm of the anode lead nearest the body are not solderable).

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%. See also the corresponding paragraphs.

Table 5 Electrical data

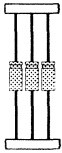
| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 125 °C, 0 V DC voltage applied mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute* μA | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 100 kHz* Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 121 followed by | | epoxy-filled version** |
|-----|-----------------|--|---|------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | in box | on reel | |
| 6,3 | 22 | 60 | 7 | 0,18 | 16,5 | 1,2 | 1 | 13229 | 23229 | 63229 |
| | 47 | 100 | 15 | 0,18 | 7,6 | 1,0 | 2A | 13479 | 23479 | 63479 |
| | 220 | 320 | 69 | 0,18 | 1,6 | 0,3 | 5 | 13221 | 23221 | 63221 |
| | 330 | 430 | 104 | 0,18 | 1,1 | 0,2 | 6 | 13331 | 23331 | 63331 |
| | 15 | 50 | 8 | 0,16 | 21,5 | 2,5 | 1 | 14159 | 24159 | 64159 |
| | 33 | 85 | 17 | 0,16 | 9,6 | 1,25 | 2A | 14339 | 24339 | 64339 |
| 10 | 47 | 115 | 24 | 0,16 | 6,8 | 0,75 | 2A | 14479 | 24479 | 64479 |
| | 100 | 190 | 50 | 0,16 | 3,2 | 0,5 | 4 | 14101 | 24101 | 64101 |
| | 150 | 280 | 75 | 0,16 | 2,1 | 0,4 | 5 | 14151 | 24151 | 64151 |
| | 220 | 380 | 110 | 0,16 | 1,4 | 0,4 | 6 | 14221 | 24221 | 64221 |
| | 16 | 45 | 16 | 0,14 | 28 | 2,5 | 1 | 15109 | 25109 | 65109 |
| | 15 | 60 | 24 | 0,14 | 19 | 1,25 | 2A | 15159 | 25159 | 65159 |
| 16 | 33 | 105 | 53 | 0,14 | 8,4 | 1,25 | 2A | 15339 | 25339 | 65339 |
| | 47 | 140 | 75 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 0,5 | 4 | 15479 | 25479 | 65479 |
| | 68 | 200 | 109 | 0,14 | 4,1 | 0,4 | 5 | 15689 | 25689 | 65689 |
| | 100 | 270 | 160 | 0,14 | 2,8 | 0,4 | 6 | 15101 | 25101 | 65101 |



* Capacitors with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.
 ** Withstands severe shock and vibration.

Table 5 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 125^\circ\text{C}$, 0 V DC voltage applied mA | max. DC leakage current at UR after 1 minute* μA | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 100 kHz* Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 121 followed by | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|---|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | in box | on reel | epoxy-filled version** |
| 25 | 4,7 | 30 | 12 | 0,14 | 60 | 5 | 1 | 16478 | 26478 | 66478 |
| | 10 | 50 | 25 | 0,14 | 28 | 2,5 | 2A | 16109 | 26109 | 66109 |
| | 22 | 85 | 55 | 0,14 | 13 | 2,5 | 2A | 16229 | 26229 | 66229 |
| | 33 | 120 | 83 | 0,14 | 8,4 | 1 | 4 | 16339 | 26339 | 66339 |
| | 47 | 160 | 118 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 0,8 | 5 | 16479 | 26479 | 66479 |
| | 68 | 220 | 170 | 0,14 | 4,1 | 0,5 | 6 | 16689 | 26689 | 66689 |
| 40 | 2,2 | 20 | 9 | 0,12 | 109 | 7,5 | 1 | 17228 | 27228 | 67228 |
| | 3,3 | 30 | 13 | 0,12 | 73 | 7,5 | 1 | 17338 | 27338 | 67338 |
| | 4,7 | 35 | 19 | 0,12 | 51 | 2,5 | 2A | 17478 | 27478 | 67478 |
| | 6,8 | 45 | 27 | 0,12 | 35 | 2,5 | 2A | 17688 | 27688 | 67688 |
| | 10 | 60 | 40 | 0,12 | 24 | 2,5 | 2A | 17109 | 27109 | 67109 |
| | 22 | 100 | 88 | 0,12 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 17229 | 27229 | 67229 |
| 50 | 33 | 150 | 132 | 0,12 | 7,3 | 0,8 | 5 | 17339 | 27339 | 67339 |
| | 47 | 200 | 188 | 0,12 | 5,1 | 0,5 | 6 | 17479 | 27479 | 67479 |
| | 2,2 | 15 | 11 | 0,25 | 230 | 20 | 1 | 18228 | 28228 | 68228 |
| | 4,7 | 25 | 24 | 0,25 | 106 | 10 | 2A | 18478 | 28478 | 68478 |
| | 6,8 | 35 | 34 | 0,25 | 74 | 6 | 2A | 18688 | 28688 | 68688 |
| | 15 | 60 | 75 | 0,25 | 34 | 4 | 4 | 18159 | 28159 | 68159 |
| 33 | 22 | 85 | 110 | 0,25 | 23 | 3,2 | 5 | 18229 | 28229 | 68229 |
| | 33 | 110 | 165 | 0,25 | 15,5 | 2 | 6 | 18339 | 28339 | 68339 |



* Capacitors with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.
 ** Withstands severe shock and vibration.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz
and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$; $\pm 10\%$ to special order

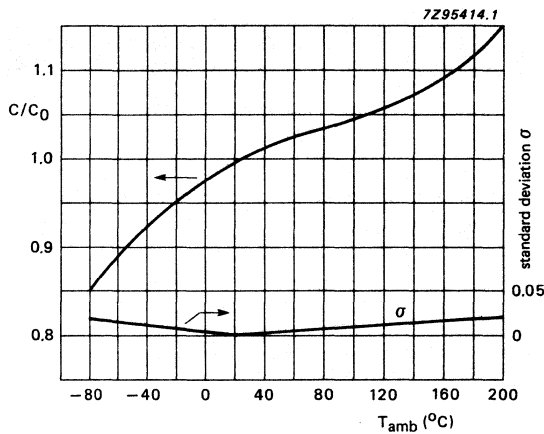


Fig. 3 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature.
 C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

| | | |
|---|--|-------------------|
| → Rated voltage | = max. permissible voltage | |
| (6,3 to 25 V versions) | at $\leq 155\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | U_R |
| (40 V version) | at $\leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | U_R |
| (50 V version) | at $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 50 V^* |
| Derated voltage | = max. permissible voltage | |
| (6,3 to 25 V versions) | at $> 155\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ up to $+ 200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $0,63 \times U_R$ |
| (40 V version) | at $> 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $0,63 \times U_R$ |
| (50 V version) | at $> 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ up to $+ 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 40 V |
| Ripple voltage | | |
| Maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following four conditions are met: | | |
| a) Maximum AC voltage, with negative DC voltage applied | | 2 V |

* 63 V is permissible for maximum 500 hours at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

b) Maximum peak AC voltage, without DC voltage applied

- at $f \leq 0,1$ Hz
- at $0,1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1$ Hz
- at $1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 10$ Hz
- at $10 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 50$ Hz
- at $f > 50$ Hz

| $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^*$ |
|--|---|
| $0,30 \times U_R$ | $0,15 \times U_R$ |
| $0,45 \times U_R$ | $0,22 \times U_R$ |
| $0,60 \times U_R$ | $0,30 \times U_R$ |
| $0,65 \times U_R$ | $0,32 \times U_R$ |
| $0,80 \times U_R$ | $0,40 \times U_R$ |

c) Momentary value of applied voltage, with positive DC voltage applied

between U_R (in the positive half wave) and the limits mentioned under b) (in the negative half wave)

d) Ripple voltage limits are not applicable if the maximum ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive. Whichever is in practice decisive, depends on the actual impedance of the capacitor. Table 6 should be considered as an aid only in establishing whether the ripple voltage or the ripple current is decisive.

Table 6 Decisive factors

| frequency | decisive factor | |
|--|--|--|
| | at $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $T_{amb} > 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$ | voltage | voltage, if actual capacitor impedance is high; current, if actual capacitor impedance is low |
| $50 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$ | voltage, if actual capacitor impedance is high; current, if actual capacitor impedance is low | current |
| $f > 1 \text{ kHz}$ | current | current |

Surge voltage

6,3 V to 40 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage for short periods (see also "Tests and requirements")

50 V range = maximum permissible voltage for maximum 500 hours

| $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
|--|---|
| | $1,15 \times U_R$ |
| 63 V | 45 V |

* For 50 V range, $U_R = 40 \text{ V}$.

Reverse voltage

6,3 V to 40 V ranges = maximum DC voltage continuously (2000 hours) applied in the reverse polarity, at $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

50 V range = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods (see also "Tests and requirements")

| $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
|--|---|
| | $0,30 \times U_R$ $0,15 \times U_R$ |
| 7,5 V | 6 V |

Ripple current

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at other frequencies, temperatures and conditions

see Tables 7 to 9, and Fig. 4

Table 7 Temperature multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{k}), at 100 Hz

| T_{amb} $^\circ\text{C}$ | \sqrt{k} |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| 25 | 2,6 |
| 35 | 2,5 |
| 45 | 2,4 |
| 55 | 2,25 |
| 65 | 2,2 |
| 70 | 2,15 |
| 75 | 2,1 |
| 80 | 2,05 |
| 85 | 2,0 |
| 90 | 1,9 |
| 95 | 1,8 |
| 100 | 1,7 |
| 105 | 1,6 |
| 110 | 1,45 |
| 115 | 1,35 |
| 120 | 1,2 |
| 125 | 1,0 |

Table 8 Frequency multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{r}) at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$

| frequency kHz | \sqrt{r} |
|------------------|------------|
| 0,05 | 0,8 |
| 0,1 | 1,0 |
| 0,2 | 1,2 |
| 0,5 | 1,4 |
| 1 | 1,55 |
| 2 | 1,70 |
| 5 | 1,80 |
| 10 | 1,95 |
| 20 | 2,05 |
| 50 | 2,15 |
| 100 | 2,20 |
| 200 | 2,25 |
| 500 | 2,30 |
| 1000 | 2,35 |

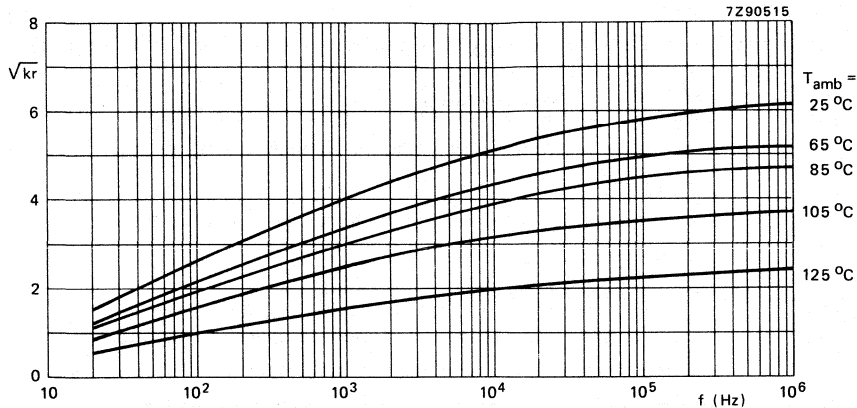


Fig. 4 Combined temperature/frequency multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{kr}) as a function of frequency. $I_{Rmax} = I_{R0}\sqrt{kr}$; I_{R0} at 100 Hz and 125 °C.

Table 9 Multiplier of ripple current for various application conditions

| condition | multiplier |
|---|---|
| A. Capacitor insulated with a blue sleeve, mounted horizontally on a thermally non-conducting printed-circuit board, in free flowing air and in a surrounding that allows the absorption of radiation heat. | 1,0 |
| B. As under A but capacitor is not insulated | 0,9 |
| C. As under A but capacitor is mounted vertically. | 0,7 |
| D. As under A but capacitor is mounted on a good thermally conducting printed-circuit board. | 1,25 |
| E. As under A but the surrounding walls etc. have a temperature higher than 125 °C and therefore prevent the absorption of heat by radiation. | 0,6 |
| F. Capacitor has an ESR value lower than the maximum ESR. | $\sqrt{\frac{ESR_{max}}{ESR_{actual}}}$ |
| G. As under A but capacitor is epoxy-filled (for severe shock and vibration resistance). | 1,05 |
| H. As under G but capacitor is mounted on a good thermally conducting printed-circuit board. | 1,5 |

Note: Neither the maximum permissible ripple current nor the maximum permissible ripple voltage values are to be exceeded. Refer to Table 6 to find whichever factor will be decisive.

Calculation of ripple currents

The maximum permissible ripple current (I_{Rmax}) is a function of temperature and frequency:

$$I_{Rmax} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

where I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and 125 °C (see Table 5);
 \sqrt{k} = temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence) =
 $\sqrt{P_{max}/P_{125}}$;
 \sqrt{r} = frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence) =
 $\sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{max}}$;

(for \sqrt{k} and \sqrt{r} , see Tables 7 and 8, for \sqrt{kr} , see Fig. 4);

while P_{max} = maximum permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent;
 P_{125} = maximum permissible power dissipation at 125 °C = $I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}$;
 ESR_{max} = maximum equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent;
 ESR_{100} = maximum equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz.

The formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} I^2 R_{max} &= P_{max}/ESR_{max} \\ &= kr P_{125}/ESR_{100} \\ &= kr I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}/ESR_{100} \end{aligned}$$

Thus $I_{Rmax} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$.

The values of the temperature multiplier \sqrt{k} and of P_{125} have been calculated allowing a capacitor temperature of 138 °C and assuming the values of ESR_{max} at 138 °C to be 0,8 times the ESR_{max} at 25 °C at all frequencies.

The values of the frequency multiplier \sqrt{r} have been measured at 25 °C assuming it to be the same at all temperatures.

The power dissipation (P_{max}) has been calculated assuming it to be governed by the simplified relationship:

$$P_{max} = \beta \times S \times \Delta T,$$

where β = heat transfer coefficient, taken as 9,0 W/m²K;
 S = capacitor outer surface;
 ΔT = temperature difference between capacitor surface and the ambient atmosphere, taken as 13 °C at $T_{amb} = 125$ °C.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R ,

- at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- 4 V to 10 V versions
- 16 V to 50 V versions

see Table 5 (max. 0,1 CU)
 max. 0,05 CU
 max. 0,1 CU

Maximum DC leakage current during continuous operation

- at U_R ,
- at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,5 x value stated in Table 5
 approx. 2 x value stated in Table 5
 approx. 7 x value stated in Table 5

DC leakage current during continuous operation at 40 V,

$T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (only applicable to 50 V range)

approx. 2 x value stated in Table 5

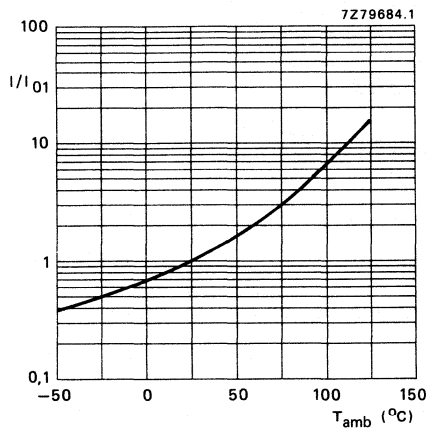


Fig. 5 Multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of ambient temperature. I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

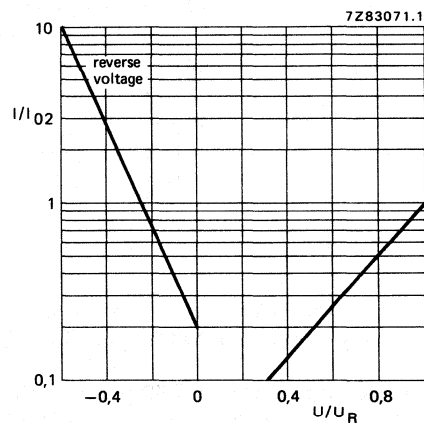


Fig. 6 Multiplier I/I_{02} as a function of U/U_R . I_{02} = DC leakage current at U_R at a discrete constant temperature.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Typical tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

approx. 0,6 x value stated in Table 5

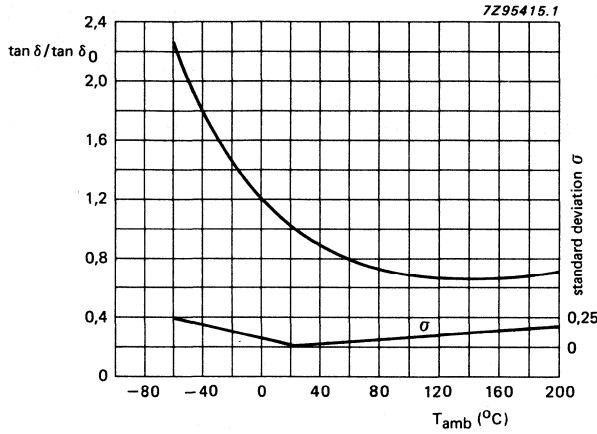


Fig. 7 Multiplier of dissipation factor ($\tan \delta / \tan \delta_0$) as a function of ambient temperature; $\tan \delta_0$ = dissipation factor at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Equivalent series resistance ($\text{ESR} = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (calculated from maximum tan δ and 0,8 x nominal capacitance)

see Table 5

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 100 kHz, and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

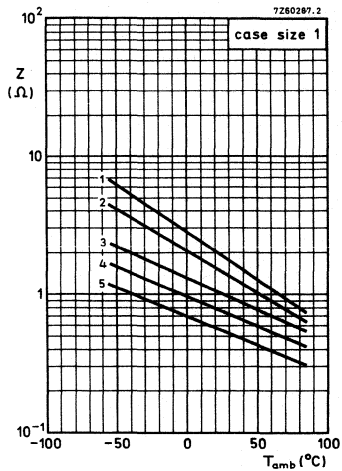


Fig. 8 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 2,2 μ F, 40 V;
 curve 2 = 4,7 μ F, 25 V;
 curve 3 = 10 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 4 = 15 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 5 = 22 μ F, 6,3 V.

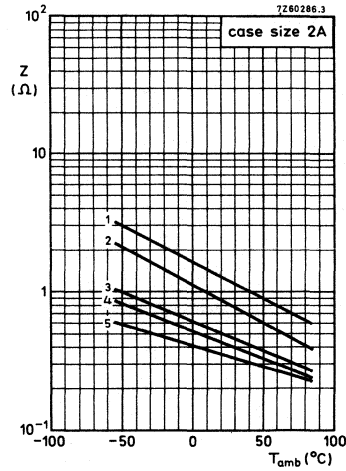


Fig. 9 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 4,7 μ F, 40 V;
 curve 2 = 10 μ F, 25 V;
 curve 3 = 15 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 4 = 33 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 5 = 47 μ F, 6,3 V.

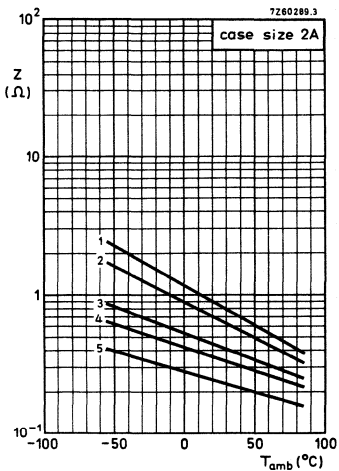


Fig. 10 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 10 μ F, 40 V;
 curve 2 = 22 μ F, 25 V;
 curve 3 = 33 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 4 = 47 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 5 = 68 μ F, 6,3 V.

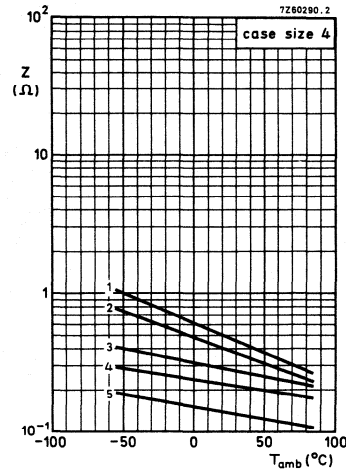


Fig. 11 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 22 μ F, 40 V;
 curve 2 = 33 μ F, 25 V;
 curve 3 = 47 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 4 = 100 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 5 = 150 μ F, 6,3 V.

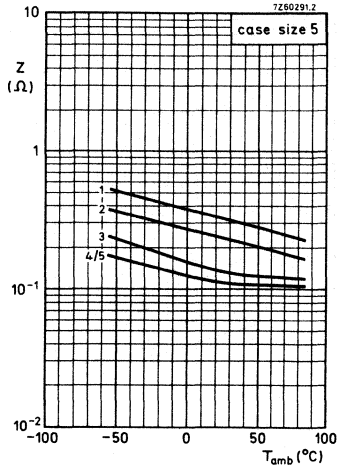


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 33 μ F, 40 V;
 curve 2 = 47 μ F, 25 V;
 curve 3 = 68 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 4 = 150 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 5 = 220 μ F, 6,3 V.

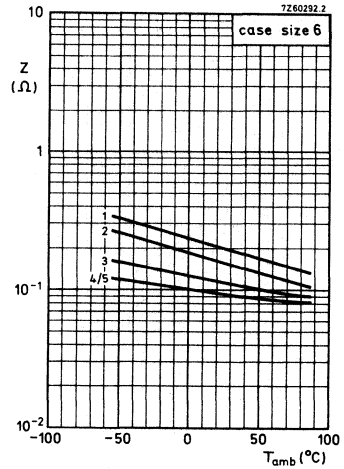


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 47 μ F, 40 V;
 curve 2 = 68 μ F, 25 V;
 curve 3 = 100 μ F, 16 V;
 curve 4 = 220 μ F, 10 V;
 curve 5 = 330 μ F, 6,3 V.

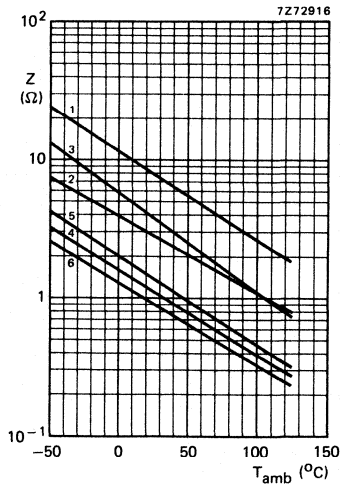


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 100 kHz.

Curve 1 = 2,2 μ F, 50 V;
 curve 2 = 4,7 μ F, 50 V;
 curve 3 = 6,8 μ F, 50 V;
 curve 4 = 15 μ F, 50 V;
 curve 5 = 22 μ F, 50 V;
 curve 6 = 33 μ F, 50 V.

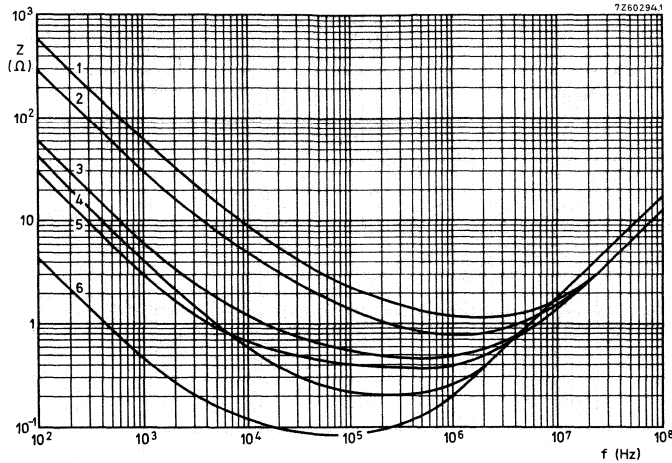


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

| | |
|--|--|
| Curve 1 = 2,2 μF , 40 V; (case size 1) | curve 4 = 47 μF , 40 V; (case size 6) |
| curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 40 V; (case size 2A) | curve 5 = 47 μF , 6,3 V; (case size 2A) |
| curve 3 = 22 μF , 6,3 V; (case size 1) | curve 6 = 330 μF , 6,3 V. (case size 6) |

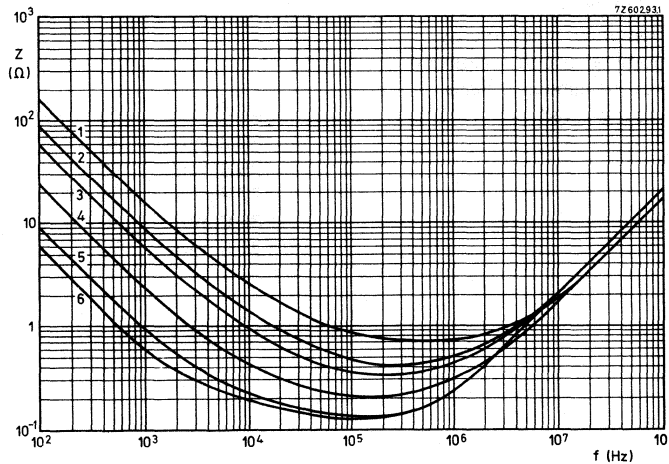


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

| | |
|---|--|
| Curve 1 = 10 μF , 40 V; (case size 2A) | curve 4 = 68 μF , 6,3 V; (case size 2A) |
| curve 2 = 22 μF , 40 V; (case size 4) | curve 5 = 150 μF , 6,3 V; (case size 4) |
| curve 3 = 33 μF , 40 V; (case size 5) | curve 6 = 220 μF , 6,3 V. (case size 5) |

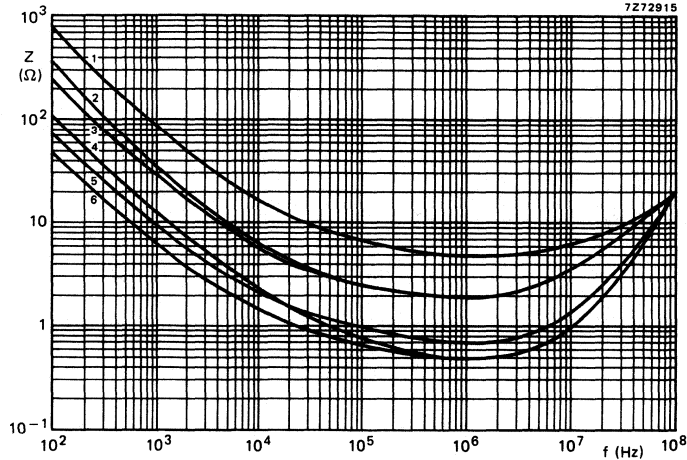


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Curve 1 = 2,2 μF , 50 V; | curve 4 = 15 μF , 50 V; |
| curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 50 V; | curve 5 = 22 μF , 50 V; |
| curve 3 = 6,8 μF , 50 V; | curve 6 = 33 μF , 50 V. |

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit), at 10 MHz; the capacitor leads bent to the pitch as indicated

- case size 1
- case size 2A
- case size 4
- case size 5
- case size 6

| pitch | max. ESL | typ. ESL |
|---------|----------|-------------|
| 20,3 mm | 30 nH | 15 to 23 nH |
| 25,4 mm | 30 nH | 16 to 24 nH |
| 27,9 mm | 35 nH | 20 to 27 nH |
| 35,6 mm | 40 nH | 26 to 33 nH |
| 35,6 mm | 55 nH | 41 to 49 nH |

OPERATIONAL DATA

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Category temperature range, 6,3 V to 40 V ranges | -55 to + 125 °C |
| Category temperature range, 50 V range for rated voltage | -55 to + 85 °C |
| for derated voltage (40 V) | -55 to + 125 °C |
| Usable temperature range | -80 to + 200 °C |
| Typical life time, 6,3 V to 40 V ranges at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ and U_R | > 20 000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$ and U_R | > 5 000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$ and U_R | > 2 000 hours |
| Typical life time, 50 V range at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ and U_R | > 10 000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ and derated voltage (40 V) | > 10 000 hours |
| Field failure rate | < 1×10^{-9} /hours |
| Typical parameter change after endurance test at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ | see Figs 18, 19 and 20 |

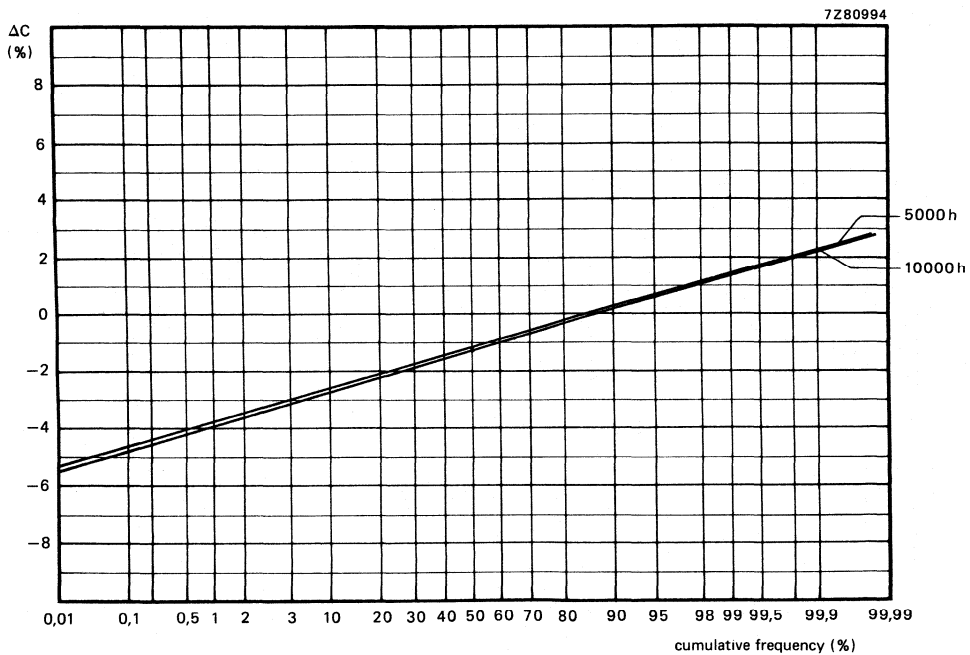


Fig. 18 Change of capacitance after endurance test.

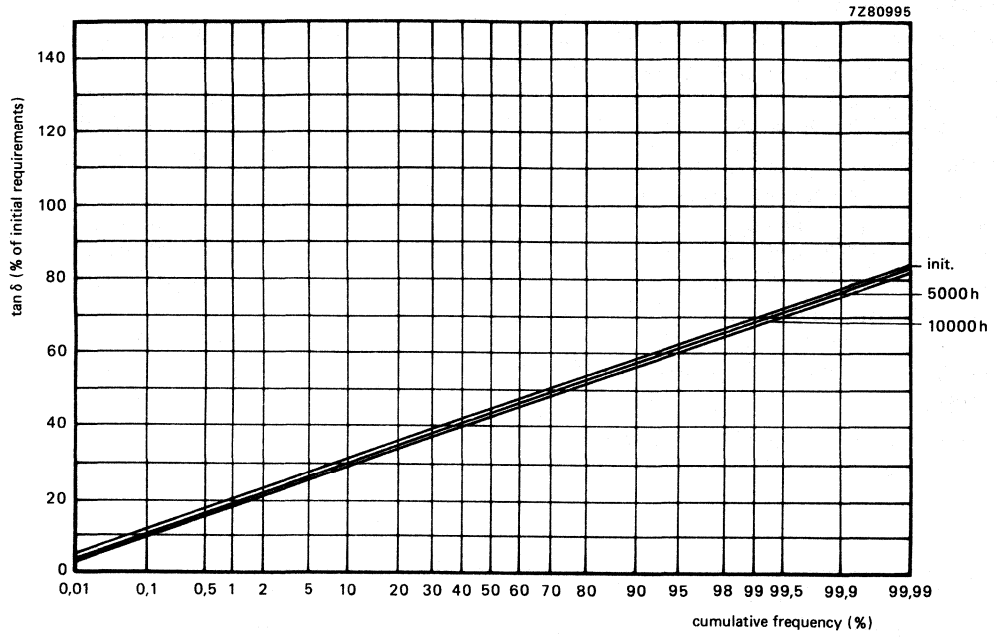


Fig. 19 Tan δ after endurance test.

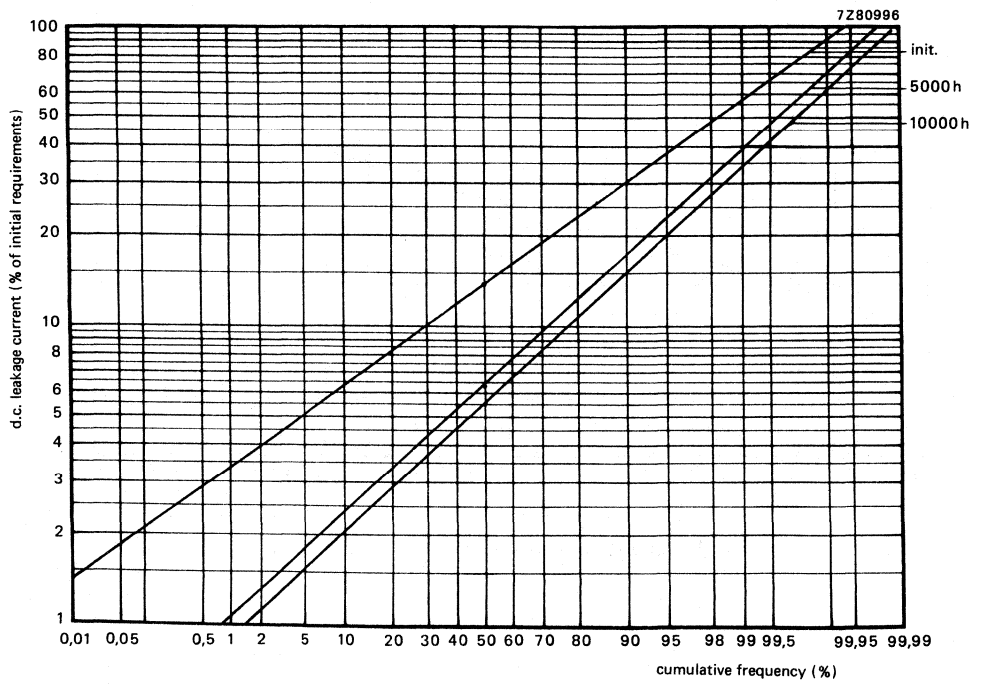


Fig. 20 DC leakage current after endurance test.

PACKING

The capacitors are supplied on bandoliers in boxes or on reels, (in accordance with IEC 286-1).
The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 10.

Table 10 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | |
|-----------|----------------------|----------|
| | per box | per reel |
| 1 | 100 | 800 |
| 2A | 100 | 800 |
| 4 | 100 | 500 |
| 5 | 100 | 500 |
| 6 | 100 | 400 |

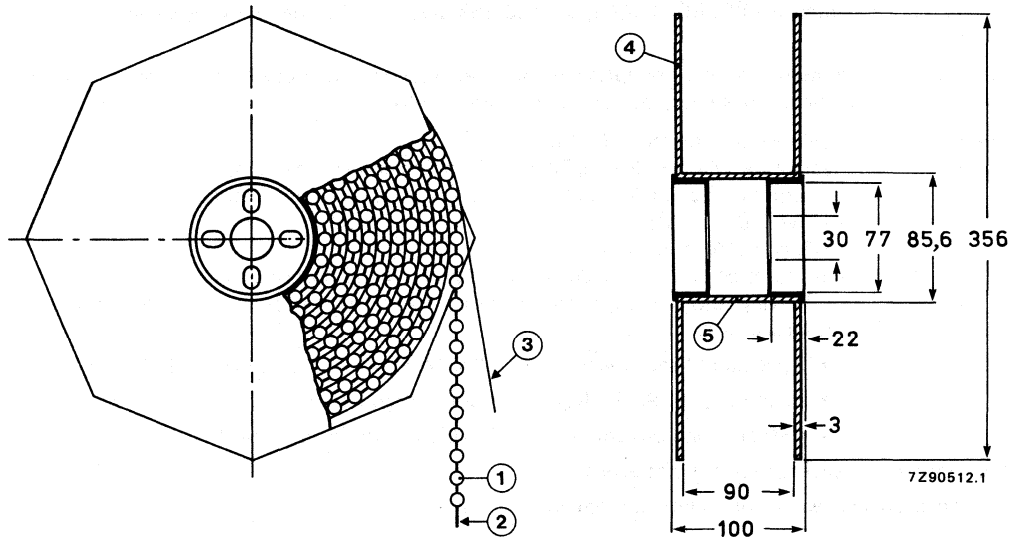


Fig. 21 Capacitors on bandoliers on reel.

- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = bandolier
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 3, Tests and requirements — solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the addition of the following tests.

Severe rapid change of temperature test: 100 cycles of 15 minutes at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Requirements: DC leakage current \leq stated limit,
 $\tan \delta \leq 1,6 \times$ stated limit,
 impedance $\leq 1,6 \times$ stated limit,
 $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$.

Solvent resistance tests:

Severity 1, in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 215, including brushing of all portions of the specimens.

Solvents:

- deionized water ($50 \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$);
- 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
- mixture of 25 vol.% 2-propanol (isopropanol) and 75 vol.% mineral spirits.

Severity 2, in accordance with IEC 68-2-45, and IEC 653, test XA with the following details and additions.

Conditions: immersion time of samples 5 minutes, at ambient temperature, at boiling temperature, in vapour of boiling solvent, and ultrasonic (40 kHz).

Solvents:

- deionized water ($50 \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$);
- calgonite solution (20 g/l, $70 \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$), a dishwasher detergent;
- mixture of 4,5 vol. % 2-butoxyethanol, 4,5 vol. % 2-amino-ethanol, and 91 vol. % water ($70 \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$);
- 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
- mixtures of 1.1.2-trichloro- 1.2.2-trifluoro-ethane (fluorocarbon 113) and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon:
 - 2-propanol (isopropanol), 25%: 75% (Arklone K*); up to the ratio 35%: 65%;
 - ethanol, 4,5%: 95,5% (e.g. Arklone A*, Freon TE**);
 - methanol and nitromethane, 5,7%: 0,3%: 94% (Freon TMS**).

Requirement: visual appearance not affected.

Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents.

* Trade mark of I.C.I.

** Trade mark of Dupont de Nemours.

Severe vibration tests (for epoxy-filled version only): in accordance with IEC 68-2-6 and MIL-STD-202, method 204, letters E and F, with the following details and additions.

- a. Method of mounting: clamping both the body and the leads.
- b. Severity:
 - 1. frequency range : 10 - 3000 Hz;
 - temperature : 20 - 25 °C;
 - 2. frequency range : 50 - 2000 Hz;
 - temperature : 125 °C.
 1 and 2. vibration amplitude: 50g or 3,5 mm, whichever is less.
- c. Direction and duration motion:
 - Severity 1 : 1 octave/minute, 3 directions (mutually perpendicular), 20 sweeps per direction (total 60 sweeps or 18 hours)
 - Severity 2: 1 octave/minute, 2 directions (longitudinal and transversal), 3 sweeps per direction (total 6 sweeps or 1 hour)
- d. Functioning:
 - severity 1 : rated voltage applied;
 - severity 2 : no voltage applied.
- e. Requirements:
 - $\Delta C/C$: $\leq 10\%$
 - $\tan \delta$: $\leq 1,2 \times$ stated limit
 - impedance : $\leq 1,4 \times$ stated limit
 - DC leakage current : \leq stated limit
 - general : no intermittent contacts;
 - no indication of breakdown;
 - no open circuiting;
 - no evidence of mechanical damage.
- f. Typical capability: up to 80g at 10 to 3000 Hz (also at 125 °C).

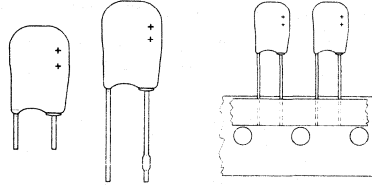
Severe shock tests (for epoxy-filled version only): in accordance with IEC 68-2-27 and MIL-STD-202, method 213, letter F, with the following details and additions.

- a. Method of mounting: clamping both the body and the leads.
- b. Pulse shape: half-sine or sawtooth.
- c. Severity:
 - 1. 1500g, 0,5 ms (MIL-STD-202, method 213, letter F);
 - 2. 3000g, 0,2 ms;
 - 3. 10000g, 0,1 ms;
- d. Direction and number of shocks:
 - severity 1 and 2: 3 successive shocks in each direction of 3 mutually perpendicular axes (total 18 shocks);
 - severity 3: 1 shock, any direction.
- e. Functioning: rated voltage applied.
- f. Requirements: see "Severe vibration tests" par. e.
- g. Typical capability: $\geq 100000g$; these shock tests can be preceded by severe vibration tests on the same samples.

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS



- Miniature type
- Single ended
- Resin dipped
- Long life
- No derating at maximum temperature
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,1 to 68 μ F |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order) |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 40 V |
| Category temperature range | -55 to $+125$ $^{\circ}$ C |
| Usable temperature range | -55 to $+175$ $^{\circ}$ C |
| Endurance test | |
| at 125 $^{\circ}$ C | 5000 hours |
| at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 8000 hours |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade |
| Climatic category, IEC 68 | 55/125/56 |
| DIN 40040 | FKD/KQ/SV |
| NF C20-600 | 434 |
| Approvals | CECC 30 302-002 |
| | Liste LNZ 44-04 COS-B |
| | Gam-t-1 |

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} — U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----|----|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 40** |
| 0,1 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,15 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 2 |
| 0,68 | | | | 1 | | 2 |
| 1 | | | | 1 | 2 \blacktriangle | 3 |
| 1,5 | | | | 1 | | 4 |
| 2,2 | | | 1 | 2 | | 4 \blacktriangle |
| 3,3 | | | 1 | 2 | 4** \blacktriangle | |
| 4,7 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
| 6,8 | | 1 | 2 | 4 | | |
| 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 \blacktriangle | | |
| 15 | 2 | 2 | 4 | | | |
| 22 | 2 | 3 | | | | |
| 33 | 3 | 4 | | | | |
| 47 | 4 | | | | | |
| 68 | 4 | | | | | |

* Available to special order.
 ** Up to 85 $^{\circ}$ C; from 85 to 125 $^{\circ}$ C, this value is 25 V.
 \blacktriangle Non CECC types.

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | maximum dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 12,5 x 8 x 3,5 |
| 2 | 12,5 x 8 x 4,5 |
| 3 | 12,5 x 8 x 5 |
| 4 | 12,5 x 8 x 6 |

APPLICATION

Especially for filtering, smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in general and industrial applications. These capacitors utilize advanced technology to achieve long life, high reliability, high stability and low temperature dependence.

The capacitors have a very low and stable leakage current, small dimensions and a fixed pitch of 5 mm. The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

This capacitor is constructed from a highly etched aluminium plate anode, aluminium oxide as a dielectric and a solid semiconductive (manganese dioxide) cathode. The capacitor is coated with an orange synthetic resin.

The capacitor is available in four styles, all with soldered-copper leads:

style 1: with short leads, in boxes,

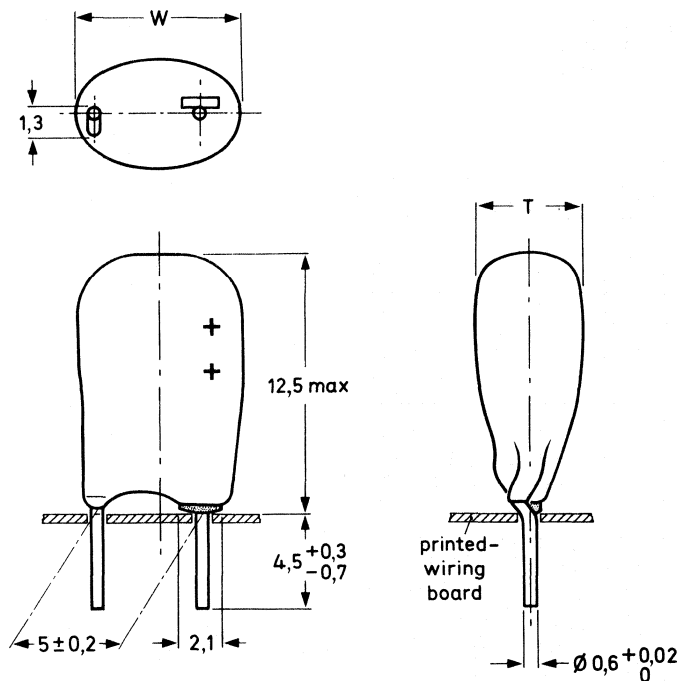
style 2: with long leads of which the anode lead has a flattened area at the end, in boxes,

style 3: with long leads (without flattened area) on tape on reel, positive leading,

style 4: with long leads (without flattened area) on tape in ammunition pack.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm*



72684306

Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions T and W.

Note: Capacitors with other lead lengths are available to special order.

* Measured in accordance with IEC 717.

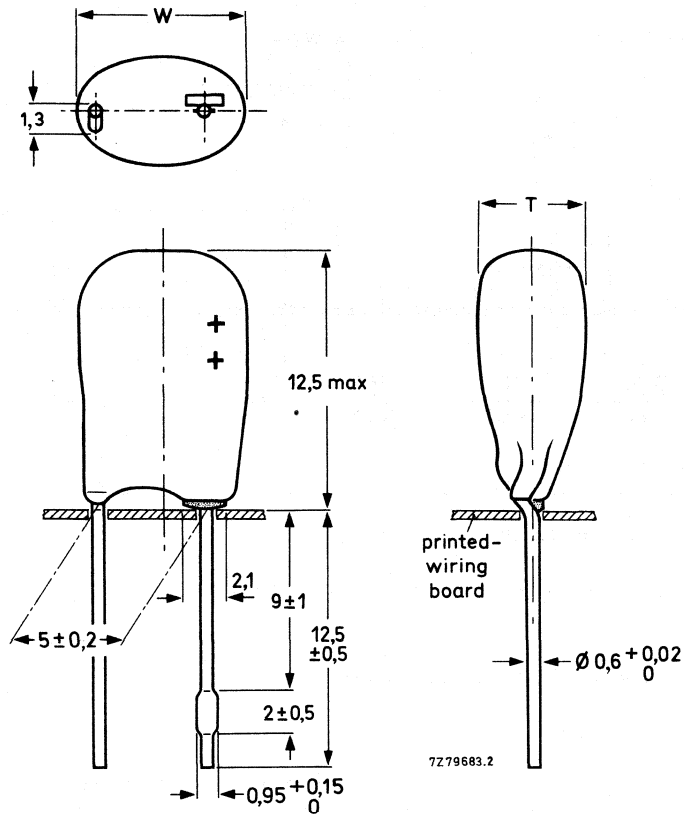
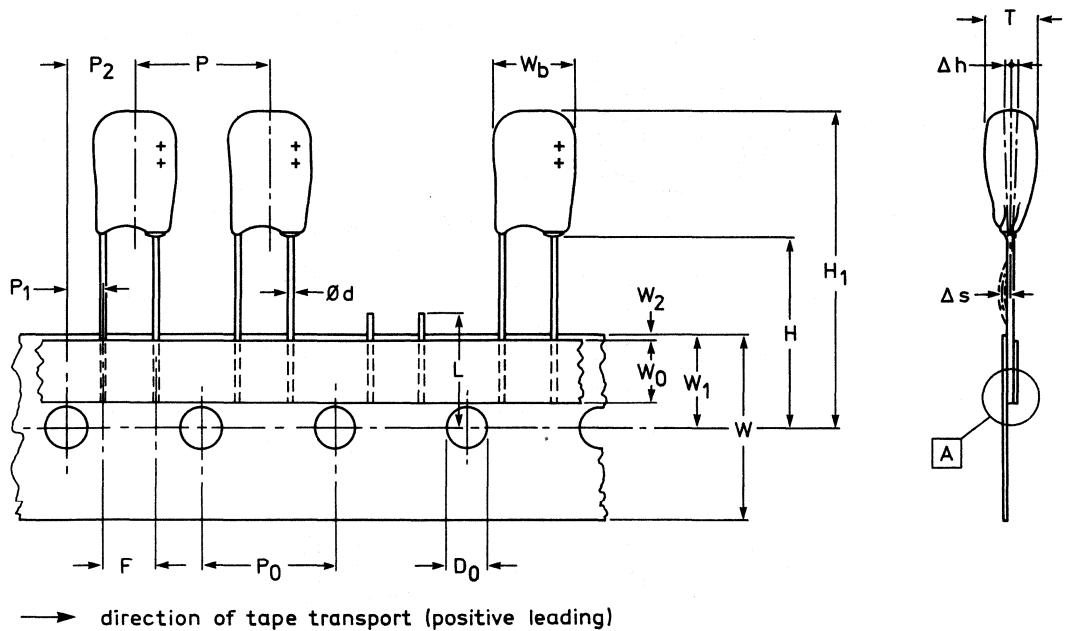


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 3 for dimensions T and W.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | T_{max} | W_{max} | mass grams |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1 | 3,5 | 8 | 0,35 |
| 2 | 4,5 | 8 | 0,38 |
| 3 | 5 | 8 | 0,45 |
| 4 | 6 | 8 | 0,58 |

Note: A kink in the cathode lead avoids solder wetting problems of the lacquer dipped leads. The lacquer is so applied that it cannot pass beyond the centre of the kink, thus ensuring a clean surface of the part of the lead in the printed-wiring board hole. (Also suitable for use in plated-through holes).



7Z85985.2



Fig. 3 Styles 3 and 4; see Table 4 for dimensions.

Table 4 Taping dimensions

| | symbol | value | tolerance | remarks |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|---|
| Body thickness | T | 3,5-4,5-5-6 | max. | for case sizes 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively |
| Body width | W_b | 8 | max. | |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | ± 1 | |
| Lead-wire diameter | d | 0,6 | + 0,02/-0 | |
| Lead straightness | Δs | 0 | $\pm 0,2$ | |
| Length of snapped leads | L | 11 | max. | |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5 | + 0,4/-0,2 | |
| Pitch of components | P | 12,7 | ± 1 | |
| Feed-hole pitch | P_0 | 12,7 | $\pm 0,2$ | * |
| Feed-hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3,85 | $\pm 0,5$ | |
| Feed-hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6,35 | ± 1 | |
| Feed-hole diameter | D_0 | 4 | $\pm 0,2$ | |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,5 | $\pm 0,5$ | |
| Component height | H_1 | 32 | max. | |
| Tape width | W | 18 | $\pm 0,5$ | |
| Hold-down tape width | W_0 | 6 | $\pm 0,5$ | Feed hole shall be free |
| Hole position | W_1 | 9 | + 0,5/-0,2 | |
| Hold-down tape position | W_2 | 0,5 | + 0,5/-0,2 | |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | max. | |

* Cumulative pitch error: $\pm 0,5$ mm/4 pitches, and ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, rated voltage, "+" signs to identify the anode terminal, tolerance code (M = $\pm 20\%$, K = $\pm 10\%$), date code (year and month) in accordance with IEC 62, and name of manufacturer.

Mounting





The diameter of the mounting holes in the printed-wiring board is $0,8 \pm 0,1$ mm, except that of the hole for the anode lead of style 2 capacitors: 1,3–0,2 mm.

When bending, cutting or straightening the leads, ensure that the capacitor body is relieved of stress.

ELECTRICAL DATA


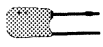
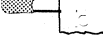
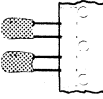
Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 93 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%. See also the corresponding paragraphs.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R * | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 125 °C, no DC voltage applied mA | max. DC leakage current (μA)** at U _R after 15 s | max. DC leakage current (μA)** at U _R after 1 minute | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 100 kHz** Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 122 followed by | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | | style 1  | style 2  | on reel style 3  | in ammopack style 4  |
| 6,3 | 10 | 9 | 1,6 | 0,6 | 0,15 | 30 | 5 | 1 | 53109 | 73109 | 23109 | 33109 |
| | 15 | 13 | 2,4 | 0,9 | 0,15 | 20 | 3 | 2 | 53159 | 73159 | 23159 | 33159 |
| | 22 | 20 | 3,5 | 1,4 | 0,15 | 14 | 1,3 | 2 | 53229 | 73229 | 23229 | 33229 |
| | 33 | 30 | 5,2 | 2,1 | 0,15 | 9 | 0,9 | 3 | 53339 | 73339 | 23339 | 33339 |
| | 47 | 42 | 7,4 | 3,0 | 0,15 | 6,4 | 0,7 | 4 | 53479 | 73479 | 23479 | 33479 |
| | 68 | 61 | 10,7 | 4,3 | 0,15 | 4,4 | 0,5 | 4 | 53689 | 73689 | 23689 | 33689 |
| 10 | 4,7 | 7 | 1,2 | 0,5 | 0,15 | 64 | 7 | 1 | 54478 | 74478 | 24478 | 34478 |
| | 6,8 | 10 | 1,7 | 0,7 | 0,15 | 44 | 5 | 1 | 54688 | 74688 | 24688 | 34688 |
| | 10 | 14 | 2,5 | 1,0 | 0,15 | 30 | 1,5 | 2 | 54109 | 74109 | 24109 | 34109 |
| | 15 | 21 | 3,8 | 1,5 | 0,15 | 20 | 1 | 2 | 54159 | 74159 | 24159 | 34159 |
| | 22 | 31 | 5,5 | 2,2 | 0,15 | 14 | 0,7 | 3 | 54229 | 74229 | 24229 | 34229 |
| | 33 | 47 | 8,3 | 3,3 | 0,15 | 9 | 0,5 | 4 | 54339 | 74339 | 24339 | 34339 |
| 16 | 2,2 | 5 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 91 | 10 | 1 | 55228 | 75228 | 25228 | 35228 |
| | 3,3 | 8 | 1,3 | 0,5 | 0,10 | 61 | 7 | 1 | 55338 | 75338 | 25338 | 35338 |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 1,9 | 0,8 | 0,10 | 43 | 2 | 2 | 55478 | 75478 | 25478 | 35478 |
| | 6,8 | 16 | 2,7 | 1,1 | 0,10 | 29,5 | 1,5 | 2 | 55688 | 75688 | 25688 | 35688 |
| | 10 | 23 | 4,0 | 1,6 | 0,10 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 55109 | 75109 | 25109 | 35109 |
| | 15 | 34 | 6,0 | 2,4 | 0,10 | 13,5 | 0,7 | 4 | 55159 | 75159 | 25159 | 35159 |

* Up to T_{amb} = 125 °C.

** Versions with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.

| U _R * | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 125 °C, no DC voltage applied mA | max. DC leakage current (μA)** at U _R after | | max. tan δ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 100 kHz** Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 122 followed by | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|---|--|----------|------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | 15 s | 1 minute | | | | | style 1  | style 2  | on reel style 3  | in ammopack style 4  |
| 25 | 0,68 | 2 | 0,4 | 0,2 | 0,10 | 295 | 30 | 1 | 56687 | 76687 | 26687 | 36687 |
| | 1,0 | 4 | 0,6 | 0,3 | 0,10 | 200 | 20 | 1 | 56108 | 76108 | 26108 | 36108 |
| | 1,5 | 5 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 135 | 15 | 1 | 56158 | 76158 | 26158 | 36158 |
| | 2,2 | 8 | 1,4 | 0,6 | 0,10 | 91 | 10 | 2 | 56228 | 76228 | 26228 | 36228 |
| | 3,3 | 12 | 2,1 | 0,8 | 0,10 | 61 | 7 | 2 | 56338 | 76338 | 26338 | 36338 |
| | 4,7 | 17 | 2,9 | 1,2 | 0,10 | 43 | 5 | 3 | 56478 | 76478 | 26478 | 36478 |
| | 6,8 | 24 | 4,2 | 1,7 | 0,10 | 29,5 | 3 | 4 | 56688 | 76688 | 26688 | 36688 |
| | 10 | 35 | 6,2 | 2,5 | 0,15 | 20 | 2 | 4 | 56109 | 76109 | 26109 | 36109 |
| | 35 | 3 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 200 | 15 | 2 | 50108 | 70108 | 20108 | 30108 |
| | 40▲ | 0,1 | 0,4 | 0,1 | 0,04 | 0,10 | 1990 | 70 | 1 | 57107 | 77107 | 27107 |
| | 0,15 | 0,5 | 0,15 | 0,06 | 0,10 | 1330 | 50 | 1 | 57157 | 77157 | 27157 | 37157 |
| | 0,22 | 0,8 | 0,22 | 0,88 | 0,10 | 910 | 30 | 1 | 57227 | 77227 | 27227 | 37227 |
| | 0,33 | 1 | 0,33 | 0,13 | 0,10 | 610 | 30 | 1 | 57337 | 77337 | 27337 | 37337 |
| | 0,47 | 2 | 0,5 | 0,2 | 0,10 | 430 | 20 | 2 | 57477 | 77477 | 27477 | 37477 |
| | 0,68 | 2 | 0,7 | 0,3 | 0,10 | 295 | 15 | 2 | 57687 | 77687 | 27687 | 37687 |
| | 1,0 | 4 | 1,0 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 200 | 10 | 3 | 57108 | 77108 | 27108 | 37108 |
| | 1,5 | 5 | 1,5 | 0,6 | 0,10 | 135 | 7 | 4 | 57158 | 77158 | 27158 | 37158 |
| | 2,2 | 8 | 2,2 | 0,9 | 0,10 | 91 | 5 | 4 | 57228 | 77228 | 27228 | 37228 |

* Up to T_{amb} = 125 °C.
 ** Versions with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.
 ▲ Up to T_{amb} = 85 °C; at T_{amb} from 85 °C to 125 °C this value is 25 V.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order)

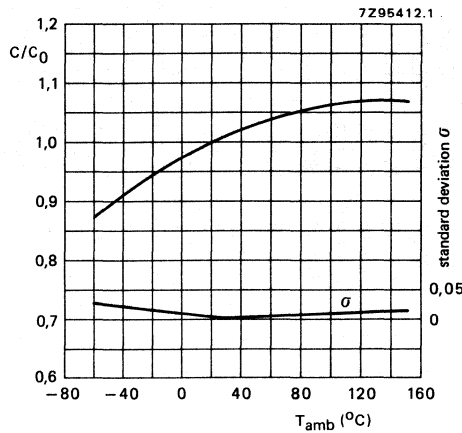


Fig. 4 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature. C_0 = capacitance at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage

6,3 V to 25 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage at $T_{amb} \leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

U_R

40 V range = maximum permissible voltage at $T_{amb} \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

U_R

Derated voltage

6,3 V to 25 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage at T_{amb} from $125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$0,63 \times U_R$

40 V range = maximum permissible voltage at T_{amb} from $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$0,63 \times U_R$

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods (see also Tests and requirements) $1,15 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods (see also Tests and requirements) $0,30 \times U_R$

Ripple voltage

Maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following four conditions are met:

a) Maximum AC voltage, with negative DC voltage applied 2 V

| | $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
|--|--|---|
| b) Maximum peak AC voltage, without DC voltage applied | | |
| at $f \leq 0,1 \text{ Hz}$ | $0,30 \times U_R$ | $0,15 \times U_R$ |
| at $0,1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1 \text{ Hz}$ | $0,45 \times U_R$ | $0,22 \times U_R$ |
| at $1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 10 \text{ Hz}$ | $0,60 \times U_R$ | $0,30 \times U_R$ |
| at $10 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$ | $0,65 \times U_R$ | $0,32 \times U_R$ |
| at $f > 50 \text{ Hz}$ | $0,80 \times U_R$ | $0,40 \times U_R$ |

c) Momentary value of applied voltage, with positive DC voltage applied

between U_R (in the positive half wave) and the limits mentioned under b) (in the negative half wave)

d) Ripple voltage limits are not applicable if the maximum ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive. Whichever is in practice decisive, depends on the actual impedance of the capacitor. In the survey at the end of this data sheet the ripple current and ripple voltage limits can be found for each capacitor.

Ripple current

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at other frequencies and temperatures

see survey at the end of this data sheet

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for capacitors with lower ESR value than the maximum ESR

$\sqrt{ESR_{max}/ESR_{actual}} \times \text{value stated in Table 5}$

Calculation of ripple currents

The maximum permissible ripple current ($I_{R_{max}}$) is a function of temperature and frequency:

$$I_{R_{max}} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

where I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and 125 °C (see Table 5);
 \sqrt{k} = temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence) = $\sqrt{P_{max}/P_{125}}$;
 \sqrt{r} = frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence) = $\sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{max}}$;

while P_{max} = maximum permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent;
 P_{125} = maximum permissible power dissipation at 125 °C = $I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}$;
 ESR_{max} = maximum equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent;
 ESR_{100} = maximum equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz.

The formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$I^2 R_{max} = P_{max}/ESR_{max}$$

$$= kr P_{125}/ESR_{100}$$

$$= kr I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}/ESR_{100}$$

$$\text{Thus } I_{R_{max}} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

The values of the temperature multiplier \sqrt{k} and of P_{125} have been calculated allowing a capacitor temperature of 138 °C and assuming the values of ESR_{max} at 138 °C to be 0,8 x or 1,05 x the ESR_{max} at 25 °C at all frequencies for case sizes 1 to 3 or case size 4 respectively. The values of the frequency multiplier \sqrt{r} have been measured at 25 °C assuming it to be the same at all temperatures.

The power dissipation (P_{max}) has been calculated assuming it to be governed by the simplified relationship:

$$P_{max} = \beta \times S \times \Delta T,$$

where β = heat transfer coefficient, taken as 18 W/m²K (capacitor mounted on a thermally well-conducting printed-circuit board, in free flowing air, the board being in vertical position);
 S = capacitor outer surface;
 ΔT = temperature difference between capacitor surface and the ambient atmosphere, taken as 13 °C at $T_{amb} = 125$ °C.

For case sizes 1 to 3 $P_{125} = 45$ mW, for case size 4 $P_{125} = 65$ mW.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and Requirements).

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 15 s after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,025 CU or 0,1 μA whichever is greater)

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,01 CU or 0,04 μA whichever is greater)

Typical DC leakage current 15 s or 1 minute after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 6,3 V to 16 V ranges
 25 V to 40 V ranges

approx. 0,2 x value stated in Table 5
 approx. 0,1 x value stated in Table 5

Typical DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R
 at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,02 x 15 s-value stated in Table 5
 approx. 0,1 x 15 s-value stated in Table 5
 approx. 0,3 x 15 s-value stated in Table 5

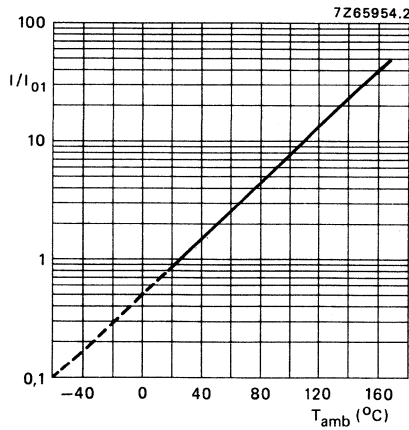


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of ambient temperature; I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Typical $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

0,05

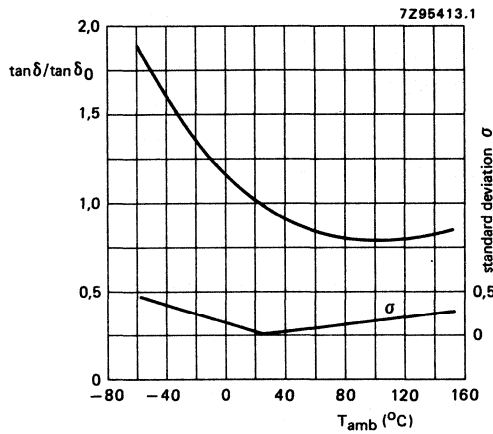


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of dissipation factor ($\tan \delta / \tan \delta_0$) as a function of temperature; $\tan \delta_0$ = dissipation factor at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Equivalent series resistance ($ESR = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (calculated from maximum $\tan \delta$ and $0,8 \times$ nominal capacitance)

Maximum ESR at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

equal to values of maximum impedance at 100 kHz, see Table 5

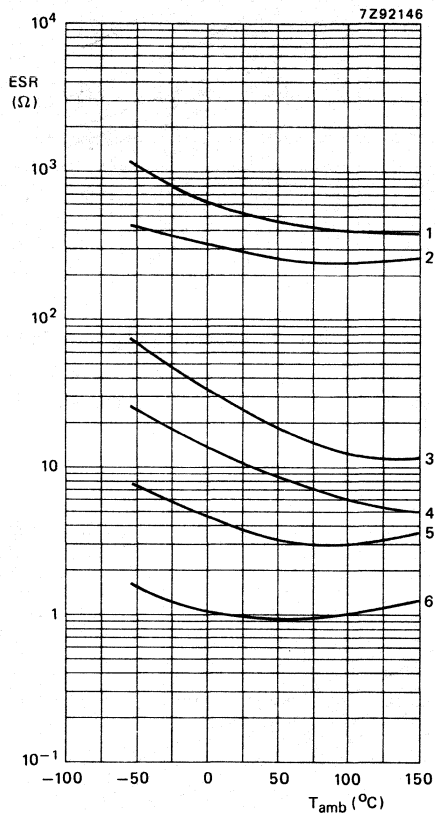


Fig. 7 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 0,1 μF , 40 V;

curve 2 = 1,5 μF , 40 V;

curve 3 = 3,3 μF , 25 V;

curve 4 = 10 μF , 6,3 V;

curve 5 = 22 μF , 10 V;

curve 6 = 68 μF , 6,3 V.

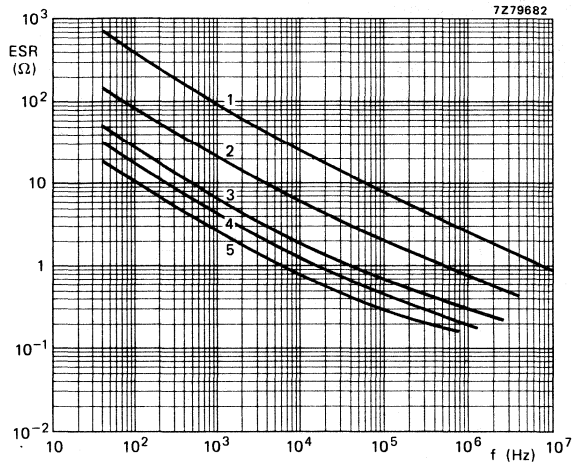


Fig. 8 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1.

Curve 1 = $0,33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 2 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 3 = $3,3\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;

curve 4 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 5 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

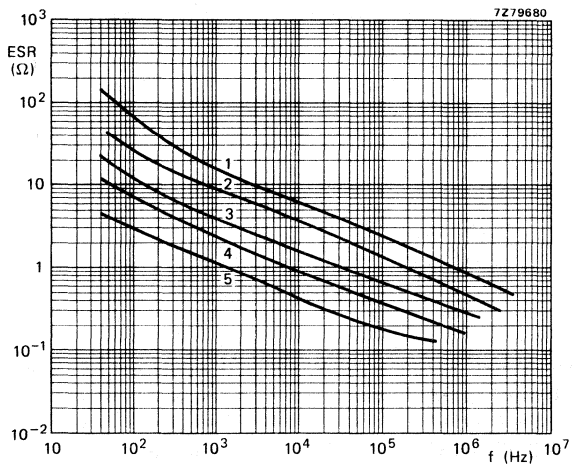


Fig. 9 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2.

Curve 1 = $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 2 = $2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 3 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;

curve 4 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 5 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

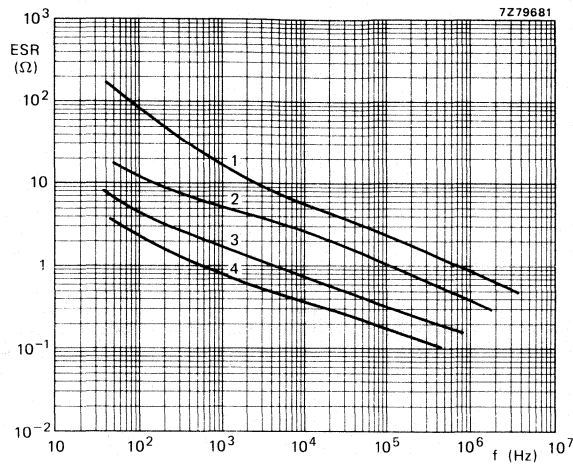


Fig. 10 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 3.
 Curve 1 = 1 μF , 40 V; curve 3 = 10 μF , 16 V;
 curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 25 V; curve 4 = 33 μF , 6,3 V.

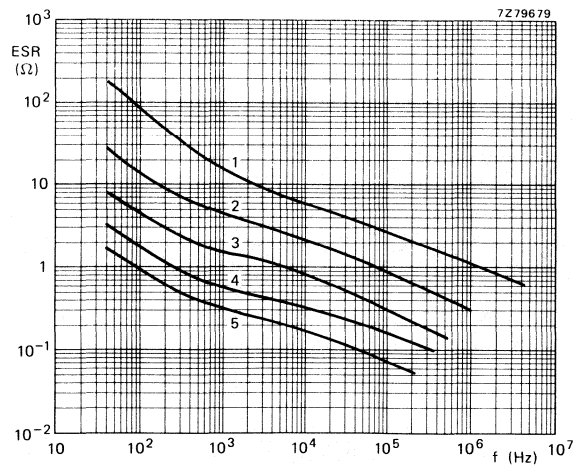


Fig. 11 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 4.
 Curve 1 = 1,5 μF , 40 V; curve 4 = 33 μF , 10 V;
 curve 2 = 6,8 μF , 25 V; curve 5 = 68 μF , 6,3 V;
 curve 3 = 15 μF , 16 V;

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

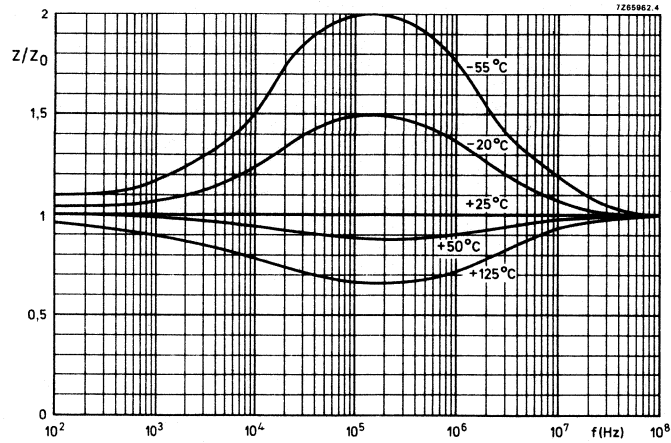


Fig. 12 Typical multiplier of impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of frequency at different temperatures; Z_0 = initial impedance value at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

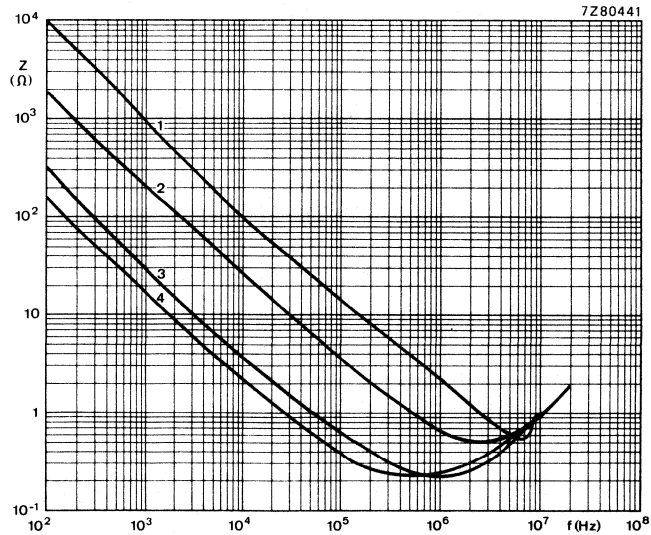


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1.
 Curve 1 = $0,15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V ; curve 3 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V ;
 curve 2 = $0,68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V ; curve 4 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $6,3\text{ V}$.

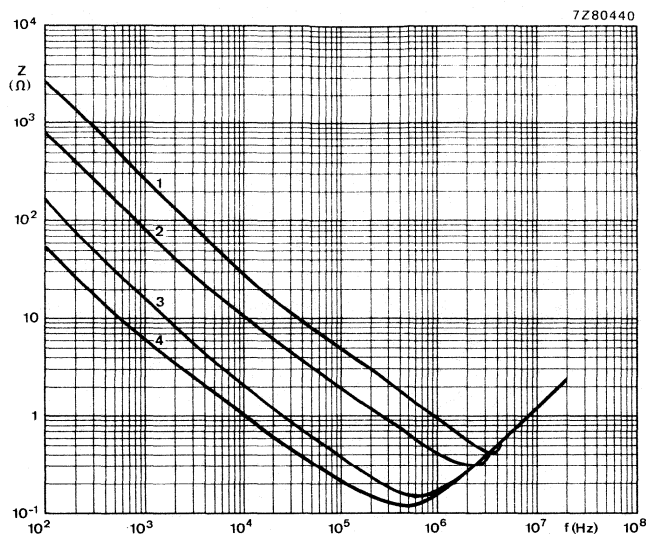


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2.

Curve 1 = $0,47\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;

curve 3 = $10\ \mu\text{F}$, 10 V;

curve 2 = $2,2\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;

curve 4 = $22\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

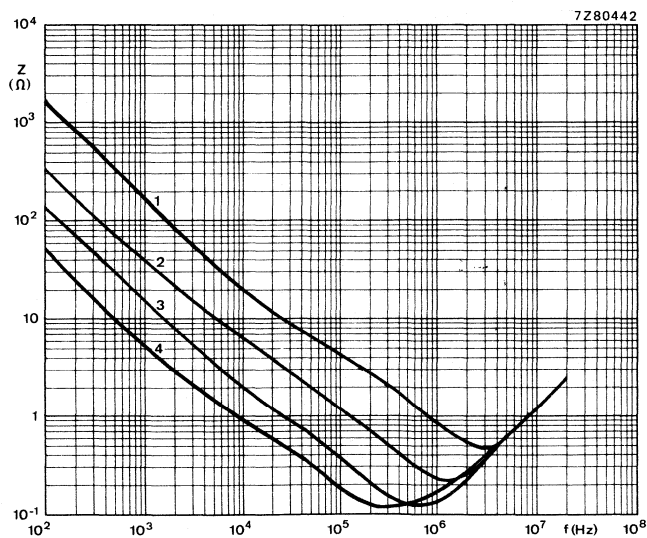


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 3.

Curve 1 = $1\ \mu\text{F}$, 40 V;

curve 3 = $10\ \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;

curve 2 = $4,7\ \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;

curve 4 = $33\ \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

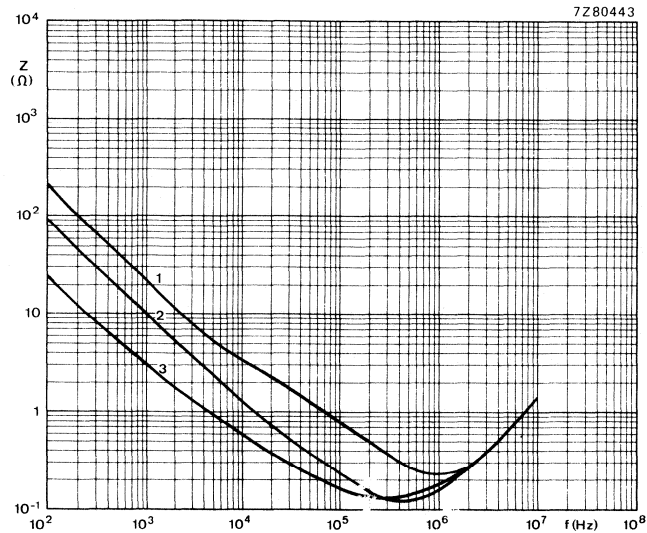


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 4.

Curve 1 = $6,8 \mu\text{F}$, 25 V;

curve 3 = $68 \mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

curve 2 = $15 \mu\text{F}$, 16 V;

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit), at 10 MHz;

capacitor leads bent to a pitch of 5,1 mm

case sizes 1 and 2

case sizes 3 and 4

max. 20 nH; typ. 9 to 14 nH

max. 20 nH; typ. 11 to 16 nH

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| for rated voltage, 6,3 V to 25 V range | -55 to + 125 °C |
| for rated voltage, 40 V range | -55 to + 85 °C |
| for derated voltage, 40 V range | -55 to + 125 °C |

Usable temperature range

-55 to + 175 °C

Typical life time

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | > 20 000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ | > 10 000 hours |
| at $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$ | > 2 000 hours |

Field failure rate

< 1×10^{-8} /hours

Typical parameter change after endurance test at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

see Figs. 17, 18 and 19

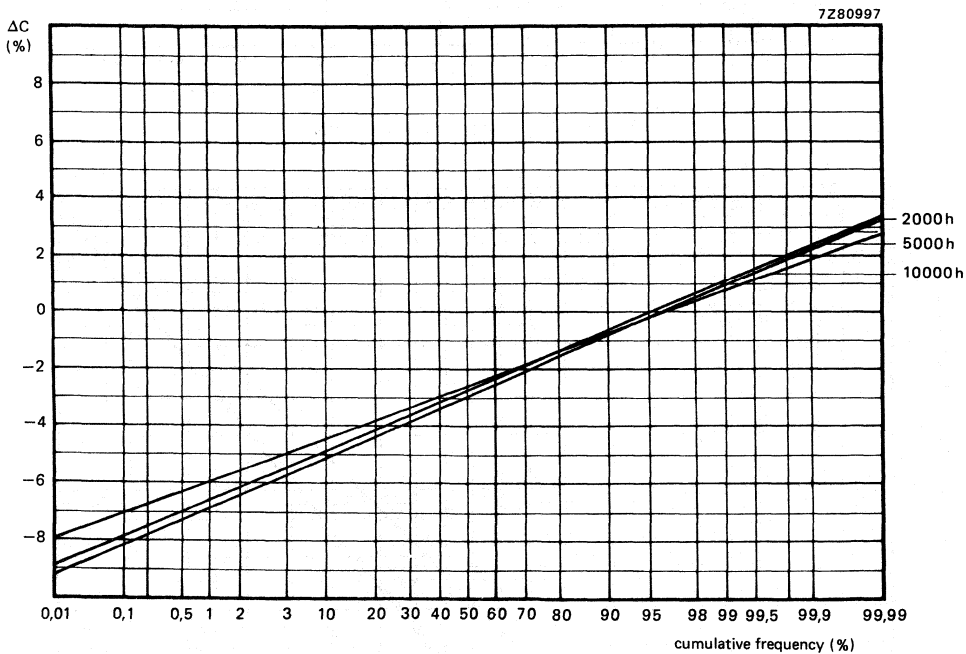


Fig. 17 Change of capacitance after endurance test.

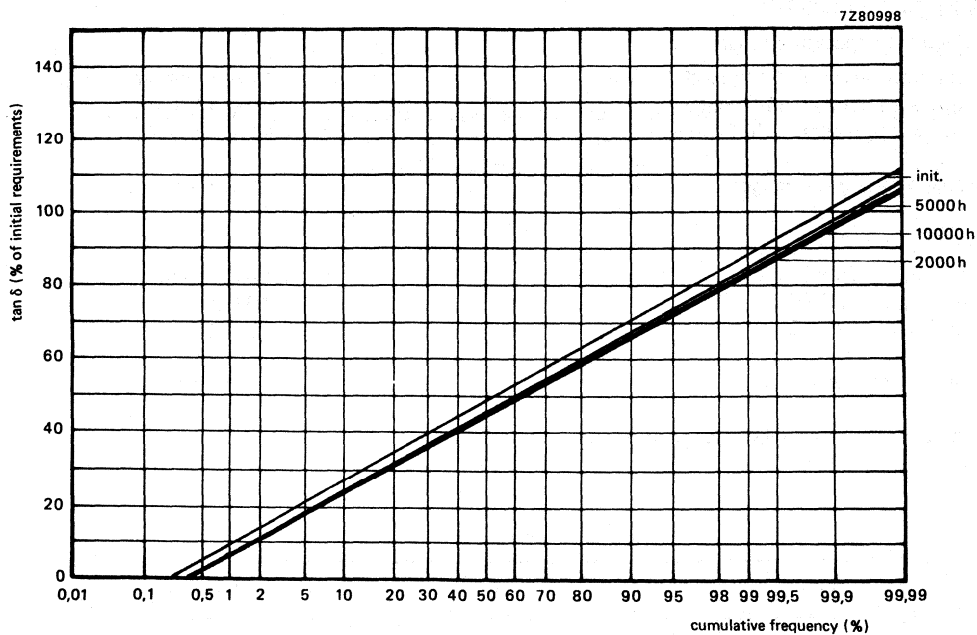


Fig. 18 Tan δ after endurance test.

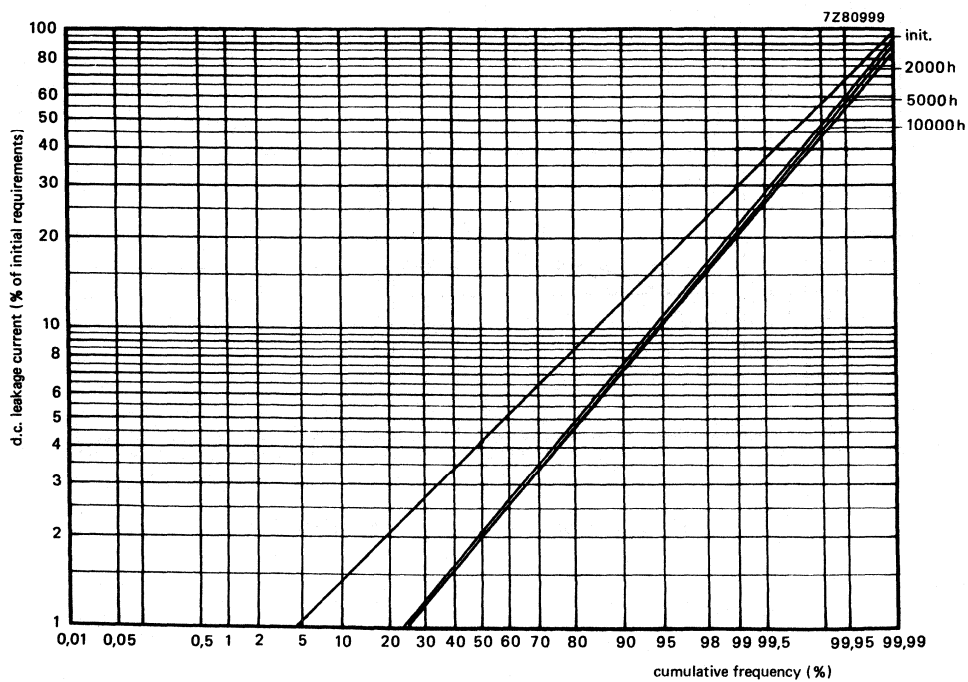


Fig. 19 DC leakage current after endurance test.

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1 and 2 are supplied in boxes, those of styles 3 and 4 on tape on reel and in ammunition packing respectively. The number of capacitors per box, per reel or per ammunition packing is:

- style 1, all case sizes : 1000 capacitors per box; 200 per plastic bag, 5 bags per box;
- style 2, case sizes 1, 2 and 3 : 1000 capacitors per box, 200 per plastic bag, 5 bags per box;
- style 2, case size 4 : 800 capacitors per box, 200 per plastic bag, 4 bags per box;
- style 3, case sizes 1 and 2 : 2000 capacitors per reel;
- style 3, case sizes 3 and 4 : 1000 capacitors per reel;
- style 4, case sizes 1 and 2 : 2000 capacitors per ammunition packing;
- style 4, case sizes 3 and 4 : 1000 capacitors per ammunition packing.

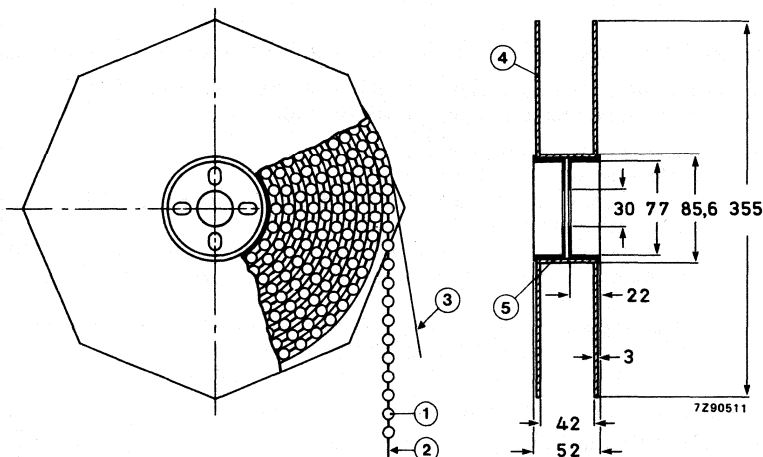


Fig. 20 Style 3 capacitors on tape on reel.
 1 = capacitor 4 = flange
 2 = tape 5 = cylinder
 3 = paper

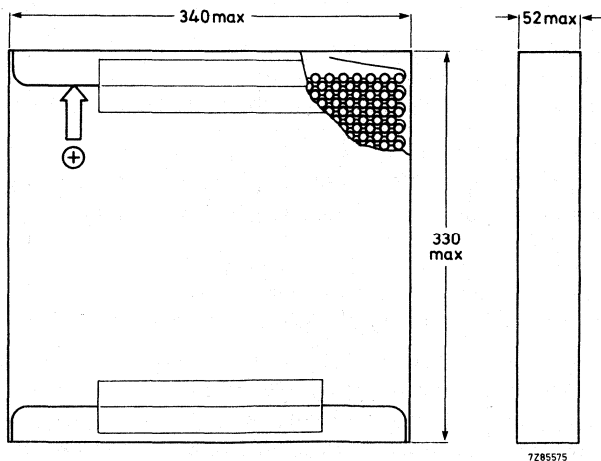


Fig. 21 Style 4 capacitors on tape in ammunition packing.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 3, Tests and requirements — solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the addition of the following tests.

Solvent resistance tests:

Severity 1, in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 215, including brushing of all portions of the specimens.

- Solvents:
- deionized water (50 ± 5 °C);
 - 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
 - mixture of 25 vol. % 2-propanol (isopropanol) and 75 vol. % mineral spirits.

Severity 2, in accordance with IEC 68-2-45, and IEC 653, test XA with the following details and additions.

Conditions: immersion time of samples 5 minutes, at ambient temperature, at boiling temperature, in vapour of boiling solvent, and ultrasonic (40 kHz).

- Solvents:
- deionized water (50 ± 5 °C);
 - calgonite solution (20 g/l, 70 ± 5 °C);
 - mixture of 4,5% 2-butoxyethanol, 4,5% 2-amino-ethanol, and 91% water (70 ± 5 °C);
 - 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
 - mixtures of 1.1.2-trichloro-1.2.2-trifluoro-ethane (fluorocarbon 113) and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon;
 - 2-propanol (isopropanol), 25%: 75% (Arklone K*); up to the ratio 35%: 65%;
 - ethanol, 4,5%: 95,5% (e.g. Arklone A*, Freon TE**);
 - methanol and nitromethane, (5,7%: 0,3%: 94% (Freon TMS**)).

Requirement: visual appearance not affected.

Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents.

Extended vibration test, in accordance with IEC 68-2-6, test Fc: 10 to 2000 Hz, 1,5 mm or 20 g (whichever is less), 1 octave/minute, 3 directions (mutually perpendicular), 1 sweep per direction, no voltage applied.

Requirements: no intermittent contacts; no breakdown; no open circuiting; no mechanical damage;
 $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$;
 $\tan \delta$ and HF impedance $\leq 1,2$ x stated limit;
 DC leakage current $\leq 1,5$ x stated limit;
 typical capability: up to 50 g (clamping both the body and the leads).

Shock test, in accordance with IEC 68-2-27, test Ea: half sine or sawtooth pulse shape, 50 g, 11 ms, 3 successive shocks in each direction of 3 mutually perpendicular axes, no voltage applied.

Requirements: no intermittent contacts; no breakdown; no open circuiting; no mechanical damage;
 $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$;
 $\tan \delta$ and HF impedance $\leq 1,2$ x stated limit;
 DC leakage current $\leq 1,5$ x stated limit;
 typical capability: up to 100 g, also in combination with extended vibration test.

Passive flammability test, in accordance with IEC 695-2-2, capacitor mounted to a vertical printed-wiring board, one flame on capacitor body, $T_{amb} = 20$ to 25 °C, test duration = 20 s.

Requirements: after removing the test flame from the capacitor, the capacitor must not continue to burn for more than 15 s; no burning particles must drop from the sample.

* Trade mark of I.C.I.

** Trade mark of Dupont de Nemours.

Survey of maximum permissible ripple voltage and ripple current values at various ambient temperatures and frequencies

Notes

- Zero DC voltage is assumed; at non-zero DC voltage the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
- If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V |
| U _R = 6,3 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 25 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 166 | 3 | 203 | 0,6 | 229 | 0,1 | 244 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 154 | 3 | 187 | 0,5 | 211 | 0,1 | 226 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 141 | 2,5 | 172 | 0,5 | 194 | 0,1 | 207 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 128 | 2,5 | 156 | 0,4 | 176 | 0,1 | 188 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 1,5 | 5 | 2,5 | 9 | 2,5 | 27 | 2,5 | 54 | 2,5 | 64 | 1 | 78 | 0,2 | 88 | 0 | 94 | 0 |
| 15 | 25 | 0,2 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 27 | 5 | 81 | 5 | 161 | 5 | 208 | 2,5 | 254 | 0,5 | 286 | 0,1 | 306 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 27 | 5 | 81 | 5 | 161 | 5 | 192 | 2,5 | 234 | 0,4 | 264 | 0,1 | 282 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 27 | 5 | 81 | 5 | 160 | 5 | 176 | 2 | 215 | 0,4 | 242 | 0 | 259 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 3 | 13 | 5 | 27 | 5 | 81 | 5 | 145 | 4,5 | 160 | 2 | 195 | 0,4 | 220 | 0 | 235 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 1,5 | 7 | 2,5 | 13 | 2,5 | 40 | 2,5 | 73 | 2,5 | 80 | 1 | 98 | 0,2 | 110 | 0 | 118 | 0 |
| 22 | 25 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 226 | 5 | 250 | 2 | 304 | 0,4 | 343 | 0 | 367 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 209 | 4,5 | 230 | 2 | 281 | 0,4 | 317 | 0 | 338 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 191 | 4 | 211 | 2 | 257 | 0,3 | 290 | 0 | 310 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 174 | 3,5 | 192 | 1,5 | 234 | 0,3 | 264 | 0 | 282 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 1,5 | 10 | 2,5 | 20 | 2,5 | 59 | 2,5 | 87 | 2 | 96 | 0,8 | 117 | 0,2 | 132 | 0 | 141 | 0 |
| 33 | 25 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 283 | 4 | 312 | 2 | 380 | 0,3 | 429 | 0 | 458 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 261 | 3,5 | 288 | 1,5 | 351 | 0,3 | 396 | 0 | 423 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 239 | 3,5 | 264 | 1,5 | 322 | 0,3 | 363 | 0 | 388 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 218 | 3 | 240 | 1,5 | 293 | 0,2 | 330 | 0 | 353 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 1,5 | 15 | 2,5 | 30 | 2,5 | 89 | 2,5 | 109 | 1,5 | 120 | 0,7 | 146 | 0,1 | 65 | 0 | 176 | 0 |
| 47 | 25 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 253 | 5 | 358 | 3,5 | 395 | 1,5 | 482 | 0,3 | 543 | 0 | 581 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 253 | 5 | 331 | 3,5 | 365 | 1,5 | 445 | 0,3 | 502 | 0 | 536 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 253 | 5 | 303 | 3 | 334 | 1,5 | 408 | 0,2 | 460 | 0 | 491 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 247 | 5 | 276 | 2,5 | 304 | 1 | 371 | 0,2 | 418 | 0 | 447 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 1,5 | 21 | 2,5 | 42 | 2,5 | 124 | 2,5 | 138 | 1,5 | 152 | 0,6 | 185 | 0,1 | 209 | 0 | 223 | 0 |
| 68 | 25 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 365 | 5 | 434 | 3 | 478 | 1,5 | 583 | 0,2 | 658 | 0 | 703 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 359 | 5 | 400 | 3 | 442 | 1 | 538 | 0,2 | 607 | 0 | 649 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 329 | 4,5 | 367 | 2,5 | 405 | 1 | 493 | 0,2 | 557 | 0 | 595 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 266 | 4 | 334 | 2,5 | 368 | 1 | 449 | 0,2 | 506 | 0 | 541 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,3 | 1,5 | 31 | 2,5 | 61 | 2,5 | 150 | 2 | 167 | 1 | 814 | 0,5 | 224 | 0,1 | 253 | 0 | 270 | 0 |

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 10 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4,7 | 25 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 125 | 5 | 152 | 0,9 | 172 | 0,1 | 183 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 115 | 4,5 | 140 | 0,8 | 158 | 0,1 | 169 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 106 | 4 | 129 | 0,8 | 145 | 0,1 | 155 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 96 | 4 | 117 | 0,7 | 132 | 0,1 | 141 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 20 | 4 | 40 | 4 | 48 | 2 | 59 | 0,4 | 66 | 0 | 71 | 0 |
| 6,8 | 25 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 116 | 8 | 146 | 4 | 178 | 0,7 | 200 | 0,1 | 214 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 116 | 8 | 134 | 3,5 | 164 | 0,7 | 185 | 0,1 | 197 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 112 | 7,5 | 123 | 3,5 | 150 | 0,6 | 169 | 0,1 | 181 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 102 | 7 | 112 | 3 | 137 | 0,6 | 154 | 0,1 | 165 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 29 | 4 | 51 | 3,5 | 56 | 1,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 77 | 0 | 82 | 0 |
| 10 | 25 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 151 | 7 | 166 | 3 | 203 | 0,6 | 229 | 0,1 | 244 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 139 | 6,5 | 154 | 3 | 187 | 0,5 | 211 | 0,1 | 226 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 128 | 6 | 141 | 2,5 | 172 | 0,5 | 194 | 0,1 | 207 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 116 | 5,5 | 128 | 2,5 | 156 | 0,4 | 176 | 0,1 | 188 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 14 | 4 | 43 | 4 | 58 | 2,5 | 64 | 1 | 78 | 0,2 | 88 | 0 | 94 | 0 |
| 15 | 25 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 189 | 6 | 208 | 2,5 | 254 | 0,5 | 286 | 0,1 | 306 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 174 | 5,5 | 192 | 2,5 | 234 | 0,4 | 264 | 0,1 | 282 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 160 | 5 | 176 | 2 | 215 | 0,4 | 242 | 0 | 259 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 145 | 4,5 | 160 | 2 | 195 | 0,4 | 220 | 0 | 235 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 2 | 11 | 4 | 21 | 4 | 64 | 4 | 73 | 2,5 | 80 | 1 | 98 | 0,2 | 110 | 0 | 118 | 0 |
| 22 | 25 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 188 | 8 | 116 | 5 | 250 | 2 | 304 | 0,4 | 343 | 0 | 367 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 187 | 8 | 209 | 4,5 | 230 | 2 | 281 | 0,4 | 317 | 0 | 338 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 172 | 7,5 | 191 | 4 | 211 | 2 | 257 | 0,3 | 290 | 0 | 310 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 156 | 6,5 | 174 | 3,5 | 192 | 1,5 | 234 | 0,3 | 264 | 0 | 282 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 2 | 16 | 4 | 31 | 4 | 78 | 3,5 | 87 | 2 | 96 | 0,8 | 117 | 0,2 | 132 | 0 | 141 | 0 |
| 33 | 25 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 270 | 7,5 | 302 | 4,5 | 333 | 2 | 406 | 0,3 | 458 | 0 | 489 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 250 | 7 | 278 | 4 | 307 | 1,5 | 374 | 0,3 | 422 | 0 | 451 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 229 | 6,5 | 255 | 3,5 | 282 | 1,5 | 343 | 0,3 | 387 | 0 | 414 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 208 | 6 | 232 | 3,5 | 256 | 1,5 | 312 | 0,3 | 352 | 0 | 376 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,3 | 2 | 24 | 4 | 47 | 4 | 104 | 3 | 116 | 1,5 | 128 | 0,7 | 156 | 0,1 | 176 | 0 | 188 | 0 |

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 16 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,2 | 25 | 0,1 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 30 | 13 | 60 | 13 | 104 | 9 | 127 | 1,5 | 143 | 0,2 | 153 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 30 | 13 | 60 | 13 | 96 | 8 | 117 | 1,5 | 132 | 0,2 | 141 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 30 | 13 | 60 | 13 | 88 | 7,5 | 107 | 1,5 | 121 | 0,2 | 129 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 30 | 13 | 60 | 13 | 80 | 7 | 98 | 1 | 110 | 0,1 | 118 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 3,5 | 3 | 6,5 | 5 | 6,5 | 15 | 6,5 | 30 | 6,5 | 40 | 3,5 | 49 | 0,6 | 55 | 0,1 | 59 | 0 |
| 3,3 | 25 | 0,1 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 45 | 13 | 90 | 13 | 125 | 7 | 152 | 1,5 | 172 | 0,1 | 183 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 45 | 13 | 90 | 13 | 115 | 6,5 | 140 | 1 | 158 | 0,1 | 169 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 45 | 13 | 90 | 13 | 106 | 6 | 129 | 1 | 145 | 0,1 | 155 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 45 | 13 | 87 | 12,5 | 96 | 5,5 | 117 | 1 | 132 | 0,1 | 141 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 3,5 | 4 | 6,5 | 8 | 6,5 | 23 | 6,5 | 44 | 6 | 48 | 2,5 | 59 | 0,5 | 66 | 0,1 | 71 | 0 |
| 4,7 | 25 | 0,1 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 21 | 13 | 64 | 13 | 128 | 13 | 146 | 6 | 178 | 1 | 200 | 0,1 | 214 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 21 | 13 | 64 | 13 | 122 | 12 | 134 | 5,5 | 164 | 1 | 185 | 0,1 | 197 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 21 | 13 | 64 | 13 | 112 | 11 | 123 | 5 | 150 | 0,9 | 169 | 0,1 | 181 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 21 | 13 | 64 | 13 | 102 | 10 | 112 | 4,5 | 137 | 0,8 | 154 | 0,1 | 165 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 3,5 | 5 | 6,5 | 11 | 6,5 | 32 | 6,5 | 51 | 5 | 56 | 2 | 68 | 0,4 | 77 | 0 | 82 | 0 |
| 6,8 | 25 | 0,2 | 7 | 16 | 13 | 31 | 13 | 93 | 13 | 151 | 10,5 | 166 | 4,5 | 203 | 0,8 | 229 | 0,1 | 244 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 7 | 16 | 13 | 31 | 13 | 93 | 13 | 139 | 9,5 | 154 | 4 | 187 | 0,8 | 211 | 0,1 | 226 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 7 | 16 | 13 | 31 | 13 | 93 | 13 | 128 | 9 | 141 | 4 | 172 | 0,7 | 194 | 0,1 | 207 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 7 | 16 | 13 | 31 | 13 | 93 | 13 | 116 | 8 | 128 | 3,5 | 156 | 0,6 | 176 | 0,1 | 188 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 3,5 | 8 | 6,5 | 16 | 6,5 | 46 | 6,5 | 58 | 4 | 64 | 2 | 78 | 0,3 | 88 | 0 | 94 | 0 |
| 10 | 25 | 0,3 | 7 | 23 | 13 | 46 | 13 | 137 | 13 | 189 | 9 | 208 | 4 | 254 | 0,7 | 286 | 0,1 | 306 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,3 | 7 | 23 | 13 | 46 | 13 | 137 | 13 | 174 | 8 | 192 | 3,5 | 234 | 0,7 | 264 | 0,1 | 282 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,3 | 7 | 23 | 13 | 46 | 13 | 137 | 13 | 160 | 7,5 | 176 | 3,5 | 215 | 0,6 | 242 | 0,1 | 259 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,3 | 7 | 23 | 13 | 46 | 13 | 130 | 12 | 145 | 7 | 160 | 3 | 195 | 0,5 | 220 | 0,1 | 235 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 3,5 | 11 | 6,5 | 23 | 6,5 | 65 | 6 | 73 | 3,5 | 80 | 1,5 | 98 | 0,3 | 110 | 0 | 118 | 0 |
| 15 | 25 | 0,4 | 7 | 34 | 13 | 68 | 13 | 205 | 13 | 245 | 7,5 | 270 | 3,5 | 330 | 0,6 | 372 | 0,1 | 397 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,4 | 7 | 34 | 13 | 68 | 13 | 203 | 12,5 | 226 | 7 | 250 | 3 | 304 | 0,6 | 343 | 0,1 | 367 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,4 | 7 | 34 | 13 | 68 | 13 | 186 | 11,5 | 207 | 6,5 | 229 | 3 | 279 | 0,5 | 315 | 0,1 | 336 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,4 | 7 | 34 | 13 | 68 | 13 | 169 | 10,5 | 189 | 6 | 208 | 2,5 | 254 | 0,5 | 286 | 0,1 | 306 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 3,5 | 17 | 6,5 | 34 | 6,5 | 85 | 5,5 | 94 | 3 | 104 | 1,5 | 127 | 0,2 | 143 | 0 | 153 | 0 |

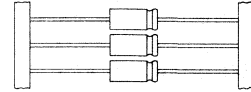
| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 25 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0,68 | 25 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 58 | 16 | 71 | 3 | 80 | 0,3 | 86 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 54 | 15 | 66 | 2,5 | 74 | 0,3 | 79 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 49 | 13,5 | 60 | 2,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 72 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 45 | 12,5 | 55 | 2,5 | 62 | 0,3 | 66 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 22 | 6 | 27 | 1 | 31 | 0,1 | 33 | 0 |
| 1 | 25 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 67 | 12,5 | 81 | 2,5 | 92 | 0,3 | 98 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 61 | 11,5 | 75 | 2 | 85 | 0,2 | 90 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 56 | 10,5 | 69 | 2 | 77 | 0,2 | 83 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 51 | 9,5 | 62 | 2 | 70 | 0,2 | 75 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 21 | 10 | 26 | 5 | 31 | 0,9 | 35 | 0,1 | 38 | 0 |
| 1,5 | 25 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 83 | 10,5 | 101 | 2 | 114 | 0,2 | 122 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 77 | 9,5 | 94 | 2 | 106 | 0,2 | 113 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 9 | 86 | 1,5 | 97 | 0,2 | 103 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 58 | 18 | 64 | 8 | 78 | 1,5 | 88 | 0,2 | 94 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 16 | 10 | 29 | 9 | 32 | 4 | 39 | 0,7 | 44 | 0,1 | 47 | 0 |
| 2,2 | 25 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 94 | 20 | 104 | 9 | 127 | 1,5 | 143 | 0,2 | 153 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 87 | 18,5 | 96 | 8 | 117 | 1,5 | 132 | 0,2 | 141 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 80 | 17 | 88 | 7,5 | 107 | 1,5 | 121 | 0,2 | 129 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 73 | 15,5 | 80 | 7 | 98 | 1 | 110 | 0,1 | 118 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 36 | 7,5 | 40 | 3,5 | 49 | 0,6 | 55 | 0,1 | 59 | 0 |
| 3,3 | 25 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 113 | 16 | 125 | 7 | 152 | 1,5 | 172 | 0,1 | 183 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 104 | 15 | 115 | 6,5 | 140 | 1 | 158 | 0,1 | 169 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 96 | 13,5 | 106 | 6 | 129 | 1 | 145 | 0,1 | 155 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 87 | 12,5 | 96 | 5,5 | 117 | 1 | 132 | 0,1 | 141 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 35 | 10 | 44 | 6 | 48 | 2,5 | 59 | 0,5 | 66 | 0,1 | 71 | 0 |
| 4,7 | 25 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 132 | 13 | 146 | 6 | 178 | 1 | 200 | 0,1 | 214 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 122 | 12 | 134 | 5,5 | 164 | 1 | 185 | 0,1 | 197 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 112 | 11 | 123 | 5 | 150 | 0,9 | 169 | 0,1 | 181 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 91 | 18 | 102 | 10 | 112 | 4,5 | 137 | 0,8 | 154 | 0,1 | 165 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 8 | 10 | 17 | 10 | 46 | 9 | 51 | 5 | 56 | 2 | 68 | 0,4 | 77 | 0 | 82 | 0 |
| 6,8 | 25 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 145 | 20 | 170 | 11,5 | 187 | 5 | 228 | 0,9 | 257 | 0,1 | 275 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 140 | 19,5 | 157 | 11 | 173 | 5 | 211 | 0,9 | 238 | 0,1 | 254 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 129 | 17,5 | 144 | 10 | 158 | 4,5 | 193 | 0,8 | 218 | 0,1 | 233 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 117 | 16 | 131 | 9 | 144 | 4 | 176 | 0,7 | 198 | 0,1 | 212 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 12 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 59 | 8 | 65 | 4,5 | 72 | 2 | 88 | 0,4 | 99 | 0 | 106 | 0 |

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 10 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 40 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0,1 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 25 | 7 | 29 | 0,8 | 31 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 23 | 6,5 | 26 | 0,7 | 28 | 0,1 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 22 | 6 | 24 | 0,7 | 26 | 0,1 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 16 | 30 | 20 | 5,5 | 22 | 0,6 | 24 | 0,1 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,2 | 10 | 0,4 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 3 | 11 | 0,3 | 12 | 0 |
| 0,15 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 25 | 31,5 | 30 | 5,5 | 34 | 0,6 | 37 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 23 | 29 | 28 | 5,5 | 32 | 0,6 | 34 | 0,1 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 21 | 26,5 | 26 | 5 | 29 | 0,5 | 31 | 0,1 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 19 | 24 | 23 | 4,5 | 26 | 0,5 | 28 | 0,1 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,3 | 10 | 0,5 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 13 | 0,2 | 14 | 0 |
| 0,22 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 33 | 28,5 | 41 | 5 | 46 | 0,6 | 49 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 31 | 26 | 37 | 5 | 42 | 0,5 | 45 | 0,1 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 28 | 24 | 34 | 4,5 | 39 | 0,5 | 41 | 0,1 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 26 | 22 | 31 | 4 | 35 | 0,5 | 38 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,4 | 10 | 0,8 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 2 | 18 | 0,2 | 19 | 0 |
| 0,33 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 42 | 23,5 | 51 | 4,5 | 57 | 0,5 | 61 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 38 | 22 | 47 | 4 | 53 | 0,5 | 56 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 35 | 20 | 43 | 3,5 | 48 | 0,4 | 52 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 32 | 18 | 39 | 3,5 | 44 | 0,4 | 47 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,6 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 9 | 20 | 1,5 | 22 | 0,2 | 24 | 0 |
| 0,47 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 50 | 20 | 61 | 3,5 | 69 | 0,4 | 73 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 46 | 18,5 | 56 | 3,5 | 63 | 0,4 | 68 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 42 | 17 | 52 | 3 | 58 | 0,3 | 62 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 38 | 15,5 | 47 | 3 | 53 | 0,3 | 56 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,8 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 19 | 7,5 | 23 | 1,5 | 26 | 0,2 | 28 | 0 |
| 0,68 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 46 | 32 | 58 | 16 | 71 | 3 | 80 | 0,3 | 86 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 46 | 32 | 54 | 15 | 66 | 2,5 | 74 | 0,3 | 79 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 45 | 31 | 49 | 13,5 | 60 | 2,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 72 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 41 | 28 | 45 | 12,5 | 55 | 2,5 | 62 | 0,3 | 66 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 22 | 6 | 27 | 1 | 31 | 0,1 | 33 | 0 |
| 1 | 25 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 60 | 28,5 | 67 | 12,5 | 81 | 2,5 | 92 | 0,3 | 98 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 56 | 26 | 61 | 11,5 | 75 | 2 | 85 | 0,2 | 90 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 51 | 24 | 56 | 10,5 | 69 | 2 | 77 | 0,2 | 83 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 46 | 22 | 51 | 9,5 | 62 | 2 | 70 | 0,2 | 75 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 21 | 10 | 26 | 5 | 31 | 0,9 | 35 | 0,1 | 38 | 0 |
| 1,5 | 25 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 75 | 23,5 | 83 | 10,5 | 101 | 2 | 114 | 0,2 | 122 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 70 | 22 | 77 | 9,5 | 94 | 2 | 106 | 0,2 | 113 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 9 | 86 | 1,5 | 97 | 0,2 | 103 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 58 | 18 | 64 | 8 | 78 | 1,5 | 88 | 0,2 | 94 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 16 | 10 | 29 | 9 | 32 | 4 | 39 | 0,7 | 44 | 0,1 | 47 | 0 |
| 2,2 | 25 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 75 | 32 | 94 | 20 | 104 | 9 | 127 | 1,5 | 143 | 0,2 | 153 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 75 | 32 | 87 | 18,5 | 96 | 8 | 117 | 1,5 | 132 | 0,2 | 141 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 72 | 30,5 | 80 | 17 | 88 | 7,5 | 107 | 1,5 | 121 | 0,2 | 129 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 65 | 27,5 | 73 | 15,5 | 80 | 7 | 98 | 1 | 110 | 0,1 | 118 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 9 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 36 | 7,5 | 40 | 3,5 | 49 | 0,6 | 55 | 0,1 | 59 | 0 |

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS



- Enhanced capacitance
- Small type
- Axial leads; metal case; ceramic seal
- Long life
- High reliability
- Industrial and military applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series)

1,0 to 2200 μ F

Tolerance on nominal capacitance

$\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order)

Rated voltage range, U_R

4 to 40 V*

Category temperature range

-55 to $+125$ $^{\circ}$ C

Usable temperature range

-80 to $+200$ $^{\circ}$ C

Endurance test at 155/125 $^{\circ}$ C

5000 hours/8000 hours

Basic specification

IEC 384-4, long-life grade

Climatic category, IEC 68

55/125/56

DIN 40040

EHC/JQ/TW

NF C20-600

434

Approvals

CECC 30 302-003 (style A and B)
CNET LN2 44-04 COS-C (PTT)
GAM-T1 (MIL)

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} | U_R (V) | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----|----|----|----|------|----|---------------------|
| | 4 | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 35 | 40 \blacktriangle |
| 1,0 | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 1,5 | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 2,2 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 4,7 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 6,8 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2A | 2A |
| 15 | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2A | 2A |
| 22 | | | | 1 | | 2A | 2A | 4 |
| 33 | | | 1 | 2A | | 2A | 4 | 4 |
| 47 | | 1 | 1 | 2A | 2A | 2A** | 4 | 5 |
| 68 | 1 | 1 | 2A | 2A | | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| 100 | 1 | | 2A | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| 150 | | 2A | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | |
| 220 | 2A | | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | | |
| 330 | | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | | |
| 470 | 4 | | 5 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| 680 | | 5 | 6 | 6 | | | | |
| 1000 | 5 | 6 | 6 | | | | | |
| 1500 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | |
| 2200 | 6 | | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1 | ϕ 6,5 x 15 |
| 2A | ϕ 7,5 x 20 |
| 4 | ϕ 9 x 22,5 |
| 5 | ϕ 10 x 31,5 |
| 6 | ϕ 12,5 x 31,5 |

* 40 V still under development

** Available to special order

\blacktriangle Non-CECC types

APPLICATION

These capacitors with high CU-product per unit volume utilize advanced technology to achieve long life, high stability, excellent reliability, high ripple current rating and low temperature dependence. The capacitors are not subject to a limitation on charge or discharge currents and they will function in circuits where voltage reversal may occur.

The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have highly etched aluminium foil electrodes separated by a layer of glass fabric and filled with solid, semiconductive, pyrolytically formed manganese dioxide. The capacitors are housed in an aluminium case and are sealed by a ceramic disc. The cathode lead is welded to the case.

The capacitors are available in 4 styles, all with soldered-copper leads;

style 1: axial leads, case insulated with a blue transparent plastic sleeve; supplied on bandoliers in box;

style 2: as style 1, however supplied on bandoliers on reel;

style 3: single-ended, case insulated with a blue transparent plastic sleeve; available to special order;

style 4: single-ended, case fitted in a yellow plastic foot; available to special order.

Note: A special version is available to special order, which is partly epoxy-filled, withstanding severe shock and vibration tests; see also paragraph "Tests and requirements".

MECHANICAL DATA

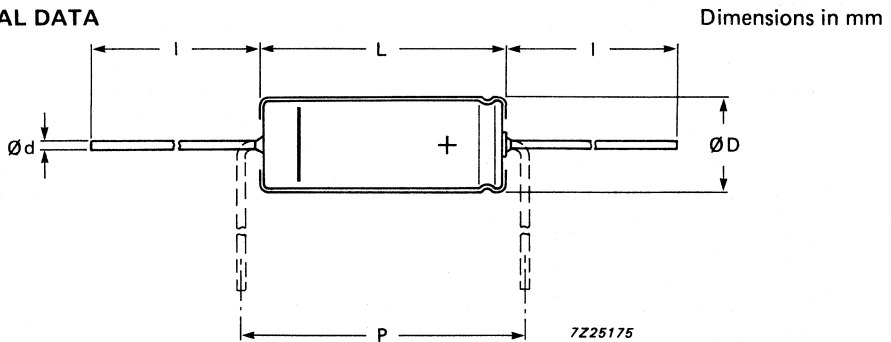


Fig. 1 Component outline, styles 1 and 2; for dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L, l and P, see Table 3.

→ **Table 3** Physical dimensions, styles 1 to 4

| case size | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min}^* | mass approx. grams** | l | ϕd^{***} |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|
| 1 | 6,5 | 15,0 | 6,7 | 15,3 | 20,0 | 1,05 | 33 ± 1 | 0,6 |
| 2A | 7,5 | 20,0 | 7,6 | 20,4 | 22,5 | 1,55 | 31 ± 1 | 0,6 |
| 4 | 9,0 | 22,5 | 9,3 | 23,3 | 25,0 | 2,6 | 30 ± 1 | 0,6 |
| 5 | 10,0 | 31,5 | 10,3 | 32,0 | 35,0 | 4,2 | 25 ± 1 | 0,8 |
| 6 low CV | 12,5 | 31,5 | 12,9 | 32,0 | 35,0 | 6,6 | 25 ± 1 | 0,8 |
| 6 high CV | 12,5 | 31,5 | 12,9 | 32,0 | 35,0 | 7,1 | 25 ± 1 | 0,8 |

* Valid for style 1 and 2 only.

** Add 10% for epoxy-filled versions.

*** Tolerance in accordance with IEC 301; not applicable to a length of 2 mm at the end of the leads covered by the bandoliers.

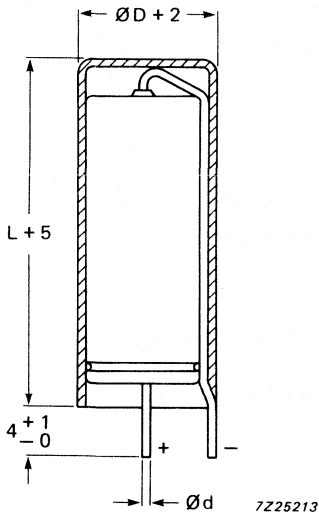


Fig. 3 Component outline, style 4; for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L , see Table 3. Available to special order.

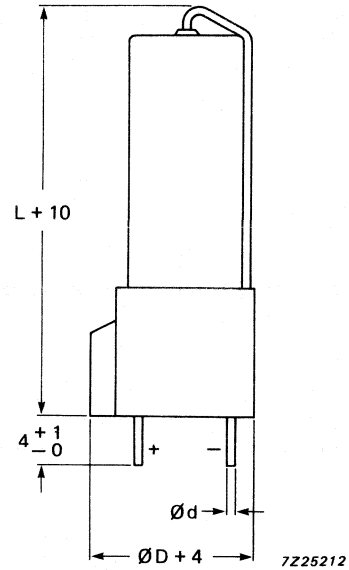


Fig. 2 Component outline, style 3; for dimensions ϕd , ϕD and L see Table 3. Available to special order.

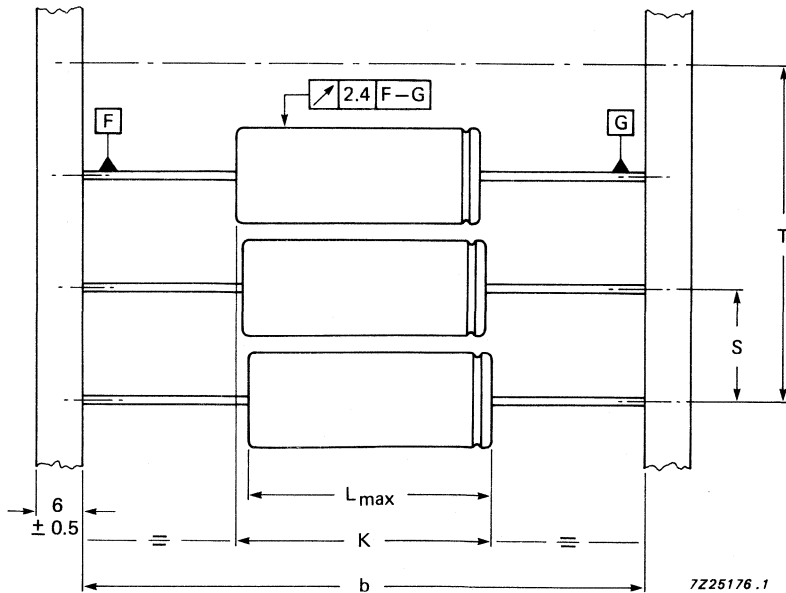


Fig. 4 Capacitors (style 1 and 2) on bandoliers; the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 4 for dimensions b , S , T , K and L_{max} . $|B1 - B2| = 1,4 + (L_{\text{max}} - L)$ mm max.

Table 4 Dimensions of bandolier

| case size | b | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L _{max} | K |
|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------|
| | | | n < 50 | 50 < n < 100 | | |
| 1 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 15,3 | 16,7 |
| 2A | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 20,4 | 21,8 |
| 4 | 73 ± 1,6 | 10 ± 0,4 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 23,3 | 24,7 |
| 5 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 32 | 33,4 |
| 6 | 73 ± 1,6 | 15 ± 0,75 | 10 (n-1) ± 2 | 10 (n-1) ± 4 | 32 | 33,4 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: group number (123), capacitance, tolerance, rated voltage at corresponding maximum temperature, date code in accordance with IEC 62, a band to identify the negative terminal, "+" signs for the positive terminal and name of manufacturer.

Mounting

No special provisions are required for soldering to the tinned leads.
(2 mm of the anode lead nearest the body are not solderable).

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%. See also the paragraph corresponding to each electrical property.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R [*] | nom. cap. μF | max. RMS ripple current at O V DC and T _{amb} = | | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute ^{**} | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance and ESR at 100 kHz ^{**} | case size | style A (CECC) | | | | | | style B (CECC) | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--|----------------|--|------------|----------|---|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| | | 125 °C (100 Hz) | 85 °C (10 kHz) | | | | | | tol. ± 20% | tol. ± 20% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 20% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% |
| 4 | 68 | 53 | 450 | 14 | 0,25 | 7,3 | 1,2 | 1 | 12689 | 22689 | 42689 | 62689 | 72689 | 82689 | 62689 | 72689 | 82689 |
| | 100 | 77 | 540 | 20 | 0,25 | 5,0 | 1,2 | 1 | 12101 | 22101 | 42101 | 62101 | 72101 | 82101 | 62101 | 72101 | 82101 |
| | 220 | 160 | 890 | 44 | 0,25 | 2,3 | 1,0 | 2A | 12221 | 22221 | 42221 | 62221 | 72221 | 82221 | 62221 | 72221 | 82221 |
| | 470 | 300 | 1470 | 94 | 0,25 | 1,1 | 0,4 | 4 | 12471 | 22471 | 42471 | 62471 | 72471 | 82471 | 62471 | 72471 | 82471 |
| | 1000 | 630 | 2450 | 200 | 0,25 | 0,5 | 0,3 | 5 | 12102 | 22102 | 42102 | 62102 | 72102 | 82102 | 62102 | 72102 | 82102 |
| | 1500 | 950 | 3330 | 300 | 0,25 | 0,33 | 0,2 | 6 | 12152 | 22152 | 42152 | 62152 | 72152 | 82152 | 62152 | 72152 | 82152 |
| 2200 | 1250 | 4230 | 440 | 0,25 | 0,23 | 0,2 | 6 | 12222 | 22222 | 42222 | 62222 | 72222 | 82222 | 62222 | 72222 | 82222 | |
| 6,3 | 47 | 58 | 440 | 15 | 0,18 | 7,6 | 1,2 | 1 | 13479 | 23479 | 43479 | 63479 | 73479 | 83479 | 63479 | 73479 | 83479 |
| | 68 | 83 | 520 | 21 | 0,18 | 5,3 | 1,2 | 1 | 13689 | 23689 | 43689 | 63689 | 73689 | 83689 | 63689 | 73689 | 83689 |
| | 150 | 160 | 870 | 47 | 0,18 | 2,4 | 1,0 | 2A | 13151 | 23151 | 43151 | 63151 | 73151 | 83151 | 63151 | 73151 | 83151 |
| | 330 | 330 | 1470 | 104 | 0,18 | 1,1 | 0,4 | 4 | 13331 | 23331 | 43331 | 63331 | 73331 | 83331 | 63331 | 73331 | 83331 |
| | 680 | 680 | 2340 | 214 | 0,18 | 0,55 | 0,3 | 5 | 13681 | 23681 | 43681 | 63681 | 73681 | 83681 | 63681 | 73681 | 83681 |
| | 1000 | 940 | 3180 | 315 | 0,18 | 0,36 | 0,2 | 6 | 13102 | 23102 | 43102 | 63102 | 73102 | 83102 | 63102 | 73102 | 83102 |
| 1500 | 1220 | 4140 | 473 | 0,18 | 0,24 | 0,2 | 6 | 13152 | 23152 | 43152 | 63152 | 73152 | 83152 | 63152 | 73152 | 83152 | |
| 10 | 33 | 63 | 360 | 17 | 0,18 | 11 | 1,2 | 1 | 14339 | 24339 | 44339 | 64339 | 74339 | 84339 | 64339 | 74339 | 84339 |
| | 47 | 83 | 440 | 24 | 0,18 | 7,6 | 1,2 | 1 | 14479 | 24479 | 44479 | 64479 | 74479 | 84479 | 64479 | 74479 | 84479 |
| | 68 | 110 | 590 | 34 | 0,18 | 5,3 | 1,0 | 2A | 14689 | 24689 | 44689 | 64689 | 74689 | 84689 | 64689 | 74689 | 84689 |
| | 100 | 160 | 710 | 50 | 0,18 | 3,6 | 1,0 | 2A | 14101 | 24101 | 44101 | 64101 | 74101 | 84101 | 64101 | 74101 | 84101 |
| | 150 | 240 | 990 | 75 | 0,18 | 2,4 | 0,4 | 4 | 14151 | 24151 | 44151 | 64151 | 74151 | 84151 | 64151 | 74151 | 84151 |
| | 220 | 350 | 1180 | 110 | 0,18 | 1,7 | 0,4 | 4 | 14221 | 24221 | 44221 | 64221 | 74221 | 84221 | 64221 | 74221 | 84221 |
| 330 | 490 | 1650 | 165 | 0,18 | 1,1 | 0,3 | 5 | 14331 | 24331 | 44331 | 64331 | 74331 | 84331 | 64331 | 74331 | 84331 | |
| 470 | 570 | 1940 | 235 | 0,18 | 0,8 | 0,3 | 5 | 14471 | 24471 | 44471 | 64471 | 74471 | 84471 | 64471 | 74471 | 84471 | |
| 680 | 760 | 2580 | 340 | 0,18 | 0,55 | 0,2 | 6 | 14681 | 24681 | 44681 | 64681 | 74681 | 84681 | 64681 | 74681 | 84681 | |
| 1000 | 1000 | 3380 | 500 | 0,18 | 0,36 | 0,2 | 6 | 14102 | 24102 | 44102 | 64102 | 74102 | 84102 | 64102 | 74102 | 84102 | |

* Up to T_{amb} = 125 °C.

** Versions with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.

Table 5 (continued)

| UR* | style A (CECC) | | | | | | | | | | style B (CECC) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|---|--|------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------|---------|---------|---|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|----------------------|
| | catalogue number 2222 123 followed by | | | | | | | | | | versions with severe shock and vibration resistance | | | | | | | | | |
| | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at O V DC and T _{amb} = 125 °C (100 Hz) (10 kHz) | max. DC leakage current at U _R after 1 minute** | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance and ESR at 100 kHz | case size | tol. ± 20% | style 1 | style 2 | tol. ± 10% | style 1 | style 2 | tol. ± 10% | style 1 | style 2 | tol. ± 10% | style 1 | style 2 | tol. ± 10% certified |
| 16 | μF | mA | mA | Ω | Ω | Ω | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 10 | 31 | 230 | 0,14 | 28 | 2,5 | 1 | 15109 | 25109 | 45109 | 45109 | 45109 | 45109 | 65109 | 75109 | 75109 | 85109 | 85109 | 85109 | 85109 |
| | 15 | 47 | 280 | 0,14 | 19 | 2,5 | 1 | 15159 | 25159 | 45159 | 45159 | 45159 | 45159 | 65159 | 75159 | 75159 | 85159 | 85159 | 85159 | 85159 |
| | 22 | 63 | 340 | 0,14 | 13 | 2,5 | 1 | 15229 | 25229 | 45229 | 45229 | 45229 | 45229 | 65229 | 75229 | 75229 | 85229 | 85229 | 85229 | 85229 |
| | 33 | 89 | 470 | 0,14 | 8,4 | 2,0 | 2A | 15339 | 25339 | 45339 | 45339 | 45339 | 45339 | 65339 | 75339 | 75339 | 85339 | 85339 | 85339 | 85339 |
| | 47 | 120 | 560 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 2,0 | 2A | 15479 | 25479 | 45479 | 45479 | 45479 | 45479 | 65479 | 75479 | 75479 | 85479 | 85479 | 85479 | 85479 |
| | 68 | 180 | 670 | 0,14 | 4,1 | 2,0 | 2A | 15689 | 25689 | 45689 | 45689 | 45689 | 45689 | 65689 | 75689 | 75689 | 85689 | 85689 | 85689 | 85689 |
| | 100 | 260 | 920 | 0,14 | 2,8 | 0,8 | 4 | 15101 | 25101 | 45101 | 45101 | 45101 | 45101 | 65101 | 75101 | 75101 | 85101 | 85101 | 85101 | 85101 |
| | 150 | 310 | 1060 | 0,16 | 2,1 | 0,8 | 4 | 15151 | 25151 | 45151 | 45151 | 45151 | 45151 | 65151 | 75151 | 75151 | 85151 | 85151 | 85151 | 85151 |
| | 220 | 420 | 1420 | 0,16 | 1,5 | 0,6 | 5 | 15221 | 25221 | 45221 | 45221 | 45221 | 45221 | 65221 | 75221 | 75221 | 85221 | 85221 | 85221 | 85221 |
| | 330 | 510 | 1740 | 0,16 | 1,0 | 0,6 | 5 | 15331 | 25331 | 45331 | 45331 | 45331 | 45331 | 65331 | 75331 | 75331 | 85331 | 85331 | 85331 | 85331 |
| | 470 | 680 | 2280 | 0,16 | 0,7 | 0,4 | 6 | 15471 | 25471 | 45471 | 45471 | 45471 | 45471 | 65471 | 75471 | 75471 | 85471 | 85471 | 85471 | 85471 |
| | 680 | 850 | 2870 | 0,16 | 0,5 | 0,4 | 6 | 15681 | 25681 | 45681 | 45681 | 45681 | 45681 | 65681 | 75681 | 75681 | 85681 | 85681 | 85681 | 85681 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 10 | 39 | 230 | 0,14 | 28 | 2,5 | 1 | 18109 | 28109 | 48109 | 48109 | 48109 | 48109 | 68109 | 78109 | 78109 | 88109 | 88109 | 88109 | 88109 |
| | 15 | 52 | 280 | 0,14 | 19 | 2,5 | 1 | 18159 | 28159 | 48159 | 48159 | 48159 | 48159 | 68159 | 78159 | 78159 | 88159 | 88159 | 88159 | 88159 |
| | 47 | 150 | 560 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 2,0 | 2A | 18479 | 28479 | 48479 | 48479 | 48479 | 48479 | 68479 | 78479 | 78479 | 88479 | 88479 | 88479 | 88479 |
| | 100 | 270 | 920 | 0,14 | 2,8 | 0,8 | 4 | 18101 | 28101 | 48101 | 48101 | 48101 | 48101 | 68101 | 78101 | 78101 | 88101 | 88101 | 88101 | 88101 |
| | 150 | 350 | 1200 | 0,16 | 2,1 | 0,6 | 5 | 18151 | 28151 | 48151 | 48151 | 48151 | 48151 | 68151 | 78151 | 78151 | 88151 | 88151 | 88151 | 88151 |
| | 220 | 420 | 1420 | 0,16 | 1,5 | 0,6 | 5 | 18221 | 28221 | 48221 | 48221 | 48221 | 48221 | 68221 | 78221 | 78221 | 88221 | 88221 | 88221 | 88221 |
| | 330 | 570 | 1910 | 0,16 | 1,0 | 0,4 | 6 | 18331 | 28331 | 48331 | 48331 | 48331 | 48331 | 68331 | 78331 | 78331 | 88331 | 88331 | 88331 | 88331 |
| | 470 | 720 | 2420 | 0,16 | 0,7 | 0,4 | 6 | 18471 | 28471 | 48471 | 48471 | 48471 | 48471 | 68471 | 78471 | 78471 | 88471 | 88471 | 88471 | 88471 |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 10 | 43 | 230 | 0,14 | 28 | 5 | 1 | 16109 | 26109 | 46109 | 46109 | 46109 | 46109 | 66109 | 76109 | 76109 | 86109 | 86109 | 86109 | 86109 |
| | 15 | 60 | 280 | 0,14 | 19 | 5 | 1 | 16159 | 26159 | 46159 | 46159 | 46159 | 46159 | 66159 | 76159 | 76159 | 86159 | 86159 | 86159 | 86159 |
| | 22 | 88 | 370 | 0,14 | 13 | 2,5 | 2A | 16229 | 26229 | 46229 | 46229 | 46229 | 46229 | 66229 | 76229 | 76229 | 86229 | 86229 | 86229 | 86229 |
| | 33 | 130 | 470 | 0,14 | 8,4 | 2,5 | 2A | 16339 | 26339 | 46339 | 46339 | 46339 | 46339 | 66339 | 76339 | 76339 | 86339 | 86339 | 86339 | 86339 |
| | 47*** | 160 | 560 | 0,14 | 5,9 | 2,5 | 2A | 16479 | 26479 | 46479 | 46479 | 46479 | 46479 | 66479 | 76479 | 76479 | 86479 | 86479 | 86479 | 86479 |
| | 68 | 230 | 760 | 0,14 | 4,1 | 1,0 | 4 | 16689 | 26689 | 46689 | 46689 | 46689 | 46689 | 66689 | 76689 | 76689 | 86689 | 86689 | 86689 | 86689 |
| | 100 | 250 | 860 | 0,16 | 3,2 | 1,0 | 4 | 16101 | 26101 | 46101 | 46101 | 46101 | 46101 | 66101 | 76101 | 76101 | 86101 | 86101 | 86101 | 86101 |
| | 150 | 350 | 1200 | 0,16 | 2,1 | 0,8 | 5 | 16151 | 26151 | 46151 | 46151 | 46151 | 46151 | 66151 | 76151 | 76151 | 86151 | 86151 | 86151 | 86151 |
| | 220 | 460 | 1560 | 0,16 | 1,5 | 0,6 | 6 | 16221 | 26221 | 46221 | 46221 | 46221 | 46221 | 66221 | 76221 | 76221 | 86221 | 86221 | 86221 | 86221 |
| | 330 | 600 | 2030 | 0,16 | 1,0 | 0,6 | 6 | 16331 | 26331 | 46331 | 46331 | 46331 | 46331 | 66331 | 76331 | 76331 | 86331 | 86331 | 86331 | 86331 |

* Up to T_{amb} = 125 °C.

** Versions with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.

*** Available in special order.

Table 5 (continued)

| U _R * | style A (CECC) | | | | | | | | | | style B (CECC) | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|---|------------|------------|------------|
| | catalogue number 2222 123 followed by | | | | | | | | | | versions with severe shock and vibration resistance | | | |
| | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at O V DC and T _{amb} = 125 °C (100 Hz) | max. DC leakage current at U _R after ** 1 minute ** | max. tan δ | max. ESR | max. impedance and ESR at 100 kHz** | case size | tol. ± 20% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 20% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% | tol. ± 10% |
| μF | mA | mA | μA | Ω | Ω | Ω | style 1 | style 2 | style 1 | style 2 | style 1 | style 2 | style 1 | style 1 |
| 35 | 1,0 | 4 | 55 | 5 | 240 | 16,5 | 10108 | 20108 | 40108 | 60108 | 70108 | 80108 | 80108 | 80108 |
| | 1,5 | 7 | 68 | 5 | 160 | 11,0 | 10158 | 20158 | 40158 | 60158 | 70158 | 80158 | 80158 | 80158 |
| | 2,2 | 10 | 82 | 5 | 109 | 7,5 | 10228 | 20228 | 40228 | 60228 | 70228 | 80228 | 80228 | 80228 |
| | 3,3 | 14 | 100 | 7 | 73 | 7,5 | 10338 | 20338 | 40338 | 60338 | 70338 | 80338 | 80338 | 80338 |
| | 4,7 | 20 | 120 | 10 | 51 | 7,5 | 10478 | 20478 | 40478 | 60478 | 70478 | 80478 | 80478 | 80478 |
| | 6,8 | 27 | 140 | 15 | 35 | 7,5 | 10688 | 20688 | 40688 | 60688 | 70688 | 80688 | 80688 | 80688 |
| | 10 | 37 | 200 | 20 | 24 | 2,5 | 10109 | 20109 | 40109 | 60109 | 70109 | 80109 | 80109 | 80109 |
| | 15 | 53 | 240 | 30 | 16 | 2,5 | 10159 | 20159 | 40159 | 60159 | 70159 | 80159 | 80159 | 80159 |
| | 22 | 78 | 290 | 45 | 11 | 2,5 | 10229 | 20229 | 40229 | 60229 | 70229 | 80229 | 80229 | 80229 |
| | 33 | 120 | 410 | 65 | 7,2 | 1,0 | 10339 | 20339 | 40339 | 60339 | 70339 | 80339 | 80339 | 80339 |
| | 47 | 140 | 480 | 95 | 5,1 | 1,0 | 10479 | 20479 | 40479 | 60479 | 70479 | 80479 | 80479 | 80479 |
| | 68 | 170 | 570 | 135 | 4,7 | 0,8 | 10689 | 20689 | 40689 | 60689 | 70689 | 80689 | 80689 | 80689 |
| | 100 | 220 | 760 | 200 | 3,2 | 0,6 | 10101 | 20101 | 40101 | 60101 | 70101 | 80101 | 80101 | 80101 |
| | 150 | 290 | 990 | 300 | 2,1 | 0,6 | 10151 | 20151 | 40151 | 60151 | 70151 | 80151 | 80151 | 80151 |
| 40*** | 2,2 | 11 | 82 | 9 | 109 | 7,5 | 17228 | 27228 | 47228 | 67228 | 77228 | 87228 | 87228 | 87228 |
| | 3,3 | 16 | 100 | 13 | 73 | 7,5 | 17338 | 27338 | 47338 | 67338 | 77338 | 87338 | 87338 | 87338 |
| | 4,7 | 22 | 120 | 19 | 51 | 7,5 | 17478 | 27478 | 47478 | 67478 | 77478 | 87478 | 87478 | 87478 |
| | 6,8 | 28 | 140 | 27 | 35 | 7,5 | 17688 | 27688 | 47688 | 67688 | 77688 | 87688 | 87688 | 87688 |
| | 10 | 41 | 200 | 40 | 24 | 2,5 | 17109 | 27109 | 47109 | 67109 | 77109 | 87109 | 87109 | 87109 |
| | 15 | 61 | 240 | 60 | 16 | 2,5 | 17159 | 27159 | 47159 | 67159 | 77159 | 87159 | 87159 | 87159 |
| | 22 | 89 | 330 | 90 | 11 | 1,5 | 17229 | 27229 | 47229 | 67229 | 77229 | 87229 | 87229 | 87229 |
| | 33 | 120 | 410 | 130 | 7,2 | 1,0 | 17339 | 27339 | 47339 | 67339 | 77339 | 87339 | 87339 | 87339 |
| | 47 | 160 | 540 | 190 | 5,1 | 1,0 | 17479 | 27479 | 47479 | 67479 | 77479 | 87479 | 87479 | 87479 |
| | 68 | 170 | 570 | 270 | 4,7 | 0,8 | 17689 | 27689 | 47689 | 67689 | 77689 | 87689 | 87689 | 87689 |
| | 100 | 220 | 760 | 400 | 3,2 | 0,6 | 17101 | 27101 | 47101 | 67101 | 77101 | 87101 | 87101 | 87101 |

* Up to T_{amb} = 125 °C.
 ** Versions with lower values of maximum DC leakage current or maximum impedance are available to special order.
 *** Non-CECC types.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz
and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order)

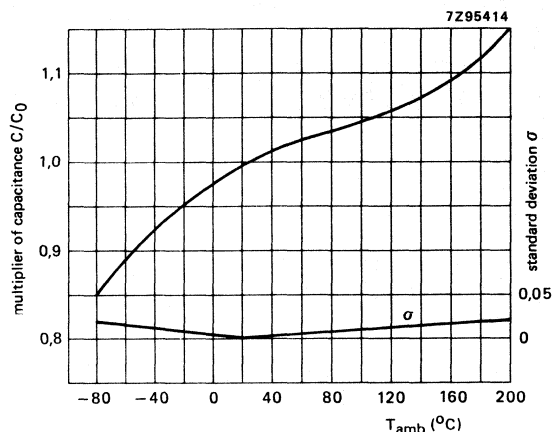


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature.
 C_0 = capacitance at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage =

maximum permissible voltage

U_R

Derated voltage =

maximum permissible voltage at
 T_{amb} from $125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$0,63 \times U_R$

Surge voltage =

maximum permissible voltage for short periods
at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
(see also "Tests and requirements")

$1,15 \times U_R$

Reverse voltage =

maximum DC voltage continuously (2000 hours)
applied in the reverse polarity,
at $T_{amb} \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
at $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$0,30 \times U_R$

$0,15 \times U_R$

Ripple voltage =
maximum permissible AC voltage providing the
following four conditions are met:

- a) Maximum AC voltage,
with negative DC voltage applied
- b) Maximum peak AC voltage,
without DC voltage applied

2 V

$U_R \times M_F \times M_T$
 M_F = frequency multiplier, see Table 6
 M_T = capacitor core temperature multiplier
 $M_T = 1$ for core temperatures ≤ 85 °C
 $M_T = 1100 / (T_{core} + 273) - 2,06$ for core
 temperatures > 85 °C

Table 6 Ripple peak voltage frequency multiplier

| frequency (Hz) | M_F |
|----------------|-------------------|
| $\leq 0,1$ | $0,30 \times U_R$ |
| $> 0,1$ to 1 | $0,45 \times U_R$ |
| > 1 to 10 | $0,60 \times U_R$ |
| > 10 to 50 | $0,65 \times U_R$ |
| > 50 | $0,80 \times U_R$ |

- c) Momentary value of applied voltage,
with positive DC voltage applied
- d) Ripple voltage limits are not applicable
if the maximum ripple current is exceeded.
In that case the ripple current is decisive.
Whichever is in practice decisive, depends
on the actual impedance of the capacitor.
In the Survey at the end of this data sheet
the ripple current and ripple voltage limits
can be found for each capacitor

between U_R (in the positive half wave)
and the limits mentioned under b)
(in the negative half wave)

Ripple current

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at
100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125$ °C

see Table 5

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at
other frequencies and temperatures,
at standard condition*

see Survey at the end of this data sheet

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at
various application conditions

see Table 7

* See Table 7, condition A.

Table 7 Multiplier of ripple current for various application conditions

| condition | multiplier |
|---|---|
| A. Standard condition: capacitor insulated with a blue sleeve, mounted horizontally on a vertical printed-circuit board with thermal conductivity of $0,4 \text{ Wm}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$, in free flowing air and in a surrounding that allows the absorption of radiation heat at $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. | 1,0 |
| B. As under A but capacitor is not insulated. | 0,83 |
| C. As under A but capacitor is mounted horizontally at the bottom of a horizontal printed-circuit board | 0,96 |
| D. As under A but capacitor is mounted on a thermally well-conducting printed-circuit board. | 1,08 |
| E. As under A but capacitor is mounted on a thermally non-conducting printed-circuit board. | 0,90 |
| F. As under A but the surrounding walls etc. have a temperature higher than $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and therefore prevent the absorption of heat by radiation | 0,86 |
| G. Capacitor has an ESR value lower than the maximum ESR. | $\sqrt{\frac{\text{ESR}_{\text{max}}}{\text{ESR}_{\text{actual}}}}$ |
| H. As under A but capacitor is applied in low-density air, in particular at 10 km height. | 0,94 |
| J. As under A but capacitor is epoxy-filled (for severe shock and vibration resistance). | 1,16 |

Notes

- If required the various multiplying factors can be multiplied together, e.g. if conditions B and C apply, the multiplier is $0,83 \times 0,96$.
- Neither the maximum permissible ripple current nor the maximum permissible ripple voltage values are to be exceeded. Refer to the Tables at the end of this data sheet to find whether a current increase is permissible by the voltage limits.

Calculation of ripple currents

The maximum permissible ripple current (I_{Rmax}) is a function of temperature and frequency:

$$I_{Rmax} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

where I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and 125 °C (see Table 5);
 \sqrt{k} = temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence) = $\sqrt{P_{max}/P_{125}}$;
 \sqrt{r} = frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence) = $\sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{max}}$;

while P_{max} = maximum permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent;
 P_{125} = maximum permissible power dissipation at 125 °C = $I^2_{R0} ESR_{100}$;
 ESR_{max} = maximum equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent;
 ESR_{100} = maximum equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz.

The formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} I_{Rmax}^2 &= P_{max}/ESR_{max} \\ &= kr P_{125}/ESR_{100} \\ &= kr I^2_{R0} ESR_{100}/ESR_{100} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Thus } I_{Rmax} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}.$$

The values of the temperature multiplier \sqrt{k} and P_{125} have been calculated allowing a capacitor core temperature of 145 °C and assuming the values of ESR_{max} to be independent of temperature at all frequencies.

The values of the frequency multiplier \sqrt{r} have been measured at 25 °C and 125 °C assuming to be the same at all temperatures.

The power dissipation (P_{max}) has been calculated assuming it to be governed by the simplified relationship:

$$P_{max} = (\beta S + \gamma) \Delta T;$$

where β = total heat transfer coefficient, comprising internal and external heat transfer, with exception of case ends and leads;
 S = capacitor outer surface;
 γ = correction factor covering the heat conduction through case end and leads;
 ΔT = temperature difference between capacitor core and the ambient atmosphere, taken as 20 °C at $T_{amb} = 125$ °C.

For this calculation the standard condition (A, Table 7) has been assumed; in that case the following numerical values apply:

| case | β ($Wm^{-2}K^{-1}$) | γ (WK^{-1}) | P_{max} (W) = P_{125} |
|------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 6,2 | 0,0042 | 0,13 |
| 2A | 7,2 | 0,0042 | 0,16 |
| 4 | 8,5 | 0,0042 | 0,21 |
| 5 | 8,0 | 0,0042 | 0,26 |
| 6, low CV | 7,7 | 0,0042 | 0,32 |
| 6, high CV | 9,2 | 0,0042 | 0,36 |

The results for all combinations of ESR and case size are shown in Fig. 6.

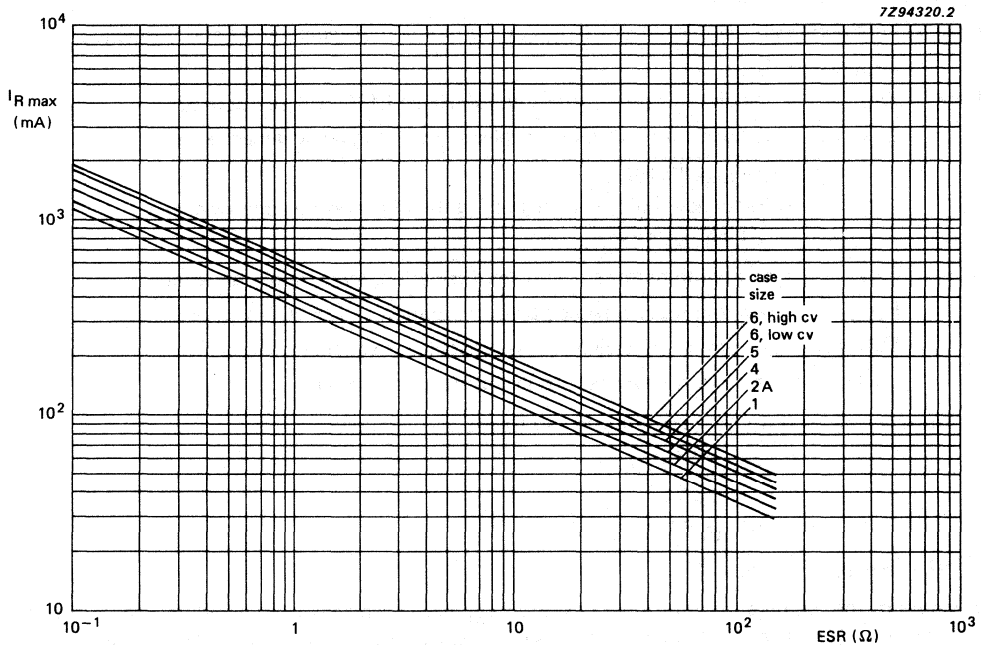


Fig. 6 Maximum permissible RMS ripple current (I_{Rmax}) at $T_{amb} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ as a function of ESR, at standard condition (A, Table 7).

As the ripple current and the ripple voltage depend on the capacitor impedance, which has a certain spread, one of the following situations occur:

- only the current is limiting;
- only the voltage is limiting;
- both current and voltage are limiting.

The tables at the end of this data sheet show the worst-case calculation: if the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (4 V - 10 V: max. 0,05 CU)
(16 V - 40 V: max. 0,1 CU)

Maximum DC leakage current during continuous operation
at U_R ,

at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,5 x value stated in Table 5
approx. 2 x value stated in Table 5
approx. 7 x value stated in Table 5

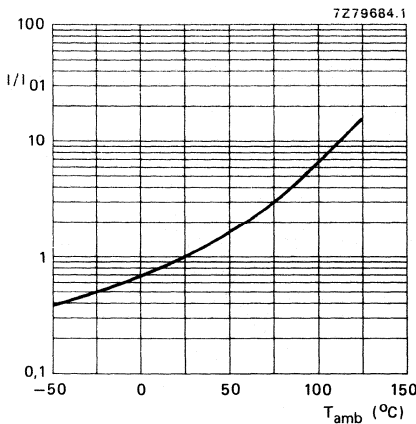


Fig. 7 Multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of temperature. I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

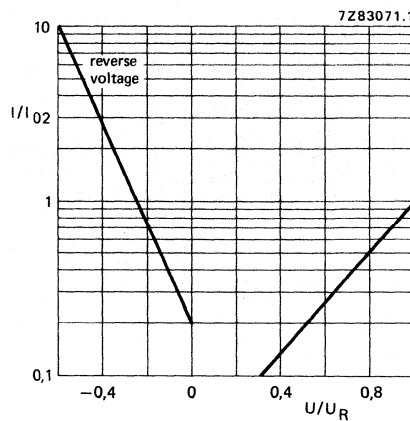


Fig. 8 Multiplier I/I_{02} as a function of U/U_R . I_{02} = DC leakage current at U_R at a discrete constant temperature

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Typical $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

0,6 x value stated in Table 5

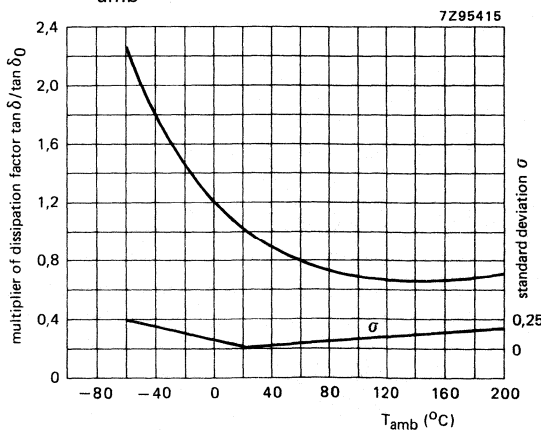


Fig. 9 Multiplier of dissipation factor ($\tan \delta / \tan \delta_0$) as a function of ambient temperature; $\tan \delta_0$ = dissipation factor at $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Equivalent series resistance ($ESR = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ (calculated from maximum $\tan \delta$ and 0,8 x nominal capacitance)

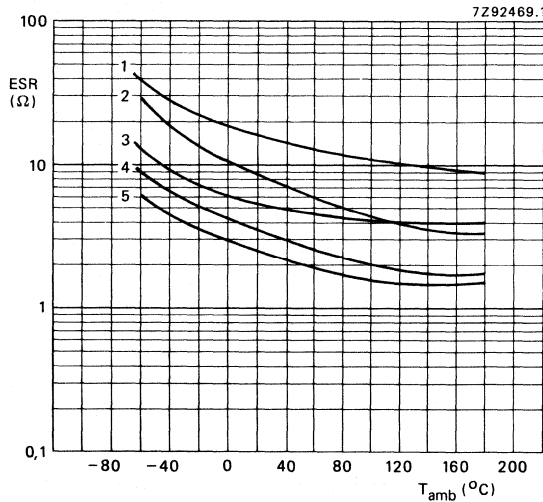
Maximum ESR at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$

Typical ESR

see Table 5

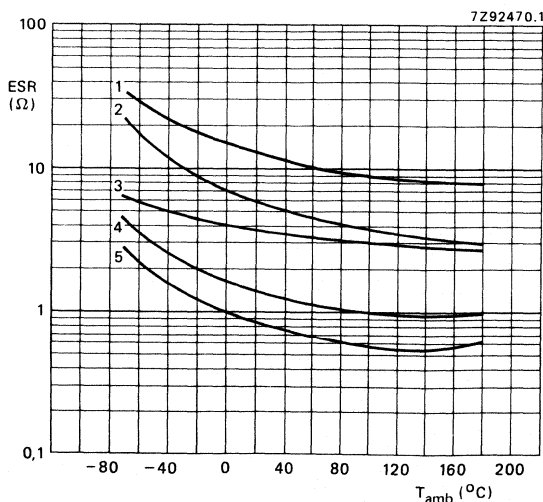
equal to values of max. impedance at 100 kHz, see Table 5

see graphs below; the standard deviation is 20% of each value



- Curve 1 = 10 μF , 20 V and 25 V, and 6,8 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
- curve 2 = 10 μF , 16 V;
- curve 3 = 22 μF , 16 V;
- curve 4 = 33 μF , 10 V;
- curve 5 = 47 μF , 6,3 V and 10 V, and 68 μF , 4 V and 6,3 V.

Fig.10 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz, case size 1.



- Curve 1 = 10 μF , 35 and 40 V;
- curve 2 = 33 μF , 25 V;
- curve 3 = 47 μF , 20 V and 25 V;
- curve 4 = 68 μF , 10 V and 150 μF , 6,3 V;
- curve 5 = 100 μF , 10 V.

Fig.11 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz, case size 2A.

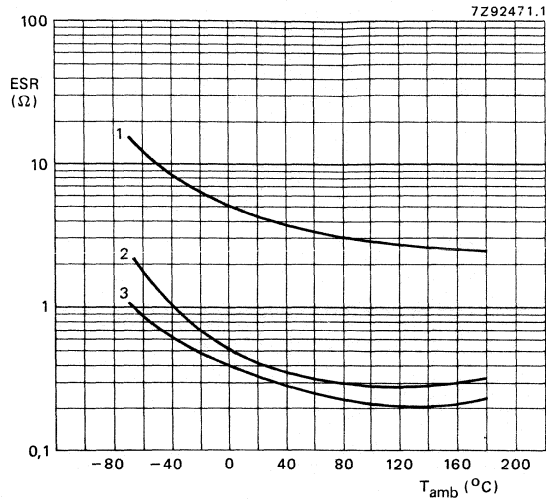


Fig. 12 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz, case size 4.

Curve 1 = 33 μ F, 35 V and 40 V;

curve 3 = 470 μ F, 4 V.

curve 2 = 220 μ F, 10 V and 330 μ F, 6,3 V;

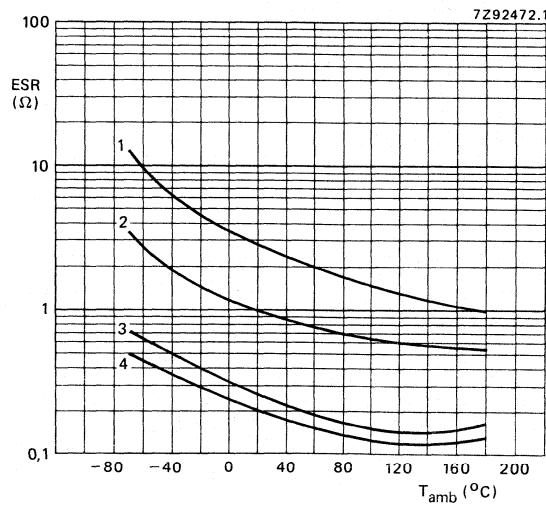


Fig. 13 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz, case size 5.

Curve 1 = 68 μ F, 35 V and 40 V;

curve 3 = 330 μ F, 10 V;

curve 2 = 150 μ F, 20 V and 25 V;

curve 4 = 470 μ F, 10 V.

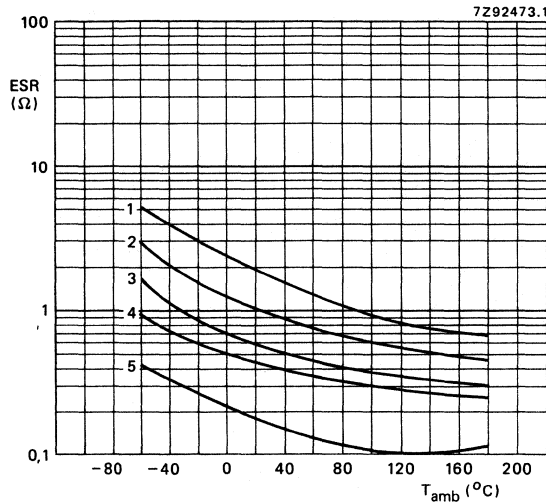


Fig. 14 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz, case size 6.

Curve 1 = 100 μ F, 35 and 40 V;

curve 2 = 150 μ F, 35 V;

curve 3 = 220 μ F, 25 V;

curve 4 = 470 μ F, 16 V;

curve 5 = 1000 μ F, 6,3 V and

680 μ F, 10 V.

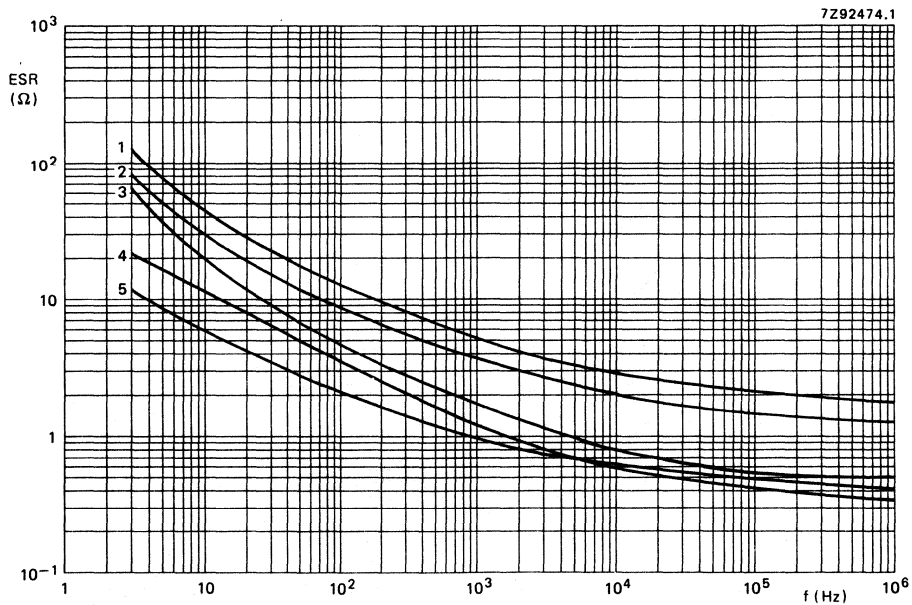


Fig. 15 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, case size 1.

Curve 1 = 10 μ F, 20 V and 25 V, and
6,8 μ F, 35 V and 40 V;

curve 2 = 10 μ F, 16 V;

curve 3 = 22 μ F, 16 V;

curve 4 = 33 μ F, 10 V;

curve 5 = 68 μ F, 4 V and 6,3 V, and
47 μ F, 6,3 V and 10 V.

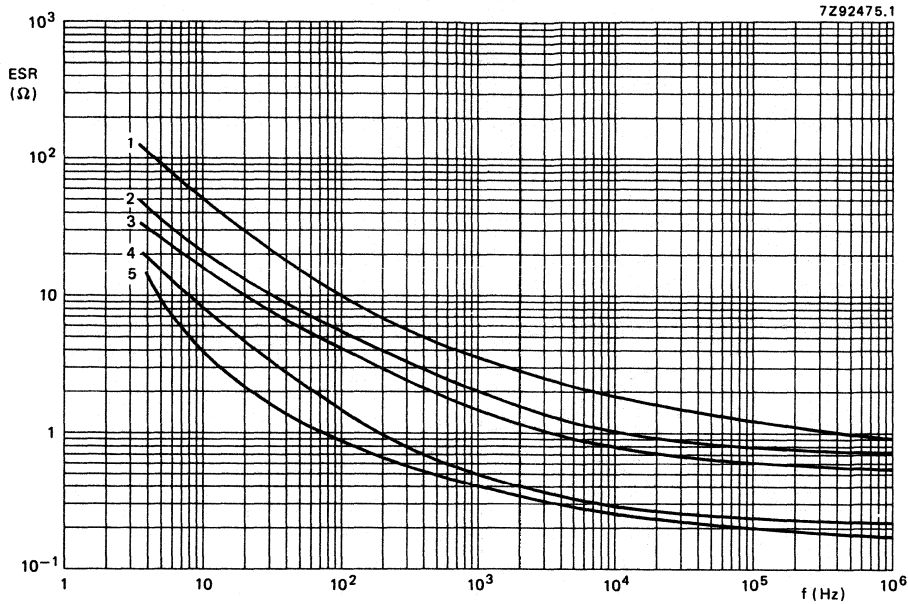


Fig. 16 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 2A.

Curve 1 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 2 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 3 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V and 25 V;

curve 4 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V, and
 $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V;
 curve 5 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

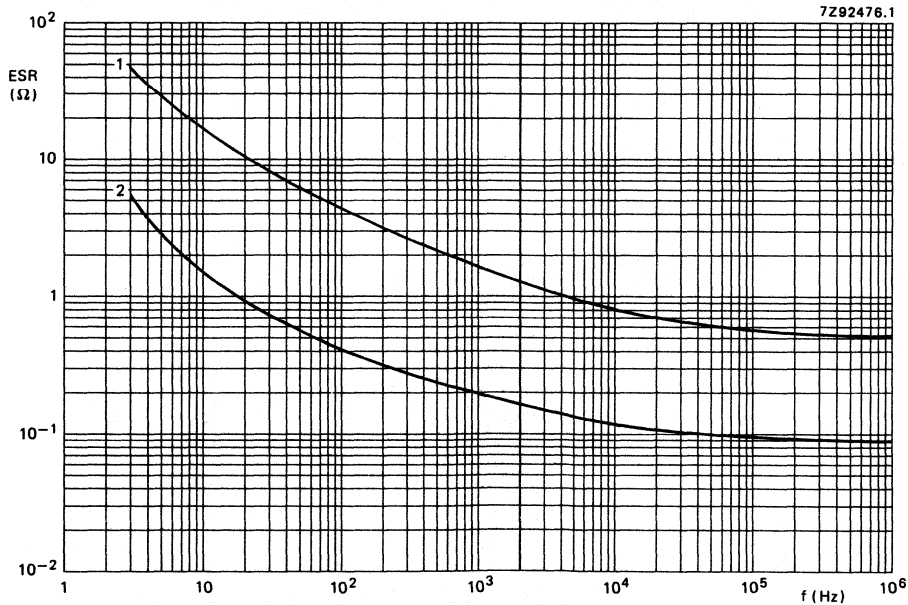


Fig. 17 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 4.

Curve 1 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 2 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V, $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V and $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V.

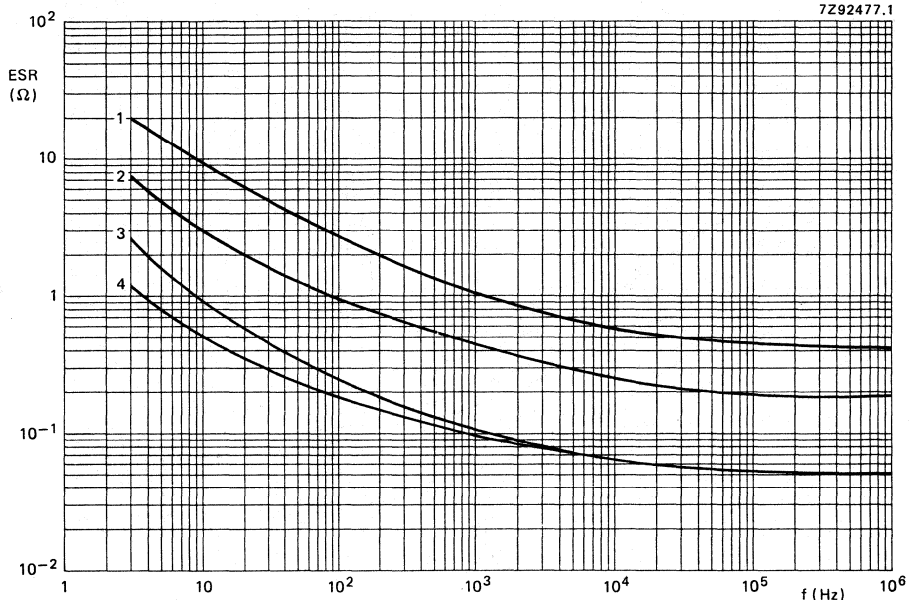


Fig. 18 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 5.
 Curve 1 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V and 40 V; curve 3 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V and 25 V; curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

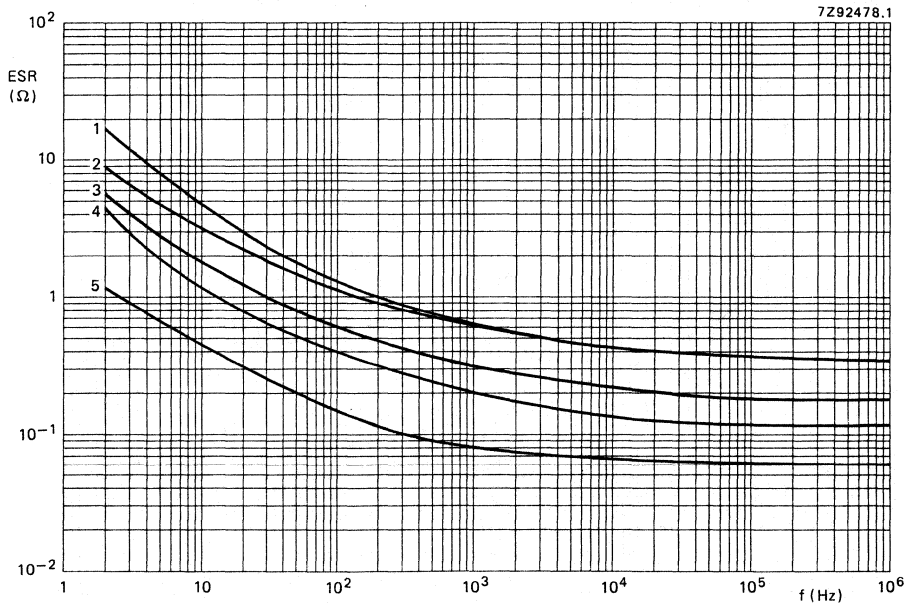


Fig. 19 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 6.
 Curve 1 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V and 40 V; curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;
 curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V; curve 5 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V and
 curve 3 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V; $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V.

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 measured by means of a four-terminal circuit
 (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Typical impedance at 100 kHz, and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

0,5 x value stated in Table 5

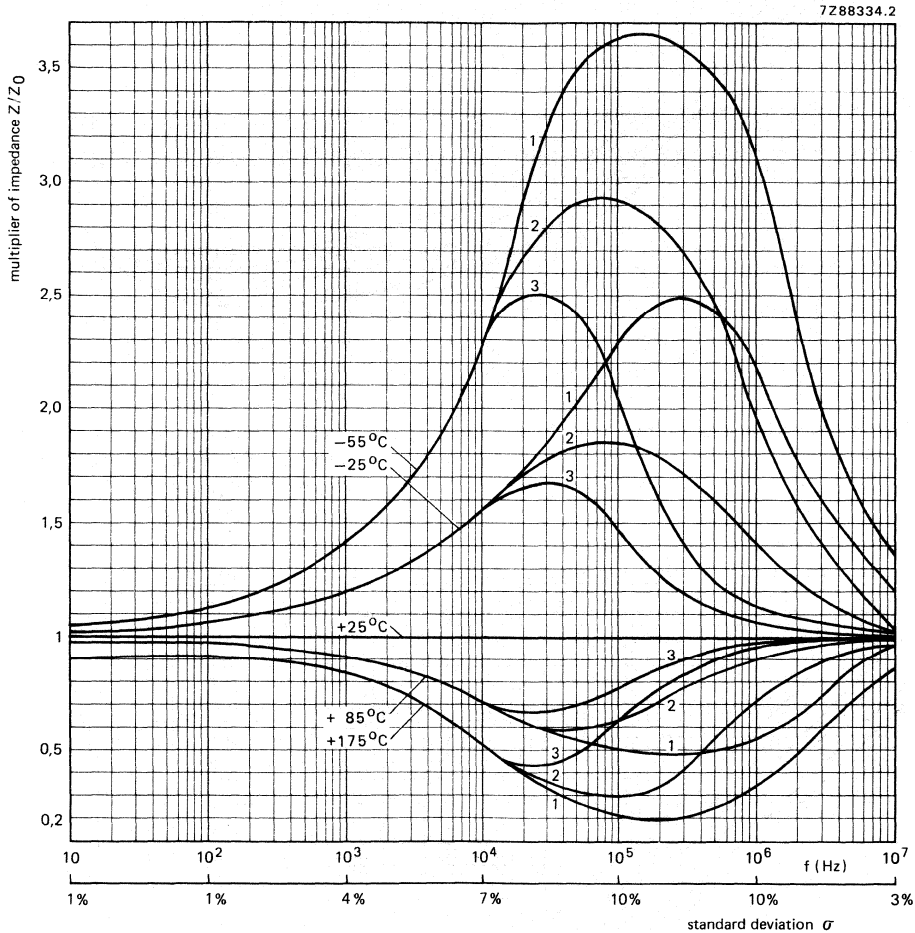


Fig. 20 Typical multiplier of impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of frequency at different ambient temperatures; Z_0 = initial impedance value at any frequency and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- Curves 1 = case sizes 1 and 2A, 16 to 40 V;
- curves 2 = case sizes 1 and 2A, 4 to 10 V;
- curves 3 = case sizes 4, 5 and 6.

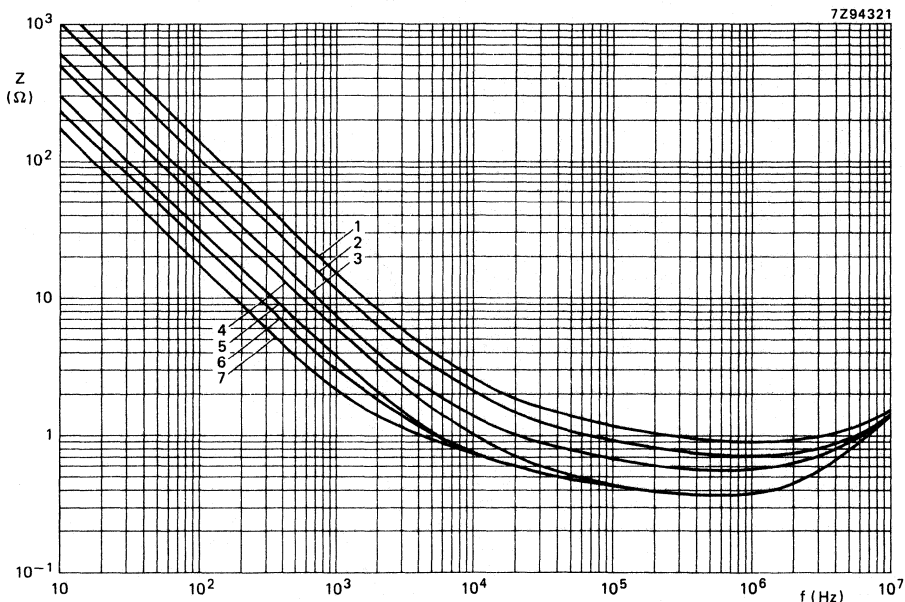


Fig. 21 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 1, $U_R = 4$ to 16 V.
 Curve 1 = 10 μF ; 16 V;
 curve 2 = 15 μF ; 16 V;
 curve 3 = 22 μF ; 16 V;
 curve 4 = 33 μF ; 10 V;
 curve 5 = 47 μF , 6,3 V and 10 V;
 curve 6 = 68 μF , 4 V and 6,3 V;
 curve 7 = 100 μF , 4 V.

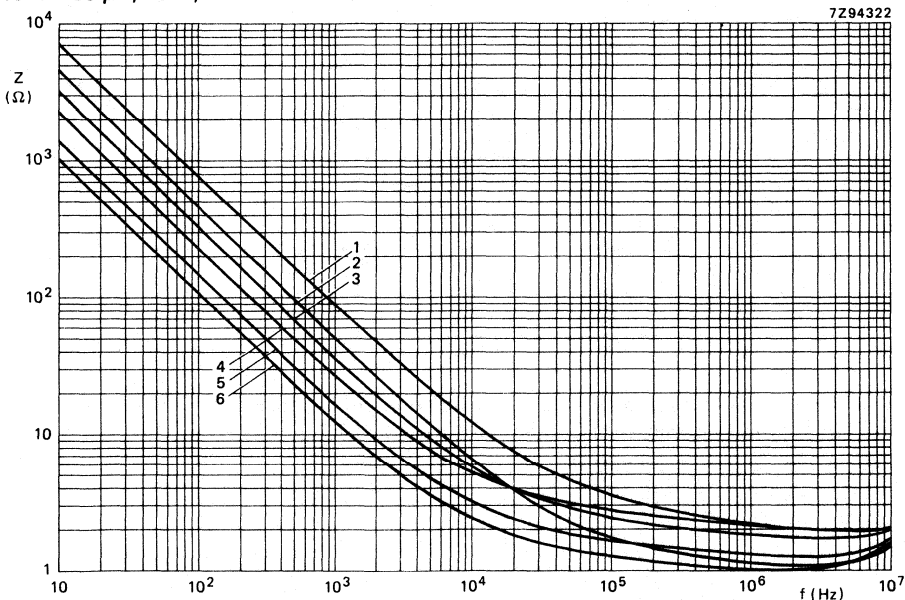


Fig. 22 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 1, $U_R = 20$ to 40 V.
 Curve 1 = 2,2 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 2 = 3,3 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 3 = 4,7 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 4 = 6,8 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 5 = 10 μF , 20 V and 25 V;
 curve 6 = 15 μF , 20 V and 25 V.

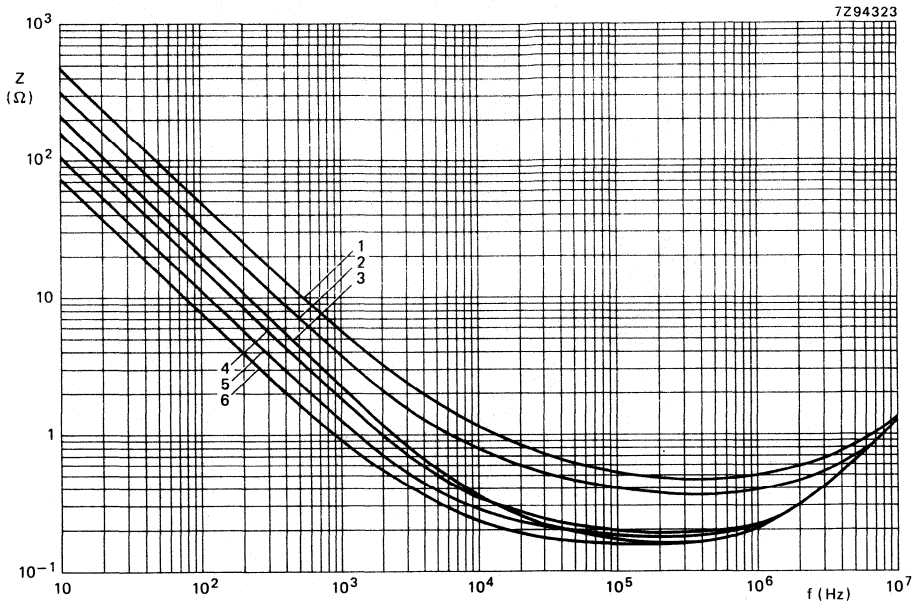


Fig. 23 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 2A, $U_R = 4$ to 16 V.
 Curve 1 = 33 μF , 16 V;
 curve 2 = 47 μF , 16 V;
 curve 3 = 68 μF , 10 V;
 curve 4 = 100 μF , 10 V;
 curve 5 = 150 μF , 6,3 V;
 curve 6 = 220 μF , 4 V.

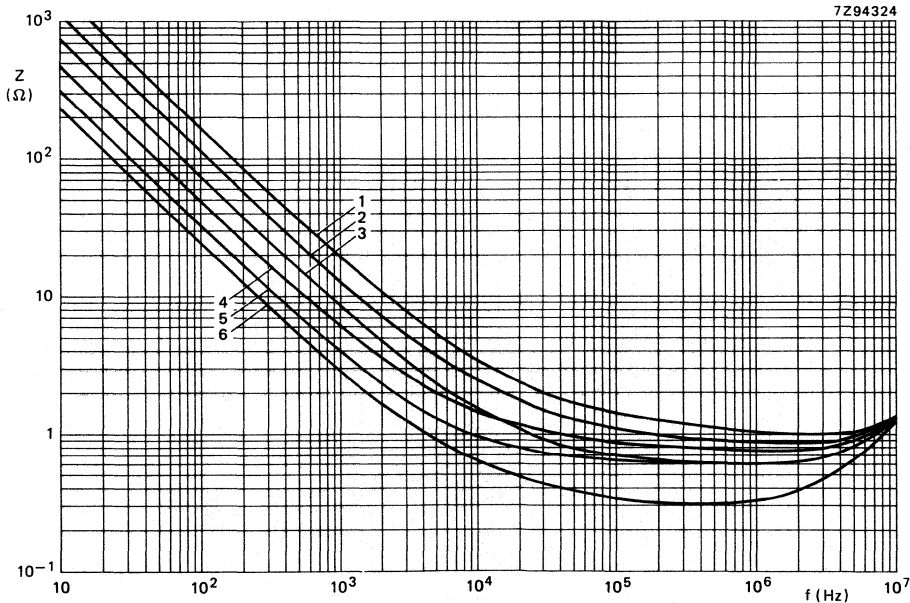


Fig. 24 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 2A, $U_R = 16$ to 40 V.
 Curve 1 = 10 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 2 = 15 μF , 35 V and 40 V;
 curve 3 = 22 μF , 25 V and 35 V;
 curve 4 = 33 μF , 25 V;
 curve 5 = 47 μF , 20 V and 25 V;
 curve 6 = 68 μF , 16 V.

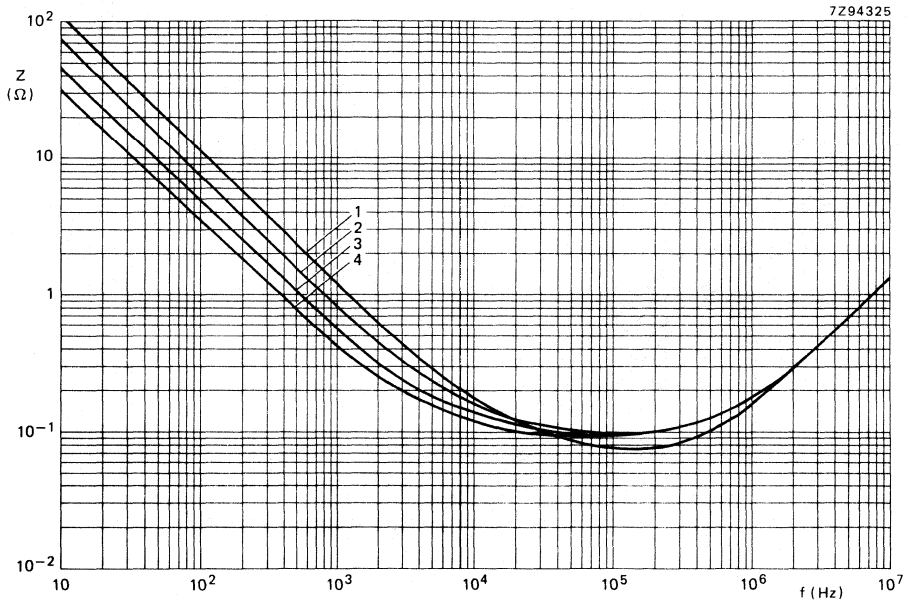


Fig. 25 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 4, $U_R = 4$ to 10 V.
 Curve 1 = 150 μF , 10 V; curve 3 = 330 μF , 6,3 V;
 curve 2 = 220 μF , 10 V; curve 4 = 470 μF , 4 V.

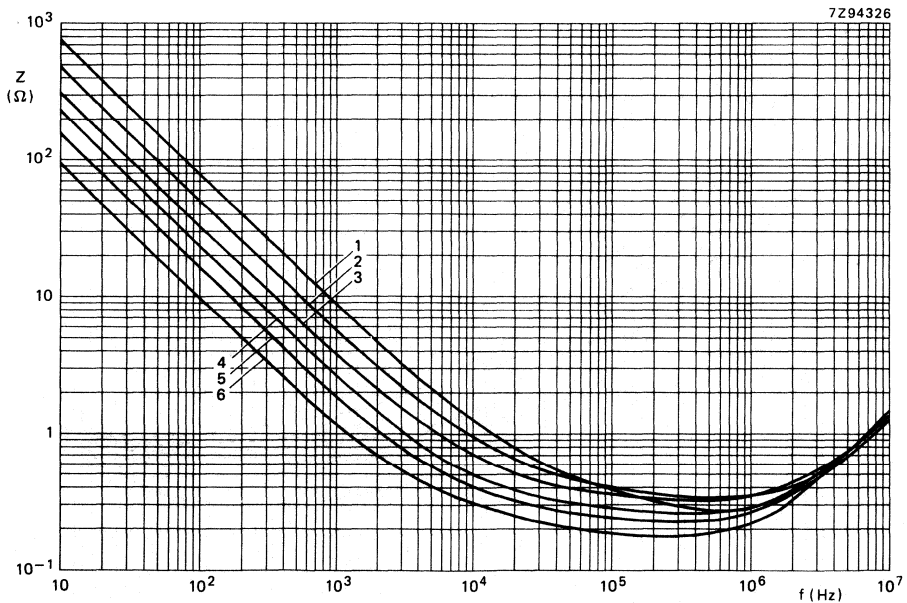


Fig. 26 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 4, $U_R = 16$ to 40 V.
 Curve 1 = 22 μF , 40 V; curve 4 = 68 μF , 25 V;
 curve 2 = 33 μF , 35 V and 40 V; curve 5 = 100 μF , 16 V, 20 V and 25 V;
 curve 3 = 47 μF , 35 V; curve 6 = 150 μF , 16 V.

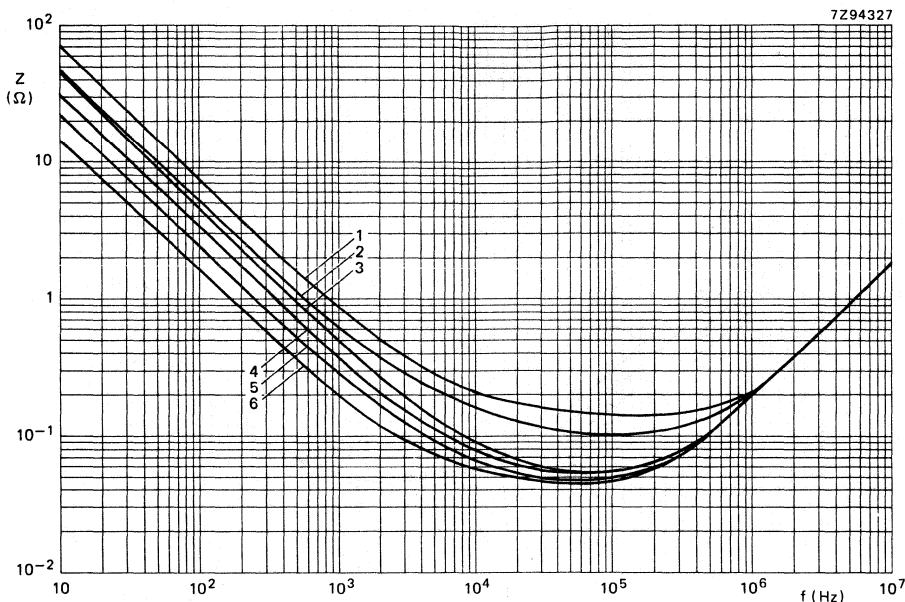


Fig. 27 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 5, $U_R = 4\text{ to }16\text{ V}$.
 Curve 1 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V; curve 4 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 2 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V; curve 5 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V;
 curve 3 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V; curve 6 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V.

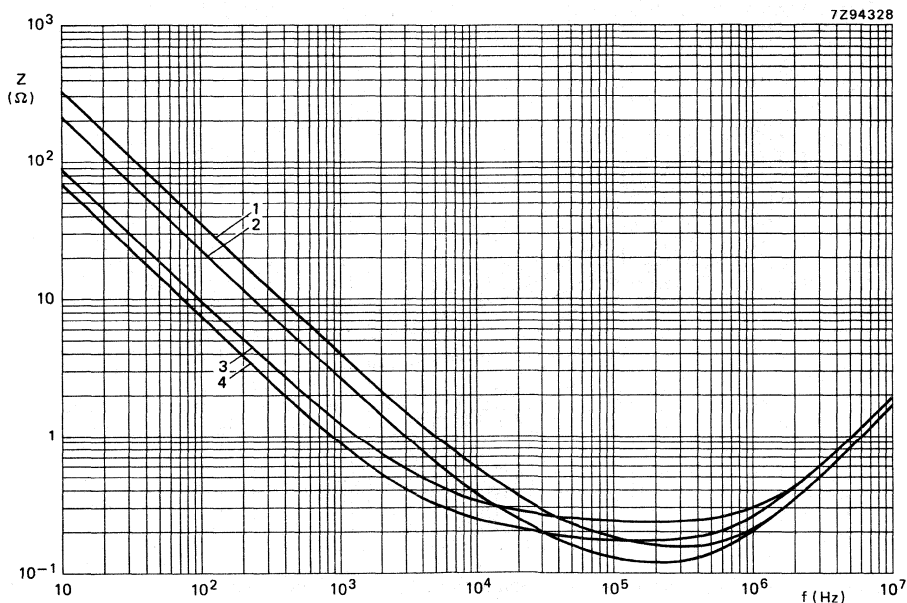


Fig. 28 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 5, $U_R = 20\text{ to }40\text{ V}$.
 Curve 1 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; curve 3 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V and 25 V;
 curve 2 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V and 40 V; curve 4 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V.

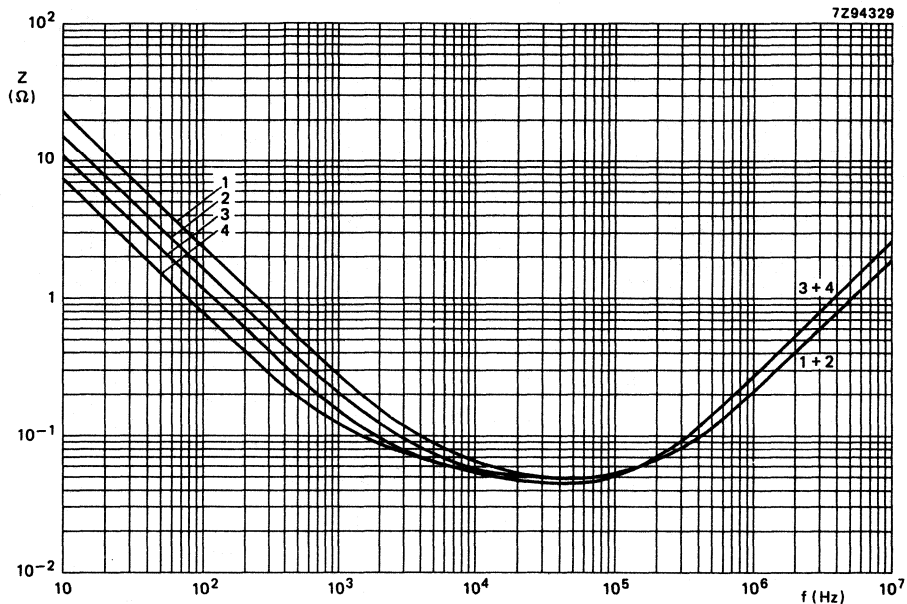


Fig. 29 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 6, $U_R = 4$ to 10 V .
 Curve 1 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V ; curve 3 = $1500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $6,3\text{ V}$;
 curve 2 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $6,3\text{ V}$; curve 4 = $2200\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V .

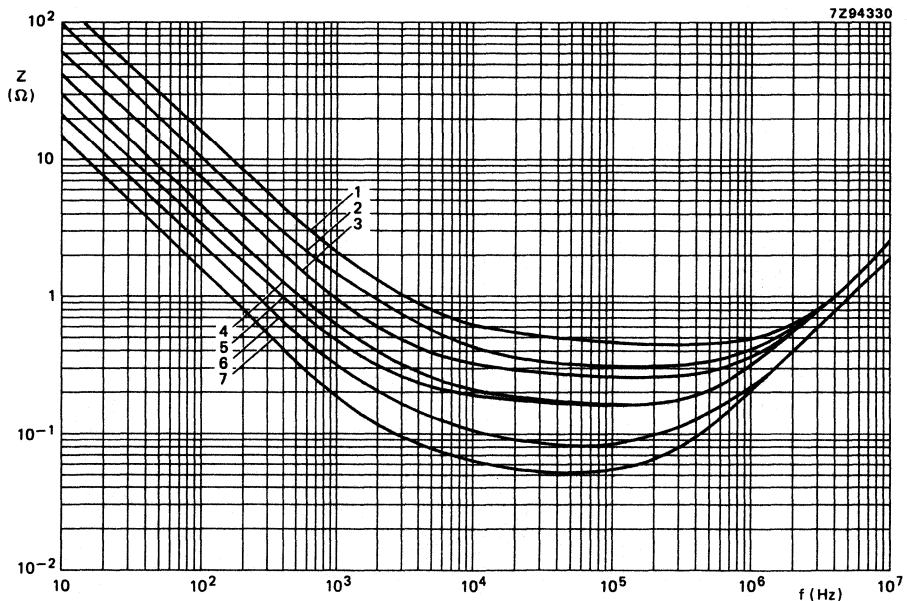


Fig. 30 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 6, $U_R = 10$ to 40 V .
 Curve 1 = $100\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V and 40 V ; curve 5 = $470\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V and 20 V ;
 curve 2 = $150\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 35 V ; curve 6 = $680\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V ;
 curve 3 = $220\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V ; curve 7 = $1000\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V .
 curve 4 = $330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V ;

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit), at 10 MHz; the capacitor leads bent to the pitch as indicated

| | pitch | max. ESL | typ. ESL |
|----------------------|---------|----------|-------------|
| case size 1 | 20,3 mm | 30 nH | 15 to 23 nH |
| case size 2A | 25,4 mm | 30 nH | 16 to 24 nH |
| case size 4 | 27,9 mm | 35 nH | 20 to 27 nH |
| case size 5 | 35,6 mm | 40 nH | 26 to 33 nH |
| case size 6, low CV | 35,6 mm | 55 nH | 41 to 49 nH |
| case size 6, high CV | 35,6 mm | 50 nH | 32 to 42 nH |

OPERATIONAL DATA

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Category temperature range | -55 to + 125 °C |
| Usable temperature range | -80 to + 200 °C |
| Typical life time at $T_{amb} = 125$ °C and U_R | > 20 000 hours |
| Field failure rate | < 1×10^{-9} /hours |

PACKING

Capacitors of style 1 are supplied on bandoliers in boxes, those of style 2 are on bandoliers on reels (in accordance with IEC 286-1).

The number of capacitors per box or per reel is shown in Table 8.

Table 8 Packing quantities

| case size | number of capacitors | |
|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | style 1 per box | style 2 per reel |
| 1 | 100 | 800 |
| 2A | 100 | 800 |
| 4 | 100 | 500 |
| 5 | 100 | 500 |
| 6 | 100 | 400 |

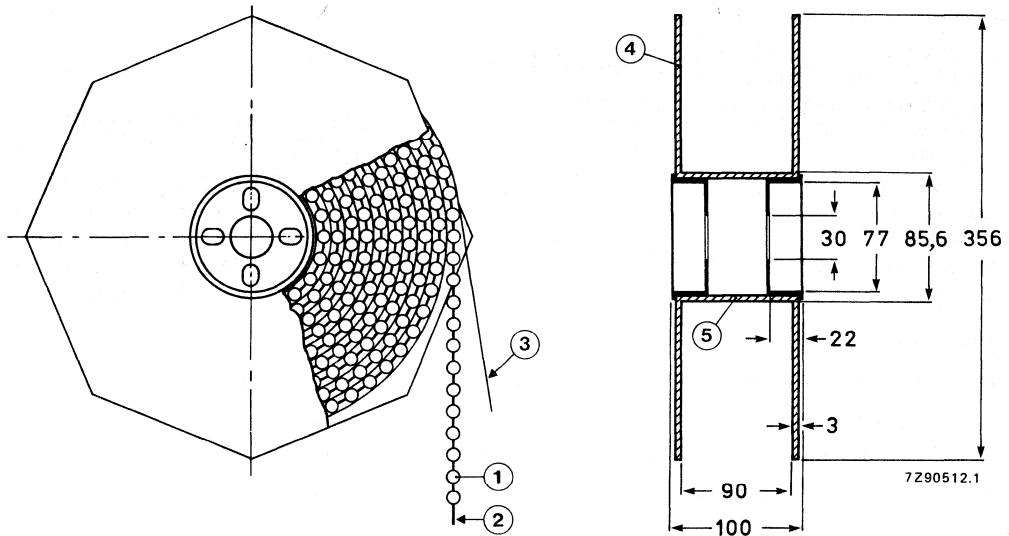


Fig. 31 Style 2 capacitors on bandoliers on reel.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1 = capacitor | 4 = flange |
| 2 = bandolier | 5 = cylinder |
| 3 = paper | |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 3, Tests and requirements – solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the addition of the following tests.

Severe rapid change of temperature test: 100 cycles of 15 minutes at $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Requirements: DC leakage current \leq stated limit,
 $\tan \delta \leq 1,6 \times$ stated limit,
 impedance $\leq 1,6 \times$ stated limit,
 $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$.

Solvent resistance tests:

Severity 1, in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 215, including brushing of all portions of the specimens.

Solvents: — deionized water ($50 \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$);
 — 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
 — mixture of 25 vol. % 2-propanol (isopropanol) and 75 vol. % mineral spirits.

Severity 2, in accordance with IEC 68-2-45, and IEC 653, test XA with the following details and additions.

Conditions: immersion time of samples 5 minutes, at ambient temperature, at boiling temperature, in vapour of boiling solvent, and ultrasonic (40 kHz).

- Solvents. — deionized water (50 ± 5 °C);
 — calgonite solution (20 g/l, 70 ± 5 °C), a dishwasher detergent;
 — mixture of 4,5 vol % 2-butoxyethanol, 4,5 vol % 2-amino-ethanol, and 91 vol % water (70 ± 5 °C);
 — 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
 — mixtures of 1.1.2-trichloro- 1.2.2-trifluoro-ethane (fluorocarbon 113) and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon:
 • 2-propanol (isopropanol), 25%: 75% (Arklone K*); up to the ratio 35%: 65%;
 • ethanol, 4,5%: 95,5% (e.g. Arklome A*, Freon TE**);
 • methanol and nitromethane, 5,7%: 0,3%: 94% (Freon TMS**).

Requirement: visual appearance not affected.

Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents.

Severe vibration tests (for epoxy-filled version only): in accordance with IEC 68-2-6 and MIL-STD-202, method 204, letters E and F, with the following details and additions.

- a. Method of mounting: clamping both the body and the leads.
 b. Severity 1: frequency range temperature: 10 – 3000 Hz; 20 – 25 °C;
 2: frequency range temperature: 50 – 2000 Hz; 125 °C.
 1 and 2: vibration amplitude: 50g or 3,5 mm, whichever is less.
 c. Direction and duration of motion:
 severity 1: 1 octave/minute, 3 directions (mutually perpendicular), 20 sweeps per direction (total 60 sweeps or 18 hours)
 2: 1 octave/minute, 2 directions (longitudinal and transversal), 3 sweeps per direction (total 6 sweeps or 1 hour)
 d. Functioning:
 severity 1: rated voltage applied;
 2: no voltage applied.
 e. Requirements: $\Delta C/C$: $\leq 10\%$
 $\tan \delta$: $\leq 1,2 \times$ stated limit
 impedance: $\leq 1,4 \times$ stated limit
 DC leakage current: \leq stated limit
 general: no intermittent contacts;
 no indication of breakdown;
 no open circuiting;
 no evidence of mechanical damage.
 f. Typical capability: up to 80g at 10 to 3000 Hz (also at 125 °C).

Severe shock tests (for epoxy-filled version only): in accordance with IEC 68-2-27 and MIL-STD-202, method 213, letter F, with the following details and additions.

- a. Method of mounting: clamping both body and the leads.
 b. Pulse shape: half-sine or sawtooth.
 c. Severity 1: 1500g, 0,5 ms (MIL-STD-202, method 213, letter F);
 2: 3000g, 0,2 ms;
 3: 10 000g, 0,1 ms.
 d. Direction and number of shocks:
 severity 1 and 2: 3 successive shocks in each direction of 3 mutually perpendicular axes (total 18 shocks);
 3: 1 shock, any direction.
 e. Functioning: rated voltage applied.
 f. Requirements: see "Severe vibration tests" par. e.
 g. Typical capability: $\geq 100000g$; these shock tests can be preceded by severe vibration tests on the same samples.

Survey of maximum permissible ripple voltage and ripple current values at various ambient temperatures and frequencies

Notes

- Zero DC voltage is assumed; at non-zero DC voltage the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
- If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.
- 1E + 04 to be read as 10⁴ Hz;
1E + 05 to be read as 10⁵ Hz;
1E + 06 to be read as 10⁶ Hz.

68 μ F – 4 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 6 | 2.40 | 6 | 2.40 | 6 | 2.40 | 6 | 2.40 | 5 | 2.00 | 4 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 32 | 2.60 | 32 | 2.60 | 32 | 2.60 | 32 | 2.60 | 27 | 2.20 | 22 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 75 | 3.20 | 75 | 3.20 | 75 | 3.20 | 75 | 3.20 | 63 | 2.70 | 53 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 230 | 3.20 | 230 | 3.20 | 210 | 3.00 | 180 | 2.60 | 150 | 2.10 | 130 | 1.50 |
| 600 | 330 | 2.20 | 270 | 2.00 | 250 | 1.80 | 250 | 1.50 | 250 | 1.30 | 190 | 0.89 |
| 1000 | 360 | 1.70 | 360 | 1.50 | 360 | 1.40 | 360 | 1.20 | 290 | 0.97 | 210 | 0.68 |
| 1500 | 520 | 1.20 | 470 | 1.10 | 420 | 0.96 | 370 | 0.83 | 300 | 0.68 | 210 | 0.48 |
| 1E+04 | 630 | 0.28 | 580 | 0.26 | 520 | 0.23 | 450 | 0.20 | 370 | 0.16 | 260 | 0.12 |
| 1E+05 | 710 | 0.12 | 650 | 0.11 | 580 | 0.10 | 500 | 0.09 | 410 | 0.07 | 290 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 760 | 0.13 | 700 | 0.12 | 620 | 0.11 | 540 | 0.09 | 440 | 0.08 | 310 | 0.05 |

100 μ F – 4 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 9 | 2.40 | 9 | 2.40 | 9 | 2.40 | 9 | 2.40 | 7 | 2.00 | 6 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 47 | 2.60 | 47 | 2.60 | 47 | 2.60 | 47 | 2.60 | 40 | 2.20 | 33 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 110 | 3.20 | 110 | 3.20 | 110 | 3.20 | 110 | 3.20 | 93 | 2.70 | 77 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 330 | 3.00 | 300 | 2.80 | 260 | 2.50 | 220 | 2.10 | 190 | 1.70 | 190 | 1.20 |
| 600 | 370 | 1.80 | 370 | 1.60 | 370 | 1.50 | 370 | 1.30 | 320 | 1.00 | 230 | 0.73 |
| 1000 | 530 | 1.40 | 530 | 1.30 | 500 | 1.10 | 430 | 0.97 | 350 | 0.79 | 250 | 0.56 |
| 1500 | 630 | 0.97 | 570 | 0.89 | 510 | 0.79 | 440 | 0.69 | 360 | 0.56 | 260 | 0.40 |
| 1E+04 | 760 | 0.23 | 700 | 0.21 | 620 | 0.19 | 540 | 0.16 | 440 | 0.13 | 310 | 0.10 |
| 1E+05 | 860 | 0.15 | 790 | 0.13 | 700 | 0.12 | 610 | 0.10 | 500 | 0.08 | 350 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 920 | 0.16 | 840 | 0.14 | 750 | 0.13 | 650 | 0.11 | 530 | 0.09 | 380 | 0.06 |

220 μF - 4 V - case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.80 | 1 | 1.50 | 1 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 19 | 2.40 | 19 | 2.40 | 19 | 2.40 | 19 | 2.40 | 16 | 2.00 | 13 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 100 | 2.60 | 100 | 2.60 | 100 | 2.60 | 100 | 2.60 | 88 | 2.20 | 73 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 240 | 3.20 | 240 | 3.20 | 240 | 3.20 | 240 | 3.20 | 200 | 2.70 | 160 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 580 | 2.30 | 480 | 2.10 | 420 | 1.80 | 420 | 1.60 | 420 | 1.30 | 330 | 0.93 |
| 600 | 820 | 1.30 | 820 | 1.20 | 750 | 1.10 | 650 | 0.95 | 530 | 0.77 | 370 | 0.55 |
| 1000 | 1000 | 1.00 | 910 | 0.94 | 820 | 0.84 | 710 | 0.73 | 580 | 0.60 | 410 | 0.42 |
| 1500 | 1030 | 0.73 | 940 | 0.66 | 840 | 0.59 | 730 | 0.51 | 600 | 0.42 | 420 | 0.30 |
| 1E+04 | 1260 | 0.17 | 1150 | 0.16 | 1030 | 0.14 | 890 | 0.12 | 730 | 0.10 | 510 | 0.07 |
| 1E+05 | 1420 | 0.14 | 1300 | 0.13 | 1160 | 0.11 | 1010 | 0.10 | 820 | 0.08 | 580 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 1520 | 0.16 | 1390 | 0.14 | 1240 | 0.13 | 1070 | 0.11 | 880 | 0.09 | 620 | 0.06 |

470 μF - 4 V - case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 3 | 1.80 | 3 | 1.80 | 3 | 1.80 | 3 | 1.80 | 3 | 1.50 | 2 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 40 | 2.40 | 40 | 2.40 | 40 | 2.40 | 40 | 2.40 | 34 | 2.00 | 28 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 220 | 2.60 | 220 | 2.60 | 220 | 2.60 | 220 | 2.60 | 190 | 2.20 | 150 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 520 | 3.20 | 520 | 3.20 | 520 | 3.20 | 480 | 3.00 | 390 | 2.40 | 300 | 1.70 |
| 300 | 900 | 1.80 | 900 | 1.60 | 900 | 1.40 | 900 | 1.20 | 760 | 1.00 | 540 | 0.72 |
| 600 | 1510 | 1.00 | 1380 | 0.94 | 1230 | 0.84 | 1070 | 0.73 | 870 | 0.60 | 620 | 0.42 |
| 1000 | 1650 | 0.80 | 1510 | 0.73 | 1350 | 0.65 | 1170 | 0.56 | 950 | 0.46 | 670 | 0.33 |
| 1500 | 1700 | 0.56 | 1560 | 0.51 | 1390 | 0.46 | 1210 | 0.40 | 980 | 0.32 | 700 | 0.23 |
| 1E+04 | 2080 | 0.13 | 1900 | 0.12 | 1700 | 0.11 | 1470 | 0.10 | 1200 | 0.08 | 850 | 0.06 |
| 1E+05 | 2340 | 0.10 | 2140 | 0.09 | 1910 | 0.08 | 1660 | 0.07 | 1350 | 0.06 | 960 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 2500 | 0.13 | 2290 | 0.12 | 2040 | 0.11 | 1770 | 0.09 | 1450 | 0.08 | 1020 | 0.05 |

1000 μF - 4 V - case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 6 | 1.80 | 6 | 1.80 | 6 | 1.80 | 6 | 1.80 | 5 | 1.50 | 4 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 85 | 2.40 | 85 | 2.40 | 85 | 2.40 | 85 | 2.40 | 72 | 2.00 | 60 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 470 | 2.60 | 470 | 2.60 | 470 | 2.60 | 470 | 2.60 | 400 | 2.20 | 330 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 1100 | 3.20 | 1060 | 3.10 | 940 | 2.70 | 820 | 2.40 | 670 | 1.90 | 630 | 1.40 |
| 300 | 1910 | 1.40 | 1910 | 1.30 | 1800 | 1.10 | 1560 | 0.97 | 1270 | 0.79 | 900 | 0.56 |
| 600 | 2530 | 0.81 | 2310 | 0.74 | 2060 | 0.66 | 1790 | 0.57 | 1460 | 0.47 | 1030 | 0.33 |
| 1000 | 2760 | 0.62 | 2520 | 0.57 | 2250 | 0.51 | 1950 | 0.44 | 1590 | 0.36 | 1130 | 0.25 |
| 1500 | 2850 | 0.44 | 2600 | 0.40 | 2330 | 0.36 | 2010 | 0.31 | 1640 | 0.25 | 1160 | 0.18 |
| 1E+04 | 3470 | 0.11 | 3170 | 0.10 | 2830 | 0.09 | 2450 | 0.07 | 2000 | 0.06 | 1420 | 0.04 |
| 1E+05 | 3920 | 0.11 | 3570 | 0.10 | 3200 | 0.09 | 2770 | 0.08 | 2260 | 0.06 | 1600 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 4030 | 0.19 | 3820 | 0.17 | 3420 | 0.16 | 2960 | 0.13 | 2410 | 0.11 | 1710 | 0.08 |

1500 μ F - 4 V - case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 10 | 1.80 | 10 | 1.80 | 10 | 1.80 | 10 | 1.80 | 8 | 1.50 | 7 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 130 | 2.40 | 130 | 2.40 | 130 | 2.40 | 130 | 2.40 | 110 | 2.00 | 90 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 710 | 2.60 | 710 | 2.60 | 710 | 2.60 | 710 | 2.60 | 590 | 2.20 | 480 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 1660 | 3.00 | 1490 | 2.80 | 1280 | 2.50 | 1100 | 2.10 | 950 | 1.70 | 950 | 1.20 |
| 300 | 2870 | 1.20 | 2730 | 1.10 | 2440 | 1.00 | 2110 | 0.88 | 1730 | 0.72 | 1220 | 0.51 |
| 600 | 3430 | 0.73 | 3130 | 0.67 | 2800 | 0.60 | 2420 | 0.52 | 1980 | 0.42 | 1400 | 0.30 |
| 1000 | 3740 | 0.66 | 3410 | 0.60 | 3050 | 0.54 | 2640 | 0.47 | 2160 | 0.38 | 1530 | 0.27 |
| 1500 | 3860 | 0.53 | 3520 | 0.49 | 3150 | 0.44 | 2730 | 0.38 | 2230 | 0.31 | 1580 | 0.22 |
| 1E+04 | 4700 | 0.14 | 4290 | 0.12 | 3840 | 0.11 | 3330 | 0.10 | 2720 | 0.08 | 1920 | 0.06 |
| 1E+05 | 5310 | 0.15 | 4840 | 0.14 | 4330 | 0.12 | 3750 | 0.11 | 3060 | 0.09 | 2170 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 3240 | 0.32 | 3240 | 0.29 | 3240 | 0.26 | 3240 | 0.23 | 3240 | 0.18 | 2310 | 0.13 |

2200 μ F - 4 V - case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 14 | 1.80 | 14 | 1.80 | 14 | 1.80 | 14 | 1.80 | 12 | 1.50 | 10 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 190 | 2.40 | 190 | 2.40 | 190 | 2.40 | 190 | 2.40 | 160 | 2.00 | 130 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 1040 | 2.60 | 1040 | 2.60 | 1040 | 2.60 | 1030 | 2.60 | 850 | 2.10 | 640 | 1.60 |
| 100 | 2290 | 2.60 | 1920 | 2.40 | 1620 | 2.10 | 1410 | 1.90 | 1390 | 1.50 | 1250 | 1.10 |
| 300 | 3800 | 1.10 | 3470 | 0.98 | 3100 | 0.88 | 2690 | 0.76 | 2190 | 0.62 | 1550 | 0.44 |
| 600 | 4350 | 0.63 | 3970 | 0.58 | 3550 | 0.52 | 3080 | 0.45 | 2510 | 0.37 | 1780 | 0.26 |
| 1000 | 4750 | 0.57 | 4340 | 0.52 | 3880 | 0.47 | 3360 | 0.40 | 2740 | 0.33 | 1940 | 0.23 |
| 1500 | 4900 | 0.44 | 4480 | 0.42 | 4000 | 0.38 | 3470 | 0.33 | 2830 | 0.27 | 2000 | 0.19 |
| 1E+04 | 5980 | 0.12 | 5460 | 0.11 | 4880 | 0.10 | 4230 | 0.08 | 3450 | 0.07 | 2440 | 0.05 |
| 1E+05 | 6470 | 0.19 | 6150 | 0.17 | 5500 | 0.16 | 4770 | 0.13 | 3890 | 0.11 | 2750 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 3470 | 0.38 | 3470 | 0.35 | 3470 | 0.31 | 3470 | 0.27 | 3470 | 0.22 | 2940 | 0.15 |

47 μ F - 6,3 V - case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 6 | 3.80 | 6 | 3.80 | 6 | 3.80 | 6 | 3.80 | 5 | 3.20 | 4 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 35 | 4.10 | 35 | 4.10 | 35 | 4.10 | 35 | 4.10 | 30 | 3.50 | 25 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 83 | 5.00 | 83 | 5.00 | 83 | 5.00 | 83 | 5.00 | 70 | 4.30 | 58 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 250 | 5.00 | 240 | 4.70 | 210 | 4.20 | 180 | 3.60 | 150 | 3.00 | 140 | 2.10 |
| 600 | 300 | 3.00 | 280 | 2.80 | 280 | 2.50 | 280 | 2.10 | 260 | 1.80 | 180 | 1.20 |
| 1000 | 390 | 2.30 | 390 | 2.10 | 390 | 1.90 | 350 | 1.70 | 280 | 1.30 | 200 | 0.95 |
| 1500 | 510 | 1.60 | 460 | 1.50 | 420 | 1.30 | 360 | 1.20 | 290 | 0.95 | 210 | 0.67 |
| 1E+04 | 620 | 0.40 | 570 | 0.36 | 510 | 0.32 | 440 | 0.28 | 360 | 0.23 | 250 | 0.16 |
| 1E+05 | 700 | 0.12 | 640 | 0.11 | 570 | 0.10 | 490 | 0.08 | 400 | 0.07 | 290 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 750 | 0.13 | 680 | 0.12 | 610 | 0.10 | 530 | 0.09 | 430 | 0.07 | 300 | 0.05 |

68 μF – 6,3 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 9 | 3.80 | 9 | 3.80 | 9 | 3.80 | 9 | 3.80 | 8 | 3.20 | 6 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 51 | 4.10 | 51 | 4.10 | 51 | 4.10 | 51 | 4.10 | 43 | 3.50 | 36 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 120 | 5.00 | 120 | 5.00 | 120 | 5.00 | 120 | 5.00 | 100 | 4.30 | 83 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 350 | 4.30 | 290 | 3.90 | 250 | 3.50 | 220 | 3.00 | 210 | 2.50 | 190 | 1.70 |
| 600 | 400 | 2.50 | 400 | 2.30 | 400 | 2.10 | 380 | 1.80 | 310 | 1.50 | 220 | 1.00 |
| 1000 | 570 | 1.90 | 540 | 1.80 | 480 | 1.60 | 420 | 1.40 | 340 | 1.10 | 240 | 0.79 |
| 1500 | 610 | 1.40 | 560 | 1.20 | 500 | 1.10 | 430 | 0.97 | 350 | 0.79 | 250 | 0.56 |
| 1E+04 | 740 | 0.33 | 680 | 0.30 | 610 | 0.27 | 520 | 0.23 | 430 | 0.19 | 300 | 0.13 |
| 1E+05 | 840 | 0.14 | 760 | 0.13 | 680 | 0.12 | 590 | 0.10 | 480 | 0.08 | 340 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 890 | 0.15 | 820 | 0.14 | 730 | 0.13 | 630 | 0.11 | 520 | 0.09 | 370 | 0.06 |

150 μF – 6,3 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 2.80 | 2 | 2.80 | 2 | 2.80 | 2 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 20 | 3.80 | 20 | 3.80 | 20 | 3.80 | 20 | 3.80 | 17 | 3.20 | 14 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 110 | 4.10 | 110 | 4.10 | 110 | 4.10 | 110 | 4.10 | 96 | 3.50 | 79 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 260 | 5.00 | 260 | 5.00 | 260 | 5.00 | 260 | 5.00 | 220 | 4.20 | 160 | 3.10 |
| 300 | 530 | 3.20 | 470 | 2.90 | 460 | 2.60 | 460 | 2.30 | 450 | 1.90 | 320 | 1.30 |
| 600 | 890 | 1.90 | 820 | 1.70 | 730 | 1.50 | 640 | 1.30 | 520 | 1.10 | 370 | 0.77 |
| 1000 | 980 | 1.50 | 890 | 1.30 | 800 | 1.20 | 690 | 1.00 | 570 | 0.84 | 400 | 0.60 |
| 1500 | 1010 | 1.00 | 920 | 0.94 | 830 | 0.84 | 720 | 0.73 | 580 | 0.59 | 410 | 0.42 |
| 1E+04 | 1230 | 0.25 | 1130 | 0.23 | 1010 | 0.20 | 870 | 0.17 | 710 | 0.14 | 500 | 0.10 |
| 1E+05 | 1390 | 0.14 | 1270 | 0.13 | 1140 | 0.11 | 980 | 0.10 | 800 | 0.08 | 570 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 1490 | 0.15 | 1360 | 0.14 | 1210 | 0.12 | 1050 | 0.11 | 860 | 0.09 | 610 | 0.06 |

330 μF – 6,3 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 3 | 2.80 | 3 | 2.80 | 3 | 2.80 | 3 | 2.80 | 3 | 2.40 | 2 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 45 | 3.80 | 45 | 3.80 | 45 | 3.80 | 45 | 3.80 | 38 | 3.20 | 31 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 250 | 4.10 | 250 | 4.10 | 250 | 4.10 | 250 | 4.10 | 210 | 3.50 | 170 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 580 | 5.00 | 580 | 5.00 | 560 | 4.90 | 490 | 4.20 | 400 | 3.40 | 330 | 2.40 |
| 300 | 1010 | 2.50 | 1010 | 2.20 | 1010 | 2.00 | 930 | 1.70 | 760 | 1.40 | 540 | 1.00 |
| 600 | 1510 | 1.40 | 1380 | 1.30 | 1230 | 1.20 | 1070 | 1.00 | 870 | 0.84 | 620 | 0.59 |
| 1000 | 1650 | 1.10 | 1510 | 1.00 | 1350 | 0.91 | 1170 | 0.79 | 950 | 0.64 | 670 | 0.46 |
| 1500 | 1700 | 0.79 | 1560 | 0.72 | 1390 | 0.64 | 1210 | 0.56 | 980 | 0.45 | 700 | 0.32 |
| 1E+04 | 2080 | 0.19 | 1900 | 0.17 | 1700 | 0.15 | 1470 | 0.13 | 1200 | 0.11 | 850 | 0.08 |
| 1E+05 | 2340 | 0.10 | 2140 | 0.09 | 1910 | 0.08 | 1660 | 0.07 | 1350 | 0.06 | 960 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 2500 | 0.13 | 2290 | 0.12 | 2040 | 0.11 | 1770 | 0.09 | 1450 | 0.08 | 1020 | 0.05 |

680 μ F – 6,3 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 7 | 2.80 | 7 | 2.80 | 7 | 2.80 | 7 | 2.80 | 6 | 2.40 | 5 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 93 | 3.80 | 93 | 3.80 | 93 | 3.80 | 93 | 3.80 | 78 | 3.20 | 65 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 510 | 4.10 | 510 | 4.10 | 510 | 4.10 | 510 | 4.10 | 430 | 3.40 | 340 | 2.70 |
| 100 | 1200 | 4.60 | 1050 | 4.20 | 900 | 3.80 | 780 | 3.30 | 680 | 2.70 | 680 | 1.90 |
| 300 | 2070 | 1.90 | 1920 | 1.70 | 1720 | 1.60 | 1490 | 1.30 | 1210 | 1.10 | 860 | 0.78 |
| 600 | 2410 | 1.10 | 2200 | 1.00 | 1970 | 0.92 | 1700 | 0.79 | 1390 | 0.65 | 980 | 0.46 |
| 1000 | 2630 | 0.86 | 2400 | 0.79 | 2150 | 0.71 | 1860 | 0.61 | 1520 | 0.50 | 1070 | 0.35 |
| 1500 | 2720 | 0.61 | 2480 | 0.56 | 2220 | 0.50 | 1920 | 0.43 | 1570 | 0.35 | 1110 | 0.25 |
| 1E+04 | 3310 | 0.15 | 3020 | 0.13 | 2700 | 0.12 | 2340 | 0.10 | 1910 | 0.08 | 1350 | 0.06 |
| 1E+05 | 3730 | 0.11 | 3410 | 0.10 | 3050 | 0.09 | 2640 | 0.07 | 2160 | 0.06 | 1520 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 3990 | 0.18 | 3640 | 0.17 | 3260 | 0.15 | 2820 | 0.13 | 2300 | 0.10 | 1630 | 0.07 |

1000 μ F – 6,3 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 10 | 2.80 | 10 | 2.80 | 10 | 2.80 | 10 | 2.80 | 9 | 2.40 | 7 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 140 | 3.80 | 140 | 3.80 | 140 | 3.80 | 140 | 3.80 | 120 | 3.20 | 95 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 750 | 4.10 | 750 | 4.10 | 750 | 4.10 | 750 | 4.10 | 630 | 3.40 | 480 | 2.60 |
| 100 | 1730 | 4.30 | 1440 | 3.90 | 1220 | 3.50 | 1060 | 3.00 | 1010 | 2.50 | 940 | 1.80 |
| 300 | 2860 | 1.80 | 2610 | 1.60 | 2340 | 1.40 | 2020 | 1.20 | 1650 | 1.00 | 1170 | 0.72 |
| 600 | 3280 | 1.00 | 2990 | 0.95 | 2680 | 0.85 | 2320 | 0.73 | 1890 | 0.60 | 1340 | 0.42 |
| 1000 | 3580 | 0.93 | 3270 | 0.85 | 2920 | 0.76 | 2530 | 0.66 | 2070 | 0.54 | 1460 | 0.38 |
| 1500 | 3700 | 0.76 | 3370 | 0.69 | 3020 | 0.62 | 2610 | 0.53 | 2130 | 0.44 | 1510 | 0.31 |
| 1E+04 | 4500 | 0.19 | 4110 | 0.18 | 3680 | 0.16 | 3180 | 0.14 | 2600 | 0.11 | 1840 | 0.08 |
| 1E+05 | 5080 | 0.14 | 4640 | 0.13 | 4150 | 0.12 | 3590 | 0.10 | 2930 | 0.08 | 2070 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 5100 | 0.31 | 4950 | 0.28 | 4430 | 0.25 | 3840 | 0.22 | 3130 | 0.18 | 2220 | 0.13 |

1500 μ F – 6,3 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 15 | 2.80 | 15 | 2.80 | 15 | 2.80 | 15 | 2.80 | 13 | 2.40 | 11 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 200 | 3.80 | 200 | 3.80 | 200 | 3.80 | 200 | 3.80 | 170 | 3.20 | 140 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 1130 | 4.10 | 1130 | 4.10 | 1130 | 4.10 | 1070 | 3.90 | 880 | 3.20 | 650 | 2.30 |
| 100 | 2210 | 3.70 | 1820 | 3.40 | 1590 | 3.00 | 1510 | 2.60 | 1510 | 2.10 | 1220 | 1.50 |
| 300 | 3720 | 1.50 | 3400 | 1.40 | 3040 | 1.20 | 2630 | 1.10 | 2150 | 0.88 | 1520 | 0.62 |
| 600 | 4260 | 0.90 | 3890 | 0.82 | 3480 | 0.73 | 3010 | 0.63 | 2460 | 0.52 | 1740 | 0.37 |
| 1000 | 4650 | 0.81 | 4240 | 0.74 | 3800 | 0.66 | 3290 | 0.57 | 2680 | 0.47 | 1900 | 0.33 |
| 1500 | 4800 | 0.65 | 4380 | 0.60 | 3920 | 0.53 | 3390 | 0.46 | 2770 | 0.38 | 1960 | 0.27 |
| 1E+04 | 5850 | 0.17 | 5340 | 0.15 | 4780 | 0.14 | 4140 | 0.12 | 3380 | 0.10 | 2390 | 0.07 |
| 1E+05 | 6600 | 0.19 | 6020 | 0.17 | 5390 | 0.15 | 4670 | 0.13 | 3810 | 0.11 | 2690 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 5470 | 0.37 | 5470 | 0.34 | 5470 | 0.30 | 4990 | 0.26 | 4070 | 0.21 | 2880 | 0.15 |

33 μF – 10 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 7 | 6.00 | 7 | 6.00 | 7 | 6.00 | 7 | 6.00 | 6 | 5.10 | 5 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 39 | 6.50 | 39 | 6.50 | 39 | 6.50 | 39 | 6.50 | 33 | 5.50 | 28 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 92 | 8.00 | 92 | 8.00 | 92 | 8.00 | 92 | 8.00 | 78 | 6.70 | 63 | 5.50 |
| 300 | 240 | 6.10 | 200 | 5.60 | 170 | 5.00 | 160 | 4.30 | 160 | 3.50 | 130 | 2.50 |
| 600 | 310 | 3.60 | 310 | 3.30 | 310 | 2.90 | 270 | 2.50 | 220 | 2.10 | 150 | 1.50 |
| 1000 | 410 | 2.80 | 370 | 2.50 | 330 | 2.30 | 290 | 2.00 | 240 | 1.60 | 170 | 1.10 |
| 1500 | 420 | 2.00 | 390 | 1.80 | 350 | 1.60 | 300 | 1.40 | 240 | 1.10 | 170 | 0.80 |
| 1E+04 | 520 | 0.47 | 470 | 0.43 | 420 | 0.38 | 360 | 0.33 | 300 | 0.27 | 210 | 0.19 |
| 1E+05 | 580 | 0.10 | 530 | 0.09 | 470 | 0.08 | 410 | 0.07 | 340 | 0.06 | 240 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 620 | 0.11 | 570 | 0.10 | 510 | 0.09 | 440 | 0.08 | 360 | 0.06 | 250 | 0.04 |

47 μF – 10 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 10 | 6.00 | 10 | 6.00 | 10 | 6.00 | 10 | 6.00 | 9 | 5.10 | 7 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 56 | 6.50 | 56 | 6.50 | 56 | 6.50 | 56 | 6.50 | 48 | 5.50 | 39 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 130 | 8.00 | 130 | 8.00 | 130 | 8.00 | 130 | 8.00 | 110 | 6.60 | 83 | 5.00 |
| 300 | 270 | 5.10 | 230 | 4.70 | 230 | 4.20 | 230 | 3.60 | 230 | 3.00 | 160 | 2.10 |
| 600 | 440 | 3.00 | 410 | 2.80 | 370 | 2.50 | 320 | 2.10 | 260 | 1.80 | 180 | 1.20 |
| 1000 | 490 | 2.30 | 450 | 2.10 | 400 | 1.90 | 350 | 1.70 | 280 | 1.30 | 200 | 0.95 |
| 1500 | 510 | 1.60 | 460 | 1.50 | 420 | 1.30 | 360 | 1.20 | 290 | 0.95 | 210 | 0.67 |
| 1E+04 | 620 | 0.40 | 570 | 0.36 | 510 | 0.32 | 440 | 0.28 | 360 | 0.23 | 250 | 0.16 |
| 1E+05 | 700 | 0.12 | 640 | 0.11 | 570 | 0.10 | 490 | 0.08 | 400 | 0.07 | 290 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 750 | 0.13 | 680 | 0.12 | 610 | 0.10 | 530 | 0.09 | 430 | 0.07 | 300 | 0.05 |

68 μF – 10 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 4.50 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 15 | 6.00 | 15 | 6.00 | 15 | 6.00 | 15 | 6.00 | 12 | 5.10 | 10 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 81 | 6.50 | 81 | 6.50 | 81 | 6.50 | 81 | 6.50 | 69 | 5.50 | 57 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 190 | 8.00 | 190 | 8.00 | 190 | 8.00 | 190 | 7.80 | 150 | 6.40 | 110 | 4.70 |
| 300 | 350 | 4.80 | 330 | 4.30 | 330 | 3.90 | 330 | 3.40 | 300 | 2.70 | 220 | 1.90 |
| 600 | 600 | 2.80 | 550 | 2.60 | 490 | 2.30 | 430 | 2.00 | 350 | 1.60 | 250 | 1.10 |
| 1000 | 660 | 2.20 | 600 | 2.00 | 540 | 1.80 | 470 | 1.50 | 380 | 1.20 | 270 | 0.88 |
| 1500 | 680 | 1.50 | 620 | 1.40 | 560 | 1.20 | 480 | 1.10 | 390 | 0.88 | 280 | 0.62 |
| 1E+04 | 830 | 0.37 | 760 | 0.33 | 680 | 0.30 | 590 | 0.26 | 480 | 0.21 | 340 | 0.15 |
| 1E+05 | 940 | 0.09 | 850 | 0.08 | 760 | 0.08 | 660 | 0.07 | 540 | 0.05 | 380 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 1000 | 0.10 | 910 | 0.09 | 820 | 0.08 | 710 | 0.07 | 580 | 0.06 | 410 | 0.04 |

100 μ F – 10 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 4.50 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 22 | 6.00 | 22 | 6.00 | 22 | 6.00 | 22 | 6.00 | 18 | 5.10 | 15 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 120 | 6.50 | 120 | 6.50 | 120 | 6.50 | 120 | 6.50 | 100 | 5.50 | 83 | 4.50 |
| 100 | 280 | 8.00 | 280 | 8.00 | 270 | 7.80 | 230 | 6.70 | 190 | 5.50 | 160 | 3.90 |
| 300 | 480 | 3.90 | 480 | 3.60 | 480 | 3.20 | 450 | 2.80 | 370 | 2.30 | 260 | 1.60 |
| 600 | 730 | 2.30 | 670 | 2.10 | 600 | 1.90 | 520 | 1.60 | 420 | 1.30 | 300 | 0.95 |
| 1000 | 800 | 1.80 | 730 | 1.60 | 650 | 1.50 | 570 | 1.30 | 460 | 1.00 | 330 | 0.73 |
| 1500 | 830 | 1.30 | 750 | 1.10 | 670 | 1.00 | 580 | 0.89 | 480 | 0.73 | 340 | 0.51 |
| 1E+04 | 1010 | 0.30 | 920 | 0.28 | 820 | 0.25 | 710 | 0.21 | 580 | 0.17 | 410 | 0.12 |
| 1E+05 | 1140 | 0.11 | 1040 | 0.10 | 930 | 0.09 | 800 | 0.08 | 660 | 0.06 | 460 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 1210 | 0.12 | 1110 | 0.11 | 990 | 0.10 | 860 | 0.09 | 700 | 0.07 | 500 | 0.05 |

150 μ F – 10 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 4.50 | 2 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 32 | 6.00 | 32 | 6.00 | 32 | 6.00 | 32 | 6.00 | 27 | 5.10 | 23 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 180 | 6.50 | 180 | 6.50 | 180 | 6.50 | 180 | 6.50 | 150 | 5.50 | 130 | 4.50 |
| 100 | 420 | 8.00 | 420 | 8.00 | 380 | 7.20 | 330 | 6.30 | 270 | 5.10 | 240 | 3.60 |
| 300 | 730 | 3.70 | 730 | 3.30 | 730 | 3.00 | 630 | 2.60 | 520 | 2.10 | 370 | 1.50 |
| 600 | 1020 | 2.20 | 930 | 2.00 | 840 | 1.80 | 720 | 1.50 | 590 | 1.20 | 420 | 0.88 |
| 1000 | 1120 | 1.70 | 1020 | 1.50 | 910 | 1.40 | 790 | 1.20 | 650 | 0.96 | 460 | 0.68 |
| 1500 | 1150 | 1.20 | 1050 | 1.10 | 940 | 0.96 | 820 | 0.83 | 670 | 0.68 | 470 | 0.48 |
| 1E+04 | 1410 | 0.28 | 1280 | 0.26 | 1150 | 0.23 | 990 | 0.20 | 810 | 0.16 | 570 | 0.11 |
| 1E+05 | 1590 | 0.07 | 1450 | 0.06 | 1300 | 0.05 | 1120 | 0.05 | 920 | 0.04 | 650 | 0.03 |
| 1E+06 | 1690 | 0.09 | 1550 | 0.08 | 1380 | 0.07 | 1200 | 0.06 | 980 | 0.05 | 690 | 0.04 |

220 μ F – 10 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 4 | 4.50 | 4 | 4.50 | 4 | 4.50 | 4 | 4.50 | 3 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 48 | 6.00 | 48 | 6.00 | 48 | 6.00 | 48 | 6.00 | 40 | 5.10 | 33 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 260 | 6.50 | 260 | 6.50 | 260 | 6.50 | 260 | 6.50 | 220 | 5.50 | 170 | 4.30 |
| 100 | 610 | 7.20 | 530 | 6.60 | 450 | 5.90 | 390 | 5.10 | 350 | 4.20 | 350 | 3.00 |
| 300 | 1060 | 3.00 | 970 | 2.70 | 870 | 2.40 | 750 | 2.10 | 610 | 1.70 | 430 | 1.20 |
| 600 | 1220 | 1.70 | 1110 | 1.60 | 990 | 1.40 | 860 | 1.20 | 700 | 1.00 | 500 | 0.71 |
| 1000 | 1330 | 1.30 | 1210 | 1.20 | 1080 | 1.10 | 940 | 0.95 | 770 | 0.78 | 540 | 0.55 |
| 1500 | 1370 | 0.95 | 1250 | 0.87 | 1120 | 0.78 | 970 | 0.67 | 790 | 0.55 | 560 | 0.39 |
| 1E+04 | 1670 | 0.23 | 1530 | 0.21 | 1360 | 0.19 | 1180 | 0.16 | 960 | 0.13 | 680 | 0.09 |
| 1E+05 | 1880 | 0.08 | 1720 | 0.07 | 1540 | 0.07 | 1330 | 0.06 | 1090 | 0.05 | 770 | 0.03 |
| 1E+06 | 2010 | 0.11 | 1840 | 0.10 | 1640 | 0.09 | 1420 | 0.07 | 1160 | 0.06 | 820 | 0.04 |

330 μF – 10 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 5 | 4.50 | 5 | 4.50 | 5 | 4.50 | 5 | 4.50 | 5 | 3.80 | 4 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 71 | 6.00 | 71 | 6.00 | 71 | 6.00 | 71 | 6.00 | 60 | 5.10 | 50 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 390 | 6.50 | 390 | 6.50 | 390 | 6.50 | 390 | 6.50 | 330 | 5.40 | 250 | 4.10 |
| 100 | 900 | 6.80 | 750 | 6.20 | 640 | 5.50 | 550 | 4.80 | 530 | 3.90 | 490 | 2.80 |
| 300 | 1490 | 2.80 | 1360 | 2.50 | 1210 | 2.30 | 1050 | 2.00 | 860 | 1.60 | 610 | 1.10 |
| 600 | 1700 | 1.60 | 1560 | 1.50 | 1390 | 1.30 | 1200 | 1.20 | 980 | 0.94 | 700 | 0.67 |
| 1000 | 1860 | 1.30 | 1700 | 1.10 | 1520 | 1.00 | 1320 | 0.89 | 1070 | 0.73 | 760 | 0.51 |
| 1500 | 1920 | 0.89 | 1750 | 0.81 | 1570 | 0.72 | 1360 | 0.63 | 1110 | 0.51 | 780 | 0.36 |
| 1E+04 | 2340 | 0.21 | 2140 | 0.19 | 1910 | 0.17 | 1650 | 0.15 | 1350 | 0.12 | 960 | 0.09 |
| 1E+05 | 2640 | 0.07 | 2410 | 0.07 | 2160 | 0.06 | 1870 | 0.05 | 1520 | 0.04 | 1080 | 0.03 |
| 1E+06 | 2820 | 0.13 | 2570 | 0.12 | 2300 | 0.10 | 1990 | 0.09 | 1630 | 0.07 | 1150 | 0.05 |

470 μF -- 10 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 8 | 4.50 | 8 | 4.50 | 8 | 4.50 | 8 | 4.50 | 6 | 3.80 | 5 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 100 | 6.00 | 100 | 6.00 | 100 | 6.00 | 100 | 6.00 | 86 | 5.10 | 71 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 560 | 6.50 | 560 | 6.50 | 560 | 6.50 | 510 | 5.90 | 420 | 4.80 | 320 | 3.50 |
| 100 | 1010 | 5.60 | 840 | 5.10 | 750 | 4.50 | 750 | 3.90 | 750 | 3.20 | 570 | 2.30 |
| 300 | 1740 | 2.30 | 1590 | 2.10 | 1420 | 1.90 | 1230 | 1.60 | 1010 | 1.30 | 710 | 0.93 |
| 600 | 2000 | 1.30 | 1820 | 1.20 | 1630 | 1.10 | 1410 | 0.95 | 1150 | 0.78 | 820 | 0.55 |
| 1000 | 2180 | 1.00 | 1990 | 0.95 | 1780 | 0.85 | 1540 | 0.73 | 1260 | 0.60 | 890 | 0.42 |
| 1500 | 2250 | 0.73 | 2060 | 0.67 | 1840 | 0.60 | 1590 | 0.52 | 1300 | 0.42 | 920 | 0.30 |
| 1E+04 | 2740 | 0.18 | 2500 | 0.16 | 2240 | 0.14 | 1940 | 0.12 | 1580 | 0.10 | 1120 | 0.07 |
| 1E+05 | 3100 | 0.09 | 2830 | 0.08 | 2530 | 0.07 | 2190 | 0.06 | 1790 | 0.05 | 1260 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 3310 | 0.15 | 3020 | 0.14 | 2700 | 0.12 | 2340 | 0.11 | 1910 | 0.09 | 1350 | 0.06 |

680 μF – 10 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 11 | 4.50 | 11 | 4.50 | 11 | 4.50 | 11 | 4.50 | 9 | 3.80 | 8 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 150 | 6.00 | 150 | 6.00 | 150 | 6.00 | 150 | 6.00 | 120 | 5.10 | 100 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 810 | 6.50 | 810 | 6.50 | 790 | 6.30 | 680 | 5.50 | 560 | 4.40 | 460 | 3.20 |
| 100 | 1260 | 5.10 | 1110 | 4.70 | 1090 | 4.20 | 1090 | 3.60 | 1080 | 3.00 | 760 | 2.10 |
| 300 | 2320 | 2.10 | 2110 | 1.90 | 1890 | 1.70 | 1640 | 1.50 | 1340 | 1.20 | 950 | 0.85 |
| 600 | 2650 | 1.20 | 2420 | 1.10 | 2170 | 1.00 | 1880 | 0.87 | 1530 | 0.71 | 1080 | 0.50 |
| 1000 | 2900 | 1.10 | 2640 | 1.00 | 2360 | 0.91 | 2050 | 0.78 | 1670 | 0.64 | 1180 | 0.45 |
| 1500 | 2990 | 0.90 | 2730 | 0.82 | 2440 | 0.73 | 2110 | 0.64 | 1730 | 0.52 | 1220 | 0.37 |
| 1E+04 | 3640 | 0.23 | 3330 | 0.21 | 2970 | 0.19 | 2580 | 0.16 | 2100 | 0.13 | 1490 | 0.09 |
| 1E+05 | 4110 | 0.12 | 3750 | 0.11 | 3360 | 0.09 | 2910 | 0.08 | 2370 | 0.07 | 1680 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 4390 | 0.25 | 4010 | 0.23 | 3590 | 0.20 | 3100 | 0.18 | 2530 | 0.14 | 1790 | 0.10 |

1000 μ F – 10 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 16 | 4.50 | 16 | 4.50 | 16 | 4.50 | 16 | 4.50 | 14 | 3.80 | 11 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 220 | 6.00 | 220 | 6.00 | 220 | 6.00 | 220 | 6.00 | 180 | 5.10 | 150 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 1200 | 6.50 | 1160 | 6.30 | 1040 | 5.60 | 900 | 4.90 | 730 | 4.00 | 680 | 2.80 |
| 100 | 1600 | 4.60 | 1600 | 4.20 | 1600 | 3.70 | 1600 | 3.20 | 1410 | 2.60 | 1000 | 1.90 |
| 300 | 3040 | 1.90 | 2770 | 1.70 | 2480 | 1.50 | 2150 | 1.30 | 1750 | 1.10 | 1240 | 0.76 |
| 600 | 3480 | 1.10 | 3180 | 1.00 | 2840 | 0.90 | 2460 | 0.78 | 2010 | 0.63 | 1420 | 0.45 |
| 1000 | 3800 | 0.99 | 3470 | 0.90 | 3100 | 0.81 | 2680 | 0.70 | 2190 | 0.57 | 1550 | 0.40 |
| 1500 | 3920 | 0.80 | 3580 | 0.73 | 3200 | 0.65 | 2770 | 0.57 | 2260 | 0.46 | 1600 | 0.33 |
| 1E+04 | 4780 | 0.20 | 4360 | 0.19 | 3900 | 0.17 | 3380 | 0.14 | 2760 | 0.12 | 1950 | 0.08 |
| 1E+05 | 5390 | 0.15 | 4920 | 0.14 | 4400 | 0.12 | 3810 | 0.11 | 3110 | 0.09 | 2200 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 5760 | 0.30 | 5250 | 0.28 | 4700 | 0.25 | 4070 | 0.21 | 3320 | 0.18 | 2350 | 0.12 |

10 μ F – 16 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 3 | 9.60 | 3 | 9.60 | 3 | 9.60 | 3 | 9.60 | 3 | 8.10 | 2 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 19 | 10.40 | 19 | 10.40 | 19 | 10.40 | 19 | 10.40 | 16 | 8.80 | 13 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 45 | 12.80 | 45 | 12.80 | 45 | 12.80 | 45 | 12.80 | 38 | 10.80 | 31 | 8.90 |
| 300 | 140 | 12.50 | 130 | 11.40 | 110 | 10.20 | 94 | 8.80 | 78 | 7.20 | 78 | 5.10 |
| 600 | 150 | 7.40 | 150 | 6.70 | 150 | 6.00 | 150 | 5.20 | 140 | 4.30 | 96 | 3.00 |
| 1000 | 210 | 5.70 | 210 | 5.20 | 210 | 4.60 | 180 | 4.00 | 150 | 3.30 | 100 | 2.30 |
| 1500 | 260 | 4.00 | 240 | 3.70 | 220 | 3.30 | 190 | 2.80 | 150 | 2.30 | 110 | 1.60 |
| 1E+04 | 320 | 0.96 | 290 | 0.88 | 260 | 0.79 | 230 | 0.68 | 190 | 0.56 | 130 | 0.39 |
| 1E+05 | 360 | 0.13 | 330 | 0.12 | 300 | 0.11 | 260 | 0.09 | 210 | 0.07 | 150 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 390 | 0.14 | 360 | 0.13 | 320 | 0.11 | 280 | 0.10 | 220 | 0.08 | 160 | 0.06 |

15 μ F – 16 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 5 | 9.60 | 5 | 9.60 | 5 | 9.60 | 5 | 9.60 | 4 | 8.10 | 4 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 29 | 10.40 | 29 | 10.40 | 29 | 10.40 | 29 | 10.40 | 24 | 8.80 | 20 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 68 | 12.80 | 68 | 12.80 | 68 | 12.80 | 68 | 12.80 | 57 | 10.80 | 47 | 8.80 |
| 300 | 190 | 10.10 | 150 | 9.20 | 130 | 8.30 | 120 | 7.20 | 120 | 5.90 | 100 | 4.10 |
| 600 | 230 | 6.00 | 230 | 5.50 | 230 | 4.90 | 200 | 4.20 | 160 | 3.50 | 120 | 2.40 |
| 1000 | 310 | 4.60 | 280 | 4.20 | 250 | 3.80 | 220 | 3.30 | 180 | 2.70 | 130 | 1.90 |
| 1500 | 320 | 3.20 | 290 | 3.00 | 260 | 2.70 | 230 | 2.30 | 190 | 1.90 | 130 | 1.30 |
| 1E+04 | 390 | 0.78 | 360 | 0.71 | 320 | 0.64 | 280 | 0.55 | 230 | 0.45 | 160 | 0.32 |
| 1E+05 | 440 | 0.16 | 400 | 0.14 | 360 | 0.13 | 310 | 0.11 | 260 | 0.09 | 180 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 470 | 0.17 | 430 | 0.15 | 390 | 0.14 | 330 | 0.12 | 270 | 0.10 | 190 | 0.07 |

22 μ F – 16 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 8 | 9.60 | 8 | 9.60 | 8 | 9.60 | 8 | 9.60 | 6 | 8.10 | 5 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 42 | 10.40 | 42 | 10.40 | 42 | 10.40 | 42 | 10.40 | 36 | 8.80 | 30 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 99 | 12.80 | 99 | 12.80 | 99 | 12.80 | 99 | 12.70 | 82 | 10.60 | 63 | 8.10 |
| 300 | 210 | 8.40 | 180 | 7.60 | 170 | 6.80 | 170 | 5.90 | 170 | 4.80 | 120 | 3.40 |
| 600 | 330 | 4.90 | 320 | 4.50 | 280 | 4.00 | 240 | 3.50 | 200 | 2.80 | 140 | 2.00 |
| 1000 | 380 | 3.80 | 340 | 3.50 | 310 | 3.10 | 270 | 2.70 | 220 | 2.20 | 150 | 1.60 |
| 1500 | 390 | 2.70 | 360 | 2.40 | 320 | 2.20 | 270 | 1.90 | 220 | 1.50 | 160 | 1.10 |
| 1E+04 | 470 | 0.64 | 430 | 0.59 | 390 | 0.53 | 340 | 0.45 | 270 | 0.37 | 190 | 0.26 |
| 1E+05 | 530 | 0.19 | 490 | 0.17 | 440 | 0.15 | 380 | 0.13 | 310 | 0.11 | 220 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 570 | 0.20 | 520 | 0.18 | 470 | 0.17 | 400 | 0.14 | 330 | 0.12 | 230 | 0.08 |

33 μ F – 16 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 6.10 | 1 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 11 | 9.60 | 11 | 9.60 | 11 | 9.60 | 11 | 9.60 | 10 | 8.10 | 8 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 64 | 10.40 | 64 | 10.40 | 64 | 10.40 | 64 | 10.40 | 54 | 8.80 | 45 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 150 | 12.80 | 150 | 12.80 | 150 | 12.80 | 150 | 12.50 | 120 | 10.40 | 89 | 7.60 |
| 300 | 270 | 7.70 | 260 | 7.10 | 260 | 6.30 | 260 | 5.50 | 240 | 4.50 | 170 | 3.20 |
| 600 | 480 | 4.60 | 440 | 4.20 | 390 | 3.70 | 340 | 3.20 | 280 | 2.60 | 200 | 1.90 |
| 1000 | 520 | 3.50 | 480 | 3.20 | 430 | 2.90 | 370 | 2.50 | 300 | 2.00 | 210 | 1.40 |
| 1500 | 540 | 2.50 | 490 | 2.30 | 440 | 2.00 | 380 | 1.80 | 310 | 1.40 | 220 | 1.00 |
| 1E+04 | 660 | 0.60 | 600 | 0.54 | 540 | 0.49 | 470 | 0.42 | 380 | 0.34 | 270 | 0.24 |
| 1E+05 | 740 | 0.16 | 680 | 0.14 | 610 | 0.13 | 530 | 0.11 | 430 | 0.09 | 300 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 790 | 0.17 | 730 | 0.16 | 650 | 0.14 | 560 | 0.12 | 460 | 0.10 | 320 | 0.07 |

47 μ F – 16 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 7.20 | 1 | 6.10 | 1 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 16 | 9.60 | 16 | 9.60 | 16 | 9.60 | 16 | 9.60 | 14 | 8.10 | 11 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 91 | 10.40 | 91 | 10.40 | 91 | 10.40 | 91 | 10.40 | 77 | 8.80 | 63 | 7.20 |
| 100 | 210 | 12.80 | 210 | 12.80 | 210 | 12.80 | 180 | 11.10 | 150 | 9.10 | 120 | 6.50 |
| 300 | 370 | 6.50 | 370 | 5.90 | 370 | 5.30 | 350 | 4.60 | 290 | 3.70 | 200 | 2.60 |
| 600 | 570 | 3.80 | 520 | 3.50 | 470 | 3.10 | 410 | 2.70 | 330 | 2.20 | 230 | 1.60 |
| 1000 | 630 | 2.90 | 570 | 2.70 | 510 | 2.40 | 440 | 2.10 | 360 | 1.70 | 260 | 1.20 |
| 1500 | 650 | 2.10 | 590 | 1.90 | 530 | 1.70 | 460 | 1.50 | 370 | 1.20 | 260 | 0.85 |
| 1E+04 | 790 | 0.50 | 720 | 0.46 | 640 | 0.41 | 560 | 0.35 | 450 | 0.29 | 320 | 0.20 |
| 1E+05 | 890 | 0.15 | 810 | 0.14 | 720 | 0.12 | 630 | 0.11 | 510 | 0.09 | 360 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 950 | 0.16 | 870 | 0.15 | 770 | 0.13 | 670 | 0.12 | 550 | 0.09 | 390 | 0.07 |

68 μF – 16 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 7.20 | 2 | 7.20 | 2 | 7.20 | 2 | 7.20 | 2 | 6.10 | 1 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 24 | 9.60 | 24 | 9.60 | 24 | 9.60 | 24 | 9.60 | 20 | 8.10 | 17 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 130 | 10.40 | 130 | 10.40 | 130 | 10.40 | 130 | 10.40 | 110 | 8.80 | 90 | 7.20 |
| 100 | 310 | 12.80 | 290 | 12.00 | 260 | 10.70 | 220 | 9.20 | 180 | 7.60 | 180 | 5.40 |
| 300 | 530 | 5.40 | 530 | 4.90 | 490 | 4.40 | 420 | 3.80 | 350 | 3.10 | 240 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 690 | 3.20 | 630 | 2.90 | 560 | 2.60 | 490 | 2.20 | 400 | 1.80 | 280 | 1.30 |
| 1000 | 750 | 2.40 | 680 | 2.20 | 610 | 2.00 | 530 | 1.70 | 430 | 1.40 | 310 | 1.00 |
| 1500 | 770 | 1.70 | 710 | 1.60 | 630 | 1.40 | 550 | 1.20 | 450 | 1.00 | 320 | 0.70 |
| 1E+04 | 940 | 0.41 | 860 | 0.38 | 770 | 0.34 | 670 | 0.29 | 540 | 0.24 | 390 | 0.17 |
| 1E+05 | 1060 | 0.18 | 970 | 0.16 | 870 | 0.15 | 750 | 0.13 | 610 | 0.10 | 430 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 1140 | 0.20 | 1040 | 0.18 | 930 | 0.16 | 800 | 0.14 | 660 | 0.11 | 460 | 0.08 |

100 μF – 16 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 3 | 7.20 | 3 | 7.20 | 3 | 7.20 | 3 | 7.20 | 2 | 6.10 | 2 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 35 | 9.60 | 35 | 9.60 | 35 | 9.60 | 35 | 9.60 | 29 | 8.10 | 24 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 190 | 10.40 | 190 | 10.40 | 190 | 10.40 | 190 | 10.40 | 160 | 8.80 | 130 | 7.10 |
| 100 | 450 | 12.30 | 410 | 11.30 | 350 | 10.10 | 310 | 8.70 | 260 | 7.10 | 260 | 5.00 |
| 300 | 780 | 5.00 | 760 | 4.60 | 680 | 4.10 | 590 | 3.60 | 480 | 2.90 | 340 | 2.10 |
| 600 | 950 | 3.00 | 870 | 2.70 | 770 | 2.40 | 670 | 2.10 | 550 | 1.70 | 390 | 1.20 |
| 1000 | 1030 | 2.30 | 940 | 2.10 | 840 | 1.90 | 730 | 1.60 | 600 | 1.30 | 420 | 0.94 |
| 1500 | 1070 | 1.60 | 980 | 1.50 | 870 | 1.30 | 760 | 1.10 | 620 | 0.93 | 440 | 0.66 |
| 1E+04 | 1300 | 0.39 | 1190 | 0.35 | 1060 | 0.32 | 920 | 0.27 | 750 | 0.22 | 530 | 0.16 |
| 1E+05 | 1470 | 0.17 | 1340 | 0.15 | 1200 | 0.14 | 1040 | 0.12 | 850 | 0.10 | 600 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 1570 | 0.18 | 1430 | 0.17 | 1280 | 0.15 | 1110 | 0.13 | 910 | 0.11 | 640 | 0.08 |

150 μF – 16 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 4 | 7.20 | 4 | 7.20 | 4 | 7.20 | 4 | 7.20 | 3 | 6.10 | 3 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 52 | 9.60 | 52 | 9.60 | 52 | 9.60 | 52 | 9.60 | 44 | 8.10 | 36 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 290 | 10.40 | 290 | 10.40 | 290 | 10.40 | 270 | 9.90 | 230 | 8.10 | 160 | 5.90 |
| 100 | 570 | 9.50 | 470 | 8.70 | 410 | 7.80 | 390 | 6.70 | 390 | 5.50 | 310 | 3.90 |
| 300 | 960 | 3.90 | 870 | 3.60 | 780 | 3.20 | 680 | 2.80 | 550 | 2.20 | 390 | 1.60 |
| 600 | 1090 | 2.30 | 1000 | 2.10 | 890 | 1.90 | 770 | 1.60 | 630 | 1.30 | 450 | 0.94 |
| 1000 | 1190 | 1.80 | 1090 | 1.60 | 980 | 1.40 | 840 | 1.30 | 690 | 1.00 | 490 | 0.72 |
| 1500 | 1230 | 1.20 | 1130 | 1.10 | 1010 | 1.00 | 870 | 0.88 | 710 | 0.72 | 500 | 0.51 |
| 1E+04 | 1500 | 0.30 | 1370 | 0.27 | 1230 | 0.24 | 1060 | 0.21 | 870 | 0.17 | 610 | 0.12 |
| 1E+05 | 1700 | 0.19 | 1550 | 0.18 | 1380 | 0.16 | 1200 | 0.14 | 980 | 0.11 | 690 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 1810 | 0.21 | 1650 | 0.19 | 1480 | 0.17 | 1280 | 0.15 | 1050 | 0.12 | 740 | 0.09 |

220 μ F – 16 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 6 | 7.20 | 6 | 7.20 | 6 | 7.20 | 6 | 7.20 | 5 | 6.10 | 4 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 76 | 9.60 | 76 | 9.60 | 76 | 9.60 | 76 | 9.60 | 65 | 8.10 | 53 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 420 | 10.40 | 420 | 10.40 | 420 | 10.40 | 370 | 9.20 | 300 | 7.50 | 240 | 5.40 |
| 100 | 720 | 8.70 | 610 | 7.90 | 560 | 7.10 | 560 | 6.10 | 560 | 5.00 | 420 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 1270 | 3.50 | 1160 | 3.20 | 1040 | 2.90 | 900 | 2.50 | 740 | 2.00 | 520 | 1.40 |
| 600 | 1460 | 2.10 | 1330 | 1.90 | 1190 | 1.70 | 1030 | 1.50 | 840 | 1.20 | 600 | 0.85 |
| 1000 | 1590 | 1.60 | 1450 | 1.50 | 1300 | 1.30 | 1130 | 1.10 | 920 | 0.93 | 650 | 0.66 |
| 1500 | 1640 | 1.10 | 1500 | 1.00 | 1340 | 0.93 | 1160 | 0.80 | 950 | 0.66 | 670 | 0.46 |
| 1E+04 | 2000 | 0.27 | 1830 | 0.25 | 1640 | 0.22 | 1420 | 0.19 | 1160 | 0.16 | 820 | 0.11 |
| 1E+05 | 2260 | 0.13 | 2060 | 0.12 | 1850 | 0.10 | 1600 | 0.09 | 1310 | 0.07 | 920 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 2410 | 0.16 | 2200 | 0.15 | 1970 | 0.13 | 1710 | 0.11 | 1390 | 0.09 | 990 | 0.07 |

330 μ F – 16 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 9 | 7.20 | 9 | 7.20 | 9 | 7.20 | 9 | 7.20 | 7 | 6.10 | 6 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 110 | 9.60 | 110 | 9.60 | 110 | 9.60 | 110 | 9.60 | 97 | 8.10 | 80 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 630 | 10.40 | 600 | 9.80 | 530 | 8.80 | 460 | 7.60 | 380 | 6.20 | 360 | 4.40 |
| 100 | 850 | 7.10 | 850 | 6.50 | 850 | 5.80 | 850 | 5.00 | 730 | 4.10 | 510 | 2.90 |
| 300 | 1560 | 2.90 | 1420 | 2.60 | 1270 | 2.40 | 1100 | 2.00 | 900 | 1.70 | 640 | 1.20 |
| 600 | 1790 | 1.70 | 1630 | 1.60 | 1460 | 1.40 | 1260 | 1.20 | 1030 | 0.99 | 730 | 0.70 |
| 1000 | 1950 | 1.30 | 1780 | 1.20 | 1590 | 1.10 | 1380 | 0.93 | 1130 | 0.76 | 800 | 0.54 |
| 1500 | 2010 | 0.93 | 1840 | 0.85 | 1640 | 0.76 | 1420 | 0.66 | 1160 | 0.54 | 820 | 0.38 |
| 1E+04 | 2450 | 0.22 | 2240 | 0.20 | 2000 | 0.18 | 1740 | 0.16 | 1420 | 0.13 | 1000 | 0.09 |
| 1E+05 | 2770 | 0.16 | 2530 | 0.14 | 2260 | 0.13 | 1960 | 0.11 | 1600 | 0.09 | 1130 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 2960 | 0.20 | 2700 | 0.18 | 2410 | 0.16 | 2090 | 0.14 | 1710 | 0.11 | 1210 | 0.08 |

470 μ F – 16 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 12 | 7.20 | 12 | 7.20 | 12 | 7.20 | 12 | 7.20 | 10 | 6.10 | 9 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 160 | 9.60 | 160 | 9.60 | 160 | 9.60 | 160 | 9.60 | 140 | 8.10 | 110 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 900 | 9.90 | 820 | 9.10 | 700 | 8.10 | 610 | 7.00 | 520 | 5.70 | 520 | 4.10 |
| 100 | 1210 | 6.50 | 1210 | 6.00 | 1210 | 5.30 | 1170 | 4.60 | 960 | 3.80 | 680 | 2.70 |
| 300 | 2050 | 2.70 | 1870 | 2.40 | 1680 | 2.20 | 1450 | 1.90 | 1190 | 1.50 | 840 | 1.10 |
| 600 | 2350 | 1.60 | 2150 | 1.40 | 1920 | 1.30 | 1660 | 1.10 | 1360 | 0.91 | 960 | 0.64 |
| 1000 | 2570 | 1.40 | 2340 | 1.30 | 2100 | 1.20 | 1820 | 1.00 | 1480 | 0.82 | 1050 | 0.58 |
| 1500 | 2650 | 1.10 | 2420 | 1.00 | 2160 | 0.94 | 1870 | 0.81 | 1530 | 0.66 | 1080 | 0.47 |
| 1E+04 | 3230 | 0.29 | 2950 | 0.27 | 2640 | 0.24 | 2280 | 0.21 | 1860 | 0.17 | 1320 | 0.12 |
| 1E+05 | 3640 | 0.21 | 3330 | 0.19 | 2970 | 0.17 | 2580 | 0.15 | 2100 | 0.12 | 1490 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 3890 | 0.29 | 3550 | 0.27 | 3180 | 0.24 | 2750 | 0.21 | 2250 | 0.17 | 1590 | 0.12 |

680 μ F — 16 V — case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V |
| 1 | 18 | 7.20 | 18 | 7.20 | 18 | 7.20 | 18 | 7.20 | 15 | 6.10 | 12 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 240 | 9.60 | 240 | 9.60 | 240 | 9.60 | 240 | 9.60 | 200 | 8.10 | 160 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 1240 | 8.60 | 1040 | 7.90 | 880 | 7.00 | 760 | 6.10 | 750 | 5.00 | 680 | 3.50 |
| 100 | 1740 | 5.70 | 1740 | 5.20 | 1700 | 4.60 | 1470 | 4.00 | 1200 | 3.30 | 850 | 2.30 |
| 300 | 2580 | 2.30 | 2350 | 2.10 | 2100 | 1.90 | 1820 | 1.60 | 1490 | 1.30 | 1050 | 0.95 |
| 600 | 2950 | 1.40 | 2690 | 1.20 | 2410 | 1.10 | 2090 | 0.97 | 1700 | 0.79 | 1200 | 0.56 |
| 1000 | 3220 | 1.20 | 2940 | 1.10 | 2630 | 1.00 | 2280 | 0.87 | 1860 | 0.71 | 1320 | 0.50 |
| 1500 | 3330 | 1.00 | 3040 | 0.91 | 2720 | 0.81 | 2350 | 0.71 | 1920 | 0.58 | 1360 | 0.41 |
| 1E+04 | 4050 | 0.26 | 3700 | 0.23 | 3310 | 0.21 | 2870 | 0.18 | 2340 | 0.15 | 1650 | 0.10 |
| 1E+05 | 4570 | 0.19 | 4170 | 0.18 | 3730 | 0.16 | 3230 | 0.14 | 2640 | 0.11 | 1870 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 4880 | 0.30 | 4460 | 0.27 | 3990 | 0.24 | 3450 | 0.21 | 2820 | 0.17 | 1990 | 0.12 |

10 μ F — 20 V — case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 4 | 12.00 | 4 | 12.00 | 4 | 12.00 | 4 | 12.00 | 4 | 10.20 | 3 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 24 | 13.00 | 24 | 13.00 | 24 | 13.00 | 24 | 13.00 | 20 | 11.00 | 17 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 56 | 16.00 | 56 | 16.00 | 56 | 16.00 | 56 | 16.00 | 47 | 13.50 | 39 | 11.00 |
| 300 | 150 | 12.50 | 130 | 11.40 | 110 | 10.20 | 98 | 8.90 | 98 | 7.20 | 84 | 5.10 |
| 600 | 190 | 7.40 | 190 | 6.70 | 190 | 6.00 | 170 | 5.20 | 140 | 4.30 | 96 | 3.00 |
| 1000 | 260 | 5.70 | 230 | 5.20 | 210 | 4.60 | 180 | 4.00 | 150 | 3.30 | 100 | 2.30 |
| 1500 | 260 | 4.00 | 240 | 3.70 | 220 | 3.30 | 190 | 2.80 | 150 | 2.30 | 110 | 1.60 |
| 1E+04 | 320 | 0.96 | 290 | 0.88 | 260 | 0.79 | 230 | 0.68 | 190 | 0.56 | 130 | 0.39 |
| 1E+05 | 360 | 0.13 | 330 | 0.12 | 300 | 0.11 | 260 | 0.09 | 210 | 0.07 | 150 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 390 | 0.14 | 360 | 0.13 | 320 | 0.11 | 280 | 0.10 | 220 | 0.08 | 160 | 0.06 |

15 μ F — 20 V — case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V | I _{rms} mA | V _{peak} V |
| 1 | 1 | 9.00 | 1 | 9.00 | 1 | 9.00 | 1 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 7 | 12.00 | 7 | 12.00 | 7 | 12.00 | 7 | 12.00 | 6 | 10.20 | 5 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 36 | 13.00 | 36 | 13.00 | 36 | 13.00 | 36 | 13.00 | 31 | 11.00 | 25 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 84 | 16.00 | 84 | 16.00 | 84 | 16.00 | 84 | 15.90 | 70 | 13.20 | 52 | 9.90 |
| 300 | 170 | 10.10 | 150 | 9.20 | 150 | 8.30 | 150 | 7.20 | 140 | 5.90 | 100 | 4.10 |
| 600 | 280 | 6.00 | 260 | 5.50 | 230 | 4.90 | 200 | 4.20 | 160 | 3.50 | 120 | 2.40 |
| 1000 | 310 | 4.60 | 280 | 4.20 | 250 | 3.80 | 220 | 3.30 | 180 | 2.70 | 130 | 1.90 |
| 1500 | 320 | 3.20 | 290 | 3.00 | 260 | 2.70 | 230 | 2.30 | 190 | 1.90 | 130 | 1.30 |
| 1E+04 | 390 | 0.78 | 360 | 0.71 | 320 | 0.64 | 280 | 0.55 | 230 | 0.45 | 160 | 0.32 |
| 1E+05 | 440 | 0.16 | 400 | 0.14 | 360 | 0.13 | 310 | 0.11 | 260 | 0.09 | 180 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 470 | 0.17 | 430 | 0.15 | 390 | 0.14 | 330 | 0.12 | 270 | 0.10 | 190 | 0.07 |

47 μ F – 20 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 9.00 | 2 | 9.00 | 2 | 9.00 | 2 | 9.00 | 1 | 7.60 | 1 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 20 | 12.00 | 20 | 12.00 | 20 | 12.00 | 20 | 12.00 | 17 | 10.20 | 14 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 110 | 13.00 | 110 | 13.00 | 110 | 13.00 | 110 | 13.00 | 95 | 11.00 | 78 | 8.90 |
| 100 | 260 | 15.80 | 250 | 14.50 | 210 | 12.90 | 180 | 11.20 | 150 | 9.10 | 150 | 6.50 |
| 300 | 460 | 6.50 | 460 | 5.90 | 410 | 5.30 | 350 | 4.60 | 290 | 3.70 | 200 | 2.60 |
| 600 | 570 | 3.80 | 520 | 3.50 | 470 | 3.10 | 410 | 2.70 | 330 | 2.20 | 230 | 1.60 |
| 1000 | 630 | 2.90 | 570 | 2.70 | 510 | 2.40 | 440 | 2.10 | 360 | 1.70 | 260 | 1.20 |
| 1500 | 650 | 2.10 | 590 | 1.90 | 530 | 1.70 | 460 | 1.50 | 370 | 1.20 | 260 | 0.85 |
| 1E+04 | 790 | 0.50 | 720 | 0.46 | 640 | 0.41 | 560 | 0.35 | 450 | 0.29 | 320 | 0.20 |
| 1E+05 | 890 | 0.25 | 810 | 0.23 | 720 | 0.20 | 630 | 0.18 | 510 | 0.14 | 360 | 0.10 |
| 1E+06 | 950 | 0.27 | 870 | 0.25 | 770 | 0.22 | 670 | 0.19 | 550 | 0.16 | 390 | 0.11 |

100 μ F – 20 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 3 | 9.00 | 3 | 9.00 | 3 | 9.00 | 3 | 9.00 | 3 | 7.60 | 2 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 44 | 12.00 | 44 | 12.00 | 44 | 12.00 | 44 | 12.00 | 37 | 10.20 | 30 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 240 | 13.00 | 240 | 13.00 | 240 | 13.00 | 230 | 12.60 | 190 | 10.40 | 140 | 7.60 |
| 100 | 500 | 12.30 | 410 | 11.30 | 350 | 10.10 | 320 | 8.70 | 320 | 7.10 | 270 | 5.00 |
| 300 | 830 | 5.00 | 760 | 4.60 | 680 | 4.10 | 590 | 3.60 | 480 | 2.90 | 340 | 2.10 |
| 600 | 950 | 3.00 | 870 | 2.70 | 770 | 2.40 | 670 | 2.10 | 550 | 1.70 | 390 | 1.20 |
| 1000 | 1030 | 2.30 | 940 | 2.10 | 840 | 1.90 | 730 | 1.60 | 600 | 1.30 | 420 | 0.94 |
| 1500 | 1070 | 1.60 | 980 | 1.50 | 870 | 1.30 | 760 | 1.10 | 620 | 0.93 | 440 | 0.66 |
| 1E+04 | 1300 | 0.39 | 1190 | 0.35 | 1060 | 0.32 | 920 | 0.27 | 750 | 0.22 | 530 | 0.16 |
| 1E+05 | 1470 | 0.17 | 1340 | 0.15 | 1200 | 0.14 | 1040 | 0.12 | 850 | 0.10 | 600 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 1570 | 0.18 | 1430 | 0.17 | 1280 | 0.15 | 1110 | 0.13 | 910 | 0.11 | 640 | 0.08 |

150 μ F – 20 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 5 | 9.00 | 5 | 9.00 | 5 | 9.00 | 5 | 9.00 | 4 | 7.60 | 3 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 65 | 12.00 | 65 | 12.00 | 65 | 12.00 | 65 | 12.00 | 55 | 10.20 | 46 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 360 | 13.00 | 360 | 13.00 | 360 | 13.00 | 310 | 11.40 | 260 | 9.30 | 210 | 6.70 |
| 100 | 610 | 10.70 | 520 | 9.80 | 480 | 8.80 | 480 | 7.60 | 480 | 6.20 | 350 | 4.40 |
| 300 | 1080 | 4.40 | 980 | 4.00 | 880 | 3.60 | 760 | 3.10 | 620 | 2.50 | 440 | 1.80 |
| 600 | 1230 | 2.60 | 1130 | 2.40 | 1010 | 2.10 | 870 | 1.80 | 710 | 1.50 | 500 | 1.10 |
| 1000 | 1350 | 2.00 | 1230 | 1.80 | 1100 | 1.60 | 950 | 1.40 | 780 | 1.20 | 550 | 0.81 |
| 1500 | 1390 | 1.40 | 1270 | 1.30 | 1130 | 1.10 | 980 | 0.99 | 800 | 0.81 | 570 | 0.57 |
| 1E+04 | 1690 | 0.34 | 1550 | 0.31 | 1380 | 0.28 | 1200 | 0.24 | 980 | 0.19 | 690 | 0.14 |
| 1E+05 | 1910 | 0.16 | 1740 | 0.15 | 1560 | 0.13 | 1350 | 0.11 | 1100 | 0.09 | 780 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 2040 | 0.19 | 1860 | 0.17 | 1670 | 0.15 | 1440 | 0.13 | 1180 | 0.11 | 830 | 0.08 |

220 μ F – 20 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 7 | 9.00 | 7 | 9.00 | 7 | 9.00 | 7 | 9.00 | 6 | 7.60 | 5 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 95 | 12.00 | 95 | 12.00 | 95 | 12.00 | 95 | 12.00 | 81 | 10.20 | 67 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 530 | 13.00 | 500 | 12.00 | 430 | 10.70 | 380 | 9.30 | 310 | 7.60 | 300 | 5.40 |
| 100 | 710 | 8.70 | 710 | 7.90 | 710 | 7.10 | 710 | 6.10 | 590 | 5.00 | 420 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 1270 | 3.50 | 1160 | 3.20 | 1040 | 2.90 | 900 | 2.50 | 740 | 2.00 | 520 | 1.40 |
| 600 | 1460 | 2.10 | 1330 | 1.90 | 1190 | 1.70 | 1030 | 1.50 | 840 | 1.20 | 600 | 0.85 |
| 1000 | 1590 | 1.60 | 1450 | 1.50 | 1300 | 1.30 | 1130 | 1.10 | 920 | 0.93 | 650 | 0.66 |
| 1500 | 1640 | 1.10 | 1500 | 1.00 | 1340 | 0.93 | 1160 | 0.80 | 950 | 0.66 | 670 | 0.46 |
| 1E+04 | 2000 | 0.27 | 1830 | 0.25 | 1640 | 0.22 | 1420 | 0.19 | 1160 | 0.16 | 820 | 0.11 |
| 1E+05 | 2260 | 0.19 | 2060 | 0.18 | 1850 | 0.16 | 1600 | 0.14 | 1310 | 0.11 | 920 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 2410 | 0.22 | 2200 | 0.20 | 1970 | 0.18 | 1710 | 0.16 | 1390 | 0.13 | 990 | 0.09 |

330 μ F – 20 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 11 | 9.00 | 11 | 9.00 | 11 | 9.00 | 11 | 9.00 | 9 | 7.60 | 8 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 140 | 12.00 | 140 | 12.00 | 140 | 12.00 | 140 | 12.00 | 120 | 10.20 | 100 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 790 | 11.80 | 690 | 10.80 | 590 | 9.70 | 510 | 8.40 | 450 | 6.80 | 450 | 4.80 |
| 100 | 1060 | 7.80 | 1060 | 7.10 | 1060 | 6.40 | 980 | 5.50 | 800 | 4.50 | 570 | 3.20 |
| 300 | 1720 | 3.20 | 1570 | 2.90 | 1400 | 2.60 | 1210 | 2.30 | 990 | 1.80 | 700 | 1.30 |
| 600 | 1970 | 1.90 | 1800 | 1.70 | 1610 | 1.50 | 1390 | 1.30 | 1140 | 1.10 | 800 | 0.77 |
| 1000 | 2150 | 1.70 | 1960 | 1.50 | 1750 | 1.40 | 1520 | 1.20 | 1240 | 0.98 | 880 | 0.69 |
| 1500 | 2220 | 1.40 | 2020 | 1.30 | 1810 | 1.10 | 1570 | 0.97 | 1280 | 0.79 | 910 | 0.56 |
| 1E+04 | 2700 | 0.35 | 2470 | 0.32 | 2210 | 0.29 | 1910 | 0.25 | 1560 | 0.20 | 1100 | 0.14 |
| 1E+05 | 3050 | 0.17 | 2780 | 0.16 | 2490 | 0.14 | 2160 | 0.12 | 1760 | 0.10 | 1240 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 3260 | 0.24 | 2970 | 0.22 | 2660 | 0.20 | 2300 | 0.17 | 1880 | 0.14 | 1330 | 0.10 |

470 μ F – 20 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 15 | 9.00 | 15 | 9.00 | 15 | 9.00 | 15 | 9.00 | 13 | 7.60 | 11 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 200 | 12.00 | 200 | 12.00 | 200 | 12.00 | 200 | 12.00 | 170 | 10.20 | 140 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 1050 | 10.50 | 870 | 9.60 | 740 | 8.60 | 640 | 7.40 | 640 | 6.10 | 570 | 4.30 |
| 100 | 1510 | 6.90 | 1510 | 6.30 | 1430 | 5.70 | 1240 | 4.90 | 1010 | 4.00 | 720 | 2.80 |
| 300 | 2180 | 2.80 | 1990 | 2.60 | 1780 | 2.30 | 1540 | 2.00 | 1260 | 1.60 | 890 | 1.20 |
| 600 | 2490 | 1.70 | 2280 | 1.50 | 2040 | 1.40 | 1760 | 1.20 | 1440 | 0.97 | 1020 | 0.68 |
| 1000 | 2720 | 1.50 | 2490 | 1.40 | 2220 | 1.20 | 1930 | 1.10 | 1570 | 0.87 | 1110 | 0.61 |
| 1500 | 2810 | 1.20 | 2570 | 1.10 | 2290 | 1.00 | 1990 | 0.86 | 1620 | 0.70 | 1150 | 0.50 |
| 1E+04 | 3430 | 0.31 | 3130 | 0.28 | 2800 | 0.25 | 2420 | 0.22 | 1980 | 0.18 | 1400 | 0.13 |
| 1E+05 | 3860 | 0.22 | 3530 | 0.20 | 3160 | 0.18 | 2730 | 0.15 | 2230 | 0.13 | 1580 | 0.09 |
| 1E+06 | 4130 | 0.30 | 3770 | 0.27 | 3370 | 0.24 | 2920 | 0.21 | 2380 | 0.17 | 1690 | 0.12 |

10 μ F – 25 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.20 | 0 | 11.20 | 0 | 11.20 | 0 | 11.20 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 5 | 15.00 | 5 | 15.00 | 5 | 15.00 | 5 | 15.00 | 5 | 12.70 | 4 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 30 | 16.20 | 30 | 16.20 | 30 | 16.20 | 30 | 16.20 | 25 | 13.80 | 21 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 70 | 20.00 | 70 | 20.00 | 70 | 20.00 | 70 | 19.80 | 58 | 16.50 | 43 | 12.30 |
| 300 | 140 | 12.50 | 120 | 11.40 | 120 | 10.20 | 120 | 8.90 | 120 | 7.20 | 84 | 5.10 |
| 600 | 240 | 7.40 | 210 | 6.70 | 190 | 6.00 | 170 | 5.20 | 140 | 4.30 | 96 | 3.00 |
| 1000 | 260 | 5.70 | 230 | 5.20 | 210 | 4.60 | 180 | 4.00 | 150 | 3.30 | 100 | 2.30 |
| 1500 | 260 | 4.00 | 240 | 3.70 | 220 | 3.30 | 190 | 2.80 | 150 | 2.30 | 110 | 1.60 |
| 1E+04 | 320 | 0.96 | 290 | 0.88 | 260 | 0.79 | 230 | 0.68 | 190 | 0.56 | 130 | 0.39 |
| 1E+05 | 360 | 0.26 | 330 | 0.24 | 300 | 0.21 | 260 | 0.18 | 210 | 0.15 | 150 | 0.11 |
| 1E+06 | 390 | 0.28 | 360 | 0.25 | 320 | 0.22 | 280 | 0.19 | 220 | 0.16 | 160 | 0.11 |

15 μ F – 25 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 8 | 15.00 | 8 | 15.00 | 8 | 15.00 | 8 | 15.00 | 7 | 12.70 | 6 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 45 | 16.20 | 45 | 16.20 | 45 | 16.20 | 45 | 16.20 | 38 | 13.80 | 31 | 11.30 |
| 100 | 110 | 20.00 | 110 | 20.00 | 110 | 20.00 | 91 | 17.30 | 75 | 14.10 | 60 | 10.10 |
| 300 | 180 | 10.10 | 180 | 9.20 | 180 | 8.30 | 180 | 7.20 | 140 | 5.90 | 100 | 4.10 |
| 600 | 290 | 6.00 | 260 | 5.50 | 230 | 4.90 | 200 | 4.20 | 160 | 3.50 | 120 | 2.40 |
| 1000 | 310 | 4.60 | 280 | 4.20 | 250 | 3.80 | 220 | 3.30 | 180 | 2.70 | 130 | 1.90 |
| 1500 | 320 | 3.20 | 290 | 3.00 | 260 | 2.70 | 230 | 2.30 | 190 | 1.90 | 130 | 1.30 |
| 1E+04 | 390 | 0.78 | 360 | 0.71 | 320 | 0.64 | 280 | 0.55 | 230 | 0.45 | 160 | 0.32 |
| 1E+05 | 440 | 0.31 | 400 | 0.29 | 360 | 0.26 | 310 | 0.22 | 260 | 0.18 | 180 | 0.13 |
| 1E+06 | 470 | 0.33 | 430 | 0.31 | 390 | 0.27 | 330 | 0.24 | 270 | 0.19 | 190 | 0.14 |

22 μ F – 25 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 9.50 | 1 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 12 | 15.00 | 12 | 15.00 | 12 | 15.00 | 12 | 15.00 | 10 | 12.70 | 8 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 66 | 16.20 | 66 | 16.20 | 66 | 16.20 | 66 | 16.20 | 56 | 13.80 | 46 | 11.30 |
| 100 | 150 | 20.00 | 150 | 20.00 | 140 | 18.50 | 120 | 16.00 | 100 | 13.10 | 88 | 9.30 |
| 300 | 270 | 9.30 | 270 | 8.50 | 270 | 7.60 | 240 | 6.60 | 190 | 5.40 | 140 | 3.80 |
| 600 | 390 | 5.50 | 350 | 5.00 | 320 | 4.50 | 270 | 3.90 | 220 | 3.20 | 160 | 2.20 |
| 1000 | 420 | 4.20 | 380 | 3.90 | 340 | 3.50 | 300 | 3.00 | 240 | 2.50 | 170 | 1.70 |
| 1500 | 430 | 3.00 | 400 | 2.70 | 360 | 2.40 | 310 | 2.10 | 250 | 1.70 | 180 | 1.20 |
| 1E+04 | 530 | 0.72 | 480 | 0.66 | 430 | 0.59 | 370 | 0.51 | 310 | 0.42 | 220 | 0.29 |
| 1E+05 | 600 | 0.21 | 550 | 0.19 | 490 | 0.17 | 420 | 0.15 | 350 | 0.12 | 240 | 0.09 |
| 1E+06 | 640 | 0.23 | 580 | 0.21 | 520 | 0.18 | 450 | 0.16 | 370 | 0.13 | 260 | 0.09 |

33 μ F – 25 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 9.50 | 1 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 18 | 15.00 | 18 | 15.00 | 18 | 15.00 | 18 | 15.00 | 15 | 12.70 | 13 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 99 | 16.20 | 99 | 16.20 | 99 | 16.20 | 99 | 16.20 | 83 | 13.60 | 67 | 11.00 |
| 100 | 230 | 18.90 | 210 | 17.30 | 180 | 15.40 | 150 | 13.30 | 130 | 10.90 | 130 | 7.70 |
| 300 | 400 | 7.70 | 380 | 7.10 | 340 | 6.30 | 300 | 5.50 | 240 | 4.50 | 170 | 3.20 |
| 600 | 480 | 4.60 | 440 | 4.20 | 390 | 3.70 | 340 | 3.20 | 280 | 2.60 | 200 | 1.90 |
| 1000 | 520 | 3.50 | 480 | 3.20 | 430 | 2.90 | 370 | 2.50 | 300 | 2.00 | 210 | 1.40 |
| 1500 | 540 | 2.50 | 490 | 2.30 | 440 | 2.00 | 380 | 1.80 | 310 | 1.40 | 220 | 1.00 |
| 1E+04 | 660 | 0.60 | 600 | 0.54 | 540 | 0.49 | 470 | 0.42 | 380 | 0.34 | 270 | 0.24 |
| 1E+05 | 740 | 0.26 | 680 | 0.24 | 610 | 0.21 | 530 | 0.19 | 430 | 0.15 | 300 | 0.11 |
| 1E+06 | 790 | 0.28 | 730 | 0.26 | 650 | 0.23 | 560 | 0.20 | 460 | 0.16 | 320 | 0.11 |

47 μ F – 25 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 11.20 | 2 | 11.20 | 2 | 11.20 | 2 | 11.20 | 2 | 9.50 | 1 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 26 | 15.00 | 26 | 15.00 | 26 | 15.00 | 26 | 15.00 | 22 | 12.70 | 18 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 140 | 16.20 | 140 | 16.20 | 140 | 16.20 | 140 | 16.00 | 110 | 13.20 | 84 | 9.70 |
| 100 | 300 | 15.80 | 250 | 14.50 | 210 | 12.90 | 190 | 11.20 | 190 | 9.10 | 160 | 6.50 |
| 300 | 500 | 6.50 | 460 | 5.90 | 410 | 5.30 | 350 | 4.60 | 290 | 3.70 | 200 | 2.60 |
| 600 | 570 | 3.80 | 520 | 3.50 | 470 | 3.10 | 410 | 2.70 | 330 | 2.20 | 230 | 1.60 |
| 1000 | 630 | 2.90 | 570 | 2.70 | 510 | 2.40 | 440 | 2.10 | 360 | 1.70 | 260 | 1.20 |
| 1500 | 650 | 2.10 | 590 | 1.90 | 530 | 1.70 | 460 | 1.50 | 370 | 1.20 | 260 | 0.85 |
| 1E+04 | 790 | 0.50 | 720 | 0.46 | 640 | 0.41 | 560 | 0.35 | 450 | 0.29 | 320 | 0.20 |
| 1E+05 | 890 | 0.31 | 810 | 0.29 | 720 | 0.26 | 630 | 0.22 | 510 | 0.18 | 360 | 0.13 |
| 1E+06 | 950 | 0.34 | 870 | 0.31 | 770 | 0.27 | 670 | 0.24 | 550 | 0.19 | 390 | 0.14 |

68 μ F – 25 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 3 | 11.20 | 3 | 11.20 | 3 | 11.20 | 3 | 11.20 | 2 | 9.50 | 2 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 37 | 15.00 | 37 | 15.00 | 37 | 15.00 | 37 | 15.00 | 31 | 12.70 | 26 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 200 | 16.20 | 200 | 16.20 | 200 | 16.20 | 200 | 15.60 | 160 | 12.80 | 120 | 9.30 |
| 100 | 410 | 15.00 | 340 | 13.70 | 290 | 12.20 | 270 | 10.60 | 270 | 8.70 | 230 | 6.10 |
| 300 | 680 | 6.10 | 620 | 5.60 | 560 | 5.00 | 480 | 4.30 | 390 | 3.50 | 280 | 2.50 |
| 600 | 780 | 3.60 | 720 | 3.30 | 640 | 3.00 | 550 | 2.60 | 450 | 2.10 | 320 | 1.50 |
| 1000 | 860 | 2.80 | 780 | 2.50 | 700 | 2.30 | 600 | 2.00 | 490 | 1.60 | 350 | 1.10 |
| 1500 | 880 | 2.00 | 810 | 1.80 | 720 | 1.60 | 620 | 1.40 | 510 | 1.10 | 360 | 0.80 |
| 1E+04 | 1080 | 0.47 | 980 | 0.43 | 880 | 0.39 | 760 | 0.33 | 620 | 0.27 | 440 | 0.19 |
| 1E+05 | 1210 | 0.17 | 1110 | 0.16 | 990 | 0.14 | 860 | 0.12 | 700 | 0.10 | 500 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 1300 | 0.19 | 1180 | 0.17 | 1060 | 0.15 | 920 | 0.13 | 750 | 0.11 | 530 | 0.08 |

100 μ F – 25 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 4 | 11.20 | 4 | 11.20 | 4 | 11.20 | 4 | 11.20 | 3 | 9.50 | 3 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 54 | 15.00 | 54 | 15.00 | 54 | 15.00 | 54 | 15.00 | 46 | 12.70 | 38 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 300 | 16.20 | 300 | 16.00 | 260 | 14.30 | 230 | 12.40 | 190 | 10.10 | 170 | 7.20 |
| 100 | 410 | 11.60 | 400 | 10.60 | 400 | 9.40 | 400 | 8.20 | 360 | 6.70 | 250 | 4.70 |
| 300 | 770 | 4.70 | 710 | 4.30 | 630 | 3.90 | 550 | 3.30 | 450 | 2.70 | 320 | 1.90 |
| 600 | 890 | 2.80 | 810 | 2.50 | 720 | 2.30 | 630 | 2.00 | 510 | 1.60 | 360 | 1.10 |
| 1000 | 970 | 2.20 | 880 | 2.00 | 790 | 1.80 | 680 | 1.50 | 560 | 1.20 | 400 | 0.88 |
| 1500 | 1000 | 1.50 | 910 | 1.40 | 820 | 1.20 | 710 | 1.10 | 580 | 0.88 | 410 | 0.62 |
| 1E+04 | 1220 | 0.36 | 1110 | 0.33 | 990 | 0.30 | 860 | 0.26 | 700 | 0.21 | 500 | 0.15 |
| 1E+05 | 1370 | 0.19 | 1250 | 0.18 | 1120 | 0.16 | 970 | 0.14 | 790 | 0.11 | 560 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 1470 | 0.21 | 1340 | 0.19 | 1200 | 0.17 | 1040 | 0.15 | 850 | 0.12 | 600 | 0.09 |

150 μ F – 25 V – case size F

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 6 | 11.20 | 6 | 11.20 | 6 | 11.20 | 6 | 11.20 | 5 | 9.50 | 4 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 81 | 15.00 | 81 | 15.00 | 81 | 15.00 | 81 | 15.00 | 69 | 12.70 | 57 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 450 | 16.20 | 420 | 14.90 | 370 | 13.30 | 320 | 11.50 | 260 | 9.40 | 260 | 6.70 |
| 100 | 600 | 10.70 | 600 | 9.80 | 600 | 8.80 | 600 | 7.60 | 500 | 6.20 | 350 | 4.40 |
| 300 | 1080 | 4.40 | 980 | 4.00 | 880 | 3.60 | 760 | 3.10 | 620 | 2.50 | 440 | 1.80 |
| 600 | 1230 | 2.60 | 1130 | 2.40 | 1010 | 2.10 | 870 | 1.80 | 710 | 1.50 | 500 | 1.10 |
| 1000 | 1350 | 2.00 | 1230 | 1.80 | 1100 | 1.60 | 950 | 1.40 | 780 | 1.20 | 550 | 0.81 |
| 1500 | 1390 | 1.40 | 1270 | 1.30 | 1130 | 1.10 | 980 | 0.99 | 800 | 0.81 | 570 | 0.57 |
| 1E+04 | 1690 | 0.34 | 1550 | 0.31 | 1380 | 0.28 | 1200 | 0.24 | 980 | 0.19 | 690 | 0.14 |
| 1E+05 | 1910 | 0.22 | 1740 | 0.20 | 1560 | 0.18 | 1350 | 0.15 | 1100 | 0.12 | 780 | 0.09 |
| 1E+06 | 2040 | 0.24 | 1860 | 0.22 | 1670 | 0.20 | 1440 | 0.17 | 1180 | 0.14 | 830 | 0.10 |

220 μ F – 25 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 9 | 11.20 | 9 | 11.20 | 9 | 11.20 | 9 | 11.20 | 8 | 9.50 | 6 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 120 | 15.00 | 120 | 15.00 | 120 | 15.00 | 120 | 15.00 | 100 | 12.70 | 84 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 660 | 14.50 | 570 | 13.20 | 480 | 11.80 | 420 | 10.20 | 380 | 8.40 | 370 | 5.90 |
| 100 | 880 | 9.50 | 880 | 8.70 | 880 | 7.80 | 800 | 6.70 | 650 | 5.50 | 460 | 3.90 |
| 300 | 1400 | 3.90 | 1280 | 3.60 | 1150 | 3.20 | 990 | 2.80 | 810 | 2.30 | 570 | 1.60 |
| 600 | 1610 | 2.30 | 1470 | 2.10 | 1310 | 1.90 | 1140 | 1.60 | 930 | 1.30 | 660 | 0.94 |
| 1000 | 1750 | 2.10 | 1600 | 1.90 | 1430 | 1.70 | 1240 | 1.50 | 1010 | 1.20 | 720 | 0.84 |
| 1500 | 1810 | 1.70 | 1650 | 1.50 | 1480 | 1.40 | 1280 | 1.20 | 1050 | 0.97 | 740 | 0.68 |
| 1E+04 | 2210 | 0.43 | 2010 | 0.39 | 1800 | 0.35 | 1560 | 0.30 | 1270 | 0.25 | 900 | 0.18 |
| 1E+05 | 2490 | 0.21 | 2270 | 0.19 | 2030 | 0.17 | 1760 | 0.15 | 1440 | 0.12 | 1020 | 0.09 |
| 1E+06 | 2660 | 0.26 | 2430 | 0.24 | 2170 | 0.21 | 1880 | 0.18 | 1540 | 0.15 | 1090 | 0.11 |

330 μ F – 25 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 13 | 11.20 | 13 | 11.20 | 13 | 11.20 | 13 | 11.20 | 11 | 9.50 | 9 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 180 | 15.00 | 180 | 15.00 | 180 | 15.00 | 180 | 15.00 | 150 | 12.70 | 120 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 870 | 12.50 | 720 | 11.50 | 620 | 10.20 | 570 | 8.90 | 570 | 7.20 | 480 | 5.10 |
| 100 | 1320 | 8.30 | 1320 | 7.50 | 1200 | 6.70 | 1040 | 5.80 | 850 | 4.80 | 600 | 3.40 |
| 300 | 1820 | 3.40 | 1660 | 3.10 | 1490 | 2.80 | 1290 | 2.40 | 1050 | 2.00 | 740 | 1.40 |
| 600 | 2090 | 2.00 | 1910 | 1.80 | 1700 | 1.60 | 1480 | 1.40 | 1200 | 1.20 | 850 | 0.81 |
| 1000 | 2280 | 1.80 | 2080 | 1.60 | 1860 | 1.50 | 1610 | 1.30 | 1320 | 1.00 | 930 | 0.73 |
| 1500 | 2350 | 1.50 | 2150 | 1.30 | 1920 | 1.20 | 1660 | 1.00 | 1360 | 0.84 | 960 | 0.59 |
| 1E+04 | 2870 | 0.37 | 2620 | 0.34 | 2340 | 0.30 | 2030 | 0.26 | 1650 | 0.21 | 1170 | 0.15 |
| 1E+05 | 3230 | 0.18 | 2950 | 0.17 | 2640 | 0.15 | 2290 | 0.13 | 1870 | 0.11 | 1320 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 3450 | 0.25 | 3150 | 0.23 | 2820 | 0.20 | 2440 | 0.18 | 1990 | 0.14 | 1410 | 0.10 |

→ 1 μ F – 35 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 0 | 11.20 | 0 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 3 | 14.30 | 3 | 14.30 | 3 | 14.30 | 3 | 14.30 | 2 | 12.10 | 2 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 6 | 17.60 | 6 | 17.60 | 6 | 17.60 | 6 | 17.60 | 5 | 14.90 | 4 | 12.40 |
| 300 | 19 | 17.60 | 19 | 17.60 | 19 | 17.60 | 19 | 17.60 | 16 | 14.80 | 13 | 11.80 |
| 600 | 37 | 17.60 | 34 | 16.20 | 30 | 14.50 | 26 | 12.50 | 21 | 10.20 | 21 | 7.30 |
| 1000 | 46 | 13.70 | 38 | 12.50 | 33 | 11.20 | 30 | 9.70 | 30 | 7.90 | 25 | 5.60 |
| 1500 | 43 | 9.70 | 43 | 8.80 | 43 | 7.90 | 43 | 6.80 | 37 | 5.60 | 26 | 3.90 |
| 1E+04 | 78 | 2.30 | 71 | 2.10 | 64 | 1.90 | 55 | 1.60 | 45 | 1.30 | 32 | 0.95 |
| 1E+05 | 88 | 0.21 | 80 | 0.19 | 72 | 0.17 | 62 | 0.15 | 51 | 0.12 | 36 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 94 | 0.22 | 86 | 0.20 | 77 | 0.18 | 66 | 0.16 | 54 | 0.13 | 38 | 0.09 |

→ 1.5 μ F – 35 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 4 | 14.30 | 4 | 14.30 | 4 | 14.30 | 4 | 14.30 | 3 | 12.10 | 3 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 9 | 17.60 | 9 | 17.60 | 9 | 17.60 | 9 | 17.60 | 8 | 14.90 | 7 | 12.40 |
| 300 | 28 | 17.60 | 28 | 17.60 | 28 | 17.60 | 27 | 16.80 | 22 | 13.90 | 16 | 10.10 |
| 600 | 52 | 14.50 | 43 | 13.30 | 37 | 11.90 | 32 | 10.20 | 31 | 8.40 | 28 | 5.90 |
| 1000 | 51 | 11.20 | 45 | 10.20 | 44 | 9.10 | 44 | 7.90 | 44 | 6.50 | 31 | 4.60 |
| 1500 | 65 | 7.90 | 65 | 7.20 | 64 | 6.40 | 55 | 5.60 | 45 | 4.60 | 32 | 3.20 |
| 1E+04 | 96 | 1.90 | 87 | 1.70 | 78 | 1.50 | 68 | 1.30 | 55 | 1.10 | 39 | 0.77 |
| 1E+05 | 110 | 0.17 | 98 | 0.15 | 88 | 0.14 | 76 | 0.12 | 62 | 0.10 | 44 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 120 | 0.18 | 110 | 0.16 | 94 | 0.15 | 81 | 0.13 | 66 | 0.10 | 47 | 0.07 |

2,2 μF – 35 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 13.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 6 | 14.30 | 6 | 14.30 | 6 | 14.30 | 6 | 14.30 | 5 | 12.10 | 4 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 14 | 17.60 | 14 | 17.60 | 14 | 17.60 | 14 | 17.60 | 12 | 14.90 | 10 | 12.40 |
| 300 | 41 | 17.60 | 41 | 17.60 | 39 | 16.50 | 34 | 14.30 | 27 | 11.60 | 24 | 8.30 |
| 600 | 60 | 12.00 | 50 | 10.90 | 46 | 9.80 | 46 | 8.50 | 46 | 6.90 | 34 | 4.90 |
| 1000 | 65 | 9.20 | 65 | 8.40 | 65 | 7.50 | 65 | 6.50 | 53 | 5.30 | 38 | 3.80 |
| 1500 | 95 | 6.50 | 87 | 6.00 | 78 | 5.30 | 67 | 4.60 | 55 | 3.80 | 39 | 2.70 |
| 1E+04 | 120 | 1.60 | 110 | 1.40 | 95 | 1.30 | 82 | 1.10 | 67 | 0.90 | 47 | 0.64 |
| 1E+05 | 130 | 0.14 | 120 | 0.13 | 110 | 0.11 | 92 | 0.10 | 75 | 0.08 | 53 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 140 | 0.15 | 130 | 0.14 | 110 | 0.12 | 99 | 0.10 | 81 | 0.09 | 57 | 0.06 |

3,3 μF – 35 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 13.20 | 1 | 11.20 | 1 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 9 | 14.30 | 9 | 14.30 | 9 | 14.30 | 9 | 14.30 | 7 | 12.10 | 6 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 21 | 17.60 | 21 | 17.60 | 21 | 17.60 | 21 | 17.60 | 17 | 14.90 | 14 | 12.30 |
| 300 | 62 | 16.60 | 56 | 15.10 | 48 | 13.50 | 41 | 11.70 | 36 | 9.60 | 36 | 6.80 |
| 600 | 69 | 9.80 | 69 | 8.90 | 69 | 8.00 | 69 | 6.90 | 59 | 5.60 | 42 | 4.00 |
| 1000 | 98 | 7.50 | 98 | 6.90 | 92 | 6.10 | 79 | 5.30 | 65 | 4.30 | 46 | 3.10 |
| 1500 | 120 | 5.30 | 110 | 4.80 | 95 | 4.30 | 82 | 3.80 | 67 | 3.10 | 47 | 2.20 |
| 1E+04 | 140 | 1.30 | 130 | 1.20 | 120 | 1.00 | 100 | 0.90 | 82 | 0.74 | 58 | 0.52 |
| 1E+05 | 160 | 0.17 | 150 | 0.15 | 130 | 0.14 | 110 | 0.12 | 92 | 0.10 | 65 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 170 | 0.18 | 160 | 0.17 | 140 | 0.15 | 120 | 0.13 | 98 | 0.10 | 70 | 0.07 |

4,7 μF – 35 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 13.20 | 2 | 11.20 | 2 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 13 | 14.30 | 13 | 14.30 | 13 | 14.30 | 13 | 14.30 | 11 | 12.10 | 9 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 29 | 17.60 | 29 | 17.60 | 29 | 17.60 | 29 | 17.60 | 25 | 14.90 | 20 | 12.20 |
| 300 | 80 | 13.90 | 67 | 12.70 | 57 | 11.30 | 51 | 9.80 | 51 | 8.00 | 44 | 5.70 |
| 600 | 98 | 8.20 | 98 | 7.50 | 98 | 6.70 | 87 | 5.80 | 71 | 4.70 | 50 | 3.40 |
| 1000 | 130 | 6.30 | 120 | 5.80 | 110 | 5.20 | 95 | 4.50 | 78 | 3.70 | 55 | 2.60 |
| 1500 | 140 | 4.50 | 130 | 4.10 | 110 | 3.60 | 98 | 3.20 | 80 | 2.60 | 57 | 1.80 |
| 1E+04 | 170 | 1.10 | 150 | 0.98 | 140 | 0.87 | 120 | 0.76 | 98 | 0.62 | 69 | 0.44 |
| 1E+05 | 190 | 0.20 | 170 | 0.18 | 160 | 0.17 | 130 | 0.14 | 110 | 0.12 | 78 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 200 | 0.22 | 190 | 0.20 | 170 | 0.18 | 140 | 0.15 | 120 | 0.12 | 83 | 0.09 |

6,8 μ F – 35 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 3 | 13.20 | 3 | 13.20 | 3 | 13.20 | 3 | 13.20 | 3 | 11.20 | 2 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 18 | 14.30 | 18 | 14.30 | 18 | 14.30 | 18 | 14.30 | 15 | 12.10 | 13 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 42 | 17.60 | 42 | 17.60 | 42 | 17.60 | 42 | 17.60 | 35 | 14.70 | 27 | 11.30 |
| 300 | 89 | 11.60 | 77 | 10.60 | 73 | 9.50 | 73 | 8.20 | 73 | 6.70 | 53 | 4.70 |
| 600 | 140 | 6.80 | 140 | 6.30 | 120 | 5.60 | 110 | 4.80 | 86 | 4.00 | 61 | 2.80 |
| 1000 | 160 | 5.30 | 150 | 4.80 | 130 | 4.30 | 110 | 3.70 | 94 | 3.00 | 66 | 2.20 |
| 1500 | 170 | 3.70 | 150 | 3.40 | 140 | 3.00 | 120 | 2.60 | 97 | 2.10 | 68 | 1.50 |
| 1E+04 | 200 | 0.89 | 190 | 0.82 | 170 | 0.73 | 140 | 0.63 | 120 | 0.52 | 83 | 0.36 |
| 1E+05 | 230 | 0.24 | 210 | 0.22 | 190 | 0.20 | 160 | 0.17 | 130 | 0.14 | 94 | 0.10 |
| 1E+06 | 250 | 0.26 | 220 | 0.24 | 200 | 0.21 | 170 | 0.18 | 140 | 0.15 | 100 | 0.11 |

10 μ F – 35 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 9.90 | 0 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 5 | 13.20 | 5 | 13.20 | 5 | 13.20 | 5 | 13.20 | 4 | 11.20 | 3 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 27 | 14.30 | 27 | 14.30 | 27 | 14.30 | 27 | 14.30 | 23 | 12.10 | 19 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 62 | 17.60 | 62 | 17.60 | 62 | 17.60 | 61 | 17.30 | 51 | 14.30 | 37 | 10.50 |
| 300 | 110 | 10.70 | 110 | 9.70 | 110 | 8.70 | 110 | 7.50 | 100 | 6.20 | 72 | 4.40 |
| 600 | 200 | 6.30 | 180 | 5.70 | 160 | 5.10 | 140 | 4.40 | 120 | 3.60 | 82 | 2.60 |
| 1000 | 220 | 4.80 | 200 | 4.40 | 180 | 4.00 | 160 | 3.40 | 130 | 2.80 | 89 | 2.00 |
| 1500 | 230 | 3.40 | 210 | 3.10 | 180 | 2.80 | 160 | 2.40 | 130 | 2.00 | 92 | 1.40 |
| 1E+04 | 280 | 0.82 | 250 | 0.75 | 230 | 0.67 | 200 | 0.58 | 160 | 0.47 | 110 | 0.34 |
| 1E+05 | 310 | 0.11 | 280 | 0.10 | 250 | 0.09 | 220 | 0.08 | 180 | 0.06 | 130 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 330 | 0.12 | 300 | 0.11 | 270 | 0.10 | 230 | 0.08 | 190 | 0.07 | 140 | 0.05 |

15 μ F – 35 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 8.40 | 0 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 7 | 13.20 | 7 | 13.20 | 7 | 13.20 | 7 | 13.20 | 6 | 11.20 | 5 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 40 | 14.30 | 40 | 14.30 | 40 | 14.30 | 40 | 14.30 | 34 | 12.10 | 28 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 93 | 17.60 | 93 | 17.60 | 91 | 17.20 | 79 | 14.90 | 64 | 12.20 | 53 | 8.70 |
| 300 | 160 | 8.70 | 160 | 7.90 | 160 | 7.10 | 150 | 6.20 | 120 | 5.00 | 88 | 3.60 |
| 600 | 250 | 5.10 | 220 | 4.70 | 200 | 4.20 | 170 | 3.60 | 140 | 3.00 | 100 | 2.10 |
| 1000 | 270 | 4.00 | 250 | 3.60 | 220 | 3.20 | 190 | 2.80 | 160 | 2.30 | 110 | 1.60 |
| 1500 | 280 | 2.80 | 250 | 2.50 | 230 | 2.30 | 200 | 2.00 | 160 | 1.60 | 110 | 1.10 |
| 1E+04 | 340 | 0.67 | 310 | 0.61 | 280 | 0.55 | 240 | 0.47 | 200 | 0.39 | 140 | 0.27 |
| 1E+05 | 380 | 0.13 | 350 | 0.12 | 310 | 0.11 | 270 | 0.10 | 220 | 0.08 | 160 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 410 | 0.14 | 370 | 0.13 | 330 | 0.12 | 290 | 0.10 | 230 | 0.08 | 170 | 0.06 |

22 μ F – 35 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 8.40 | 1 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 11 | 13.20 | 11 | 13.20 | 11 | 13.20 | 11 | 13.20 | 9 | 11.20 | 7 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 59 | 14.30 | 59 | 14.30 | 59 | 14.30 | 59 | 14.30 | 49 | 12.10 | 40 | 9.80 |
| 100 | 140 | 17.50 | 130 | 16.00 | 110 | 14.30 | 96 | 12.40 | 78 | 10.10 | 78 | 7.10 |
| 300 | 240 | 7.20 | 240 | 6.50 | 210 | 5.80 | 180 | 5.10 | 150 | 4.10 | 110 | 2.90 |
| 600 | 300 | 4.20 | 270 | 3.90 | 240 | 3.40 | 210 | 3.00 | 170 | 2.40 | 120 | 1.70 |
| 1000 | 320 | 3.30 | 300 | 3.00 | 260 | 2.70 | 230 | 2.30 | 190 | 1.90 | 130 | 1.30 |
| 1500 | 330 | 2.30 | 310 | 2.10 | 270 | 1.90 | 240 | 1.60 | 190 | 1.30 | 140 | 0.94 |
| 1E+04 | 410 | 0.55 | 370 | 0.50 | 330 | 0.45 | 290 | 0.39 | 240 | 0.32 | 170 | 0.22 |
| 1E+05 | 460 | 0.16 | 420 | 0.15 | 380 | 0.13 | 320 | 0.11 | 270 | 0.09 | 190 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 490 | 0.17 | 450 | 0.16 | 400 | 0.14 | 350 | 0.12 | 280 | 0.10 | 200 | 0.07 |

33 μ F – 35 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 9.90 | 1 | 8.40 | 1 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 16 | 13.20 | 16 | 13.20 | 16 | 13.20 | 16 | 13.20 | 13 | 11.20 | 11 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 88 | 14.30 | 88 | 14.30 | 88 | 14.30 | 88 | 14.30 | 74 | 12.00 | 59 | 9.60 |
| 100 | 210 | 16.40 | 180 | 15.00 | 160 | 13.40 | 130 | 11.60 | 120 | 9.50 | 120 | 6.70 |
| 300 | 360 | 6.70 | 330 | 6.10 | 300 | 5.50 | 260 | 4.80 | 210 | 3.90 | 150 | 2.70 |
| 600 | 420 | 4.00 | 380 | 3.60 | 340 | 3.20 | 300 | 2.80 | 240 | 2.30 | 170 | 1.60 |
| 1000 | 460 | 3.10 | 420 | 2.80 | 370 | 2.50 | 320 | 2.20 | 260 | 1.80 | 190 | 1.20 |
| 1500 | 470 | 2.20 | 430 | 2.00 | 380 | 1.80 | 330 | 1.50 | 270 | 1.20 | 190 | 0.88 |
| 1E+04 | 570 | 0.52 | 520 | 0.47 | 470 | 0.42 | 410 | 0.37 | 330 | 0.30 | 230 | 0.21 |
| 1E+05 | 650 | 0.09 | 590 | 0.08 | 530 | 0.07 | 460 | 0.06 | 370 | 0.05 | 260 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 690 | 0.10 | 630 | 0.09 | 560 | 0.08 | 490 | 0.07 | 400 | 0.06 | 280 | 0.04 |

47 μ F – 35 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 9.90 | 1 | 8.40 | 1 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 23 | 13.20 | 23 | 13.20 | 23 | 13.20 | 23 | 13.20 | 19 | 11.20 | 16 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 130 | 14.30 | 130 | 14.30 | 130 | 14.30 | 120 | 14.00 | 100 | 11.50 | 73 | 8.40 |
| 100 | 260 | 13.70 | 220 | 12.50 | 190 | 11.20 | 170 | 9.70 | 170 | 7.90 | 140 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 430 | 5.60 | 400 | 5.10 | 350 | 4.60 | 310 | 4.00 | 250 | 3.20 | 180 | 2.30 |
| 600 | 500 | 3.30 | 450 | 3.00 | 410 | 2.70 | 350 | 2.30 | 290 | 1.90 | 200 | 1.40 |
| 1000 | 540 | 2.50 | 490 | 2.30 | 440 | 2.10 | 380 | 1.80 | 310 | 1.50 | 220 | 1.00 |
| 1500 | 560 | 1.80 | 510 | 1.60 | 460 | 1.50 | 400 | 1.30 | 320 | 1.00 | 230 | 0.73 |
| 1E+04 | 680 | 0.43 | 620 | 0.39 | 560 | 0.35 | 480 | 0.31 | 390 | 0.25 | 280 | 0.18 |
| 1E+05 | 770 | 0.11 | 700 | 0.10 | 630 | 0.09 | 540 | 0.08 | 440 | 0.06 | 310 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 820 | 0.12 | 750 | 0.11 | 670 | 0.10 | 580 | 0.08 | 470 | 0.07 | 340 | 0.05 |

68 μ F — 35 V — case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 9.90 | 2 | 8.40 | 2 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 33 | 13.20 | 33 | 13.20 | 33 | 13.20 | 33 | 13.20 | 28 | 11.20 | 23 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 180 | 14.30 | 180 | 14.30 | 170 | 13.80 | 150 | 11.90 | 120 | 9.70 | 100 | 6.90 |
| 100 | 270 | 11.20 | 240 | 10.20 | 240 | 9.10 | 240 | 7.90 | 240 | 6.50 | 170 | 4.60 |
| 300 | 510 | 4.60 | 460 | 4.20 | 420 | 3.70 | 360 | 3.20 | 290 | 2.60 | 210 | 1.90 |
| 600 | 580 | 2.70 | 530 | 2.50 | 480 | 2.20 | 410 | 1.90 | 340 | 1.60 | 240 | 1.10 |
| 1000 | 640 | 2.10 | 580 | 1.90 | 520 | 1.70 | 450 | 1.50 | 370 | 1.20 | 260 | 0.85 |
| 1500 | 660 | 1.50 | 600 | 1.30 | 540 | 1.20 | 460 | 1.00 | 380 | 0.85 | 270 | 0.60 |
| 1E+04 | 800 | 0.35 | 730 | 0.32 | 650 | 0.29 | 570 | 0.25 | 460 | 0.20 | 330 | 0.14 |
| 1E+05 | 900 | 0.09 | 820 | 0.08 | 740 | 0.07 | 640 | 0.06 | 520 | 0.05 | 370 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 960 | 0.10 | 880 | 0.09 | 790 | 0.08 | 680 | 0.07 | 560 | 0.06 | 390 | 0.04 |

100 μ F — 35 V — case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 4 | 9.90 | 4 | 9.90 | 4 | 9.90 | 4 | 9.90 | 3 | 8.40 | 3 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 48 | 13.20 | 48 | 13.20 | 48 | 13.20 | 48 | 13.20 | 41 | 11.20 | 34 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 260 | 14.30 | 260 | 14.00 | 230 | 12.50 | 200 | 10.80 | 160 | 8.90 | 150 | 6.30 |
| 100 | 360 | 10.10 | 350 | 9.30 | 350 | 8.30 | 350 | 7.20 | 320 | 5.90 | 220 | 4.10 |
| 300 | 680 | 4.20 | 620 | 3.80 | 550 | 3.40 | 480 | 2.90 | 390 | 2.40 | 280 | 1.70 |
| 600 | 780 | 2.40 | 710 | 2.20 | 640 | 2.00 | 550 | 1.70 | 450 | 1.40 | 320 | 1.00 |
| 1000 | 850 | 2.20 | 780 | 2.00 | 690 | 1.80 | 600 | 1.60 | 490 | 1.30 | 350 | 0.90 |
| 1500 | 880 | 1.80 | 800 | 1.60 | 720 | 1.50 | 620 | 1.30 | 510 | 1.00 | 360 | 0.73 |
| 1E+04 | 1070 | 0.46 | 970 | 0.42 | 870 | 0.37 | 760 | 0.32 | 620 | 0.26 | 440 | 0.19 |
| 1E+05 | 1200 | 0.10 | 1100 | 0.09 | 980 | 0.08 | 850 | 0.07 | 700 | 0.06 | 490 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 1290 | 0.13 | 1180 | 0.12 | 1050 | 0.10 | 910 | 0.09 | 740 | 0.07 | 530 | 0.05 |

150 μ F — 35 V — case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 5 | 9.90 | 5 | 9.90 | 5 | 9.90 | 5 | 9.90 | 5 | 8.40 | 4 | 6.90 |
| 10 | 72 | 13.20 | 72 | 13.20 | 72 | 13.20 | 72 | 13.20 | 61 | 11.20 | 50 | 9.30 |
| 50 | 400 | 13.50 | 360 | 12.30 | 300 | 11.00 | 260 | 9.50 | 230 | 7.80 | 230 | 5.50 |
| 100 | 530 | 8.90 | 530 | 8.10 | 530 | 7.20 | 510 | 6.30 | 410 | 5.10 | 290 | 3.60 |
| 300 | 890 | 3.60 | 810 | 3.30 | 730 | 3.00 | 630 | 2.60 | 510 | 2.10 | 360 | 1.50 |
| 600 | 1020 | 2.10 | 930 | 2.00 | 830 | 1.70 | 720 | 1.50 | 590 | 1.20 | 420 | 0.87 |
| 1000 | 1110 | 1.90 | 1010 | 1.80 | 910 | 1.60 | 790 | 1.40 | 640 | 1.10 | 450 | 0.78 |
| 1500 | 1150 | 1.60 | 1050 | 1.40 | 940 | 1.30 | 810 | 1.10 | 660 | 0.90 | 470 | 0.64 |
| 1E+04 | 1400 | 0.40 | 1280 | 0.36 | 1140 | 0.33 | 990 | 0.28 | 810 | 0.23 | 570 | 0.16 |
| 1E+05 | 1580 | 0.13 | 1440 | 0.12 | 1290 | 0.11 | 1120 | 0.09 | 910 | 0.08 | 640 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 1690 | 0.16 | 1540 | 0.15 | 1380 | 0.13 | 1190 | 0.11 | 970 | 0.09 | 690 | 0.07 |

2,2 μ F – 40 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.60 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 1 | 15.10 | 1 | 15.10 | 1 | 15.10 | 1 | 15.10 | 1 | 12.80 | 1 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 7 | 16.40 | 7 | 16.40 | 7 | 16.40 | 7 | 16.40 | 6 | 13.90 | 5 | 11.50 |
| 100 | 16 | 20.20 | 16 | 20.20 | 16 | 20.20 | 16 | 20.20 | 13 | 17.10 | 11 | 14.10 |
| 300 | 47 | 20.20 | 44 | 18.60 | 39 | 16.50 | 34 | 14.30 | 28 | 11.70 | 27 | 8.30 |
| 600 | 55 | 12.00 | 53 | 11.00 | 53 | 9.80 | 53 | 8.50 | 49 | 6.90 | 34 | 4.90 |
| 1000 | 75 | 9.20 | 75 | 8.40 | 75 | 7.50 | 65 | 6.50 | 53 | 5.30 | 38 | 3.80 |
| 1500 | 95 | 6.50 | 87 | 6.00 | 78 | 5.30 | 67 | 4.60 | 55 | 3.80 | 39 | 2.70 |
| 1E+04 | 120 | 1.60 | 110 | 1.40 | 95 | 1.30 | 82 | 1.10 | 67 | 0.90 | 47 | 0.64 |
| 1E+05 | 130 | 0.14 | 120 | 0.13 | 110 | 0.11 | 92 | 0.10 | 75 | 0.08 | 53 | 0.06 |
| 1E+06 | 140 | 0.15 | 130 | 0.14 | 110 | 0.12 | 99 | 0.10 | 81 | 0.09 | 57 | 0.06 |

3,3 μ F – 40 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.60 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 2 | 15.10 | 2 | 15.10 | 2 | 15.10 | 2 | 15.10 | 2 | 12.80 | 1 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 10 | 16.40 | 10 | 16.40 | 10 | 16.40 | 10 | 16.40 | 8 | 13.90 | 7 | 11.50 |
| 100 | 23 | 20.20 | 23 | 20.20 | 23 | 20.20 | 23 | 20.20 | 20 | 17.00 | 16 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 67 | 16.60 | 56 | 15.10 | 48 | 13.50 | 41 | 11.70 | 41 | 9.60 | 37 | 6.80 |
| 600 | 79 | 9.80 | 79 | 8.90 | 79 | 8.00 | 73 | 6.90 | 59 | 5.60 | 42 | 4.00 |
| 1000 | 110 | 7.50 | 100 | 6.90 | 92 | 6.10 | 79 | 5.30 | 65 | 4.30 | 46 | 3.10 |
| 1500 | 120 | 5.30 | 110 | 4.80 | 95 | 4.30 | 82 | 3.80 | 67 | 3.10 | 47 | 2.20 |
| 1E+04 | 140 | 1.30 | 130 | 1.20 | 120 | 1.00 | 100 | 0.90 | 82 | 0.74 | 58 | 0.52 |
| 1E+05 | 160 | 0.17 | 150 | 0.15 | 130 | 0.14 | 110 | 0.12 | 92 | 0.10 | 65 | 0.07 |
| 1E+06 | 170 | 0.18 | 160 | 0.17 | 140 | 0.15 | 120 | 0.13 | 98 | 0.10 | 70 | 0.07 |

4,7 μ F – 40 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.60 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 3 | 15.10 | 3 | 15.10 | 3 | 15.10 | 3 | 15.10 | 2 | 12.80 | 2 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 14 | 16.40 | 14 | 16.40 | 14 | 16.40 | 14 | 16.40 | 12 | 13.90 | 10 | 11.50 |
| 100 | 33 | 20.20 | 33 | 20.20 | 33 | 20.20 | 33 | 20.20 | 28 | 16.90 | 22 | 13.40 |
| 300 | 77 | 13.90 | 64 | 12.70 | 58 | 11.40 | 58 | 9.80 | 58 | 8.00 | 44 | 5.70 |
| 600 | 110 | 8.20 | 110 | 7.50 | 100 | 6.70 | 87 | 5.80 | 71 | 4.70 | 50 | 3.40 |
| 1000 | 130 | 6.30 | 120 | 5.80 | 110 | 5.20 | 95 | 4.50 | 78 | 3.70 | 55 | 2.60 |
| 1500 | 140 | 4.50 | 130 | 4.10 | 110 | 3.60 | 98 | 3.20 | 80 | 2.60 | 57 | 1.80 |
| 1E+04 | 170 | 1.10 | 150 | 0.98 | 140 | 0.87 | 120 | 0.76 | 98 | 0.62 | 69 | 0.44 |
| 1E+05 | 190 | 0.20 | 170 | 0.18 | 160 | 0.17 | 130 | 0.14 | 110 | 0.12 | 78 | 0.08 |
| 1E+06 | 200 | 0.22 | 190 | 0.20 | 170 | 0.18 | 140 | 0.15 | 120 | 0.12 | 83 | 0.09 |

6,8 μ F – 40 V – case size 1

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.60 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 4 | 15.10 | 4 | 15.10 | 4 | 15.10 | 4 | 15.10 | 3 | 12.80 | 3 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 21 | 16.40 | 21 | 16.40 | 21 | 16.40 | 21 | 16.40 | 18 | 13.90 | 14 | 11.50 |
| 100 | 48 | 20.20 | 48 | 20.20 | 48 | 20.20 | 46 | 19.30 | 38 | 15.90 | 28 | 11.50 |
| 300 | 85 | 11.60 | 84 | 10.60 | 84 | 9.50 | 84 | 8.20 | 75 | 6.70 | 53 | 4.70 |
| 600 | 150 | 6.80 | 140 | 6.30 | 120 | 5.60 | 110 | 4.80 | 86 | 4.00 | 61 | 2.80 |
| 1000 | 160 | 5.30 | 150 | 4.80 | 130 | 4.30 | 110 | 3.70 | 94 | 3.00 | 66 | 2.20 |
| 1500 | 170 | 3.70 | 150 | 3.40 | 140 | 3.00 | 120 | 2.60 | 97 | 2.10 | 68 | 1.50 |
| 1E+04 | 200 | 0.89 | 190 | 0.82 | 170 | 0.73 | 140 | 0.63 | 120 | 0.52 | 83 | 0.36 |
| 1E+05 | 230 | 0.24 | 210 | 0.22 | 190 | 0.20 | 160 | 0.17 | 130 | 0.14 | 94 | 0.10 |
| 1E+06 | 250 | 0.26 | 220 | 0.24 | 200 | 0.21 | 170 | 0.18 | 140 | 0.15 | 100 | 0.11 |

10 μ F – 40 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.60 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 6 | 15.10 | 6 | 15.10 | 6 | 15.10 | 6 | 15.10 | 5 | 12.80 | 4 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 30 | 16.40 | 30 | 16.40 | 30 | 16.40 | 30 | 16.40 | 26 | 13.90 | 21 | 11.50 |
| 100 | 71 | 20.20 | 71 | 20.20 | 71 | 20.20 | 64 | 18.20 | 52 | 14.80 | 41 | 10.60 |
| 300 | 120 | 10.70 | 120 | 9.70 | 120 | 8.70 | 120 | 7.50 | 100 | 6.20 | 72 | 4.40 |
| 600 | 200 | 6.30 | 180 | 5.70 | 160 | 5.10 | 140 | 4.40 | 120 | 3.60 | 82 | 2.60 |
| 1000 | 220 | 4.80 | 200 | 4.40 | 180 | 4.00 | 160 | 3.40 | 130 | 2.80 | 89 | 2.00 |
| 1500 | 230 | 3.40 | 210 | 3.10 | 180 | 2.80 | 160 | 2.40 | 130 | 2.00 | 92 | 1.40 |
| 1E+04 | 280 | 0.82 | 250 | 0.75 | 230 | 0.67 | 200 | 0.58 | 160 | 0.47 | 110 | 0.34 |
| 1E+05 | 310 | 0.11 | 280 | 0.10 | 250 | 0.09 | 220 | 0.08 | 180 | 0.06 | 130 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 330 | 0.12 | 300 | 0.11 | 270 | 0.10 | 230 | 0.08 | 190 | 0.07 | 140 | 0.05 |

15 μ F – 40 V – case size 2A

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 9.60 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 8 | 15.10 | 8 | 15.10 | 8 | 15.10 | 8 | 15.10 | 7 | 12.80 | 6 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 46 | 16.40 | 46 | 16.40 | 46 | 16.40 | 46 | 16.40 | 38 | 13.80 | 32 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 110 | 20.20 | 100 | 19.40 | 92 | 17.30 | 79 | 15.00 | 65 | 12.20 | 61 | 8.70 |
| 300 | 180 | 8.70 | 180 | 7.90 | 180 | 7.10 | 150 | 6.20 | 120 | 5.00 | 88 | 3.60 |
| 600 | 250 | 5.10 | 220 | 4.70 | 200 | 4.20 | 170 | 3.60 | 140 | 3.00 | 100 | 2.10 |
| 1000 | 270 | 4.00 | 250 | 3.60 | 220 | 3.20 | 190 | 2.80 | 160 | 2.30 | 110 | 1.60 |
| 1500 | 280 | 2.80 | 250 | 2.50 | 230 | 2.30 | 200 | 2.00 | 160 | 1.60 | 110 | 1.10 |
| 1E+04 | 340 | 0.67 | 310 | 0.61 | 280 | 0.55 | 240 | 0.47 | 200 | 0.39 | 140 | 0.27 |
| 1E+05 | 380 | 0.13 | 350 | 0.12 | 310 | 0.11 | 270 | 0.10 | 220 | 0.08 | 160 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 410 | 0.14 | 370 | 0.13 | 330 | 0.12 | 290 | 0.10 | 230 | 0.08 | 170 | 0.06 |

22 μF – 40 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 12 | 15.10 | 12 | 15.10 | 12 | 15.10 | 12 | 15.10 | 10 | 12.80 | 8 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 67 | 16.40 | 67 | 16.40 | 67 | 16.40 | 67 | 16.40 | 56 | 13.80 | 46 | 11.20 |
| 100 | 160 | 19.90 | 150 | 18.20 | 130 | 16.20 | 110 | 14.00 | 89 | 11.50 | 89 | 8.10 |
| 300 | 270 | 8.20 | 270 | 7.50 | 240 | 6.70 | 210 | 5.80 | 170 | 4.70 | 120 | 3.30 |
| 600 | 340 | 4.80 | 310 | 4.40 | 280 | 3.90 | 240 | 3.40 | 200 | 2.80 | 140 | 2.00 |
| 1000 | 370 | 3.70 | 340 | 3.40 | 300 | 3.00 | 260 | 2.60 | 210 | 2.10 | 150 | 1.50 |
| 1500 | 380 | 2.60 | 350 | 2.40 | 310 | 2.10 | 270 | 1.90 | 220 | 1.50 | 160 | 1.10 |
| 1E+04 | 460 | 0.63 | 420 | 0.57 | 380 | 0.51 | 330 | 0.44 | 270 | 0.36 | 190 | 0.26 |
| 1E+05 | 520 | 0.11 | 480 | 0.10 | 430 | 0.09 | 370 | 0.08 | 300 | 0.06 | 210 | 0.05 |
| 1E+06 | 560 | 0.12 | 510 | 0.11 | 460 | 0.10 | 400 | 0.08 | 320 | 0.07 | 230 | 0.05 |

33 μF – 40 V – case size 4

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 11.30 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 18 | 15.10 | 18 | 15.10 | 18 | 15.10 | 18 | 15.10 | 15 | 12.80 | 13 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 100 | 16.40 | 100 | 16.40 | 100 | 16.40 | 99 | 16.20 | 83 | 13.50 | 62 | 10.00 |
| 100 | 220 | 16.40 | 180 | 15.00 | 160 | 13.40 | 130 | 11.60 | 130 | 9.50 | 120 | 6.70 |
| 300 | 370 | 6.70 | 330 | 6.10 | 300 | 5.50 | 260 | 4.80 | 210 | 3.90 | 150 | 2.70 |
| 600 | 420 | 4.00 | 380 | 3.60 | 340 | 3.20 | 300 | 2.80 | 240 | 2.30 | 170 | 1.60 |
| 1000 | 460 | 3.10 | 420 | 2.80 | 370 | 2.50 | 320 | 2.20 | 260 | 1.80 | 190 | 1.20 |
| 1500 | 470 | 2.20 | 430 | 2.00 | 380 | 1.80 | 330 | 1.50 | 270 | 1.20 | 190 | 0.88 |
| 1E+04 | 570 | 0.52 | 520 | 0.47 | 470 | 0.42 | 410 | 0.37 | 330 | 0.30 | 230 | 0.21 |
| 1E+05 | 650 | 0.09 | 590 | 0.08 | 530 | 0.07 | 460 | 0.06 | 370 | 0.05 | 260 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 690 | 0.10 | 630 | 0.09 | 560 | 0.08 | 490 | 0.07 | 400 | 0.06 | 280 | 0.04 |

47 μF – 40 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 2 | 11.30 | 2 | 11.30 | 2 | 11.30 | 2 | 11.30 | 2 | 9.60 | 1 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 26 | 15.10 | 26 | 15.10 | 26 | 15.10 | 26 | 15.10 | 22 | 12.80 | 18 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 140 | 16.40 | 140 | 16.40 | 140 | 16.40 | 140 | 15.90 | 110 | 13.10 | 83 | 9.50 |
| 100 | 290 | 15.40 | 240 | 14.10 | 210 | 12.60 | 190 | 10.90 | 190 | 8.90 | 160 | 6.30 |
| 300 | 490 | 6.30 | 450 | 5.80 | 400 | 5.20 | 350 | 4.50 | 280 | 3.60 | 200 | 2.60 |
| 600 | 560 | 3.70 | 510 | 3.40 | 460 | 3.00 | 400 | 2.60 | 320 | 2.20 | 230 | 1.50 |
| 1000 | 610 | 2.90 | 560 | 2.60 | 500 | 2.30 | 430 | 2.00 | 350 | 1.70 | 250 | 1.20 |
| 1500 | 630 | 2.00 | 580 | 1.80 | 510 | 1.70 | 450 | 1.40 | 360 | 1.20 | 260 | 0.83 |
| 1E+04 | 770 | 0.49 | 700 | 0.44 | 630 | 0.40 | 540 | 0.34 | 440 | 0.28 | 310 | 0.20 |
| 1E+05 | 870 | 0.09 | 790 | 0.08 | 710 | 0.07 | 610 | 0.06 | 500 | 0.05 | 350 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 930 | 0.10 | 850 | 0.09 | 760 | 0.08 | 650 | 0.07 | 530 | 0.06 | 380 | 0.04 |

68 μ F – 40 V – case size 5

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 3 | 11.30 | 3 | 11.30 | 3 | 11.30 | 3 | 11.30 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 37 | 15.10 | 37 | 15.10 | 37 | 15.10 | 37 | 15.10 | 31 | 12.80 | 26 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 210 | 16.40 | 200 | 15.50 | 170 | 13.80 | 150 | 12.00 | 120 | 9.80 | 120 | 6.90 |
| 100 | 270 | 11.20 | 270 | 10.20 | 270 | 9.10 | 270 | 7.90 | 240 | 6.50 | 170 | 4.60 |
| 300 | 510 | 4.60 | 460 | 4.20 | 420 | 3.70 | 360 | 3.20 | 290 | 2.60 | 210 | 1.90 |
| 600 | 580 | 2.70 | 530 | 2.50 | 480 | 2.20 | 410 | 1.90 | 340 | 1.60 | 240 | 1.10 |
| 1000 | 640 | 2.10 | 580 | 1.90 | 520 | 1.70 | 450 | 1.50 | 370 | 1.20 | 260 | 0.85 |
| 1500 | 660 | 1.50 | 600 | 1.30 | 540 | 1.20 | 460 | 1.00 | 380 | 0.85 | 270 | 0.60 |
| 1E+04 | 800 | 0.35 | 730 | 0.32 | 650 | 0.29 | 570 | 0.25 | 460 | 0.20 | 330 | 0.14 |
| 1E+05 | 900 | 0.08 | 820 | 0.07 | 740 | 0.06 | 640 | 0.05 | 520 | 0.04 | 370 | 0.03 |
| 1E+06 | 960 | 0.09 | 880 | 0.08 | 790 | 0.07 | 680 | 0.06 | 560 | 0.05 | 390 | 0.04 |

100 μ F – 40 V – case size 6

| Freq Hz | T 25 degC | | T 45 degC | | T 65 degC | | T 85 degC | | T 105 degC | | T 125 degC | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V | Irms mA | Vpeak V |
| 1 | 4 | 11.30 | 4 | 11.30 | 4 | 11.30 | 4 | 11.30 | 3 | 9.60 | 3 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 55 | 15.10 | 55 | 15.10 | 55 | 15.10 | 55 | 15.10 | 46 | 12.80 | 38 | 10.60 |
| 50 | 300 | 15.40 | 270 | 14.10 | 230 | 12.60 | 200 | 10.90 | 170 | 8.90 | 170 | 6.30 |
| 100 | 400 | 10.10 | 400 | 9.30 | 400 | 8.30 | 390 | 7.20 | 320 | 5.90 | 220 | 4.10 |
| 300 | 680 | 4.20 | 620 | 3.80 | 550 | 3.40 | 480 | 2.90 | 390 | 2.40 | 280 | 1.70 |
| 600 | 780 | 2.40 | 710 | 2.20 | 640 | 2.00 | 550 | 1.70 | 450 | 1.40 | 320 | 1.00 |
| 1000 | 850 | 2.20 | 780 | 2.00 | 690 | 1.80 | 600 | 1.60 | 490 | 1.30 | 350 | 0.90 |
| 1500 | 880 | 1.80 | 800 | 1.60 | 720 | 1.50 | 620 | 1.30 | 510 | 1.00 | 360 | 0.73 |
| 1E+04 | 1070 | 0.46 | 970 | 0.42 | 870 | 0.37 | 760 | 0.32 | 620 | 0.26 | 440 | 0.19 |
| 1E+05 | 1200 | 0.10 | 1100 | 0.09 | 980 | 0.08 | 850 | 0.07 | 700 | 0.06 | 490 | 0.04 |
| 1E+06 | 1290 | 0.13 | 1180 | 0.12 | 1050 | 0.10 | 910 | 0.09 | 740 | 0.07 | 530 | 0.05 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

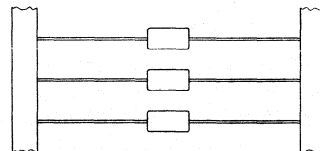
This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 125

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS



- Enhanced CU-product per unit volume
- Miniature type, equivalent to solid tantalum types
- Axial leads; metal case; epoxy seal
- Long life
- High reliability
- Industrial and military applications
- Pitch equal to that of tantalum case sizes A and B



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series)

Tolerance on nominal capacitance

Rated voltage range, U_R

Category temperature range

Endurance test at 125 °C

Basic specification

Climatic category, IEC 68

Approval

0,22 to 68 μF

$\pm 20\%$

4 to 35 V

-55 to + 125 °C

2000 hours

IEC 384-4, long-life grade

55/125/56

CECC 30 302-004

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | 4 | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 35 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 1,0 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 1,5 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 2,2 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 3,3 | | | | | | | A2 |
| 4,7 | | | | | | A2 | A3/B |
| 6,8 | | | | | A2 | | A3/B |
| 10 | | | | A2 | | A3/B | |
| 15 | | | A2 | | A3/B | | |
| 22 | | A2 | | A3/B | | | |
| 33 | A2 | | A3/B | | | | |
| 47 | | A3/B | | | | | |
| 68 | A3/B | | | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| A2 | $\varnothing 5,0 \times 10$ |
| A3 | $\varnothing 6,0 \times 10$ |
| B | $\varnothing 5,0 \times 15$ |

APPLICATION

These capacitors with high CU-product per unit volume utilize advanced technology to achieve long life, high stability and reliability, high ripple current rating and low temperature dependence. The capacitors are not subject to a limitation on charge or discharge currents and they will function in circuits where voltage reversal may occur. The minimum pitch corresponds to that of tantalum capacitors, case sizes A and B. The capacitors are on bandoliers; they are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors have etched and oxidized aluminium foil electrodes separated by a layer of semiconductive material. The electrolyte is pyrolytically formed manganese dioxide. The capacitors are housed in an aluminium case with axial leads and are sealed with epoxy resin. The cathode lead is welded to the case, which is insulated with a blue transparent plastic sleeve. The capacitors are supplied on bandoliers in boxes and on reels.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

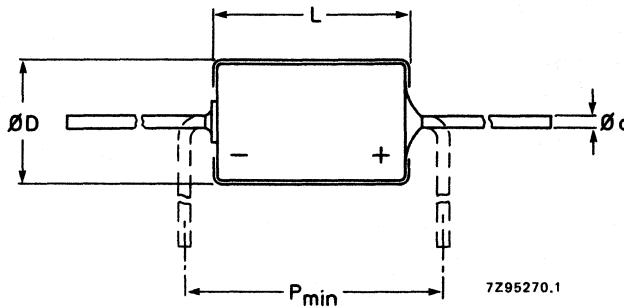


Fig. 1 Component outline. For dimensions ϕd , ϕD , L and P , see Table 3.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | ϕd | ϕD_{nom} | L_{nom} | ϕD_{max} | L_{max} | P_{min} | mass approx. grams |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| A2 | $0,6 \pm 0,05$ | 5 | 10 | 5,1 | 10,2 | 12,5 | 0,55 |
| A3 | $0,6 \pm 0,05$ | 6 | 10 | 6,3 | 10,2 | 12,5 | 0,75 |
| B | $0,6 \pm 0,05$ | 5 | 15 | 5,1 | 15,3 | 17,5 | 0,8 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: group number (125), capacitance, tolerance, rated voltage, date code, a band to identify the negative terminal, and name of manufacturer.

Mounting

No special provisions are required for soldering to the tinned leads. (2 mm of the anode lead nearest the body are not solderable).

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 4 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%. See also the corresponding paragraphs.

Table 4 Electrical data

| DEVELOPMENT DATA | U_R | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ | max. DC leakage current at U_R after 1 minute | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR | max. impedance at 100 kHz | case size | catalogue number 2222 125 followed by | |
|------------------|-------|---------------|--|---|--------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | V | μF | mA | μA | | Ω | Ω | | on reel | in box |
| 4 | | 33 | 40 | 9,6 | 0,25 | 15 | 5 | A2 | 22339 | 32339 |
| | | 68 | 70 | 17 | 0,25 | 7,3 | 2,5 | A3 | 90502 | 90503 |
| | | 68 | 70 | 17 | 0,25 | 7,3 | 2,5 | B | 22689 | 32689 |
| 6,3 | | 22 | 40 | 9,9 | 0,18 | 16,5 | 5 | A2 | 23229 | 33229 |
| | | 47 | 70 | 18 | 0,18 | 7,6 | 2,5 | A3 | 90504 | 90505 |
| | | 47 | 70 | 18 | 0,18 | 7,6 | 2,5 | B | 23479 | 33479 |
| 10 | | 15 | 35 | 11 | 0,16 | 21 | 5 | A2 | 24159 | 34159 |
| | | 33 | 60 | 20 | 0,16 | 9,6 | 2,5 | A3 | 90506 | 90507 |
| | | 33 | 60 | 20 | 0,16 | 9,6 | 2,5 | B | 24339 | 34339 |
| 16 | | 10 | 30 | 11 | 0,14 | 28 | 10 | A2 | 25109 | 35109 |
| | | 22 | 50 | 21 | 0,14 | 12,5 | 5 | A3 | 90508 | 90509 |
| | | 22 | 50 | 21 | 0,14 | 12,5 | 5 | B | 25229 | 35229 |
| 20 | | 6,8 | 25 | 9,8 | 0,14 | 41 | 10 | A2 | 90511 | 90512 |
| | | 15 | 40 | 18 | 0,14 | 18,5 | 5 | A3 | 90513 | 90514 |
| | | 15 | 40 | 18 | 0,14 | 18,5 | 5 | B | 90515 | 90516 |
| 25 | | 4,7 | 20 | 8,9 | 0,12 | 51 | 10 | A2 | 26478 | 36478 |
| | | 10 | 35 | 16 | 0,12 | 24 | 5 | A3 | 90518 | 90519 |
| | | 10 | 35 | 16 | 0,12 | 24 | 5 | B | 26109 | 36109 |
| 35 | | 0,22 | 5 | 3,4 | 0,09 | 810 | 30 | A2 | 20227 | 30227 |
| | | 0,33 | 6 | 3,6 | 0,09 | 540 | 25 | A2 | 20337 | 30337 |
| | | 0,47 | 7 | 3,8 | 0,09 | 380 | 20 | A2 | 20477 | 30477 |
| | | 0,68 | 8,5 | 4,2 | 0,09 | 260 | 10 | A2 | 20687 | 30687 |
| | | 1 | 10 | 4,8 | 0,09 | 180 | 10 | A2 | 20108 | 30108 |
| | | 1,5 | 13 | 5,6 | 0,09 | 120 | 10 | A2 | 20158 | 30158 |
| | | 2,2 | 15 | 6,9 | 0,12 | 110 | 10 | A2 | 20228 | 30228 |
| | | 3,3 | 19 | 8,8 | 0,12 | 72 | 10 | A2 | 20338 | 30338 |
| | | 4,7 | 25 | 11 | 0,12 | 51 | 5 | A3 | 90522 | 90523 |
| | | 4,7 | 25 | 11 | 0,12 | 51 | 5 | B | 20478 | 30478 |
| | | 6,8 | 30 | 15 | 0,12 | 35 | 5 | A3 | 90524 | 90525 |
| | | 6,8 | 30 | 15 | 0,12 | 35 | 5 | B | 20688 | 30688 |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz
and $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 4

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$

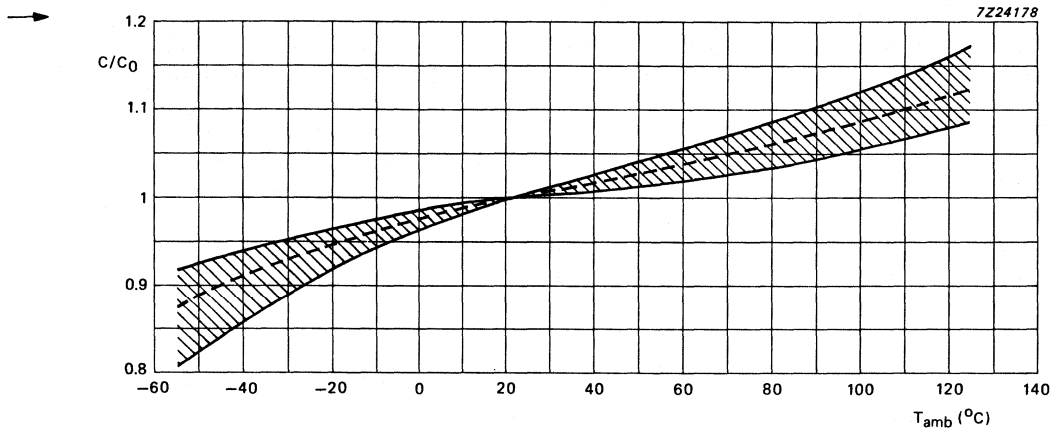


Fig. 2 Typical capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature;
 C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

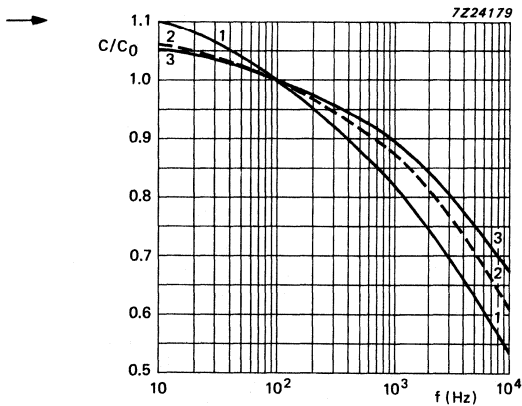


Fig. 3 Typical capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of frequency;
 C_0 = capacitance at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 4 V, 6,3 V and 10 V
curve 2 = 16 V and 20 V
curve 3 = 25 V and 35 V

Voltage

Rated voltage =

maximum permissible voltage

U_R

Ripple voltage =

maximum permissible AC voltage providing the following four conditions are met:

a) Maximum AC voltage, with negative DC voltage applied

2 V

b) Maximum peak AC voltage, without DC voltage applied

$T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

$85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

at $f \leq 0,1 \text{ Hz}$

$0,30 \times U_R$

$0,15 \times U_R$

at $0,1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1 \text{ Hz}$

$0,45 \times U_R$

$0,22 \times U_R$

at $1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 10 \text{ Hz}$

$0,60 \times U_R$

$0,30 \times U_R$

at $10 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$

$0,65 \times U_R$

$0,32 \times U_R$

at $f > 50 \text{ Hz}$

$0,80 \times U_R$

$0,40 \times U_R$

c) Momentary value of applied voltage, with positive DC voltage applied

between U_R (in the positive half wave), and the limits mentioned under b (in the negative half wave)

d) Ripple voltage limits are not applicable if the maximum ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive. Whichever is in practice decisive, depends on the actual impedance of the capacitor. Table 5 should be considered as an aid only in establishing whether the ripple voltage or the ripple current is decisive.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 5 Decisive factors for ripple load

| frequency | decisive factor | |
|--|--|--|
| | at $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $T_{amb} > 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$ | voltage | voltage, if actual capacitor impedance is high; current, if actual capacitor impedance is low |
| $50 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$ | voltage, if actual capacitor impedance is high; current, if actual capacitor impedance is low | current |
| $f > 1 \text{ kHz}$ | current | current |

Surge voltage =
 maximum permissible voltage for short periods
 (see also "Tests and requirements")

$$1,15 U_R$$

Reverse voltage =
 maximum DC voltage continuously (2000 hours)
 applied in the reverse polarity,
 at $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

$$0,30 \times U_R$$

$$0,15 \times U_R$$

Ripple current

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and
 $T_{amb} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at other
 frequencies, temperatures and conditions

see Tables 6 to 8, and Fig. 4

Table 6 Temperature multiplier of
 ripple current (\sqrt{k}), at 100 Hz

| T_{amb} $^\circ\text{C}$ | \sqrt{k} |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| 25 | 2,6 |
| 35 | 2,5 |
| 45 | 2,4 |
| 55 | 2,25 |
| 65 | 2,2 |
| 70 | 2,15 |
| 75 | 2,1 |
| 80 | 2,05 |
| 85 | 2,0 |
| 90 | 1,9 |
| 95 | 1,8 |
| 100 | 1,7 |
| 105 | 1,6 |
| 110 | 1,45 |
| 115 | 1,35 |
| 120 | 1,2 |
| 125 | 1,0 |

Table 7 Frequency multiplier of
 ripple current (\sqrt{r}) at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$

| frequency kHz | \sqrt{r} |
|------------------|------------|
| 0,05 | 0,8 |
| 0,1 | 1,0 |
| 0,2 | 1,2 |
| 0,5 | 1,4 |
| 1 | 1,55 |
| 2 | 1,70 |
| 5 | 1,80 |
| 10 | 1,95 |
| 20 | 2,05 |
| 50 | 2,15 |
| 100 | 2,20 |
| 200 | 2,25 |
| 500 | 2,30 |
| 1000 | 2,35 |

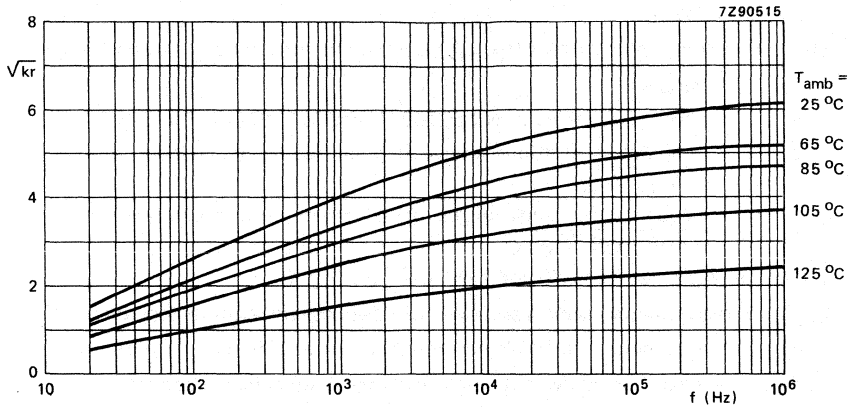


Fig. 4 Combined temperature/frequency multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{kr}) as a function of frequency; $I_{R\max} = I_{R0}\sqrt{kr}$.

Table 8 Multiplier of ripple current for various application conditions

DEVELOPMENT DATA

| condition | multiplier |
|---|---|
| A. Capacitor insulated with a blue sleeve, mounted horizontally on a thermally non-conducting printed-circuit board, in free flowing air and in a surrounding that allows the absorption of radiation heat. | 1,0 |
| B. As under A but capacitor is not insulated. | 0,9 |
| C. As under A but capacitor is mounted vertically | 0,7 |
| D. As under A but capacitor is mounted on a thermally well-conducting printed-circuit board. | 1,25 |
| E. As under A but the surrounding walls etc. have a temperature higher than 125 °C and therefore prevent the absorption of heat by radiation | 0,6 |
| F. Capacitor has an ESR value lower than the maximum ESR. | $\sqrt{\frac{ESR_{\max}}{ESR_{\text{actual}}}}$ |

Note: Neither the maximum permissible ripple current nor the maximum permissible ripple voltage values are to be exceeded. Refer to Table 5 (paragraph "Voltage") to find whichever factor will be decisive.

Calculation of ripple currents

The maximum permissible ripple current ($I_{R \max}$) is a function of temperature and frequency:

$$I_{R \max} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

where I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and 125 °C (see Table 4)

$$\sqrt{k} = \text{temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence)} = \sqrt{P_{\max}/P_{125}}$$

$$\sqrt{r} = \text{frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence)} = \sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{\max}}$$

(for \sqrt{k} and \sqrt{r} , see Tables 6 and 7, for \sqrt{kr} , see Fig. 4)

while P_{\max} = maximum permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent

$$P_{125} = \text{maximum permissible power dissipation at 125 °C} = I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}$$

ESR_{\max} = maximum equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent

ESR_{100} = maximum equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz

The formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$I_{R \max}^2 = P_{\max}/ESR_{\max}$$

$$= kr P_{125}/ESR_{100}$$

$$= kr I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}/ESR_{100}$$

Thus $I_{R \max} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 4 (max. 0,05 CU + 3 μA)

DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0.5 x value stated in Table 4
approx. 2 x value stated in Table 4
approx. 7 x value stated in Table 4

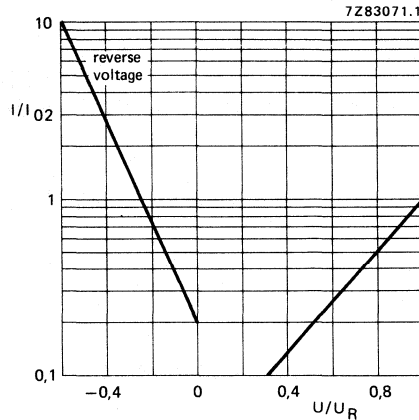
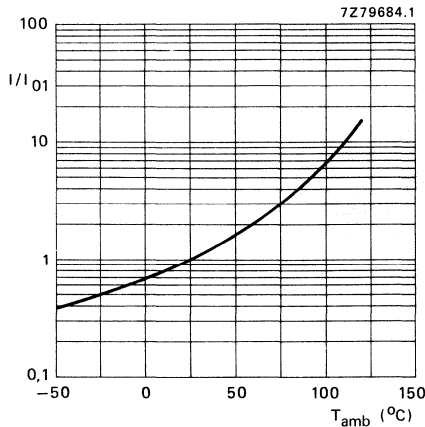


Fig. 5 Multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of temperature
 I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation
at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Fig. 6 Multiplier I/I_{02} as a function of U/U_R
 I_{02} = DC leakage current at U_R at a discrete
constant temperature.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, measured by
means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

Typical tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

0,6 x value stated in Table 4

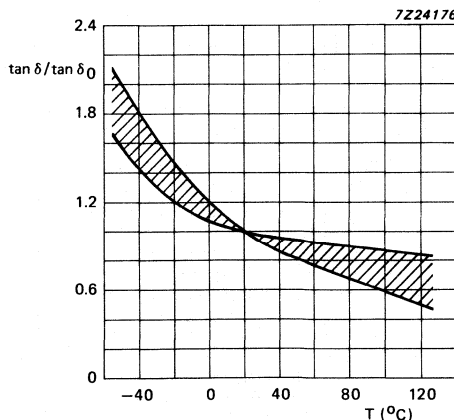


Fig. 7 Multiplier of dissipation factor as a function of ambient temperature; $\tan \delta_0$ = dissipation factor
at $20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Equivalent series resistance ($ESR = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ (calculated from maximum $\tan \delta$ and 0,8 x nominal capacitance)

see Table 4

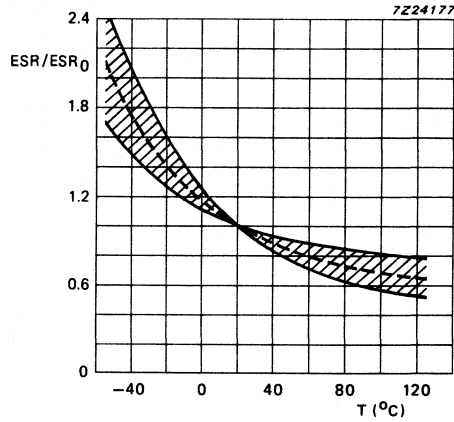


Fig. 8 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of temperature; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 $^\circ C$, 100 Hz.

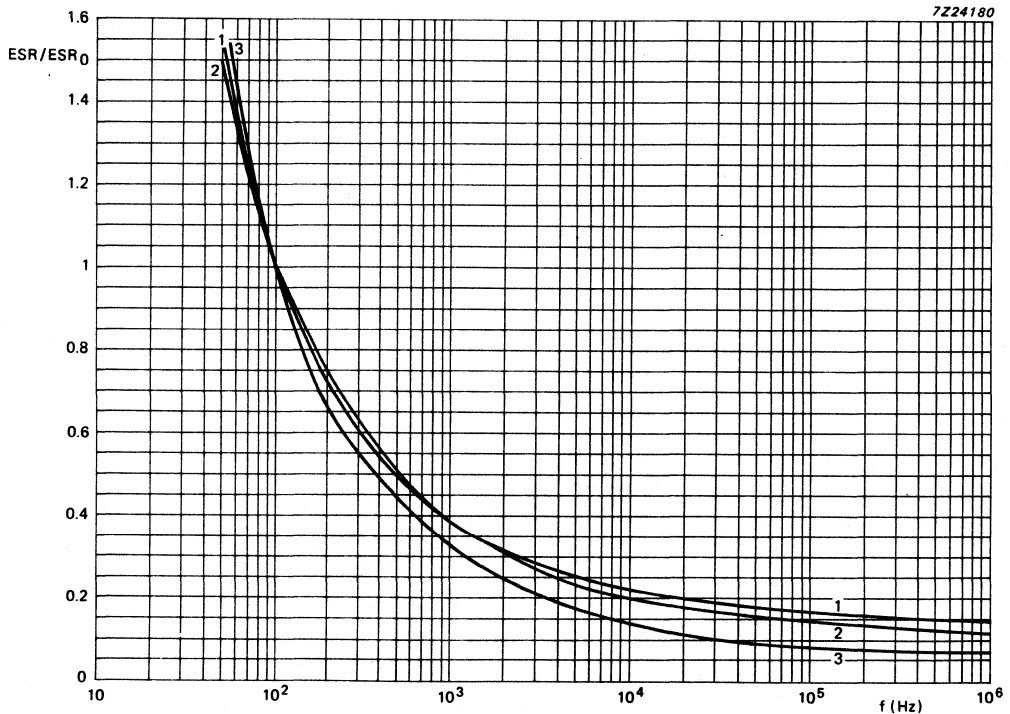


Fig. 9 Multiplier of ESR (ESR/ESR_0) as a function of frequency; ESR_0 = typical ESR at 20 $^\circ C$, 100 Hz. Curve 1 = 4 V, 6,3 V and 10 V. Curve 2 = 16 V and 20 V. Curve 3 = 25 V and 35 V.

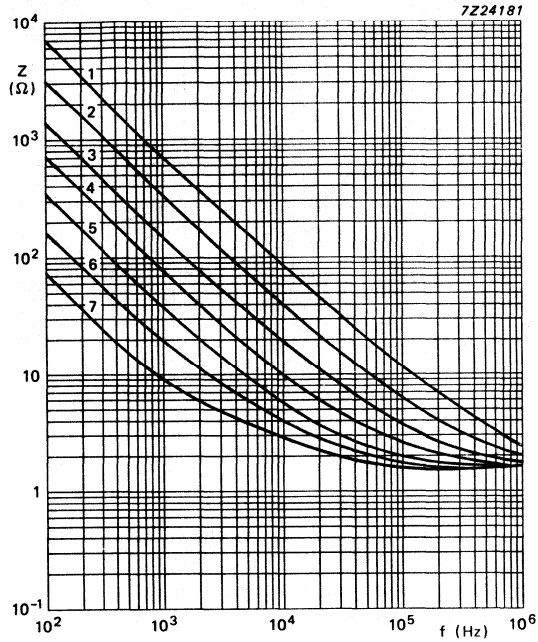
Impedance

Maximum impedance at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 measured by means of a four-terminal circuit
 (Thomson circuit)

see Table 4

Fig. 10 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size A2.

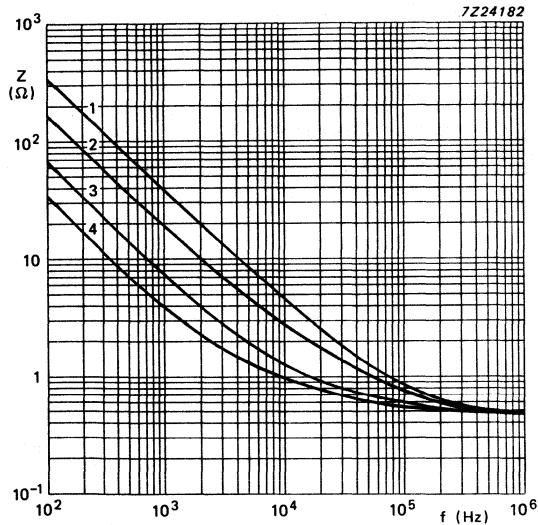
- Curve 1 = 0,22 μF
- curve 2 = 0,47 μF
- curve 3 = 1 μF
- curve 4 = 2,2 μF
- curve 5 = 4,7 μF
- curve 6 = 10 μF
- curve 7 = 22 μF



DEVELOPMENT DATA

Fig. 11 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size A3.

- Curve 1 = 4,7 μF
- curve 2 = 10 μF
- curve 3 = 22 μF
- curve 4 = 47 μF



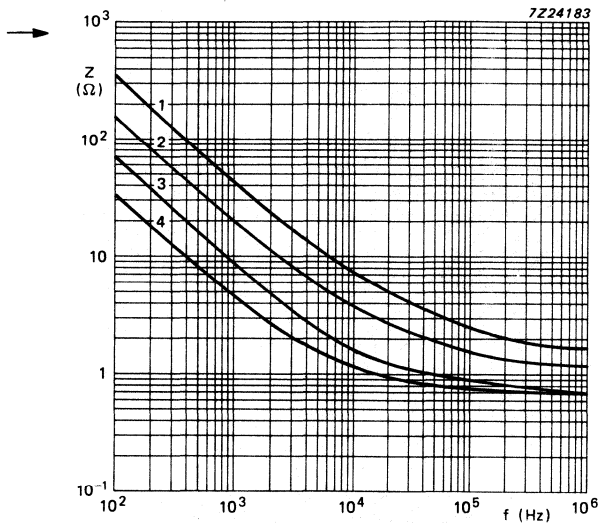


Fig. 12 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size B.

Curve 1 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
 curve 2 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
 curve 3 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$
 curve 4 = $47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit), at 10 MHz; the capacitor leads bent to the pitch as indicated

- case size A2
- case size A3
- case size B

| pitch | typ. ESL |
|---------|----------|
| 12,5 mm | 12 nH |
| 12,5 mm | 25 nH |
| 17,5 mm | 15 nH |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-55 to + 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

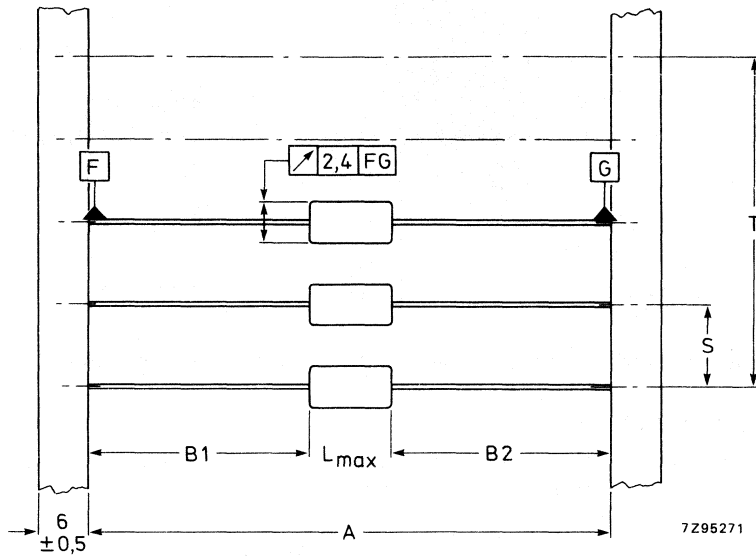
Typical life time at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and U_R

5000 hours

PACKING

The capacitors are supplied on bandoliers in boxes and on reels. The number of capacitors per box and per reel is 1000.

Dimensions in mm



DEVELOPMENT DATA

Fig. 13 Capacitors on bandoliers; the bandolier to which the negative capacitor terminals are connected is coloured blue. See Table 9 for dimensions A, S, T and L_{max} .

$|B1 - B2| = 1,4 + (L_{max} - L)$ mm max.

Table 9 Dimensions of bandolier

| case size | A | S | T for number (n) of capacitors | | L_{max} |
|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | $n < 50$ | $50 < n < 100$ | |
| A2 | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 10,2 |
| A3 | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 10,2 |
| B | $63,5 \pm 1,5$ | $10 \pm 0,4$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 2$ | $10 (n-1) \pm 4$ | 15,3 |

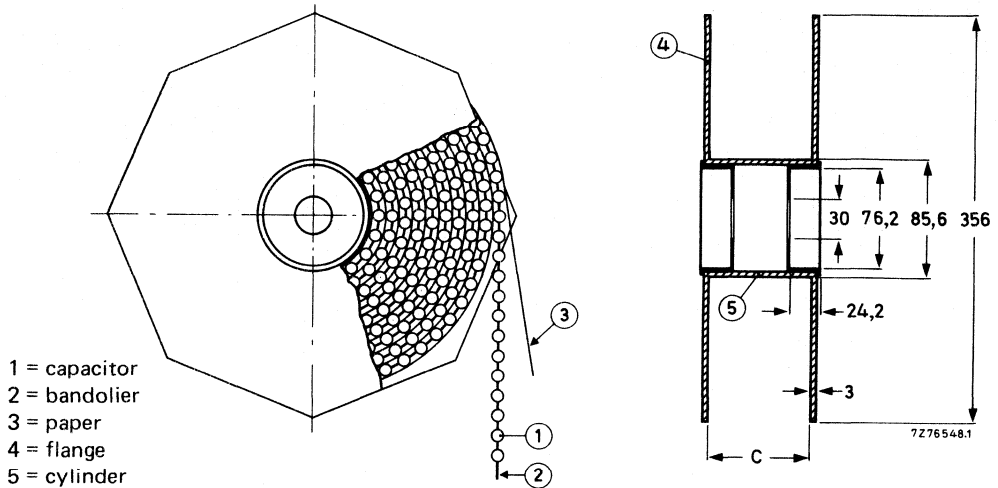


Fig. 14 Capacitors on bandoliers on reel; dimension C = 83,5 mm; the overall width of the reel is 94,5 mm.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 3, Tests and requirements – solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors (125) with deviations of requirements of the following tests:

- Climatic sequence*
- Damp heat, steady state*
- Surge*
- Storage at upper category temperature*

$\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$; 1 minute value of DC leakage current measured after 5 minutes

Additional test:

Severe rapid change of temperature test: 100 cycles of 15 minutes at $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $+125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Requirements: DC leakage current \leq stated limit,
 $\tan \delta \leq 1,6 \times$ stated limit,
 impedance $\leq 1,6 \times$ stated limit,
 $\Delta C/C \leq 10\%$.

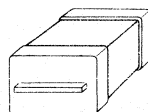
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

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SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Surface mounted type
- Supplied in boxes or in blister tape on reel
- Rectangular shape with end caps
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|---|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0.1 to 68 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ |
| Rated voltage range, U_R | 4 V to 25 V |
| Temperature range | $-55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Usable temperature range | $-55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Endurance test at $125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 2000 hours |
| Resistance to soldering heat | $260\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, 10 s; immersion in solder permitted |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, G.P. grade |
| Climatic category, IEC 68 | 55/125/56 |

Table 1 Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}}-U_R$ and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|----|----|----|----|
| | 4 | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| 0.1 | | | | | | 20 |
| 0.15 | | | | | | 20 |
| 0.22 | | | | | | 20 |
| 0.33 | | | | | 20 | 30 |
| 0.47 | | | | | 30 | 40 |
| 0.68 | | | | | 30 | 40 |
| 1.0 | | | | | 40 | 50 |
| 1.5 | | | | 20 | 50 | 60 |
| 2.2 | | | | 40 | 60 | |
| 3.3 | | | 20 | 40 | | |
| 4.7 | | | 30 | 50 | | |
| 6.8 | | 20 | 30 | 60 | | |
| 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | | | |
| 15 | 30 | 30 | 50 | | | |
| 22 | 30 | 40 | 60 | | | |
| 33 | 40 | 50 | | | | |
| 47 | 50 | 60 | | | | |
| 68 | 60 | 60 | | | | |

Table 2 Case dimensions

| case size | nominal dimensions |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 20 | 6.5 x 4.4 x 2.9 |
| 30 | 6.5 x 5.5 x 3.4 |
| 40 | 6.5 x 5.5 x 4 |
| 50 | 6.5 x 7.5 x 4 |
| 60 | 6.5 x 7.5 x 5 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors have been designed for filtering, smoothing and decoupling uses in general and industrial applications. They utilize advanced technology to achieve long life, high reliability, high stability and low temperature dependence.

They are small in dimension and have very low, stable leakage currents. Their dimensions make them ideal for use in applications using hybrid and low-profile printed-circuit technology.

The capacitors have superior mechanical protection and high parameter stability in severe environmental conditions. They are able to withstand temperatures of up to 260 °C for up to 1 minute without causing short or long term degradation. This makes them suitable for fitting to printed-circuit boards or substrates using a variety of methods including dip, vapour phase, or reflow soldering.

The capacitors may be supplied in boxes or in blister tape which allows them to be mounted using automatic placement equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitors are constructed using a highly etched aluminium plate anode, aluminium oxide dielectric and a solid semiconductive (manganese oxide) cathode.

They are housed within blue cases manufactured from a glass fibre thermosetting material which is resistant to high temperatures. Soldered copper caps are fitted at both ends for connection to the circuit. The terminal connections allow for flexibility in the printed-circuit board. The anode terminal is marked with a positive sign adjacent to the relevant end cap.

The capacitors are available either loose in boxes, or in blister tape on reel.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

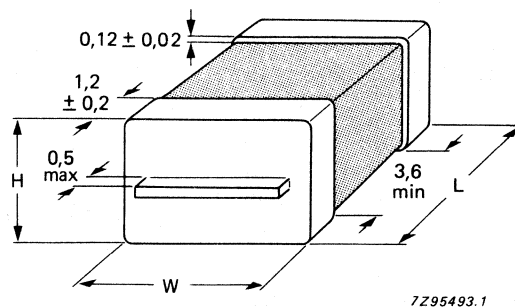


Fig. 1 Capacitor outline; see Table 3 for dimensions H, W and L.

Table 3 Physical dimensions

| case size | H _{max} | W _{max} | L _{max} | approx mass grams |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 20 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 0.25 |
| 30 | 3.5 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 0.30 |
| 40 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 0.35 |
| 50 | 4.1 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 0.50 |
| 60 | 5.2 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 0.60 |

MARKING

The capacitors are marked with the following information:

- nominal capacitance value
- tolerance code (M = ± 20%)
- rated voltage
- '+' sign to identify the anode terminal
- date code in accordance with IEC 62
- name of manufacturer

DEVELOPMENT DATA

MOUNTING

The capacitors are suitable for mounting on printed-circuit boards or directly to hybrid circuits. The capacitor may be mounted using a number of methods including those methods where the device may be totally immersed in a solder bath such as wave soldering (maximum 260 °C for 10 s), or reflow soldering techniques where the solder and the device are heated simultaneously, such as in vapour phase soldering. Figs 2, 3 and 4 illustrate the heating profiles necessary at the soldering locations to ensure reliable solderability.

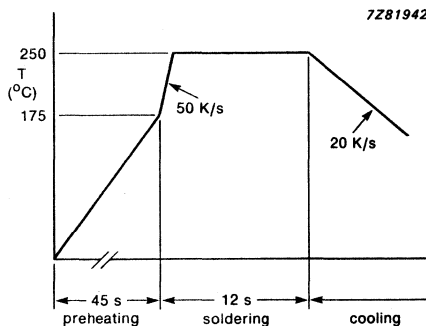


Fig. 2 Typical temperature-time curve for infrared reflow soldering.

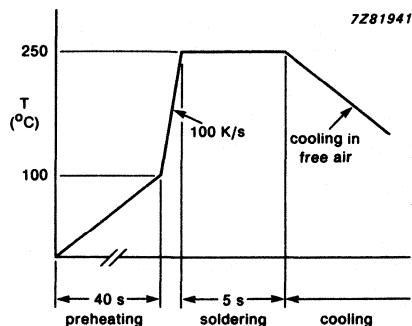


Fig. 3 Typical temperature-time curve for wave soldering.

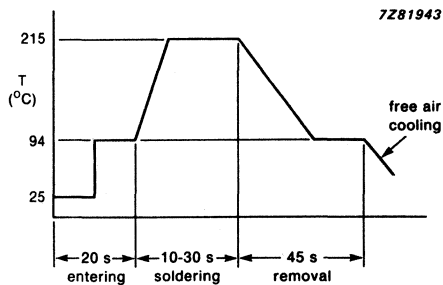
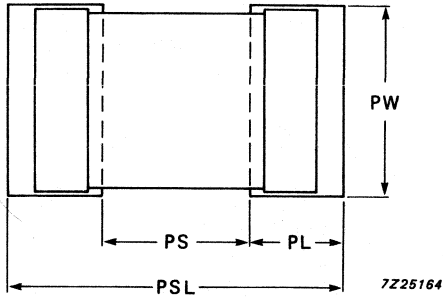


Fig. 4 Typical temperature-time curve for dual-vapour reflow soldering.

In all soldering processes, the capacitors reach the actual soldering temperature. The temperature rise caused by pre-heating and immersion in solder has no effect on the life of the capacitors. Double soldering of the capacitors is also permitted, and again has no effect on their life.

Recommended pad design:

- for reflow soldering using solder cream, refer to Table 4 and Fig. 5.
- pad design for wave soldering is still under consideration.



PL = pad length
 PW = pad width
 PS = pad separation
 PSL = pad set length

Fig. 5 Pad design.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 4 Pad design for reflow soldering

| case size | PW size |
|-----------|---------|
| 20 | 4.6 |
| 30 and 40 | 5.9 |
| 50 and 60 | 8.0 |

The dimensions in Table 4 are applicable for the following measurements:

PL = 2.25
 PS = 3.5
 PSL = 8.0

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 93 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U_R^1 | nominal cap. value | max. RMS ripple current at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$ no DC voltage applied | max. DC leakage current (μA) at U_R after: | | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR | max. impedance and ESR at 100 kHz | case size | catalogue number ⁴ 2222 127 followed by: |
|---------|--------------------|--|---|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | | | 15 s ² | 1 minute ³ | | | | | |
| V | μF | mA | | | | Ω | Ω | | |
| 4 | 10 | 4 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.15 | 30 | 3 | 20 | .2109 |
| | 15 | 6 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.15 | 20 | 2 | 30 | .2159 |
| | 22 | 9 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 0.15 | 14 | 1 | 30 | .2229 |
| | 33 | 13 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 0.15 | 9 | 0.9 | 40 | .2339 |
| | 47 | 19 | 4.7 | 1.9 | 0.15 | 6.4 | 0.7 | 50 | .2479 |
| | 68 | 27 | 6.8 | 2.7 | 0.15 | 4.4 | 0.5 | 60 | .2689 |
| 6.3 | 6.8 | 4 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.10 | 30 | 5 | 20 | .3688 |
| | 10 | 6 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 0.10 | 20 | 1.5 | 30 | .3109 |
| | 15 | 9 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 0.10 | 14 | 1 | 30 | .3159 |
| | 22 | 14 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 0.10 | 9 | 0.7 | 40 | .3229 |
| | 33 | 21 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 0.10 | 6.1 | 0.5 | 50 | .3339 |
| | 47 | 29 | 7.4 | 3.0 | 0.10 | 4.3 | 0.5 | 60 | .3479 |
| | 68 | 42 | 10.7 | 4.3 | 0.15 | 4.4 | 0.5 | 60 | .3689 |
| 10 | 3.3 | 3 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.10 | 61 | 7 | 20 | .4338 |
| | 4.7 | 5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.10 | 43 | 2 | 30 | .4478 |
| | 6.8 | 7 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.10 | 30 | 1.5 | 30 | .4688 |
| | 10 | 10 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 0.10 | 20 | 1 | 40 | .4109 |
| | 15 | 15 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 0.10 | 14 | 0.7 | 50 | .4159 |
| | 22 | 22 | 5.5 | 2.2 | 0.10 | 9 | 0.7 | 60 | .4229 |
| 16 | 1.5 | 2 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.10 | 135 | 15 | 20 | .5158 |
| | 2.2 | 3 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.10 | 91 | 10 | 40 | .5228 |
| | 3.3 | 5 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.10 | 61 | 7 | 40 | .5338 |
| | 4.7 | 7 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 0.10 | 43 | 5 | 50 | .5478 |
| | 6.8 | 11 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 0.10 | 30 | 3 | 60 | .5688 |
| 20 | 0.33 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 610 | 30 | 20 | .8337 |
| | 0.47 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 430 | 30 | 30 | .8477 |
| | 0.68 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.14 | 0.10 | 295 | 20 | 30 | .8687 |
| | 1.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.10 | 200 | 15 | 40 | .8108 |
| | 1.5 | 3 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.10 | 135 | 10 | 50 | .8158 |
| | 2.2 | 4 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.10 | 91 | 5 | 60 | .8228 |
| 25 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 1990 | 70 | 20 | .6107 |
| | 0.15 | 0 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 1330 | 50 | 20 | .6157 |
| | 0.22 | 1 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 910 | 30 | 20 | .6227 |
| | 0.33 | 1 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 610 | 30 | 30 | .6337 |
| | 0.47 | 1 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 430 | 20 | 40 | .6477 |
| | 0.68 | 2 | 0.43 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 295 | 15 | 40 | .6687 |
| | 1.0 | 2 | 0.63 | 0.1 | 0.10 | 200 | 10 | 50 | .6108 |
| | 1.5 | 4 | 0.94 | 0.4 | 0.10 | 135 | 7 | 60 | .6158 |

Notes to Table 5

- Valid up to 85 °C.
- Guaranteed limit
- Derived from 15 s limit.

- Replace dot in catalogue number with one of the following listed below, depending on style required:
 - for capacitors in boxes, tolerance $\pm 20\%$
 - for capacitors in blister tape on reel, tolerance $\pm 20\%$.

CAPACITANCE

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

see Table 5

$\pm 20\%$

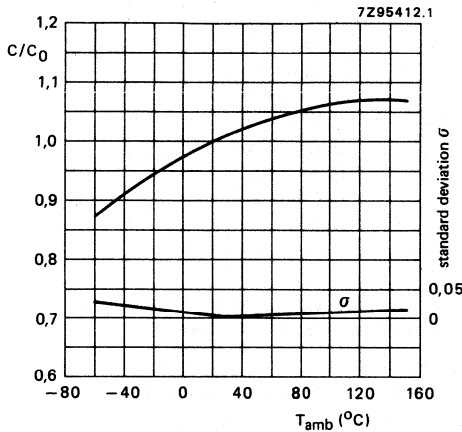


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

VOLTAGE

U_R 4 V to 25 V ranges:

maximum permissible voltage at $T_{amb} \leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

U_R

U_C 4 V to 25 V ranges:

maximum permissible voltage at $T_{amb} > 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$0.63 \times U_R$

Surge voltage = maximum permissible voltage for short periods
(also see Tests and requirements)

$1.15 \times U_R$

Life test

$\Delta C/C = 10\%$ ($\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

$\Delta C/C = 15\%$ ($> 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse
polarity at $125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for short periods (also see Tests and
requirements)

$0.15 \times U_R$

Ripple voltage = maximum permissible AC voltage provided the following four conditions are met:

1. Maximum AC voltage with negative DC voltage applied
2. Maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied

2 V

see Table 6

Table 6 Maximum peak AC voltage without DC voltage applied

| frequency (Hz) | $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{\text{amb}} \leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| ≤ 0.1 | $0.30 \times U_R$ | $0.15 \times U_R$ |
| > 0.1 to ≤ 1 | $0.45 \times U_R$ | $0.22 \times U_R$ |
| > 1 to ≤ 10 | $0.60 \times U_R$ | $0.30 \times U_R$ |
| > 10 to ≤ 50 | $0.65 \times U_R$ | $0.32 \times U_R$ |
| > 50 | $0.80 \times U_R$ | $0.40 \times U_R$ |

3. Momentary value of applied voltage with positive DC voltage applied is between U_R and the limits quoted in Table 6
4. Ripple voltage limits are not applicable if the maximum ripple current is decisive. Which is decisive depends on the actual impedance of the capacitor. In the survey at the back of this data sheet, the ripple current and ripple voltage limits can be found for each capacitor

RIPPLE CURRENT

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 5

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at other frequencies and temperatures

see survey at the end of this data sheet

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for capacitors with lower ESR value than the maximum ESR value

$$\sqrt{\text{ESR}_{\text{max}}/\text{ESR}_{\text{actual}}} \times \text{value stated in Table 5}$$

EXPLANATION ON THE CALCULATION OF RIPPLE CURRENTS

The maximum permissible current (I_{Rmax}) is a function of temperature (T) and frequency (f):

$$I_{Rmax}(T, f) = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

Where:

I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and 125 °C (see Table 5)

\sqrt{k} = temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence) = $\sqrt{P_{max}/P_{125}}$

\sqrt{r} = frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence) = $\sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{max}}$

when:

P_{max} = maximum permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent

P_{125} = maximum permissible power dissipation at 125 °C

ESR_{max} = maximum equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent

ESR_{100} = maximum equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz

This formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} I^2_{Rmax}(T, f) &= \frac{P_{max}(T)}{ESR_{max}(f)} \\ &= \frac{kr P_{125}}{ESR_{100}} \\ &= kr \frac{ESR_{100} \times I^2_{R0}}{ESR_{100}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{thus } I_{Rmax} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

The values of the temperature multiplier \sqrt{k} and of P_{125} have been calculated at a capacitor temperature of 138 °C and assuming the values of ESR_{max} at 138 °C to be 0.8 or 1.05 times the ESR_{max} value at 25 °C at all frequencies for case sizes 20 to 40, or case sizes 50 and 60 respectively.

The values of the frequency multiplier \sqrt{r} have been measured at 25 °C, assuming it to be the same at all temperatures.

The power dissipation (P_{\max}) has been calculated assuming it to be governed by the simplified relationship:

$$P_{\max} = \beta \times S \times \Delta T$$

where:

β = heat transfer co-efficient, taken as $18 \text{ W/m}^2 \times \text{K}$ for a capacitor on a thermally well conducting pcb in free flowing air, the pcb being placed in a vertical position

S = capacitor outer surface

ΔT = temperature difference between capacitor surface and the ambient atmosphere, taken as $13 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{\text{amb}} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

The following numerical values apply:

| Case size | P_{\max} (mW) = P ₁₂₅ |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 20 - 40 | 45 |
| 50 - 60 | 65 |

CHARGE AND DISCHARGE CURRENT

The capacitors may be charged from a source having no internal resistance, and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents must be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit (also see Tests and requirements).

DC LEAKAGE CURRENT

Maximum DC leakage current 15 s after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0.025 CU or $0.1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, whichever is greater)

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0.01 CU or $0.04\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, whichever is greater)

Typical DC leakage current 15 s or 1 minute after application of U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approximately 0.2 x value stated in Table 5 for capacitors having U_R

Typical DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approximately 0.02 x 15 s value stated in Table 5 (0.0005 CU or $0.002\text{ }\mu\text{A}$)

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approximately 0.1 x 15 s value stated in Table 5 (0.0025 CU or $0.01\text{ }\mu\text{A}$)

at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approximately 0.3 x 15 s value stated in Table 5 (0.0075 CU or $0.03\text{ }\mu\text{A}$)

DEVELOPMENT DATA

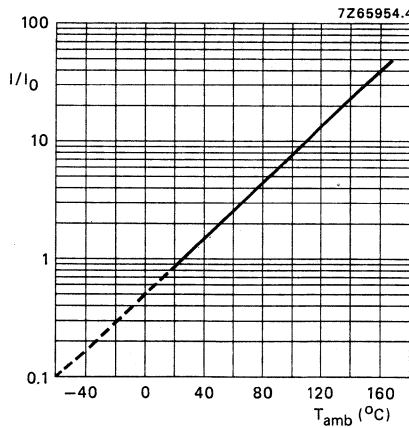


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of ambient temperature; I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

DISSIPATION FACTOR (Tan δ)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 25 °C
 measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

Typical tan δ at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 25 °C

0.05

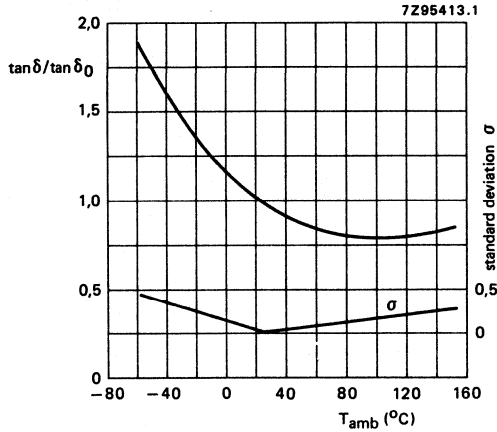


Fig. 8 Typical multiplier of dissipation factor (tan δ / tan δ₀) as a function of temperature; tan δ = dissipation factor at T_{amb} = 25 °C, 100 Hz.

EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE (ESR)

$$ESR = \frac{\tan \delta}{\omega \times C}$$

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and T_{amb} = 25 °C
 (calculated from maximum tan δ and
 0.8 x nominal capacitance)

see Table 5

Maximum ESR at 100 kHz and T_{amb} = 25 °C

equal to values of maximum impedance
 at 100 kHz, see Table 5

DEVELOPMENT DATA

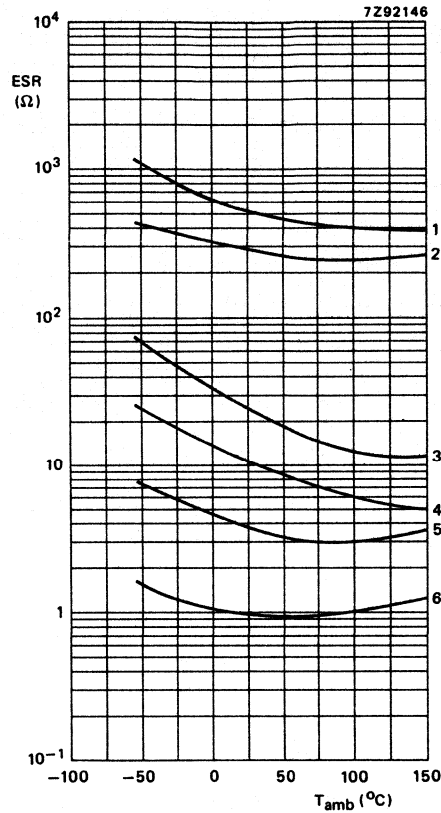


Fig. 9 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

- curve 1 = 0.1 μF, 25 V
- curve 2 = 1.5 μF, 25 V
- curve 3 = 3.3 μF, 16 V
- curve 4 = 10 μF, 4 V
- curve 5 = 22 μF, 6.3 V
- curve 6 = 68 μF, 6.3 V

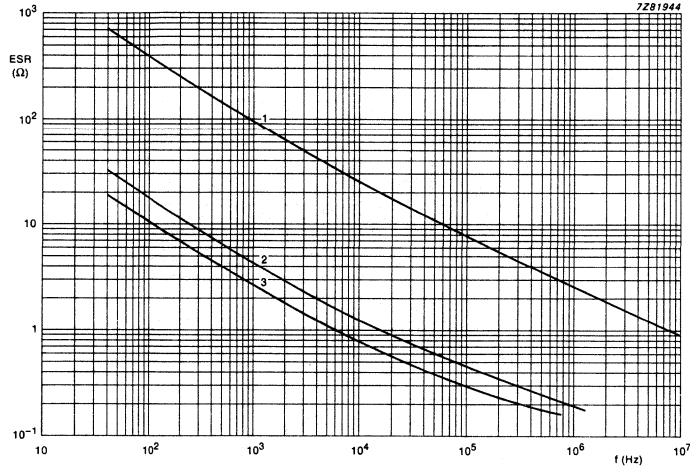


Fig. 10 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 20.
 curve 1 = $0.33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V
 curve 2 = $3.3\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V
 curve 3 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V

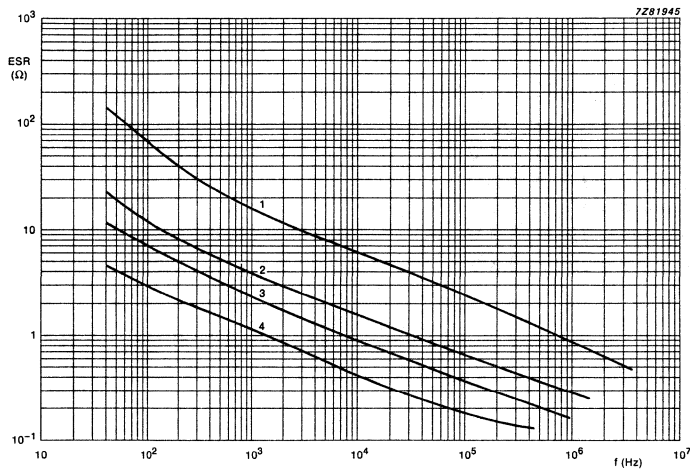


Fig. 11 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case size 30.
 curve 1 = $0.47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V
 curve 2 = $4.7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V
 curve 3 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6.3 V
 curve 4 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V

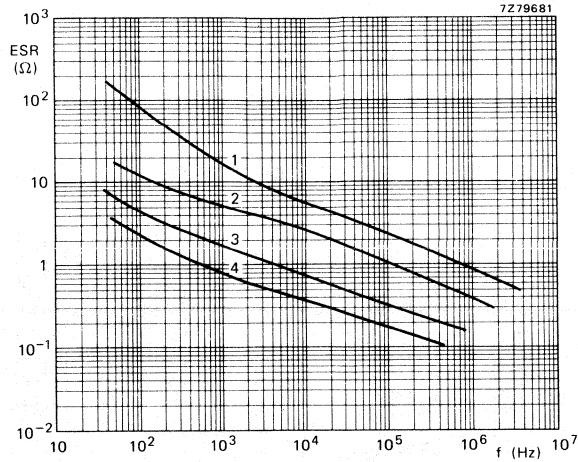


Fig. 12 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case sizes 40 and 50.

- curve 1 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V (case size 50)
- curve 2 = $4.7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V (case size 50)
- curve 3 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V (case size 40)
- curve 4 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V (case size 40)

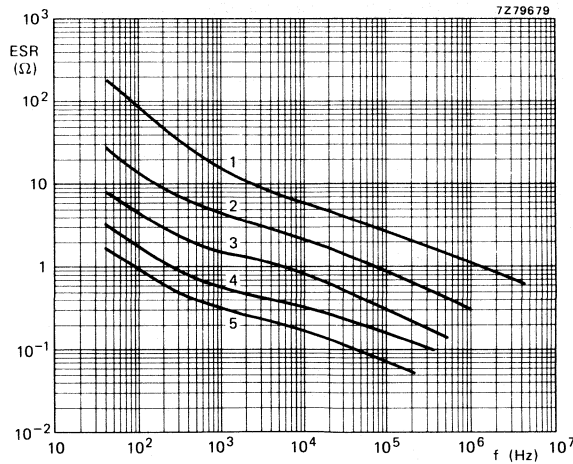


Fig. 13 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, case sizes 50 and 60.

- curve 1 = $1.5\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V (case size 60)
- curve 2 = $6.8\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V (case size 60)
- curve 3 = $15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V (case size 50)
- curve 4 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6.3 V (case size 50)
- curve 5 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6.3 V (case size 60)

IMPEDANCE

Maximum impedance at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit

see Table 5

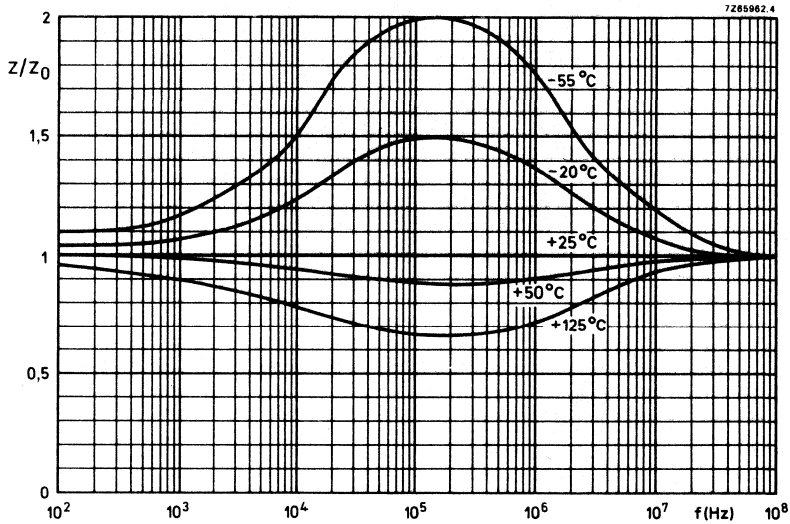


Fig. 14 Typical multiplier of impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of frequency at different temperatures; Z_0 = initial impedance value at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

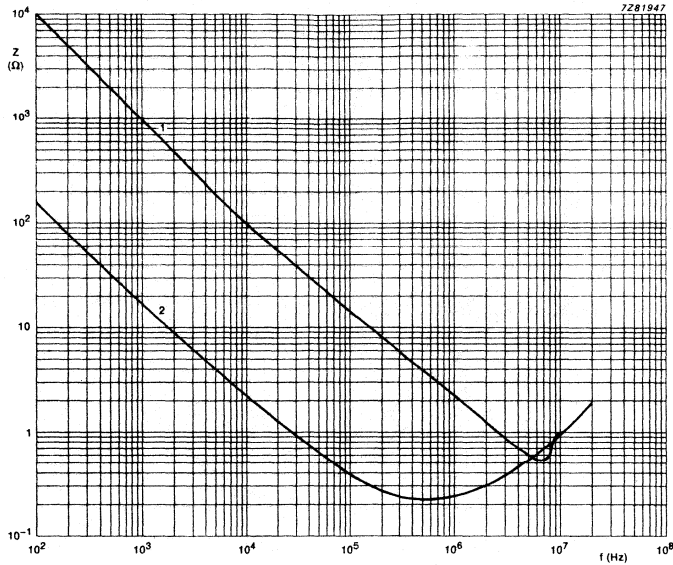


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 20.
 curve 1 = $0.15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V
 curve 2 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V

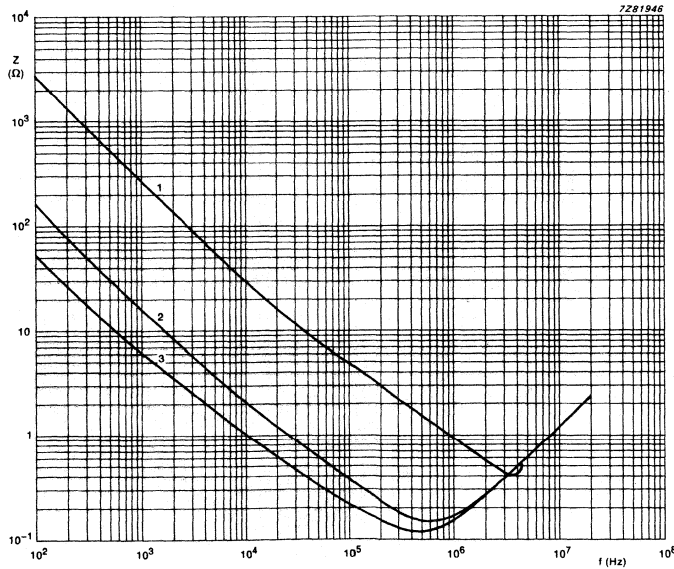


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 30.
 curve 1 = $0.47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 20 V
 curve 2 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6.3 V
 curve 3 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V

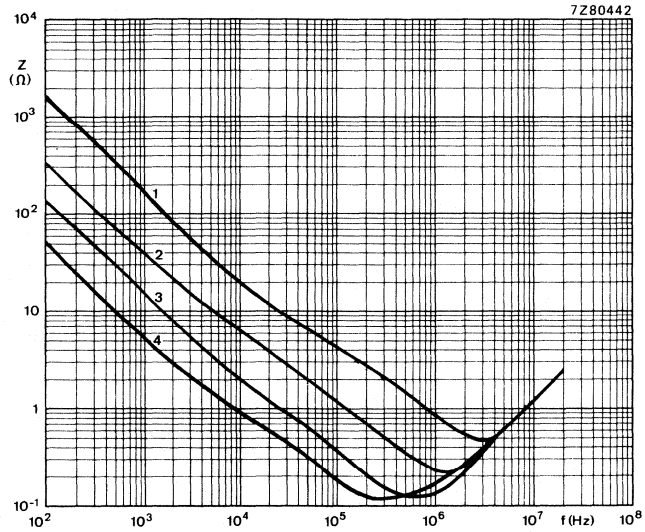


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 40 and 50.

- curve 1 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V (case size 50)
- curve 2 = $4.7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V (case size 50)
- curve 3 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V (case size 40)
- curve 4 = $33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 4 V (case size 40)

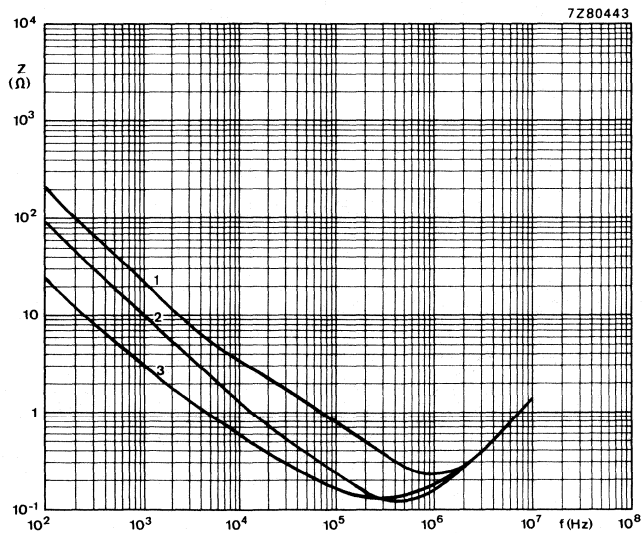


Fig. 18 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 50 and 60.

- curve 1 = $6.8\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V (case size 60)
- curve 2 = $15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V (case size 50)
- curve 3 = $68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6.3 V (case size 60)

EQUIVALENT SERIES INDUCTANCE (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured using a four terminal (Thomson) circuit at 10 MHz

| | | |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------|
| case sizes 20 - 40 | 20 nH max. | 9 - 14 nH typ. |
| case sizes 50 - 60 | 20 nH max. | 11 - 16 nH typ. |

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

 $U_R = 4 \text{ V to } 25 \text{ V ranges}$ -55 to + 125 °C

Usable temperature range

-55 to + 175 °C

Endurance test (4 V to 25 V ranges)

at $U_R, T_{amb} = 85 \text{ °C}$ 5000 hours (expectation)at $U_R, T_{amb} = 125 \text{ °C}$ 2000 hours

Expected field failure rate

 $< 1 \times 10^{-8}/\text{hours}$ **PACKING**

The capacitors are supplied in boxes containing 200 pieces, and in 12 mm* blister tape on reel (in accordance with IEC 286-3).

The component pitch is 8 mm for case sizes 20 to 40, and 12 mm for case sizes 50 and 60. The number of capacitors per reel is shown in Table 7.

Table 7 Packing quantities

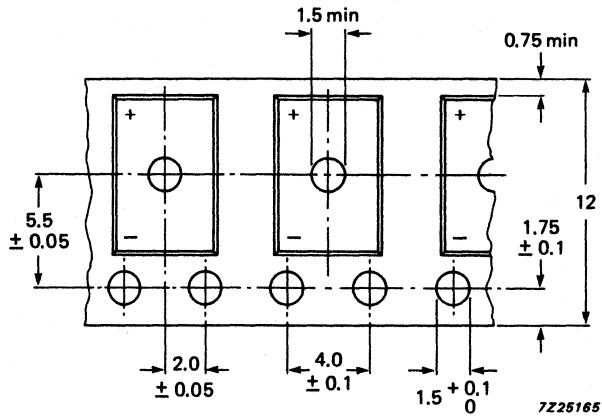
| case size | number of capacitors per reel |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 20 | 2500 |
| 30 | 2000 |
| 40 | 1500 |
| 50 | 1000 |
| 60 | 1000 |

Length of leader tape; minimum 40 empty compartments, sealed.

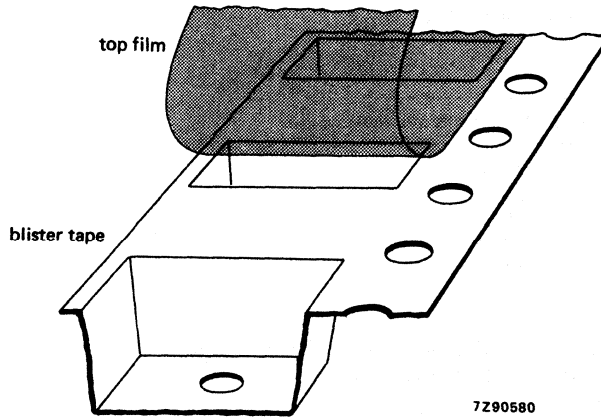
Length of trailer tape; minimum 40 empty compartments, sealed.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

* 16 mm blister tape for case size 60 under consideration.



Cumulative pitch error: ≤ 0.2 mm over 10 pitches.



Total height of tape with topfilm: 4.5 mm max.

Fig. 19 Blister tape.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

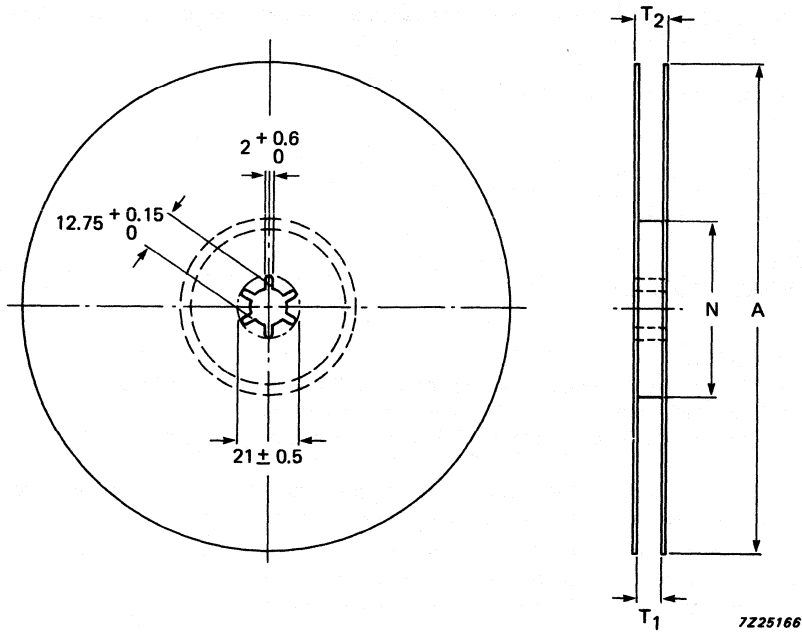


Fig. 20 Reel dimensions.

Table 8 Reel dimensions in mm

| tape width W | A | N | T_1 | T_2 |
|-----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 12 | 180 - 330 | 62 ± 1.5 | $12.4 + 0.2$ -0 | 16.4 ± 0.2 |
| 16 | 180 - 330 | 62 ± 1.5 | $16.4 + 0.2$ -0 | 20.4 ± 0.2 |

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 4, Tests and requirements — solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors. (127 series), with the following addition:

Solvent resistance checks

Conditions:

- 30 s in vapour of boiling solvent
- 4 minutes immersion at $T_{amb} +$ ultrasonic (40 kHz)
- 30 s in vapour of boiling solvent

Requirements:

Visual appearance not affected.

Solvents:

- deionized water (50 ± 5 °C)
- mixture of 25% volume, 2-propanol (isopropanol) and 75% volume mineral spirits
- calgonite solution (20 grams/l, 70 ± 5 °C), a dishwasher detergent
- mixture of 4.5% volume, 2-butoxyethyl, 4.5% volume, 2-amino-ethyl, and 91% volume water (70 ± 5 °C)
- mixtures of 1.1.2-trichloro-1.2.2-trifluoro-ethane (fluorocarbon 113) and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon:
 - 2-propanol (isopropanol), 25% : 75% (Arklone K*) and up to the ratio 35% : 65%
 - ethanol, 4.5% : 95.5% (e.g. Arklone A*, Freon TE**)
 - methanol and nitromethane 5.7% : 0.3% : 94% (Freon TMS**)

Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents.

* Trade mark of I.C.I.

** Trade mark of Dupont de Nemours

SURVEY OF MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE RIPPLE VOLTAGES AND RIPPLE CURRENT AT VARIOUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURES AND FREQUENCIES

Table 9 10 μ F 4 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.00 | 1 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 5 | 2.60 | 5 | 2.60 | 5 | 2.60 | 5 | 2.60 | 4 | 2.20 | 3 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 6 | 3.20 | 6 | 3.20 | 6 | 3.20 | 6 | 3.20 | 5 | 2.70 | 4 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 17 | 3.20 | 17 | 3.20 | 17 | 3.20 | 17 | 3.20 | 14 | 2.70 | 12 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 33 | 3.20 | 33 | 3.20 | 33 | 3.20 | 33 | 3.20 | 28 | 2.70 | 23 | 2.20 |
| 1000 | 56 | 3.20 | 56 | 3.20 | 56 | 3.20 | 56 | 3.20 | 47 | 2.70 | 36 | 2.00 |
| 1500 | 69 | 3.20 | 69 | 3.20 | 69 | 3.20 | 68 | 3.20 | 56 | 2.70 | 48 | 1.80 |
| 1E + 04 | 210 | 0.50 | 190 | 0.46 | 170 | 0.40 | 140 | 0.34 | 110 | 0.27 | 71 | 0.17 |
| 1E + 05 | 240 | 0.10 | 210 | 0.09 | 190 | 0.08 | 160 | 0.07 | 130 | 0.05 | 80 | 0.03 |
| 1E + 06 | 250 | 0.00 | 230 | 0.00 | 200 | 0.00 | 170 | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 86 | 0.00 |

Table 10 15 μ F 4 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.00 | 1 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 7 | 2.60 | 7 | 2.60 | 7 | 2.60 | 7 | 2.60 | 6 | 2.20 | 5 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 8 | 3.20 | 8 | 3.20 | 8 | 3.20 | 8 | 3.20 | 7 | 2.70 | 6 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 26 | 3.20 | 26 | 3.20 | 26 | 3.20 | 26 | 3.20 | 22 | 2.70 | 18 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 50 | 3.20 | 50 | 3.20 | 50 | 3.20 | 50 | 3.20 | 42 | 2.70 | 35 | 2.20 |
| 1000 | 84 | 3.20 | 84 | 3.20 | 84 | 3.20 | 84 | 3.20 | 71 | 2.70 | 52 | 2.00 |
| 1500 | 100 | 3.20 | 100 | 3.20 | 100 | 3.20 | 100 | 3.20 | 83 | 2.60 | 71 | 1.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 300 | 0.48 | 270 | 0.44 | 240 | 0.39 | 210 | 0.33 | 160 | 0.26 | 100 | 0.16 |
| 1E + 05 | 340 | 0.10 | 310 | 0.09 | 270 | 0.08 | 230 | 0.07 | 180 | 0.05 | 120 | 0.03 |
| 1E + 06 | 360 | 0.00 | 330 | 0.00 | 290 | 0.00 | 250 | 0.00 | 200 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 11 22 μ F 4 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 2 | 2.40 | 2 | 2.40 | 2 | 2.40 | 2 | 2.40 | 2 | 2.00 | 1 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 10 | 2.60 | 10 | 2.60 | 10 | 2.60 | 10 | 2.60 | 9 | 2.20 | 7 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 12 | 3.20 | 12 | 3.20 | 12 | 3.20 | 12 | 3.20 | 10 | 2.70 | 9 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 37 | 3.20 | 37 | 3.20 | 37 | 3.20 | 37 | 3.20 | 32 | 2.70 | 26 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 73 | 3.20 | 73 | 3.20 | 73 | 3.20 | 73 | 3.20 | 62 | 2.70 | 50 | 2.20 |
| 1000 | 120 | 3.20 | 120 | 3.20 | 120 | 3.20 | 120 | 3.10 | 98 | 2.50 | 85 | 1.60 |
| 1500 | 150 | 3.20 | 150 | 3.20 | 150 | 3.20 | 130 | 2.80 | 100 | 2.20 | 97 | 1.40 |
| 1E + 04 | 360 | 0.39 | 330 | 0.36 | 290 | 0.31 | 250 | 0.27 | 190 | 0.21 | 120 | 0.13 |
| 1E + 05 | 410 | 0.06 | 370 | 0.05 | 330 | 0.05 | 280 | 0.04 | 220 | 0.03 | 140 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 430 | 0.00 | 390 | 0.00 | 350 | 0.00 | 300 | 0.00 | 230 | 0.00 | 150 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 12 33 μ F 4 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 3 | 2.40 | 3 | 2.40 | 3 | 2.40 | 3 | 2.40 | 2 | 2.00 | 2 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 15 | 2.60 | 15 | 2.60 | 15 | 2.60 | 15 | 2.60 | 13 | 2.20 | 11 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 19 | 3.20 | 19 | 3.20 | 19 | 3.20 | 19 | 3.20 | 16 | 2.70 | 13 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 56 | 3.20 | 56 | 3.20 | 56 | 3.20 | 56 | 3.20 | 48 | 2.70 | 39 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 110 | 3.20 | 110 | 3.20 | 110 | 3.20 | 110 | 3.20 | 92 | 2.70 | 75 | 2.20 |
| 1000 | 190 | 3.20 | 190 | 3.20 | 190 | 3.20 | 170 | 3.00 | 140 | 2.40 | 130 | 1.50 |
| 1500 | 230 | 3.20 | 230 | 3.20 | 220 | 3.10 | 180 | 2.60 | 150 | 2.10 | 140 | 1.30 |
| 1E + 04 | 510 | 0.37 | 460 | 0.33 | 410 | 0.30 | 350 | 0.25 | 270 | 0.20 | 170 | 0.12 |
| 1E + 05 | 570 | 0.07 | 520 | 0.07 | 460 | 0.06 | 390 | 0.05 | 310 | 0.04 | 190 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 610 | 0.00 | 550 | 0.00 | 490 | 0.00 | 420 | 0.00 | 330 | 0.00 | 210 | 0.00 |

Table 13 47 μ F 4 V, case size 50

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 4 | 2.40 | 4 | 2.40 | 4 | 2.40 | 4 | 2.40 | 3 | 2.00 | 3 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 21 | 2.60 | 21 | 2.60 | 21 | 2.60 | 21 | 2.60 | 18 | 2.20 | 15 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 26 | 3.20 | 26 | 3.20 | 26 | 3.20 | 26 | 3.20 | 22 | 2.70 | 19 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 80 | 3.20 | 80 | 3.20 | 80 | 3.20 | 80 | 3.20 | 68 | 2.70 | 56 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 160 | 3.20 | 160 | 3.20 | 160 | 3.20 | 160 | 3.20 | 130 | 2.70 | 100 | 2.10 |
| 1000 | 260 | 3.20 | 260 | 3.20 | 260 | 3.20 | 230 | 2.80 | 180 | 2.20 | 170 | 1.40 |
| 1500 | 320 | 3.20 | 320 | 3.20 | 280 | 2.80 | 240 | 2.40 | 270 | 1.90 | 180 | 1.20 |
| 1E + 04 | 660 | 0.34 | 600 | 0.31 | 530 | 0.27 | 450 | 0.23 | 360 | 0.18 | 220 | 0.11 |
| 1E + 05 | 750 | 0.08 | 680 | 0.07 | 600 | 0.06 | 510 | 0.05 | 400 | 0.04 | 250 | 0.03 |
| 1E + 06 | 800 | 0.00 | 720 | 0.00 | 640 | 0.00 | 550 | 0.00 | 430 | 0.00 | 270 | 0.00 |

Table 14 68 μ F 4 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.80 | 0 | 1.50 | 0 | 1.30 |
| 10 | 6 | 2.40 | 6 | 2.40 | 6 | 2.40 | 6 | 2.40 | 5 | 2.00 | 4 | 1.70 |
| 50 | 31 | 2.60 | 31 | 2.60 | 31 | 2.60 | 31 | 2.60 | 26 | 2.20 | 22 | 1.80 |
| 100 | 38 | 3.20 | 38 | 3.20 | 38 | 3.20 | 38 | 3.20 | 32 | 2.70 | 27 | 2.20 |
| 300 | 120 | 3.20 | 120 | 3.20 | 120 | 3.20 | 120 | 3.20 | 98 | 2.70 | 81 | 2.20 |
| 600 | 220 | 3.20 | 220 | 3.20 | 220 | 3.20 | 220 | 3.20 | 190 | 2.70 | 140 | 2.00 |
| 1000 | 380 | 3.20 | 380 | 3.20 | 360 | 3.00 | 300 | 2.60 | 240 | 2.00 | 230 | 1.30 |
| 1500 | 470 | 3.20 | 420 | 2.90 | 370 | 2.50 | 320 | 2.20 | 370 | 1.70 | 240 | 1.10 |
| 1E + 04 | 870 | 0.30 | 790 | 0.28 | 700 | 0.24 | 590 | 0.21 | 470 | 0.16 | 290 | 0.10 |
| 1E + 05 | 980 | 0.07 | 890 | 0.06 | 790 | 0.06 | 670 | 0.05 | 530 | 0.04 | 330 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 1040 | 0.00 | 950 | 0.00 | 840 | 0.00 | 720 | 0.00 | 560 | 0.00 | 350 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 15 6.8 μ F 6.3 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.20 | 1 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 5 | 4.10 | 5 | 4.10 | 5 | 4.10 | 5 | 4.10 | 4 | 3.50 | 3 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 6 | 5.00 | 6 | 5.00 | 6 | 5.00 | 6 | 5.00 | 5 | 4.30 | 4 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 18 | 5.00 | 18 | 5.00 | 18 | 5.00 | 18 | 5.00 | 16 | 4.30 | 13 | 3.50 |
| 600 | 36 | 5.00 | 36 | 5.00 | 36 | 5.00 | 36 | 5.00 | 30 | 4.30 | 25 | 3.50 |
| 1000 | 61 | 5.00 | 61 | 5.00 | 61 | 5.00 | 61 | 5.00 | 51 | 4.20 | 42 | 3.10 |
| 1500 | 74 | 5.00 | 74 | 5.00 | 74 | 5.00 | 72 | 4.90 | 59 | 4.00 | 51 | 2.60 |
| 1E + 04 | 210 | 0.73 | 190 | 0.67 | 170 | 0.59 | 140 | 0.50 | 110 | 0.40 | 71 | 0.25 |
| 1E + 05 | 240 | 0.17 | 210 | 0.15 | 190 | 0.13 | 160 | 0.11 | 130 | 0.09 | 80 | 0.06 |
| 1E + 06 | 250 | 0.00 | 230 | 0.00 | 200 | 0.00 | 170 | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 86 | 0.00 |

Table 16 10 μ F 6.3 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.80 | 1 | 3.20 | 1 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 7 | 4.10 | 7 | 4.10 | 7 | 4.10 | 7 | 4.10 | 6 | 3.50 | 5 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 9 | 5.00 | 9 | 5.00 | 9 | 5.00 | 9 | 5.00 | 8 | 4.30 | 6 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 27 | 5.00 | 27 | 5.00 | 27 | 5.00 | 27 | 5.00 | 23 | 4.30 | 19 | 3.50 |
| 600 | 52 | 5.00 | 52 | 5.00 | 52 | 5.00 | 52 | 5.00 | 44 | 4.30 | 37 | 3.50 |
| 1000 | 89 | 5.00 | 89 | 5.00 | 89 | 5.00 | 89 | 5.00 | 74 | 4.20 | 62 | 3.10 |
| 1500 | 110 | 5.00 | 110 | 5.00 | 110 | 5.00 | 100 | 4.90 | 85 | 3.90 | 75 | 2.60 |
| 1E + 04 | 300 | 0.72 | 270 | 0.65 | 240 | 0.58 | 210 | 0.49 | 160 | 0.39 | 100 | 0.25 |
| 1E + 05 | 340 | 0.07 | 310 | 0.07 | 270 | 0.06 | 230 | 0.05 | 180 | 0.04 | 120 | 0.06 |
| 1E + 06 | 360 | 0.00 | 330 | 0.00 | 290 | 0.00 | 250 | 0.00 | 200 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 17 15 μ F 6.3 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 2 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.20 | 1 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 11 | 4.10 | 11 | 4.10 | 11 | 4.10 | 11 | 4.10 | 9 | 3.50 | 8 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 13 | 5.00 | 13 | 5.00 | 13 | 5.00 | 13 | 5.00 | 11 | 4.30 | 9 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 40 | 5.00 | 40 | 5.00 | 40 | 5.00 | 40 | 5.00 | 34 | 4.30 | 28 | 3.50 |
| 600 | 79 | 5.00 | 79 | 5.00 | 79 | 5.00 | 79 | 5.00 | 66 | 4.20 | 54 | 3.40 |
| 1000 | 130 | 5.00 | 130 | 5.00 | 130 | 5.00 | 120 | 4.70 | 99 | 3.70 | 90 | 2.40 |
| 1500 | 160 | 5.00 | 160 | 5.00 | 150 | 4.70 | 130 | 4.00 | 100 | 3.20 | 100 | 2.00 |
| 1E + 04 | 360 | 0.57 | 330 | 0.52 | 290 | 0.46 | 250 | 0.39 | 190 | 0.31 | 120 | 0.19 |
| 1E + 05 | 410 | 0.06 | 370 | 0.05 | 330 | 0.05 | 280 | 0.04 | 220 | 0.03 | 140 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 430 | 0.00 | 390 | 0.00 | 350 | 0.00 | 300 | 0.00 | 230 | 0.00 | 150 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 18 22 μ F 6.3 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 3 | 3.80 | 3 | 3.80 | 3 | 3.80 | 3 | 3.80 | 2 | 3.20 | 2 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 16 | 4.10 | 16 | 4.10 | 16 | 4.10 | 16 | 4.10 | 13 | 3.50 | 11 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 20 | 5.00 | 20 | 5.00 | 20 | 5.00 | 20 | 5.00 | 17 | 4.30 | 14 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 59 | 5.00 | 59 | 5.00 | 59 | 5.00 | 59 | 5.00 | 50 | 4.30 | 42 | 3.50 |
| 600 | 120 | 5.00 | 120 | 5.00 | 120 | 5.00 | 120 | 5.00 | 97 | 4.20 | 78 | 3.40 |
| 1000 | 200 | 5.00 | 200 | 5.00 | 200 | 5.00 | 180 | 4.50 | 140 | 3.60 | 130 | 2.30 |
| 1500 | 240 | 5.00 | 240 | 5.00 | 220 | 4.70 | 180 | 3.90 | 200 | 3.10 | 140 | 1.90 |
| 1E + 04 | 510 | 0.55 | 460 | 0.50 | 410 | 0.44 | 350 | 0.37 | 270 | 0.30 | 170 | 0.19 |
| 1E + 05 | 570 | 0.06 | 520 | 0.05 | 460 | 0.05 | 390 | 0.04 | 310 | 0.03 | 190 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 610 | 0.00 | 550 | 0.00 | 490 | 0.00 | 420 | 0.00 | 330 | 0.00 | 210 | 0.00 |

Table 19 33 μ F 6.3 V, case size 50

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 4 | 3.80 | 4 | 3.80 | 4 | 3.80 | 4 | 3.80 | 4 | 3.20 | 3 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 24 | 4.10 | 24 | 4.10 | 24 | 4.10 | 24 | 4.10 | 20 | 3.50 | 17 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 29 | 5.00 | 29 | 5.00 | 29 | 5.00 | 29 | 5.00 | 25 | 4.30 | 21 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 89 | 5.00 | 89 | 5.00 | 89 | 5.00 | 89 | 5.00 | 75 | 4.30 | 62 | 3.50 |
| 600 | 170 | 5.00 | 170 | 5.00 | 170 | 5.00 | 170 | 5.00 | 150 | 4.20 | 110 | 3.10 |
| 1000 | 290 | 5.00 | 290 | 5.00 | 280 | 4.80 | 240 | 4.10 | 190 | 3.20 | 180 | 2.00 |
| 1500 | 360 | 5.00 | 330 | 4.60 | 290 | 4.10 | 250 | 3.50 | 290 | 2.70 | 190 | 1.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 680 | 0.49 | 620 | 0.44 | 550 | 0.39 | 460 | 0.37 | 370 | 0.26 | 230 | 0.17 |
| 1E + 05 | 770 | 0.06 | 690 | 0.05 | 620 | 0.04 | 520 | 0.04 | 410 | 0.03 | 260 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 820 | 0.00 | 740 | 0.00 | 660 | 0.00 | 560 | 0.00 | 440 | 0.00 | 280 | 0.00 |

Table 20 47 μ F 6.3 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 6 | 3.80 | 6 | 3.80 | 6 | 3.80 | 6 | 3.80 | 5 | 3.20 | 4 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 34 | 4.10 | 34 | 4.10 | 34 | 4.10 | 34 | 4.10 | 29 | 3.50 | 24 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 42 | 5.00 | 42 | 5.00 | 42 | 5.00 | 42 | 5.00 | 35 | 4.30 | 29 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 130 | 5.00 | 130 | 5.00 | 130 | 5.00 | 130 | 5.00 | 110 | 4.30 | 88 | 3.50 |
| 600 | 250 | 5.00 | 250 | 5.00 | 250 | 5.00 | 250 | 5.00 | 200 | 4.20 | 170 | 2.90 |
| 1000 | 420 | 5.00 | 410 | 4.90 | 360 | 4.40 | 310 | 3.70 | 340 | 2.90 | 240 | 1.80 |
| 1500 | 510 | 4.60 | 510 | 4.20 | 380 | 3.70 | 320 | 3.20 | 380 | 2.50 | 240 | 1.60 |
| 1E + 04 | 880 | 0.44 | 800 | 0.40 | 700 | 0.36 | 600 | 0.30 | 470 | 0.24 | 300 | 0.15 |
| 1E + 05 | 990 | 0.07 | 900 | 0.07 | 800 | 0.06 | 680 | 0.05 | 530 | 0.04 | 340 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 1060 | 0.00 | 960 | 0.00 | 850 | 0.00 | 720 | 0.00 | 570 | 0.00 | 360 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 21 68 μ F 6.3 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.80 | 1 | 2.40 | 1 | 2.00 |
| 10 | 9 | 3.80 | 9 | 3.80 | 9 | 3.80 | 9 | 3.80 | 8 | 3.20 | 6 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 49 | 4.10 | 49 | 4.10 | 49 | 4.10 | 49 | 4.10 | 41 | 3.50 | 34 | 2.90 |
| 100 | 60 | 5.00 | 60 | 5.00 | 60 | 5.00 | 60 | 5.00 | 51 | 4.30 | 42 | 3.50 |
| 300 | 180 | 5.00 | 180 | 5.00 | 180 | 5.00 | 180 | 5.00 | 150 | 4.30 | 120 | 3.30 |
| 600 | 350 | 5.00 | 350 | 5.00 | 330 | 4.70 | 280 | 4.00 | 220 | 3.10 | 210 | 2.00 |
| 1000 | 600 | 3.70 | 410 | 3.40 | 550 | 3.00 | 470 | 2.60 | 370 | 2.00 | 230 | 1.30 |
| 1500 | 710 | 3.20 | 640 | 2.90 | 570 | 2.50 | 480 | 2.20 | 380 | 1.70 | 240 | 1.10 |
| 1E + 04 | 870 | 0.30 | 790 | 0.28 | 700 | 0.24 | 590 | 0.21 | 470 | 0.16 | 290 | 0.10 |
| 1E + 05 | 980 | 0.07 | 890 | 0.06 | 790 | 0.06 | 670 | 0.05 | 530 | 0.04 | 330 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 1040 | 0.00 | 950 | 0.00 | 840 | 0.00 | 720 | 0.00 | 560 | 0.00 | 350 | 0.00 |

Table 22 2.2 μ F 10 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 0 | 5.10 | 0 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 3 | 6.50 | 3 | 6.50 | 3 | 6.50 | 3 | 6.50 | 2 | 5.50 | 2 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 3 | 8.00 | 3 | 8.00 | 3 | 8.00 | 3 | 8.00 | 3 | 6.80 | 2 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 9 | 8.00 | 9 | 8.00 | 9 | 8.00 | 9 | 8.00 | 8 | 6.80 | 7 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 18 | 8.00 | 18 | 8.00 | 18 | 8.00 | 18 | 8.00 | 15 | 6.80 | 13 | 5.60 |
| 1000 | 31 | 8.00 | 31 | 8.00 | 31 | 8.00 | 31 | 8.00 | 26 | 6.70 | 20 | 5.20 |
| 1500 | 38 | 8.00 | 38 | 8.00 | 38 | 8.00 | 38 | 8.00 | 32 | 6.60 | 26 | 4.60 |
| 1E + 04 | 120 | 1.30 | 110 | 1.20 | 97 | 1.00 | 83 | 0.89 | 65 | 0.70 | 41 | 0.44 |
| 1E + 05 | 140 | 0.19 | 120 | 0.17 | 110 | 0.15 | 93 | 0.13 | 73 | 0.10 | 46 | 0.07 |
| 1E + 06 | 150 | 0.00 | 130 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | 99 | 0.00 | 78 | 0.00 | 49 | 0.00 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 23 3.3 μ F 10 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 5.10 | 1 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 4 | 6.50 | 4 | 6.50 | 4 | 6.50 | 4 | 6.50 | 3 | 5.50 | 3 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 5 | 8.00 | 5 | 8.00 | 5 | 8.00 | 5 | 8.00 | 4 | 6.80 | 3 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 14 | 8.00 | 14 | 8.00 | 14 | 8.00 | 14 | 8.00 | 12 | 6.80 | 10 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 27 | 8.00 | 27 | 8.00 | 27 | 8.00 | 27 | 8.00 | 23 | 6.80 | 19 | 5.60 |
| 1000 | 47 | 8.00 | 47 | 8.00 | 47 | 8.00 | 46 | 8.00 | 38 | 6.60 | 32 | 4.40 |
| 1500 | 57 | 8.00 | 57 | 8.00 | 57 | 8.00 | 53 | 7.40 | 42 | 5.90 | 38 | 3.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 150 | 1.10 | 130 | 0.96 | 120 | 0.85 | 100 | 0.73 | 80 | 0.57 | 50 | 0.36 |
| 1E + 05 | 170 | 0.16 | 150 | 0.15 | 130 | 0.13 | 110 | 0.11 | 90 | 0.09 | 56 | 0.06 |
| 1E + 06 | 180 | 0.00 | 160 | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | 96 | 0.00 | 60 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 24 4.7 μ F 10 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 5.10 | 1 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 5 | 6.50 | 5 | 6.50 | 5 | 6.50 | 5 | 6.50 | 5 | 5.50 | 4 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 7 | 8.00 | 7 | 8.00 | 7 | 8.00 | 7 | 8.00 | 6 | 6.80 | 5 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 20 | 8.00 | 20 | 8.00 | 20 | 8.00 | 20 | 8.00 | 17 | 6.80 | 14 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 39 | 8.00 | 39 | 8.00 | 39 | 8.00 | 39 | 8.00 | 33 | 6.80 | 27 | 5.50 |
| 1000 | 66 | 8.00 | 66 | 8.00 | 66 | 8.00 | 66 | 7.90 | 54 | 6.50 | 46 | 4.30 |
| 1500 | 81 | 8.00 | 81 | 8.00 | 81 | 8.00 | 74 | 7.30 | 58 | 5.80 | 54 | 3.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 210 | 1.00 | 190 | 0.94 | 170 | 0.84 | 140 | 0.71 | 110 | 0.56 | 70 | 0.35 |
| 1E + 05 | 230 | 0.07 | 210 | 0.06 | 190 | 0.05 | 160 | 0.05 | 130 | 0.04 | 79 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 250 | 0.00 | 220 | 0.00 | 200 | 0.00 | 170 | 0.00 | 130 | 0.00 | 84 | 0.00 |

Table 25 6.8 μ F 10 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 6.00 | 1 | 5.10 | 1 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 8 | 6.50 | 8 | 6.50 | 8 | 6.50 | 8 | 6.50 | 7 | 5.50 | 5 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 10 | 8.00 | 10 | 8.00 | 10 | 8.00 | 10 | 8.00 | 8 | 6.80 | 7 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 29 | 8.00 | 29 | 8.00 | 29 | 8.00 | 29 | 8.00 | 25 | 6.80 | 20 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 57 | 8.00 | 57 | 8.00 | 57 | 8.00 | 57 | 8.00 | 48 | 6.70 | 38 | 5.30 |
| 1000 | 96 | 8.00 | 96 | 8.00 | 96 | 8.00 | 86 | 7.10 | 68 | 5.70 | 63 | 3.60 |
| 1500 | 120 | 8.00 | 120 | 8.00 | 110 | 7.20 | 90 | 6.10 | 97 | 4.80 | 69 | 3.00 |
| 1E + 04 | 250 | 0.86 | 220 | 0.78 | 200 | 0.69 | 170 | 0.59 | 130 | 0.46 | 83 | 0.29 |
| 1E + 05 | 280 | 0.06 | 250 | 0.05 | 220 | 0.05 | 190 | 0.04 | 150 | 0.03 | 94 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 300 | 0.00 | 270 | 0.00 | 240 | 0.00 | 200 | 0.00 | 160 | 0.00 | 100 | 0.00 |

Table 26 10 μ F 10 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 2 | 6.00 | 2 | 6.00 | 2 | 6.00 | 2 | 6.00 | 2 | 5.10 | 1 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 11 | 6.50 | 11 | 6.50 | 11 | 6.50 | 11 | 6.50 | 10 | 5.50 | 8 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 14 | 8.00 | 14 | 8.00 | 14 | 8.00 | 14 | 8.00 | 12 | 6.80 | 10 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 43 | 8.00 | 43 | 8.00 | 43 | 8.00 | 43 | 8.00 | 36 | 6.80 | 30 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 83 | 8.00 | 83 | 8.00 | 83 | 8.00 | 83 | 8.00 | 70 | 6.70 | 53 | 5.10 |
| 1000 | 140 | 8.00 | 140 | 8.00 | 140 | 7.90 | 120 | 6.70 | 94 | 5.30 | 90 | 3.40 |
| 1500 | 170 | 8.00 | 160 | 7.60 | 150 | 6.70 | 120 | 5.70 | 140 | 4.50 | 95 | 2.90 |
| 1E + 04 | 340 | 0.81 | 310 | 0.73 | 270 | 0.65 | 230 | 0.55 | 180 | 0.44 | 120 | 0.27 |
| 1E + 05 | 380 | 0.05 | 350 | 0.05 | 310 | 0.04 | 260 | 0.04 | 210 | 0.03 | 130 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 410 | 0.00 | 370 | 0.00 | 330 | 0.00 | 280 | 0.00 | 220 | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 27 15 μ F 10 V, case size 50

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 3 | 6.00 | 3 | 6.00 | 3 | 6.00 | 3 | 6.00 | 3 | 5.10 | 2 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 17 | 6.50 | 17 | 6.50 | 17 | 6.50 | 17 | 6.50 | 15 | 5.50 | 12 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 21 | 8.00 | 21 | 8.00 | 21 | 8.00 | 21 | 8.00 | 18 | 6.80 | 15 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 64 | 8.00 | 64 | 8.00 | 64 | 8.00 | 64 | 8.00 | 54 | 6.80 | 45 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 120 | 8.00 | 120 | 8.00 | 120 | 8.00 | 120 | 8.00 | 100 | 6.60 | 87 | 4.60 |
| 1000 | 210 | 8.00 | 210 | 7.90 | 190 | 7.00 | 160 | 5.90 | 170 | 4.70 | 120 | 3.00 |
| 1500 | 260 | 7.40 | 260 | 6.70 | 260 | 5.90 | 240 | 5.10 | 190 | 4.00 | 120 | 2.50 |
| 1E + 04 | 450 | 0.71 | 410 | 0.64 | 360 | 0.57 | 310 | 0.49 | 240 | 0.38 | 150 | 0.24 |
| 1E + 05 | 510 | 0.05 | 460 | 0.05 | 410 | 0.04 | 350 | 0.03 | 270 | 0.03 | 170 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 540 | 0.00 | 490 | 0.00 | 430 | 0.00 | 370 | 0.00 | 290 | 0.00 | 180 | 0.00 |

Table 28 22 μ F 10 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 4.50 | 0 | 3.80 | 0 | 3.20 |
| 10 | 5 | 6.00 | 5 | 6.00 | 5 | 6.00 | 5 | 6.00 | 4 | 5.10 | 3 | 4.20 |
| 50 | 25 | 6.50 | 25 | 6.50 | 25 | 6.50 | 25 | 6.50 | 21 | 5.50 | 18 | 4.60 |
| 100 | 31 | 8.00 | 31 | 8.00 | 31 | 8.00 | 31 | 8.00 | 26 | 6.80 | 22 | 5.60 |
| 300 | 94 | 8.00 | 94 | 8.00 | 94 | 8.00 | 94 | 8.00 | 80 | 6.80 | 66 | 5.60 |
| 600 | 180 | 8.00 | 180 | 8.00 | 180 | 8.00 | 180 | 7.90 | 150 | 6.50 | 130 | 4.30 |
| 1000 | 310 | 8.00 | 310 | 7.30 | 250 | 6.40 | 210 | 5.50 | 250 | 4.30 | 160 | 2.70 |
| 1500 | 380 | 6.80 | 380 | 6.20 | 260 | 5.50 | 330 | 4.70 | 270 | 3.70 | 170 | 2.30 |
| 1E + 04 | 610 | 0.65 | 550 | 0.59 | 490 | 0.53 | 420 | 0.45 | 330 | 0.35 | 210 | 0.22 |
| 1E + 05 | 680 | 0.07 | 620 | 0.06 | 550 | 0.06 | 470 | 0.05 | 370 | 0.04 | 230 | 0.02 |
| 1E + 06 | 730 | 0.00 | 660 | 0.00 | 590 | 0.00 | 500 | 0.00 | 390 | 0.00 | 250 | 0.00 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 29 1.5 μ F 16 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 0 | 8.10 | 0 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 3 | 10.40 | 3 | 10.40 | 3 | 10.40 | 3 | 10.40 | 2 | 8.80 | 2 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 3 | 12.80 | 3 | 12.80 | 3 | 12.80 | 3 | 12.80 | 3 | 10.80 | 2 | 9.00 |
| 300 | 10 | 12.80 | 10 | 12.80 | 10 | 12.80 | 10 | 12.80 | 9 | 10.80 | 7 | 9.00 |
| 600 | 20 | 12.80 | 20 | 12.80 | 20 | 12.80 | 20 | 12.80 | 17 | 10.80 | 14 | 8.80 |
| 1000 | 34 | 12.80 | 34 | 12.80 | 34 | 12.80 | 33 | 12.50 | 27 | 10.10 | 23 | 6.50 |
| 1500 | 41 | 12.80 | 41 | 12.80 | 41 | 12.80 | 36 | 11.00 | 28 | 8.70 | 27 | 5.50 |
| 1E + 04 | 99 | 1.60 | 90 | 1.40 | 80 | 1.30 | 68 | 1.10 | 53 | 0.85 | 34 | 0.53 |
| 1E + 05 | 110 | 0.24 | 100 | 0.21 | 90 | 0.19 | 76 | 0.16 | 60 | 0.13 | 38 | 0.08 |
| 1E + 06 | 120 | 0.00 | 110 | 0.00 | 96 | 0.00 | 82 | 0.00 | 64 | 0.00 | 40 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 30 2.2 μF 16 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 8.10 | 1 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 4 | 10.40 | 4 | 10.40 | 4 | 10.40 | 4 | 10.40 | 3 | 8.80 | 3 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 5 | 12.80 | 5 | 12.80 | 5 | 12.80 | 5 | 12.80 | 4 | 10.80 | 3 | 9.00 |
| 300 | 15 | 12.80 | 15 | 12.80 | 15 | 12.80 | 15 | 12.80 | 13 | 10.80 | 11 | 9.00 |
| 600 | 29 | 12.80 | 29 | 12.80 | 29 | 12.80 | 29 | 12.80 | 25 | 10.80 | 20 | 8.90 |
| 1000 | 50 | 12.80 | 50 | 12.80 | 50 | 12.80 | 50 | 12.70 | 41 | 10.60 | 35 | 7.20 |
| 1500 | 61 | 12.80 | 61 | 12.80 | 61 | 12.80 | 57 | 12.00 | 45 | 9.60 | 41 | 6.10 |
| 1E + 04 | 160 | 1.70 | 140 | 1.60 | 130 | 1.40 | 110 | 1.20 | 86 | 0.93 | 54 | 0.58 |
| 1E + 05 | 180 | 0.25 | 160 | 0.23 | 140 | 0.20 | 120 | 0.17 | 97 | 0.14 | 61 | 0.09 |
| 1E + 06 | 190 | 0.00 | 170 | 0.00 | 150 | 0.00 | 130 | 0.00 | 100 | 0.00 | 65 | 0.00 |

Table 31 3.3 μF 16 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 9.60 | 1 | 8.10 | 1 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 6 | 10.40 | 6 | 10.40 | 6 | 10.40 | 6 | 10.40 | 5 | 8.80 | 4 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 7 | 12.80 | 7 | 12.80 | 7 | 12.80 | 7 | 12.80 | 6 | 10.80 | 5 | 9.00 |
| 300 | 23 | 12.80 | 23 | 12.80 | 23 | 12.80 | 23 | 12.80 | 19 | 10.80 | 16 | 9.00 |
| 600 | 44 | 12.80 | 44 | 12.80 | 44 | 12.80 | 44 | 12.80 | 37 | 10.80 | 30 | 8.60 |
| 1000 | 75 | 12.80 | 75 | 12.80 | 75 | 12.80 | 68 | 11.80 | 54 | 9.20 | 50 | 5.80 |
| 1500 | 91 | 12.80 | 91 | 12.80 | 83 | 11.70 | 71 | 9.90 | 76 | 7.90 | 54 | 5.00 |
| 1E + 04 | 190 | 1.40 | 180 | 1.30 | 160 | 1.10 | 130 | 0.96 | 110 | 0.76 | 66 | 0.48 |
| 1E + 05 | 220 | 0.22 | 200 | 0.20 | 180 | 0.17 | 150 | 0.15 | 120 | 0.12 | 75 | 0.07 |
| 1E + 06 | 230 | 0.00 | 210 | 0.00 | 190 | 0.00 | 160 | 0.00 | 130 | 0.00 | 80 | 0.00 |

Table 32 4.7 μF 16 V, case size 50

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 9.60 | 1 | 8.10 | 1 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 9 | 10.40 | 9 | 10.40 | 9 | 10.40 | 9 | 10.40 | 7 | 8.80 | 6 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 11 | 12.80 | 11 | 12.80 | 11 | 12.80 | 11 | 12.80 | 9 | 10.80 | 7 | 9.00 |
| 300 | 32 | 12.80 | 32 | 12.80 | 32 | 12.80 | 32 | 12.80 | 27 | 10.80 | 23 | 9.00 |
| 600 | 63 | 12.80 | 63 | 12.80 | 63 | 12.80 | 63 | 12.80 | 53 | 10.80 | 40 | 8.20 |
| 1000 | 110 | 12.80 | 110 | 12.80 | 100 | 12.60 | 90 | 10.80 | 71 | 8.50 | 67 | 5.40 |
| 1500 | 130 | 12.80 | 120 | 12.20 | 110 | 10.80 | 93 | 9.20 | 110 | 7.30 | 71 | 4.60 |
| 1E + 04 | 260 | 1.30 | 230 | 1.20 | 210 | 1.00 | 180 | 0.88 | 140 | 0.70 | 87 | 0.44 |
| 1E + 05 | 290 | 0.20 | 260 | 0.19 | 230 | 0.16 | 200 | 0.14 | 160 | 0.11 | 98 | 0.07 |
| 1E + 06 | 310 | 0.00 | 280 | 0.00 | 250 | 0.00 | 210 | 0.00 | 170 | 0.00 | 100 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 33 6.8 μ F 16 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 7.20 | 0 | 6.10 | 0 | 5.00 |
| 10 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 9.60 | 2 | 8.10 | 2 | 6.70 |
| 50 | 13 | 10.40 | 13 | 10.40 | 13 | 10.40 | 13 | 10.40 | 11 | 8.80 | 9 | 7.30 |
| 100 | 15 | 12.80 | 15 | 12.80 | 15 | 12.80 | 15 | 12.80 | 13 | 10.80 | 11 | 9.00 |
| 300 | 47 | 12.80 | 47 | 12.80 | 47 | 12.80 | 47 | 12.80 | 39 | 10.80 | 33 | 9.00 |
| 600 | 91 | 12.80 | 91 | 12.80 | 91 | 12.80 | 90 | 12.80 | 76 | 10.70 | 63 | 7.50 |
| 1000 | 150 | 12.80 | 150 | 12.80 | 140 | 11.40 | 120 | 9.70 | 130 | 7.70 | 89 | 4.80 |
| 1500 | 190 | 12.10 | 190 | 11.00 | 140 | 9.70 | 120 | 8.30 | 140 | 6.50 | 92 | 4.10 |
| 1E + 04 | 330 | 1.20 | 300 | 1.10 | 270 | 0.93 | 230 | 0.79 | 180 | 0.63 | 110 | 0.39 |
| 1E + 05 | 370 | 0.16 | 340 | 0.14 | 300 | 0.13 | 260 | 0.11 | 200 | 0.09 | 130 | 0.05 |
| 1E + 06 | 400 | 0.00 | 360 | 0.00 | 320 | 0.00 | 270 | 0.00 | 220 | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 |

Table 34 0.33 μ F 20 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.0 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 10.20 | 0 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 11.00 | 1 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 13.50 | 1 | 11.20 |
| 300 | 3 | 16.00 | 3 | 16.00 | 3 | 16.00 | 3 | 16.00 | 2 | 13.50 | 2 | 11.20 |
| 600 | 5 | 16.00 | 5 | 16.00 | 5 | 16.00 | 5 | 16.00 | 5 | 13.50 | 4 | 11.20 |
| 1000 | 9 | 16.00 | 9 | 16.00 | 9 | 16.00 | 9 | 16.00 | 8 | 13.50 | 7 | 11.20 |
| 1500 | 11 | 16.00 | 11 | 16.00 | 11 | 16.00 | 11 | 16.00 | 10 | 13.50 | 8 | 10.90 |
| 1E + 04 | 46 | 3.40 | 42 | 3.00 | 37 | 2.70 | 32 | 2.30 | 25 | 1.80 | 16 | 1.10 |
| 1E + 05 | 53 | 0.22 | 48 | 0.20 | 42 | 0.18 | 36 | 0.15 | 28 | 0.12 | 18 | 0.08 |
| 1E + 06 | 56 | 0.00 | 51 | 0.00 | 45 | 0.00 | 38 | 0.00 | 30 | 0.00 | 19 | 0.00 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 35 0.47 μ F 20 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 10.20 | 0 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 13.00 | 1 | 11.00 | 1 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 16.00 | 1 | 13.50 | 1 | 11.20 |
| 300 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 16.00 | 3 | 13.50 | 3 | 11.20 |
| 600 | 8 | 16.00 | 8 | 16.00 | 8 | 16.00 | 8 | 16.00 | 7 | 13.50 | 5 | 11.20 |
| 1000 | 13 | 16.00 | 13 | 16.00 | 13 | 16.00 | 13 | 16.00 | 11 | 13.50 | 9 | 11.20 |
| 1500 | 16 | 16.00 | 16 | 16.00 | 16 | 16.00 | 16 | 16.00 | 14 | 13.50 | 11 | 10.90 |
| 1E + 04 | 65 | 3.30 | 59 | 3.00 | 52 | 2.60 | 45 | 2.30 | 35 | 1.80 | 22 | 1.10 |
| 1E + 05 | 73 | 0.31 | 67 | 0.28 | 59 | 0.25 | 50 | 0.21 | 40 | 0.17 | 25 | 0.11 |
| 1E + 06 | 78 | 0.00 | 71 | 0.00 | 63 | 0.00 | 54 | 0.00 | 42 | 0.00 | 27 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 36 0.68 μ F 20 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 10.20 | 0 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 13.00 | 1 | 11.00 | 1 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 2 | 16.00 | 2 | 16.00 | 2 | 16.00 | 2 | 16.00 | 2 | 13.50 | 1 | 11.20 |
| 300 | 6 | 16.00 | 6 | 16.00 | 6 | 16.00 | 6 | 16.00 | 5 | 13.50 | 4 | 11.20 |
| 600 | 11 | 16.00 | 11 | 16.00 | 11 | 16.00 | 11 | 16.00 | 10 | 13.50 | 8 | 11.20 |
| 1000 | 19 | 16.00 | 19 | 16.00 | 19 | 16.00 | 19 | 16.00 | 16 | 13.50 | 13 | 10.80 |
| 1500 | 23 | 16.00 | 23 | 16.00 | 23 | 16.00 | 23 | 16.00 | 20 | 13.40 | 16 | 9.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 79 | 2.70 | 71 | 2.50 | 63 | 2.20 | 54 | 1.90 | 42 | 1.50 | 27 | 0.93 |
| 1E + 05 | 89 | 0.25 | 80 | 0.23 | 71 | 0.20 | 61 | 0.17 | 48 | 0.14 | 30 | 0.08 |
| 1E + 06 | 95 | 0.00 | 86 | 0.00 | 76 | 0.00 | 65 | 0.00 | 51 | 0.00 | 32 | 0.00 |

Table 37 1 μ F 20 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 12.00 | 0 | 10.20 | 0 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 13.00 | 2 | 11.00 | 2 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 3 | 16.00 | 3 | 16.00 | 3 | 16.00 | 3 | 16.00 | 2 | 13.50 | 2 | 11.20 |
| 300 | 9 | 16.00 | 9 | 16.00 | 9 | 16.00 | 9 | 16.00 | 7 | 13.50 | 6 | 11.20 |
| 600 | 17 | 16.00 | 17 | 16.00 | 17 | 16.00 | 17 | 16.00 | 14 | 13.50 | 12 | 11.20 |
| 1000 | 28 | 16.00 | 28 | 16.00 | 28 | 16.00 | 28 | 16.00 | 24 | 13.50 | 18 | 10.40 |
| 1500 | 35 | 16.00 | 35 | 16.00 | 35 | 16.00 | 34 | 15.90 | 29 | 13.20 | 24 | 9.00 |
| 1E + 04 | 110 | 2.60 | 98 | 2.30 | 86 | 2.10 | 74 | 1.70 | 58 | 1.40 | 36 | 0.87 |
| 1E + 05 | 120 | 0.26 | 110 | 0.23 | 98 | 0.21 | 83 | 0.18 | 66 | 0.14 | 41 | 0.09 |
| 1E + 06 | 130 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | 100 | 0.00 | 89 | 0.00 | 70 | 0.00 | 44 | 0.00 |

Table 38 1.5 μ F 20 V, case size 50

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 5.30 |
| 10 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 10.20 | 0 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 3 | 13.00 | 3 | 13.00 | 3 | 13.00 | 3 | 13.00 | 3 | 11.00 | 2 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 16.00 | 4 | 13.50 | 3 | 11.20 |
| 300 | 13 | 16.00 | 13 | 16.00 | 13 | 16.00 | 13 | 16.00 | 11 | 13.50 | 9 | 11.20 |
| 600 | 25 | 16.00 | 25 | 16.00 | 25 | 16.00 | 25 | 16.00 | 21 | 13.50 | 17 | 11.20 |
| 1000 | 42 | 16.00 | 42 | 16.00 | 42 | 16.00 | 42 | 16.00 | 35 | 13.40 | 30 | 9.50 |
| 1500 | 52 | 16.00 | 52 | 16.00 | 52 | 16.00 | 50 | 15.50 | 40 | 12.50 | 36 | 8.10 |
| 1E + 04 | 140 | 2.30 | 130 | 2.10 | 120 | 1.80 | 99 | 1.60 | 78 | 1.20 | 49 | 0.77 |
| 1E + 05 | 160 | 0.23 | 150 | 0.21 | 130 | 0.19 | 110 | 0.16 | 88 | 0.12 | 55 | 0.08 |
| 1E + 06 | 170 | 0.00 | 160 | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | 94 | 0.00 | 59 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 39 2.2 μ F 20 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 9.00 | 0 | 7.60 | 0 | 6.30 |
| 10 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 12.00 | 1 | 10.20 | 1 | 8.40 |
| 50 | 5 | 13.00 | 5 | 13.00 | 5 | 13.00 | 5 | 13.00 | 4 | 11.00 | 4 | 9.10 |
| 100 | 6 | 16.00 | 6 | 16.00 | 6 | 16.00 | 6 | 16.00 | 5 | 13.50 | 4 | 11.20 |
| 300 | 19 | 16.00 | 19 | 16.00 | 19 | 16.00 | 19 | 16.00 | 16 | 13.50 | 13 | 11.20 |
| 600 | 37 | 16.00 | 37 | 16.00 | 37 | 16.00 | 37 | 16.00 | 31 | 13.50 | 25 | 11.10 |
| 1000 | 62 | 16.00 | 62 | 16.00 | 62 | 16.00 | 62 | 15.90 | 51 | 13.00 | 43 | 8.60 |
| 1500 | 76 | 16.00 | 76 | 16.00 | 76 | 16.00 | 68 | 14.40 | 54 | 11.40 | 50 | 7.30 |
| 1E + 04 | 190 | 2.10 | 170 | 1.90 | 150 | 1.70 | 130 | 1.40 | 100 | 1.10 | 65 | 0.70 |
| 1E + 05 | 220 | 0.15 | 200 | 0.14 | 170 | 0.12 | 150 | 0.10 | 120 | 0.08 | 73 | 0.05 |
| 1E + 06 | 230 | 0.00 | 210 | 0.00 | 180 | 0.00 | 160 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | 78 | 0.00 |

Table 40 0.1 μ F 25 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 13.80 | 0 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 0 | 20.00 | 0 | 20.00 | 0 | 20.00 | 0 | 20.00 | 0 | 16.90 | 0 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 16.90 | 1 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 16.90 | 1 | 14.00 |
| 1000 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 3 | 16.90 | 2 | 13.90 |
| 1500 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 16.90 | 3 | 13.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 18 | 4.30 | 16 | 3.90 | 15 | 3.50 | 12 | 3.00 | 10 | 2.30 | 6 | 1.50 |
| 1E + 05 | 21 | 0.20 | 19 | 0.18 | 17 | 0.16 | 14 | 0.14 | 11 | 0.11 | 7 | 0.07 |
| 1E + 06 | 22 | 0.00 | 20 | 0.00 | 18 | 0.00 | 15 | 0.00 | 12 | 0.00 | 7 | 0.00 |

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Table 41 0.15 μ F 25 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 16.20 | 0 | 13.80 | 0 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 0 | 16.90 | 0 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 1 | 16.90 | 1 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 3 | 20.00 | 3 | 20.00 | 3 | 20.00 | 3 | 20.00 | 3 | 16.90 | 2 | 14.00 |
| 1000 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 4 | 16.80 | 4 | 13.70 |
| 1500 | 6 | 20.00 | 6 | 20.00 | 6 | 20.00 | 6 | 20.00 | 5 | 16.80 | 4 | 12.30 |
| 1E + 04 | 22 | 3.50 | 20 | 3.20 | 18 | 2.80 | 15 | 2.40 | 12 | 1.90 | 8 | 1.20 |
| 1E + 05 | 25 | 0.18 | 23 | 0.16 | 20 | 0.14 | 17 | 0.12 | 14 | 0.10 | 9 | 0.06 |
| 1E + 06 | 27 | 0.00 | 24 | 0.00 | 22 | 0.00 | 18 | 0.00 | 15 | 0.00 | 9 | 0.00 |

Table 42 0.22 μ F 25 V, case size 20

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 13.80 | 0 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 16.90 | 1 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 16.90 | 2 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 4 | 16.90 | 3 | 13.90 |
| 1000 | 8 | 20.00 | 8 | 20.00 | 8 | 20.00 | 8 | 20.00 | 7 | 16.80 | 5 | 12.10 |
| 1500 | 9 | 20.00 | 9 | 20.00 | 9 | 20.00 | 9 | 19.60 | 8 | 15.90 | 7 | 10.30 |
| 1E + 04 | 27 | 2.90 | 24 | 2.60 | 22 | 2.30 | 18 | 2.00 | 15 | 1.60 | 9 | 0.99 |
| 1E + 05 | 30 | 0.13 | 28 | 0.12 | 24 | 0.10 | 21 | 0.09 | 16 | 0.07 | 10 | 0.04 |
| 1E + 06 | 32 | 0.00 | 29 | 0.00 | 26 | 0.00 | 22 | 0.00 | 18 | 0.00 | 11 | 0.00 |

Table 43 0.33 μ F 25 V, case size 30

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 13.80 | 1 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 20.00 | 1 | 16.90 | 1 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 3 | 16.90 | 2 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 7 | 20.00 | 7 | 20.00 | 7 | 20.00 | 7 | 20.00 | 6 | 16.90 | 5 | 13.90 |
| 1000 | 12 | 20.00 | 12 | 20.00 | 12 | 20.00 | 12 | 20.00 | 10 | 16.60 | 8 | 11.60 |
| 1500 | 14 | 20.00 | 14 | 20.00 | 14 | 20.00 | 14 | 19.20 | 11 | 15.40 | 10 | 9.80 |
| 1E + 04 | 39 | 2.80 | 35 | 2.50 | 31 | 2.20 | 26 | 1.90 | 21 | 1.50 | 13 | 0.94 |
| 1E + 05 | 44 | 0.18 | 40 | 0.17 | 35 | 0.15 | 30 | 0.13 | 24 | 0.10 | 15 | 0.06 |
| 1E + 06 | 47 | 0.00 | 42 | 0.00 | 37 | 0.00 | 32 | 0.00 | 25 | 0.00 | 16 | 0.00 |

Table 44 0.47 μ F 25 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 16.20 | 1 | 13.80 | 1 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 1 | 16.90 | 1 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 4 | 16.90 | 4 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 10 | 20.00 | 10 | 20.00 | 10 | 20.00 | 10 | 20.00 | 8 | 16.90 | 7 | 13.90 |
| 1000 | 17 | 20.00 | 17 | 20.00 | 17 | 20.00 | 16 | 19.80 | 14 | 16.40 | 12 | 10.90 |
| 1500 | 20 | 20.00 | 20 | 20.00 | 20 | 20.00 | 19 | 18.30 | 15 | 14.60 | 14 | 9.30 |
| 1E + 04 | 52 | 2.60 | 47 | 2.40 | 42 | 2.10 | 36 | 1.80 | 28 | 1.40 | 18 | 0.89 |
| 1E + 05 | 59 | 0.17 | 53 | 0.15 | 47 | 0.13 | 40 | 0.11 | 32 | 0.09 | 20 | 0.06 |
| 1E + 06 | 63 | 0.00 | 57 | 0.00 | 50 | 0.00 | 43 | 0.00 | 34 | 0.00 | 21 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet

Table 45 0.68 μ F 25 V, case size 40

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 2 | 16.20 | 2 | 16.20 | 2 | 16.20 | 2 | 16.20 | 2 | 13.80 | 1 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 20.00 | 2 | 16.90 | 2 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 7 | 20.00 | 7 | 20.00 | 7 | 20.00 | 7 | 20.00 | 6 | 16.90 | 5 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 14 | 20.00 | 14 | 20.00 | 14 | 20.00 | 14 | 20.00 | 12 | 16.80 | 10 | 13.50 |
| 1000 | 24 | 20.00 | 24 | 20.00 | 24 | 20.00 | 22 | 18.10 | 17 | 14.40 | 16 | 9.10 |
| 1500 | 29 | 20.00 | 29 | 20.00 | 27 | 18.20 | 23 | 15.50 | 24 | 12.30 | 17 | 7.70 |
| 1E + 04 | 63 | 2.20 | 57 | 2.00 | 50 | 1.80 | 43 | 1.50 | 34 | 1.20 | 21 | 0.74 |
| 1E + 05 | 71 | 0.15 | 64 | 0.14 | 57 | 0.12 | 48 | 0.10 | 38 | 0.08 | 24 | 0.05 |
| 1E + 06 | 75 | 0.00 | 68 | 0.00 | 61 | 0.00 | 52 | 0.00 | 41 | 0.00 | 26 | 0.00 |

Table 46 1 μ F 25 V, case size 50

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 15.00 | 0 | 12.70 | 0 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 3 | 16.20 | 3 | 16.20 | 3 | 16.20 | 3 | 16.20 | 2 | 13.80 | 2 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 4 | 20.00 | 3 | 16.90 | 2 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 11 | 20.00 | 11 | 20.00 | 11 | 20.00 | 11 | 20.00 | 9 | 16.90 | 8 | 14.00 |
| 600 | 21 | 20.00 | 21 | 20.00 | 21 | 20.00 | 21 | 20.00 | 18 | 16.80 | 13 | 12.70 |
| 1000 | 35 | 20.00 | 35 | 20.00 | 34 | 19.50 | 29 | 16.60 | 23 | 13.10 | 22 | 8.30 |
| 1500 | 43 | 20.00 | 40 | 18.70 | 36 | 16.60 | 31 | 14.10 | 35 | 11.20 | 23 | 7.00 |
| 1E + 04 | 84 | 2.00 | 76 | 1.80 | 67 | 1.60 | 57 | 1.40 | 45 | 1.10 | 28 | 0.68 |
| 1E + 05 | 95 | 0.13 | 86 | 0.12 | 76 | 0.11 | 65 | 0.09 | 51 | 0.07 | 32 | 0.05 |
| 1E + 06 | 100 | 0.00 | 92 | 0.00 | 81 | 0.00 | 69 | 0.00 | 55 | 0.00 | 34 | 0.00 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Table 47 1.5 μ F 25 V, case size 60

| Frequency Hz | T = 25 °C | | T = 45 °C | | T = 65 °C | | T = 85 °C | | T = 105 °C | | T = 125 °C | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V | I _{RMS} mA | V _{PEAK} V |
| 1 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 11.30 | 0 | 9.50 | 0 | 7.90 |
| 10 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 15.00 | 1 | 12.70 | 1 | 10.50 |
| 50 | 4 | 16.20 | 4 | 16.20 | 4 | 16.20 | 4 | 16.20 | 4 | 13.80 | 3 | 11.40 |
| 100 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 5 | 20.00 | 4 | 16.90 | 4 | 14.00 |
| 300 | 16 | 20.00 | 16 | 20.00 | 16 | 20.00 | 16 | 20.00 | 14 | 16.90 | 11 | 13.90 |
| 600 | 31 | 20.00 | 31 | 20.00 | 31 | 20.00 | 31 | 20.00 | 26 | 16.60 | 22 | 11.40 |
| 1000 | 53 | 20.00 | 52 | 19.50 | 46 | 17.20 | 39 | 14.70 | 44 | 11.60 | 30 | 7.30 |
| 1500 | 65 | 18.20 | 65 | 16.60 | 47 | 14.60 | 40 | 12.50 | 48 | 9.90 | 31 | 6.20 |
| 1E + 04 | 110 | 1.80 | 100 | 1.60 | 89 | 1.40 | 76 | 1.20 | 60 | 0.95 | 38 | 0.59 |
| 1E + 05 | 120 | 0.12 | 110 | 0.11 | 100 | 0.10 | 85 | 0.08 | 67 | 0.07 | 42 | 0.04 |
| 1E + 06 | 130 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | 110 | 0.00 | 91 | 0.00 | 72 | 0.00 | 45 | 0.00 |

See Notes at the end of this data sheet.

Notes to Tables 9 to 47

1. Zero DC voltage is assumed. At non-zero DC voltages, the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with the paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
2. If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit stated under "Ripple voltage" paragraph (b) is not exceeded. If the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

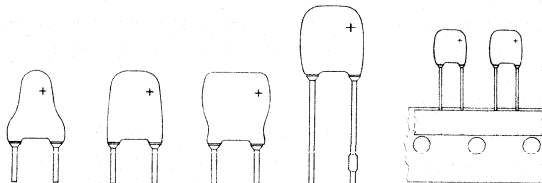
DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

2222 128

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature type, low profile
- Single ended
- Resin dipped
- Long life
- No derating at maximum temperature
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Nominal capacitance range (E6 series)

Tolerance on nominal capacitance

Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series)

Category temperature range

Usable temperature range

Endurance test

at 125 °C

at 85 °C

Basic specification

Climatic category, IEC 68

DIN40040

NF C20-600

0,1 to 68 μF

$\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order)

6,3 to 40 V

-55 to + 125 °C

-55 to + 175 °C

2000 hours (5000 hours pending) ←

5000 hours typical (8000 hours

pending) ←

IEC 384-4, G.P. grade ←

55/125/56 ←

FKD/KQ/TV

434

Table 1 Selection chart for C_{nom} — U_R and relevant case sizes

| C_{nom} μF | $U_C - U_R$ (V) | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | U_R | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 40 |
| | U_C | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 30* | 30* |
| 0,1 | | | | | | | 10 |
| 0,15 | | | | | | | 10 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | | 20 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 20 | 30 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 30 | 40 |
| 0,68 | | | | | 20 | 30 | 40 |
| 1 | | | | | 20 | 40 | 50 |
| 1,5 | | | | | 20 | 50 | 60 |
| 2,2 | | | | 20 | 30 | 60 | 60 [▲] |
| 3,3 | | | | 20 | 40 | 60 [▲] | |
| 4,7 | | | 20 | 30 | 50 | | |
| 6,8 | | | 20 | 30 | 60 | | |
| 10 | | 20 | 30 | 40 | 60 [▲] | | |
| 15 | | | 30 | 50 | | | |
| 22 | | 30 | 40 | 60 [▲] | | | |
| 33 | | 40 | 50 | | | | |
| 47 | | 50 | 60 | | | | |
| 68 | | 60 | | | | | |

* > 85 °C to 125 °C max. loading = U_C .

▲ Under consideration.

Table 2 Case dimensions ←

| case size | maximum dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|---|
| 10 | 9,0 ^{+0,5} ₋₀ x 7 x 3 |
| 20 | 9,0 ^{+0,5} ₋₀ x 7 x 3,5 |
| 30 | 9,0 ^{+0,5} ₋₀ x 7 x 4 |
| 40 | 9,0 ^{+0,5} ₋₀ x 7 x 5 |
| 50 | 9,0 ^{+0,5} ₋₀ x 8 x 5 |
| 60 | 9,0 ^{+0,5} ₋₀ x 8 x 6 |

APPLICATION

Especially designed for filtering, smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in general and industrial applications. These capacitors make use of advanced technology, to achieve long life, high reliability, high stability and low temperature dependence.

The capacitors have a very low and stable leakage current, small dimensions and a fixed pitch of 5 mm. The taped versions are suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

This capacitor is constructed of a highly etched aluminium plate anode, a solid cathode, and an aluminium oxide as a dielectric. The capacitor is coated with an orange synthetic resin. The leads protrude from the bottom of the capacitors.

The capacitor is available in four styles, all with soldered-copper leads:

style 1: with short leads,

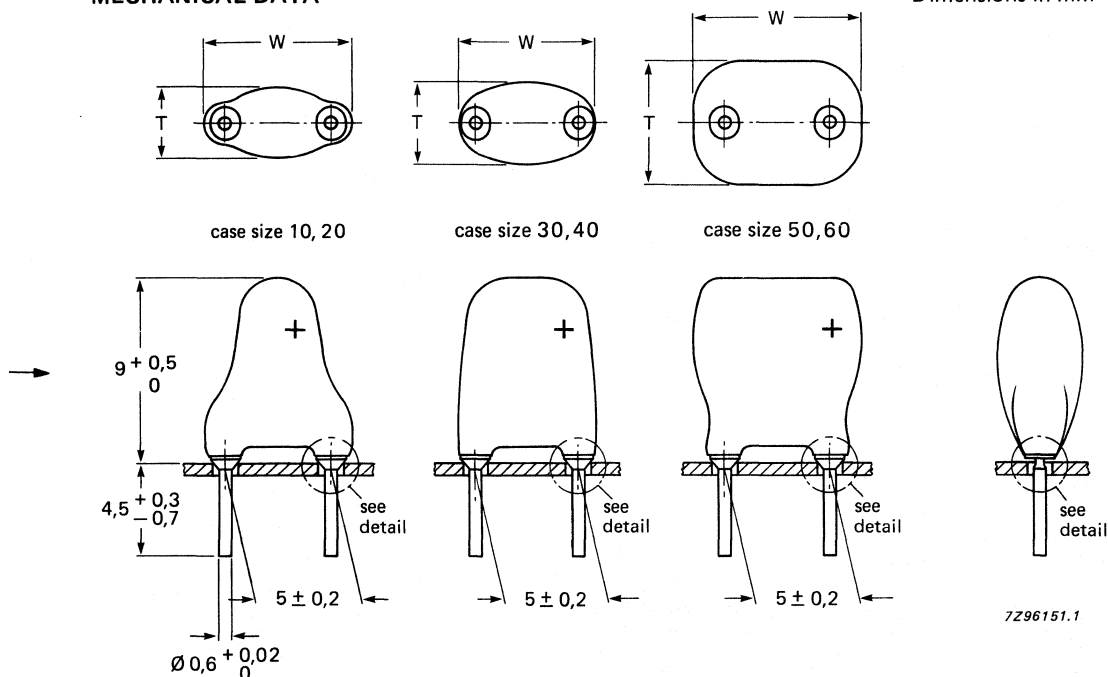
style 2: with long leads of which the anode lead has a flattened area at the end,

style 3: with long leads (without flattened area) on tape on reel, positive leading,

style 4: with long leads (without flattened area) on tape in ammunition pack.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm*



→ Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 3 for dimensions T and W.
Note: Capacitors with other lead lengths are available to special order.

Table 3 Physical dimensions, styles 1 and 2

| case size | T _{max} | W _{max} | mass grams |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|------------|
| 10 | 3 | 7 | 0,22 |
| 20 | 3,5 | 7 | 0,25 |
| 30 | 4 | 7 | 0,30 |
| 40 | 5 | 7 | 0,35 |
| 50 | 5 | 8 | 0,50 |
| 60 | 6 | 8 | 0,60 |

* Measured in accordance with IEC 717.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

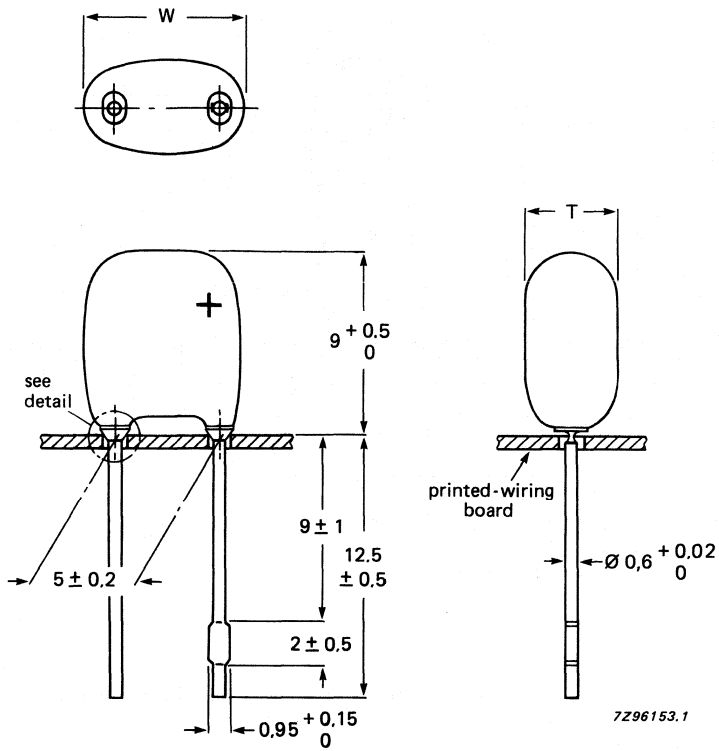


Fig. 2 Style 2 (case sizes 30, 40); see Table 3 for dimensions T and W.

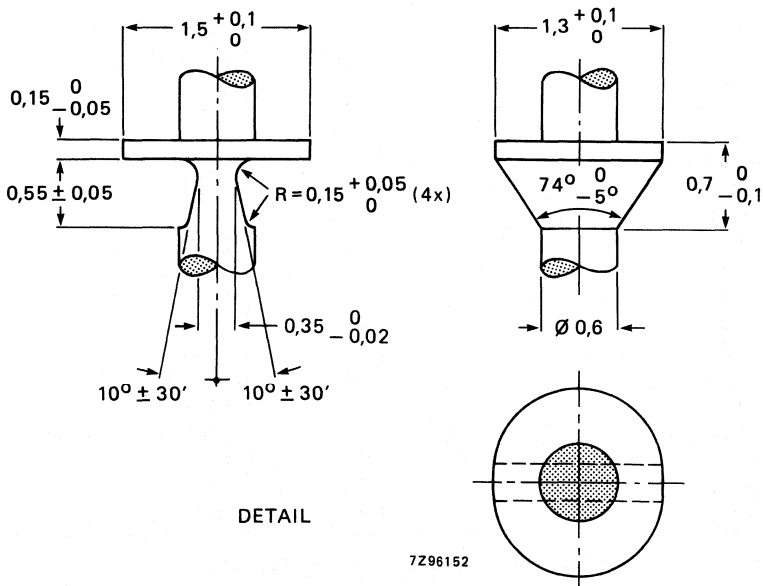
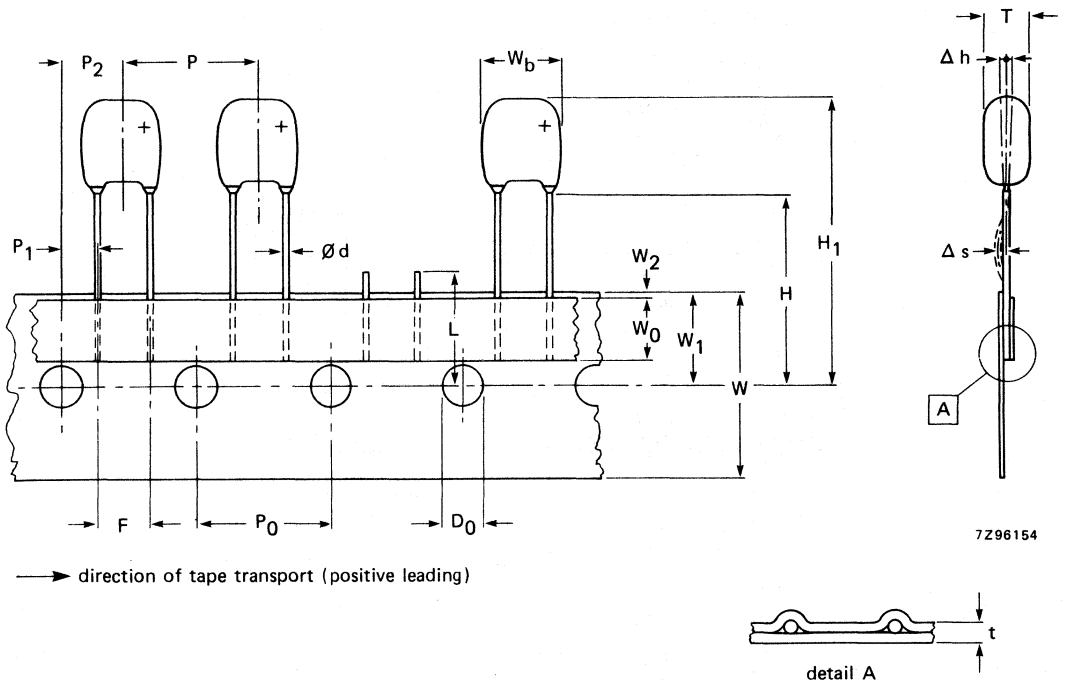


Fig. 3 Detail of flange in Figs 1 and 2.



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Fig. 4 Styles 3 and 4 (case sizes 30, 40); see Table 4 for dimensions.

Table 4 Taping dimensions, styles 3 and 4

| | symbol | value | tolerance | remarks |
|--|------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------------|
| → Body thickness | T | 3 - 6 | maximum | } see Table 3 |
| Body width | W_b | 7,0 - 8 | maximum | |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | ± 1 | |
| Lead-wire diameter | d | 0,6 | $+ 0,02/- 0$ | |
| Lead straightness | Δs | 0 | $\pm 0,2$ | |
| Length of snapped leads | L | 11 | maximum | |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5 | $+ 0,4/- 0,2$ | |
| Pitch of components | P | 12,7 | ± 1 | |
| Feed-hole pitch | P_0 | 12,7 | $\pm 0,2$ | * |
| Feed-hole centre to lead | P_1 | 3,85 | $\pm 0,5$ | |
| Feed-hole centre to component centre | P_2 | 6,35 | ± 1 | |
| Feed-hole diameter | D_0 | 4 | $\pm 0,2$ | |
| → Height of component from tape centre | H | 16 - 18,5 | $\pm 0,5$ | |
| Component height | H_1 | 28 | maximum | |
| Tape width | W | 18 | $\pm 0,5$ | |
| Hold-down tape width | W_0 | 6 | $\pm 0,5$ | Feed hole shall be free |
| Hole position | W_1 | 9 | $+ 0,5/- 0,2$ | |
| Hold-down tape position | W_2 | 0,5 | $+ 0,5/- 0,2$ | |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | maximum | |

* Cumulative pitch error: $\pm 0,5$ mm/4 pitches, and ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, rated voltage, "+" sign to identify the anode terminal, tolerance code (M = $\pm 20\%$, K = $\pm 10\%$), date code (year and month) in accordance with IEC 62, and name of manufacturer.

Mounting

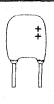
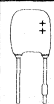


The diameter of the mounting holes in the printed-wiring board is $0,8 \pm 0,1$ mm, except that of the hole for the anode lead of style 2 capacitors: $1,3 + 0/ - 0,2$ mm.

When bending, cutting or straightening the leads, ensure that the capacitor body is relieved from stress. Bending after soldering must be avoided.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values in Table 5 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 93 to 106 kPa, and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

Table 5 Electrical data

| U _R (1) | nom. cap. | max. RMS ripple current at T _{amb} = 125 °C, no DC voltage applied | max. DC leakage current (μA)(2) | | max. tan δ(2) | max. ESR | max. impedance at 100 kHz (2) | case size | catalogue number 2222 128 followed by(3) | | | |
|--------------------|-----------|---|---|------------------------------------|---------------|----------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|---|---|---|
| | | | at U _R after 15 s (guaranteed limit) | 1 minute (derived from 15 s limit) | | | | |  |  |  |  |
| V | μF | mA | | | | Ω | Ω | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 | style 4 | |
| 6,3 | 10 | 9 | 1,6 | 0,6 | 0,10 | 20 | 3,0 | 20 | 53109 | 73109 | 23109 | 33109 |
| | 22 | 20 | 3,5 | 1,4 | 0,10 | 9 | 1,0 | 30 | 53229 | 73229 | 23229 | 33229 |
| | 33 | 30 | 5,2 | 2,1 | 0,10 | 6,1 | 0,7 | 40 | 53339 | 73339 | 23339 | 33339 |
| | 47 | 42 | 7,4 | 3,0 | 0,10 | 4,8 | 0,5 | 50 | 53479 | 73479 | 23479 | 33479 |
| | 68 | 61 | 10,7 | 4,3 | 0,10 | 3,0 | 0,5 | 60 | 53689 | 73689 | 23689 | 33689 |
| 10 | 4,7 | 7 | 1,2 | 0,5 | 0,10 | 43 | 3,0 | 20 | 54478 | 74478 | 24478 | 34478 |
| | 6,8 | 10 | 1,7 | 0,7 | 0,10 | 30 | 3,0 | 20 | 54688 | 74688 | 24688 | 34688 |
| | 10 | 14 | 2,5 | 1,0 | 0,10 | 20 | 1,5 | 30 | 54109 | 74109 | 24109 | 34109 |
| | 15 | 21 | 3,8 | 1,5 | 0,10 | 14 | 1,0 | 30 | 54159 | 74159 | 24159 | 34159 |
| | 22 | 31 | 5,5 | 2,2 | 0,10 | 9 | 0,7 | 40 | 54229 | 74229 | 24229 | 34229 |
| | 33 | 47 | 8,3 | 3,3 | 0,10 | 6,1 | 0,5 | 50 | 54339 | 74339 | 24339 | 34339 |
| 16 | 4,7 | 7 | 1,2 | 0,5 | 0,10 | 43 | 3,0 | 20 | 54478 | 74478 | 24478 | 34478 |
| | 6,8 | 10 | 1,7 | 0,7 | 0,10 | 30 | 3,0 | 20 | 54688 | 74688 | 24688 | 34688 |
| | 10 | 14 | 2,5 | 1,0 | 0,10 | 20 | 1,5 | 30 | 54109 | 74109 | 24109 | 34109 |
| | 15 | 21 | 3,8 | 1,5 | 0,10 | 14 | 1,0 | 30 | 54159 | 74159 | 24159 | 34159 |
| | 22 | 31 | 5,5 | 2,2 | 0,10 | 9 | 0,7 | 40 | 54229 | 74229 | 24229 | 34229 |
| | 33 | 47 | 8,3 | 3,3 | 0,10 | 6,1 | 0,5 | 50 | 54339 | 74339 | 24339 | 34339 |
| 25 | 2,2 | 5 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 91 | 5,0 | 20 | 55228 | 75228 | 25228 | 35228 |
| | 3,3 | 8 | 1,3 | 0,5 | 0,10 | 61 | 5,0 | 20 | 55338 | 75338 | 25338 | 35338 |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 1,9 | 0,8 | 0,10 | 43 | 2,0 | 30 | 55478 | 75478 | 25478 | 35478 |
| | 6,8 | 16 | 2,7 | 1,1 | 0,10 | 30 | 1,5 | 30 | 55688 | 75688 | 25688 | 35688 |
| | 10 | 23 | 4,0 | 1,6 | 0,10 | 20 | 1,0 | 40 | 55109 | 75109 | 25109 | 35109 |
| | 15 | 34 | 6,0 | 2,4 | 0,10 | 14 | 0,7 | 50 | 55159 | 75159 | 25159 | 35159 |
| 35 (4) | 0,33 | 1 | 0,3 | 0,12 | 0,10 | 610 | 30 | 20 | 56687 | 76687 | 26687 | 36687 |
| | 0,47 | 2 | 0,4 | 0,16 | 0,10 | 430 | 30 | 20 | 56108 | 76108 | 26108 | 36108 |
| | 0,68 | 2 | 0,6 | 0,24 | 0,10 | 295 | 20 | 30 | 56158 | 76158 | 26158 | 36158 |
| | 1,0 | 4 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 200 | 15 | 40 | 56228 | 76228 | 26228 | 36228 |
| | 1,5 | 5 | 1,3 | 0,5 | 0,10 | 135 | 10 | 50 | 56338 | 76338 | 26338 | 36338 |
| | 2,2 | 8 | 1,9 | 0,8 | 0,10 | 91 | 5 | 60 | 56478 | 76478 | 26478 | 36478 |
| 40 (4) | 0,1 | 0,4 | 0,1 | 0,04 | 0,10 | 1990 | 70 | 10 | 57107 | 77107 | 27107 | 37107 |
| | 0,15 | 0,5 | 0,15 | 0,06 | 0,10 | 1330 | 50 | 10 | 57157 | 77157 | 27157 | 37157 |
| | 0,22 | 0,8 | 0,22 | 0,09 | 0,10 | 910 | 30 | 20 | 57227 | 77227 | 27227 | 37227 |
| | 0,33 | 1 | 0,33 | 0,13 | 0,10 | 610 | 30 | 30 | 57337 | 77337 | 27337 | 37337 |
| | 0,47 | 2 | 0,5 | 0,2 | 0,10 | 430 | 20 | 40 | 57477 | 77477 | 27477 | 37477 |
| | 0,68 | 2 | 0,7 | 0,3 | 0,10 | 295 | 15 | 40 | 57687 | 77687 | 27687 | 37687 |
| 2,2(5) | 1,0 | 4 | 1,0 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 200 | 10 | 50 | 57108 | 77108 | 27108 | 37108 |
| | 1,5 | 5 | 1,5 | 0,6 | 0,10 | 135 | 7 | 60 | 57158 | 77158 | 27158 | 37158 |
| | 2,2 | 8 | 2,2 | 0,9 | 0,10 | 91 | 5 | 60 | 57228 | 77228 | 27228 | 37228 |

Notes to Table 5

- (1) Up to T_{amb} = 125 °C
- (2) Versions with lower values of maximum DC leakage current, maximum impedance, or maximum tan δ are available to special order
- (3) Other versions available; replace the first digit of the catalogue number with the following digits, depending on style required:
 1 for style 3; capacitor tolerance + 10%
 4 for style 1; capacitor tolerance + 10%
- (4) Up to T_{amb} = 85 °C; for T_{amb} from 85 °C to 125 °C, U_R = 30 V
- (5) Value under consideration, see Table 6.

Table 6 Derating values

| $C_{nom}-U_R$ value | corresponding U_C value |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 22 μ F – 16 V | $U_C = 13$ V |
| 10 μ F – 25 V | $U_C = 20$ V |
| 3,3 μ F – 35 V | $U_C = 25$ V |
| 2,2 μ F – 40 V | $U_C = 25$ V |

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C

see Table 5

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

$\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order)

DEVELOPMENT DATA

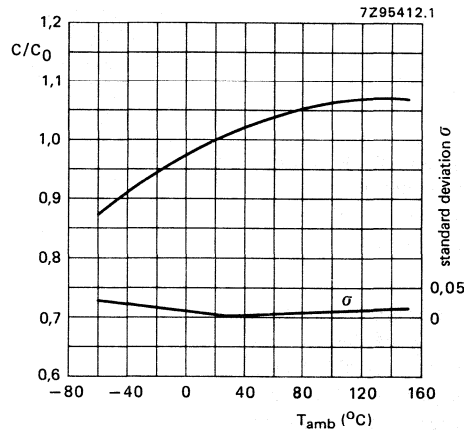


Fig. 5 Typical multiplier of capacitance (C/C_0) as a function of ambient temperature. C_0 = capacitance at 25 °C, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage

6,3 V to 25 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage at $T_{amb} \leq 125$ °C

U_R

35 V and 40 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage at $T_{amb} \leq 85$ °C

U_R

Derated voltage

6,3 V to 40 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage at T_{amb} from 125 °C to 175 °C

$0,63 \times U_R$ (expectation)

35 V and 40 V ranges = maximum permissible voltage at T_{amb} from 85 °C to 125 °C

30 V

→ **Surge voltage** = maximum permissible voltage for short periods (see also Tests and requirements)

$$1,15 \times U_C$$

Reverse voltage = maximum DC voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature for short periods (see also Tests and requirements)

$$0,30 \times U_R \text{ (7,5 V for 40 V capacitors)}$$

→ **Ripple voltage**

Maximum permissible AC voltage provided the following four conditions are met:

a) Maximum AC voltage, with negative DC voltage applied **2 V**

b) Maximum peak AC voltage, without DC voltage applied

| $T_{amb} \leq 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_{amb} \leq 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |
|--|---|
| $0,30 \times U_R$ | $0,15 \times U_R$ |
| $0,45 \times U_R$ | $0,22 \times U_R$ |
| $0,60 \times U_R$ | $0,30 \times U_R$ |
| $0,65 \times U_R$ | $0,32 \times U_R$ |
| $0,80 \times U_R$ | $0,40 \times U_R$ |

- at $f \leq 0,1 \text{ Hz}$
- at $0,1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1 \text{ Hz}$
- at $1 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 10 \text{ Hz}$
- at $10 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$
- at $f > 50 \text{ Hz}$

c) Momentary value of applied voltage, with positive DC voltage applied between U_R (in the positive half wave) and the limits mentioned under b) (in the negative half wave)

d) Ripple voltage limits are not applicable if the maximum ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive. Whichever is in practice decisive, depends on the actual impedance of the capacitor. In the survey at the end of this data sheet the ripple current and ripple voltage limits can be found for each capacitor.

Ripple current

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at other frequencies and temperatures

see survey at the end of this data sheet

Maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for capacitors with lower ESR value than the maximum ESR

$$\sqrt{\text{ESR}_{max} / \text{ESR}_{actual}} \times \text{value stated in Table 5}$$

Calculation of ripple currents

The maximum permissible ripple current (I_{Rmax}) is a function of temperature and frequency:

$$I_{Rmax}(T, f) = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

where I_{R0} = maximum ripple current at 100 Hz and 125 °C (see Table 5);
 \sqrt{k} = temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence) =
 $\sqrt{P_{max}/P_{125}}$;
 \sqrt{r} = frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence) =
 $\sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{max}}$;

while P_{max} = maximum permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent;
 P_{125} = maximum permissible power dissipation at 125 °C = $I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}$;
 ESR_{max} = maximum equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent;
 ESR_{100} = maximum equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz.

The formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} I^2 R_{max}(T, f) &= P_{max}(T)/ESR_{max}(f) \\ &= kr P_{125}/ESR_{100} \\ &= kr I^2 R_0 ESR_{100}/ESR_{100} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Thus } I_{Rmax} = I_{R0} \sqrt{kr}$$

The values of the temperature multiplier \sqrt{k} and of P_{125} have been calculated allowing a capacitor temperature of 138 °C and assuming the values of ESR_{max} at 138 °C to be 0,8 x or 1,05 x the ESR_{max} at 25 °C at all frequencies for case sizes 10 to 40 or case sizes 50 and 60 respectively. The values of the frequency multiplier \sqrt{r} have been measured at 25 °C assuming it to be the same at all temperatures.

The power dissipation (P_{max}) has been calculated assuming it to be governed by the simplified relationship:

$$P_{max} = \beta \times S \times \Delta T,$$

where β = heat transfer coefficient, taken as 18 W/m²K (capacitor mounted on a thermally well-conducting printed-circuit board, in free flowing air, the board being in vertical position);

S = capacitor outer surface;

ΔT = temperature difference between capacitor surface and the ambient atmosphere, taken as 13 °C at $T_{amb} = 125$ °C.

For case sizes 10 to 40 $P_{125} = 45$ mW, for case sizes 50 and 60 $P_{125} = 65$ mW.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The RMS value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit. (See also Tests and Requirements).

DC leakage current

Maximum DC leakage current 15 s after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,025 CU or 0,1 μA whichever is greater)

Maximum DC leakage current 1 minute after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5 (0,01 CU or 0,04 μA whichever is greater)

Typical DC leakage current 15 s or 1 minute after application of U_R , at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
6,3 V to 16 V ranges
25 V to 40 V ranges

approx. 0,2 x value stated in Table 5
approx. 0,1 x value stated in Table 5

Typical DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,02 x 15 s value stated in Table 5 (0,0005 CU or 0,02 mA)

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx 0,1 x 15 s value stated in Table 5 (0,0025 CU or 0,01 mA)

at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,3 x 15 s value stated in Table 5 (0,0075 CU or 0,03 mA)

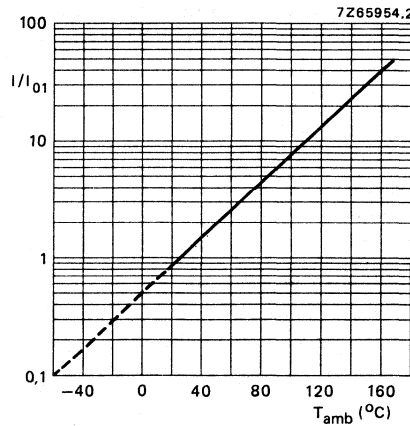


Fig. 6 Typical multiplier (I/I_{01}) as a function of ambient temperature; I_{01} = DC leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

Typical tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

0,05

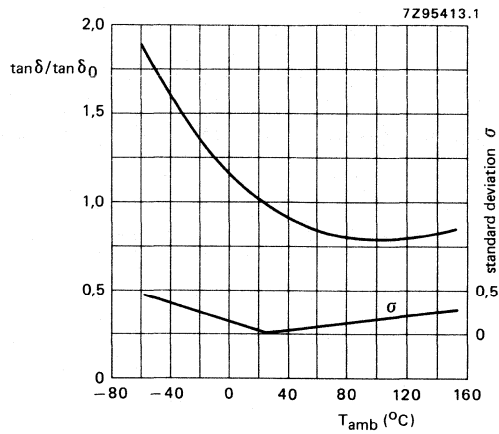


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of dissipation factor ($\tan \delta / \tan \delta_0$) as a function of temperature; $\tan \delta_0$ = dissipation factor at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Equivalent series resistance ($ESR = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (calculated
from maximum $\tan \delta$ and 0,8 x nominal capacitance)

Maximum ESR at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 5

equal to values of maximum
impedance at 100 kHz, see Table 5

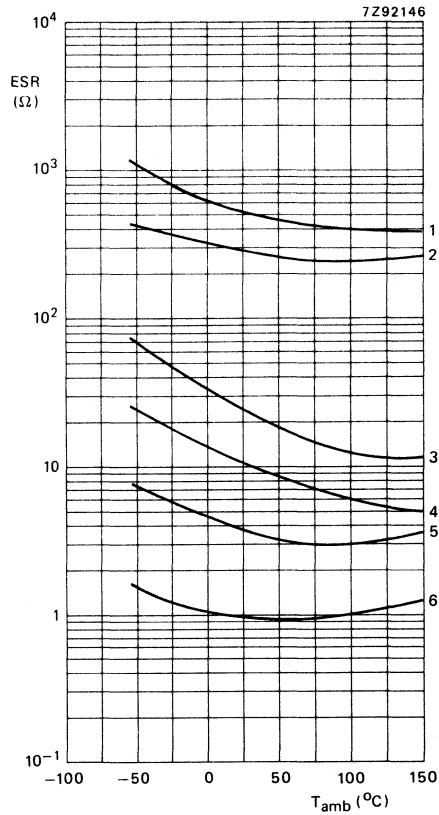


Fig. 8 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 0,1 μF , 40 V;

curve 2 = 1,5 μF , 40 V;

curve 3 = 3,3 μF , 25 V;

curve 4 = 10 μF , 6,3 V;

curve 5 = 22 μF , 10 V;

curve 6 = 68 μF , 6,3 V.

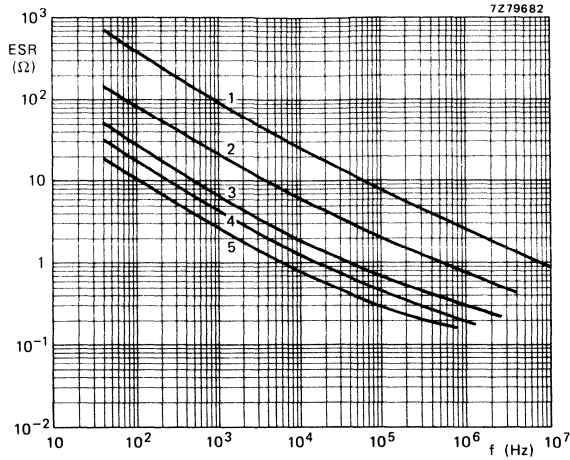


Fig. 9 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 10 and 20.

Curve 1 = $0,33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 2 = $1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 3 = $3,3\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;

curve 4 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 5 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

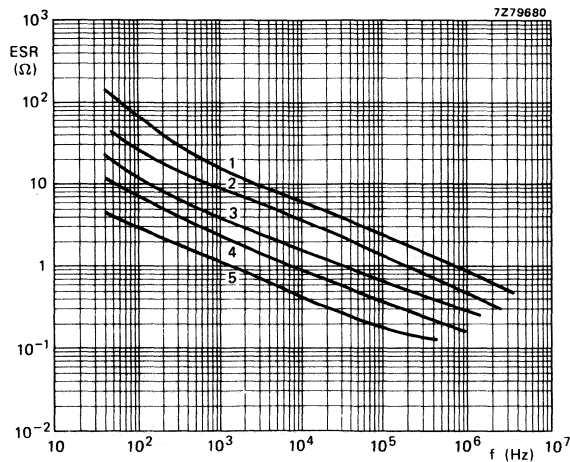


Fig. 10 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 30.

Curve 1 = $0,47\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V;
 curve 2 = $2,2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V;
 curve 3 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 16 V;

curve 4 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V;
 curve 5 = $22\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V.

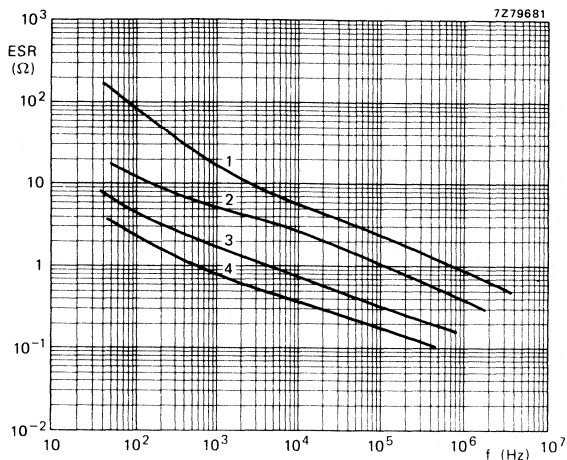


Fig. 11 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 40 and 50.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Curve 1 = 1 μF , 40 V; | } case size 50 | curve 3 = 10 μF , 16 V; | } case size 40 |
| curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 25 V; | | curve 4 = 33 μF , 6,3 V. | |

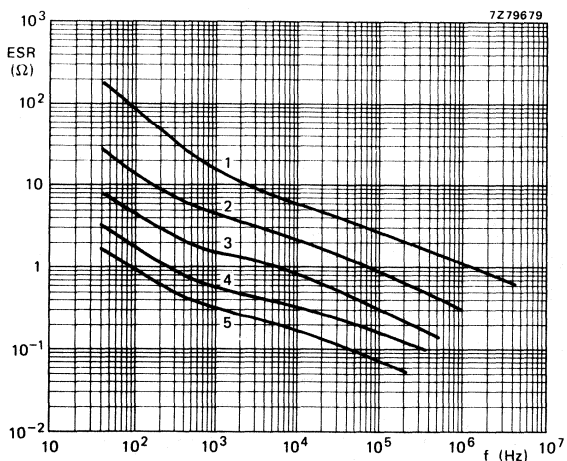


Fig. 12 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 50 and 60.

| | |
|---|---|
| Curve 1 = 1,5 μF , 40 V; case size 60; | curve 4 = 33 μF , 10 V; case size 50; |
| curve 2 = 6,8 μF , 25 V; case size 60; | curve 5 = 68 μF , 6,3 V; case size 60. |
| curve 3 = 15 μF , 16 V; case size 50; | |

Impedance

Maximum impedance at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 5

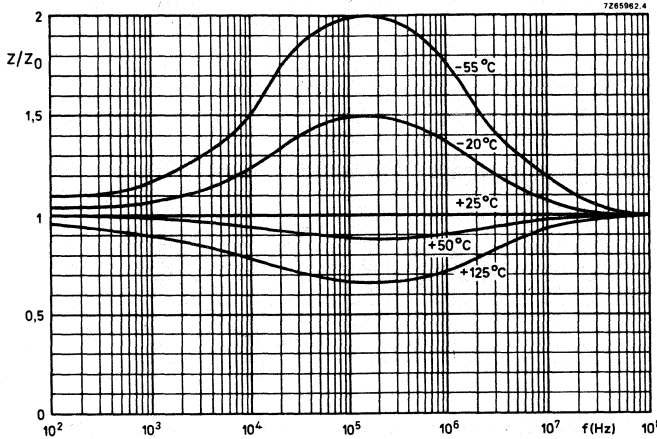


Fig. 13 Typical multiplier of impedance (Z/Z_0) as a function of frequency at different temperatures; Z_0 = impedance initial value at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

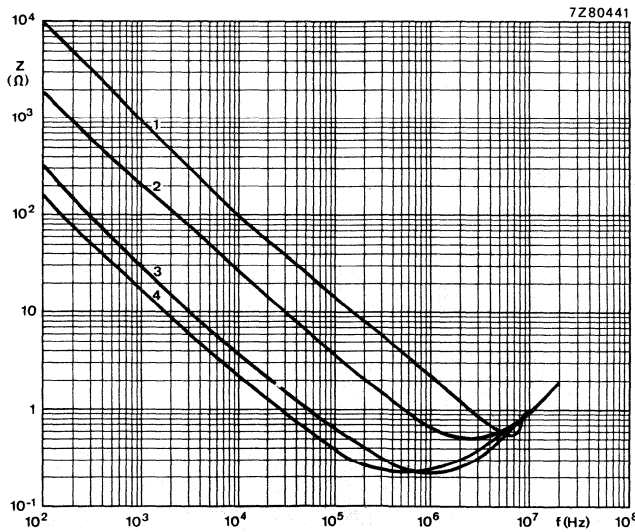


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 10 and 20.

Curve 1 = $0,15\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 40 V; (10)
 curve 2 = $0,68\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 25 V; (20)

curve 3 = $4,7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 10 V; (20)
 curve 4 = $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, 6,3 V. (20)

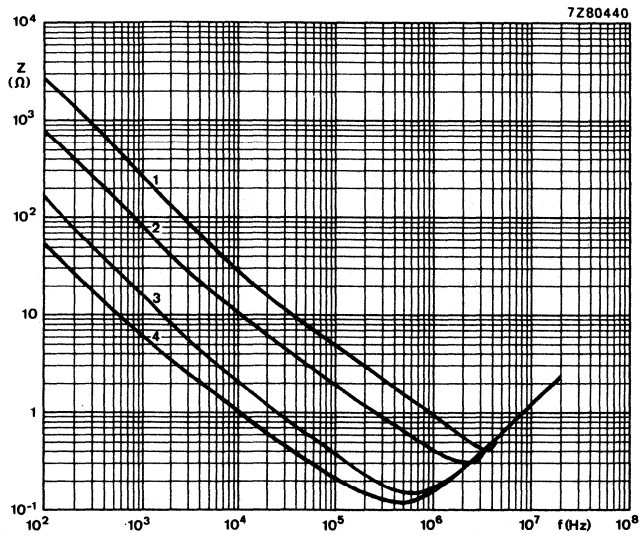


Fig. 15 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 30 and 40.

Curve 1 = 0,47 μF , 40 V; (40)
 curve 2 = 2,2 μF , 25 V; (30)

curve 3 = 10 μF , 10 V; (40)
 curve 4 = 22 μF , 6,3 V. (30)

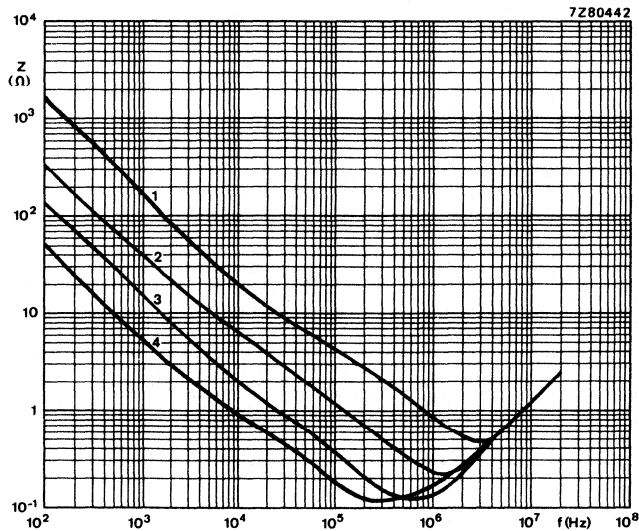


Fig. 16 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 40 and 50.

Curve 1 = 1 μF , 40 V; } case size 50
 curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 25 V; }

curve 3 = 10 μF , 16 V; } case size 40
 curve 4 = 33 μF , 6,3 V. }

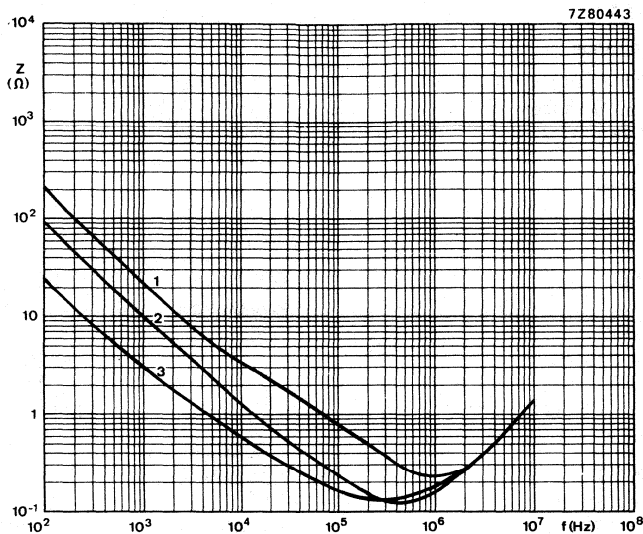


Fig. 17 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case sizes 50 and 60.

Curve 1 = 6,8 μF , 25 V; case size 60;

curve 3 = 68 μF , 6,3 V; case size 60.

curve 2 = 15 μF , 16 V; case size 50.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit), at 10 MHz;

capacitor leads bent to a pitch of 5,1 mm

case sizes 10, 20, 30 and 40

case sizes 50 and 60

20 nH maximum, typically 9 to 14 nH

20 nH maximum, typically 11 to 16 nH

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

- for U_R , 6,3 V to 25 V ranges -55 to + 125 °C
- for U_R , 35 V and 40 V ranges -55 to + 85 °C
- for $0,63 U_R$, 35 V and 40 V ranges -55 to + 125 °C

Usable temperature range -55 to + 175 °C

Endurance test

at U_R , $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$

at U_R , $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
 at $0,63 U_R$, $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

| 6,3 V to 35 V ranges | 40 V range |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 5000 hours (expectation) | 2000 hours |
| 2000 hours | 5000 hours (expectation) |
| > 20 000 hours | > 10 000 hours |
| > 10 000 hours | > 20 000 hours |
| > 2000 hours | > 2000 hours |

Typical life time

- at U_R , $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- at U_R , $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- at $0,63 U_R$, $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- at $0,63 U_R$, $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$

Typical parameter change after life test
 at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$

see Figs 18, 19, and 20

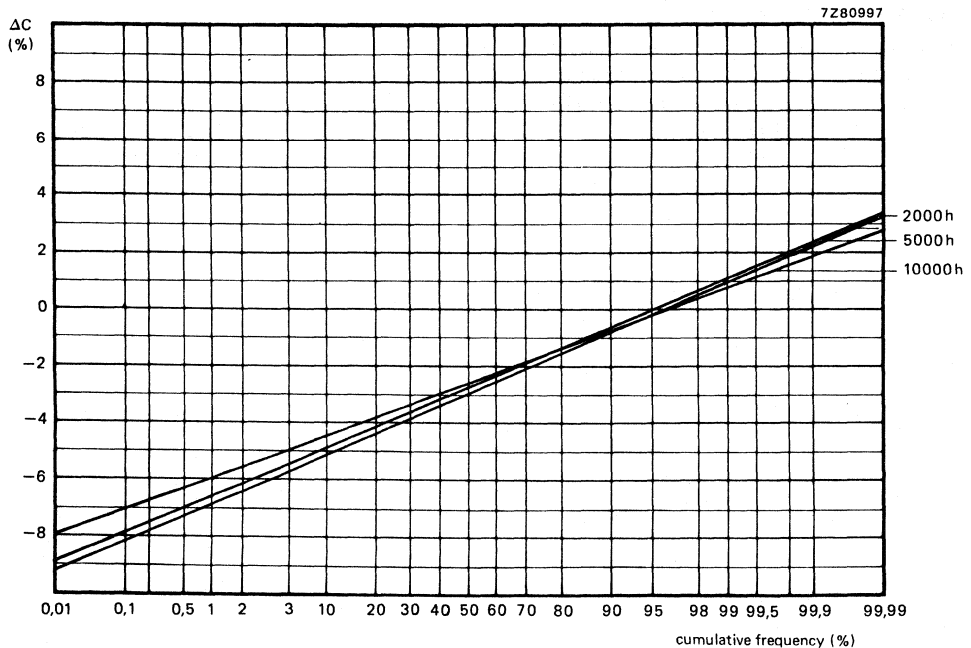


Fig. 18 Change of capacitance (ΔC) after life test.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

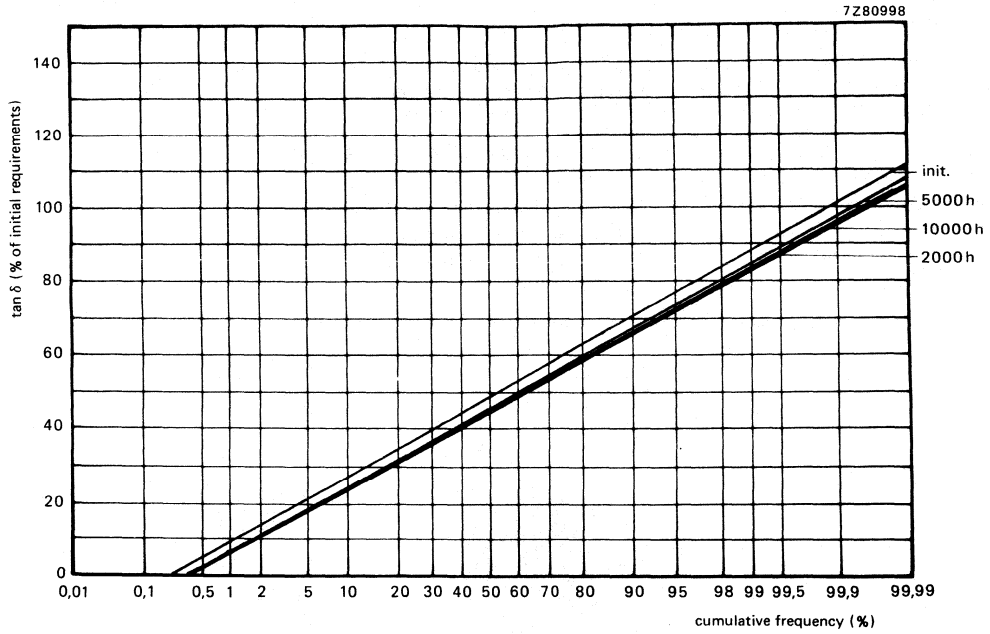


Fig. 19 Tan δ after life test.

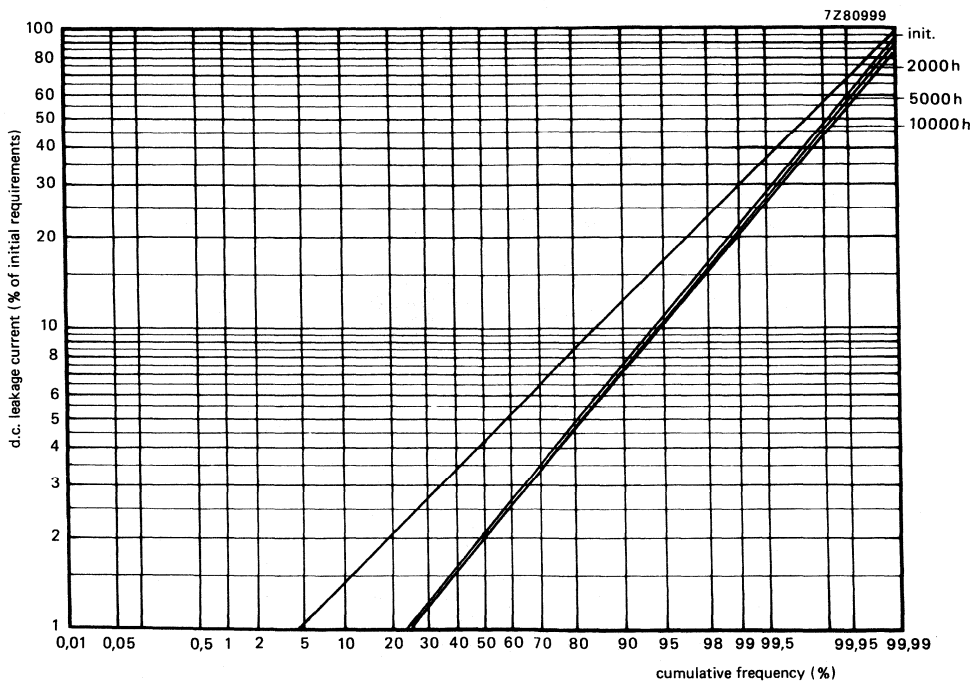


Fig. 20 DC leakage current after life test.

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1 and 2 are supplied in boxes, those of styles 3 and 4 on tape on reel and in ammunition packing respectively. The number of capacitors per box, per reel or per ammunition packing is:

- styles 1 and 2, all case sizes : 1000 capacitors per box, 200 per plastic bag, 5 bags per box;
- style 3, case sizes 10, 20 and 30 : 2000 capacitors per reel;
- style 3, case sizes 40, 50 and 60 : 1000 capacitors per reel;
- style 4, case sizes 10, 20 and 30 : 2000 capacitors per ammunition packing;
- style 4, case sizes 40, 50 and 60 : 1000 capacitors per ammunition packing.

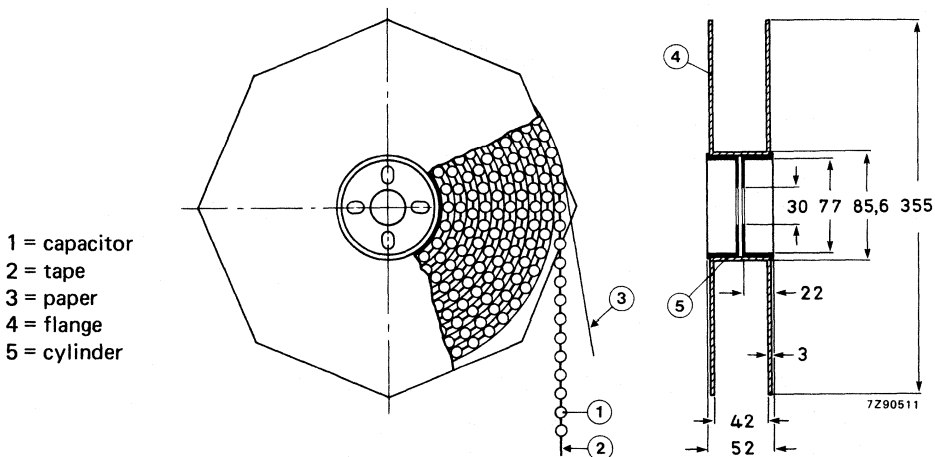


Fig. 21 Style 3 capacitors on tape on reel.

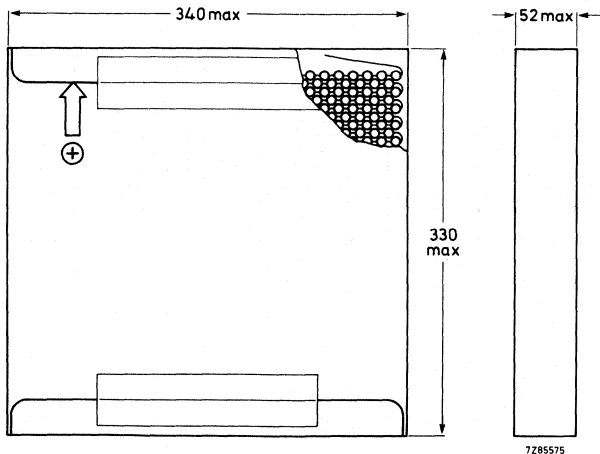


Fig. 22 Style 4 capacitors on tape in ammunition packing.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 3, Tests and requirements - solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the addition of the following tests.

Solvent resistance tests:

Severity 1, in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 215, including brushing of all portions of the specimens.

Solvents: — deionized water (50 ± 5 °C);
 — 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
 — mixture of 25 vol. % 2-propanol (isopropanol) and 75 vol. % mineral spirits.

Severity 2, according to IEC 68-2-45, and IEC 653, test XA with the following details and additions.

Conditions: immersion time of samples 5 minutes, at ambient temperature, at boiling temperature, in vapour of boiling solvent, and ultrasonic (40 kHz).

Solvents: — deionized water (50 ± 5 °C);
 — calgonite solution (20 g/l, 70 ± 5 °C);
 — mixture of 4,5% 2-butoxyethanol, 4,5% 2-amino-ethanol, and 91% water (70 ± 5 °C);
 — mixture of 1.1.2-trichloro-1.2.2.-trifluoro-ethane (fluorocarbon 113) and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon;
 ● 2-propanol (isopropanol), 25%: 75% (Arklone K*); up to the ratio 35%: 65%;
 ● ethanol, 4,5%: 95,5% (e.g. Arklone A*, Freon TE**);
 ● methanol and nitromethane, (5,7%: 0,3%: 94% (Freon TMS**)).

Requirement: visual appearance not affected.

Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents.

Passive flammability test, in accordance with IEC 695-2-2, capacitor mounted to a vertical printed-wiring board, one flame on capacitor body, $T_{amb} = 20$ to 25 °C, test duration = 20 s.

Requirements: after removing the test flame from the capacitor, the capacitor must not continue to burn for more than 15 s; no burning particles must drop from the sample.

DEVELOPMENT DATA

* Trade mark of I.C.I.

** Trade mark of Dupont de Nemours.

Survey of maximum permissible ripple voltage and ripple current values at various ambient temperatures and frequencies.

Table 7 Survey of maximum permissible ripple voltage and ripple current values at various ambient temperatures and frequencies

| C μF | T_{amb} $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10^4 | | 10^5 | | 10^6 | |
| | | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V | I_{ac} mA | V_{p} V |
| $U_{\text{R}} = 6,3 \text{ V}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 25 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 166 | 3 | 203 | 0,6 | 229 | 0,1 | 244 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 154 | 3 | 187 | 0,5 | 211 | 0,1 | 226 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 141 | 2,5 | 172 | 0,5 | 194 | 0,1 | 207 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 18 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 108 | 5 | 128 | 2,5 | 156 | 0,4 | 176 | 0,1 | 188 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 1,5 | 5 | 2,5 | 9 | 2,5 | 27 | 2,5 | 54 | 2,5 | 64 | 1 | 78 | 0,2 | 88 | 0 | 94 | 0 |
| 22 | 25 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 226 | 5 | 250 | 2 | 304 | 0,4 | 343 | 0 | 367 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 209 | 4,5 | 230 | 2 | 281 | 0,4 | 317 | 0 | 338 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 191 | 4 | 211 | 2 | 257 | 0,3 | 290 | 0 | 310 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 3 | 20 | 5 | 39 | 5 | 118 | 5 | 174 | 3,5 | 192 | 1,5 | 234 | 0,3 | 264 | 0 | 282 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 1,5 | 10 | 2,5 | 20 | 2,5 | 59 | 2,5 | 87 | 2 | 96 | 0,8 | 117 | 0,2 | 132 | 0 | 141 | 0 |
| 33 | 25 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 283 | 4 | 312 | 2 | 380 | 0,3 | 429 | 0 | 458 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 261 | 3,5 | 288 | 1,5 | 351 | 0,3 | 396 | 0 | 423 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 239 | 3,5 | 264 | 1,5 | 322 | 0,3 | 363 | 0 | 388 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,3 | 3 | 30 | 5 | 59 | 5 | 177 | 5 | 218 | 3 | 240 | 1,5 | 293 | 0,2 | 330 | 0 | 353 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 1,5 | 15 | 2,5 | 30 | 2,5 | 89 | 2,5 | 109 | 1,5 | 120 | 0,7 | 146 | 0,1 | 65 | 0 | 176 | 0 |
| 47 | 25 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 253 | 5 | 358 | 3,5 | 395 | 1,5 | 482 | 0,3 | 543 | 0 | 581 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 253 | 5 | 331 | 3,5 | 365 | 1,5 | 445 | 0,3 | 502 | 0 | 536 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 253 | 5 | 303 | 3 | 334 | 1,5 | 408 | 0,2 | 460 | 0 | 491 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,5 | 3 | 42 | 5 | 84 | 5 | 247 | 5 | 276 | 2,5 | 304 | 1 | 371 | 0,2 | 418 | 0 | 447 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 1,5 | 21 | 2,5 | 42 | 2,5 | 124 | 2,5 | 138 | 1,5 | 152 | 0,6 | 185 | 0,1 | 209 | 0 | 223 | 0 |
| 68 | 25 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 365 | 5 | 434 | 3 | 478 | 1,5 | 583 | 0,2 | 658 | 0 | 703 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 359 | 5 | 400 | 3 | 442 | 1 | 538 | 0,2 | 607 | 0 | 649 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 329 | 4,5 | 367 | 2,5 | 405 | 1 | 493 | 0,2 | 557 | 0 | 595 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,7 | 3 | 61 | 5 | 122 | 5 | 266 | 4 | 334 | 2,5 | 368 | 1 | 449 | 0,2 | 506 | 0 | 541 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,3 | 1,5 | 31 | 2,5 | 61 | 2,5 | 150 | 2 | 167 | 1 | 814 | 0,5 | 224 | 0,1 | 253 | 0 | 270 | 0 |

Notes

- Zero DC voltage is assumed; at non-zero DC voltage the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
- If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

Table 7 (continued)

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | I _{ac} mA | V _p V | |
| U _R = 10 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DEVELOPMENT DATA | 4,7 | 25 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 125 | 5 | 152 | 0,9 | 172 | 0,1 | 183 | 0 |
| | | 45 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 115 | 4,5 | 140 | 0,8 | 158 | 0,1 | 169 | 0 |
| | | 65 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 106 | 4 | 129 | 0,8 | 145 | 0,1 | 155 | 0 |
| | | 85 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 40 | 8 | 80 | 8 | 96 | 4 | 117 | 0,7 | 132 | 0,1 | 141 | 0 |
| | | 125 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 20 | 4 | 40 | 4 | 48 | 2 | 59 | 0,4 | 66 | 0 | 71 | 0 |
| | 6,8 | 25 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 116 | 8 | 146 | 4 | 178 | 0,7 | 200 | 0,1 | 214 | 0 |
| | | 45 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 116 | 8 | 134 | 3,5 | 164 | 0,7 | 185 | 0,1 | 197 | 0 |
| | | 65 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 112 | 7,5 | 123 | 3,5 | 150 | 0,6 | 169 | 0,1 | 181 | 0 |
| | | 85 | 0,1 | 4,5 | 10 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 58 | 8 | 102 | 7 | 112 | 3 | 137 | 0,6 | 154 | 0,1 | 165 | 0 |
| | | 125 | 0,1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 29 | 4 | 51 | 3,5 | 56 | 1,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 77 | 0 | 82 | 0 |
| | 10 | 25 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 151 | 7 | 166 | 3 | 203 | 0,6 | 229 | 0,1 | 244 | 0 |
| | | 45 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 139 | 6,5 | 154 | 3 | 187 | 0,5 | 211 | 0,1 | 226 | 0 |
| | | 65 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 128 | 6 | 141 | 2,5 | 172 | 0,5 | 194 | 0,1 | 207 | 0 |
| | | 85 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 116 | 5,5 | 128 | 2,5 | 156 | 0,4 | 176 | 0,1 | 188 | 0 |
| | | 125 | 0,1 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 14 | 4 | 43 | 4 | 58 | 2,5 | 64 | 1 | 78 | 0,2 | 88 | 0 | 94 | 0 |
| | 15 | 25 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 189 | 6 | 208 | 2,5 | 254 | 0,5 | 286 | 0,1 | 306 | 0 |
| | | 45 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 174 | 5,5 | 192 | 2,5 | 234 | 0,4 | 264 | 0,1 | 282 | 0 |
| | | 65 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 160 | 5 | 176 | 2 | 215 | 0,4 | 242 | 0 | 259 | 0 |
| | | 85 | 0,2 | 4,5 | 21 | 8 | 43 | 8 | 128 | 8 | 145 | 4,5 | 160 | 2 | 195 | 0,4 | 220 | 0 | 235 | 0 |
| | | 125 | 0,1 | 2 | 11 | 4 | 21 | 4 | 64 | 4 | 73 | 2,5 | 80 | 1 | 98 | 0,2 | 110 | 0 | 118 | 0 |
| 22 | 25 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 188 | 8 | 116 | 5 | 250 | 2 | 304 | 0,4 | 343 | 0 | 367 | 0 | |
| | 45 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 187 | 8 | 209 | 4,5 | 230 | 2 | 281 | 0,4 | 317 | 0 | 338 | 0 | |
| | 65 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 172 | 7,5 | 191 | 4 | 211 | 2 | 257 | 0,3 | 290 | 0 | 310 | 0 | |
| | 85 | 0,4 | 4,5 | 31 | 8 | 63 | 8 | 156 | 6,5 | 174 | 3,5 | 192 | 1,5 | 234 | 0,3 | 264 | 0 | 282 | 0 | |
| | 125 | 0,2 | 2 | 16 | 4 | 31 | 4 | 78 | 3,5 | 87 | 2 | 96 | 0,8 | 117 | 0,2 | 132 | 0 | 141 | 0 | |
| 33 | 25 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 270 | 7,5 | 302 | 4,5 | 333 | 2 | 406 | 0,3 | 458 | 0 | 489 | 0 | |
| | 45 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 250 | 7 | 278 | 4 | 307 | 1,5 | 374 | 0,3 | 422 | 0 | 451 | 0 | |
| | 65 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 229 | 6,5 | 255 | 3,5 | 282 | 1,5 | 343 | 0,3 | 387 | 0 | 414 | 0 | |
| | 85 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 208 | 6 | 232 | 3,5 | 256 | 1,5 | 312 | 0,3 | 352 | 0 | 376 | 0 | |
| | 125 | 0,3 | 2 | 24 | 4 | 47 | 4 | 104 | 3 | 116 | 1,5 | 128 | 0,7 | 156 | 0,1 | 176 | 0 | 188 | 0 | |
| 47 | 25 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 270 | 7,5 | 302 | 4,5 | 333 | 2 | 406 | 0,3 | 458 | 0 | 489 | 0 | |
| | 45 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 250 | 7 | 278 | 4 | 307 | 1,5 | 374 | 0,3 | 422 | 0 | 451 | 0 | |
| | 65 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 229 | 6,5 | 255 | 3,5 | 282 | 1,5 | 343 | 0,3 | 387 | 0 | 414 | 0 | |
| | 85 | 0,5 | 4,5 | 47 | 8 | 94 | 8 | 208 | 6 | 232 | 3,5 | 256 | 1,5 | 312 | 0,3 | 352 | 0 | 376 | 0 | |
| | 125 | 0,3 | 2 | 24 | 4 | 47 | 4 | 104 | 3 | 116 | 1,5 | 128 | 0,7 | 156 | 0,1 | 176 | 0 | 188 | 0 | |

Notes

- Zero DC voltage is assumed; at non-zero DC voltage the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
- If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

Table 7 (continued)

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 50 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 25 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0,68 | 25 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 58 | 16 | 71 | 3 | 80 | 0,3 | 86 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 54 | 15 | 66 | 2,5 | 74 | 0,3 | 79 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 49 | 13,5 | 60 | 2,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 72 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 29 | 20 | 45 | 12,5 | 55 | 2,5 | 62 | 0,3 | 66 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 22 | 6 | 27 | 1 | 31 | 0,1 | 33 | 0 |
| 1 | 25 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 67 | 12,5 | 81 | 2,5 | 92 | 0,3 | 98 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 61 | 11,5 | 75 | 2 | 85 | 0,2 | 90 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 56 | 10,5 | 69 | 2 | 77 | 0,2 | 83 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 20 | 7 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 43 | 20 | 51 | 9,5 | 62 | 2 | 70 | 0,2 | 75 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 21 | 10 | 26 | 5 | 31 | 0,9 | 35 | 0,1 | 38 | 0 |
| 1,5 | 25 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 83 | 10,5 | 101 | 2 | 114 | 0,2 | 122 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 77 | 9,5 | 94 | 2 | 106 | 0,2 | 113 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 9 | 86 | 1,5 | 97 | 0,2 | 103 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 11 | 5 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 32 | 20 | 58 | 18 | 64 | 8 | 78 | 1,5 | 88 | 0,2 | 94 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 16 | 10 | 29 | 9 | 32 | 4 | 39 | 0,7 | 44 | 0,1 | 47 | 0 |
| 2,2 | 25 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 94 | 20 | 104 | 9 | 127 | 1,5 | 143 | 0,2 | 153 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 87 | 18,5 | 96 | 8 | 117 | 1,5 | 132 | 0,2 | 141 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 80 | 17 | 88 | 7,5 | 107 | 1,5 | 121 | 0,2 | 129 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 11 | 8 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 73 | 15,5 | 80 | 7 | 98 | 1 | 110 | 0,1 | 118 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 5,5 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 36 | 7,5 | 40 | 3,5 | 49 | 0,6 | 55 | 0,1 | 59 | 0 |
| 3,3 | 25 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 113 | 16 | 125 | 7 | 152 | 1,5 | 172 | 0,1 | 183 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 104 | 15 | 115 | 6,5 | 140 | 1 | 158 | 0,1 | 169 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 96 | 13,5 | 106 | 6 | 129 | 1 | 145 | 0,1 | 155 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 11 | 12 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 70 | 20 | 87 | 12,5 | 96 | 5,5 | 117 | 1 | 132 | 0,1 | 141 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 35 | 10 | 44 | 6 | 48 | 2,5 | 59 | 0,5 | 66 | 0,1 | 71 | 0 |
| 4,7 | 25 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 132 | 13 | 148 | 6 | 178 | 1 | 200 | 0,1 | 214 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 122 | 12 | 134 | 5,5 | 164 | 1 | 185 | 0,1 | 197 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 112 | 11 | 123 | 5 | 150 | 0,9 | 169 | 0,1 | 181 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,2 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 33 | 20 | 91 | 18 | 102 | 10 | 112 | 4,5 | 137 | 0,8 | 154 | 0,1 | 165 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 8 | 10 | 17 | 10 | 46 | 9 | 51 | 5 | 56 | 2 | 68 | 0,4 | 77 | 0 | 82 | 0 |
| 6,8 | 25 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 145 | 20 | 170 | 11,5 | 187 | 5 | 228 | 0,9 | 257 | 0,1 | 275 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 140 | 19,5 | 157 | 11 | 173 | 5 | 211 | 0,9 | 238 | 0,1 | 254 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 129 | 17,5 | 144 | 10 | 158 | 4,5 | 193 | 0,8 | 218 | 0,1 | 233 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 117 | 16 | 131 | 9 | 144 | 4 | 176 | 0,7 | 198 | 0,1 | 212 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 12 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 59 | 8 | 65 | 4,5 | 72 | 2 | 88 | 0,4 | 99 | 0 | 106 | 0 |
| 10 | 25 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 145 | 20 | 170 | 11,5 | 187 | 5 | 228 | 0,9 | 257 | 0,1 | 275 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 140 | 19,5 | 157 | 11 | 173 | 5 | 211 | 0,9 | 238 | 0,1 | 254 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 129 | 17,5 | 144 | 10 | 158 | 4,5 | 193 | 0,8 | 218 | 0,1 | 233 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,3 | 11 | 24 | 20 | 48 | 20 | 117 | 16 | 131 | 9 | 144 | 4 | 176 | 0,7 | 198 | 0,1 | 212 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 5,5 | 12 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 59 | 8 | 65 | 4,5 | 72 | 2 | 88 | 0,4 | 99 | 0 | 106 | 0 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

Notes

- Zero DC voltage is assumed; in non-zero DC voltage the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
- If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

Table 7 (continued)

| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 10 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 35 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0,33 | 25 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 5 | 28 | 11 | 28 | 23 | 28 | 42 | 23,5 | 51 | 4,5 | 57 | 0,5 | 61 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 5 | 28 | 11 | 28 | 23 | 28 | 38 | 22 | 47 | 4 | 53 | 0,5 | 56 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 5 | 28 | 11 | 28 | 23 | 28 | 35 | 20 | 43 | 3,5 | 48 | 0,4 | 52 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 5 | 28 | 11 | 28 | 23 | 28 | 32 | 18 | 39 | 3,5 | 44 | 0,4 | 47 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 14 | 2 | 14 | 6 | 14 | 7 | 14 | 16 | 9 | 20 | 1,7 | 22 | 0,2 | 24 | 0 |
| 0,47 | 25 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 16 | 28 | 32 | 28 | 50 | 20 | 61 | 3,5 | 69 | 0,4 | 73 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 16 | 29 | 32 | 28 | 46 | 18,5 | 56 | 3,5 | 63 | 0,4 | 68 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 16 | 28 | 32 | 28 | 42 | 17 | 52 | 3 | 58 | 0,3 | 62 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 16 | 28 | 32 | 28 | 38 | 15,5 | 47 | 3 | 53 | 0,3 | 56 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 14 | 3 | 14 | 8 | 14 | 10 | 14 | 19 | 7,5 | 23 | 1,5 | 26 | 0,2 | 28 | 0 |
| 0,68 | 25 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 28 | 7 | 28 | 20 | 28 | 40 | 28 | 58 | 16 | 71 | 3 | 80 | 0,3 | 86 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 28 | 7 | 28 | 20 | 28 | 40 | 28 | 54 | 15 | 66 | 2,5 | 74 | 0,3 | 79 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 28 | 7 | 28 | 20 | 28 | 40 | 28 | 49 | 13,5 | 60 | 2,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 72 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 28 | 7 | 28 | 20 | 28 | 40 | 28 | 45 | 12,5 | 55 | 2,5 | 62 | 0,3 | 66 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 8 | 1,5 | 14 | 3 | 14 | 10 | 14 | 20 | 14 | 22 | 6 | 27 | 1 | 31 | 0,15 | 33 | 0 |
| 1 | 25 | 0,1 | 15 | 5 | 28 | 9 | 28 | 30 | 28 | 56 | 28 | 67 | 12,5 | 81 | 2,5 | 92 | 0,3 | 98 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 15 | 5 | 28 | 9 | 28 | 30 | 28 | 56 | 28 | 61 | 11,5 | 75 | 2 | 85 | 0,2 | 90 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 15 | 5 | 28 | 9 | 28 | 30 | 28 | 56 | 28 | 56 | 10,5 | 69 | 2 | 77 | 0,2 | 83 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 15 | 5 | 28 | 9 | 28 | 30 | 28 | 50 | 25 | 51 | 9,5 | 62 | 2 | 70 | 0,2 | 75 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 14 | 5 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 25 | 13 | 26 | 5 | 31 | 0,9 | 35 | 0,1 | 38 | 0 |
| 1,5 | 25 | 0,1 | 15 | 7 | 28 | 15 | 28 | 45 | 28 | 70 | 28 | 83 | 10,5 | 101 | 2 | 114 | 0,2 | 122 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 15 | 7 | 28 | 15 | 28 | 45 | 28 | 70 | 28 | 77 | 9,5 | 94 | 2 | 106 | 0,2 | 113 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 15 | 7 | 28 | 15 | 28 | 45 | 28 | 64 | 25 | 70 | 9 | 86 | 1,5 | 97 | 0,2 | 103 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 15 | 7 | 28 | 15 | 28 | 45 | 28 | 58 | 22 | 64 | 8 | 78 | 1,5 | 88 | 0,2 | 94 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 14 | 7 | 14 | 22 | 14 | 29 | 11 | 32 | 4 | 39 | 0,7 | 44 | 0,1 | 47 | 0 |
| 2,2 | 25 | 0,1 | 15 | 11 | 28 | 22 | 28 | 65 | 28 | 90 | 28 | 104 | 9 | 127 | 1,5 | 143 | 0,2 | 153 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 15 | 11 | 28 | 22 | 28 | 65 | 28 | 87 | 25 | 96 | 8 | 117 | 1,5 | 132 | 0,2 | 141 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 15 | 11 | 28 | 22 | 28 | 65 | 28 | 80 | 22 | 88 | 7,5 | 107 | 1,5 | 121 | 0,2 | 129 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 15 | 11 | 28 | 22 | 28 | 60 | 28 | 73 | 20 | 80 | 7 | 98 | 1 | 110 | 0,1 | 118 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 8 | 5 | 14 | 11 | 14 | 30 | 13 | 36 | 9 | 40 | 3,5 | 49 | 0,6 | 55 | 0,1 | 59 | 0 |
| 3,3 | 25 | 0,1 | 15 | 15 | 28 | 25 | 28 | 90 | 28 | 100 | 25 | 125 | 7 | 152 | 1,5 | 172 | 0,2 | 183 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 15 | 15 | 28 | 25 | 28 | 90 | 28 | 93 | 22 | 115 | 6,5 | 140 | 1,5 | 158 | 0,2 | 169 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 15 | 15 | 28 | 25 | 28 | 90 | 25 | 90 | 20 | 106 | 6 | 129 | 1,5 | 145 | 0,2 | 155 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 15 | 15 | 28 | 25 | 28 | 80 | 22 | 87 | 18 | 96 | 5,5 | 117 | 1 | 132 | 0,1 | 141 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 8 | 7 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 40 | 11 | 44 | 8 | 48 | 2,5 | 59 | 0,6 | 66 | 0,1 | 71 | 0 |

Notes

- Zero DC voltage is assumed; at non-zero DC voltage the values in the tables can be adapted in accordance with paragraphs "Ripple voltage" and "Ripple current".
- If the limiting current value given in the tables is applied, the voltage limit mentioned in "Ripple voltage, b'", is not exceeded; if the limiting voltage value given in the tables is applied, the current limit calculated as in "Calculation of ripple currents" is not exceeded.

Table 7 (continued)

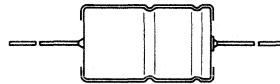
| C μF | T _{amb} °C | frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | 1 | | 10 | | 100 | | 300 | | 600 | | 1500 | | 10 ⁴ | | 10 ⁵ | | 10 ⁶ | |
| | | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V | I _{ac} mA | V _P V |
| U _R = 40 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0,1 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 25 | 7 | 29 | 0,8 | 31 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 23 | 6,5 | 26 | 0,7 | 28 | 0,1 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 22 | 6 | 24 | 0,7 | 26 | 0,1 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 0,6 | 32 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 7 | 32 | 16 | 30 | 20 | 5,5 | 22 | 0,6 | 24 | 0,1 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,2 | 10 | 0,4 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 3 | 11 | 0,3 | 12 | 0 |
| 0,15 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 25 | 31,5 | 30 | 5,5 | 34 | 0,6 | 37 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 23 | 29 | 28 | 5,5 | 32 | 0,6 | 34 | 0,1 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 21 | 26,5 | 26 | 5 | 29 | 0,5 | 31 | 0,1 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 0,9 | 32 | 2 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 10 | 32 | 19 | 24 | 23 | 4,5 | 26 | 0,5 | 28 | 0,1 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,3 | 10 | 0,5 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 13 | 0,2 | 14 | 0 |
| 0,22 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 33 | 28,5 | 41 | 5 | 46 | 0,6 | 49 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 31 | 26 | 37 | 5 | 42 | 0,5 | 45 | 0,1 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 28 | 24 | 34 | 4,5 | 39 | 0,5 | 41 | 0,1 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 1 | 32 | 3 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 26 | 22 | 31 | 4 | 35 | 0,5 | 38 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,4 | 10 | 0,8 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 2 | 18 | 0,2 | 19 | 0 |
| 0,33 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 42 | 23,5 | 51 | 4,5 | 57 | 0,5 | 61 | 0,1 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 38 | 22 | 47 | 4 | 53 | 0,5 | 56 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 35 | 20 | 43 | 3,5 | 48 | 0,4 | 52 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 2 | 32 | 4 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 32 | 18 | 39 | 3,5 | 44 | 0,4 | 47 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,6 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 9 | 20 | 1,5 | 22 | 0,2 | 24 | 0 |
| 0,47 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 50 | 20 | 61 | 3,5 | 69 | 0,4 | 73 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 46 | 18,5 | 56 | 3,5 | 63 | 0,4 | 68 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 42 | 17 | 52 | 3 | 58 | 0,3 | 62 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 32 | 16 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 38 | 15,5 | 47 | 3 | 53 | 0,3 | 56 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 0,8 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 19 | 7,5 | 23 | 1,5 | 26 | 0,2 | 28 | 0 |
| 0,68 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 46 | 32 | 58 | 16 | 71 | 3 | 80 | 0,3 | 86 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 46 | 32 | 54 | 15 | 66 | 2,5 | 74 | 0,3 | 79 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 45 | 31 | 49 | 13,5 | 60 | 2,5 | 68 | 0,3 | 72 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0 | 18 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 41 | 28 | 45 | 12,5 | 55 | 2,5 | 62 | 0,3 | 66 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 22 | 6 | 27 | 1 | 31 | 0,1 | 33 | 0 |
| 1 | 25 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 60 | 28,5 | 67 | 12,5 | 81 | 2,5 | 92 | 0,3 | 98 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 56 | 26 | 61 | 11,5 | 75 | 2 | 85 | 0,2 | 90 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 51 | 24 | 56 | 10,5 | 69 | 2 | 77 | 0,2 | 83 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 18 | 6 | 32 | 11 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 46 | 22 | 51 | 9,5 | 62 | 2 | 70 | 0,2 | 75 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 21 | 10 | 26 | 5 | 31 | 0,9 | 35 | 0,1 | 38 | 0 |
| 1,5 | 25 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 75 | 23,5 | 83 | 10,5 | 101 | 2 | 114 | 0,2 | 122 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 70 | 22 | 77 | 9,5 | 94 | 2 | 106 | 0,2 | 113 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 9 | 86 | 1,5 | 97 | 0,2 | 103 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 17 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 58 | 18 | 64 | 8 | 78 | 1,5 | 88 | 0,2 | 94 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 16 | 10 | 29 | 9 | 32 | 4 | 39 | 0,7 | 44 | 0,1 | 47 | 0 |
| 2,2 | 25 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 75 | 32 | 94 | 20 | 104 | 9 | 127 | 1,5 | 143 | 0,2 | 153 | 0 |
| | 45 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 75 | 32 | 87 | 18,5 | 96 | 8 | 117 | 1,5 | 132 | 0,2 | 141 | 0 |
| | 65 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 72 | 30,5 | 80 | 17 | 88 | 7,5 | 107 | 1,5 | 121 | 0,2 | 129 | 0 |
| | 85 | 0,1 | 18 | 13 | 32 | 25 | 32 | 65 | 27,5 | 73 | 15,5 | 80 | 7 | 98 | 1 | 110 | 0,1 | 118 | 0 |
| | 125 | 0,1 | 9 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 24 | 10 | 36 | 7,5 | 40 | 3,5 | 49 | 0,6 | 55 | 0,1 | 59 | 0 |

DEVELOPMENT DATA

MAINTENANCE TYPES

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Small type
- Bipolar
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|---|--|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 1 to 47 μ F |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -20 to +20% |
| Rated voltage U_R (a.c.), frequency > 15 Hz | 63 V peak (40 V r.m.s.), provided ripple current remains within specified limits |
| Rated voltage U_R (d.c.) | 63 V (in both directions) |
| Category temperature range | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 5000 h |
| Shelf life at 0 V, 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 500 h |
| Basic specification | IEC384-4, long-life grade |
| Climatic category, IEC68 | 40/085/56 |

Selection chart for C- U_R and relevant case sizes

| U_R V | C_{nom} μ F | case size | nom. dimensions mm |
|------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 63 | 1 | 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| | 1,5 | 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| | 2,2 | 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| | 3,3 | 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| | 4,7 | 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| | 6,8 | 00 | ϕ 10 x 30 |
| | 10 | 01 | ϕ 12,5 x 30 |
| | 15 | 01 | ϕ 12,5 x 30 |
| | 22 | 02 | ϕ 15 x 30 |
| | 33 | 02 | ϕ 15 x 30 |
| | 47 | 03 | ϕ 18 x 30 |

APPLICATION

These capacitors are especially designed for those applications where a low impedance, small dissipation and an excellent temperature constancy over the audio frequency range is required such as crossover filters in loudspeaker boxes and intercom systems.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor has etched aluminium-foil electrodes rolled up with a porous paper spacer which separates the two anodes. The spacer is impregnated with an electrolyte which is the electrical connection between the two anode foils and retains its good characteristics both at low and at high temperatures. The capacitor is housed in an aluminium case. It has soldered-copper leads.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

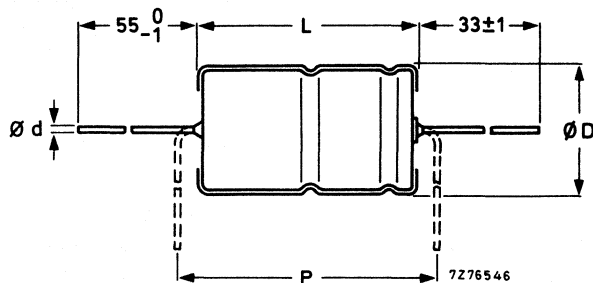


Fig. 1 For dimensions d, D, L and P, see Table 1.

Table 1

| case size | d | D _{nom} | L _{nom} | D _{max} | L _{max} | P _{min} | mass approx. g |
|-----------|-----|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 00 | 0,8 | 10 | 30 | 10,5 | 30,5 | 35 | 4,0 |
| 01 | 0,8 | 12,5 | 30 | 13,0 | 30,5 | 35 | 6,3 |
| 02 | 0,8 | 15 | 30 | 15,5 | 30,5 | 35 | 8,2 |
| 03 | 0,8 | 18 | 30 | 18,5 | 30,5 | 35 | 10,9 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with:

- nominal capacitance;
- tolerance on nominal capacitance;
- rated voltage;
- group number 039;
- name of manufacturer;
- date code (year and month) according to IEC62;
- bipolar.

Mounting

The diameter of the mounting holes in the printed-wiring board is $1 + 0,1$ mm.

Minimum atmospheric pressure 8,5 kPa

PRODUCT SAFETY

Non-solid electrolytic capacitors may contain chemicals which can be regarded as hazardous if incorrectly handled. Caution is necessary should the outer case be fractured.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Table 2

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 2 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 93 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

| U_R | nom. cap. | max r.m.s. ripple current at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | max. d.c. leakage current at U_R after 5 min | typ ESR | max ESR | case size | catalogue number |
|-------|---------------|---|--|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| V | μF | mA^* | μA^* | Ω^* | Ω^* | | |
| 63 | 1 | 14 | 57 | 260 | 570 | 00 | 2222 039 18108 |
| | 1,5 | 19 | 57 | 140 | 290 | 00 | 18158 |
| | 2,2 | 25 | 57 | 80 | 135 | 00 | 18228 |
| | 3,3 | 35 | 60 | 38 | 85 | 00 | 18338 |
| | 4,7 | 42 | 65 | 26 | 59 | 00 | 18478 |
| | 6,8 | 51 | 71 | 18 | 41 | 00 | 18688 |
| | 10 | 70 | 81 | 12 | 28 | 01 | 18109 |
| | 15 | 84 | 97 | 8,5 | 19 | 01 | 18159 |
| | 22 | 121 | 111 | 5 | 11 | 02 | 18229 |
| | 33 | 147 | 132 | 3,1 | 7 | 02 | 18339 |
| | 47 | 213 | 159 | 1,9 | 4,3 | 03 | 18479 |

Capacitance

The nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz are given in Table 2. The tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz is -20 to +20%.

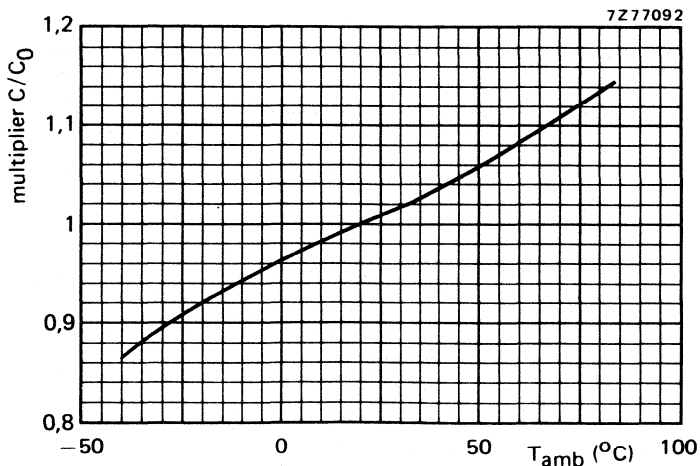


Fig. 2 Typical capacitance as a function of ambient temperature; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C and 100 Hz.

* See also corresponding paragraph.

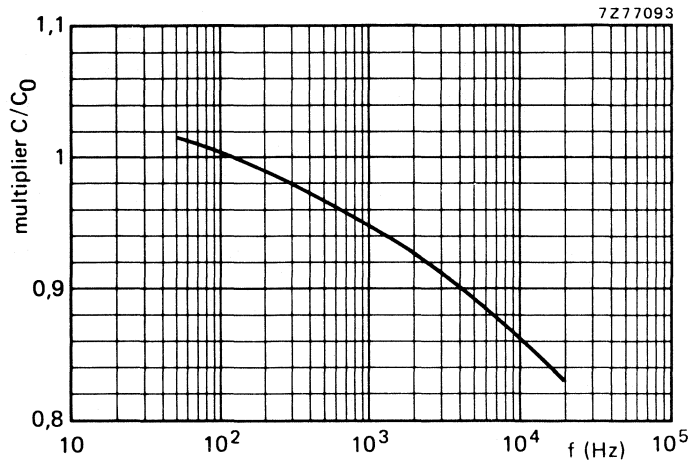


Fig. 3 Typical capacitance as a function of frequency; C_0 = capacitance at 20 °C and 100 Hz.

Voltage

The rated voltage U_R (a.c.) in the temperature range -40 to $+85$ °C is 63 V peak (40 V r.m.s.), provided the ripple current remains below the specified values in Table 2.

The rated voltage U_R (d.c.) in the temperature range -40 to $+85$ °C is 63 V, independent of polarity.

Ripple current

The maximum permissible r.m.s. ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85$ °C is given in Table 2.

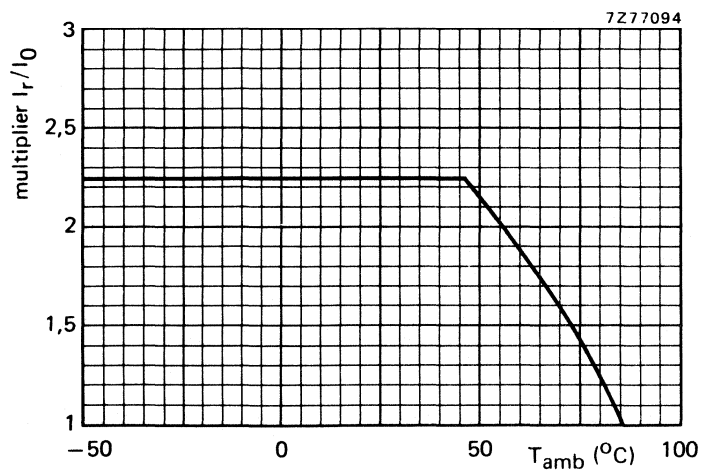


Fig. 4 Typical ripple current as a function of ambient temperature; I_0 = ripple current at 85 °C and 100 Hz.

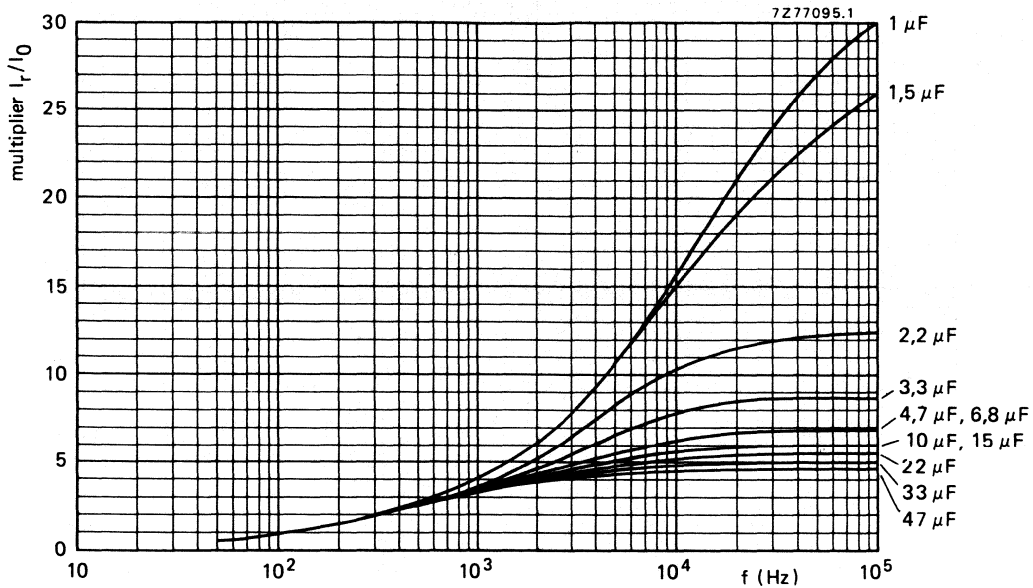


Fig. 5 Typical ripple current as a function of frequency; I_0 = ripple current at 85 °C and 100 Hz.

D.C. leakage current

The maximum d.c. leakage current, when the case is at negative potential with respect to the other connection, 5 min after application of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20$ to 25 °C is given in Table 2.

The maximum d.c. leakage current, when the case is at positive potential with respect to the other connection, may be up to 50 μ A higher than the values given in Table 2.

If the d.c. leakage current is too high, owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the d.c. leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 2.

Equivalent series resistance (ESR)

The ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit) is given in Table 2.

For ESR at different frequencies, see graphs on the next page.

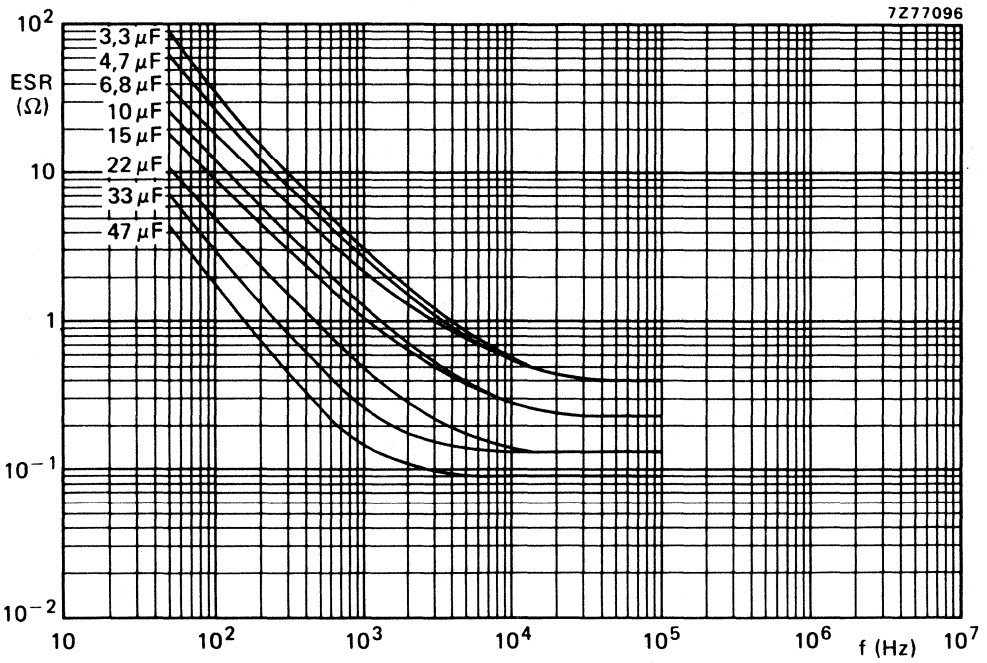


Fig. 6 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C.

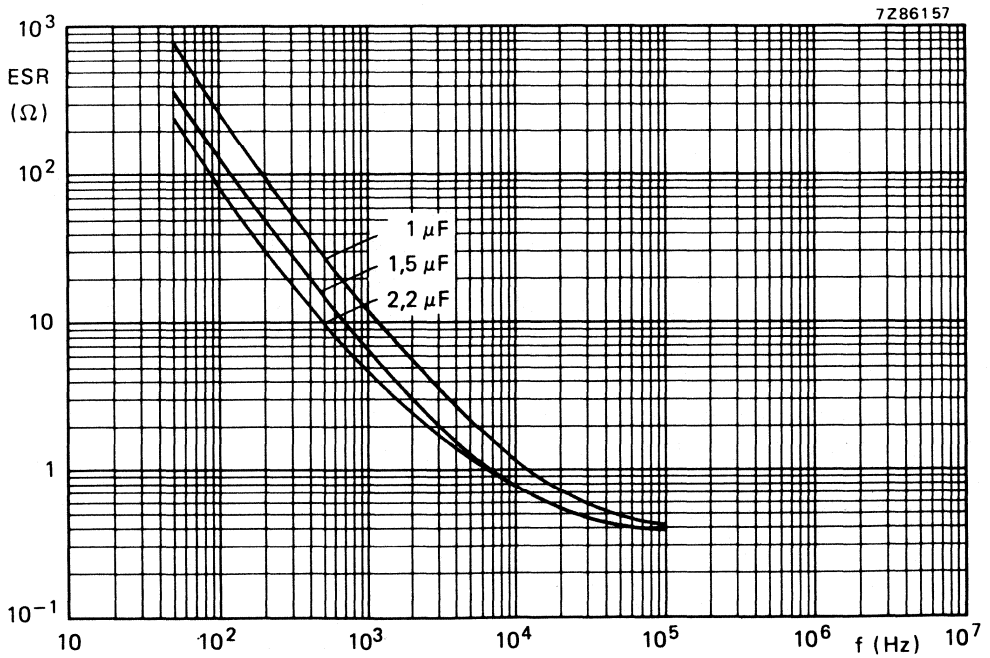


Fig. 7 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at 25 °C.

Impedance

Impedance at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit).

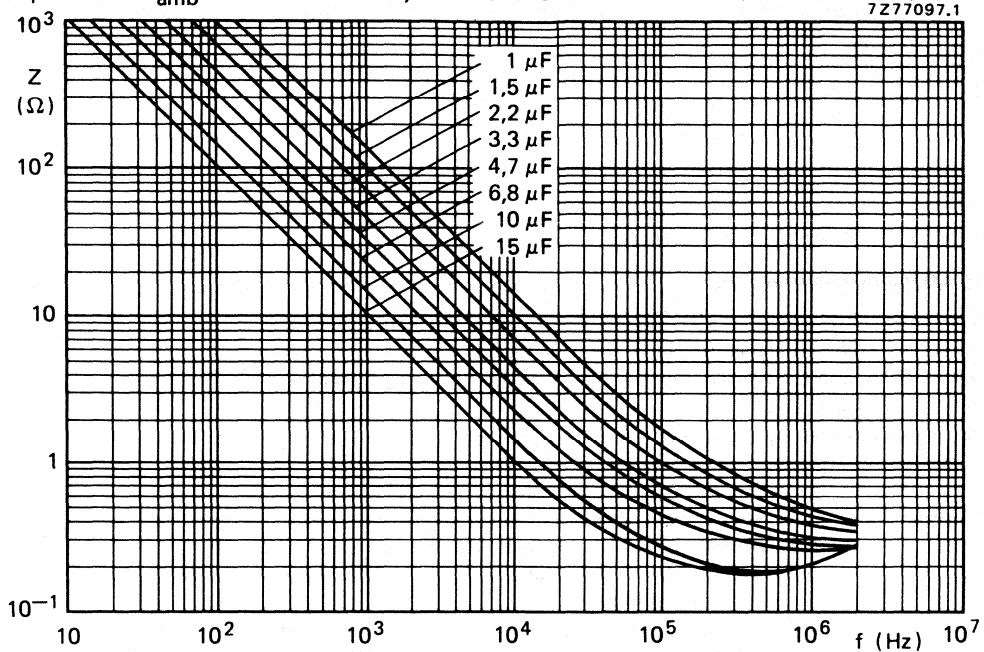


Fig. 8 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

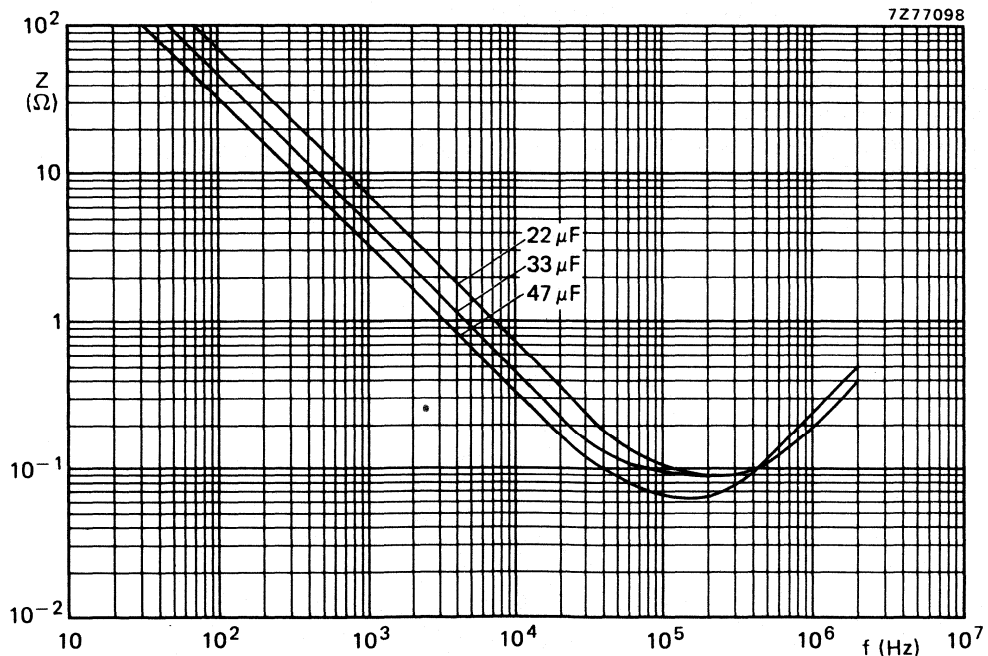


Fig. 9 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

OPERATIONAL DATA

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Category temperature range | -40 to + 85 °C |
| Typical life time | |
| at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 10 000 h |
| at $T_{amb} = 40\text{ °C}$ | > 200 000 h |
| Shelf life at 0 V and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$ | 500 h |

PACKING

The capacitors are packed in boxes of 200.

TEST AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, under Table 1-Tests and requirements, non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the exception of IEC384-4 sub clause 9.14, and the figures of $\tan \delta$, for which the following is valid.

IEC384-4 sub clause 9.14.

IEC68-2 test method: no reference.

Name of test: Endurance

Procedure a: 5000 h at 85 °C, rated d.c. voltage applied in any direction.

Requirements: no visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, d.c. leakage current at applied d.c. voltage in applied direction \leq stated limit, $ESR \leq 1,3 \times$ stated limit, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$, ratio of impedances at 10 kHz before and after test ≤ 2 , insulation resistance $> 100\text{ M}\Omega$, no breakdown or flashover.

Procedure b: 5000 h at 85 °C, rated ripple current applied, no d.c. voltage applied.

Requirements: no visible damage, no leakage of electrolyte, $ESR \leq 2 \times$ stated limit, $\Delta C/C \leq 15\%$, ratio of impedances at 10 kHz before and after test ≤ 2 , insulation resistance $> 100\text{ M}\Omega$, no breakdown or flashover.

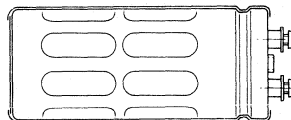
After *shelf life test*, 500 h, 85 °C, the capacitors meet the same requirements as after endurance test. The rated voltage shall be applied to the capacitors for minimum 30 min., at least 24 h and not more than 48 h before measurements.

In this data sheet no value is given for $\tan \delta$; where in the tests and requirements $\tan \delta$ is mentioned, ESR must be read instead.

Note: Capacitors 2222 039 are small types, long-life grade.

NON-SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Large type with screw terminals
- Long life
- Military and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 1500 to 150 000 μF |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | -10 to +50% |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 100 V |
| Category temperature range | |
| 2222 106 | -40 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| 2222 107 | -25 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Typical life time at 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | >5000 h |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade |
| Climatic category | |
| IEC 68 | 40/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF (56 days) |
| NF C93-001 | 554 |
| } 2222 106 | |
| IEC 68 | 25/085/56 |
| DIN 40040 | GPF (56 days) |
| NF C93-001 | 654 |
| } 2222 107 | |
| Approvals | U.K. Post Office D 2186 Ministry of Defence (Navy) DEF5134-1 FOA/FTL (Sweden) |

Selection chart for $C_{\text{nom}} \cdot U_R$ and relevant case sizes.

| C_{nom} μF | U_R (V) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 |
| 1500 | | | | | | | 11 |
| 2200 | | | | | | 11 | 12 |
| 3300 | | | | | | 12 | 14 |
| 4700 | | | | | 11 | 14 | 15 |
| 6800 | | | | 11 | 12 | 15 | |
| 10 000 | | | 11 | 12 | 14 | | 16 |
| 15 000 | | 11 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 16 | |
| 22 000 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 15 | | | |
| 33 000 | 12 | 14 | 15 | | 16 | | |
| 47 000 | 14 | 15 | | 16 | | | |
| 68 000 | 15 | | 16 | | | | |
| 100 000 | | 16 | | | | | |
| 150 000 | 16 | | | | | | |

| case size | nominal dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 11 | \varnothing 35 x 80 |
| 12 | \varnothing 35 x 112 |
| 14 | \varnothing 50 x 80 |
| 15 | \varnothing 50 x 112 |
| 16 | \varnothing 65 x 112 |

APPLICATION

Because of their high reliability and long service life these capacitors are recommended not only for industrial but also for military applications. Their extremely low resistance and inductance values and high resistance to shock and vibration render them very suitable for applications such as:

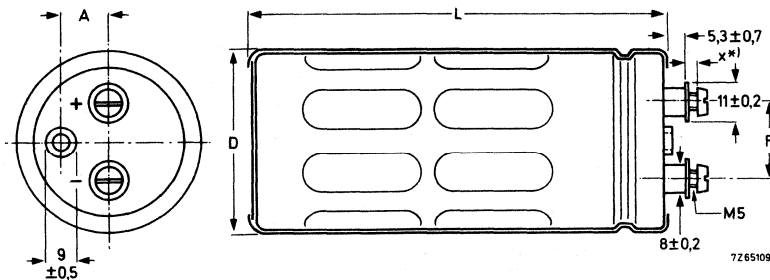
- switched-mode power supplies;
- power supplies in digital equipment;
- energy storage in pulse systems;
- filters in measuring and control apparatus.

DESCRIPTION

The low values of impedance and inductance are achieved by a special construction with multiple internal anode and cathode connections.
 The high resistance to shock and vibration is achieved by the longitudinal rills and special internal construction.
 The capacitors are completely cold-welded and charge/discharge proof.
 The aluminium cases are fully insulated and sealed by a synthetic resin disc with a vent.
 In the case of over-pressure the vent releases this pressure and closes again; the proper operation of the capacitor remains guaranteed.
 The capacitors are delivered with screws and washers.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



See Table 1 for dimensions D, L, P and A.

*) Maximum permissible torque which may be applied to the termination screws at various heights (X in drawing):

| 2 | 4 | 6 | X (mm) |
|-----|---|-----|------------------------------|
| 1,5 | 1 | 0,5 | max. permissible torque (Nm) |

Table 1

| case size | D + 1,5 | L + 3 | P ± 0,1 | A ± 0,2 | approx. mass (g) |
|-----------|---------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------|
| 11 | 35 | 80 | 15 | 8,4 | 105 |
| 12 | 35 | 112 | 15 | 8,4 | 140 |
| 14 | 50 | 80 | 22 | 14,3 | 200 |
| 15 | 50 | 112 | 22 | 14,3 | 280 |
| 16 | 65 | 112 | 31 | 19,0 | 480 |

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, tolerance on nominal capacitance, rated voltage, temperature range, IEC type, maximum permissible ripple current at 50 °C, catalogue number and date code.

Mounting

The capacitor may be mounted vertically or horizontally, with or without mounting clamp. For proper functioning the vent should be on the upper side, whether the capacitor is mounted horizontally or vertically. When a number of capacitors are connected in a bank, they must not be closer than 15 mm when no derating of ripple current and/or temperature is applied. See also Mounting Accessories, at the end of this data sheet.

Minimum atmospheric pressure

8,5 kPa

PRODUCT SAFETY

Non-solid electrolytic capacitors may contain chemicals which can be regarded as hazardous if incorrectly handled. Caution is necessary should the outer case be fractured.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Table 2

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 2 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%.

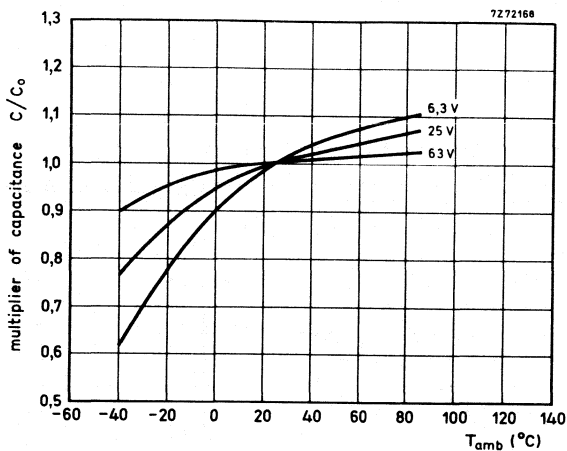
| U _R (V) | nom. cap. (μF) | max. r. m. s. ripple current at T _{amb} = 85 °C (A) ¹⁾ | max. d.c. leakage current at U _R after 5 min (mA) ¹⁾ | typ. ESR (mΩ) ¹⁾ | max. tan δ ¹⁾ | impedance at 20 kHz (mΩ) ¹⁾ | | case size | catalogue number | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------|-----------|------------------|-------|
| | | | | | | typ. | max. | | | |
| 6,3 | 22000 | 5,5 | 0,9 | 13,0 | 0,32 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 11 | 2222 106 33223 | |
| | 33000 | 7,9 | 1,3 | 8,5 | 0,32 | 7,0 | 10,5 | 12 | | 33333 |
| | 47000 | 9,4 | 1,8 | 6,5 | 0,35 | 5,5 | 8,0 | 14 | | 34473 |
| | 68000 | 13,2 | 2,6 | 4,5 | 0,35 | 4,0 | 6,0 | 15 | | 33683 |
| | 150000 | 21,3 | 5,7 | 2,5 | 0,45 | 3,5 | 5,5 | 16 | | 33154 |
| 10 | 15000 | 5,3 | 0,9 | 14,0 | 0,23 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 11 | 34153 | |
| | 22000 | 7,5 | 1,4 | 9,5 | 0,23 | 7,0 | 10,5 | 12 | 34223 | |
| | 33000 | 9,1 | 2,0 | 7,0 | 0,25 | 5,5 | 8,0 | 14 | 34333 | |
| | 47000 | 12,8 | 2,9 | 5,0 | 0,25 | 4,0 | 6,0 | 15 | 34473 | |
| | 100000 | 20,5 | 6,0 | 2,5 | 0,27 | 3,5 | 5,5 | 16 | 34104 | |
| 16 | 10000 | 5,0 | 1,0 | 16,0 | 0,16 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 11 | 35103 | |
| | 15000 | 7,1 | 1,5 | 10,5 | 0,16 | 7,0 | 10,5 | 12 | 35153 | |
| | 22000 | 8,6 | 2,2 | 8,0 | 0,18 | 5,5 | 8,0 | 14 | 35223 | |
| | 33000 | 12,4 | 3,2 | 5,0 | 0,18 | 4,0 | 6,0 | 15 | 35333 | |
| | 68000 | 19,7 | 6,6 | 2,5 | 0,19 | 3,5 | 5,5 | 16 | 35683 | |
| 25 | 6800 | 4,7 | 1,1 | 18,0 | 0,12 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 11 | 36682 | |
| | 10000 | 6,7 | 1,5 | 12,0 | 0,12 | 7,0 | 10,5 | 12 | 36103 | |
| | 15000 | 8,2 | 2,3 | 8,5 | 0,13 | 5,5 | 8,0 | 14 | 36153 | |
| | 22000 | 11,6 | 3,3 | 6,0 | 0,13 | 4,0 | 6,0 | 15 | 36223 | |
| | 47000 | 18,7 | 7,1 | 3,0 | 0,14 | 3,5 | 5,5 | 16 | 36473 | |
| 40 | 4700 | 4,3 | 1,2 | 21,0 | 0,10 | 11,5 | 17,0 | 11 | 37472 | |
| | 6800 | 6,0 | 1,7 | 14,5 | 0,10 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 12 | 37682 | |
| | 10000 | 7,4 | 2,4 | 10,5 | 0,10 | 6,0 | 9,0 | 14 | 37103 | |
| | 15000 | 10,6 | 3,6 | 7,0 | 0,10 | 4,5 | 7,0 | 15 | 37153 | |
| | 33000 | 17,6 | 8,0 | 3,5 | 0,11 | 3,5 | 5,5 | 16 | 37333 | |
| 63 | 2200 | 3,6 | 0,9 | 30,0 | 0,065 | 11,5 | 17,0 | 11 | 38222 | |
| | 3300 | 5,2 | 1,3 | 20,0 | 0,065 | 8,5 | 13,0 | 12 | 38332 | |
| | 4700 | 6,3 | 1,8 | 14,5 | 0,070 | 6,0 | 9,0 | 14 | 38472 | |
| | 6800 | 8,8 | 2,6 | 10,0 | 0,070 | 4,5 | 7,0 | 15 | 38682 | |
| | 15000 | 14,8 | 5,7 | 5,0 | 0,075 | 3,5 | 5,5 | 16 | 38153 | |
| 100 | 1500 | 3,1 | 0,9 | 270 | 0,40 | 200 | 300 | 11 | 2222 107 30152 | |
| | 2200 | 4,5 | 1,4 | 180 | 0,40 | 130 | 200 | 12 | | 30222 |
| | 3300 | 5,4 | 2,0 | 120 | 0,40 | 90 | 140 | 14 | | 30332 |
| | 4700 | 7,7 | 2,9 | 80 | 0,40 | 60 | 90 | 15 | | 30472 |
| | 10000 | 12,6 | 6,0 | 40 | 0,40 | 40 | 60 | 16 | | 30103 |

¹⁾ See also corresponding paragraph.

Capacitance

Nominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ see Table 2

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz -10 to +50%



Typical capacitance as a function of ambient temperature;
 C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage = max. permissible voltage

Ripple voltage ** = max. permissible a.c. voltage providing the following three conditions are met:

- a) max. (d.c. + peak a.c.) voltage
- b) max. peak a.c. voltage, with d.c. voltage applied
- c) max. peak a.c. voltage, without d.c. voltage applied

Surge voltage = max. permissible voltage for short periods (see also "Tests and requirements")

Reverse voltage = max. d.c. voltage applied in the reverse polarity at the maximum category temperature (for short periods)

| | core temperature * | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | < 60 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 60 to 95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Rated voltage | $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| Ripple voltage (a) | $1,1 \times U_R$ | U_R |
| Ripple voltage (b) | applied d.c. voltage + 1 V | |
| Ripple voltage (c) | 1 V | |
| Surge voltage | $1,15 \times U_R$ | |
| Reverse voltage | 1 V | |

* See Introduction, section 5, "Ripple current".

** Ripple voltages are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive.

Ripple current

Maximum permissible r. m. s. ripple current
at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 2

at $T_{amb} = 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

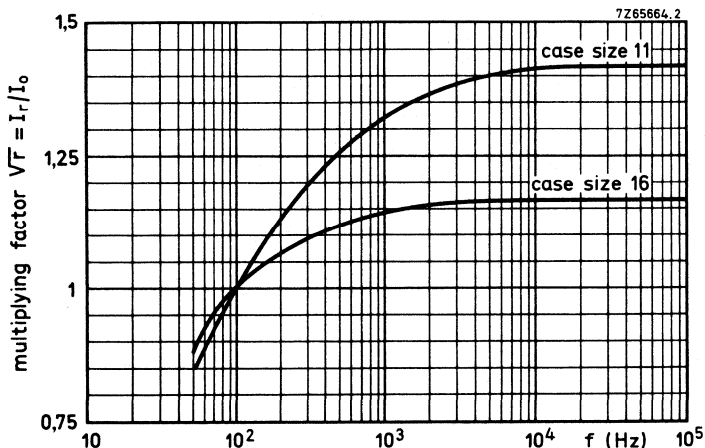
1,4 x values stated in Table 2

at $T_{amb} = 75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

1,7 x values stated in Table 2 ¹⁾

at $T_{amb} \leq 65\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

2,2 x values stated in Table 2 ¹⁾



Multiplying factor as a function of frequency, for calculation of max. ripple current ¹⁾.
 I_0 = maximum ripple current at 85 °C, 100 Hz.

Non-sinusoidal ripple currents have to be analyzed into a number of sinusoidal currents and the following requirements shall then be satisfied:

$$\sum_n \frac{I_n^2}{r_n} \leq I_r^2 \text{ max.}$$

$I_r \text{ max}$ = max. ripple current at 100 Hz and applicable ambient temperature;

I_n = ripple current at a certain frequency;

$\sqrt{r_n}$ = multiplying factor at same frequency.

Note

Ripple currents are not applicable if the maximum permissible ripple voltage is exceeded. In that case the ripple voltage is decisive.

¹⁾ With a maximum of 30 A.

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting.

If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The r. m. s. value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

D.C. leakage current

Maximum d.c. leakage current 5 min after application

of the rated voltage at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 2 (0,006 CU + 4 μA)

D.C. leakage current during continuous operation at U_R ,

at $T_{amb} = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

approx. 0,125 of value stated in Table 2

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

\leq value stated in Table 2

If owing to prolonged storage and/or storage at an excessive temperature the d.c. leakage current is too high, application of the rated voltage for some hours will cause the d.c. leakage current to fall to a value lower than specified in Table 2.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Tan δ at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured by means

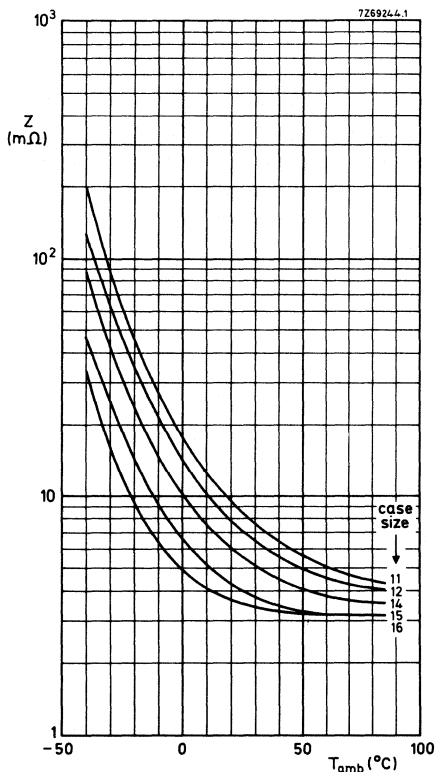
of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 2

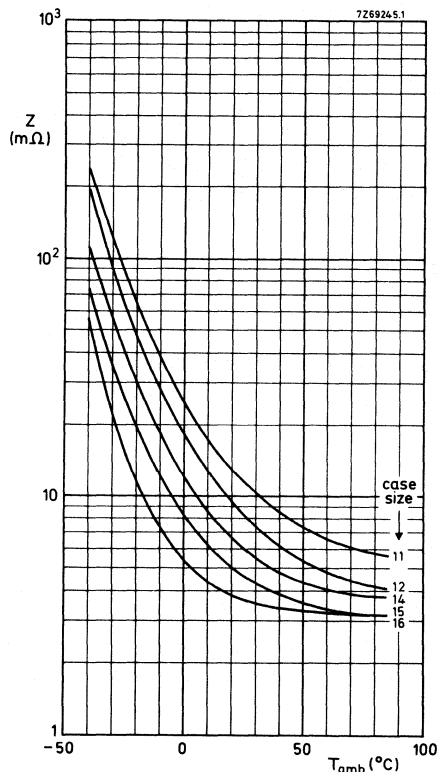
Impedance

Impedance at 20 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured

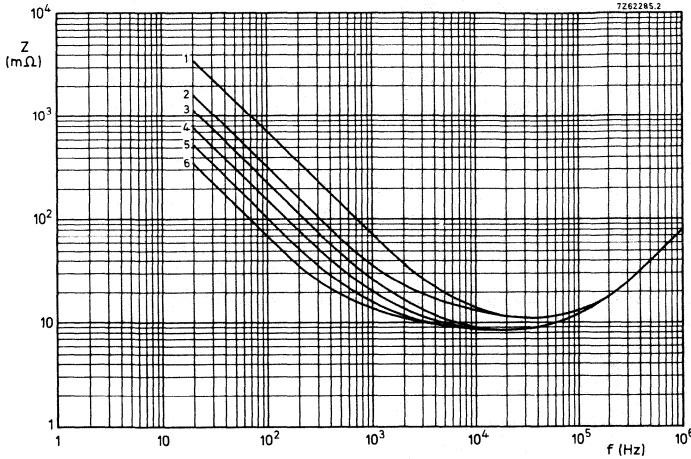
by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit) see Table 2



Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz for 6, 3 V to 25 V types.



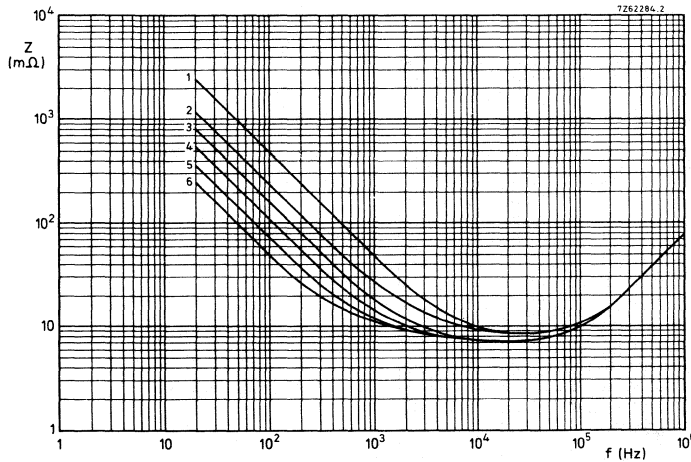
Typical impedance as a function of temperature at 20 kHz for 40 V and 63 V types.



Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

case size 11

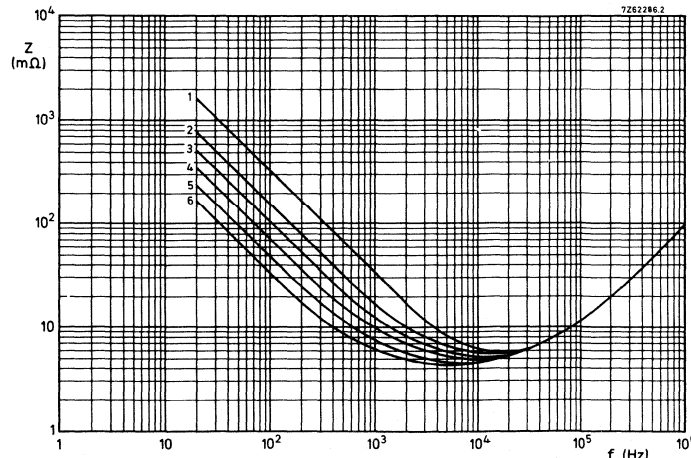
- curve 1 = 2200 μF , 63 V
- 2 = 4700 μF , 40 V
- 3 = 6800 μF , 25 V
- 4 = 10 000 μF , 16 V
- 5 = 15 000 μF , 10 V
- 6 = 22 000 μF , 6,3 V



Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

case size 12

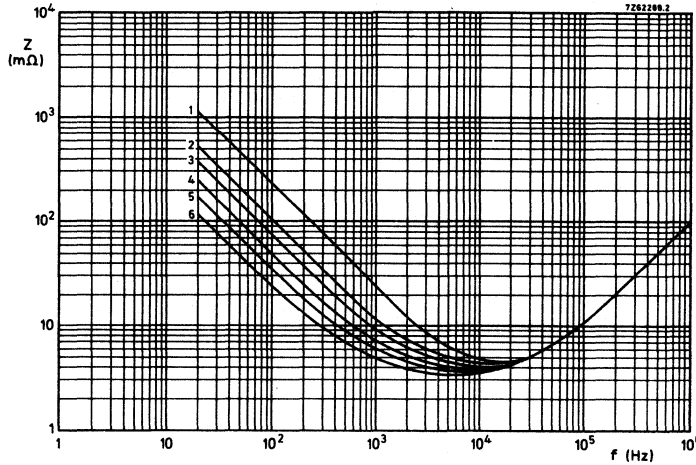
- curve 1 = 3300 μF , 63 V
- 2 = 6800 μF , 40 V
- 3 = 10 000 μF , 25 V
- 4 = 15 000 μF , 16 V
- 5 = 22 000 μF , 10 V
- 6 = 33 000 μF , 6,3 V



Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

case size 14

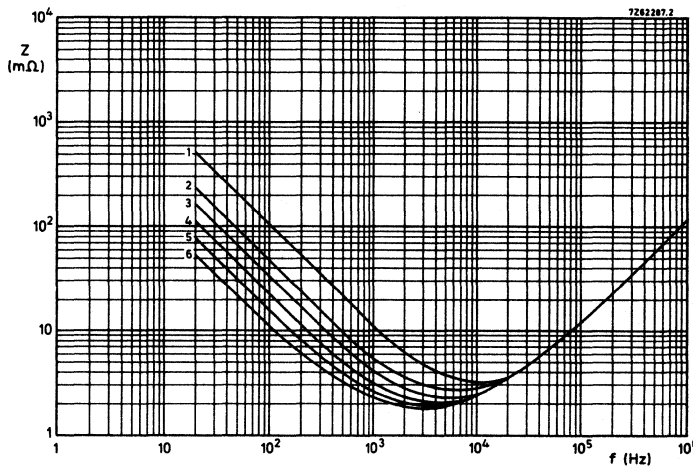
- curve 1 = 4700 μF , 63 V
- 2 = 10 000 μF , 40 V
- 3 = 15 000 μF , 25 V
- 4 = 22 000 μF , 16 V
- 5 = 33 000 μF , 10 V
- 6 = 47 000 μF , 6,3 V



Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

case size 15

- curve 1 = 6800 μF , 63 V
- 2 = 15 000 μF , 40 V
- 3 = 22 000 μF , 25 V
- 4 = 33 000 μF , 16 V
- 5 = 47 000 μF , 10 V
- 6 = 68 000 μF , 6,3 V



Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

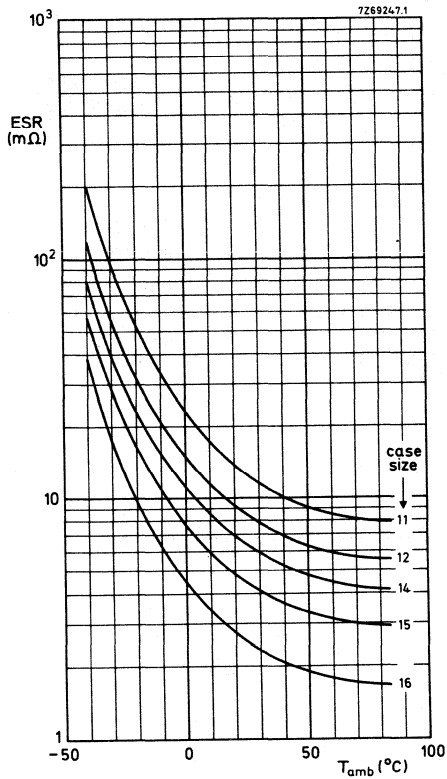
case size 16

- curve 1 = 15 000 μF , 63 V
- 2 = 33 000 μF , 40 V
- 3 = 47 000 μF , 25 V
- 4 = 68 000 μF , 16 V
- 5 = 100 000 μF , 10 V
- 6 = 150 000 μF , 6,3 V

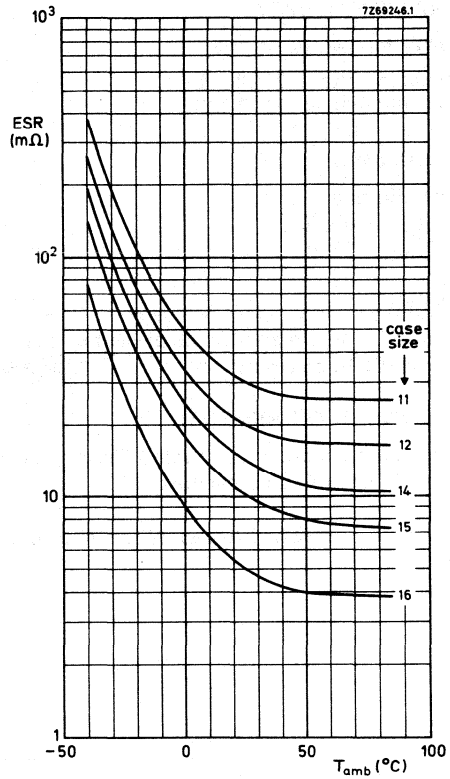
Equivalent series resistance ($\text{ESR} = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 2



Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz for 6,3 V types.



Typical ESR as a function of temperature at 100 Hz for 63 V types.

Inductance

| case size | typical inductance |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 11 and 12 | 12 nH |
| 14 and 15 | 15 nH |
| 16 | 18 nH |

2222 106
2222 107

aluminium electrolytic

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

for rated voltage, 2222 106
for rated voltage, 2222 107

-40 to +85 °C
-25 to +85 °C

Life expectancy

Typical lifetime
at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

>5000 h
>15 years

PACKING

Case sizes 11, 12, 14 and 15: 25 pieces per box.
Case size 16: 10 pieces per box.

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

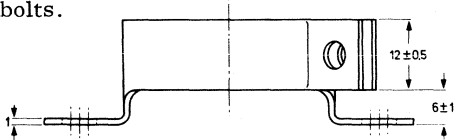
See Introduction, section 9, Table 1-Tests and requirements, non-solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors.

Note: Capacitors 2222 106 and 2222 107 belong to the large types with screw terminals, long-life grade.

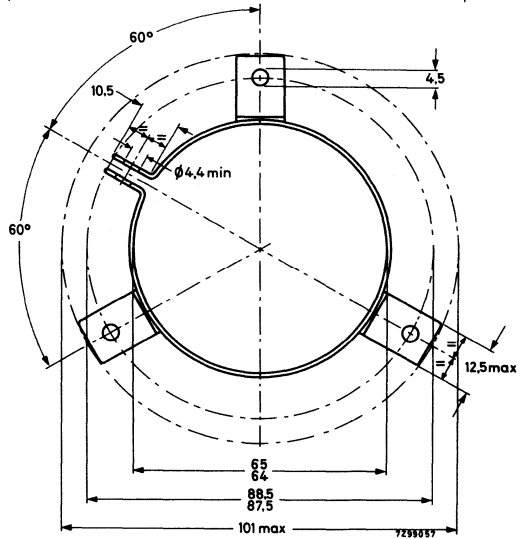
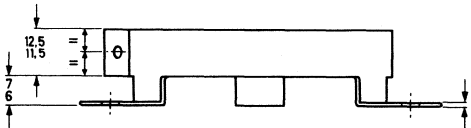
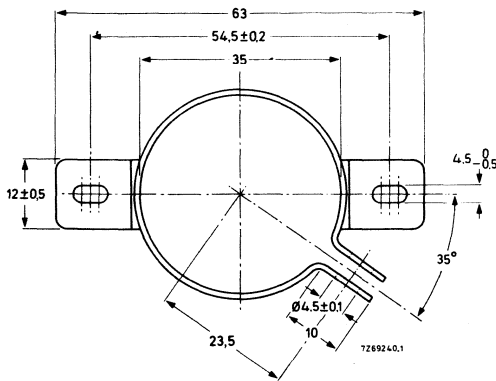
MOUNTING ACCESSORIES

Clamps

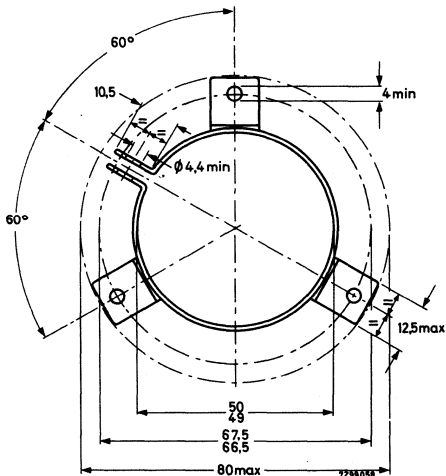
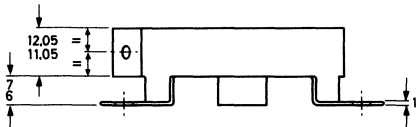
To facilitate vertical mounting, a series of rigid clamps made of zinc-plated steel are available. They can easily be slid over the capacitor and then fixed to it with a nut and bolt. They are provided with two or three mounting lugs. Three types are available, one for each case diameter of the capacitor range. They are delivered without nuts or bolts.



Clamp for case diameter of 35 mm.
Catalogue number : 4322 043 04272.



Clamp for case diameter of 65 mm.
Catalogue number 4322 043 04291.

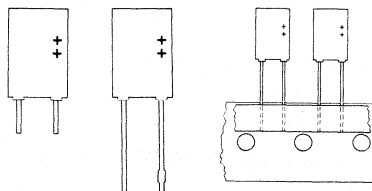


Clamp for case diameter of 50 mm.
Catalogue number 4322 043 04281.

1

SOLID ALUMINIUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

- Miniature type
- Single ended
- Epoxy potted
- Long life
- General and industrial applications



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| | |
|--|---|
| Nominal capacitance range (E6 series) | 0,1 to 68 μ F |
| Tolerance on nominal capacitance | $\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order) |
| Rated voltage range, U_R (R5 series) | 6,3 to 40 V |
| Category temperature range | -55 to $+85$ $^{\circ}$ C |
| Endurance test at 85 $^{\circ}$ C | 5000 h |
| Basic specification | IEC 384-4, long-life grade |
| Climatic category, IEC 68 | 55/085/56 |

Selection chart for C_{nom} - U_R and relevant case sizes.

| C_{nom} μ F | U_R (V) | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 6,3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 40 |
| 0,1 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,15 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,22 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,33 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,47 | | | | | | 1 |
| 0,68 | | | | | | 1 |
| 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | 2* |
| 1,5 | | | | 1 | | 2 |
| 2,2 | | | | 1 | | 2 |
| 3,3 | | | 1 | 1* | | |
| 4,7 | | | 1 | 2* | | |
| 6,8 | | | 1 | 2 | | |
| 10 | | 1 | 2 | 2* | | |
| 15 | | 1 | 2 | | | |
| 22 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| 33 | | 2 | | | | |
| 47 | 2 | | | | | |
| 68 | 2 | | | | | |

| case size | maximum dimensions (mm) |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 12,5 x 8,5 x 4,5 |
| 2 | 12,5 x 8,5 x 6 |

* Available to special order.

APPLICATION

These capacitors are for filtering, smoothing, coupling and decoupling purposes in general and industrial applications. They utilize advanced technology to achieve long life, high reliability, high stability and low temperature dependence.

The capacitors have a very low and stable leakage current, small dimensions and a fixed pitch of 5 mm. Thanks to the potted execution they are particularly suited to withstand severe shock and vibration tests.

The taped version is suitable for automatic insertion and for cutting and forming equipment.

DESCRIPTION

The capacitor is of a construction with a highly etched aluminium plate anode, aluminium oxide as a dielectric and a solid cathode. The capacitor is potted with epoxy resin in a blue case.

The capacitor is available in three styles, all with soldered-copper radial leads:

- style 1 : with short leads;
- style 2 : with long leads of which the anode lead has a flattened area at the end;
- style 3 : with long leads (without flattened area) on tape on reel, positive leading.

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

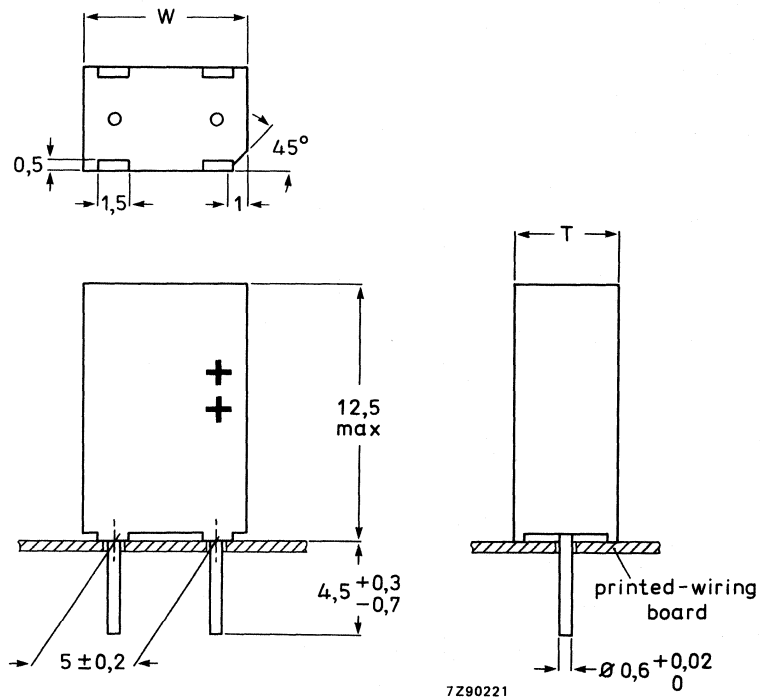


Fig. 1 Style 1; see Table 1a for dimensions T and W.

Note: Capacitors with other lead lengths are available to special order.

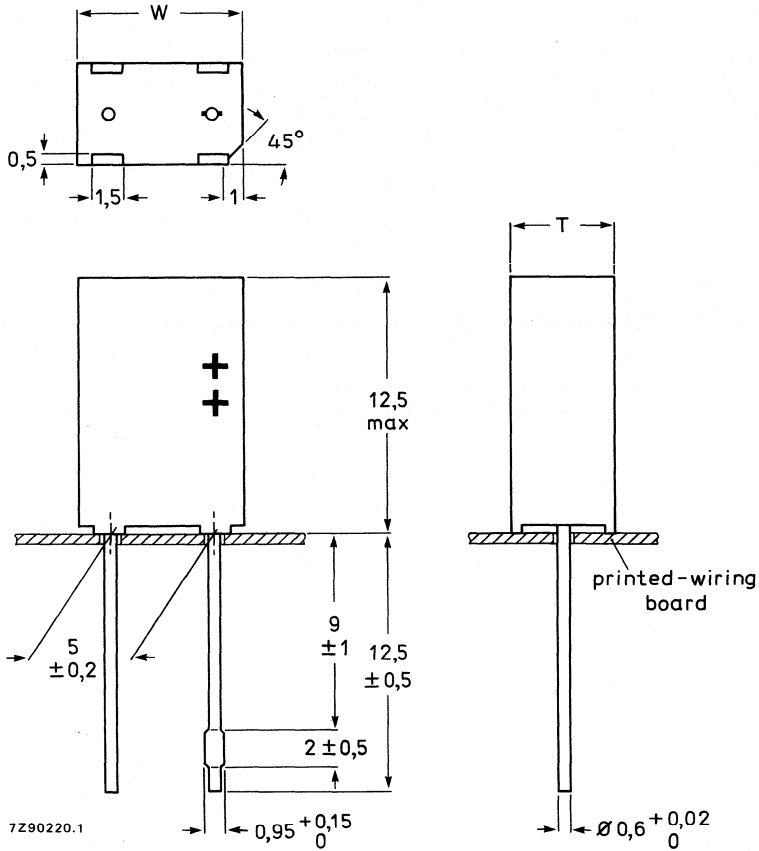


Fig. 2 Style 2; see Table 1a for dimensions T and W.

Table 1a

| case size | T_{max} | W_{max} | mass g |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| 1 | 4,5 | 8,5 | 0,4 |
| 2 | 6 | 8,5 | 0,7 |

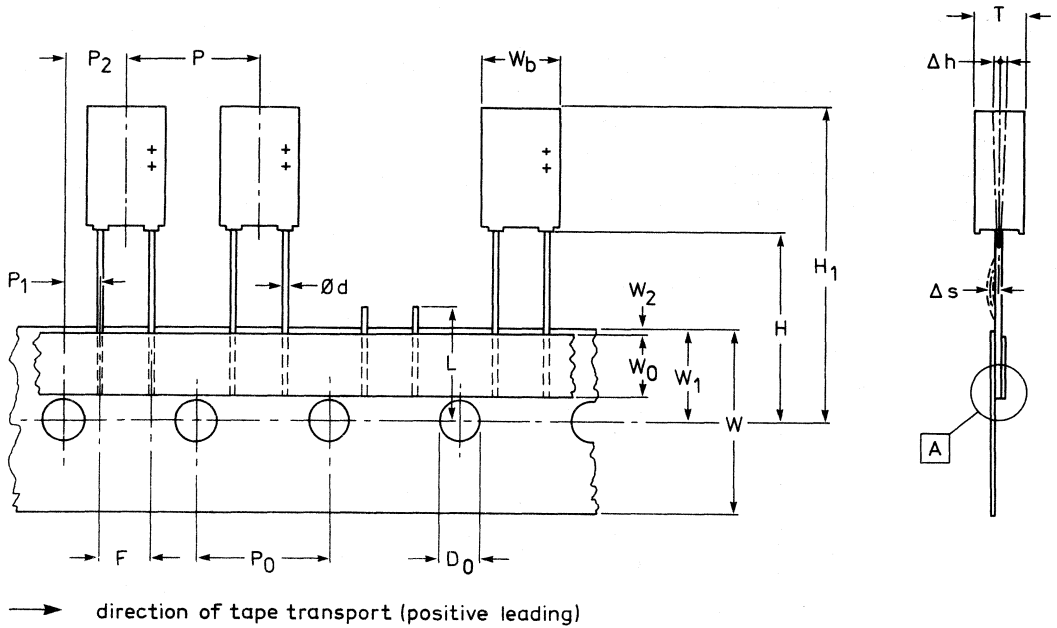


Fig. 3 Style 3 ; see Table 1b for dimensions.

7285986.2

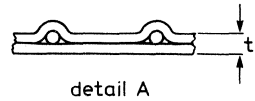


Table 1b

| | symbol | value | tolerance | remarks |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------|------------|------------------------------|
| Body thickness | T | 4,5-6 | max. | for case sizes 1 and 2 resp. |
| Body width | W _b | 8 | max. | |
| Component alignment | Δh | 0 | ± 1 | |
| Lead-wire diameter | d | 0,6 | + 0,02/-0 | |
| Lead straightness | Δs | 0 | ± 0,5 | |
| Length of snapped leads | L | 11 | max. | |
| Lead-to-lead distance | F | 5 | + 0,4/-0,2 | |
| Pitch of components | P | 12,7 | ± 1 | |
| Feed-hole pitch | P ₀ | 12,7 | ± 0,2 | * |
| Feed-hole centre to lead | P ₁ | 3,85 | ± 0,5 | |
| Feed-hole centre to component centre | P ₂ | 6,35 | ± 1 | |
| Feed-hole diameter | D ₀ | 4 | ± 0,2 | |
| Height of component from tape centre | H | 18,5 | ± 0,5 | |
| Component height | H ₁ | 32 | max. | |
| Tape width | W | 18 | ± 0,5 | |
| Hold-down tape width | W ₀ | 6 | ± 0,5 | Feed hole shall be free |
| Hole position | W ₁ | 9 | + 0,5/-0,2 | |
| Hold-down tape position | W ₂ | 0,5 | + 0,5/-0,2 | |
| Total tape thickness | t | 0,9 | max. | |

* Cumulative pitch error: ± 0,5 mm/4 pitches, and ± 1 mm/20 pitches.

Marking

The capacitors are marked with: nominal capacitance, rated voltage, "+" signs to identify the anode terminal, tolerance code (M = $\pm 20\%$, K = $\pm 10\%$), date code (year and month) and name of manufacturer.



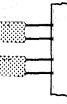
Mounting

The diameter of the mounting holes in the printed-wiring boards is $0,8 \pm 0,1$ mm, except that of the hole for the anode lead of style 2 capacitors: 1,3–0,2 mm.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Unless otherwise specified all electrical values in Table 2 apply at an ambient temperature of 20 to 25 °C, a frequency of 100 Hz, an atmospheric pressure of 93 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 45 to 75%. See also the corresponding paragraphs.

Table 2

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. r.m.s. ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}^*$ mA | max. d.c. leakage current (μA) ** at U_R after | | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 100 kHz ** Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 124 followed by | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---|-------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|---|
| | | | 15 s | 1 min | | | | | style 1  | style 2  | style 3  |
| 6,3 | 22 | 20 | 3,5 | 1,4 | 0,15 | 14 | 1,3 | 1 | 53229 | 73229 | 23229 |
| | 47 | 42 | 7,4 | 3,0 | 0,15 | 6,4 | 0,7 | 2 | 53479 | 73479 | 23479 |
| | 68 | 61 | 10,7 | 4,3 | 0,15 | 4,4 | 0,5 | 2 | 53689 | 73689 | 23689 |
| 10 | 10 | 14 | 2,5 | 1,0 | 0,15 | 30 | 1,5 | 1 | 54109 | 74109 | 24109 |
| | 15 | 21 | 3,8 | 1,5 | 0,15 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 54159 | 74159 | 24159 |
| | 22 | 31 | 5,5 | 2,2 | 0,15 | 14 | 0,7 | 2 | 54229 | 74229 | 24229 |
| 16 | 33 | 47 | 8,3 | 3,3 | 0,15 | 9 | 0,5 | 2 | 54339 | 74339 | 24339 |
| | 3,3 | 8 | 1,3 | 0,5 | 0,10 | 61 | 7 | 1 | 55338 | 75338 | 25338 |
| | 4,7 | 11 | 1,9 | 0,8 | 0,10 | 43 | 2 | 1 | 55478 | 75478 | 25478 |
| 25 | 6,8 | 16 | 2,7 | 1,1 | 0,10 | 29,5 | 1,5 | 1 | 55688 | 75688 | 25688 |
| | 10 | 23 | 4,0 | 1,6 | 0,10 | 20 | 1 | 2 | 55109 | 75109 | 25109 |
| | 15 | 34 | 6,0 | 2,4 | 0,10 | 13,5 | 0,7 | 2 | 55159 | 75159 | 25159 |
| 25 | 1 | 4 | 0,6 | 0,3 | 0,10 | 200 | 20 | 1 | 56108 | 76108 | 26108 |
| | 1,5 | 5 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 135 | 15 | 1 | 56158 | 76158 | 26158 |
| | 2,2 | 8 | 1,4 | 0,6 | 0,10 | 91 | 10 | 1 | 56228 | 76228 | 26228 |
| | 3,3 \blacktriangle | 12 | 2,1 | 0,8 | 0,10 | 61 | 7 | 1 | 56338 | 76338 | 26338 |
| | 4,7 \blacktriangle | 17 | 2,9 | 1,2 | 0,10 | 43 | 5 | 2 | 56478 | 76478 | 26478 |
| | 6,8 | 24 | 4,2 | 1,7 | 0,10 | 29,5 | 3 | 2 | 56688 | 76688 | 26688 |
| 10 \blacktriangle | 35 | 6,3 | 2,5 | 0,15 | 20 | 2 | 2 | 56109 | 76109 | 26109 | |

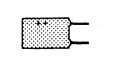
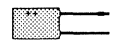
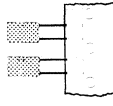
* For calculation of the max. ripple current at these and other frequencies and temperatures, see paragraphs "Voltage" and "Ripple current".

** Versions with lower values of max. d.c. leakage current or max. impedance are available to special order.

\blacktriangle Available to special order.

Table 2 (continued)

| UR | nom. cap. μF | max. r.m.s. ripple current at $T_{\text{amb}} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}^*$ mA | max. d.c. leakage current (μA) ** | | max. $\tan \delta$ | max. ESR Ω | max. impedance at 100 kHz ** Ω | case size | catalogue number 2222 124 followed by | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|--|-------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | | | 15 s | 1 min | | | | | style 1 | style 2 | style 3 |
| 35 | 1 | 3 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 200 | 15 | 1 | 50108 | 70108 | 20108 |
| 40 | 0,1 | 0,4 | 0,1 | 0,04 | 0,10 | 1990 | 70 | 1 | 57107 | 77107 | 27107 |
| | 0,15 | 0,5 | 0,15 | 0,06 | 0,10 | 1330 | 50 | 1 | 57157 | 77157 | 27157 |
| | 0,22 | 0,8 | 0,22 | 0,08 | 0,10 | 910 | 30 | 1 | 57227 | 77227 | 27227 |
| | 0,33 | 1 | 0,33 | 0,13 | 0,10 | 610 | 30 | 1 | 57337 | 77337 | 27337 |
| | 0,47 | 2 | 0,5 | 0,2 | 0,10 | 430 | 20 | 1 | 57477 | 77477 | 27477 |
| | 0,68 | 2 | 0,7 | 0,3 | 0,10 | 295 | 15 | 1 | 57687 | 77687 | 27687 |
| | 1,0 \blacktriangle | 4 | 1,0 | 0,4 | 0,10 | 200 | 10 | 2 | 57108 | 77108 | 27108 |
| | 1,5 | 5 | 1,5 | 0,6 | 0,10 | 135 | 7 | 2 | 57158 | 77158 | 27158 |
| | 2,2 | 8 | 2,2 | 0,9 | 0,10 | 91 | 5 | 2 | 57228 | 77228 | 27228 |



* For calculation of the max. ripple current at these and other frequencies and temperatures, see paragraphs "Voltage" and "Ripple current".
 ** Versions with lower values of max. d.c. leakage current or max. impedance are available to special order.
 \blacktriangle Available to special order.

CapacitanceNominal capacitance values at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 2

Tolerance on nominal capacitance at 100 Hz

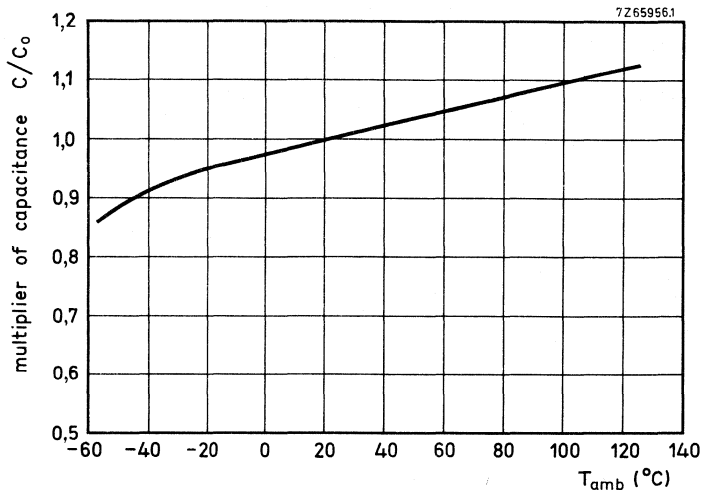
 $\pm 20\%$ ($\pm 10\%$ to special order)

Fig. 4 Multiplier of capacitance as a function of temperature; C_0 = capacitance at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Voltage

Rated voltage =

max. permissible voltage at $T_{amb} \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ U_R

Ripple voltage =

max. permissible a.c. voltage providing the following four conditions are met:

a) Max. a.c. voltage, with negative d.c. voltage applied

2 V

b) Max. peak a.c. voltage, without d.c. voltage applied

at $f \leq 0,1\text{ Hz}$ $0,15 \times U_R$ at $0,1\text{ Hz} < f \leq 1\text{ Hz}$ $0,22 \times U_R$ at $1\text{ Hz} < f \leq 10\text{ Hz}$ $0,30 \times U_R$ at $10\text{ Hz} < f \leq 50\text{ Hz}$ $0,32 \times U_R$ at $f > 50\text{ Hz}$ $0,40 \times U_R$

c) Momentary value of applied voltage, with positive d.c. voltage applied

between U_R (in the positive half wave) and the limits mentioned under b) (in the negative half wave)

d) Ripple voltage limits are not applicable if the maximum ripple current is exceeded. In that case the ripple current is decisive. Whichever is in practice decisive, depends on the actual impedance of the capacitor. Table 3 should be considered as an aid only in establishing whether the ripple voltage or the ripple current is decisive.

Table 3

| frequency | decisive factor |
|--|--|
| $f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$ | voltage |
| $50 \text{ Hz} < f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$ | voltage, if actual capacitor impedance is high; current, if actual capacitor impedance is low |
| $f > 1 \text{ kHz}$ | current |

Surge voltage =

max. permissible voltage for short periods
(see also Tests and requirements)

$$1,15 \times U_R$$

Reverse voltage =

max. d.c. voltage applied in the reverse polarity
at the maximum category temperature for short
periods(see also Tests and requirements)

$$0,30 \times U_R$$

Ripple current

Maximum permissible r.m.s. ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 2

Maximum permissible r.m.s. ripple current at other frequencies and temperatures

see Tables 4 and 5, and Fig. 5

Maximum permissible r.m.s. ripple current at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for capacitors with lower ESR value than the maximum ESR

$\sqrt{\text{ESR}_{max}/\text{ESR}_{actual}}$ x value stated in Table 2

Table 4 Temperature multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{k}), at 100 Hz

| T_{amb} $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | \sqrt{k} |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| 25 | 2,2 |
| 30 | 2,15 |
| 35 | 2,1 |
| 40 | 2,05 |
| 45 | 2,0 |
| 50 | 1,9 |
| 55 | 1,8 |
| 60 | 1,7 |
| 65 | 1,6 |
| 70 | 1,45 |
| 75 | 1,35 |
| 80 | 1,2 |
| 85 | 1,0 |

Table 5 Frequency multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{f}) at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

| frequency kHz | \sqrt{f} |
|------------------|------------|
| 0,05 | 0,8 |
| 0,1 | 1,0 |
| 0,2 | 1,2 |
| 0,5 | 1,4 |
| 1 | 1,55 |
| 2 | 1,70 |
| 5 | 1,80 |
| 10 | 1,95 |
| 20 | 2,05 |
| 50 | 2,15 |
| 100 | 2,20 |
| 200 | 2,25 |
| 500 | 2,30 |
| 1000 | 2,35 |

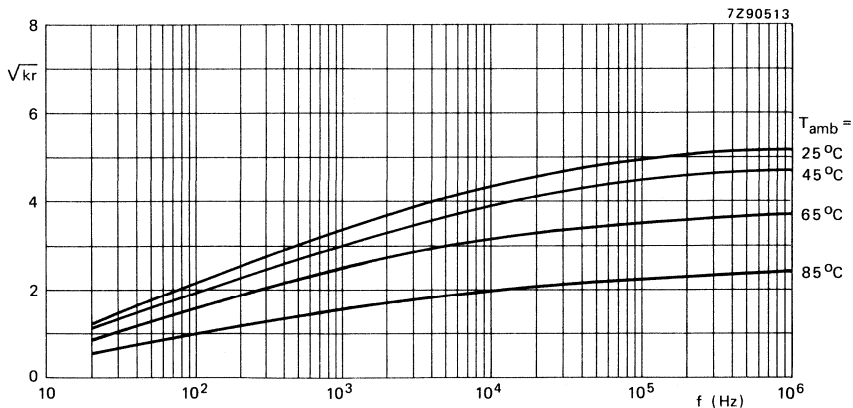


Fig. 5 Combined temperature/frequency multiplier of ripple current (\sqrt{kr}) as a function of frequency.
 $I_{r\ max} = I_{r0}\sqrt{kr}$.

Note: Neither the maximum permissible ripple current nor the maximum permissible ripple voltage values are to be exceeded. Refer to Table 3 (paragraph "Voltage") to find whichever factor will be decisive.

Calculation of ripple currents

The maximum permissible ripple current ($I_{r \max}$) is a function of temperature and frequency:

$$I_{r \max} = I_{r0} \sqrt{k} r$$

where I_{r0} = max. ripple current at 100 Hz and 85 °C (see Table 2);

$$\sqrt{k} = \text{temperature multiplier (neglecting the frequency dependence)} = \sqrt{P_{\max}/P_{85}};$$

$$\sqrt{r} = \text{frequency multiplier (neglecting the temperature dependence)} = \sqrt{ESR_{100}/ESR_{\max}};$$

(for \sqrt{k} and \sqrt{r} , see Tables 4 and 5, for \sqrt{kr} , see Fig. 5);

while P_{\max} = max. permissible power dissipation, temperature dependent;
 P_{85} = max. permissible power dissipation at 85 °C = $I_{r0}^2 ESR_{100}$;
 ESR_{\max} = max. equivalent series resistance, frequency dependent;
 ESR_{100} = max. equivalent series resistance at 100 Hz.

The formula is derived for any temperature and frequency as follows:

$$I_{r \max}^2 = P_{\max}/ESR_{\max}$$

$$= kr P_{85}/ESR_{100}$$

$$= kr I_{r0}^2 ESR_{100}/ESR_{100}$$

$$\text{Thus } I_{r \max} = I_{r0} \sqrt{kr}.$$

The values of the temperature multiplier \sqrt{k} and of P_{85} have been calculated allowing a capacitor temperature of 98 °C and assuming the values of ESR_{\max} at 98 °C to be 0,8 times the ESR_{\max} at 25 °C at all frequencies.

The values of the frequency multiplier \sqrt{r} have been measured at 25 °C assuming it to be the same at all temperatures.

The power dissipation (P_{\max}) has been calculated assuming it to be governed by the simplified relation:

$$P_{\max} = \beta \times S \times \Delta T,$$

where β = heat transfer coefficient, taken as 18 W/m²K (capacitor mounted on a thermally well-conducting printed-circuit board, in free flowing air, the board being in vertical position);

$$S = \text{capacitor outer surface};$$

$$\Delta T = \text{temperature difference between capacitor surface and the ambient atmosphere, taken as } 13 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C at } T_{\text{amb}} = 85 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}.$$

Charge and discharge current

The capacitors may be charged from a source without internal resistance and they may be discharged by short-circuiting. If the capacitors are charged and discharged continuously at a rate of several times per minute, the charge and discharge currents have to be considered as ripple currents flowing through the capacitor. The r.m.s. value of these currents should be determined and the value thus found must not exceed the applicable limit.

D.C. leakage current

Maximum d.c. leakage current 15 s after application of U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 2 (0,025 CU or 0,1 μA whichever is greater)

Maximum d.c. leakage current 1 min after application of U_R ,
at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

see Table 2 (0,01 CU or 0,04 μA whichever is greater)

Typical d.c. leakage current during continuous operation
at U_R ,

at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,02 x 15 s-value stated in Table 2

at $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,1 x 15 s-value stated in Table 2

at $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

approx. 0,3 x 15 s-value stated in Table 2

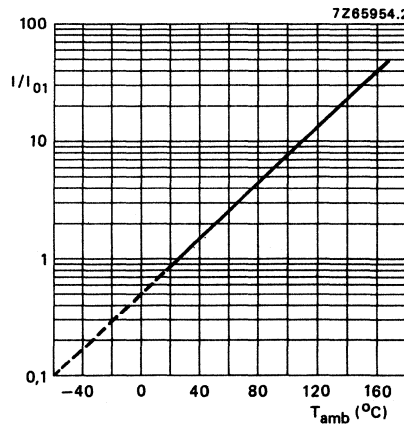


Fig. 6 Multiplier I/I_{01} as a function of ambient temperature; I_{01} = d.c. leakage current during continuous operation at U_R , $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Tan δ (dissipation factor)

Maximum $\tan \delta$ at 100 Hz and $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson circuit)

see Table 2

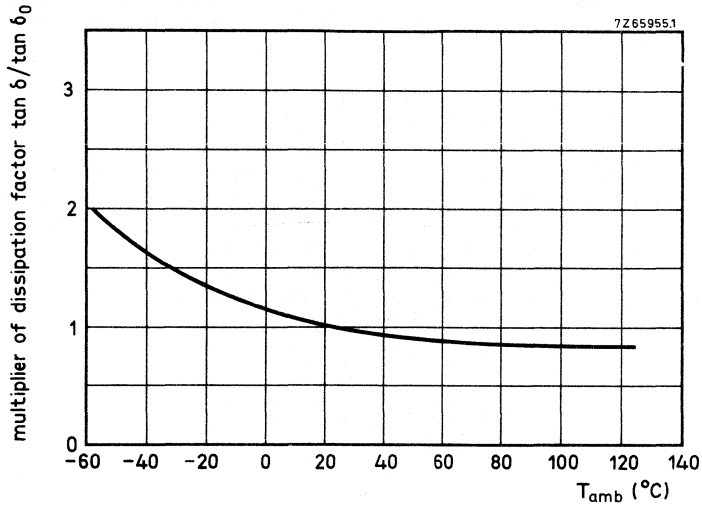


Fig. 7 Typical multiplier of dissipation factor as a function of temperature; $\tan \delta_0$ = dissipation factor at $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 100 Hz.

Equivalent series resistance ($ESR = \tan \delta / \omega C$)

Maximum ESR at 100 Hz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (calculated from maximum $\tan \delta$ and 0,8 x nominal capacitance)

Maximum ESR at 100 kHz and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

see Table 2

equal to values of max. impedance at 100 kHz, see Table 2

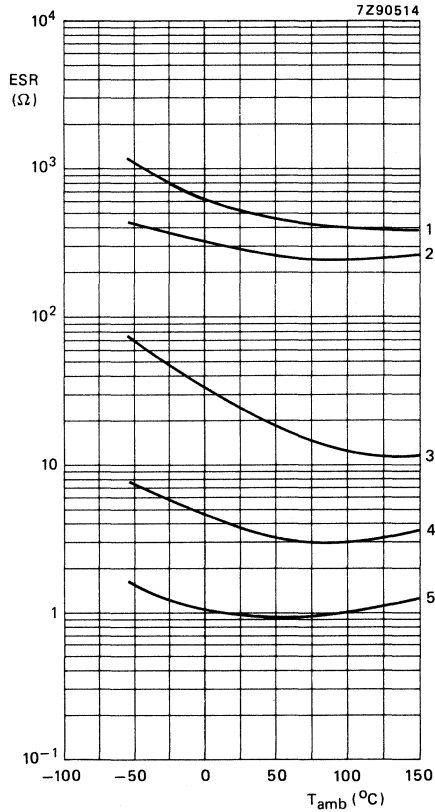


Fig. 8 Typical ESR as a function of ambient temperature at 100 Hz.

Curve 1 = 0,1 μF , 40 V;

curve 2 = 1,5 μF , 40 V;

curve 3 = 3,3 μF , 25 V;

curve 4 = 22 μF , 10 V;

curve 5 = 68 μF , 6,3 V.

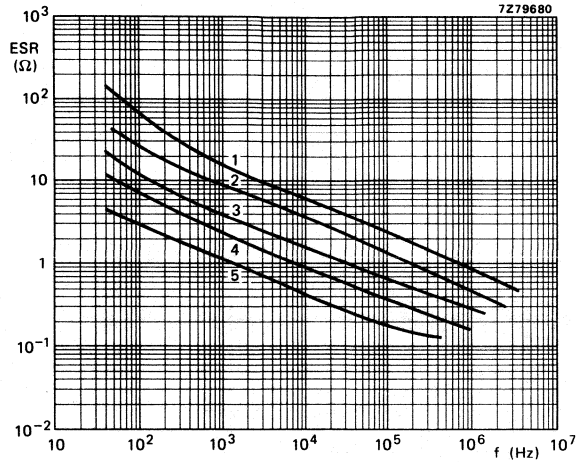


Fig. 9 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 1.

Curve 1 = 0,47 μF , 40 V; curve 4 = 10 μF , 10 V;
 curve 2 = 2,2 μF , 25 V; curve 5 = 22 μF , 6,3 V.
 curve 3 = 4,7 μF , 16 V;

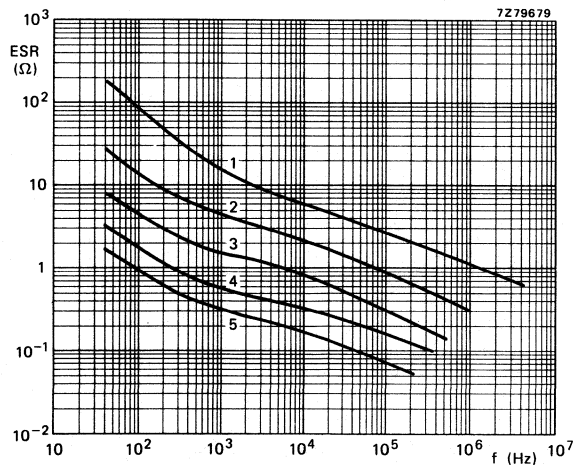


Fig. 10 Typical ESR as a function of frequency at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2.

Curve 1 = 1,5 μF , 40 V; curve 4 = 33 μF , 10 V;
 curve 2 = 6,8 μF , 25 V; curve 5 = 68 μF , 6,3 V.
 curve 3 = 15 μF , 16 V;

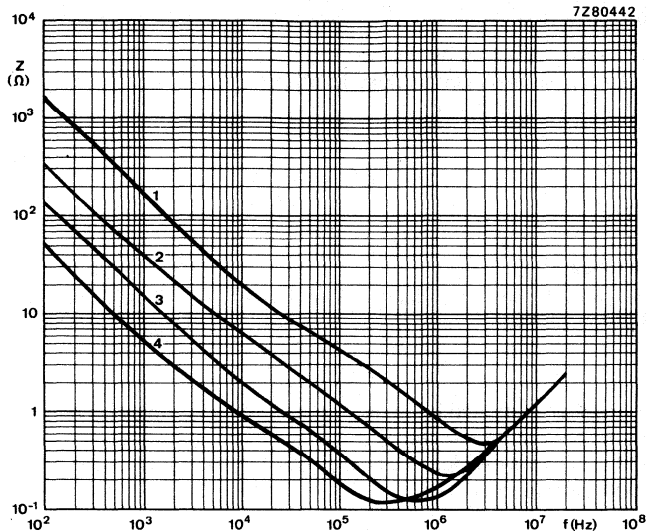


Fig. 13 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2.

Curve 1 = 1 μF , 40 V;
curve 2 = 4,7 μF , 25 V;

curve 3 = 10 μF , 16 V;
curve 4 = 47 μF , 6,3 V.

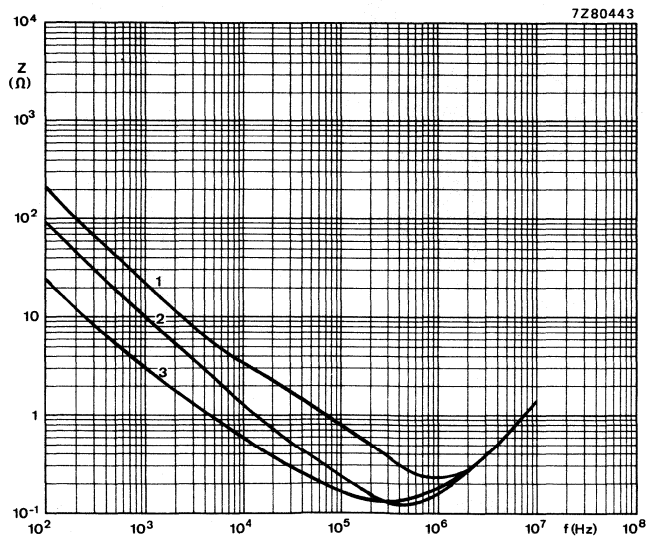


Fig. 14 Typical impedance as a function of frequency at $T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; case size 2.

Curve 1 = 6,8 μF , 25 V;
curve 2 = 15 μF , 16 V;

curve 3 = 68 μF , 6,3 V.

Equivalent series inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance, measured by means of a four-terminal circuit (Thomson-circuit), at 10 MHz;
 capacitor leads bent to a pitch of 5,1 mm
 case size 1
 case size 2

max. 20 nH; typ. 9 to 14 nH
 max. 20 nH; typ. 11 to 16 nH

OPERATIONAL DATA

Category temperature range

-55 to + 85 °C

Typical life time at T_{amb} = 85 °C

> 20 000 h

PACKING

Capacitors of styles 1 and 2 are supplied in boxes, those of style 3 on tape on reel.

The number of capacitors per box or per reel is:

- styles 1 and 2 : 500 capacitors per box; 100 per plastic bag, 5 bags per box;
- style 3 : 1000 capacitors per reel.

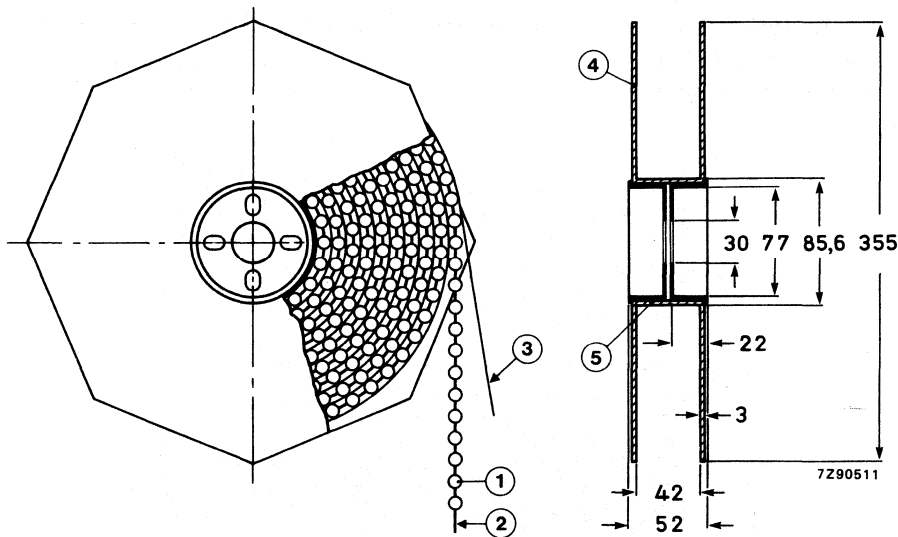


Fig. 15 Style 3 capacitors on tape on reel.

- 1 = capacitor
- 2 = tape
- 3 = paper
- 4 = flange
- 5 = cylinder

TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

See Introduction, section 9, Table 3 - Test and requirements, solid aluminium electrolytic capacitors, with the addition of the following tests.

Solvent resistance tests: immersion time of samples 5 min., at ambient temperature, at boiling temperature, in vapour of boiling solvent, and ultrasonic (40 kHz).

- Solvents :
- deionized water (50 ± 5 °C);
 - calgonite solution (20 g/l, 70 ± 5 °C);
 - mixture of 4,5% 2-butoxyethanol, 4,5% 2-amino-ethanol, and 91% water (70 ± 5 °C);
 - 1.1.1. trichloro-ethane;
 - mixtures of 1.1.2-trichloro-1.2.2-trifluoro-ethane (fluorocarbon 113) and the following solvents in the respective mass percentage ratios of these solvents to fluorocarbon:
 - 2-propanol (isopropanol), 25%: 75% (Arklone K*); up to ratio 35% : 65%;
 - dichloromethane (methylene chloride), 49,5%: 50,5% (Freon TMC**);
 - ethanol, 4,5%: 95,5% (e.g. Arklone A*, Freon TE**);
 - methanol and nitromethane, (5,7%: 0,3%: 94% (Freon TMS**)).

Requirement : visual appearance not affected.

Note: Tests are carried out using non-contaminated solvents.

Extended vibration test, according to IEC 68-2-6, test FC: 10 to 2000 Hz, 1,5 mm or 10 g (whichever is less), 1 octave/min, 3 directions (mutually perpendicular), 1 sweep per direction, no voltage applied.

Requirements : no intermittent contacts; no breakdown; no open circuiting; no mechanical damage;
 $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$;
 $\tan \delta$ and h.f. impedance $\leq 1,2$ x stated limit;
d.c. leakage current $\leq 1,5$ x stated limit;
typical capability: up to 50 g.

Shock test, according to IEC 68-2-27, test Ea: half sine or sawtooth pulse shape, 50g, 11 ms, 3 successive shocks in each direction of 3 mutually perpendicular axes, no voltage applied.

Requirements : no intermittent contacts; no breakdown; no open circuiting; no mechanical damage;
 $\Delta C/C \leq 5\%$;
 $\tan \delta$ and h.f. impedance $\leq 1,2$ x stated limit;
d.c. leakage current $\leq 1,5$ x stated limit;
typical capability: up to 100 g, also in combination with extended vibration test.

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NOTES

DATA HANDBOOK SYSTEM

DATA HANDBOOK SYSTEM

Our Data Handbook System comprises more than 70 books with specifications on electronic components, subassemblies and materials. It is made up of six series of handbooks:

PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS*

DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

PASSIVE COMPONENTS**

MATERIALS**

DISPLAY COMPONENTS

The contents of each series are listed on pages iii to viii.

The data handbooks contain all pertinent data available at the time of publication, and each is revised and reissued periodically.

When ratings or specifications differ from those published in the preceding edition they are indicated with arrows in the page margin. Where application information is given it is advisory and does not form part of the product specification.

Condensed data on the preferred products of Philips Components is given in our Preferred Type Range catalogue (issued annually).

Information on current Data Handbooks and on how to obtain a subscription for future issues is available from any of the Organizations listed on the back cover.

Product specialists are at your service and enquiries will be answered promptly.

* Will replace the Electron tubes (blue) series of handbooks.

** Will replace the Components and materials (green) series of handbooks.

PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS

This series of data handbooks comprises:

- T1** **Power tubes for RF heating and communications**
- T2a** **Transmitting tubes for communications, glass types**
- T2b** **Transmitting tubes for communications, ceramic types**
- T3** **Klystrons**
- T4** **Magnetrons for microwave heating**
- T5** **Cathode-ray tubes**
Instrument tubes, monitor and display tubes, C.R. tubes for special applications
- T6** **Geiger-Müller tubes**
- T8*** **Colour display systems**
Colour TV picture tubes, colour data graphic display tube assemblies, deflection units
- T9** **Photo and electron multipliers**
- T10** **Plumbicon camera tubes and accessories**
- T11** **Microwave semiconductors and components**
- T12** **Vidicon and Newvicon camera tubes**
- T13** **Image intensifiers and infrared detectors**
- T15** **Dry reed switched**
- T16**** **Monochrome tubes and deflection units**
Black and white TV picture tubes, monochrome data graphic display tubes, deflection units

* Handbook T8 will be issued in a new series of handbooks (Display Components) and will have the new handbook code DC01.

** Handbook T16 will be re-issued in the future in the new series of handbooks (Display Components).

DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS

This series of data handbooks comprises:

- S1 Diodes**
Small-signal silicon diodes, voltage regulator diodes (< 1.5 W), voltage reference diodes, tuner diodes, rectifier diodes
- S2a Power diodes**
- S2b Thyristors and triacs**
- S3 Small-signal transistors**
- S4a Low-frequency power transistors and hybrid modules**
- S4b High-voltage and switching power transistors**
- S5 Small-signal field-effect transistors**
- S6 RF power transistors and modules**
- S7 Surface mounted semiconductors**
- S8a Light-emitting diodes**
- S8b Devices for optoelectronics**
Optoelectronics, photosensitive diodes and transistors, infrared light-emitting diodes and infrared sensitive devices, laser and fibre-optic components
- S9 PowerMos transistors**
- S10 Wideband transistors and wideband hybrid IC modules**
- S11 Microwave transistors**
- S13 Semiconductor sensors**
- S14 Liquid Crystal Displays**

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

This series of handbooks comprises:

- IC01** **Radio, audio and associated systems**
Bipolar, MOS
- IC02a/b** **Video and associated systems**
Bipolar, MOS
- IC03** **ICs for Telecom**
Bipolar, MOS
Subscriber sets, Cordless Telephones
- IC04** **HE4000B logic family**
CMOS
- IC05N** **HE4000B logic family – uncased ICs**
CMOS
- IC06** **High-speed CMOS; PC74HC/HCT/HCU**
Logic family
- IC08** **ECL 10K and 100K logic families**
- IC09N** **TTL logic series**
- IC10** **Memories**
MOS, TTL, ECL
- IC11** **Linear Products**
- Supplement
to IC11** **Linear Products**
- IC12** **I²C-bus compatible ICs**
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- IC15** **FAST TTL logic series**
- IC16** **CMOS integrated circuits for clocks and watches**
- IC17** **ICs for Telecom**
Bipolar, MOS
Radio pagers
Mobile telephones
ISDN
- IC18** **Microprocessors and peripherals**
- IC19** **Data communication products**

PASSIVE COMPONENTS

This series of handbooks comprises:

| current code | | new handbook code |
|--------------|--|--------------------|
| C2 | Television tuners, coaxial aerial input assemblies | DC01* |
| C3 | Loudspeakers | DC04* |
| C4 | Ferroxcube potcores, square cores and cross cores | MA01** |
| C5 | Ferroxcube for power, audio/video and accelerators | |
| C7 | Variable capacitors | PA04 [△] |
| C8 | Variable mains transformers | PC10 ^{△△} |
| C9 | Piezoelectric quartz devices | PA07 [△] |
| C11 | Varistors, thermistors and sensors | PA02 [△] |
| C12 | Potentiometers, encoders and switches | PA03 [△] |
| C13 | Fixed resistors | PA08 [△] |
| C14 | Electrolytic capacitors; solid and non-solid | PA01 |
| C15 | Ceramic capacitors | PA06 [△] |
| C16 | Permanent magnet materials | MA02** |
| C19 | Piezoelectric ceramics | MA03** |
| C20 | Wire-wound components for TVs and monitors | DC05* |
| C22 | Film capacitors | PA05 [△] |

* These handbooks will be re-issued in the future in the new series of handbooks (Display Components).

** These handbooks will be re-issued in the future in the new series of handbooks (Materials).

△ These handbooks will be re-issued in the future in the new series of handbooks (Passive Components).

△△ These handbooks will be re-issued in the future in the new series of handbooks (Professional Components).

MATERIALS

This series of handbooks comprises:

MA01* Ferrites (the current issue are handbooks C4 and C5)

MA02* Permanent magnet materials

MA03* Piezoelectric ceramics

* Not yet issued in the Materials series of handbooks.

DISPLAY COMPONENTS

This series of handbooks comprises:

- DC01** **Colour display systems**
- DC02*** **Monochrome tubes and deflection units**
- DC03*** **Television tuners, coaxial aerial input assemblies**
- DC04*** **Loudspeakers**
- DC05*** **Wire-wound components for TVs and monitors**

* Not yet issued in the Display Components series of handbooks.

STANDARD SERIES OF VALUES IN A DECADE

for resistances and capacitances

according to IEC publication 63

| E192 | E96 | E48 | E192 | E96 | E48 | E192 | E96 | E48 | E192 | E96 | E48 | E192 | E96 | E48 | |
|------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|----|
| 100 | 100 | 100 | 169 | 169 | 169 | 287 | 287 | 287 | 487 | 487 | 487 | 825 | 825 | 825 | |
| 101 | | | 172 | | | 291 | | | 493 | | | 835 | | | |
| 102 | 102 | | 174 | 174 | | 294 | 294 | | 499 | 499 | | 845 | 845 | | |
| 104 | | | 176 | | | 298 | | | 505 | | | 856 | | | |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 178 | 178 | 178 | 301 | 301 | 301 | 511 | 511 | 511 | 866 | 866 | 866 | |
| 106 | | | 180 | | | 305 | | | 517 | | | 876 | | | |
| 107 | 107 | | 182 | 182 | | 309 | 309 | | 523 | 523 | | 887 | 887 | | |
| 109 | | | 184 | | | 312 | | | 530 | | | 898 | | | |
| 110 | 110 | 110 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 316 | 316 | 316 | 536 | 536 | 536 | 909 | 909 | 909 | |
| 111 | | | 189 | | | 320 | | | 542 | | | 920 | | | |
| 113 | 113 | | 191 | 191 | | 324 | 324 | | 549 | 549 | | 931 | 931 | | |
| 114 | | | 193 | | | 328 | | | 556 | | | 942 | | | |
| 115 | 115 | 115 | 196 | 196 | 196 | 332 | 332 | 332 | 562 | 562 | 562 | 953 | 953 | 953 | |
| 117 | | | 198 | | | 336 | | | 569 | | | 965 | | | |
| 118 | 118 | | 200 | 200 | | 340 | 340 | | 576 | 576 | | 976 | 976 | | |
| 120 | | | 203 | | | 344 | | | 583 | | | 988 | | | |
| 121 | 121 | 121 | 205 | 205 | 205 | 348 | 348 | 348 | 590 | 590 | 590 | | | | |
| 123 | | | 208 | | | 352 | | | 597 | | | | | | |
| 124 | 124 | | 210 | 210 | | 357 | 357 | | 604 | 604 | | E24 | E12 | E6 | E3 |
| 126 | | | 213 | | | 361 | | | 612 | | | | | | |
| 127 | 127 | 127 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 365 | 365 | 365 | 619 | 619 | 619 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 129 | | | 218 | | | 370 | | | 626 | | | 11 | | | |
| 130 | 130 | | 221 | 221 | | 374 | 374 | | 634 | 634 | | 12 | 12 | | |
| 132 | | | 223 | | | 379 | | | 642 | | | 13 | | | |
| 133 | 133 | 133 | 226 | 226 | 226 | 383 | 383 | 383 | 649 | 649 | 649 | 15 | 15 | 15 | |
| 135 | | | 229 | | | 388 | | | 657 | | | 16 | | | |
| 137 | 137 | | 232 | 232 | | 392 | 392 | | 665 | 665 | | 18 | 18 | | |
| 138 | | | 234 | | | 397 | | | 673 | | | 20 | | | |
| 140 | 140 | 140 | 237 | 237 | 237 | 402 | 402 | 402 | 681 | 681 | 681 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| 142 | | | 240 | | | 407 | | | 690 | | | 24 | | | |
| 143 | 143 | | 243 | 243 | | 412 | 412 | | 698 | 698 | | 27 | 27 | | |
| 145 | | | 246 | | | 417 | | | 706 | | | 30 | | | |
| 147 | 147 | 147 | 249 | 249 | 249 | 422 | 422 | 422 | 715 | 715 | 715 | 33 | 33 | 33 | |
| 149 | | | 252 | | | 427 | | | 723 | | | 36 | | | |
| 150 | 150 | | 255 | 255 | | 432 | 432 | | 732 | 732 | | 39 | 39 | | |
| 152 | | | 258 | | | 437 | | | 741 | | | 43 | | | |
| 154 | 154 | 154 | 261 | 261 | 261 | 442 | 442 | 442 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 |
| 156 | | | 264 | | | 448 | | | 759 | | | 51 | | | |
| 158 | 158 | | 267 | 267 | | 453 | 453 | | 768 | 768 | | 56 | 56 | | |
| 160 | | | 271 | | | 459 | | | 777 | | | 62 | | | |
| 162 | 162 | 162 | 274 | 274 | 274 | 464 | 464 | 464 | 787 | 787 | 787 | 68 | 68 | 68 | |
| 164 | | | 277 | | | 470 | | | 796 | | | 75 | | | |
| 165 | 165 | | 280 | 280 | | 475 | 475 | | 806 | 806 | | 82 | 82 | | |
| 167 | | | 284 | | | 481 | | | 816 | | | 91 | | | |

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